

HOMELANDS - TRANSKEI - GENERAL

1986

JAN ——— AUG. ———>

CITY P. 5/11/86 . 103

# Six Transkei detainees charged after 5 months

By STAN MZIMBA

SIX Transkei detainees - including doctors, a teacher and a magistrate - made a surprise appearance in the Umtata Magistrate's Court this week after spending five months in detention.

They were charged under Section Nine of the Transkei Public Security Act, related to allegations of harbouring "terrorists". They were not asked to plead.

The five are Ngqaleni magistrate Mpumelelo Notununu, Dr Zola Dabula of Umtata General Hospital, Dr Warren Zolile Nambe of

Sterkspruit, deputy school principal Vukile Bikitya, accountant Vuyisile Vena and Simon Buka of Engcobo.

Dr Siyolo Solombela of Butterworth, who was arrested with the other detainees, was released without being charged. Two other doctors, S Ayanda and Wandile Yako, were released after two and a half months in detention.

Mr Notununu, Dr Dabula and Dr Nombe were released on R1 000 bail each, while the remaining three were granted R700 bail each. They were all ordered to surrender their travel documents and report every Monday and Wednesday at their local police stations.

The case was postponed to March 14.

★ TRANSKEI cops are still looking for a group of unknown people who tore up the territory's flag.

The flag was destroyed at an arena in Cala where President Kaizer Matanzima was to have spoken a week before Christmas.

A cop said that it was "strange" the flag was torn up despite a 24 hour guard at the stadium.

# Transkei church field worker detained

8/1/86

(103)

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DISPATCH

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — A field worker with the Transkei Council of Churches, Mr Ezra Sigwela, has been detained by the Transkei Security Police, according to his attorney.

Mr Sigwela was detained at his Umtata office at 11.15 am on Monday, his attorney, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said.

"A report I received as his attorney stated that eight security policemen came to arrest him. There were also two armed soldiers at the door.

"He was attending to two clients at the time.

"We have been unable to contact the police to confirm whether he will be kept in detention, and, if so, on what charges."

If Mr Sigwela was not charged or released within 48 hours, an application might be brought before court

seeking his release, Mr Ntsebeza said.

He said Mr Sigwela served as a political prisoner on Robben Island for 10 years, from 1968 to 1978.

In 1982 he was also charged under the Transkei Public Security Act, but was acquitted by the Butterworth Regional Court.

"His detention will be a serious setback to his work. He has been attending to various political detainees through the Dependants' Conference, which looks after the welfare of families and dependants of detained people."

Mr Ntsebeza said his work also involved visiting political prisoners just released from

prison.

The Transkei Police liaison officer, Colonel Mxolisi Jumba, referred inquiries to the chief of the Transkei Security Police, General Lennox Kawe.

General Kawe said: "I do not want to speak about Sigwela. I have nothing to say about the matter."



# Guns still

# out in Section Five

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THE Christmas war between Pondos and Zulus in the Umbogintwini area is still smouldering.

While KwaZulu and Transkei representatives clash over attempts to restore the peace, 59 people have already died.

The fighting began on Christmas Eve.

Many victims died in a bloody battle on Christmas Day between over 5 000 Zulus and Pondos.

The next day heavily armed Pondo men patrolled Section Five of KwaMakutha, the heart of the battle-zone.

Split into three units, the men - armed with sticks, pangas, assegais and crudely-made firearms - guarded the entrances to the shack settlement.

Others waited on lookout in trees while one man stood on the highest hill in the settlement scouring the surrounding areas with a pair of powerful binoculars.

One group stopped taxis passing on the road from Isipingo to KwaMakutha.

They accused taxi drivers of abducting their womenfolk and of siding with the Zulus.

When one taxi refused to stop, they fired on it.

But there were no other reported incidents of violence that day.

The next morning talks to bring an end to the fighting began at the instigation of KwaZulu MP for Um-lazi, Winington Sabelo.

But the talks broke down when Zulu Chief Bheki-

CP Correspondent  
Durban

zetha Makhanya demanded that all Pondos living in Section Five without his permission leave immediately.

Sabelo said most of the Pondos in the area were refugees from earlier fighting in Malakazi.

Zulus from Malakazi had followed the people to Section Five, where the trouble erupted.

Sabelo said Chief Makhanya maintained the Pondos had come into his territory without his permission.

"They pushed themselves into his area by force

and created their own Chief and Indunas in the area.

"Under these circumstances he wanted them to leave immediately," Sabelo said.

There was no direct threat of more trouble if the Pondos did not leave but Sabelo said: "If they don't move, Zulus will re-

turn from their holidays to find their people have been killed here - and there will definitely be more bloodshed."

He also said: "We don't want them to come to Um-lazi or KwaMakutha. They must go elsewhere."

To date Pondos have steadfastly refused to leave Section Five - they say

many of them are employed in the greater Durban industrial complex and have nowhere else to go.

Transkei's Consul in Durban, BB Sekeleni backs their refusal to move.

Sekeleni, who attended the unsuccessful peace talks, believes Chief Makhanya is being unreasonable.

He said "deep-economic fighting demand the area"

"We bring a hope we can be so"

## Grenades found after KwaZulu

CP Correspondent  
KWAZULU police have found two grenades during arrests after fighting in the Okhukhu area left six dead at the weekend.

Colonel Sipho Mathe said the discovery of the rusty, sand-filled

grenades was "a very worrying development".

Col Mathe said his men had been warned about the possibility of fighting between the Mbatha and Qulunga clans. They had been "tipped off" that Christmas or

New Year were the likely times. They brought in reinforcements over the holiday season - but nothing happened.

"Then, when we thought the danger was over, fighting suddenly started on Sunday at about

noon," he said.

The high death toll of the fighting, Col Mathe.



AIMING over the barrel of a home-made gun, a Pondo man guards an entrance to KwaMakutha between Pondos and Zulus.



Armed Pondo warriors on patrol in Section Five, KwaMakutha ... the heart of the battle zone.



After the fighting broke out on Christmas Eve, women and children sought refuge at an Umbogintwini clinic.





AIMING over the barrel of a home-made gun, a Pondo man guards an entrance to KwaMakutha, the scene of a bloody Christmas war between Pondos and Zulus.



Armed Pondo warriors on patrol in Section Five, KwaMakutha ... the heart of the battle zone.



After the fighting broke out on Christmas Eve, women and children sought refuge at an Umbogintwini clinic.



A group of Pondos stopped all taxis passing the shantytown KwaMakutha - accusing the drivers of abducting their women and siding with the Zulus.

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103

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## Grenades found after KwaZulu clan fights

**CP Correspondent**  
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Colonel Siphon Mathe said the discovery of the rusty, sand-filled

grenades was "a very worrying development".

Col Mathe said his men had been warned about the possibility of fighting between the Mbatha and Qulunga clans. They had been "tipped off" that Christmas or

New Year were the likely times. They brought in reinforcements over the holiday season - but nothing happened.

"Then, when we thought the danger was over, fighting suddenly started on Sunday at about

noon," he said.

The grenades were discovered in police follow-up operations.

"We were also worried by the high death toll and the closeness of the fighting to Ulundi," said Col Mathe.



DISPATCH 13/11/86

# R500 000 set aside for destitute Transkeians

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UMTATA — The Transkei Department of Social Welfare and Pensions has set aside R500 000 to feed the country's starving people.

The Director of Social Welfare and Pensions, Mr M. Nyombolo, said the money was part of the allocation by the South African Government to Transkei for training people, the creation of jobs and helping the unemployed.

Mr Nyombolo said the money would be channelled through his department to all magisterial districts and magistrates and social workers would administer it from there.

Headmen and chiefs would be asked to forward all the names of the destitute and hungry people to their district magistrates and social workers.

"All we need is that those people who are to

be fed must be people who really need help and cannot do anything for themselves.

"No money will be given to such cases, but after their cases have been investigated they will be given food," he said.

Mr Nyombolo said that in order to get the scheme working properly, after the hungry cases had been helped, shopkeepers in the various

areas would be given lists and the names of those they had to supply food to.

After the issue of food parcels, the traders would then submit receipts to the social workers and the magistrates who would submit these to the head office in Umtata.

Mr Nyombolo also announced that all social workers would be briefed today. — DDR

(103) (1008)  
**SA students  
turned away?**  
DISPATCH  
18/1/86

UMTATA — The question of admitting foreign students into Transkei schools was still being discussed at a higher level, the country's deputy Secretary-General of Education, Mr C. P. Songca, said here yesterday.

Mr Songca was asked if many students from South Africa who wanted to attend school in Transkei had been turned away during the opening of the country's schools, this week.

He said: "I do not want

to make any comment about this matter."

"So far as I know, this matter is still being discussed at a higher level. I cannot speak on behalf of my authorities before a decision has been made."

When rioting in South Africa reached its height last year, the Transkei Government stated that no foreign students would be allowed in schools in Transkei, for fear that they would spread the violence to Transkei. — DDR.





# President: T'kei offer refused

DISPATCH  
(103)  
20/1/88

Dispatch Correspondent

LADY FRERE — President Kaiser Matanzima has accused South Africa of failing to protect its black citizens adequately during the current unrest.

Addressing local residents during a visit here, he said South Africa had turned down a Transkei offer to help quell rioting in the townships.

President Matanzima said South Africa had been caught up in "a bloody revolution of the worst kind" which was escalating day by day.

"Because it is black against black they do not take much notice of it. Their soldiers are pat-

rolling the troubled areas without any effective control of the situation in the locations where the murders are taking place.

"This is what is happening in Queenstown. Many of my people have been murdered with little attention from the South African Government.

"I have offered assistance to quell the riots but South Africa has been negative.

"The economic boycott is being felt by us all, but the government of South Africa is playing marbles and is unconcerned. This is irresponsibility of the worst kind.

"I want to warn South Africa to stop protecting the whites only. Their blacks are valuable human beings and should be protected," he said.

President Matanzima warned Transkeians against the African National Congress, which he said was not

fighting white oppression but was a political party intent on forcing its rule on black people with the idea of imposing communism.

"Do not be misled by people who are less interested in your living than in gaining power and ruling by dictatorship," he said.

"Tambo, who originates from Pondoland, is in Zambia recruiting our children and setting them on us.

"Our youth is being indoctrinated into these communist philosophies. They already address each other as 'comrade'."

President Matanzima said it would be made a crime in Transkei to propagate communism and offenders could face the death penalty.

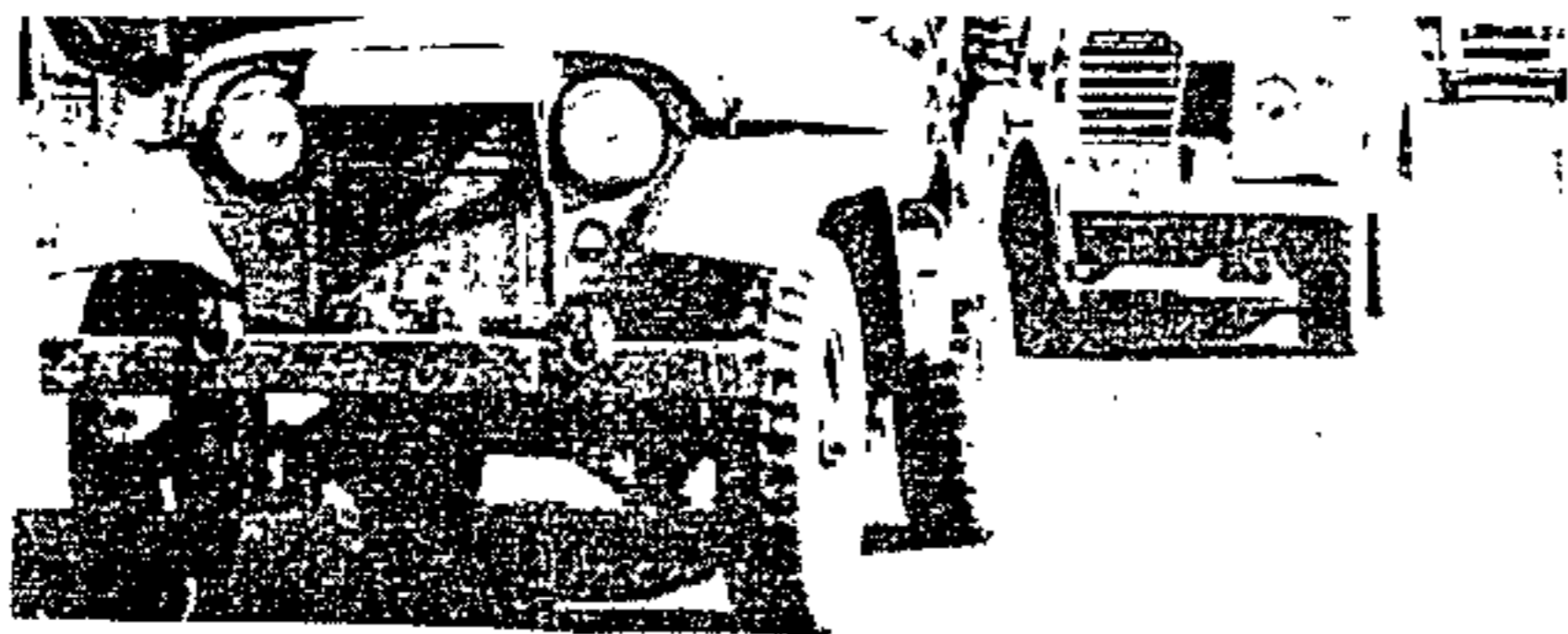
He appealed to the Transkei people to maintain stability and peace and, at the same time, to exercise control over their children.







Major-General Lekhanya who headed yesterday's coup.



Cheerful soldiers drive through Maseru after the takeover yesterday.



Chanting crowds through a street in central Maseru.

# Lesotho: military council in charge

## Pres Matanzima happy at takeover

Dispatch Reporters  
UMTATA — Transkei's President Kaiser Matanzima said yesterday that he was happy about the military takeover in Lesotho by the military.

"I think all Western countries who respect democracy will condone the control of Lesotho by the army and the deposition of Chief Leabua Jonathan, who had also taken over by force.

"I have told him in

other speeches I have made while travelling around Transkei that Chief Jonathan should respect democracy and submit himself for re-election instead of taking over the country by force," President Matanzima said.

"I believe that all Lesotho's neighbours, including South Africa, will be happy about this event.

"The new military

government is anti-ANC, and I am confident and I hope that King Moshoeshe II will not tolerate any ANC supporters in his country," President Matanzima said.

He also said he was happy that Transkei dissidents would be expelled from Lesotho and on their return to Transkei, they would be given the "treatment they deserved".

He said the ANC were murderers and he would treat anyone who infiltrated Transkei, or any ANC refugees, as such.

"I am happy about the takeover by the army and they will surely rule the country with the blessing of their king.

"I support anybody ousted by commoners as I am also a traditional leader and have stood for re-election by my people since becoming the leader of Transkei," he said.

He also said he would be retiring honourably, even though he had stood for election only two years ago.

"I forecast on January 11 at Maluti during a farewell speech to my people there that Chief Jonathan would not last as I foresaw trouble looming in Lesotho," he said.

He said although he was against takeovers by military rulers in Africa, events in Lesotho justified this takeover.

Transkei's Foreign Affairs and Information Minister, Mr Mtuzeli Lujabe, said the Transkei Government would adopt a "wait-and-see attitude" towards the policy of the new military regime in Lesotho.

He said that relations between Transkei and Lesotho had been good over the matter of Lesotho citizens travelling between Qachas Nek through Maluti to South Africa, and he hoped that the new government would maintain these relations.

JOHANNESBURG — The government of the Lesotho Prime Minister, Chief Leabua Jonathan, has been overthrown in a bloodless coup by Major-General Justice Lekhanya, head of the country's paramilitary force.

Radio Lesotho announced at 6 am yesterday that Gen Lekhanya, the head of the 1500 strong force, had taken power.

The general affairs and administration of Lesotho would be taken over by a military council under the head of state, King Moshoeshe II, the announcement said.

The announcement, repeated several times during the day, said:

"This step has been taken to instal peace and national reconciliation, which has been a problem of politicians in Lesotho."

"The whole nation is urged to co-operate and avoid unnecessary conflict."

Lesotho's Moshoeshe I international airport near Maseru was closed and all flights were cancelled.

General Lekhanya announced a curfew from 6 pm to 6 am in Maseru and in all district towns "for the protection of the citizens of the country."

Soon after the coup, South Africa eased its blockade of Lesotho, sending in the first trainload of food and petrol this year.

The whereabouts of the ousted Prime Minister and his cabinet were uncertain.

A military officer in charge at Radio Lesotho said Chief Jonathan was at his home near Maseru but was not under house arrest.

Residents welcomed the bloodless coup, he said. "Many people seem to be really happy. When they saw the troops, people were chanting and singing and waving at the soldiers."

Marching crowds filled the streets of Maseru as the news spread.

The South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, said South Africa would welcome any lessening of tension in Lesotho and any move that contributed towards greater stability on the two countries' border.

Hours before the coup, Chief Jonathan, who has ruled the kingdom since independence from Britain in 1966 — expressed his confidence in Gen Lekhanya.

He told foreign journalists the army chief was "a good and mature soldier" who prefers to remain in the barracks in preference to the attractions of political power.

Gen Lekhanya, who is said to be anti-communist, last week represented the Lesotho Government at talks with South African officials on the border crisis.

He is reputed to be a staunch Catholic.

Meanwhile, the five opposition parties are reported to have welcomed the overthrow of Chief Jonathan's government and said they were willing to serve under Gen Lekhanya. — Sapa

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## UK hopes for progress, democracy

Dispatch Correspondent  
LONDON — The British Government yesterday called for early progress towards "genuine democracy" in Lesotho following a bloodless military coup at the weekend.

"We hope the period of military rule will be short and will be followed by early progress towards a genuine democracy in Lesotho," a British Foreign Office spokesman said.

Meanwhile, the Progressive Federal Party's spokesman on foreign affairs, Mr Colin Eglin, said in Cape Town yesterday South Africa's "heavy-handed blockade" of Lesotho's borders had "undoubtedly brought the fragile political situation in that country to a head".

Mr Eglin said the economic pressure exercised by the Republic on its "desperately weak" and economically dependent neighbour had clearly affected the stability of Lesotho.

Mr Eglin said the question whether South Africa or its agents had had any direct hand in the coup in Lesotho could not be answered at this stage.

Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, the KwaZulu leader, said in London yesterday Lesotho would have to accept that it

would be a captive of the South African "regime" for "a very long time".

Speaking in an interview only hours after news of the coup broke in London, Chief Buthelezi said that the new government in Lesotho would have to find a "modus vivendi" with South Africa despite their "very big differences on human rights".

In Johannesburg, the South African Institute of Foreign Affairs said the military coup in Lesotho was "exactly what the South African Government was looking for".

Mr Brian Bench, senior researcher at the institute, said the seizure of power by Major-General Justin Lekhanya, was "a classic case of economic coercion producing the desired political result".

## Fuel: industry, dept do sums

Dispatch Correspondent

DURBAN — It was now almost certain there would be no further fuel price increase, although calculations were still being made, a Mineral and Energy Affairs Department spokesman said yesterday.

The rand-dollar rate yesterday afternoon was \$0.428 438.

The spokesman said he was certain there would be no six cents a litre increase announcement.

"It is on the verge of the area where no increase is necessary," he said, adding that calculations with the oil industry were still under negotiation. An official announcement about the price was "not too far in the future".

## Pollock expected at wicket despite his broken hand

By SY LERMAN

JOHANNESBURG — Graeme Pollock yesterday padded up at The Wanderers and intimated he is prepared to add his name to the band of gallant cricketers who have gone to the crease in a Test match with a broken limb.

The 42-year-old master batsman of South African cricket said categorically at The Wanderers after breaking his right hand above the knuckles on Saturday that he would not resume his regal, imperious innings of 51.

Yet, through it all, there was always the suspicion that a man of Pollock's immense character would make himself available if the Springboks' plight

was serious enough.

And, with Springbok wickets falling at regular intervals yesterday, it was clear that even a one-handed Pollock was badly needed.

"One-handed" heroes have made their mark in Test cricket before. The Honourable Lionel Tennyson did it for England as far back as 1921 and West Indian Malcolm Marshall flayed the England attack with a broken left hand in 1984.

Paul Terry, in the same series, bravely came to the crease with a broken limb to help South African-born Allan Lamb reach his century.

When play resumes at 10.30 today, expect to see Pollock.

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# Blumell's

## SUMMER

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NAHOON



# T'kei calls for regional army

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DISPATCH

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
CENTANE — Transkei's President Kaiser Matanzima has called for a united South African Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Ciskei and Venda army to fight communist organisations "who had declared war against them".

President Matanzima said Transkei was prepared to fight to the last drop of blood for its sovereignty.

He said Transkei was watching carefully all that was happening in South Africa, and, citing events at Queenstown's Mlungisi township, said Transkei would defend its freedom.

"Communism will nev-

er be accepted in Transkei as is the case in South Africa. We can never sacrifice what we have achieved, for our land, our houses, our commercial ventures and our family lives are things very dear to us."

President Matanzima said the Bishop of Johannesburg, Bishop Desmond Tutu, was reported to have branded moderate blacks as "traitors" and said the day of reckoning would come.

"Have we not from the Bunga days constantly joined in our own way of struggle for liberation, and did we not succeed in 1976?" President

Matanzima said.

"Has the struggle to be in armed conflict and unnecessary loss of lives when it can succeed in peaceful deliberations?"

President Matanzima said the philosophy of Bishop Tutu and others was stupid "and nobody with sense can be duped into it."

"Hence we moderates will defend our country, Transkei, to the last drop of blood."

"Terrorists will meet a formidable line of defence and attack as they have done in the past, losing practically all their men," he said.

**Reaction to Botha P3.**



# Kaizer's son-in-law 'held in leg irons'

By STAN MZIMBA

PRINCE Madikizela - ex-son in law of President Kaizer Matanzima - is still in detention despite the fact the his relatives his bail.

Lawyers for Madikizela - who is married to Kaizer Matanzima's elder daughter, Camagwini - are to lodge an urgent application in the Transkei Supreme Court against his continued detention and the fact that he is wearing leg irons.

Madikizela was initially detained last Monday under Section 47 of the Public Security Act, according to lawyer Themba Fangoni.

Charges were later changed and he was granted R150 bail after appearing before Magistrate D. Mgxaso for contravening his banning order.

When his wife took the bail receipt and liberation warrant to the Umtata cop station, cops ignored the order, according to Fangoni.

Madikizela became ill before his court appearance and was admitted to hospital later that week.

On his arrival he was immediately handcuffed to his bed. When lawyers appealed, the handcuffs were removed - but later replaced with leg irons.

Madikizela, a lawyer, has been banned twice. He is still awaiting the outcome of an appeal against a previous conviction for contravening his banning order.

He was first served with a banning order in October 1984 and restricted to Bizana. In March last year he was restricted to Fifonondile near Cala.

# Teller 103 banked CITY on ANC'

CP Reporter 2/2/86

AN Umtata bank official claims he stole more than R15 000 from his bank - to "stop the ANC killing me". Vuyisile Lenford Mgwaba told the Umtata Magistrate's Court the ANC had threatened to kill him - and he felt the only way to stop them was to pay them R15 000.

But the magistrate rejected his claim, and jailed him for eight years.

Mgwaba claimed he joined the ANC while attached to the bank's headquarters in Pretoria, and held a "top position" until 1981 when he returned to the Transkei.

"I wrote to the ANC announcing my resignation. Last year I received a reply from Thabo Mbeki saying my resignation was half-accepted.

"The letter said that as I worked at the bank, I should pay R30 000 'ransom' to be pardoned. I only managed to raise R15 000."

Magistrate R Mickelsfield rejected his story, saying it was "very strange" that he'd only been asked for a ransom four years after leaving the ANC.

(1) to (3) For as far as the conduct of three of the members mentioned, with regard to their dealings with Renamo is concerned, their conduct has never been such that their loyalty towards their country or the SA Defence Force has been under suspicion and an investigation in this regard has not been necessary. They have in fact at all times acted most professionally. In accordance with the international practice not to reveal the identity of members of the intelligence community, I am not prepared to divulge the names of the three SA Defence Force members whose names have been supplied. The fourth person is unknown to the SA Defence Force.

Renamo

\*13. Mr C W EGLIN asked the Minister of Defence:

- (1) With reference to his reply to Question No 29, standing over, on 14 May 1985, (a) what is the (i) name and (ii) rank of (aa) the head and (bb) each of the members of the group conducting an investigation to ascertain whether any members or employees of the South African Defence Force are Renamo sympathisers, (b) what was the length of the investigation and (c) what total number of persons were investigated in that time;
- (2) whether the investigation is continuing; if not, why not;
- (3) whether any further Renamo sympathisers have been found since his reply to the above question; if so, (a) how many and (b) what action was taken as a result?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

- (1) The investigation was conducted by the heads of the sections concerned, assisted by their responsible staff officers and subordinate commanders. Because of the sensitivity of the matter I do not consider it in the public interest to disclose the names of the officers who conducted the investigation, the manner in which it was

done, or the number of persons involved.

- (2) and (3) No. No further cases of persons in the employ of the SA Defence Force who displayed Renamo sentiments came to notice. There was, therefore, no need for the continuation of the investigation.

Fuel pipelines

\*14. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister of Transport Affairs: 11/2/86

- (1) With reference to his reply to Question No 6 on 11 June 1985, what are the qualifications of the persons transferred following their complaints concerning the South African Transport Services fuel pipelines;
- (2) whether the promotion opportunities of these persons have been affected by their complaints about the pipelines; if so, (a) why and (b) in what manner;
- (3) in what capacity was each of these persons employed as at the latest specified date for which information is available?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) (i) Standard seven and NTS 3, (ii) Standard eight and NTS 3.
  - (2) No. (a) and (b) Fall away.
  - (3) The servants concerned are at present employed as a technical supervisor and an artisan (special duties).  
Fuel pipelines
- \*15. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:
- (1) Whether there were any losses of fuel from the South African Transport Services fuel pipelines in 1985; if so, (a) how many litres of fuel were lost

during that period, (b) what were the causes of these losses, (c) on what dates did the losses occur and (d) what was the total estimated cost involved;

- (2) whether any damage was caused to adjacent or surrounding areas as a result of these losses; if so, (a) to what areas, (b) what was the (i) cause and (ii) nature of the damage and (c) what action was taken as a result on each occasion;

- (3) whether the South African Transport Services received any reports of (a) spillage, (b) leakage, (c) rupture, (d) sabotage and (e) any other specified damage to fuel pipelines during the above-mentioned period; if so, (i) on what dates and (ii) what was the nature of the damage in each case;

- (4) whether these reports were investigated; if not, why not; if so, (a) on what dates, (b) by whom, (c) what were the findings and (d) what action was taken as a result in each case?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes. (a), (b), (c) and (d) Approximately 0,000175% of the volume of the product handled during 1985 was lost. The bulk leaked on 20 March 1985 as a result of corrosion of the feeder line caused by stray electrical current. The divulgence of any further information is prohibited in terms of the provisions of section 4A of the Petroleum Products Act, 1977 (Act 120 of 1977).

- (2), (3) and (4) Yes, the ground adjacent to the pipeline was affected as a result of the leakage. Suitable remedial action was taken to repair the damage, to mop up the spillage and to reinstate the affected area.

A report of an alleged surge in the pipeline was received from an oil company on 15 January 1985. Investigations, however, revealed that

Transport Services was not to blame for this incident.

Reports of minor leaks and spillages were also received in the normal course of operation from Pipeline personnel. These incidents were immediately investigated by senior officials of Transport Services and the necessary remedial steps were taken. No incidents of ruptures or sabotage occurred.

Transkei: consolidation proposals

\*16. Mr W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: 11/2/86

- (1) Whether the proposals for the consolidation of Transkei have been finalised; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that they will be finalised;
- (2) whether these proposals will be made public; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) in what manner?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

- (1) and (2) The Commission for Co-operation and Development has already put certain proposals before the Cabinet with regard to the consolidation of Transkei. These proposals have been approved in principle. It is anticipated that these proposals will shortly be made known via the usual procedure and in consultation with the organised agriculture.

After the necessary evidence and inputs have been obtained, considered and evaluated and the necessary consultations have taken place, a further report will be submitted to the Government.

The Government's eventual decision will be tabled in Parliament for a final decision.

India/Pakistan: immigration offices

\*17. Mr H D K VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Home Affairs:†



# Tracoc slams bid to oust foreigners

DISPATCH 12/2/86

103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — The Transkei Chamber of Commerce has rejected an attempt by commercial distributors and agents in the country to form an association aimed at keeping out foreign competition.

This emerged in a statement from the president, Mr Dowa Mgudlwa, in response to a story that the proposed association aimed to stamp out foreign domination and infiltration.

A local marketing consultant who is behind the move to form the association, Mr Daizer Mqhaba, said there was a dire need to phase out and prevent foreign traders from crowding Transkei.

He said ever since the consumer boycotts in South Africa, there had been a remarkable increase in "refugee traders" in Transkei and that it was killing local entrepreneurs.

But yesterday a member of Tracoc who was reported to be backing

Mr Mqhaba, Mr Otto Mnyande, denied that he had anything to do with it.

"I am not even an executive member of Tracoc as I have been quoted in the newspaper," he said.

Mr Mnyande said he had been approached by Mr Mqhaba for help to obtain a franchise from a Pretoria company.

"That's all I know about Mr Mqhaba's move and I certainly did not have anything to do with a move to form an association to keep foreigners out," Mr Mnyande said.

Mr Mgudlwa said the chamber of commerce had no knowledge of any such body wanting to keep foreigners out.

"The law is there to deal with any illegal trading otherwise where will one draw the line on who we will allow to trade and who we will not allow to trade. People selling in Transkei require a permit and if they did not have one, the law should take its

course."

Mr Mgudlwa warned about curbing Transkei's economic growth.

"We need more economic activity, not less. Allowing more trade to take place will create more economic activity, create more disposable income and lead to an increase in demand for consumer goods."

"We should be careful of legislating ourselves into isolation. Transkeians must learn to rid themselves of the laager mentality. Industrialisation is already suffering from this type of attitude."

"We have seen intending industrialists go elsewhere because Transkei has a law that bars participation by non-Transkeians in commercial ventures. It has caused a lot of insecurity for intending investors."

Any more legislation intended to bar non-Transkeians for legitimate trading in the country will cause Transkei to lag behind economically," Mr Mgudlwa said.

# 'Guerilla' dies in Minister's car blast

103

CITY P.

16/2/86

By STAN MZIMBA

A MAN - believed to be a guerilla - died instantly and two others were seriously injured when a hand grenade exploded in a Transkei Cabinet Minister's official car this week.

And, in a "follow-up operation", cops found two AK47 rifles, a quantity of spare ammunition and handgrenades in an outbuilding on Agriculture Minister EZ Booi's property in Lady Frere.

The grenade blast happened while Mbongo Koyane - son of ex-Cabinet Minister Professor Digby Koyane - was driving Mr Booi's car.

Three of Booi's sons - Mbandla, Mlungisi and Bongani - and an unidentified man whose body was mutilated in the blast, were driving with Koyane.

Booi's sons, Mlungusi and Bongani - whose eardrums were damaged in the blast - are under police guard in the All Saints Hospital. Mbandla and Koyana have been detained.

Transkei Security Police head General L C Kawe said 11 others have also been detained.

Booi told *City Press* he heard that the mystery man had asked his sons for a lift to Umtata.

"When they left, someone apparently phoned Lady Frere cops telling them of their suspicions regarding the man.

"The Engcobo cops were alerted and they followed the car."

"I think the man became restless and removed the grenade's safety pin to throw it at the cop van which followed them, but it exploded in the car,"

Booi said.

He confirmed that a cache was found in a room belonging to one of his sons.

"I believe meetings were being held in that room under the pretence of a braai or drinking session."

Booi said he has also been refused permission to visit his sons in hospital and in detention.

Professor Koyana said his son had driven the car at Booi's request.

"I don't think my son is involved in the blast or the discovery of the arms cache," he said.

# A R20 000 cell

CITYP

By STAN MZIMBA

103

16/2/86  
ORLANDO East resident Gilbert Maho, 32, was sentenced to six years in jail for armed robbery in the Umtata Supreme court this week

The court found he'd received R20 000 of the R182 000 stolen from a Port St John's bank in December 1984.

A separate trial was ordered after co-accused Patrick Tsepo Sibanda, 30, of Zimbabwe had pleaded not guilty to armed robbery, attempted murder and the theft of a motor car.



**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — Transkei's national assembly will sit today to elect the country's third State President, marking the exit from national politics of the man who steered Transkei to independence, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) parliamentary caucus met yesterday to nominate its presidential candidate to succeed President Matanzima.

The TNIP chairman, acting Paramount Chief of Western Tembuland, Chief Ngangomhlaba

103 DISPATCH 19/4/86  
**President to be elected today**

Matanzima left soon after the caucus was over for "special party business", and there was no indication who had been nominated.

Other TNIP MPs declined to comment.

The newly elected State President will be sworn in by the Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr

Justice Van Reenen, in the city's cathedral tomorrow morning.

Later, the new head of state will address the nation at the Independence Stadium.

The leading contender at present is the ruler of Western Pondoland, Paramount Chief Tutor Vulindlela Ndamase.

Another favoured possibility is the ruler of the Xhosas, Paramount Chief Xolilizwe Sigcau.

Both Paramount Chief Mpondombini Sigcau of Eastern Pondoland and the ruler of the Dalindyebo Tembus, Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara, are also possible candidates.

The installation of the new President will be attended by South Africa's State President, Mr P. W. Botha.

● The Secretary-General for the Department of the Prime Minister, Mr E. M. Mashumela, has appealed to all businesses in Umtata to close between 8 am and 1 pm tomorrow.

He also said today would not be a holiday.

The 10 pm to 5 am curfew in Transkei remains in force.

# Transkei names new president

DISPATCH 03  
20/8/82

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase was elected unanimously yesterday as Transkei's new State President.

The 65-year-old Paramount Chief of western Pondoland succeeds Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima as Transkei's third head of state.

The son of a former leader of the opposition in Transkei, he declared his commitment to a prosperous future for the country shortly after his election here yesterday morning.

His message to the nation, he said, was that Transkei "had not arrived yet". However, the "pedestal" needed for progress had been established, he said, and urged Transkeians to work hard to achieve development.

He also indicated he would maintain good relations with South Africa.

Members of Parliament greeted the announcement of Paramount Chief Tutor Nyuangelizwe Ndamase's election with spontaneous cheers in the National Assembly. He was also warmly congratulated by the retiring President shortly af-



Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase

ter the House adjourned.

The leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Mr Caledon Mda, was absent during the 10-minute special election session and Paramount Chief Ndamase's was the only nomination for the position.

He was nominated by the acting Paramount Chief of western Tembuland and chairman of the Transkei National Independence Party, Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima. The nomination was seconded by the party's deputy chief whip, Mr L. M. Malgas, the MP for Willowvale.

A popular but non-controversial figure himself, Paramount Chief Ndamase is the

son of the late Paramount Chief Victor Poto Ndamase, who was one of the strongest opponents of the policy adopted by the TNIP in the 1960s.

Paramount Chief Poto Ndamase, who led the Democratic Party and wanted Transkei to remain part of South Africa, was narrowly defeated by the now retiring President for the position of Chief Minister of Transkei in 1963. He stepped down as leader of the DP due to ill-health in favour of Mr Knowledge Guzana.

Chief Ndamase, an active farmer whose Great Place is at Nyandeni in Libode, was elected Paramount Chief of western Pondoland in 1974 and came to prominence only after his father's death.

Paramount Chief Ndamase has close ties with Ciskei, his sister being Chieftainess Nolizwe Sandile, acting chieftainess of the Rarabes. Another sister, Pumla, is married to the former Minister of Posts and Telecommunications in Ciskei, Chief Justice Mabandla.

He said he was taking up the reins where Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima had left off. More reports, pictures page 6



# Matanzima: a name inseparable from Transkei

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase has taken over the reins of President from a man whose name has been inseparable from that of Transkei for decades.

Kaiser Daliwonga Matanzima retires today from a political career which covered 13 years as Chief Minister, two as Prime Minister and seven as State President.

After 23 years at the helm, tomorrow he will again take up his seat in the Transkei National Assembly as Paramount Chief of western Tembuland. He will also re-assume his chief duties at Qamata.

Despite Paramount Chief Matanzima having retired from the highest public office, observers predict that his influence will still be felt in major political decisions.

Born in Qamata on June 15, 1915, he was the son of Paramount Chief Mhlobo Matanzima, a man with only a fair knowledge of English. His mother, Nogate, was illiterate.

After receiving some higher education at the Lovedale Mission Institution, he was sent to Fort Hare for matriculation, with money collected by members of his tribe.

He later obtained a BA degree in law from that university.



The outgoing President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima

He was installed as chief of the Hala tribe in 1944, only to resign a year later to take up duties of clerkship with a firm of attorneys in Umtata.

He passed the attorney's admission examination with distinction in 1948, and in 1954 became a member of the United Transkei Territories General Council, a position which marked the start of his prominence in the affairs of Transkei.

In the interim, he became involved in community work, establishing schools and clinics.

When Paramount Chief Botha Sigcau stepped down as chairman of

the TTA (the old Bungen) in 1961, Transkei was in a state of political turmoil, confronted with organisations such as Pogo.

Matanzima moved into a leading position, which culminated in his election as Chief Minister of Transkei in 1963. He also played a decisive role in the compilation of the constitution of Transkei.

Since steering Transkei to independence in 1976, Kaiser Matanzima has consistently aligned himself with the fight against communism and has repeatedly stated his opposition to violence as a strategy for resolving problems in Southern Africa.

Despite perennial land disputes, relations between South Africa and Transkei have been fair during the last decade. While always stating his abhorrence of apartheid, Paramount Chief Matanzima has never hesitated to come to South Africa's defence when it is confronted by what he perceives to be radical liberation movements.

At the height of the unrest in South African townships last year, President Matanzima boldly stated that a war declared against South Africa was a war declared against Transkei. Earlier this month, he called for the formation of a regional army to fight communism.

## Mayor pays tribute

UMTATA — The Mayor of Umtata, Mr Ignatius Mdlekeza said he was pleased that Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase had been elected as the new State President of Transkei.

Mr Mdlekeza was asked to comment on the election of Paramount Chief Ndamase who had succeeded Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima.

"He is very well respected and accepted by most Transkeians, which should leave most people happy with him at the head of the country."

Paramount Chief Ndamase has been involved in the Legislative Assembly for a lengthy period so he is not new to this type of thing," he said. — DDR



The new State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, leaving the National Assembly after his election to the presidency.

## Zibi is new House Speaker

UMTATA — The acting Speaker of the Transkei National Assembly, Mr H. H. Zibi, MP for Mount Fletcher, was unanimously elected as the Speaker of the House in the National Assembly here yesterday.

His deputy is the MP for Western Tembuland, Mr Enoch Tembekile Ka-Tshunungwa.

Mr Zibi was nominated by the MP for Siphageni (Fragstaff), Mr Gideon Njikelwa, and seconded

by the MP for Centane, Mr R. S. Mfana.

Mr Ka-Tshunungwa was nominated by Chief Bangilizwe Siyabalala, MP for Cofimvaba, and seconded by Mr G. Makaula, MP for Tabankulu.

The election of the Speaker is a sequel to the appointment of the former Speaker, Chief Sandi S. Mbovane Majeke, as Deputy Minister of Defence and Police last year. — DDR

## Extra R160m needed

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government needs R160.7 million for the financial year ending March 31, this year.

This emerged when the acting Minister of Finance, Mr R. S. Madikizela, who is also Minister of Justice and Prisons, introduced the Additional Appropriation Act of 1986, in the Transkei National Assembly here yesterday.

Mr Madikizela introduced the bill soon after the new President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, had been elected as the new head of state.

The bill was read for the first time and the second and third reading will be tomorrow when the House sits again to finish its business for the

special session.

The additional amount will go to the Transkeian revenue fund for the administration of the state between now and March 31, when the financial year ends.

According to the schedule the money will be allocated to 17 state departments.

The Prime Minister's Department will receive R315 000; Agriculture and Forestry R19 836 000; Auditor-General R118 000; Defence R9 282 000; Education R1 901 000; Finance R114 631 000; Foreign Affairs and Information R740 000; Interior R318 000; Justice R91 000; Local Government and Land Tenure R3 568 000; Prisons and Police R238 000; Prisons R164 000; Public Service Commission R203 000 and Transport R648 000.

conf.



# Ndamase: a preacher, farmer and sports fan

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei President-elect, Paramount Chief Tutor Nyangilizwe Vuhundzela Ndamase, is a preacher of the United Methodist Church in Southern Africa, a farmer and a sports fan.

The 65-year-old Paramount Chief was born on January 11, 1921, at Nyandeni Great Place, Western Pondoland.

He is the son of a former leader of the opposition Democratic Party, the late Paramount Chief Victor Poto Ndamase.

Paramount Chief Ndamase is the only survivor of the ruling Pondo family of the Western Pondoland Great Place family and heir to the paramountcy of Libode.

A respected member of the ruling Pondo family, Paramount Chief Ndamase is a well-loved and popular ruler of his people.

He married Jessie, the daughter of the late Chief Solomon Dimuzulu, of Zululand, in September 1943, and they have three children.

They are Feziwe, who is now the wife of the ruler of the Xhosas, Paramount Chief Xolilizwe Sigcau of Ngqulu Great Place, in Willowdale, Gcalekaland, Chief Makaziwe, head of the Mhlanga tribal authority, who married the daughter of the late King Sobhuza II of Swaziland, and Chief Pondo-ndlovu, an advocate and lecturer at Fort Hare University, who is married to the daughter of the Minister of Justice



member of the Boy Scouts.

He then did his senior education at the Healdtown Institution, where he was a Scout Master.

Among the countries he has visited are England, the United States, Italy and Portugal, during 1957 by the invitation of the Moral Re-orientation Movement.

President Ndamase also visited Austria with the Prime Minister of Transkei, Chief George Matanzima, with other paramount chiefs during 1981.

As a member of the United Transkeian Territories General Council (UTTGC), President-elect Ndamase went to Lesotho to study general progress and existing machinery.

He assumed duties as Paramount Chief on April 12, 1974, and was installed as Paramount Chief on November 19, 1974.

Paramount Chief Ndamase lost his wife during January 1971, and remarried by African custom on December 16, 1975, a daughter of the late Mr. Arthur Elias Mpondo Bikitsha and Mrs Edith Maud Bikitsha of Willowdale.

They had four children — Zwelichingile (9), Gciswa (7), Kanyiswa (5) and Boniswa Hombisa (2).

Paramount Chief Ndamase has been the head of Nyanda regional authority which comprises Libode, Ngqeleni and Port St Johns.

Before becoming Paramount Chief of Western Pondoland, President-elect Ndamase was the head of the Mhlanga tribal authority which had its headquarters at his residence called Makotyaha.

He was installed as Chief on March 8, 1957, and legal jurisdiction

was conferred on him on September 23, 1958. His area of jurisdiction comprised 16 administrative areas in western Pondoland.

President-elect Ndamase has visited several overseas countries.

He did his primary education at the Clarkebury Institution, Engcobo, and was an active

# PM: he was our mentor

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The retiring Transkei State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, was "regarded as the mentor of Transkei", having led Transkei from colonial oppression where the people were hewers of wood and drawers of water, to independence where Transkeians became respectable citizens in a free nation.

This tribute to Paramount Chief Matanzima was made by Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, when he moved an unopposed special motion of appreciation in the Transkei National Assembly here yesterday.

Chief Matanzima described Paramount Chief Matanzima as a man of immeasurable reserves of energy with an intuitive perception — endowments only found in gifted and born leaders.

"He dined with leaders of the world. He visited even the United Nations chambers of debate, grappled with the Afrikaner leadership from Swart to Verwoerd, to Vorster, to Botha — quite a volatile array of apartheid leadership.

"Throughout this thorny path, K. D. Matanzima never lost sight of his cherished vision, which is the freedom of his people," Chief Matanzima said.

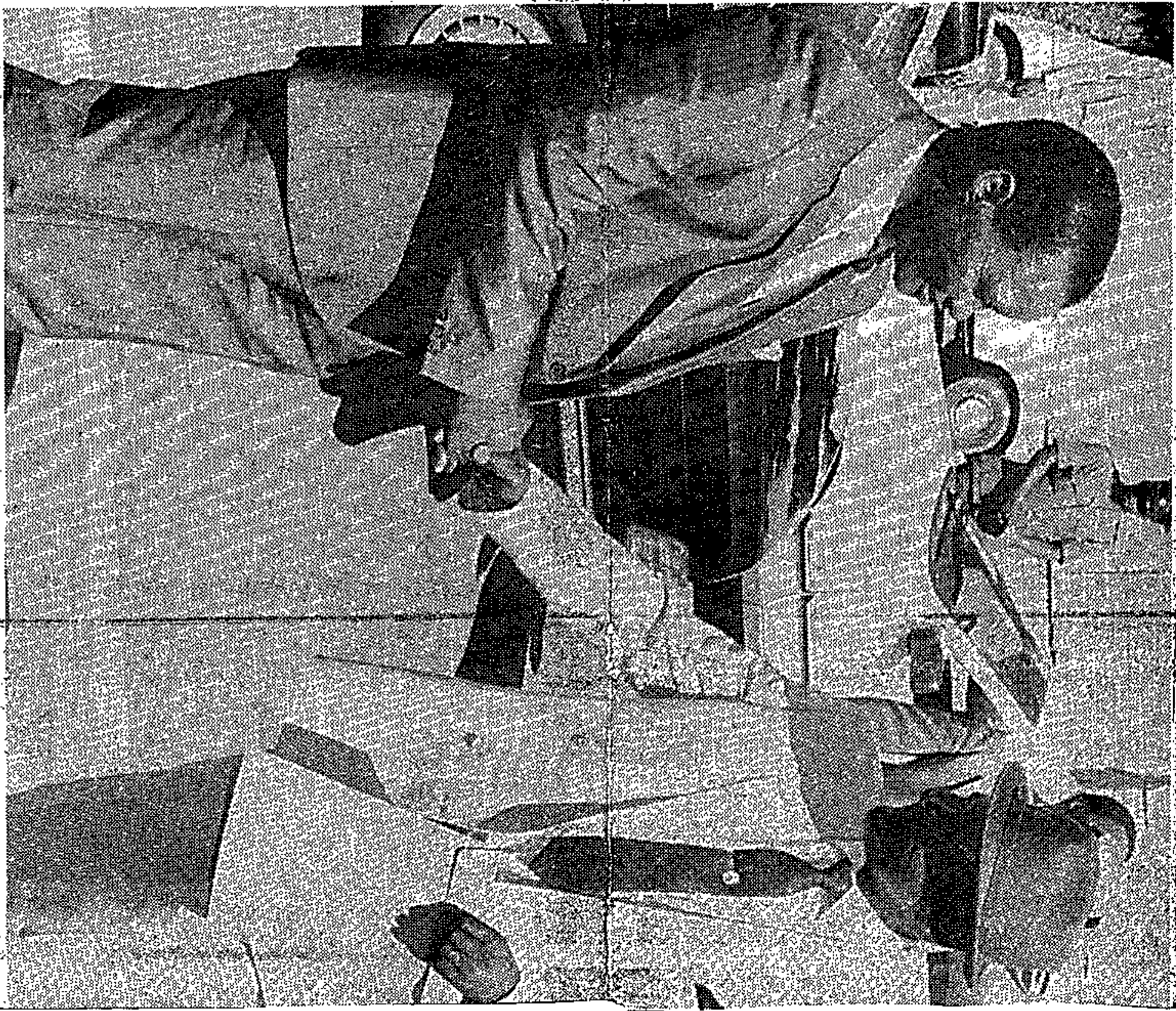
The Prime Minister said President Matanzima never lost sight of his cherished vision, which is the freedom of his people, and touching humility of a man God had sent to earth to do a task, a task he has completed.

"We wish him a happy and an enjoyable retirement, both him and his wife," Chief Matanzima said.

Supporting the motion, the leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Mr. Sizakele Caledon Mda, who was absent during the election of the new Transkei President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, said President Matanzima would be remembered by future generations and among the leaders of the world, as one leader who worked humbly for the emancipation of the Africans in Southern Africa.

He said Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima's role in serving his people and the country would be measured in superlative terms.

Mr. Mda said that although at times he did not see eye-to-eye with ex-President Matanzima, he was a great leader.



Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, left, bids farewell to the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima.

## Guests begin to arrive in Umtata

UMTATA — Delegations from Bophuthatswana and Venda arrived at the K. D. Matanzima Airport yesterday for today's swearing-in ceremony of Transkei's new State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Nyangilizwe Ndamase.

The Transkei director of information, Mr. G. M. Tsengwa, said the South African delegation, which will be led by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Pik Botha, would arrive early today.

Mr. Tsengwa said 10 guests were expected from South Africa, 10 from Bophuthatswana and eight from Venda. The Bophuthatswana and Venda delegations were welcomed to Transkei by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Mtutuzeli Lujabe.

The guests were entertained last night at a reception held at the presidential palace. Today they will attend a banquet to be hosted by the new State President.

Mr. Tsengwa said Botswana, Lesotho and Swaziland had also been invited but all three countries had turned down the invitations. He also confirmed that no invitation had been sent to the Ciskei Government but refused to elaborate. — Sapa



## Spokesman defends PW's 'tape' General Motors decries segregation

STAR  
20/2/86  
Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — President Botha's taping of conversations with people who come to see him has been strongly defended by a spokesman at his office.

Controversy has built up around the disclosure this week that Mr Botha had a confidential conversation with Dr F van Zyl Slabbert tape-recorded.

The spokesman said Mr Botha had hundreds of interviews every year on a wide variety of subjects with a great number of foreign as well as local individuals and groups.

He said it was obvious, and a normal and accepted international practice, that there had to be a record of important conversations at times, so that the President could ascertain again later what the other parties had said.

This was also necessary to ascertain follow-up actions flowing from such conversations.

● See Page 17.

# PE council, car company clash looms

STAR 20/2/86

PORT ELIZABETH — A confrontation over racially-segregated beaches looms between the giant US carmaker General Motors and the Port Elizabeth City Council.

Mayor Ben Olivier said last week he was in favour of beach apartheid and a council committee recently voted to prosecute blacks "trespassing" on white beaches.

General Motors South Africa (Pty) Limited said yesterday it would give legal and financial support to any of its black employees who defied the council by using the beaches.

In a letter to a local newspaper, Managing Director Mr Robert White said General Motors found the law segregating beaches "abhorrent".

He said the council of Port Elizabeth, a resort and industrial centre in the eastern Cape Province, had the power to open beaches to all races, but "collectively, it seems the council has neither the courage to do so nor the integrity to deal with the issue urgently and openly."

"Should any of our employees be challenged for using the beach of his or her choice, General Motors will support legally and financially their inalienable right to do so," Mr White said.

### 3 500 workers

General Motors is Port Elizabeth's biggest private employer with 3 500 workers, 60 percent of whom are blacks. The city is heavily dependent on its car industry. — Reuter.

## Transkei President sworn in

UMTATA — Transkei's new State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Nyangilizwe Ndamase, will be sworn in at Umtata today.

Guests from South Africa, Bophuthatswana and Venda will attend the ceremony.

Botswana, Lesotho and Swaziland were also invited to the ceremony but turned down invitations. No invitation was sent to Ciskei. — Sapa.

## Czech mine blamed

PRETORIA — Forensic tests have shown the explosive device triggered by a police Casspir near Mamelodi on Sunday was a Czech anti-tank mine.

The SAP's public relations office added: "There is little doubt that the device was specifically aimed against the police."

The incident is still being investigated. — Sapa.



Randburg's victorious PFP candidate Mr Dick Muller shares his celebratory champagne with his wife, Mrs Wendy Muller.

## PFP wins by election by increased margin

STAR 20/2/86

By Jantine Simon

The Progressive Federal Party has won the Randburg Ward Six by-election by 58 votes.

The victory for candidate Mr Dick Muller (40), was hailed by supporters as a vote of confidence in the PFP and its newly-elected leader, Mr Colin Eglin.

Mr Muller defeated his National Party opponent Mr Jan Serfontein (49), by 58 votes to win the Blairgowrie South seat on the 13-member, NP-controlled town council.

It was the first time he had stood for public office. The 40,2 percent-poll election follows the resignation last month of the leader of the PFP caucus in the council, Mrs Del Kevan, who won the Ward Six seat from Mr Serfontein by 36 votes in the 1982 general municipal election.

A delighted Mr Muller said the result effectively disproved speculation that the PFP had been affected by the recent turmoil in its ranks.

He said he would focus on immediate problems of the town's annual budget and the "unacceptable error factor" of the voters roll when he attended his first council meeting next week.

The final results of the election were: Mr Muller 495; Mr Serfontein 437; Spoilt ballot papers 4. Percentage poll 40,2 percent. In 1982 the percentage-poll was 51 percent.

# Transkei watches changes in SA <sup>STAR</sup> 103 <sup>2/12/86</sup> 'with admiration'

UMTATA — The new State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Nadamse, said yesterday that his country was looking with admiration at the constitutional evolution taking place in South Africa, which was a bastion of Western civilisation on the African continent.

Chief Nadamse was delivering his first address to the Transkei nation shortly after he had been sworn in as the country's third president.

"I want to assure you . . . that if through these difficult and turbulent times we can develop a new and greater concern and care for one another, we can create a kind of society that will be unique and be a beacon of light for the world to see.

"In Transkei we are a fully-fledged independent nation, a community of people associated with a particular territory, and therefore complying in all respects with the requisites for full statehood.

"Transkei's activity encompassed a very wide scope in both bilateral and multilateral relations, and has evolved under the very complex and generally difficult conditions of a country whose very essence places her always in the frontlines of the struggle for peace, progress and democratisation of international relations.

"I sincerely appeal to you as Transkeians and parents to inculcate the correct moral values in our children, because Transkei faces the challenges and opportunities not only of her own changed status, but also of the last quarter of the 20th century.

"What will be needed most of all, perhaps, will be flexible and imaginative approaches to education, readiness for change, and a willingness to jettison conventional attitudes," he said. — Sapa.

## No record of student's death

Police have no record of the death of Mr Owen Mathibe Hlapolosa (21), a student of Isidingo Technical College in Daveyton, said to have been shot dead by a municipal policeman in Alexandra during this week's unrest.

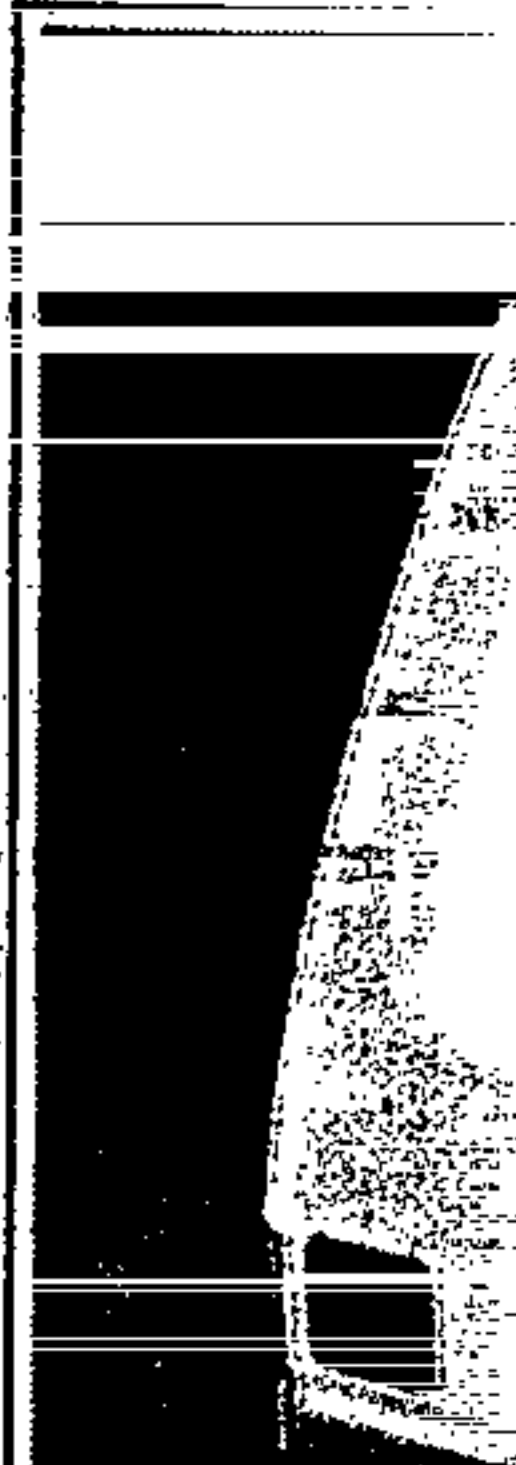
Mr Hlapolosa, a member of Azapo, was walking between 15th and 19th avenues in Alexandra with a friend when they were confronted by a municipal policeman and accused of having a petrol bomb.

The municipal policeman opened fire. Mr Hlapolosa died on the spot and his friend was wounded, according to Alexandra residents.

The Public Relations Division of the police in Pretoria say they have no record of a deceased by this name.

"There are two unidentified bodies in the police mortuary, however, and anybody who could possibly assist with the identification of these bodies is requested to go to the mortuary," said a police spokesman.

# TH





# Ndamase

• CAP & Times 24/2/68  
invested 103

## Own Correspondent

UMTATA. — Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase was invested as Transkei's third head of state here yesterday in a ceremony marked by pomp and ceremony.

Choirs, orchestras, praise-singers and mounted escorts made for a colourful three-hour ceremony in which thousands of people took part.

The South African delegation at the installation at the Umtata Cathedral was headed by the Foreign Minister, Mr Pik Botha. President Patrick Mphahlele of Venda and President Lucas Mangope of Bophuthatswana led their delegations.

10 pc  
tax cut  
planned

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government has proposed a 10 per cent reduction on the rate of general tax based on income with effect from March 1 this year.

The acting Minister of Finance, Mr R. S. Madikizela, who is also Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, said in the National Assembly yesterday the government had considered it essential to grant some relief to taxpayers, in spite of the tight financial position.

Mr Madikizela was piloting the Additional Appropriation Bill, which seeks to appropriate R160,7 million, through the second reading stage.

The bill was supported by the leader of the opposition, Mr Caledon Mda and was passed unanimously after the third reading.

Mr Madikizela said the proposed appropriation, which could not be postponed without prejudice to the public interest, was a significant event in the history of Transkei as it marked the point of which the country's budget reached "the billion mark."

## Bill to curb squandering?

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — When members of the Auditor-General's department pounced on culprits, they encountered a conspiracy of silence, cover-ups and destruction of source documents, the Acting Minister of Finance, Mr R. S. Madikizela, said in the Transkei National Assembly.

Mr Madikizela disclosed this during the second reading of the Exchequer and Audit Amendment Bill, which was unanimously passed during its third stage after members of the ruling

party and opposition attacked government officials and state corporations for squandering government funds.

Mr Madikizela told the House the probity of some people holding high office in the country left much to be desired.

He said 10 years had elapsed since Transkei attained independence, and incompetence and wilful disregard of standing regulations and procedures could not be ignored on the grounds that Transkei had in-

sufficiently trained manpower.

"This is another facet of self-indulgent thinking, mixed up with more than a little rationalisation and self-excusing and under no circumstances should it be countenanced," Mr Madikizela added.

Mr Madikizela said the bill introduces penal provisions for failure to comply with a lawful request made by the Auditor-General or a person authorised by him and delaying, hindering or obstructing the Au-

# T'kei MP tells of plot to kill

From  
ROOSEVELT FANI

UMTATA — There had been a plot to kill the Auditor-General of Transkei, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, the National Assembly was told yesterday.

The Member of Parliament for Cofimvaba, Chief Bangilizwe Siyabalala, called on the government to protect the life of the auditor-general, who, he said, should be armed.

Chief Siyabalala was speaking during debate on the Exchequer and Audit Amendment Bill introduced by the acting Minister of Finance, Mr Ramsey Madikizela, who is also Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism. The bill aims at giving the auditor-general wide powers when auditing the books and accounts of state corporations.

The bill was passed unanimously after members of the ruling Transkei National Independence Party, as well as the

Leader of the Opposition, Mr Sizakele Mda, had attacked the government for employing "thieves" in its civil service who were "leading Transkei to bankruptcy".

Chief Siyabalala called on the government to elevate the position of the auditor-general above that of state departmental secretaries.

He said it was not state corporations which were embezzling state funds, but people inside the government were doing so. In the Department of Commerce R1 million had been stolen by officials.

"The people or person who did this robbed the country and its poor people. This must stop," Chief Siyabalala said.

Some government officials had as many as three properties which they had obtained from the Department of Local Government and Land Tenure. Such properties should be confiscated.

Chief Siyabalala also

alleged that some MPs were not paying taxes while poor peasants were heavily taxed.

He said the government had employed gangsters and criminals whose aim was to steal and embezzle state funds.

In his speech during the debate, Mr Mda said he wholeheartedly supported the bill.

He said he had been a member of the state committee on public accounts and it had become evident that state funds were being embezzled by irresponsible people.

It had always been the wish of the committee for public accounts that the auditor-general should be the state's watchdog for its public funds.

"But all the time he has been a toothless dog. I am happy that now he will be a bulldog and monitor state funds from a position of superiority," Mr Mda said.

● A managing director in one of Transkei's state corporations was earning R74 000 a year more than the State President of Transkei, the Deputy Minister of Education and MP for Umtata, Mr Mike Mazwana, told the House during the debate on the bill.



By STAN MZIMBA

TRANSKEI police in Umtata are investigating the gruesome killing of a student female nurse inside the Umtata General Hospital this week.

Screams coming from the nurses' home were heard at about 7 am on Monday.

When people got there, they heard someone screaming "Help! Help! I'm dying" but could not

# Young nurse killed

get inside because the dormitory door was locked from the inside.

Eyewitnesses told City Press that while the duplicate key was being fetched a man jumped from the

third floor. He was identified as a male nurse at the hospital. 23/2/86

Later the female nurse was found to have died from multiple chest wounds. The male nurse was admitted to the hospital with a chest wound and is under police guard.

Police are withholding the nurses' name until her next of kin have been informed.

# Church fails in bid to keep priest in Transkei

CITY PRESS  
23/2/86  
103

By STAN MZIMBA

ALL efforts by the Catholic Church hierarchy to stop the deportation order of Father Dick O'Riadan from Transkei have failed.

O'Riadan, who was attached to Zingisa Theological Seminar in Umtata, has been detained for two weeks pending his deportation.

An Interior Department spokesman told City Press O'Riadan was being deported under Transkei's Alliance Act.

But a church source believes his deportation could be connected with a memorandum sent to the Prime Minister's office by the Catholic Church condemning the circumstances under which former Unitha student leader Bathandwa Ndondo died. He was allegedly gunned down by cops last year.

O'Riadan was one of the people who signed the memo.

Arrangements will be made by the church to fly O'Riadan to Zimbabwe. Asked by City Press why the government did not make these arrangements, the source said the church feared O'Riadan may be kept in detention for a long period - and they feared for his safety.

In 1979 he was declared persona non grata in South Africa.



## Schools: no foreigners

24/11/86

UMTATA — The Transkei Government has decided that no foreign students will be admitted to Transkei schools.

The Minister of Education, Mr Sydney P. Kaku-di, said here yesterday that the decision had been made by the government at the end of last year.

The decision had been communicated to all school principals to forewarn them before the schools opened this year. — DDR

Cape Times 30/1/86

# Matie protest at Transkei redetentions

By LARRY STREEK

THE redetention of five possible witnesses to the murder of a health worker in the Transkei four months ago was sharply criticised yesterday by three Stellenbosch University academics.

"We are deeply concerned at the detention on Tuesday morning of Lungesile Ntsebeza and other key witnesses of police involvement in the murder of his stepbrother, Batwanda Ndondo," said Professor Johan Degenaar, Professor Andre du Toit and Mr Andrew Nash, all of the political philosophy department.

Mr Ntsebeza, a bookshop-owner in Cala, was due to continue his post-graduate studies at Stellenbosch this year.

He, his attorney brother Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, Mr Victor Ngaleka, Mr Godfrey Silinga and Mr Monde Mvimvi were all detained soon after Mr Ndondo, who worked for the Cape Town-based Health Care Trust, was shot dead in broad daylight in Cala in September.

### 'Confirm belief'

After their release they were all banished to remote Transkei villages.

They then applied for urgent interdicts in the Umtata Supreme Court

to set aside the banishment orders, which were then temporarily suspended by the court.

All five men were redetained by Transkei police this week.

The Stellenbosch academics said in their statement: "Events of the four months since the murder have served consistently to confirm belief that the only reason for their earlier detention, their banishment ... and now their redetention is the official desire to protect the murderers.

"All of us have known Lungesile for years, and have admired the dedication with which he has pursued his studies in philosophy amidst the severest difficulties — in jails and in banishment — in spite of police confiscation of study materials and other kinds of official harassment.

"Before the murder of his stepbrother, he was planning to begin post-graduate studies in political philosophy at the University of Stellenbosch ...

"Repeated representations to President Matanzima have not yet met with the courtesy of a reply. We call for the release of these detainees so that the ordinary procedures of law can now be followed," the academics said.



# T'kei-SA talks on faction fights

103  
DISPATCH  
5/11/86

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Six senior Transkei officials will meet a South African delegation in Durban today to find a solution to the faction fights between Pondos and Zulus in Natal.

This was confirmed here yesterday by Transkei's Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Mtutuzeli Lujabe.

"It's a South African problem which affects our people working in South Africa as well as the Zulus from KwaZulu," he said.

He said it transpired that the Pondo and

Xhosa people had been given residential areas to put up shacks and some misunderstanding must have developed between the Xhosa and the Zulus.

"I feel it has stemmed from a feeling by the Zulus that Natal should be a preferential area for them and the Xhosas and Pondos were encroaching on their privilege, lessening their chances of getting employment," he said.

He said it was up to South Africa to decide what should be done and not up to the Zulus to dictate terms. He felt they should only be

allowed to do that in KwaZulu.

Mr Lujabe said South Africa must find a solution, because while the Transkeians were in South Africa, their security and safety was South Africa's responsibility.

He said Transkei had hoped to meet ministers from South Africa, but this was no longer possible because of the opening of parliament today.

The death toll since fighting broke out in Malakazi shanty town near Durban on Christmas Eve has been put at

DISPATCH

Tswanas deport  
T'kei lecturer

JOHANNESBURG — A lecturer from Transkei, Miss Zanele Mfono, is one of ten staff members at the University of Bophuthatswana in Mafikeng who has been served with deportation orders by the Bophuthatswana Government.

The staff believe they were served with the orders as a result of their support for the students during disturbances on the campus in October last year.

Mr Monty Roodt said he had been served with a deportation order which required him to "leave forthwith".

Miss Mfono, he says, was told to leave immediately, leaving behind her home and furniture.

Others asked to leave are Timothy Menzi, Bet-

ty Dzingwa, Victor Nda-ba, James Senabulya, Graeme Reed, Hermien Kotze and Leslie Witz.

Graeme Reed, a law lecturer, was apparently involved in the students' decision to take the government to court over the closure of the university by President Lucas Mangope and his government troops.

Mr Roodt said that by deporting the staff before the university opened on February 3, no joint action on the part of the university could be taken.

Furthermore, students who had said in October that they would not return to lectures if action was taken against staff have been refused admission to the university. — DDC.



The institute said last year's death toll averaged 2,41 a day, or a total of 879 with the Cape Province accounting for 52% of all unrest-related fatalities, the Transvaal for 32%, and Natal for 13%.

The proportion of deaths accounted for by security forces dropped from 55% to 47% since the State of Emergency was introduced last July, while the proportion accounted for by residents killing other residents rose from 28% to 33%.

Township reports suggest the second category of deaths is on the increase as vigilante groups enter the fray. This was highlighted recently with the killing of Chief Ampie Mayisa of Leandra, a United Democratic Front stronghold.

Some Leandra community members applied to the Pretoria Supreme Court for a temporary order restraining 23 vigilantes from assaulting or threatening them. This was granted.

The number of people detained under the emergency regulations has dropped since the beginning of the year, with 341 still in custody two weeks into January as against 949 being held at the beginning of December, according to police figures.

There has been much scepticism about the continued existence of the emergency, despite government reassurances that it has been successful. Could we be going the way of Zimbabwe — which has just moved into its 21st year under a state of emergency? ■

## FACTION FIGHTS

### Behind the feuds

Violent clashes between Pondo and Zulu residents at Umbogintwini, a shack settlement on the border of the greater Durban area, have left more than 100 people dead and thousands of people homeless.

Fighting broke out during the Christmas season and erupted again last week. At the time of going to press, the situation in the area was still confused. A large part of the settlement has been burnt down — by whom is still not clear — and thousands of Pondos are said to be returning to the Transkei. An unconfirmed report says that official talks will take place between the governments of Transkei and KwaZulu in the hope of finding a solution to the simmering tension.

Because Umbogintwini residents are grouped together along tribal lines it is perhaps easy to dismiss the conflict as part of the traditional way of tribal life. However, Pondos and Zulus have lived together in Umbogintwini for years.

Closer examination reveals that the cause of the bloody feuding is largely socio-economic competition. The first outbreaks of fighting at Umbogintwini were between long-settled residents and more recent (mainly Pondo) arrivals who were not integrated into the community and who are, of course, easily identifiable as foreigners. The original tensions were between these two

groups and did not at first follow ethnic cleavages. But after the fighting began, it seems, people rallied round tribal loyalties.

The two groups have gravitated together for a common reason: flight from rural pov-



Faction fighting . . . new migrants victimised

erty. Over the past few years people from the impoverished areas of KwaZulu — as well as thousands of predominantly Pondo people from the Transkei — have migrated to these squatter settlements to be closer to Durban's industrial conurbation and employment opportunities.

Natal-Kwazulu's peculiar geography has led to a phenomenal growth of shanty towns, as Inkatha Institute researcher Clarissa Fourie notes in a study published in *Indicator*, which is produced by Natal University's Lawrence Schlemmer. Says Fourie: "Throughout the region of Natal, wherever KwaZulu lies close to a city or town, people reside along the border and commute to work. This has led to the growth of a densely populated belt of shanties in the areas of KwaZulu adjacent to towns in Natal." And, because the shanty towns fall within KwaZulu, the inhabitants can evade influx control laws which still apply in Natal.

Durban is no exception to this pattern and is the only major city almost completely surrounded by a homeland. It is in the area of KwaZulu that abuts on to the Durban townships where these shanty towns have burgeoned. An Inkatha Institute-Natal University study in 1983 discovered a hidden population of 1,26m squatters living in this squatter belt, virtually unacknowledged by the authorities.

Inkatha Secretary General Oscar Dhlomo tells the *FM* that KwaZulu citizenship is open to anyone and because of this they have no objections, in principle, to the Pondos moving in. It is also policy not to knock squatter shacks down.

Umbogintwini is evidently a settlement popular with Pondos. Some 40 000 were settled there, as well as 40 000 Zulus who have drifted into the area over the last few years. Animosity between the two groups has its

roots in rivalry for accommodation, jobs and water. Residents were vying for permission to settle near the main transport routes for better access to city jobs. Land is allocated informally and residents were disgruntled about the way local, powerful figures allocate rights to land and the way councillors controlled and possibly manipulated water supplies.

A R205m development programme for Pondoland, which would create work in the area and possibly stem the migration towards Durban, is under consideration. But in the meantime, jobs are scarce in Pondoland.

As more Pondos have arrived in KwaZulu they have become identified as a group and tend to become targets of Zulu resentment for encroaching on scarce job opportunities. Violence erupts because squatters do not have legal access to housing and jobs, nor official repre-

sentation through which to air any grievances.

The adoption of the Louis Rive development programme for KwaZulu-Natal, which includes the upgrading of some shack settlements and their possible incorporation into formal townships, goes some way towards improving services. When implemented, the scheme could alleviate some of the tensions. ■

## SADCC IN HARARE

### Outlook glum

"SADCC's general economic performance has been unsatisfactory and prospects for the foreseeable future look unpromising." It is with these words from the overview document for this week's Southern African Development Co-ordination Conference summit in Harare ringing in their ears that leaders of the nine member states (Angola, Botswana, Lesotho, Malawi, Mozambique, Swaziland, Tanzania, Zambia and Zimbabwe) will assess policies for the region's second five years.

The overview argues that SADCC's long-term goals of self-sufficiency, regional integration and reduced reliance on SA are sound, but that in the light of the severe disappointments of the region's first five years, strategies to achieve greater "concrete gains" must be developed.

The policy document is a curious mix of largely meaningless political platitudes and a soberly realistic economic appraisal of the region's strengths and weaknesses. Unfortunately, though, in its policy pronouncements it seldom gets beyond vague and broad generalisations.

Thus, the secretariat states: "Sectoral



# Latest Transkei detention slammed

31/1/86  
DISPATCH

EAST LONDON — Legal bodies and academics have condemned the re-detention of an Umtata lawyer, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza.

He was redetained with his brother Lungisile, and three other possible witnesses to the murder of their stepbrother, Mr Batandwa Ndondo.

The three are Mr Victor Ngaleka, Mr Godfrey Silinga and Mr Monde Mvivi.

They were all detained last September

shortly after Mr Ndondo, a former University of Transkei SCR member, was shot in broad daylight in Cala where he was working for the Cape Town based health Care Trust.

After their release, the men were banished to remote villages in Transkei. They fought the banishment order, signed by the State President, in the Supreme Court. The court suspended the orders temporarily and the men were redetained this week.

The Transkei Bar Council said in a statement: "Dumisa Ntsebeza is a respected member of the Transkei legal fraternity and his integrity within the profession is unblemished. If the reason behind his re-detention is found to be actuated by improper motives and the abuse of the process of law, our members are unanimous in condemning it.

"Any invasion of the traditional fearless independence that members of the profession are obliged to exercise in effecting justice cannot be tolerated in any civilised country recognising the rule of law.

"However, without being fully appraised of the facts while expressing its concern and the intention to confer with the Minister of Justice and Police in this regard, the council is unable to comment more fully at this stage."

The secretary for the Democratic Lawyers' Association, Mr Krish Govender, said from Durban that Mr Ntsebeza's re-detention was a mockery of justice.

"It is useless to do the usual call for the release of Mr Ntsebeza. Rather South Africa must take note how justice is being abrogated in the Banana republics it has created.

"We as lawyers look at this situation with utter despair without any reasonable hope that justice will reign in places such as Transkei.

"The killing of Mr Ndondo was one of the most shameful acts of lawlessness and what we need is another Biko-type legal exposure."

The re-detentions have also been sharply criticised by three Stellenbosch University academics.

"We are deeply concerned at the detention of Lungisile Ntsebeza and other key witnesses," Professor Johan Degenaar, Professor Andre du Toit and Mr Andrew Nash, all of the university's political philosophy department, said in a statement.

Mr Ntsebeza, a bookshop-owner in Cala, was due to continue his post-graduate studies at the University of Stellenbosch this year.

The academics said: "Events of the four months since the murder have served consistently to confirm the belief that the only reason for their earlier detention, their banishment to remote villages and now their re-detention is the official desire to protect the murderers."

"All of us have known Lungisile for years, and have admired the dedication with which he has pursued his studies in philosophy amidst the severest difficulties — in jails and in banishment — in spite of police confiscation of study materials and other kinds of official harassment.

"Before the murder of his stepbrother, he was planning to begin post-graduate studies in political philosophy at the University of Stellenbosch in 1986."

DHS 57U

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# Now Unitra takes back 700

2 3196 SP Correspondent 103  
TRANSKEI University  
students who live outside  
the territory - who re-  
ceived letters early this  
year telling them they  
would not be readmitted -  
have been granted a re-  
prieve to complete their de-  
grees. CIT 7/9.

The homeland dropped a bombshell when its Educa- tion Ministry issued a de- partmental memo, which is in *City Press* possession, telling the principal not to accept any "foreign" stu- dent without a study per- mit.

The memo blamed "for- eign" students for previous internal campus distur- bances, assaults on staff members and the death of a teacher near Umzim- kulu.

Unitra principal B Van der Merwe confirmed that only students who will be continuing with second and third-year courses to com- plete their degrees had been granted a reprieve, but no new "foreign" stu- dents would be admitted.

Over 700 students were affected by the move and a group of concerned aca- demics from various uni- versities rallied around to organise accommodation at their universities for the affected students.



# The (103) Wages CITY P. 2/3/76 of sin

By STAN MZIMBA

AN ARMED robber made off with R20 000 after holding up a wages office near Umtata's Bedford Hospital.

Department of Works and Energy foreman Siyabulela Nyikisa and two clerks were held up while paying wages to a group of road workers.

They were confronted by a man wearing a balaclava.

He walked in waving a pistol and demanded the money.

When Nyikisa resisted, the robber fired a shot which hit him behind his ear.

Nyikisa was later treated in hospital.

Transkei CID chief Lt-Gen Gordon Nkalitshana told *City Press* the robber had taken Nyikisa's government car.

He also took Nyikisa's service revolver.

The robber was later seen to join up with people travelling in another car.

Nkalitshana said police are investigating.

**Transkei**  
STATE  
**bans**  
5/2/86  
**union**

103

UMTATA — The South African Allied Workers Union (Saawu) has been banned as an unlawful organisation by the Transkei Government.

The banning is listed in the Transkei Special Gazette dated February 2.

It was signed by the new Transkei State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, and countersigned by Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima by the order of the President-in-Council.

According to the gazette, Saawu has been declared an unlawful organisation under the country's Public Security Act of 1977. — Sapa.



(7) The credit balance in the Central Energy Fund is invested with approved financial institutions at the most advantageous interest rates.

Pretoria News.....	83,60
Hermanus Times.....	56,00
Recorder.....	26,88

Advertisements

123. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) What was the total amount spent by his Department in 1985 on placing advertisements for any purpose in newspapers in the Republic;
- (2) what amount was paid to each specified newspaper in the above regard in that year?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) R10 511,95.	
(2)	
Argus.....	298,80
Distrikpos.....	60,00
Beeld.....	1 394,00
Eastern Province Herald.....	712,50
Burger.....	882,80
East London Daily Dispatch.....	114,40
Citizen.....	1 051,00
O H Frewin.....	33,80
Daily Dispatch.....	124,80
George Herald.....	48,38
Daily News.....	858,95
Grocoits Mail.....	73,92
Daily Representative.....	29,70
Highway Mail.....	131,25
Diamond Fields.....	334,09
Die Laevelder.....	230,39
Nasionale Koerante.....	158,40
South Coast Herald.....	89,60
Natal Mercury.....	765,60
The Star.....	529,00
Natal Witness.....	771,50
Volksblad.....	553,85
Northern Review.....	72,00
Cape Times.....	147,84
Oosterlig.....	863,90
Potch Herald.....	15,00

Advertisements

130. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Mineral and Energy Affairs:

- (1) What was the total amount spent by his Department in 1985 on placing advertisements for any purpose in newspapers in the Republic;
- (2) what amount was paid to each specified newspaper in the above regard in that year?

The MINISTER OF MINERAL AND ENERGY AFFAIRS

(1) The total amount spent during 1985 was R6 907,12.	
(2) The relevant newspapers are:	
Die Burger.....	1 056,00
Rapport.....	2 294,00
Sunday Times.....	2 360,96
The Argus.....	1 196,16
	<u>R6 907,12</u>

Ciskei/Transkei corridor: administration costs of townships

HANSVARD 613182  
146. Mr P R CROGERS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: Q 622 364

What were the administration costs in respect of each of the Black townships administered by the Eastern Cape Development Board and situated within the corridor between the borders of the Republic of Ciskei and the Republic of Transkei during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Administration costs for the period 1 July 1984 to 30 June 1985

Black Townships		
Queenstown		
(i) Administration costs.....	R278 671	= R331 945
(ii) Agency fees.....	R53 274	
Cathcart		
(i) Administration costs.....	R30 496	= R41 387
(ii) Agency fees.....	R10 891	
Stutterheim		
(i) Administration costs.....	R27 931	= R46 717
(ii) Agency fees.....	R18 786	
Kei Road		
(i) Administration costs.....	R3 363	= R4 414
(ii) Agency fees.....	R1 051	
Kei Mouth		
(i) Administration costs.....	R6 269	= R8 136
(ii) Agency fees.....	R1 867	
King William's Town		
(i) Administration costs.....	R35 239	= R53 176
(ii) Agency fees.....	R17 937	
Komga		
(i) Administration costs.....	R25 276	= R31 834
(ii) Agency fees.....	R6 558	
East London		
(i) Administration costs.....	R290 492	= R355 146
(ii) Agency fees.....	R64 654	

Old-age pensions  
HANSVARD 613182  
148. Mr P R CROGERS asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: Q 622 365

(a) How many Black persons applied for old-age pensions in 1985 and (b) how many of these applications (i) had been (aa) granted and (bb) turned down and (ii) were still under consideration as at the end of that year?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:  
(a) and (b)(i)(bb) and (ii) No special re-

cord is kept of the information required and can only be obtained with considerable effort, which is deemed as unjustified. A new data system is being implemented which will provide for the supply of information of this nature.

(b)(i)(aa) It is estimated that 32 302 Black persons were granted social pension in 1985. This figure reflects only pensions granted by the Department of Constitutional Development and Planning and does not include those granted by the self-governing National States.



# David Russell 'going home'

Staff Reporter

MOVING to St John's Diocese in Transkei would be much like "going home" to the Rev David Russell, who last month was elected Bishop Suffragan of the diocese.

For the past two years Mr Russell has been assistant priest at St George's Cathedral and has been ministering "about 80 percent of the time" to hostel-dwellers in the Western Cape.

His recent work has also included the Caritas caring group involved in a ministry to the sick and elderly.

Over the years since he was ordained as a priest in 1966, Mr Russell's concern for justice and a caring society in South Africa has meant that he has become closely identified with the struggle for human dignity.

## Discarded

In the early 1970s his campaign to highlight the "dreadful suffering of the discarded people, the victims of mass removals" in Dimbaza, near King William's Town, focused local and international attention on that aspect of government policy.

Mr Russell spent six months living on R5 a month — the pension paid to Dimbaza's elderly residents — to highlight their appalling conditions.

Due largely to his efforts Dimbaza eventually became an industrial growth point with employment opportunities and improved living conditions.

After Dimbaza came Crossroads. While ministering to the Peninsula's migrant labourers, Mr Russell played a significant role with others in another successful campaign which drew international attention to the plight of this community.

But Mr Russell, who was banned from 1977 to 1982, disavows any overt political motives.

"I am concerned primarily with the dignity of people and God's justice. There's a basic evangelical message to



The Rev David Russell, who has been elected the Bishop Suffragan of St John's Diocese.

people about the need for a caring, sharing and just society which I want to convey: Do unto others as you would want them to do unto you."

However this approach to his ministry has inevitably involved him in the burning socio-political issues of the day.

He describes, for instance, Dr Boesak's ac-

tion last Saturday in saving an alleged police informer from the wrath of a group of mourners at a funeral of three unrest victims in George, as "a magnificent act of Christian mercy and universal concern which confronts the simplifiers who want to see all as 'good or evil'."

"There's no question

that informers are enemies of justice because this is an unjust system which needs to be healed of such aberrations, of betrayers such as Judas himself.

"But I am not a heroworshipper, in fact I retreat from that sort of thing. To say that high-profile Christian leaders such as Dr Boesak and

Bishop Tutu are more than human is, I'm sure, the last thing they would want.

"There is a wonderful Xhosa expression which, translated, says 'There is no handsome man without a blemish', meaning we all have faults.

"That does not detract from Dr Boesak's or Bishop Tutu's acts in saving alleged informers, however. They are people, but wonderful people and I am sure that God is using them for His purpose in creating a caring and healing society here.

"That minority — and I believe it is a minority — within the Anglican Church who have become concerned with the perceived extremism of the church through the statements of Bishop Tutu and other leaders, are in my experience confused and fearful.

"Many of them feel the need to do something and recognize that the system is unjust, but when it comes to what action to take, they are at a loss.

"To them I say, 'Hold on to your faith and to God, then you have nothing to fear'."

## 'Honour'

About his move to St John's Diocese, Mr Russell said it was not such a drastic change as it might seem since there was a great movement back and forth between the Peninsula and Transkei by migrant workers — in a sense it was "going home".

"I feel this is a great honour and a privilege. I am not going to new post with the intention of telling people what to do or what needs to be done.

"After immersing myself in a new area, learning about the actual situations and needs of the people, in terms of God's justice, then I will be in a position to know what needs to be done."

● Mr Russell's consecration ceremony as Bishop Suffragan of St John's Diocese will take place in St George's Cathedral at 2.30pm on May 11.



Reports by  
John Glen-Leary



PRESIDENT TUTOR NDAMASE

## Unitra—symbol of a liberated mind

UMTATA — The State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase said in an interview yesterday that the University of Transkei (Unitra) had not been immune from the unrest that had permeated the whole country and other continents as well.

Speaking from the presidential palace here he said: "The major focus of most unrest in Southern Africa has been opposition to apartheid and institutions of higher learning and education generally have been most hit by these disturbances.

"I do not wish to prejudge our situation by anticipating what steps will be taken concerning a problem which is constantly being examined and re-examined.

"But I can say this — we are very proud of our university as an institution of higher learning, as the symbol of a liberated mind."

He said Transkei had great faith in the future of Unitra, and in the dignity of the human individual whose liberal mind it intended to develop to the full.

He said his government would do everything possible to maintain high standards of discipline and scholarship.

## Ndamase: ANC, PAC T'kei have same aim

UMTATA — The State Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, said yesterday that despite possible ideological differences between the ANC, PAC and Transkei, they had a common but limited objective — the liquidation of apartheid.

"The ANC and PAC were founded as nationalist organisations whose ideologies spurned the diverse ethnic groups, church, civic and cultural organisations in South Africa.

"They therefore represented the legitimate aspirations of

the black people of South Africa," he said.

He said the intransigence of apartheid regimes over the decades had polarised the ruling white group on the one hand and the ANC and PAC on the other hand.

He said the absence of a democratic forum had led to the radicalisation of these organisations, some of whose members had embraced Marxist philosophy or others which promised some salvation and "heaven alone knows what else."

"In a democratic state and under ideal

conditions, people with different philosophies should learn to accommodate each other's views and find common areas of agreement.

"We in Transkei believe in a free enterprise economy and a non-racial democratic political order."

He said the government was prepared to enter into discussion and negotiations with all groups who sought to achieve this goal through peaceful means, and that included the ANC and PAC if they agreed to the parameters within which to co-operate.

## Role of opposition parties outlined

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, said he had no intentions now to reshuffle the cabinet which he inherited from the former State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima.

"When the need arises it will be a decision that the Prime Minister and I will determine in accordance with established procedures," he said.

Outlining the role of opposition parties in a democratic society such as Transkei, Paramount Chief Ndamase said the ruling party in any country was expected to satisfy, to the best of its ability, the aspirations of the constituency it represented.

"It must also be remembered that opposition parties have a consti-

ty whose aspirations are also legitimate grassroots sentiments and it is easy for a political party, once in power, to blunt its ears to these grassroots sentiments.

"It is therefore the duty of the opposition parties to keep the people's interests alive in Parliament and administrative circles," he said.

He also said there was great value in disagreement and honest debate that took place in a democratic parliament because people were able to question those things which were taken for granted when all agreed as a party.

"It must always be remembered that the opposition party has a constituency of its own whose interests cannot be sacrificed at the altar of the winner-take-all philosophy," he said.

# Transkei bans trade union

UMTATA, 12 Feb. — The South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu) has been banned by the Transkei Government.

The banning of Saawu appeared in the latest Transkei Special Gazette of February 2.

The banning order was signed by the new Transkeian President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndumase, and countersigned by the country's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima.

According to the gazette, Saawu has been declared an unlawful organization under the country's Public Security Act of 1977. — Sapa



# Transkei bans Saawu

9/3/86 CP Correspondent

ONE of new Transkei president Tutar Ndamase's first jobs has been to ban a trade union - the SA Allied Workers' Union.

The banning appeared in a special government gazette and was co-signed by Prime Minister George Matanzima.

The banning was condemned by the UDF, which accused the homeland government of "doing apartheid's dirty work".

It said workers had a democratic right to organise themselves.

Transkei is the second "independent" homeland to ban Saawu - in 1982, former Ciskei's armed forces chief Charles Sebe banned the union.

B. *Transfers in terms of bilateral agreements*  
Transfer payments which are regarded as own sources of income of the Ciskei Government:

(i) Income tax; an estimated amount of R21 401 000.

(ii) An estimated amount for the payment of Ciskei's share in the Customs Union Revenue Pool R132 529 000.

(iii) Rand Monetary Area: estimated transfer of R2 935 380.

ments between the two countries and (b) how was this amount made up;

(2) whether any additional amounts have been paid to Transkei in the form of (a) loans or (b) grants; if so, (i) how many, and (ii) what was the amount of the loan or grant, in each case;

(3) whether any further (a) loans or (b) grants are envisaged in the 1986-87 financial year; if so, what loans or grants?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) (a) R733 029 987.

(b) The budgeted amounts which are to be paid to Transkei during the 1985-86 financial year fall into two main categories, namely:

A. *Direct assistance*

(i) An amount for budgetary assistance under Programme 3: Foreign Aid and Development Co-operation of Vote 5: Foreign Affairs R273 976 000.

(ii) *Technical assistance*

South Africa is from time to time approached by other countries with requests to assist them in one way or another. Assistance may take the form of expert advice, visits, evaluation of projects, bursaries etc. Each such application is considered on its merits. During the 1985-86 financial year provision has been made to the amount of R1 013 200 for the possible requirements of Transkei in this regard.

(iii) *Loan Fund*

Like any other friendly country Transkei may apply

(3) (a) and (b) The final budgetary allocation for the 1986-87 financial year has not yet been finalised.

Relief of distress (drought) ... R1 972 000  
Action programme: Creation of job opportunities R14 300 000  
R16 272 000

HANSARD  
20. Prof N J J OLIVIER asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:  
103  
193/86.

(1) (a) what total amount was paid by South Africa to Transkei in the 1985-86 financial year in terms of agree-

HOA

for the financing of certain projects within the framework of the Economic Co-operation Promotion Loan Fund. Such applications are considered strictly on merit according to fixed criteria and within the limits of available funds. This type of financing consists mainly of loans which are, naturally, repayable. According to estimates an amount of R35 500 000 will be paid to Transkei in the 1985/86 financial year.

(iii) Rand Monetary Area:

Estimated transfer of R10 841 787.

(2) (a) No. Loans in terms of project aid agreements are included in the amount mentioned under (1)(a).

(i) and (ii) Fall away.

(b) Yes.

(i) One grant for an action program for the creation of job opportunities.

(ii) R12 700 000.

(3) (a) and (b) The final budgetary allocation for the 1986-87 financial year has not yet been finalised.

HANSARD  
21. Prof N J J OLIVIER asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:  
103/86.

(1) (a) What total amount was paid by South Africa to Bophuthatswana in the 1985/86 financial year in terms of agreements between the two countries and (b) how was this amount made up,

(2) whether any additional amounts have been paid to Bophuthatswana in the form of (a) loans or (b) grants; if so, (i) how many, and (ii) what was the amount of the loan or grant, in each case;

(3) whether any further (a) loans or (b) grants are envisaged in the 1986/87 financial year; if so, what loans or grants?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) (a) R42 407 160.

(b) The budgeted amounts which are to be paid to Bophuthatswana during the 1985/86 financial

(iv) *Incentive Scheme for Industries*

In accordance with existing jointly agreed arrangements between the SATBVC-states, the RSA is obliged to refund the TBVC-states on a rand-for-rand basis for actual expenditure incurred in these states in terms of the industrial development incentive scheme, which came into effect on 1 April 1982. It is estimated that the RSA will refund to Transkei the amount of R14 900 000 during the 1985-86 financial year for this purpose.

B. *Transfers in terms of bilateral agreements*

Transfer payments which are regarded as own sources of income of the Transkei Government:

(i) Income Tax:

An estimated amount of R101 562 000.

(ii) An estimated amount for the payment of Transkei's share in the Customs Union Revenue Pool R295 841 787.

HOA



(5) I refer the hon member to paragraphs (1) and (2) above.

(6) Yes, the instructions contained in Police Standing Orders 202 determine *inter alia* that a member of the Force shall use his fire-arm with all reasonable caution, without recklessness or negligence.

(7) Yes, the investigation has not been completed yet.

(8) No.

*Pakkes area; East Griqualand*  
*113/182*  
*103*  
\*6. Mr R W HARDINGHAM asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning: *GC 52 447*

(1) Whether the Pakkes area in East Griqualand falls under his Department; if not, under whose authority does it fall; if so,

(2) whether any decision has been taken in regard to the future of this area; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that a decision will be taken; if so, (i) what decision and (ii) when?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

(1) Yes.

(2) (a) and (b), (i) and (ii). The consolidation proposals for Transkei will be announced shortly. All interested persons will be given the opportunity to submit evidence and to make representations. Thereafter the Government will come to a decision which will be submitted to Parliament.

Kirkwood: certain person

\*7. Mr A SAVAGE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any (a)(i) representations and (ii) complaints have been received concerning and (b) charges have been laid in Port Elizabeth against a certain person from Kirkwood, whose name has been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if so,

(2) (a)(i) from whom and (ii) when were these (aa) representations and (bb) complaints received, (b)(i) by whom and (ii) when were the charges laid, (c) what was the nature of the representations, complaints and charges and (d) what action was taken as a result?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) and (2) I refer the hon member to my answer on Question No 14 which I furnished on 4 March 1986. I further refer him to the answer on Question No 2 which was handled by my colleague the Minister of Justice.

Kirkwood: certain person

\*8. Mr A SAVAGE asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

Whether any member of his Department has received any representations or queries in 1986 regarding a certain person from Kirkwood, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply; if so, (a) on what dates, (b) what was the nature of the representations or queries, (c) from whom were they received and (d) what was the response thereto?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Yes.

(a) 7 February 1986;

(b) to receive clarification on the person's position and to try and help him with his problem;

(c) G R Archer of the British Embassy; and

(d) a writing to the British Embassy will be forwarded in due course.

Students' councils at schools

\*9. Dr F HARTZENBERG asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:†

Whether students' councils at schools falling under the control of his Department are organised into regions; if so, how many such regional organisations are already in existence?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

No.

*113/182 People's education*  
*GC 52 447*  
\*10. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:†

(1) Whether so-called "people's education" is offered in schools falling under the control of his Department; if so, (a) in how many schools, (b) since when, (c) by whom and (d) what is the purport thereof;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

(1) No.

(2) The Department is keeping a close eye on the situation and is taking measures against any attempts to offer tuition deviating from approved programs and syllabuses.

Peter Hain: visa

\*11. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Home Affairs:†

(1) Whether his Department recently received an application from Mr Peter Hain for a visa to visit South Africa; if so, when;

(2) whether this application has been granted; if so, (a) when and (b) for what period;

(3) whether the Government has contributed (a) directly and (b) indirectly to the cost involved in this proposed visit; if so, (i) why and (ii) what are the particulars of this contribution;

(4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS:

(1) No. Rest of the question falls away.

I would, however, for the information of the hon member, like to explain that holders of British passports normally do not require visas to visit the Republic. In exceptional cases it is sometimes necessary for this general visa exemption applicable to British citizens, to be withdrawn in individual cases. Due to his anti-South African activities, especially in the field of sport, Hain's visa exemption has been withdrawn. He was on 1 October 1969 informed in writing about this, and according to press reports he acknowledged that he was aware of that.

Mr Robin Binckes of Robin Binckes Promotions (Pty) Ltd informed the Department of National Education on 14 February 1986 in writing that they have invited Peter Hain on behalf of the South African Cricket Players' Association as the guest speaker at the Association's annual banquet to be held on 20 March 1986. The Department of National Education forwarded the said letter to the Department of Home Affairs and indicated that the Department could shortly expect an application from Hain in this regard.

The invitation lead to a number of press reports and in a report which appeared in *The Star* of 17 February 1986, it is mentioned that Hain is prepared to accept the invitation provided he receives assurance that he will be able to talk to anyone he wishes to talk to.

Two will  
die for  
Transkei  
killing

Own Correspondent

UMTATA — Two Natal men were sentenced to death by the Umtata Supreme Court yesterday for the murder of former Transkei Cabinet Minister Mr Cromwell Diko (70) in an assassination plot.

Mr Justice Lombard found that 27 men had formed a common purpose to kill Mr Diko on the evening of last June 29 at his home at Ntabankulu, Transkei.

The court had heard that the men said Mr Diko was stealing their stock, and plotted to kill him.

The judge said he was satisfied that Simon Mbelu shot and killed Mr Diko, and that Elliot Kumalo was the owner of the firearm. Both are from Msinga, Natal.

As the two assassins, they were sentenced to death.

Mandlakapheli Sabisa was sentenced to 20 years' jail as the go-between between Kumalo and Mbelu.

Thirteen accused were each sentenced to 14 years' jail. Nine others received eight years, with three years suspended.

An elderly accused was fined R500 (or six months). Another was fined R700 (or nine months).



# Bulletins claim 'Kei torture 'common'

A SERIES of documents on detention without trial in the Transkei, published anonymously to protect identities, allege that between June and December last year almost 2 000 people were arrested in the territory. And the authors fear what they have learned to date "is but the tip of an iceberg".

The bulletins claim that in the past six months the Matanzima regime became more repressive than at any other stage of its rule. "People here are detained for indefinite periods and later released without being brought before a court of law. Others are banished to remote rural areas after long periods of detention without trial.

"In recent months some detainees have appeared in tribal courts where legal representation of the accused is barred — this is nothing less than a curtailment of the legal rights of the accused", particularly as civil magistrates and prosecutors are an accepted part of the proceedings in these courts.

The documents list the names and details of approximately 1 950 detainees, a figure the head of the Transkei Security Police, General LS Kawe, claims is untrue. "I would be glad if anyone would come down here and accompany me through the prisons to point out the detainees," he says. And both Kawe and the police public relations officer, Colonel M Jumba, deny the existence of torture in the Transkei — which, say the authors of the documents, is "common" in Transkei prisons.

"Engcobo police station cells are particularly known for interrogation and torture," one author writes. "Methods of torture include the following: sjambokking (most common), forced to stand naked holding a chair above the head while whipped and punched, suspended naked from a broomstick positioned between two tables while beaten. "Beaten with rods wrapped with

A series of documents on detention in the Transkei, listing the names of some 1 950 detainees, allege that torture in certain prisons 'is common'. MOIRA LEVY reports

electric wire — loose ends protruding, ice placed up the nostrils while a heater is held up close, twisting the foot round beyond the point of dislocation. "One detainee was transferred to Cambridge prison, East London, where he was given electric shocks, hooded with a sack filled with teargas, and pierced several times with a pin." Reports on prison conditions gained from former detainees concur very closely. Most prisons are filthy and lice-ridden. Some have electricity and running water, but in many others cells have only a bucket toilet, and the only water is provided in mugs or a bucket. "There is seldom sufficient water for washing." Meals consist of porridge, samp

without beans, thin soup and cold black coffee. Sometimes sparse servings of meat, spinach or bread are included. On occasions detainees have found stones and sand in their food. One detainee alleged he was fed pig food. On weekends the last meal of the day is served at 11am, and some detainees receive no food at all the entire weekend. "Medical care is grossly neglected and often refused. Detainees have been handcuffed to their beds while in hospital, discharged against doctors orders or discharged by doctors who have been intimidated."

That charge was also denied by Kawe, who says that "people are seen by a magistrate and if they are ill they are taken to a doctor of their choice. If the doctor prescribes they be taken to hospital, we take them immediately. We have nothing to hide." However, according to the documents, in one case a detainee who complained of toothache was given

toothpaste to fill the decayed tooth. "In other cases detainees are given Disprin tablets and a mixture of Cape Aloe regardless of the nature of the ailment." The documents include reports from mothers of detainees alleging instances of police harassment. An unnamed mother said her 16-year-old son was taken away naked and when she tried to hand him a pair of trousers the security police threw them back. The police returned later for his clothes. Other mothers claimed they had seen their children forced to bend forward and then assaulted with a sjambok. "She says she was not able to bear the sight."

The authors warn that their records are "far from complete ... (and) based on the limited number of specific cases we have recorded..... the Registrar strives to be as accurate as possible under the circumstances." The documents include details of mass arrests. At the end of May about 600 students at Sigoga High School were picked up after they had stoned the school buildings, burnt the matron's house and assaulted the principal. The students were found guilty of public violence and attempted murder, and were given fines, cuts and, in some cases, prison sentences of six weeks. During class boycotts in September, 390 students from The Umata Technical College were arrested en masse while assembled on the sports field.

In the same month, about 400 Cala High School students were arrested. A total of 169 were charged with

The documents claim that only 158 students were released in time to appear in court. The remaining 11 were freed only about two weeks later, and they were warned they would be held responsible for any further incidents in Cala. The mother of one of these students reported that all 11 students had fled Cala in fear. The small town of Cala has been one of the focal points of detentions, especially following the murder in September last year of rural development worker Batandwa Ndondo in full view of residents as he pleaded for his life. Days later witnesses to the killings, as well as relatives of Ndondo, were also detained. At his funeral more than 100 youths, wearing T-shirts with the words "Rest in Peace, Batandwa", were also allegedly detained, although the Transkeian Commissioner of Police said the figure was less than 50. The documents also identify other areas where there have been security clampdowns. In the Engcobo district a spate of detentions followed a shooting incident (unspecified) in early August last year. "Many of those detained were members of the opposition Democratic People's Party (DPP) which is apparently strong there."

There have also been detention swoops through Ezibeleni, near Queenstown, which the authors interpret as a bid to break the consumer boycott. Western Tembuland, Kaiser Matanzima's home district, has also seen an increase in security police action, seen as a bid to "pacify" the area before his retirement. In the 10 years since Transkei gained "independence", six have been spent under the rule of martial law. In 1980 Kaiser Matanzima imposed a state of emergency after unrest broke out in schools, colleges and the University of Transkei. More recently a 10pm-to-dawn curfew has been imposed, and even tourists passing through the area are expected to adhere to it.



In the same month, about 400 Cala High School students were arrested. A total of 169 were charged with



# Transkei land plans revealed

103

CAPE TOWN — The Deputy Minister of Development and Land Affairs, Mr Ben Wilkens, yesterday announced proposals for consolidation of the Weza Forest into Transkei.

The consolidation proposals, which deal with six areas around Transkei, would serve as a basis for further negotiations, Mr Wilkens said in a statement here.

The handover to Transkei of the Weza Forest, in the Alfred district of Natal, and two adjacent farms in the Mount Currie district, would mean the joining of the two largest parts of Transkei, which until now had been separated by the corridor of land between Harding and Kokstad.

Neither of these towns are included in the consolidation proposals.

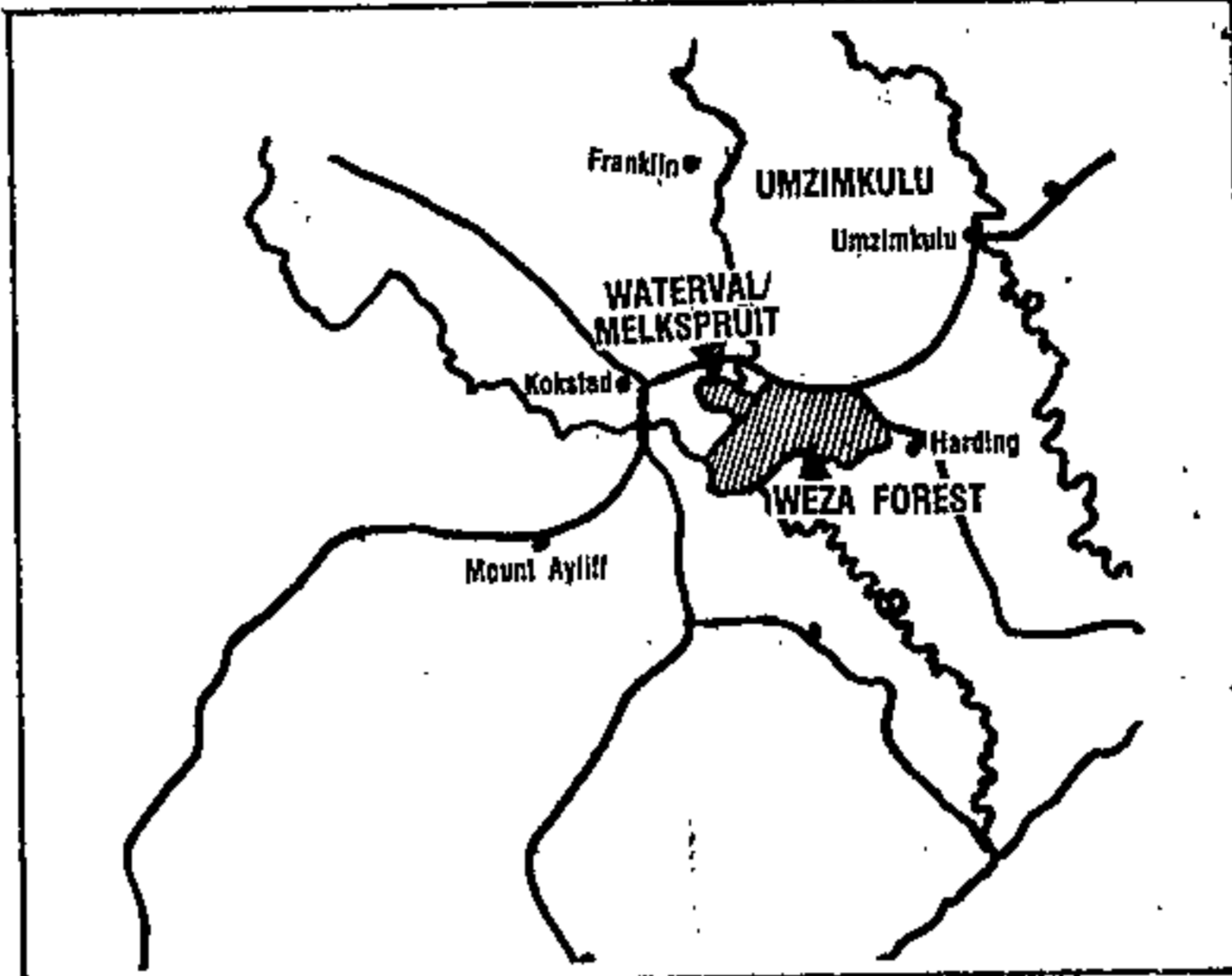
Further consolidation involving several farms in the Queenstown, Elliot and Maclear districts around the present Transkei border was also proposed.

The chairman of the Commission of Cooperation and Development would in due course announce the date and place where evidence would be heard from affected parties.

Meanwhile the NRP MPC for South Coast, Mr Peter Miller, condemned the proposal to transfer the state-owned Weza Forest, and forecast friction between KwaZulu and Transkei citizens if the proposal went through.

He predicted the area would become the "route of Natal" Moutse is an area under dispute between KaNgwane and Lebowa.

Mr Miller said the transfer into Transkei was likely to have a dramatic affect on relations between Transkei and KwaZulu because the locations abutting the



The shaded area will join the two sections of Transkei if the South African Government's land proposals are implemented.

Weza Forest, where forest workers lived, were part of KwaZulu. "These KwaZulu citizens are vehemently opposed to the incorporation of Weza into Transkei."

He said the Weza area was one of the largest truly significant areas of indigenous forest left in Natal. "I fear for the future management of this asset."

Mr Miller said Transkei had always been deemed part of the old Cape. It was the first time that part of the original Natal was to be incorporated into Transkei.

He said the East Griqualand Regional Development Association was opposed to the move and he predicted the Harding Farmers' Association would reject it at a meeting this afternoon.

These bodies were not opposed to the proposal for any selfish reasons, he said. However, the quota of the 1936 Land Act had already been

fulfilled as far as Transkei was concerned.

The NRP MP for Mooi River, Mr Ralph Hardingham, said the proposals were "crazy" and could spark off racial conflict.

"There are numerous Zulus working in the Weza Forest and the proposals will seal off the corridor between Kokstad and Harding and the South Coast." He said this could lead to border difficulties for travellers.

But he welcomed the proposals to deproclaim the farms Waterval and Melkspruit. "This area has been a festering sore as animals from Transkei have wandered onto neighbouring farms spreading disease among livestock."

Mr Hardingham said he was concerned that there was no mention about the return of the farm Guildford, near Matatiele, which had been handed to Transkei before by mistake. DDC

DEPATCU  
18/3/86



He died after being admitted to the Boks-Benoni Hospital. Mr Abraham was shot in the ensuing struggle, ed for car theft. bation after being arrested-

# Transkei may get more land

103 Political Staff 18/3/86 SIAK

CAPE TOWN — The Government has recommended closing the corridor between East Griqualand and the Natal South Coast to further consolidate Transkei.

However, there are no provisions in latest plans to meet Transkei's demands for the whole of East Griqualand. The proposal is likely to meet considerable opposition, even though a comparatively small section of land to the east of Kokstad will be involved.

The area earmarked for Transkei is mainly the Weza Forest.

## Bloem is getting wetter and wetter

BLOEMFONTEIN — The Free State is heading for its wettest month in the past year, and there are signs of more rain to come.

Soft, soaking rain fell on the province at the weekend with 75 mm measured. Almost 75 mm have been recorded in the Bloemfontein area in the past 14 days, while the Marquard district had 75 mm at the weekend. — Own Correspondent.

## Constable's body found at his home

The body of a police constable was found in his home in Mamelodi near Pretoria yesterday, police said.

A spokesman for the police public relations division said the body had bullet wounds.

A murder docket had been opened but investigations thus far could not link the death with unrest. The man's name was being withheld until his next of kin had been notified. — Sapa.

# SA plans Transkei resettlement camp

103

Political Staff

THE South African Government has set aside land for the resettlement of Transkeian citizens — less than a month after the retirement of President Kaiser Matanzima, an implacable opponent of any resettlement camps in Transkei.

The new resettlement area, about 600 hectares

in extent, is situated on six farms in the Elliot district on the road to Engcobo in Transkei.

In a statement this week, the Deputy Minister of Development and Land Affairs, Mr Ben Wilkens, said: "This land is earmarked for the settlement of Transkei citizens still resident within the Republic of South Africa.

"The land will be transferred to Transkei after the resettlement has been finalised."

Throughout his long political career, former President Matanzima resisted all attempts to foist resettlement camps on Transkei and only at Ilinge was one established when it was still part of Ciskei.

In 1978 and 1979, the

South African Government tried to establish a resettlement camp in the Bolotwa-Gwatyu area near Queenstown before it had been incorporated into Transkei.

Work teams were moved into the area and hundreds of pit toilets were erected in preparation for the eviction of 2 400 squatter families — more than 10 000 people

— from the Crossroads squatter camp, but after an urgent summit meeting between President Matanzima and Mr Pik Botha, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, in which the homeland leader said the resettlement camp would never be accepted by his government, the plans were dropped and the toilets removed.



# Land plan: T'kei hits at critics

DISPATCH 103

1913/86

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Transkei has rejected criticism by two Natal politicians of the South African Government's proposal to incorporate the Weza Forest area into Transkei.

The land transfer, if implemented, will join the two largest parts of Transkei.

The NRP MPC for South Coast, Mr Peter Miller, and the party's MP for Mooi River, objected to the proposal, saying it could cause friction between Xhosas and Zulus.

Transkei's Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, Mr E. Z. Booi, said last night some of the statements made by Mr Miller were "most unfortunate and mischievous in the extreme."

"Such inflammatory statements come at a time when both inter-racial and inter-tribal relations have been strained to breaking

point by the previous divide-and-rule policies perpetrated by people of Mr Miller's ilk.

"Why should Mr Miller choose to exploit the dangerous and highly volatile situation between the Pondos and the Zulus, instead of trying to promote peace between these warring factions?"

Mr Booi asked whether it was not enough that so many people had died already or whether Mr Miller did not care because they were black.

"The racist insinuations made by both Mr Miller and Mr Hardingham cannot go unchallenged.

"If Mr Miller cares to know, Harding and Kokstad are both in the Cape. Better he should go back to school and learn geography," said Mr Booi.

He said the two men should realise that the legitimate claims for

Transkeians' land would continue despite "unfounded vituperations and inciting noises from people who have been selfish and biased for years against the black people".

"Mr Miller's prejudice becomes even more patently clear when he says 'I fear for the future management of this asset,' referring to the indigenous forest at Weza."

"Before uttering such presumptuous belittling statements he should have come to see for himself how Transkei's forests and nature reserves are managed," Mr Booi said.

All indigenous species of animals were protected under the Nature Conservation Act, which was vigorously enforced. No exploitation of indigenous forests was permitted.

"Only those trees that have been damaged by lightning or by mechanical damage may be felled."

Mr Booi said Mr Hardingham referred to the deproclaimed Waterval and Melkspruit area as a "festering sore, as animals from Transkei have wandered on to neighbouring farms and have been spreading diseases among livestock".

"It seems that the warped idea that everything from Transkei is inferior and old-fashioned still persists in the gullible and prejudiced minds of many.

"If such people are interested in peaceful co-existence then the sooner they divest their minds of this malady the better for all in this region," Mr Booi said.

The control of disease in Transkei was, in fact, very effective. For example no cattle diseases had ever been transmitted from Transkei to South Africa. There was also no foot and mouth disease or rabies.

21/3/86 Mercury (103) Mercury

# Chief condemns proposal to hand over forest to Transkei

**African Affairs  
Correspondent**

ULUNDI—Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, has condemned the possibility of the South African Government handing over the Weza Forest in southern Natal to Transkei in an attempt to further consolidate the already independent homeland.

He said the statement

from Cape Town this week negated all talk of reform on the part of the Government and their reference to South Africa as being 'one country'.

'I don't see any necessity for excising part of Natal and parcelling it off to Transkei,' he said.

Chief Buthelezi said he believed the move would bedevil relations between

the Government and the Zulu people.

This week Mr Peter Miller, New Republic Party MPC for South Coast, also attacked the proposal.

He said that the black workers in the Weza Forest were from areas under the control of the KwaZulu Government and they did not wish the area to be incorporated into Transkei.



# Buthlezi slates Weza proposals

103 21/3/88  
DISPATCH

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
ULUNDI — The Chief Minister of KwaZulu, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, has condemned the possibility of the South African Government handing over the Weza Forest area in southern Natal to Transkei.

In the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly yesterday, Chief Buthelezi said the statement from Cape Town this week negated all talk of reform on the part of the government and their reference to South Africa as being "one country".

"I don't see any necessity for excising part of Natal and parcelling it off to Transkei," he said.

Chief Buthelezi said he believed the move would bedevil relations between the South African Government and the Zulu people.

The Transkei Government has welcomed the South African proposal to incorporate the Weza Forest area into Transkei.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Mtutuzeli Lujabe, said the proposal, announced by the South African Deputy Minister of Development and Land Affairs, Mr Ben Wilkens, was highly appreciated, chiefly as a basis of negotiations between Transkei and South Africa.

Mr Lujabe said the

proposal was both logical and highly welcomed by the government of Transkei, but without prejudice.

The question of Transkei land consolidation was at present a subject of negotiation between the governments of Transkei and South Africa, he said.

The New Republic Party MPC for South Coast, Mr Peter Miller, has also attacked the proposal.

He said this week that the black workers in the Weza Forest were from areas under the control of the KwaZulu Government and they did not wish the area to be incorporated into Transkei.

TRANSKEI CONSOLIDATION

FIN YHAI 21/3/86  
**First, you move** 103

The latest proposals for the consolidation of Transkei, published in Cape Town this week by Deputy Minister of Development and Land Affairs, Ben Wilkens, provide for the transfer of more land to Transkei — but only after Transkeians still living in SA have been resettled on the land.

The land concerned is about 4 000 ha in the Elliot and Maclear districts. In the Mount Currie district, about 1 900 ha will be deproclaimed and people living there will be resettled in the Ongeluksnek area.

The proposals provide for an area of about 22 000 ha in the Weza Forest to be transferred to Transkei to form a corridor between its main territory and the Umzimkulu district.

The transfer of the corridor — currently owned by the State, and white and coloured owners — will go ahead only if "mutually acceptable arrangements" can be made for the resettlement of the inhabitants of some of the land in another area. Wilkens stressed that the proposals were the basis for further

negotiations with affected parties. Dates and venues for representations to the Commission for Co-operation and Development are to be announced, he said.

The linkage between transfer of additional land and the resettlement of Transkeians living in SA is expected to meet with stiff resistance. Government has publicly abandoned its policy of forced removals. Yet, like the original Development Aid Amendment Bill, now reformulated, it looks suspiciously like pursuing the old policy by stealth.

Former Transkeian president Kaiser Matanzima, who retired earlier this year, was strongly opposed to the resettlement of Transkeians from SA in Transkei. Will his successor, Tutor Ndamase, be more amenable? ■



FINAL 2/3/86

## First, you move

103

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# BURIAL 103 SOWETAN DRAMA

## Kaiser defies court order

TRANSKEI'S former president, Chief Kaiser Matanzima, yesterday defied a court order and buried his former political opponent, Chief Sabata Dalindyebo, while the rest of the Sabata family stayed away in anger.

Chief Sabata was an African National Congress leader and Nelson Mandela's cousin.

The body of Chief Dalindyebo, who

died in self-exile in Zambia on April 7, was taken from a funeral home in Transkei by Chief Matanzima, in defiance of a local court order.

The body was then buried in the presence of homeland officials and an estimated 300 Transkei soldiers and policemen.

Chief Dalindyebo's relatives — including Mrs Winnie Mandela — refused to attend the service and instead met lawyers to discuss possible responses.

When Transkei officials said they

would allow Chief Sabata to be buried at his birthplace, near Umtata, anti-apartheid activists began planning to turn the occasion into a major political rally. Convoys of buses were to bring thousands of mourners to Transkei from urban areas across the country.

But last week, after Chief Sabata's body had arrived from Lusaka, Zambia, the Transkei Government announced that it would stop the buses at the border and would not allow anyone to attend the funeral without a permit from the police.

### Action

This action infuriated anti-apartheid leaders, and on Saturday night Chief Sabata's family initiated legal action seeking to halt the funeral so the body could be flown back to Lusaka for burial there.

The Transkei Supreme Court early yesterday issued an order that the body remain at the funeral home pending a hearing in the afternoon.

But at mid-morning, Chief Matanzima arrived at the funeral home and took the body away.

Chief Matanzima, whose brother George is Transkei's Prime Minister, was president of the homeland in 1977 when Chief Dalindyebo left the Transkei to Lusaka.

Sapa AP



## Soweto's biggest wedding

WHAT was dubbed "Soweto's biggest wedding" this year took place in Rockville, Soweto on Saturday when the son of the president of the Soweto Taverners Association, Mr Peggy "Bel Air" Senne took Miss Christine Madoline Mngomezulu to the altar.

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# Building a better way of life



Rural Ciskei pre-schoolers wait for their midday meal, provided by Operation Hunger and prepared by local mothers.

An acceptable way of life only becomes possible when your house doesn't collapse around you every time it rains, Om Filip explained.

Mr P J Oosthuisen, of Oom Filip as his colleagues know him, is the manager of a self-help project, Zakhele Self-Build Housing, in the heart of rural Ciskei.

"When the recent heavy rains fell in this part of Ciskei, all these simple houses fell down — and, tell me, what would the use have been in giving out blankets and watching them build the same way?"

"The next heavy rains would just bring them all down again."

Zakhele is a project of Mfesane, a King William's Town-based umbrella organisation, which provides funds and resources for a number of development projects for disabled and non-dis-

abled people in Ciskei, Transkei and the Eastern Cape.

"The people wanted cement blocks, but the expense would have been far beyond their means. So we decided on soil cement blocks."

"Local soil, mixed with cement, is far cheaper and the houses don't fall down. Proper cement bricks would cost about 80c each, while we are now producing bricks for 10c apiece — actually they are slightly subsidised."

Reporter JO-ANNE RICHARDS recently toured the community projects of Mfesane, a King Williams Town-based umbrella organisation funding projects for the development of disabled people and disabled people in towns. Their projects stretch between the Eastern Cape, Ciskei and Transkei. In the first of a series she looks at a self-help building project, a sewing workshop and a feeding programme.

"It's utterly impossible to build up a reasonable standard of living for themselves and their kids unless their houses stand up to the weather."

The brick-making has become a small local industry run by the local people. They have one simple brick-making machine, but hope to get another soon.

Not far from Oom Filip's operation another Mfesane project — a workshop producing everything from protective clothing, linen for

hospitals to pigeon baskets and apple bags — achieved a turnover of more than R200 000 last year.

What is unusual about

this small, shabby-looking factory in Dimbaza, where shiny new edifices house large numbers of enterprises, is that the factory exists for Ciskeian disabled.

"But we do not operate as a charity organisation. People come to work on time, clock-in, and do a day's work. We aim to

keep production over R1 000 a day," manager Mr Peet Mare said.

"Much of the profits from production pay the costs of our hostel for blind people. Many live far from here."

A few local able-bodied people are employed either in a supervisory capacity, or for those tasks which require periods of standing. This prevents the disabled from working in isolation.

A couple of hours' drive from Dimbaza lives another Mfesane worker, Mrs Glendyr Lorentz, a "Gift", as Keiskamma Hoek people have named her. Working through the existing social structures, she discovered the villagers' greatest needs.

She had initially been struck by the "desperate poverty I saw there. The wasted malnourished children with dull, sunken eyes."

Now, she has encouraged the start of about 45 pre-schools, serving about 2 000 children. "And you can see the difference in the children. So can their parents."

A feeding programme using food from Operation Hunger, is run by their mothers, helping to produce a generation of bright-eyed children, longing to learn.

Other projects Mrs Lorentz has initiated at the request of the villagers are training in knitting, weaving and leather work, and help in starting small businesses. Coffin-making, carpentry and small-scale chicken farming are all being organised.

A community vegetable garden run by local women is another of the villagers' ideas to be fuelled by the expertise she provides.



Rural Ciskei women, wanting to learn a home industry with which they could bring in money, asked to be taught beadwork.



STAR 26/3/86

# Mfesane plants seeds of change in Lima project

As the dusty Transkei road winds towards the coast, the flat, wasted mealie lands are suddenly transformed.

With no warning, they are replaced by waving green crops and sprouting vegetable gardens which surround many homesteads.

The impact of the Lima rural development scheme on the Zithulele district over the past 10 years, is something that can be seen readily.

In a wide area surrounding its headquarters, the crops suddenly appear healthier and less choked by weeds. The crops are diversified — cabbage and sweet potato grow alongside the ever-present mealies — and vegetables fill the previously wasted land surrounding households.

Instead of villagers competing with pigs for water at small, muddied springs, simple pumps and filters lead fresh supplies to taps.

"At one stage, it seemed we'd failed," said the project leader, Mr Danie Geldenhuys. "We were actually ready to pack up and leave.

"But I realised that by being here we'd raised people's expectations. I was determined that, even if I had to do it on my own, I would stay and work here."

Lima is a project of Mfesane, which serves Ciskei, Transkei and Eastern Cape.

It took so long to become accepted by the community, Mr Geldenhuys said, and 10 years ago, there were few guidelines for grassroots development. "We did so many things wrong, but now I don't regret them. I see all those attempts as growing pains."

## Grew cabbages

His first unsuccessful project was to interest local landowners in improving farming methods and diversifying their crops. While most of these men were migrant labourers, they were adamant that their wives continue planting mealies each summer.

With one "ancient" tractor, two oxplanters and four spades, four Lima workers received permission from 17 landowners to use their unplanted land in winter and half in summer.

While they grew cabbages, which they later sold, they cultivated mealies on the other halves for the owners.

With a simple irrigation system, the

Reporter JO-ANNE RICHARDS recently toured the community projects of Mfesane, a King William's Town-based umbrella organisation which funds projects for the development of depressed rural communities and for the assistance of disabled people. In the second of a series of articles she looks at a rural development scheme and the beginnings of Mfesane.

crops did extremely well and people in the area had work in winter. However, the landowners, themselves, were not interested in working the land.

"At about this time, the drought started and the people had no food," said Mr Geldenhuys. "We realised we'd been trying to force the farmers into a direction we thought they should take and we weren't looking at the community's immediate needs — food and water."

## Small patches

However, the drought forced his organisation's faster acceptance into the community and people began to approach it with their needs and suggestions. After a series of discussions, a successful training garden, where women were employed, was established.

Here, people learnt vegetable and fruit-tree farming methods on small patches of land before they were assisted in starting their own gardens. From then on, they were essentially on their own.

After some people in the community expressed interest in becoming independent farmers, they were assisted with know-how and simple irrigation systems. Lima also hired out equipment and sold farming requirements.

The independent farmers thrived, one of them exporting sweet potatoes throughout the long, terrible drought. Other projects, which had not even been planned, developed of their own volition.

"And the word has spread. We've received so many requests to help the more far-flung communities start projects, that it's just not possible to do everything we have planned," said Mr Geldenhuys.







Since the arrival of Lima development project in rural Transkei, villagers have taps to provide fresh water, instead of getting water at unhygienic springs.

## Mfesane — brainchild of the dominees with a difference

"There is no use in preaching to people if they are so hungry they cannot feel or experience the love of God," says the Rev Almero Cloete, a Dutch Reformed minister who no longer has a congregation.

Mr Cloete, finding himself "unable to open the Bible" before the poverty-stricken people of Dimbaza in the late 1960s, started a chain of practical aid that now stretches from the Eastern Cape through Ciskei as far as Transkei.

And what began as a rather unusual project of his church eventually took on a life of its own as Mfesane, an organisation with an annual turnover of R6 million. Providing planning, expertise and funds, Mfesane's work involves rural development, job creation and job training for disabled and non-disabled people.

Mr Cloete and the organisation's regional manager in Transkei, the Rev G P Burger, are both dominees — but both are unlike most people's idea of a typical Dutch Reformed minister.

To hear them reject "westernised, paternalistic" approaches to rural development and describe their community-based self-help projects, you could easily be listening to the type of community worker most often encountered — young, and of a far more radical viewpoint.

### RELIGIOUS CONVICTIONS

And yet their religious convictions, staunchly Dutch Reformed, form a great part of their motivation. Mfesane is a Christian organisation but remains non-denominational in its work.

"It all started when the congregation I served was Dimbaza, where thousands of people were dumped after being loaded on lorries from white farms in the Karoo. Conditions were appalling," said Mr Cloete.

"How could I tell them about the love of God, knowing I was talking about something they just could not see or feel. Standing there looking at them — many of them so hungry — I could not open my Bible or my mouth."

While all his training prepared him "just to be a dominee", Mr Cloete's desire to do "something practical and long-term" thrust him into a totally alien field — creating jobs.

### FIRST PROJECT

A small labour-intensive workshop making spectacle cases was the first project. Full of ideals, he was keen that all the workers be given shares in the business — but this rather "sophisticated, first-world" concept was not immediately successful.

Mr Cloete believes the business was a catalyst in bringing the large number of factories, employing thousands of people, to the area.

"When we were no longer fulfilling a need in the area, we sold the business and have been moving more and more in the direction of rural development and grassroots community work. The idea has been to provide skills and funds in areas where the community itself sees its needs and then to phase out our contribution over time."

Mr Cloete said that, from the start, his philosophy when marketing products produced by projects, had been: "Forget I'm a dominee. If our products compare favourably with others in price and quality, then consider them for their own sake."

The approach seems to have paid off. They rely on donations for only R500 000 of their R6 million annual turnover. The rest is generated by the projects themselves or comes in the form of government grants.

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## Sounding markets

In an effort to attract evening listeners back to radio, Transkei's Capital Radio launched a new service, Southern Sound (SS), on April 1.

Radio has lost much of its night appeal since the introduction of television, but Capital hopes to broaden the attraction by aiming special programmes at the "moral majority." SS will take over from Capital Radio between 7 pm and 6 am says Capital's programmes and marketing director, Martin Rattle.

"The new station will embrace Christian ideals and values but will be non-denominational. We want to promote goodwill with a caring and clean-living station which appeals to the more serious-minded listener," he says.

"We feel such a service will have a higher and broader listenership than Capital Radio's traditional 16-34 age groups. A large proportion of programming will be contemporary Christian music — music with a moral message."

Capital and SS will operate as separate commercial companies with their own offices but using the same studios and transmitters. The initial investment in launch money is R100 000.

Traditionally, advertising demand is low at night but initial response to the new service from advertisers has been good, says Rattle. The service will broadcast on FM and MW in the Cape and Natal while the

SW service will cover southern Africa.

"Our next project is to improve our reception in the Transvaal by redirecting our signal," says Rattle. ■



## 'Stop boycotts'

SCHOOL boycotters have "the appetite of a suicidal generation", Transkei State President Tutor Ndamase said in Umtata this week.

Opening the 11th session of the National Assembly, Ndamase said the boycotting education was like trying to heal a wound by inflicting a more serious one.

Performing his first official duty as the new state president since taking over from Chief Kaiser Matanzima on February 20, Ndamase told Parliament education had never been in as much "danger" as it is now.

"We plead for a sense of balance in the evaluation of our problems," he said. - Sapa.

2174 P 6/4/86

## Ciskei holds 5

FORMER Transkei Democratic Progressive Party Youth League member Zola "Wajima" Dunywa has been detained by Ciskei security cops.

He is being held under Section 26 of the Ciskei National Security Act, which provides for indefinite detention without trial.

Four others - Mvuzo Dlepu, David Kewu, Monwabis, Yako and Zolelwa Mabutho - are believed to have been detained with Dunywa.



April 10, 1986

4/10/86 WEEKLY MAIL

# Draconian powers for homelands

THE non-independent homelands have been granted draconian powers to pass their own security laws, ban and restrict people, ban organisations and publications and remove communities.

Proclamation 38 of 1986 by the State President, P. W. Botha, hands over to the country's six non-independent homelands the same security powers as those enjoyed by the four independent homelands.

The proclamation, framed in terms of the National States Constitution Act, widens the jurisdiction of the legislative assemblies to pass their own laws in a number of areas.

BY PHILLIP VAN NIEKERK  
It follows Botha's speech at the opening of parliament where he promised to extend the powers of the "self-governing national states".

Attorney Geoff Budlender says the effect of the proclamation is a further blurring of the distinction between the powers of the independent and non-independent homelands.

A key clause says that for the purpose of public safety the legislative assembly may pass laws banning organisations, restricting the movement of people and banning speeches or publications.

It also provides for the removal of any tribe, portion of a tribe, a community or a person from any place within the area of a legislative assembly to any other place in the area.

This clause, which mimics the controversial Section 5 of the Black Administration Act, specifies that it does not remove the State President's wide powers in terms of that Act.

Section 5 was used in 1984 to effect the removal of the Bakwena people from Mogopa.

The proclamation also provides for the national states to bar entrance to their territory of people who are not

from that homeland even if they are South African citizens.

It also grants to the non-independent homelands the right to administer areas which are part of South Africa.

Civil rights organisations have expressed fears that the government is contemplating removing the administration of black spots from South Africa to the national states.

However, Budlender said this clause would not be operative unless the controversial enabling legislation on the same topic, which has been temporarily withdrawn, is passed in parliament in Cape Town.

# Natal farmers slam plan to incorporate Weza Forest

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — The Harding Farmers' Association has slammed a government proposal to incorporate the Weza Forest into Transkei.

A statement issued by Mr S. Rennie on behalf of the association referred to the "curse of consolidation".

The proposal was announced last month by the Deputy Minister of Development and Land Affairs, Mr Ben Wilkens, and was criticised by New Republic Party MPs in the area who warned it would lead to confrontation between Zulus and Xhosas and to neglect of the forest.

The proposal deals with six areas around Transkei and the addition of this nearly 24 000 hectares to Transkei would mean the joining of the two largest parts of Transkei.

At present, these two parts are separated by the corridor of land between Harding and Kokstad. Neither town is included in the proposal.

Mr Rennie's statement said: "The curse of consolidation spreads like a deadly disease across our land. Like a cancerous growth it destroys, turning fertile farm land into eroded ravaged wastelands.

"Once green mountain slopes become brown and bare, the natural vegetation eaten flat by goats and scrawny cattle. Once bubbling fountains and dancing brooks become bleakly muddied puddles."

Mr Rennie said the entire ecological system was upset by "the curse of consolidation".

He recalled how a prominent American was told by an investor to "buy land as they no longer make it".

"Yet we in South Africa squander this resource with mindless stupidity," he said.

The farmers' association called on South Africans to help stop the incorporation.

"Weza belongs to the people of South Africa. It is not a piece of land that the government can give or swop at will," Mr Rennie said.

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# Transkei probes misuse of R120m

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## Dispatch Reporter

**UMTATA — A judicial commission of inquiry, set to investigate the finances of all parastatal bodies under the Transkei Department of Commerce, will hear evidence of the possible misuse of funds totalling R120-million.**

The commission was formed to probe the conduct of the Department of Commerce, Tourism and Industry and will investigate the alleged misappropriation of public money.

In his outline of general evidence yesterday, a member of the commission's legal team, Mr A. Findlay, SC, said the vastness of the investigation was shown by the fact that the original figure of about R11 million to be checked had increased to more than R120 million.

The commission would investigate senior officials of the department who authorised irregular payments, accountants and auditors who allowed irregular claims to pass and civil servants who were either persuaded to make payments or unintentionally made these payments.

The commission will investigate the role played by members of the department and other departments to establish whether they were negligent in their duties.

It must also report on the financial management in the department and the loss of state funds.

Evidence on the siphoning of R1,5 million from state funds would be given by a top official of the Auditor-General's office, Mr Findlay said.

In his address before the commission's first sitting, Mr Findlay said top Transkei Government officials had formed companies and used state cash set aside for industrial incentives for their private businesses.

Some of the officials had acted in league with industrialists who claimed inflated incentive benefits from the department.

He cited the case of a senior official in the department who had used his influence and formed a company dealing with a sawmill project.

Claims of up to R1,5 million were made within 18 months. The money was channelled into a bus company which is still under investigation.

Mr Findlay said the official had other flourishing businesses but the labourers at the sawmill were living on subsistence as they had not been paid for months.

He told the commission that a senior former employee of the Transkei Development Corporation would give evidence that the same official had, on several occasions, requested that certain incentive claims be paid out.

These claims were so inflated that junior officials had queried them. However, because of his seniority, the official had overruled their objections and the sums had been paid out.

Mr Findlay said all Transkei parastatal bodies, including the Transkei Development Corporation, were to be investigated because they all drew incentives from the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

About 12 industrialists in Transkei were still under investigation, he said.

Industrialists are entitled to incentive claims after they have established their businesses in Transkei and have presented their financial statements.

The commission is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen.

Call Trans 16/4/86

# Transkei police kill 'terrorist'

103

UMTATA. — Transkei police have shot and killed a suspected terrorist and detained two others after cornering them at a roadblock.

This was announced by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, at the closing of the Transkei National Independence Party's congress here yesterday.

Chief Matanzima, who is also the Minister of Police and Defence, did not say when or where the incident occurred, other than that police had been manning roadblocks throughout Transkei during the past three days.

He said that after the driver of the vehicle carrying the suspected terrorists saw the roadblock, he "quickly turned around and drove back in the direction from where he had come".

The police gave chase and as they closed in on the vehicle the car stopped and the occupants tried to flee on foot.

The police arrested a

woman and a man, but the third occupant ran to a ditch and opened fire on the police.

Police returned the fire and the man was killed, Chief Matanzima said.

The man had been armed with an AK-47 rifle and five magazines of ammunition.

Chief Matanzima commended the policemen who made the arrests. "We have not established everything, but the two who have been arrested, especially the woman, will tell us all, as she has started singing during interrogation by the police," he said.

The Prime Minister warned Transkeians to be alert and to inform the police immediately if they came across "a suspicious-looking person".

He also sounded a warning to "unreliable chiefs and headmen in Transkei" that they were being watched and said "they must stop criminal and subversive elements who want to disrupt orderly, peaceful life in Transkei". — Sapa



# Terror suspect shot, 2 held in Transkei

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Chief Matanzima, who is also the minister of Police and Defence, told the delegates that police had been manning roadblocks throughout Transkei during the past three days.

He said that when the driver of the car carrying the suspected terrorists noticed the police roadblock, he quickly turned around and drove back in the opposite direction.

The police gave chase and as they closed in, the fugitives stopped their car and attempted to flee on foot.

The police arrested a woman and a man, but the third occupant of the car ran to a ditch and

opened fire on the police.

Police returned the fire and the man was killed.

The dead man was armed with an AK-47 Russian rifle and five magazines of ammunition.

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**DISPATCH**  
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16/4/86

## Two injured as bombs hit youth leader's home

Pretoria Bureau

Two men were injured when a home-made explosive device and a petrol bomb hit the home of the president of the Saulsville Atteridgeville Youth Organisation, Mr Sam Morotoba, yesterday morning.

A police spokesman, Colonel Victor Haynes, confirmed the attack at 47 Mokolobotlo Street and said that two men were injured in the attack.

Mr Morotoba was not at home at the time. His brother, Harry, who was staying with his cousin, Eric Makhala (21), a visitor from Venda, in the front room said a heavy explosion rocked their home at 2.10 am, ripping open the roof and shattering all the front windows.

Mr Makhala, who suffered a wound on the right arm and on the left side of the body was taken to Kalafong Hospital and discharged.

## BTR Dunlop makes court bid to end work stoppage

By Mike Siluma

BTR Dunlop, plagued by strikes at four Natal and Transvaal plants for more than a week, has asked for an urgent Industrial Court interdict to end the stoppage at its Sydney Road, Durban, factory.

A Metal and Allied Workers' Union (Mawu) spokesman, Mr Bobby Marie, said the company had made the application yesterday. Proceedings had to be adjourned to give the union leadership, who were in meetings with workers at the time, a chance to respond.

About 1 000 workers have been on strike at Sydney Road since last Tuesday to demand the reinstatement of two colleagues fired for alleged violent behaviour. An equal number of workers have also been on a solidarity strike at Dunlop plants in Ladysmith, Durban and Benoni.

### UNSUCCESSFUL MEETINGS

Several unsuccessful meetings have been held between Mawu and Dunlop, the last on Monday.

Mr Marie said the case would come before the court tomorrow morning. The union was consulting its membership and lawyers. He said the workers were annoyed and surprised at the company's decision to go to court because negotiations with the company were still in progress.

The dispute broke out after management issued workers with warnings following recent wildcat strikes against the company's alleged refusal to talk to unions about the 1 000 sacked at Dunlop's Howick plant last April.

● The first round of annual wage negotiations affecting about 350 000 metalworkers was adjourned in Alberton yesterday, according to union sources. The talks will resume on April 25.

## Police shoot terror suspect in Transkei

UMTATA — Transkei police have shot and killed a suspected terrorist and detained two others at a roadblock, according to Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima.

Chief Matanzima, who is also the Minister of Police and Defence, said yesterday police had been manning roadblocks throughout Transkei during the past three days, but did not say when or where the incident occurred.

He said after the driver of the car carrying the suspected terrorists turned and drove from the roadblock, police gave chase. As they closed in the vehicle stopped and the occupants attempted to flee on foot.

The police arrested a woman and a man, but the third occupant ran to a ditch and opened fire on the police. They returned the fire and the man was killed.

— Sapa



# Ndamase condemns violence, boycotts

17/4/86  
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DISPATCH

**By ROOSEVELT FANI**  
UMTATA — The President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Vulindlele Ndamase, yesterday condemned violence and school boycotts in South Africa, and said Transkei could not be impervious to these tragedies.

President Ndamase, who was officially opening the 11th session of the second National Assembly, said both the victims and perpetrators were blacks and added: "We cannot condone these acts in the name of the struggle."

"In a situation where brother kills brother, where urchins are transformed into grotesque monsters by blood-curdling macabre acts of violence in the name of the cause, we must as men of courage and conscience rescue the cause of liberation from the quagmire that soils it and preach the gospel of reason and reconciliation," President Ndamase said.

He urged Transkeians to build bridges among people of different races, nationalities and political persuasions.



President Tutor Ndamase takes the salute during the parade of the opening of Parliament yesterday.

"We must instil the lesson that must be taught at all costs: that a society built and nurtured in violence weaves violence into its fabric and bestows a legacy of hate and blood on generations to come.

"There is a great deal to be done to right the wrongs of the past and the best tools are reason, enlightenment, good

humour, negotiation and a conciliatory spirit," he said.

President Ndamase said education was in peril at a time when blacks were so much in need of it.

Black South Africans were going through a "mindboggling education boycott syndrome among children who seem to drink from this poisoned pool with the appetite of a suicidal generation.

"We plead for a sense of balance in the evaluation of our problems. We do not heal the wound by inflicting a cancerous one, which the self-denial of education does to our youth who spurn it."

"No matter what the motivation is, our salvation for generations to come lies in our avidly embracing education and developing it through participation, and not abstention, to the highest academic heights."

Referring to the economy, President Ndamase said the spectre of unemployment, the delicate currency situation and poor business performance required that Transkeians adopted responsible attitudes to facilitate, rather than hinder, the recovery from the economic abyss in which Transkei found itself.

More reports P2.

Cape Times 17/4/86

## Exiled chief's body returned

Own Correspondent

103

PORT ELIZABETH. — The body of the deposed and exiled Tembu king and ANC member, Paramount Chief Dalindyabo Sabata, last night arrived at K D Matanzima Airport from Lusaka.

Chief Sabata's former senior counsellor, Mr Archibald Yeko, said last night that eight people — including the chief's wife — arrived with the body after their flight had been delayed in Zimbabwe.

An uncle of jailed ANC leader Mr Nelson Mandela, Chief Sabata will be buried at Bumbane "The Great Place" in Transkei on Sunday "as was requested" by Mr Mandela, Mr Yeko said.



ARGUS 17/4/86  
Bomb rocks  
PM's HQ  
in Transkei

The Argus Correspondent

UMTATA. — A bomb blast shattered the 12th floor of the Botha Sigcau government building today, injuring several people.

The floor houses Transkei Defence Force personnel and the offices of the Prime Minister.

There has been no official confirmation yet of the explosion, the second in Umtata in nine months.

The blast was on the eve of Chief Sabata Dalinyebo's funeral.

Yesterday a Zambian chartered plane carrying the body of the self-exiled Chief Sabata, king of the Tembu clan in Transkei and a senior member of the banned African National Congress, arrived at the K D Matanzima Airport here.

Chief Sabata, to be buried on Sunday, died of diabetes in a Zambian hospital a week ago. He was 58.

He left Transkei in 1980 after he was convicted in a circuit court at Port St John's of impairing the dignity of the ex-President Kaizer Matanzima. He was fined R700 or 18 months' imprisonment.

After the plane touched down members of the public, including the only newsman, The Argus Correspondent, were ordered to leave the airport building.

Talks lasting well over two hours were held between the Zambian party and the police chiefs in the VIP lounge before the coffin was allowed to leave the premises.

OWI

WAI

irvBelle/Van

Ultrama



# Ndamase: great strides made

By ROOSEVELT FANI  
UMTATA — The State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, announced here yesterday that the pace of industrialisation in the country was gathering momentum.

Officially opening Parliament, President Ndamase said Transkei expected to reap the fruits of the country's generous incentives in the number of companies opening businesses in Transkei.

He said Transkeians were deeply involved in commercial activity and it was hoped that this exposure would improve their management skills and raise standards in this sector.

He said use would continue to be made of the seminars and training available at the University of Transkei and other organisations whose task was to upgrade commercial expertise.

Dealing with individual government departments, President Ndamase said great strides were being made by the Department of Agriculture and the Transkei Agricultural Corporation (Tracor) to accelerate food production so that a time would come when Transkei conquered famine.

He urged Transkeians not to be passive recipients of services by these state bodies.

"On the contrary, they must actively help themselves by participating in their own upliftment.

"The first step in development is the potential. A nation that is spoon-fed becomes a nation of imbeciles," President Ndamase said.

He announced that the Department of Works and Energy was surfacing more roads. Work was in progress to widen the N2 and the Tsitsa

bridge was nearing completion.

The improvement of Transkei's roads would facilitate communication and development in the country.

President Ndamase said one of the problems facing southern Africa in the labour sphere was a lack of skills.

"This must, of necessity, affect the quality of our society. In Transkei this is particularly pronounced. The new Department of Manpower, Planning and Utilisation is expected to help improve skills in our labour force," he said.

The Department of Foreign Affairs had a key role to play in the process of negotiating an acceptable dispensation in the sub-continent, the President said.

He advised that great care be taken in selecting and training suitable personnel for this crucial diplomatic exercise.

A stable society placed a premium on the maintenance of law and order and the problems of unemployment in the country might tend to disturb social equilibrium, he said.

It was the duty of the police and the public as a whole to protect the inhabitants from the anti-social conduct of some elements.

"However, the best guarantee for stability is a contented society which sees that it has much to lose from destabilisation.

"In such a case, the voluntary co-operation of the public renders the task of law enforcement departments much easier and creates a rapport between the public and law enforcement institutions.

"We believe the best safeguard against injustice is the enshrinement of universal civil liberties in our statutes to protect the freedom of the individual.

"While every country

has a duty to protect the integrity of its borders and secure the safety of its inhabitants through its defence forces, it is hoped that Transkei will not have cause to fire a shot in anger and our young men can be utilised in other productive capacities," he said.

President Ndamase also announced that the Child Care Act of 1986 would be piloted during the current parliamentary session to make provision for the promotion and protection of the interests of children.

He said the Department of Posts and Telecommunications was mindful of its obligations to the nation and Phase Two of the five-year-plan would get off the ground towards the end of the current financial year and would provide part of the basic infrastructure for all the three planned pilot schemes of Transkei's future rural radio and telephone network.

DISPATCH 03



CAPE TIMES 18/4/86

# Blast rocks Transkei Government building

UMTATA. — A bomb blast rocked the 12-storey Botha Sigcau administrative building here early yesterday morning seriously injuring a number of people and showering the sidewalk with splinters of glass.

The Transkei Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, told the National Assembly that four people had been injured — one seriously.

He said four offices were extensively damaged while the third and fourth floors were slightly affected by the explosion.

The type of explosive used and its origin had not yet been determined.

The blast on the fifth floor, which houses the Department of Interior, damaged the offices and shattered window panes.

Hundreds of office workers and cleaners were told to go home for the day, according to a police officer at the scene of the blast, so that members of the bomb squad could search the building.

The fire brigade said they were called to the fifth floor about 7.59am and arrived there as hundreds of office workers were spilling out of the building through fire escapes and the main entrances.

Within minutes police cordoned off the streets round the building and the explosives experts arrived to search for more bombs.

The Commissioner of Police, General R S Mantanga, and the head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, could not be reached for comment as they were in meetings.

Those injured were rushed to Umtata Hospital. Some were treated and discharged while a senior clerk with a severely injured leg was reported to be still undergoing surgery.

## 'Shudder to think'

Chief Matanzima told the National Assembly that he had always warned that the perpetrators of such violent acts were already inside the country and that everybody should be on the lookout for suspicious characters.

"I shudder to think what would have happened had the bomb gone off after 8 o'clock when hundreds of people would have been in their offices.

"We do not know who planted the bomb, but it would not be difficult to guess who is responsible as we already know the people responsible for such acts," he said. — Sapa

# Lonely grave for an ex-king

SABATA DALINDYEBO, the king of the Thembus, who was ousted from office by his arch-rival, Kaiser Matanzima, in 1980, will be buried tomorrow, nearly a fortnight after his lonely death in exile in a Lusaka hospital.

But his long fight against apartheid and the pro-separate development policies of ex-president Matanzima will not be forgotten, particularly in the Transkei region.

The personal rivalry between Matanzima and Dalindyebo, who were cousins, went back to their childhood.

Matanzima, a BA graduate from Fort Hare and a qualified attorney, was angered when the semi-educated Dalindyebo, who was of royal descent, inherited the Thembu paramountcy. But Matanzima was forced by tribal law to recognise his cousin as his paramount chief.

Matanzima never practised as an attorney but returned to his tribal

weekly M. 103  
Sabata Dalindyebo was Kaiser Matanzima's arch-rival from boyhood to his death in exile this month. BARRY STREEK reports

home, where his father had been a minor chief, to establish a power base, which he soon did with the aid of the South African government, which was desperate to find a relatively competent tribal figure to make the bantustan policy work.

In Kaiser Matanzima it found the ideal partner.

At a time when Sabata Dalindyebo was leading protests to Pretoria and becoming active in the Liberal Party, Matanzima was being rewarded for his loyalty: despite the opposition of his paramount chief, he was elevated to the level of regional chief — of emigrant Thembuland.

Matanzima's determination and ambition and the crucial support of the government brought him a new office in 1961: chairman of the Transkei Territorial Authority.

Two years later, the Democratic Party — led by Paramount Chief Victor Poto, with the backing of Dalindyebo and a programme of "multi-racialism" — thrashed the Matanzima supporters in Transkei's first election. But the popular will was overturned with the support of government-paid chiefs in the legislature, and Matanzima became chief minister.

Matanzima was, contrary to tribal law, later elevated to the status of

paramount chief in his own right.

And Sabata Dalindyebo lost out. When the Democratic Party split, he backed the progressive wing of the party and became its leader, but by then Matanzima was preparing for the final coup against his cousin.

After the police raided his Great Place in 1978, Dalindyebo commented: "Since the early 60s my close associates have been subjected to arbitrary action by the government to make me a lone voice in Transkei politics. I want the world to know that I have been persecuted for my political convictions since 1963 and have been ridiculed and humiliated even by junior chiefs who are government supporters. All along I have kept quiet but now I cannot take any more."

He did not keep quiet and two years later, he was arrested and charged with impugning the dignity of the state president (who was, by then, Kaiser Matanzima). He was also charged with infringing the Public Safety Act, which made it an offence to issue statements or disseminate views subverting the sovereignty of parliament or the constitutional independence of Transkei.

Convicted and fined, he was also fined by his regional authority, but this was not enough for Matanzima, who ensured that Dalindyebo was dismissed and replaced by his government-supporting half brother.

Dalindyebo then opted for exile where he joined the ANC — and died without ever returning home.



Transkei  
ban hits  
exile's  
funeral

18/4/80 103  
UMTATA — In an attempt to stop the expected influx of sympathisers and mourners to the funeral of Chief Sabata Dindyebo, who died in exile in Lusaka, the Transkei Commissioner of Police, General R.S. Mantanga, has decreed the Bumbane Great Place and surrounding areas prohibited from tomorrow until Monday.

A special Government Gazette dated April 17, declared the Bumbane Great Place and the surrounding areas of Tyalara Farm, Ngqunge, Sitebe, and Mtentu prohibited areas in terms of the Transkei security laws of 1977.

No one will be allowed to visit these areas without a permit issued by the district commissioner or the Transkei police. — Sapa.

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CMG Times 18/4/86

# Curbs on 'political' funeral

By CHRIS BATEMAN

ATTEMPTS by the United Democratic Front to turn the funeral of a former senior African National Congress member on Sunday outside Umtata into a major political rally seem to have been thwarted by the Transkei Government.

The government yesterday published restrictions on those allowed to attend the funeral of former exile Chief Sabata Dalindyebo at Bumbane, the traditional Xhosa royal burial ground.

It also introduced strict border-control measures which will prevent buses carrying UDF supporters from entering the homeland.

Chief Sabata was a joint first cousin of jailed ANC leader Mr Nelson Mandela and of the man who forced him into exile, Transkei's former president, Chief Kaiser Matanzima.

He died in Lusaka on April 7 at the age of 57. His body was flown to Umtata on Wednesday.

## Message from Mandela

Government permission for Chief Sabata's funeral to take place near his birthplace at Bumbane is rumoured to have been obtained after a message was conveyed to Chief Matanzima by Mrs Winnie Mandela from her jailed husband.

Chief Matanzima yesterday said the UDF was banned in Transkei and that he could not understand why these people had said they would be coming in full force.

"As head of state and the army I should not be blamed for any drastic action I deem fit to take to ensure the maintenance of law and order in the country," Chief Matanzima added.

He still wields considerable influence with the Transkei Government, sources said yesterday.

Traditionally, as the most senior member of the family, Mr Mandela must decide on funeral arrangements for his cousin. Otherwise the task falls on the next-eldest, Chief Matanzima, a position family members regard as "unthinkable".

## Buses to leave for Umtata

The vice-president of the Western Cape Region of the UDF, Mr Christmas Tinto, said earlier this week that a dozen buses would leave for Umtata from Guguletu tomorrow morning. Mr Tinto said he knew of 20 buses departing for Umtata from the Johannesburg area and another 27 from the Port Elizabeth district about the same time.

Chief Sabata leaves nine children, all living in exile, and Mrs Sabata, living in Orlando, Soweto.

Sapa reports that rumours are rife in Umtata that it might be decided to bury Chief Sabata today with only members of the family attending and a memorial service later in the week. This was seen as an attempt to pre-empt any participation by groups like the UDF or members of the banned ANC.

But a statement by the Paramount Chief of Tembuland, Chief Bambilanga Dalindyebo, said the burial was fixed for Sunday at Bumbane.



ARW 18/4/86 103

## Transkei clamps up — borders closed for Chief Sabata's funeral

Staff Reporter

TRANSKEI has closed its borders to non-citizens wanting to attend the funeral of Chief Dalindyabo Sabata at Bumbane on Sunday.

General R.S. Mantanga, Transkei's Commissioner of Police, said Umtata, the Great Kei, Dumbale and the administrative district of NgTunge, Sitebe and Mtentu had been declared "prohibited areas" from today until Monday.

No one would be allowed to enter Transkei for the funeral. Even Transkeians would have to apply for permits to attend.

"We will close our borders to non-Transkeians wishing to enter our country for the funeral. Buses and cars will be turned back at our border posts," General Mantanga said.

Chief Sabata, a cousin of jailed African National Congress leader Nelson Mandela, died in exile in Lusaka on April 17 at the age of 58. His body was flown to Transkei on Wednesday.

A former senior member of the ANC, Chief Sabata is to be buried at the traditional Xhosa royal burial ground.

Mr Christmas Tinto, vice-president of the United Democratic Front in the Western Cape, said plans to take people to Transkei in 12 buses from the Western Cape, 33 from Port Elizabeth and 20 from the Transvaal had been dropped.

# Four injured in Transkei bomb blast

UMTATA — Four people were injured, one seriously, by a bomb blast on the fifth floor of Umtata's 12-storey Botha Sigcau Building yesterday morning.



Prime Minister ● **MATANZIMA**  
George Matanzima told the Transkei National Assembly that four

offices were extensively damaged, while the third and fourth floors were slightly affected by the blast.

The type of explosive used and its origin had not yet been determined.

The affected floor, which houses the Department of Interior, had window panes blown out, showering the pavement below with shards of broken glass.

Bomb squad experts carried out

an investigation of the whole of the building.

Matanzima said he had always warned that the perpetrators of such violent acts were already inside the country and that everybody should be on the lookout.

"We do not know who planted the bomb, but it would not be difficult to guess who is responsible, as we already know the people responsible for such acts," he said. — Sapa.



*SAT. Times*  
*19/1/86*  
**SA mourners barred**

**JOHANNESBURG.** — South African mourners are determined to attend Paramount Chief Dalindyebo Sabata's funeral in Bumbane near Umtata tomorrow despite a ban on South Africans from attending.

Mr Murphy Morobe, publicity secretary of the UDF told mourners at a memorial service here yesterday that South Africans were determined to attend the funeral and that Mrs Winnie Mandela was already in Transkei to discuss the matter with the authorities.

At the memorial service Mrs Albertina Sisulu, Transvaal president of the UDF, said Chief Sabata, who died in Lusaka, had preferred to go into exile to avoid being persecuted by the South African Government and the Matanzima brothers.

She said the Matanzimas, Chief Sabata's relatives, had no claim on his body for burial because he had opted to join the ANC to involve himself in the liberation struggle of his people while they preferred to work with Pretoria to oppress their own people.  
— Sapa

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# MASSIVE BOMB AS SABATA ARRIVES

## Mike Mzileni: The pictures ...



which won him the title ...



Photographer of the Year



By MONO BADELA and STAN MZIMBA

A MASSIVE bomb blew up part of Transkei's Interior Department offices yesterday - only hours after the body of "Comrade King" Sabata Dalindyebo arrived at Umtata airport.

City Press could not confirm the damage caused by the bomb, on the fifth floor of 12-storey Botha Sigcau building.

However, unconfirmed reports indicated that at least one person had been killed.

The plane carrying the exiled African National Congress elder statesman's body arrived at Umtata's KD Matanzima airport from Lusaka at 4.45 pm on Wednesday. Twenty-two members of his family were on board.

Stringent security measures were imposed at the airport, with heavily-armed uniformed cops and security cops operating under the control of security police chief Brigadier LS Kawe.

### Press ban

Relatives, friends and journalists were ordered off the premises by police armed with R1 and R4 rifles, and the coffin was held at the airport for two hours before it was driven off in a hearse.

Significantly, neither Chief KD Matanzima - the dead king's uncle - nor Chief George Matanzima were at the airport to welcome the family.

Chief Bambilanga Mzirara - who took over as Tembu leader after King Sabata was deposed in 1981 - was also missing.

However, he did issue a call hours earlier that "all those in detention" - presumably a reference to jailed ANC leaders such as Nelson Mandela and Walter Sisulu - be allowed to attend the late king's funeral on Sunday.

City Press could not confirm whether the heir to the Tembu throne - Prince Buyelekhaya Dalindyebo - was among the family members who flew to Umtata.

However, a meeting of the royal family at Winnie Mandela's Soweto home at the weekend had decided that King Sabata's children - including Prince Buyelekhaya - should fly to the country with the body.

### Escort

The party of 22 was escorted by armed police to Mbumbane, where the Great Place of the Tembus is situated.

They are expected to finalise preparations for Sunday's funeral, which is likely to be one of the biggest in the territory's history.

The family will be joined soon by Winnie Mandela, who left Soweto yesterday with daughters Zinzi and Zenani.

Zenani's husband - Prince Thumbumuzi Dlamini - will fly to Umtata tonight. He will represent the Swazi Queen Regent at the funeral.

Various other members of royalty - including Lesotho's King Moshoeshe II and King Goodwill Zwelithini - have been told of the funeral.

Most sports fixtures in the homeland are expected to be postponed this weekend.

A memorial service for King Sabata will be held at Khotso House in Johannesburg at 1pm today.

Organised by the United Democratic Front, it features Albertina Sisulu as the main speaker.

On Tuesday night, 5 000 people attended a similar service in New Brighton, where speakers blamed the SA Government for the king's death in exile.

Buses will leave Khotso House at 9am on Saturday. The return trip costs R50. Eleven buses are expected from Cape Town and 10 from Port Elizabeth.

Particular interest centres on whether Ciskei leader Lennox Sebe will attend the funeral.



Lebowa in turmoil - City Press last week

## Fear and loathing stalks Lebowa

By DESMOND BLOW

FEAR STALKED Sekhukhuniland this week. Lebowa cops discovered the burnt bodies of supporters of the Phuthi government.

So far, 32 bodies - all "necklaced" - have been found in the Gankwane district, while three more were discovered in the Steelskraal area this week.

Gankwane residents say all those killed were followers of Chief Minister Cedric Phuthi, and considered collaborators by the "comrades". But relatives of the dead people said they were told the victims were going to be burnt because they were witches.

Because of this, they did not report the killings to the police - who only discovered the graves several weeks after the victims were "necklaced".

It is believed that several Lebowa MPs and chiefs have been threatened with death unless they resign. Residents say four MPs - MS Masha, JM Seopela, HS Nkadimeng, and A Moriri - have already resigned because of the threats.

Phuthi addressed Sekhukhuniland chiefs and businessmen this week and assured them the authorities were investigating the threats.

He told the crowd of 500 he was opposed to apartheid and assured them that if they had suffered any losses because of police action, the allegations would be "thoroughly investigated".

Residents alleged that Lebowa police have imposed a 10 pm curfew - and were indiscriminately sjambokking those found on the streets after 10.

Potgietersrus and Pietersburg lawyers have been collecting affidavits from victims, and doctors in Lebowa are planning an urgent Supreme Court application to prevent alleged police assaults and harassment in seven districts in the homeland.

Yesterday, 52 people appeared in the Pietersburg Regional Court on public violence charges. And at Soetvelde, 112 people were arrested after MMela Village's headman was burnt to death.

Police have confirmed that a total of nine charred bodies had been found among the ruins of 20 huts destroyed by fire on Sunday during unrest at Mooiplaas outside East London, writes Benito Phillips.

A police spokesman said nine people had been arrested after unrest incidents in the area last weekend.

There has been a long-standing feud between Mooiplaas residents who have refused to move to Ciskei, and those who have asked to be moved.

Three people were killed in renewed faction fighting in the Umbumbulu area.

## Nchabeleng body missing

By MONO BADELA

THE body of northern Transvaal UDF leader Peter Nchabeleng is missing - and there is concern about a letter he is alleged to have written just before his death in police custody.

Widow Gertrude Nchabeleng said police are refusing to produce her husband's body.

Nchabeleng's son Alec believes the statement, his father allegedly signed may contain clues to his condition and state of mind shortly before his death.

The statement is an appeal to the community to stop isolating the security forces, to put an end to the burning of people and for pupils to return to class.

"If he did make the statement, how did it end in severe duress," said Alec.

Meanwhile the SA Council of Churches said at a Press conference this week:

● The Nchabeleng family heard police saying: "This time we are going to kill

The statement, the day Nchabeleng...

you" when they arrest him.

● Two chiefs detained the same time were and one of them said he seen Nchabeleng tortured.

Police said Nchabeleng died of a heart attack. Alec said his father fit man and had never complained of any heart lems.

Family lawyer

**NOW**

**CRAVE**

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**30's**

**CRAVE**



# Who stole T'kei cash?

By STAN MZIMBA

THE Transkei government has lost R120-million - and is trying to find out who spent it on what.

A commission of inquiry has been appointed to find out where the missing millions went.

The commission, headed by the homeland's Chief Judge TH van Reenen, began hearing evidence this week and is expected to sit for the next four weeks.

Advocate A Findlay - one of the five-member commission and appearing for the Auditor-general - said one Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism official squeezed R15m from the homeland's funds in 18 months.

The official once claimed R447 for "official entertainment" - but it was later discovered he'd thrown a Christmas party.

Findlay said the commission will hear evidence that this official accommodated a member of the public in an East London hotel without government permission.

# Chief Joyi jailed for contempt

CITY  
20/4/76  
103  
By STAN MZIMBA

THE Umtata Supreme Court this week sentenced an Umtata chief to two months in jail - without the option of a fine - for contempt of court.

Chief Mvezo Zwelidumile Joyi of Baziya, brought to court under a warrant of arrest, was granted leave to appeal.

Earlier he twice refused to comply with a court order evicting him from a house and failed to come to court to explain why he shouldn't be evicted.

First he allegedly told a sheriff with a court order that he was more powerful than "those papers". The second time he told a sheriff he had no time and had an appointment with the Prime Minister.

● Prosecutor Jabulani Poswa has requested another warrant of arrest for Joyi - for not attending a trial in which he is accused.



Matanzima in contempt of court row

# Sabata funeral allegedly defied judge's order

STAR  
103  
2/14/86

EAST LONDON — An urgent application in the Umtata Supreme Court today will call on former Transkei State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, to show why he should not be held in contempt of court over yesterday's burial of Chief Sabata Dalinyebo.

Attorney Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza said it would be alleged that Chief Sabata, the deposed former chief of the Tembus, was buried after his body was removed from an Umtata funeral parlour in defiance of a Supreme Court order granted early yesterday morning.

## INTERIM RULING

Mr Ntsebeza, representing the applicants, said it would be alleged that Paramount Chief Matanzima had ordered the removal of Chief Sabata's body from the funeral parlour. The application would apply for Chief Sabata's body to be exhumed and returned to his son.

In yesterday's application, Chief Sabata's son, Mr Buyelekhaya Dalinyebo (22), was granted an interim ruling by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, halting the funeral and granting him custody of his father's body.

Chief Sabata was buried yesterday at Bumbane near Umtata, at a funeral held under tight security.

Mr Dalinyebo had intended taking Chief Sabata's body back to Lusaka,

Zambia, to have it buried there.

He said in papers that certain agreements entered into before the body was flown from Lusaka to Transkei, had been violated.

The grave dug for his father would not allow him to be buried next to his ancestors. He had been ousted by the Mtirara family while his father's funeral arrangements were being made, Mr Dalinyebo said.

He also objected to the restrictions imposed by a special Government Gazette issued on Thursday afternoon, prohibiting anyone from outside Transkei attending the funeral.

Mr Justice van Reenen heard the application from about 4.15 am and granted an interim order in favour of Mr Dalinyebo at 6.30 am.

He ordered the respondents to show cause why Chief Sabata's body should not be handed back to his son.

Chief Sabata's body was flown from Lusaka to Umtata on Wednesday night. He had fled to Zambia in August 1980 after being granted leave to appeal against his conviction and sentence for violating the dignity of the then President, Paramount Chief Matanzima.

● The United Democratic Front yesterday condemned the "atrocious manner" in which Chief Sabata was buried.

"To flagrantly violate a court order and bury Chief Sabata like a pauper, is the ultimate in State barbarism," the UDF said. — Sapa.

## Matanzima buries rival

# Sabata's body snatched

CAP Times  
2/14/86  
103

**UMTATA.** — Hundreds of soldiers stood guard yesterday as the former president of the Transkei, Chief Kaiser Matanzima, ended a tug-of-war over the body of his cousin and buried him in defiance of instructions from clan leader Mr Nelson Mandela.

The funeral was held at the Bumbana Royal Place, a traditional burial ground of the Xhosa chiefs and kings.

Chief Dalindyebo Sabata was buried after a short prayer service and sermon during which Paramount Chief Matanzima and his nephew Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima spoke about his early life. No reference was made to his political activities.

The body was first placed inside a derelict hut in keeping with Tembu tradition that the deceased must emerge from his hut before burial.

Noticable by their absence were many cabinet ministers, Mrs Winnie Mandela, who had earlier indicated that she would be present, and Chief Sabata's immediate family, who refused to attend.

Between 800 and 1000 middle-aged and elderly people attended the funeral.

Chief Sabata was buried while his senior wife, Nomoscow, and his son, Prince Bambilanga, were waging a legal battle with the Transkei Government for possession of his body.

Chief Matanzima took the body without authorization from the Gwiliza funeral parlour in Umtata.

### Court battle

Police had ordered the body be held at the funeral parlour until a court battle over the corpse was settled.

Funeral parlour employees said Chief Matanzima took the body about 10am, some five hours before a scheduled court hearing to resolve the dispute over the burial of Chief Sa-

bata, who was an ANC member and Mr Mandela's nephew.

Tradition required that Mr Mandela, uncle to both Chief Matanzima and Chief Sabata, should organize the burial. He nominated his wife Winnie to represent him. He also wanted the funeral to be public and to be attended by leaders and supporters of the ANC.

Chief Sabata was born second in line to Mr Mandela for the leadership of the royal Tembu family.

Chief Matanzima, a minor clan chief, and his cousin Chief Sabata, hereditary monarch of the Tembus after Mr Mandela renounced his claim, were life-long political rivals.

While Chief Sabata supported the ANC campaign against apartheid and the homelands policy, Chief Matanzima won Pretoria's backing and led the fragmented Transkei homeland into unrecognized independence in 1976.

Chief Sabata renounced his claim to be king of Xhosas in 1977 and went into exile in Zambia, where he joined the ANC and lived in exile until his death on April 7 at the age of 57. His body was flown to Umtata on Thursday.

Witnesses said a light drizzle fell as Chief Sabata was buried in a gold casket that arrived on the back of an open truck.

### Turned away

There were reports of cars and bus loads of people being turned away by members of the South African Police at roadblocks in places such as Komgha, Queenstown and along the Free State and Natal borders.

At least 12 foreign journalists from the United States, Canada, Britain and France as well as reporters from South Africa and Transkei were present. — Sapa, UPI and Own Correspondent

## 154 arrested after protests at bases

**LONDON.** — Police arrested 154 protesters at United States and British bases yesterday in the second day of widespread demonstrations in Britain against the US air raids on Libya.

Police and the Ministry of Defence said people were arrested for trying to cut fences, for climbing into the bases, for sitting in entrance roads and for spraying paint on an outdated American warplane on display at a base from which US F-111 fighter-bombers flew to bomb Libya.

On Saturday over 10 000 people demonstrated at the US Embassy in London and police arrested 67.

Demonstrations hit at least six bases around Britain, from Cornwall in south-western England where 61 people were arrested for breaking down the fence at the Royal Air Force St Mawgen base, to Menwith Hill in north Yorkshire where 53 were arrested for cutting the fence at a US Air Force communications base, the Ministry of Defence said.

Six protesters were arrested at Lakenheath air base for spraying paint on a Super Sabre aircraft on static display. They were released on bail.

At Greenham Common three protesters were arrested. Police also said five women, who are part of a group keeping vigil at Greenham Common, were being questioned by detectives because of documents they had when they were arrested with five other people for allegedly breaking into a base used as an ammunition store near Greenham Common.

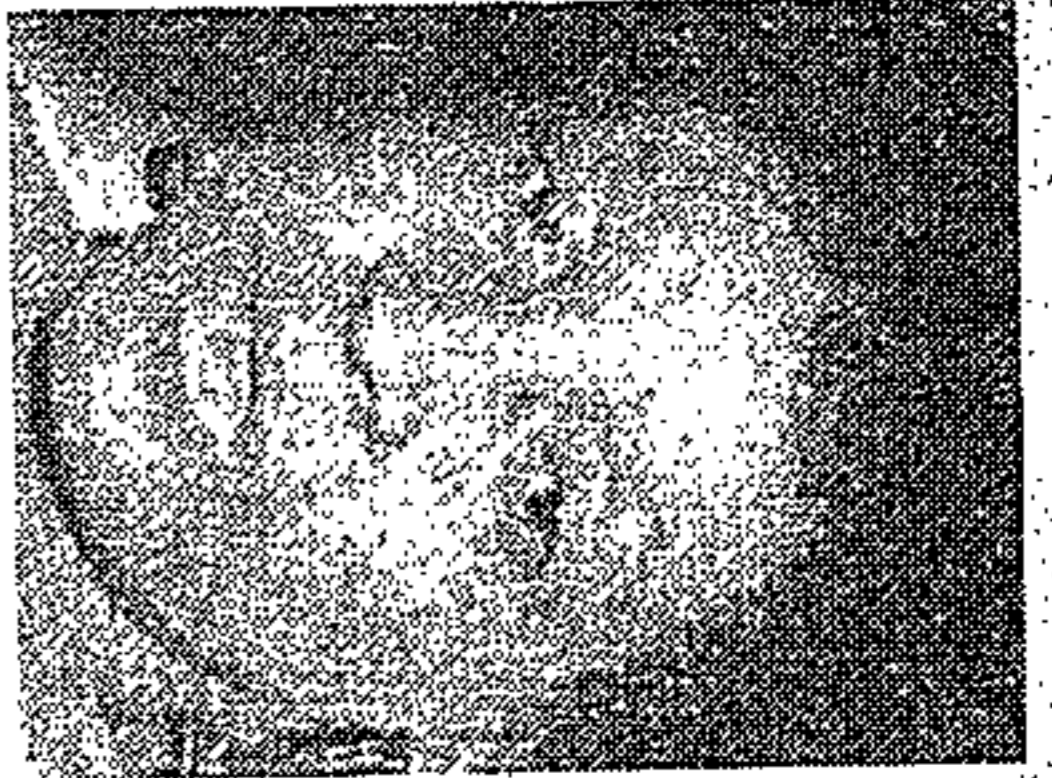
Sixteen protesters were arrested when they began to cut the fence at a British military stores depot at Corsham in Wiltshire, and five were arrested from a crowd of about 2000 who demonstrated at the US Fairford air base in Gloucestershire. — Sapa-AP

● Britons, Americans quit West Beirut, page 4





Paramount Chief Matanzima... at burial.



Mrs Winnie Mandela... absent.

# Mpepo's family: no T'Kei entry

Dispatch Reporter

**EAST LONDON** — A daughter of the Ciskei Minister of Manpower and Utilisation, Mr G. M. Mpepo, said yesterday that she and some members of her family were turned away at the Kei Bridge border post at the weekend because they were driving a Ciskei registered car.

family funeral in Transkei which had no connection with the funeral of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo.

She said her father had told them he would be attending another funeral elsewhere and not the funeral in Transkei.

Mr Mpepo refused to comment yesterday.

Transkei and South African border control officials were not available for comment.

Miss Nomvuselelo Mpepo said she and her relatives were travelling in a car lent to them by her father. She said they were turned away on the South African side of the border.

The group were on their way to attend a

Account Leased Assets to be depreciated over rate NOTE

# Sabata: Court bid today

Dispatch Reporter

**EAST LONDON** — An urgent application will be brought in the Supreme Court in Umtata this morning to call on the former State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, to show cause why he should not be held in contempt of court over yesterday's burial of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo, an attorney said last night.

The attorney, Mr Dumisa Nisebeza, said in a statement it would be alleged that Chief Sabata, deposed former paramount chief of the Tembu, was buried after his body was removed from an Umtata funeral parlour in defiance of a Supreme Court order granted early yesterday morning.

Mr Nisebeza said the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr H. Wylie, had been approached last night to bring an urgent application but he had said that it would serve no purpose as the burial was a fait accompli and that an application should be brought this morning.

Mr Nisebeza said relief would be sought from the court to include Paramount Chief Matanzima as the fourth respondent in the application brought yesterday.

He said Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara and Paramount

Mr Dalindyebo had intended taking Chief Sabata's body back to Lusaka, Zambia, to have it buried there.

He claimed in papers before Mr Justice Van Reenen that certain agreements entered into before the body was flown from Lusaka to Transkei had been violated.

In his action, Mr Dalindyebo, supported by his mother, Chief Sabata's most senior wife, Mrs No-Moscow Dalindyebo, cited Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara, who succeeded Chief Sabata after he was deposed, as first respondent and the Umtata police station commander and Gwizila funeral parlour as second and third respondents respectively.

In his affidavit before the court, Mr Dalindyebo said the reasons for bringing the urgent application were:

● The grave dug for his father was not in the

show cause on April 24 why the order should not be made final.

Mr Dalindyebo had also applied that the body be handed over to him so that it would be flown back to Zambia for burial.

In an earlier statement yesterday, Mr Dumisa Nisebeza said he was accompanied by the Registrar of the Supreme Court when the order was served on Mr Theo Gwizila, the owner of the funeral parlour, at 7 am yesterday.

Mr Nisebeza said another order was served on the Umtata police station commander. Other officers had gone to serve the order on Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara during the morning at Bumbane.

Mr Nisebeza said after they had heard that some people had arrived at the funeral parlour at about 9 am and removed Chief Sabata's body, members of his firm went to the funeral



CHIEF SABATA... family to seek exhumation.

21/4/86 103292



# Struggle over Chief Sabata's body takes dramatic new turn

22/4/88  
STAR  
103

**EAST LONDON** — The applicants who obtained an interim Supreme Court order on Sunday halting Sunday's burial of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo have been ordered to appear in court here today to show cause why the application should not be withdrawn because of fraud and misrepresentation.

In a dramatic turn in the legal tussle for the body of the deposed former paramount chief of the Tembus, the applicants have been given notice to appear in court at 10 am today, their legal representative said last night.

The order was served by the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr H Wiley, on the first applicant, Mr Buyelekhaya Dalindyebo (22), who was supported by his mother, Chief Sabata's most senior wife, Mrs Nò-Moscow Dalindyebo.

It was also served on the firm of attorneys acting for the applicants, the Sangoni partnership, and the firm of attorneys acting for the respondents, Hughes, Chisholm and Airey.

Late last night an attorney in the Sangoni partnership, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said attempts to secure the services of nearly every senior counsel in South Africa had been unsuccessful.

The new court move follows dramatic moves on Sunday which culminated in the burial of Chief Sabata at Bumbane Great Place, amid tight security.

At 4 am on Sunday, Chief Sabata's family obtained an interim order from the Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice van Reenen, ordering a Transkei funeral undertaker to release the chief's body only to his son, Buyelekhaya.

The first respondent in the application was the police station commander of Umtata, the second respondent was Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara, and the third was the undertaker, Mr T Gwiliza.

On Sunday, Mr Ntsebeza said an attempt would be made today to make the former State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, the fourth respondent in the application after Chief Sabata's body was allegedly forcibly removed from the funeral parlour and buried at Bumbane.

Mr Ntsebeza said yesterday the papers could not be filed in time. A junior counsel acting for the applicants, Mr T Madala, had been called to Mr Justice van Reenen's chambers yesterday and told about the allegations of fraud and misrepresentation, Mr Ntsebeza said. — Sapa.



(103)  
C.M.C. Tink 22/4/86

# Burial battle: New turn as fraud alleged

Own Correspondent

EAST LONDON — The people who obtained a Supreme Court order on Sunday in an attempt to stop the burial of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo have been ordered to appear in court in Umtata this morning to show cause why the application should not be withdrawn because of fraud and misrepresentation.

In a dramatic turn in the legal tussle for the body of the deposed former paramount chief of the Tembu, the applicants have been given notice to appear in court at 10am today.

The order was served by the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr H Wiley, on the first applicant, Mr Buyelekhaya Dalindyebo, 22, who was supported by his mother, Chief Dalindyebo's most senior wife, Mrs No-Moscow Dalindyebo.

It was also served on the attorneys acting for them, the Sangoni partnership, and on Hughes, Chisholm and Airey, who acted for the respondents.

The first respondent was the police station commander of Umtata, the second respondent was Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mtirara, and the third was the undertaker, Mr T Gwiliza.

Last night an attorney in the Sangoni partnership, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said attempts to secure the services of a South African senior counsel were not successful. There are no senior counsel in Transkei.

The new court move follows drama on Sunday which culminated in the burial of Chief Dalindyebo at Bumbane Great Place, amid tight security.

At 4am on Sunday, the applicants obtained an interim order from the Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice Van Reenen, ordering a Transkei undertaker to release the chief's body only to his son.

An advocate acting for the chief's relatives, Mr T Madala, had been called to Mr Justice Van Reenen's chambers yesterday and told about the fraud and the misrepresentation allegation, Mr Ntsebeza said.



# Sabata's son

## Blacks pull out of athletics

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
**PORT ELIZABETH** — South African sprinter Peter Ngobeni and fellow black athletes bowed to appeals by the Port Elizabeth Youth Congress and withdrew at the last minute from last night's athletics meeting at the University of Port Elizabeth.

An official blanket of silence descended on the stayaway and no explanations were offered to the disappointed crowd as the 100 metres was run without Ngobeni.

By 9.30 pm, with many of the key events completed, not a single black athlete had lined up for a race.

Attempts to speak to Ngobeni before the race was due to get underway last night were thwarted by protective union officials who barred the press from speaking to the South African 100-metre champion.

However, the president of SAAU, Professor Charles Nieuwoudt, said Ngobeni's early decision to run, despite appeals by the president of Peyco and spokesman for the PE Boycott Committee, Mr Mkhuzeli

Jack, to boycott the event, had been a personal one.

Mr Jack said in an interview before the final decision of the athletes became known that Ngobeni had in no way been threatened. "But if he runs, we will inform black communities throughout the country that he did so."

Mr Jack said he had told Ngobeni and three other black athletes yesterday of the "brutality of what happened" at the weekend funeral of unrest victims at New Brighton and that "security force athletes" participated in last night's meeting.

Prof Nieuwoudt said the strain of Ngobeni's withdrawal from the SA Games a week ago and renewed pressure on him from political quarters to boycott certain events was bound to affect his performance, although to what extent he could not say.

"It may affect his career. He used to be a good soccer player and he might return to that sport. But we've asked him to play open cards with the union to see how we can plan his future."

### Dispatch Reporter

**EAST LONDON** — The applicants who obtained an interim Supreme Court order on Sunday halting the burial of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo have been ordered to appear in court in Umtata this morning to show cause why the application should not be withdrawn because of fraud and misrepresentation.

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The order was served by the Registrar of the Supreme Court, Mr H. Wiley, in his capacity as sheriff, on the first applicant, Mr Buyelekhaya Dalindyebo, 22, who was supported by his mother, Chief Sabata's most senior wife, Mrs No-Moscow Dalindyebo.

It was also served on the firm of attorneys acting for the applicants, the Sangoni Partnership, and the attorneys acting for the respondents, Hughes, Chisholm and Airey.

Late last night an attorney in the Sangoni Partnership, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said attempts to secure the services of nearly every senior counsel in South Africa had been unsuccessful. There is no senior counsel in Transkei.

The new court action follows dramatic moves on Sunday which culminated in the burial of Chief Sabata at Bumbane Great Place amid tight security.

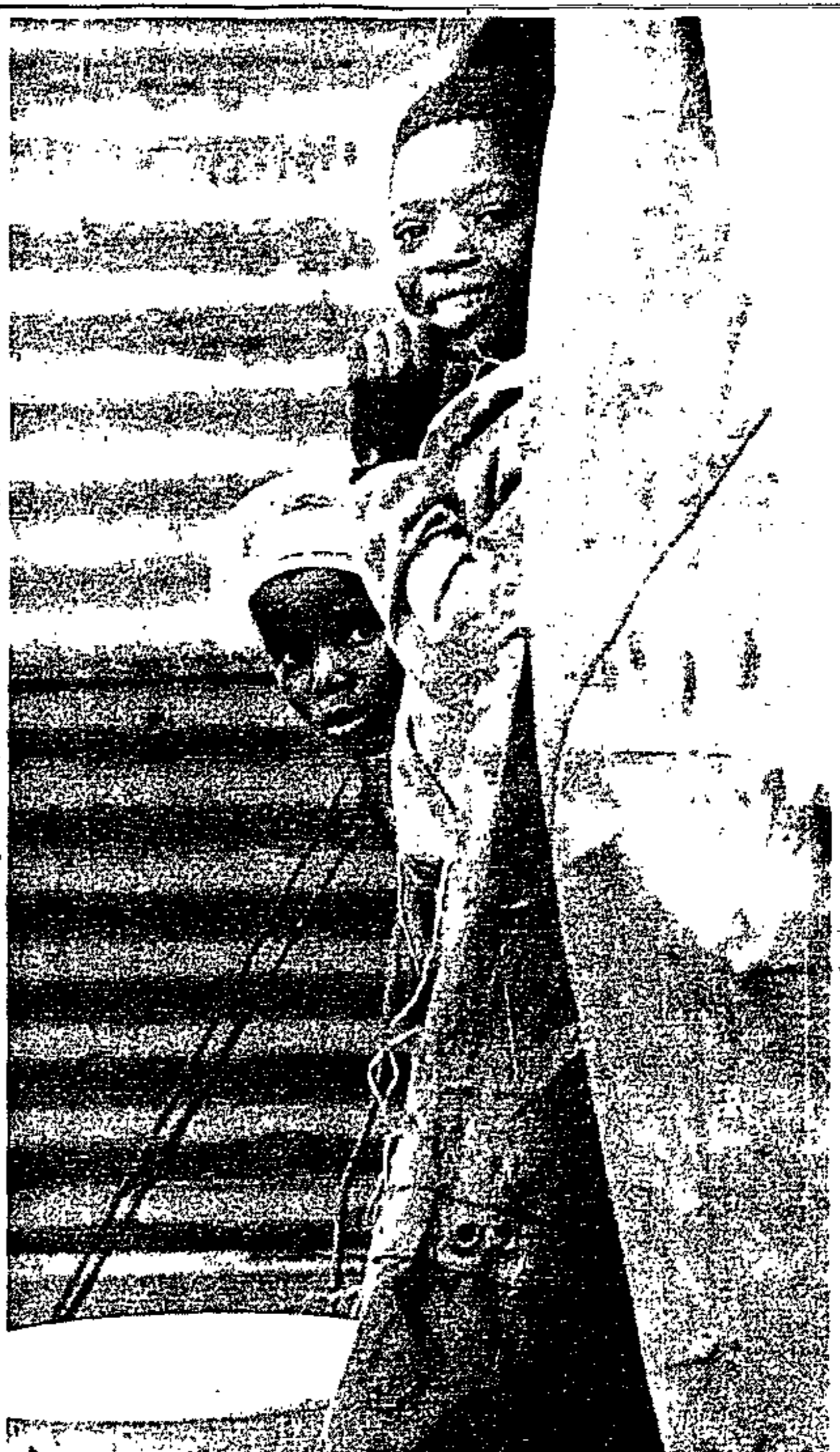
At 4am on Sunday, the applicants obtained an interim order from the Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice van Reenen, ordering a Transkei funeral undertaker to release Chief Sabata's body only to his son, Buyelekhaya. The first respondent in the application was the commander of the Umtata police station, the second respondent was Paramount Chief Bambilanga Mthirara and the third was the undertaker, Mr T. Gwiliza.

On Sunday Mr Ntsebeza said an attempt would be made yesterday to make the former State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, the fourth respondent in the application after Chief Sabata's body was allegedly forcibly removed from the funeral parlour and buried at Bumbane.

Mr Ntsebeza said yesterday the papers could not be filed in time.

A junior counsel acting for the applicants, Mr T. Madala, had been called to Mr Justice van Reenen's chambers yesterday and told about the fraud and misrepresentation allegation, Mr Ntsebeza said. It was alleged that Chief Sabata's son "was a boy as he was not circumcised".

Mr Ntsebeza said the order had not been accompanied by any affidavits and did not show the basis for fraud or misrepresentation.



Two young evicted Kuni squatters at Needs Camp near East London huddle to find shelter from the cold weather. As winter sets in, squatters have complained that their plastic tents provide little protection against cold and rain. Report, more pictures on page 10.

## Car park for loving safely

**NAPLES** — A Naples town official has proposed establishing a park where people can make love in their cars without worrying about peeping toms and thieves.

Urban development councillor Maurizio Cardano said the park was necessary because of a wave of attacks on couples in cars.

Naples residents said the attacks had led to people parking their cars in rows close to

each other for security, and using newspapers to screen the windows. This had caused complaints from other people using the park.

Mr Cardano has proposed to the council that a wooded and secluded city park should be reserved for lovers, with a fence round the outside and wardens preventing other people entering.

"Many groups of young people have told me of the need to have an area just for them to be able to have romantic experiences without trauma," he said.

"In my opinion, a city administration cannot ignore the need for intimacy of younger people, who have the right to be protected and to live in safety."

The town council has yet to decide on the proposal but meanwhile Mr Cardano has commissioned an opinion poll on his idea. — Sapa-RNS.

## Dollar plunges

**TOKYO** — The US dollar plunged 3.95 yen to a post-World War Two record low closing of 171.90 yen on the Tokyo Foreign Exchange Market yesterday, despite reported major dollar support efforts by Japan's central bank.

The dollar's plunge generally reflected similar trends in New York and other overseas exchange markets and recent unease about prospects for the US economy, traders said.

The dollar also weakened against most European currencies. Gold also fell. — Sapa-AP.

## Rainfall a tonic

**EAST LONDON** — The 15 mm of rain which fell here over the past two days was all that was needed to make the vegetation along the coast lush and green once again.

The rainfall was recorded at the airport here between 8 am on Sunday and 8 am yesterday. Rainfall recorded elsewhere in the region included Butterworth 8 mm, Port St Johns 15 mm, Kei Mouth 6.5 mm, Bisho 3 mm, Bathurst 13 mm and Stutterheim 2 mm.

Warmer weather is expected today. — DDR

## Car blast rocks Maputo

**MAPUTO** — A booby-trapped car exploded in Maputo yesterday injuring at least 50 people, three of them critically, according to Mozambican military officials.

The Mozambican National Resistance claimed responsibility. — Sapa-RNS.

## Rise for civil servants

**BISHO** — Ciskei civil servants and other government employees will receive salary and wage increases at the end of this month.

The Director-General for Information, Mr Headman Somtunzi, said all 16 000 permanent staff members would get an across-the-board increase of 10 per cent. — DDR.

## Mines: farmers on alert

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
**JOHANNESBURG** — Farmers in the Breyten district of the Eastern Transvaal are on alert for landmines after two separate blasts injured three men yesterday morning.

The dirt roads which the blasts had red have been sealed by police, while farm roads are swept by the Special Task Force.

By late yesterday more mines had been uncovered.

Breyten's acting clerk, Mr Leon van der Merwe, said about 20 policemen and began a sweep of the area yesterday afternoon.

Mr Lombaard said farmers had been asked to panic and that situation was under control.

"They have also been asked to be on the alert and report out of the ordinary authorities."

Police have set road blocks on all roads into the Breyten area search cars.

In the first blast yesterday morning, driver Mr Ben Nduli and his passenger, Mr Moshulone, were seriously injured when the taxi detonated a landmine on the road behind Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.

Miss Rina du Toit, Mooiplaas, said she heard a loud bang when the mine exploded.

"When we got to the scene, the front of the car was completely apart and the two were lying in the road," she said.

Mr Nduli suffered serious injuries to the legs while Mr Moshulone's legs were crushed in the blast, which destroyed the taxi.

The two men were rushed to the Breyten hospital for treatment before being flown by helicopter to Tlokoeng hospital in Breyten Park.

Mr Nduli was described by a hospital spokesman as being in a serious condition. Mr Moshulone's condition is critical.

The second blast occurred on a farm, in the Breyten district, Mr Simon van der Merwe, a tractor driver, sustained slight injuries to his right leg, face and eye when the tractor tonated a mine.

The farmer's son, Jan de Villiers, said his mother was standing on the stoep of the house when the tractor exploded.

"The tractor was about 200 metres from the house when it went up in the air," Mr de Villiers said.

**GREAT NEWS**

**EAST LONDON**

**THERE'S A SPARKLING NEW**

**JUMBO**  
bazaars

**COMING YOUR WAY**

★ WATCH THIS NEWSPAPER FOR OUR GRAND OPENING

**LOW LOW PRICE**

**SPECIAL OFFERS**

★ WE'LL BE RIGHT OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE

**OXFORD STREET**

tickle your fancy at ...

**JUMBO**  
bazaars

**THE BIG ONE**

<b>INSIDE</b>	
Business	19
TV, radio	
Weather (clouds)	
Ships, aircraft	
Classified	19



# Matanzima tells of farming boost

103  
DISPATCH  
24/4/86

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Agriculture in Transkei was the springboard to all development, because the country was endowed with vast resources, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima said at the opening of the Xonxa Rural Development Scheme.

He said water could be found in the White Kei, Umzimvubu, Bashee, Tsitsa, Tina, Mtamvuna and other rivers where irrigation and hydro electrical potential could be exploited.

"It is the policy of the Department of Agriculture and Forestry to exploit such resources for the improvement of the standard of living of its people and for rural development by growing enough food commodities for self sufficiency and even export," he said.

He said the Xonxa irrigation scheme was an example of an integrated rural development programme.

The Xonxa Dam was constructed in 1971 while the district of Cacadu was still part of Ciskei.

"For some inexplicable reason, when the district of Cacadu was

annexed to Transkei, the South African Government failed to make any further developments," he said.

He said it was not until 1979 that the first developments were made after the Minister of Agriculture and Forestry had visited Austria in search of financial assistance for the project.

"In June, 1979, I visited Austria where the whole plan and design of the project was shown to me by Austrian experts, whereupon I gave the decision to go ahead with the scheme.

"The first phase of implementation was the development of about 300 hectares of land under sprinkler irrigation below the dam where various agricultural commodities such as lucerne, wheat, vegetables and maize were successfully grown."

He said that after a few financial problems which caused a delay of about four years, an extension of the original contract was signed in March 1984.

He also said the implementation of phase two of the project was to be the responsibility of the Bauer Company, and

construction was started in January last year and completed in April this year.

He said it was a very sophisticated scheme and the first of its kind in Transkei.

"The irrigation works with a cantral pivot and covers an irrigated area of 1 270 hectares, and the scheme is fed by gravity from a dam to which the water is pumped from the White Kei River.

"The main farm is designed to accommodate 400 head of cattle for fattening and meat production, as well as 200 pigs for breeding and fattening purposes," he said.

He said they would be going into contract with Transkeian meat firms for the supply of slaughter animals which would help to reduce the importation of slaughter animals from South Africa.

He said the production of fodder to feed the animals was one of the purposes of the irrigation scheme.

"The domestic water supply is meant to solve the drinking water problem in the rural area, by extending pipelines to different locations in the area.

# Boycott continues

27/11/68 ZITTO  
FORTHARE University students continued their boycott of lectures this week despite the release from detention last week of the lecturer Makhenkesi Stofile.  
Stofile's resignation from the university, allegedly written by him in detention, will be discussed by the university council next week. The university has undertaken to re-employ him if it is found the letter was written in duress, as staff members and students have claimed.



# How they bury kings

103

By STAN MZIMBA

CHIEF Sabata Dalindyebo's burial at Bumbane Great Place outside Umtata was like something out of Thomas Pringle's *The Burial of Sir John Moore*.

As it goes: "Not a drum was heard, not a funeral note, as his corpse to the rampant was hurried. Not a soldier discharged his farewell shot over the grave where the king was buried."

As some cynics said: "They buried a king as if he were a dog."

According to the official announcement, the service was scheduled for 9am. But it only got going at 10.25am, and those wearing watches grew tired of gazing at their wrists.

Nobody actually knew what was happening until ex-president Kaizer Matanzima stepped onto the ros-



The grieving Sabata family on Sunday, before the funeral.

CITY. P. 27/4/86  
trum, donned his winter jacket and marched towards Umtata - with a contingent of security cops at his

heel. Some 30 minutes later, he returned and took his seat.

Not far behind was a white bakkie without a canopy, with a steel coffin in the back - wet from the drizzling rain - carrying Chief Sabata's body.

There were only three speakers - Matanzima, Chief Ngangomhlaba and Rev Don Dabula, who conducted the service.

Matanzima spoke very briefly of Chief Sabata's life - not ignoring the fact that the chief had not passed his junior certificate at school.

No mention was made of how the man they called "the people's leader" was

made a paramount chief, nor what happened to Chief Sabata before he went into exile in Zambia.

No mention was made of his participation in the opposition Democratic Progressive Party.

The first leader of the party, Knowledge Guzafu, was not at the funeral, nor was the present leader, Calledon Mda.

Nor was the family there - but then they were still trying to stop Matanzima burying their leader.

There was a lot of murmuring about the burial from a group of tribesmen, who said "Comrade King" was being buried at the wrong place.

They said the chief was buried next to his mother's grave - but according to tradition, he ought to have been buried next to his father's grave.

## The bus stops here

SCORES of buses carrying mourners from all over South Africa were turned back at the Transkei border post - but white motorists were waved through with a smile.

Roadblocks were mounted on all roads leading to the territory, by South African police assisted by small army units.

Heavy police roadblocks were also set up inside the Transkei. Even Transkei residents driving cars with SA number plates were refused entry into Transkei.

Butterworth businessman M Malotana - driving a hired car with Transvaal plates - was turned back at the Kei Bridge border post despite producing his Transkei passport.

Imvo journalist Bafo Mkefa and photographer Pat Zwane were detained at a roadblock and taken to Tsomo police station.

In Cala, cops stopped people leaving the area after 4pm.

# Work tears couple 400km asunder

STAFF 103  
28/6/86

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Mr Protas Madlala and Mrs Suzanne Madlala who were the first mixed couple to marry after the Mixed Marriages Act had been scrapped, say they are determined to stay together, despite being forced to live 400 km apart.

Mr Protas, who holds a master's degree in communications, works for the Catholic Church and is based at St Wendolin's Church near Durban.

His wife, who originates from the United States and has a master's degree in anthropology, is a lecturer at the University of Transkei in Umtata, about 800 km away.

"All we want to do is to be like any other normal married couple and live together. We know that all these obstacles are man-made and we are determined not to let it tear us apart," said Mrs Protas.

## RESIDENCE PERMIT

The couple meet about every three weeks. Sometimes Mr Protas travels to Umtata or his wife to Durban. At times they meet near Port Shepstone and spend a weekend with friends.

In spite of her qualifications, Mrs Protas could not get a job at a local university.

After obtaining a permanent residence permit three weeks ago, she has discovered that she also needs a work permit. Though she did not have the necessary documentation, she approached two universities in Durban, but they said they were not employing anyone because of the economic squeeze.

Said Mrs Protas: "It gets us down, but there is very little we can do about the situation."



# T'kei Budget R328m more than last year

103 3/4/86 DISPATCH

6.241

UMTATA — A R1,3 billion Transkei Budget will be presented today — R328 million more than last year.

This was announced by the Minister of Finance, Mr Sydney Qaba, when he tabled the Budget in the National Assembly yesterday.

Mr Qaba will deliver his Budget speech at 2.30 pm today.

The Budget schedule tabled yesterday shows

that allocations to all departments have increased except for the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism whose budget has been cut by R44,3 million to R62,3 million.

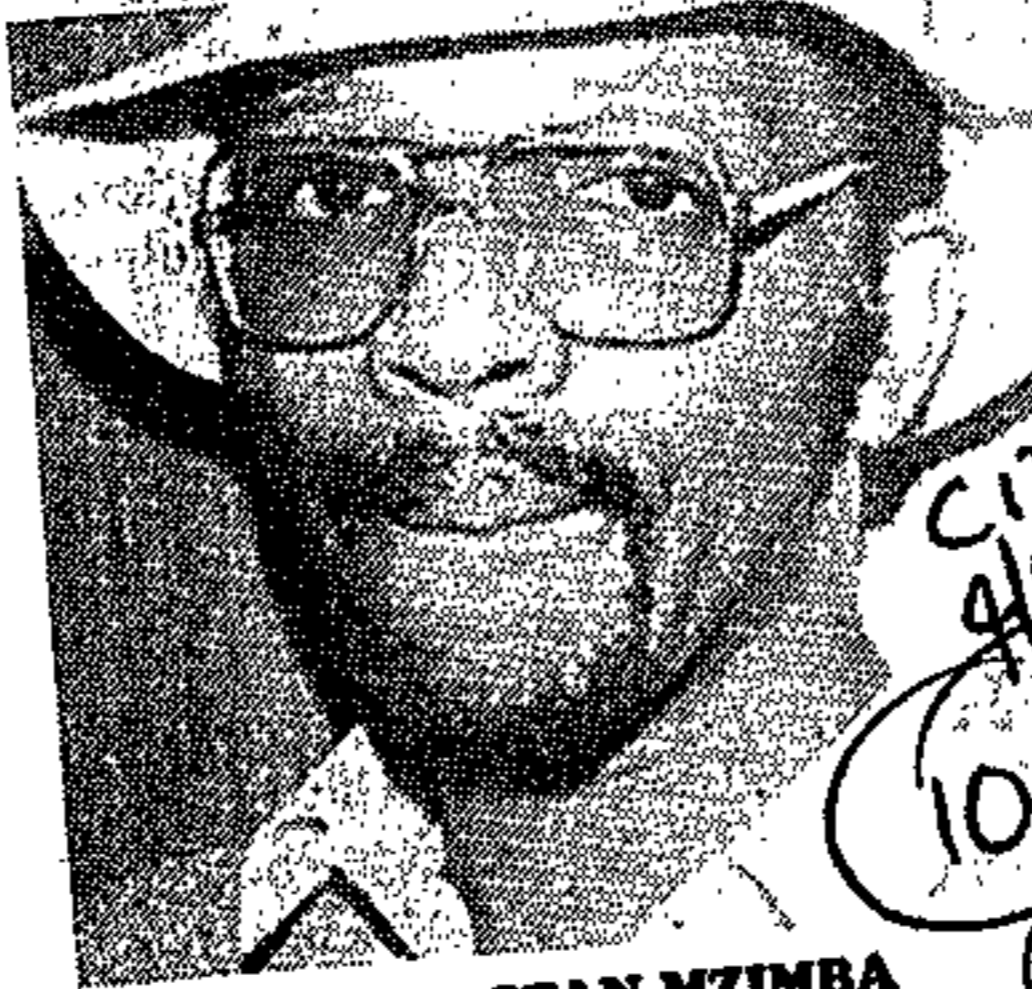
Project aid for capital state services would amount to R171,5 million, Mr Qaba said.

Eight departments will benefit from the project aid. They are the departments of Agriculture and Forestry, De-

fence, Education, Local Government and Land Tenure, Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Post and Telecommunications, Works and Energy, and Manpower Planning and Utilisation.

Mr Qaba said revenue would amount to R943,7 million. It would be generated through local tax, general sales tax and other taxes, boosted by aid from South Africa. — DDR

# 'Freedom' for Transkei's Madikizela



By STAN MZIMBA

UMTATA lawyer Prince Madikizela has been released by Transkei security policemen after three months in detention.

His detention sparked a local and international outcry.

During his detention, Madikizela was admitted to Umtata hospital for an operation, and later held at Wellington Prison.

Madikizela - former son-in-law of Transkei's KD Matanzima, and Winnie Mandela's cousin - was deported from Umtata to Bizana in 1984.

He defied a second deportation order instructing him to leave Bizana for Sfonondile, near Cala.

He defied the order publicly, and said he would rather go to jail - where he would be "safe" - than be banished to Sfonondile.

After his release this week, Madikizela said: "It is impossible to say for how long I'll be free this time."

Lawyers complained that while he was in hospital, Madikizela was handcuffed to a bed and later placed in leg irons.

● Lady Frere district surgeon Dias Maqubela, detained three months ago, has also been released by Transkei cops.

He was detained shortly after an arms cache was found on the property of Transkei Cabinet Minister EZ Boo.

CITY P.  
9/5/86.

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(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
Name of Company	Where Situated	Type of Industry	RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
Stemark Mnf	Babelegi	Overalls	21 793
Sessa Systems (Pty) Ltd	Babelegi	Solar heating	2 958
Taung Printers (Pty) Ltd	Taung	Printing	6 404
Tswana Craft	Mogwase	Ornaments	2 498
T & J Products (Pty) Ltd	Mafikeng	Fruit juices	24 815
Top Point Clothing Factory			
Thaba Brick Works	Selosha	Ladies wear	20 080
V H V Marine (Pty) Ltd	Selosha	Bricks	4 328
V N B Woodwork and Furniture Manufacturers (Pty) Ltd	Mogwase	Boats	1 293
Venus Marble (Pty) Ltd	Hartswater	Furniture	180 499
Weaving Gallery	Garankuwa	Artificial marble	19 265
Woodmaster Mmabatho (Pty) Ltd	Selosha	Carpet weaving	12 362
Wesglas	Mmabatho	Woodwork	14 884
Wessel Bou en Sement	Garankuwa	Windscreens for motorcars	3 214
	Thaba'nichu	Bricks	2 993
Total			3 728 667

(e)	Subsidy Type	Period Committed	Encourage them to establish industries in Transkei; if so,
	Interest and rental	10 years	
	Wages	7 years	
	Housing	20 years	
	Railage	No limit	(2) in respect of each such entrepreneur/company, (a) what is its name, (b) where is it located, (c) what is the nature of its operation, (d) what amount in aid did it receive in the 1984-85 financial year and (e) for how many years is the South African Government committed to subsidise it?
	Training	No limit	
	Electricity	No limit	

**HANSMAD**  
 489. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether any entrepreneurs/companies have received subsidies from the South African Government to en-

(2) (a) to (e). Please see the attached table.

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
Name of Company	Where Situated	Type of Industry	RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
SA Transport Services	RSA	Transportation	1 625 667
Umtata Municipality	Umtata	Municipality	702 948
Butterworth Municipality	Butterworth	Municipality	316 137

(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
Name of Company	Where Situated	Type of Industry	RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
Autolooms (1980)	Butterworth	Motorcar electrical	61 952
Agricultural Produce	Butterworth	Wool and hide brokers	99 057
Truborne Clothing	Ezibeleni	Clothing	11 221
Beier Industries (Transkei)	Butterworth	Shoes	307 652
Formosa Enterprises	Ezibeleni	Clothing	220 760
Riverside Sawmill	Mount Ayliff	Sawmill	82 053
Eagle Golf Manufacturers	Butterworth	Golf equipment	57 504
Border Mills (Pty) Ltd	Lusikisiki	Timber sawmills	150 650
Golden Co	Butterworth	Cutlery	327 102
Intermagnetics (Transkei)	Umtata	Magnetic tapes	207 771
Plascon-Evans Paints	Umtata	Paints	8 247
K Braun	Butterworth	Motor exhaust systems	208 147
Etwa Sawmills (Pty) Ltd	Maclear	Timber sawmills	107 125
Franco Safety Glove Manufacturers	Butterworth	Industrial gloves	219 100
Franco Industrial Gloves (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth		143 633*
Albron Foundries	Butterworth	Plastic chemical	77 522
Trico Enamelware	Butterworth	Enamel	200 816
Flashman Sportswear	Butterworth	Sportswear	142 840
Chet Industries	Butterworth	Chemical	783 049
Louis Falaine Clothing	Umtata	Clothing	28 438
Franco Wigs	Butterworth	Wigs	4 761
Pacemaker Industries	Umtata	Shoes	3 904
Garden and Patio	Butterworth	Aluminium garden furniture	149 778
Benjane Toys	Butterworth	Wooden tags and furniture	49 636
Xhosa Carpets	Ezibeleni	Carpets	308 614
Tannery Protea	Butterworth	Tanning of hides and skins	259 207
Butakem (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Chemical products	409 788
Kei Timbers	Butterworth	Timber products	112 453
Transkei Knitting Co	Butterworth	Jersey and knitwear	415 120
Lion Match Co	Butterworth	Matches	18 594
Tramatex Group	Butterworth	Spinners	907 976
Umtata Timber Development Co	Umtata	Timber sawmills	159 209
Sun Manufacturing Co	Umtata	Toys and related products	55 619
Keitex	Butterworth	Auto-engineering	150 509
Ohisson's Cape	Butterworth	Brewery	102 048
Tsao Manufacturing	Umtata	Clothing (Chinese)	141 656
Cane Furniture	Butterworth	Cane furniture	87 806
Malenge Sawmills	Riverside	Timber sawmill	80 952
Gibson Conjwa Sawmills	Cala	Timber sawmill	27 636

(a) Name of Company	(b) Where Situated	(c) Type of Industry	(d) RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
Sankei Speakers	Umtata	Radio speakers	117 275
Sunson Electronics	Umtata	Radios	113 183
Embroidery and Fancy Diamond Co	Ezibeleni	Fancy needlework	82 668
	Umtata	Diamond polishing and setting	
Blockmolassas Feeds Izipho (Pty) Ltd	Ezibeleni	Stock feeds	5 270
	Butterworth	Dried flowers, ornaments	61 693
Transquility Rugs	Butterworth	Carpets and rugs	32 865
Formular Seven Systems	Umtata	Prefabricated houses	93 274
Texdye	Butterworth	Textile	36 045
Texpin	Butterworth	Textile	92 081
Textex	Butterworth	Textile	328 885
LP Distributors	Umtata	Mattress makers	24 810
Universal Metal Manufacturers	Umtata	Mattress makers	7 749
Taurus Chemicals	Butterworth	Paraffin stoves	235 725
Lilax (Umtata)	Butterworth	Chemical products	42 051
Crisburd (Pty) Ltd	Umtata	Beds and mattresses	22 782
	Butterworth	Rain water drains and related products	54 762
GRC Panels	Ezibeleni	Prefabricated houses	7 213
Clutch and Brake Supplies	Umtata	Clutches and brakes	9 240
Entem Clothing (Pty) Ltd	Umtata	Clothing	7 330
Lexim (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Biscuits	44 627
Transkei Freight Services	Umtata	Private road transport	272 732
Singisi Forest Products	Singisi	Timber sawmill	51 502
Transkei Wire Industries	Butterworth	Wire, fence products	15 323
Trico Enametwork	Butterworth	Metal press	57 030
Transkei Springs	Butterworth	Motor springs	5 162
Tally (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Clothing	178 523
Tanda Milling Co	Butterworth	Miller	192 461
Filafrika (Transkei)	Umtata	Spin and weave	143 411
Preciso (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Plastic handles	60 032
Merensky Forest Products	Umtata	Sawmill	124 039
PM Furniture Industry	Ezibeleni	Furniture	30 149
Econo Farm (Pty) Ltd	Ezibeleni	Clothing	21 719
LMS Sawmills	Tabankulu	Sawmill	70 397
Cut Make and Trim	Ezibeleni	Shoes	36 667
Butterworth Metal	Butterworth	Metal press	1 148
Inglotex (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Clothing and gloves	284 714
High Flies (Pty) Ltd	Butterworth	Fishing equipment	88 314
Isco Manufacturers	Umtata	Clothing	6 600
PEP Textile Industry	Butterworth	Textile	462 829
Bandage Tyres	Umtata	Tyres	20 726
Public Carriers Association	Umtata	Transportation	37 924
<b>Total</b>			<b>12 928 593</b>

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(e) Subsidy Type	Period Committed	Where Situated	(d) RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
Interest and rental	10 years	Dimbaza	250 402
Wages	7 years	SADA	170 986
Housing	20 years	SADA	1 705
Railage	No limit	Dimbaza	159 339
Training	No limit	Wesley	237 379
Electricity	No limit	Dimbaza	77 838

encourage them to establish industries in Ciskei; if so,

(2) in respect of each such entrepreneur/company, (a) what is its name, (b) where is it located, (c) what is the nature of its operation, (d) what amount in aid did it receive in the 1984-85 financial year and (e) for how many years is the South African Government committed to subsidize it?

**HANSARD**  
*Cacer 1577*  
*Ciskei*  
*5/5/86*  
**OPPOSITION** asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:  
**THE MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:**

(1) Whether any entrepreneurs/companies have received subsidies from the South African Government to encourage them to establish industries in Ciskei; if so, (2) (a) to (e). Please see the attached table.

(a) Name of Company	(b) Where Situated	(c) Type of Industry	(d) RSA Contribution Rand 1984-85
King Knitting Co	Dimbaza	Knitted garments and underwear	250 402
Edward Frank MNF	SADA	Protective outerwear	170 986
Trustor MNF	SADA	Clothes	1 705
Olstan Carpets	Dimbaza	Hand woven wool and mohair carpets	159 339
Kei Carpets	Wesley	Hand woven carpets	237 379
Zipha Industries	Dimbaza	Leather safety products—gloves and aprons	77 838
Associated Leather	Dimbaza	Splitting of leather hides for glove manufacturing	18 590
Kanda Workshop	Dimbaza	Textile products for hospitals, hand-made products	50 675
Ciskei Core MNF	Dimbaza	Radiator cores and oil coolers	178 779
L K Hurwitch Cycles	Dimbaza	Bicycles	134 017
Ciskei Saw Mills	Keiskammahoe	Saw milling and pre-fab wood housing	100 823
Tinion Steel	Dimbaza	Furniture	98 832
Tribal Hand Weavers	Dimbaza	Hand woven karakul carpets	49 507
Supa Foods	Dimbaza	Frozen dehydrated rations and smoked salmon	230 320
Southern Combing Co	Dimbaza	Wool and mohair washing and combing	320 003
Van Leer Africa	Dimbaza	Extruded plastic mesh	127 784

HoA



(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
	1985/86 Financial Year			

- Erosion Combat Program.
- (b) Building of Dams and Construction of Pipelines.
- (c) Maintenance of Infrastructure in e.g. Hospitals, Clinics and Schools.
- (d) Erection of Fences.

*Q 202 1555*  
*HAN'S WAD* Bophuthatswana  
*S/S/86*  
 484. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department has approved any projects in Bophuthatswana which are to be financed in part or in whole with moneys appropriated by Parliament; if so,

name of the project, (b) what is the nature of the project, (c) where is it situated, (d) what is the estimated total capital cost of the project and (e) how much of this cost is to be borne by the South African Government?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) Please see attached table:

(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
Winterveld Police Station	Police Station.	Winterveld	R2 000 000	R1 600 000*
High Mast Lighting	Illumination of Area.	Winterveld Klippan	R2 600 000	R2 600 000*
Relief of Distress	Supplying of food, water, animal feed in drought-stricken areas.	Throughout Bophuthatswana	R23 748 000	R7 950 600

\*The RSA Contribution is reflected in the year when the agreement was signed while the expenditure is spread over a number of years.

H04

(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
	1985/86 Financial Year			

- Special Employment Programmes
- Relief of cyclical unemployment through the creation of temporary job opportunities under several programmes, e.g.
- (a) Recovery of soil under soil erosion combat programme.
- (b) Building of dams and construction of pipelines.
- (c) Maintenance of infrastructure at e.g. Hospitals, Clinics and Schools.
- (d) Training Programmes.

*S/S/86 Q 202 1557*  
*HAN'S WAD* Transkei  
*103*  
 485. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department has approved any projects in Transkei which are to be financed in part or in whole with moneys appropriated by Parliament; if so,

name of the project, (b) what is the nature of the project, (c) where is it situated, (d) what is the estimated total capital cost of the project and (e) how much of this cost is to be borne by the South African Government?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) Please see attached table.

(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
Special Employment Programme	Relief of Cyclical Unemployment through the Creation of Temporary Job Opportunities under	Throughout Transkei	R13 406 000	R10 500 000

H04

(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
Several Programmes				
	e.g. Recovery of Soil under Soil Erosion Combat Program.			
	(b) Building of dams and Construction of Pipelines.			
	(c) Maintenance of Infrastructure e.g. Hospitals and Clinics.			
	(d) Training Programmes.			
Military Equipment	Purchase of Military Equipment	Umtata	R26 400 000	R18 500 000*
Classroom Building Programme Phase I	The Construction and Upgrading of Schools and Classrooms	Throughout Transkei	R18 000 000	R12 000 000*
Agricultural Equipment	The Provision of Tractors, Implements, Training and Service Facilities	Throughout Transkei	R10 200 000	R10 200 000*
Maize and Grain-sorghum Production Scheme	The Provision of Production Inputs e.g. Seed and Fertilizers.	Throughout Transkei	R6 500 000	R6 500 000*

\*The RSA contribution is reflected in the year when the agreement was signed while the expenditure is spread over a number of years.

*Carver 1559*  
*WANDORND*  
 Ciskei  
 486. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether his Department has approved any projects in Ciskei which are to be financed in part or in whole with moneys appropriated by Parliament; if so,

(2) in respect of 1985, (a) what is the

name of the project, (b) what is the nature of the project, (c) where is it situated, (d) what is the estimated total capital cost of the project and (e) how much of this cost is to be borne by the South African Government?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes.

(2) Please see attached table:

HoA

(a) Name of Project	(b) Nature of Project	(c) Where Situated	(d) Estimated Total Capital Cost	(e) RSA Contribution Rand
School Facilities Phase I	Construction and upgrading of Schools and Classrooms.	Throughout Ciskei	R2 544 300	R2 289 870*
School Facilities Phase II	Construction and upgrading of Schools and Classrooms.	Throughout Ciskei	R6 435 000	R5 791 500*
Radio Ciskei Phase II	Extension of Radio Broadcasting Facilities.	Bisho	R3 699 000	R2 200 000*
Youth Training Programme Special Employment Programmes	The Training of Early School leavers. Relief of cyclical unemployment through the creation of temporary job opportunities under several programmes, e.g. Recovery of soil under soil erosion combat programme.	Throughout Ciskei	R13 623 000	R3 500 000*
	(b) Building of dams and construction of pipelines.	Throughout Ciskei	R13 000 000	R13 000 000
	(c) Maintenance of infrastructure e.g. Hospitals and Clinics.			
	(d) Training Programmes.			
	(e) Emergency Food Relief.			

\*The RSA Contribution is reflected in the year when the agreement was signed while the expenditure is spread over a number of years.

*Carver 1561*  
*WANDORND*  
 Venda  
 487. The LEADER OF THE OFFICIAL OPPOSITION asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

(1) Whether any entrepreneurs/companies have received subsidies from the South African Government to encourage them to establish industries in Venda; if so,

(2) in respect of each such entrepreneur/company, (a) what is its name, (b)

where is it located, (c) what is the nature of its operation, (d) what amount in aid did it receive in the 1984-85 financial year and (e) for how many years is the South African Government committed to subsidize it?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes.

(2) (a) to (e). Please see the attached table.

HoA



Transkei bus  
 crash: 29 die,  
 65 in hospital

UMTATA — Twenty-nine people have died and 65 were admitted to the Mary Theresa Hospital at Mount Frere after being involved in a bus accident about 13 km from Mount Frere yesterday morning.

The hospital's medical superintendent, Dr R Makomba, said last night that nine people were in a "very serious" condition.

He said the accident must have happened between 7 am and 8.30 am and the first people were admitted at 9 am.

**HOSPITAL COPING**

Twenty-one people died at the site of the accident, three died on their way to hospital and five died at the hospital during the day.

Dr Makomba said the hospital was coping with this sudden increase in patients by "mobilising everybody, ever since the morning".

He said 20 people, who were not in a very serious condition, had been transferred to other hospitals in the area, including the Umtata hospital.

Last night there were four theatre cases still to be completed. — Sapa.

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# Transkei MP angry over low salaries

**Dispatch reporter**  
 UMTATA — Transkei Members of Parliament were the lowest paid in the sub-continent, the MP for Libode, Chief Vikiinduku Ndamase, told the House of Assembly here yesterday.

Chief Ndamase, who is a brother of the State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, said Transkeian MPs' salaries were "a shame" because Ciskeian MPs were paid more than their Transkei counterparts.

"A little state like Ciskei pays its members of Parliament more money, what about us in Transkei? It is a shame," Chief Ndamase said.

Chief Ndamase was replying to the debate on the country's budget speech, which had been presented to the House by the Minister of Fi-

nance, Mr Sidney Qaba, last week.

In his speech the minister disclosed that Transkei had budgeted for R1,3 billion for the current financial year ending on March 31 next year.

"We MPs, the chiefs and headmen are the lowest paid people in this country.

"Take a simple example of the little country, like Ciskei. Those people are paid well.

"This government must appreciate and give us our status and forget about the old rules and decisions by the former white rulers of an independent Transkei. We are here to represent our people and as such we must be accorded our due respect and be paid good salaries," Chief Ndamase said.

Chief Ndamase also said the word "tribal courts" was a derogatory one. The courts manned by chiefs, he said, were serving a "nation" and should not be called "tribal courts".

Also speaking in the same debate, the MP for Cofimvaba, Mr Obed Mapasa, told the house that all rich people who owned properties in Transkei should be heavily taxed by the state.

"These people have many properties. They rent them out and make good money. Please tax them. But I am happy that the minister has mentioned that such taxes will be imposed on them and the poor man will not bear the burden of heavy taxes in this country according to the budget of this year in Transkei," Mr Mapasa said.

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## Mda hits out at SA

**Dispatch Reporter**  
 UMTATA — Transkei had become instrumental in propping up a belief designed for her own victimisation the Leader of the Opposition, Mr Caledon Mda, said here yesterday.

Mr Mda was addressing the national assembly during the debate on the country's budget.

Mr Mda said through their monopoly of political power, the South African whites were able to develop their socio-economic situation to the absolute neg-

lect of the black majority who were citizens of South Africa.

"The fact that the world is divided into various political philosophies practising different socio-economic policies tends to be overplayed by certain governments and nations by papering over their failure to evolve economic policies which take into account the economic interdependence of states

irrespective of their political differences."

Mr Mda said that South Africa had a burgeoning economy founded on the efforts of deliberately exclusive expertise and know-how of the whites sustained and protected by a policy of positive pegging and stunting of black intellectualism through a negative education policy since the early '50s.



# Door is still open says Matanzima

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UMTATA — The constitutional reforms by President P. W. Botha and his South African Government were highly appreciated by Transkei, but no dispensation would be acceptable to Transkei if it did not accommodate the aspirations of the black majority.

This was stated by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, when he addressed the National Assembly here while delivering his policy speech yesterday.

He said President Botha should be encouraged to proceed with determination on the reform process and Transkei was more than willing to participate in negotiations that were geared to scrapping apartheid and bringing about meaningful power sharing in South Africa.

Chief Matanzima also revealed that, consequent upon these planned political reforms, a secret working paper on the "restoration of South African citizenship to Transkeians," had been sent to the Transkei Government by South Africa.

"In the working paper all categories of Transkei citizens were clearly defined.

"The Transkei delegation under my leadership presented a reply to the South African Government delegation at a meeting held in Cape Town, part of which was in the following terms:

"Transkeians opted for independence because they desired to en-

joy full citizenship rights and fulfil the obligations of full citizenship, in the liberated area of Transkei in which we exercise sovereign authority."

Chief Matanzima said South Africa, under economic and political pressure from within and from the international community, was retreating from the apartheid course.

"In doing so South Africa would like to reverse, at least in part, the constitutional process which gave rise to the independent status of the TBVC states, as a gesture to appease the critical international and domestic opinion which sees these independences as a culmination of separate development, based on the creed of ethnicity and racism," the prime minister said.

He told the house that Transkeians had a different concept of their independence.

He said they saw it as a liberation of an area in which they enjoyed full citizenship.

"Citizenship means, among other things, the right to vote and be voted into the organs of state at all levels and also to own land.

"It means unhindered access to economic power, the freedom to express your views fearlessly even when they are contrary to those entertained by the ruling authority.

"The question arises whether South Africa intends to confer the kind of citizenship which confers these full rights and

obligations," Chief Matanzima said. those citizenship rights if they so wish.

He said it was clear that white South Africa had expressed an intention to dismantle apartheid.

"She has not as yet convincingly begun the process. The status quo that offers citizenship to Transkeians does not elevate blacks to the status enjoyed by whites and consequently the citizenship referred to is defective in so far as it does not automatically confer the right to vote and be voted into the political and civil structures of the state and to own land.

"There is no mechanism by means of which Transkeians would exercise the normal rights of citizenship apart from eligibility to possess a South African passport.

"There are Transkeians in terms of our Citizenship Act who are permanently domiciled in South Africa.

"Government policy has never intended to coerce these people into taking Transkeian citizenship even though they are free to exercise

"We cannot even presume now to speak for them. They would be free to take South African citizenship if they so wish.

"However, the central issue facing all peoples of Southern Africa is the negotiation of a socio-political order that would be accepted by all.

"We do not close the door to a political association with South Africa based on democratic and non-racial principles

"We have never relinquished our rightful claim to the rest of South Africa.

"We have always expressed our readiness to participate in dialogue and negotiations geared to establishing a dispensation that would be acceptable to the majority of people of the sub-continent.

"Citizenship in such a dispensation would have the essential features that are sadly lacking in the brand now offered by South Africa," Chief Matanzima said.

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# Chief George hits out at UDF

Dispatch Reporter UMTATA — The United Democratic Front (UDF) was attacked by Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, in the National Assembly yesterday.

Delivering his policy speech, Chief Matanzima said Transkei was being infiltrated to facilitate the "propagation of Communist ideology to destroy Transkei."

He said the infiltration was directed at the rural populace and at schools, universities and young children.

Chief Matanzima said that statements by the general secretary of the United Democratic Front's Northern Transvaal branch, Mr Peter Mokoba, were significant.

Quoting Mr Mokoba, Chief Matanzima said: "The United Democratic Front drive, being planned and managed from the UDF headquarters on the campus of the University of the North has, according to its organisers, been uniquely successful."

The Prime Minister said that UDF officials in Lebowa had boasted that it was the first time the organisation had gained and consolidated a significant foothold in a rural constituency. He quoted Mr Mokoba as saying: "At the last count, we had estimated 50 civic and youth organisations which are now fully affiliated to our (UDF) organisation."

"Peter Mokoba, who is also a former member of the African National Congress, talks of the spread of the 'war of liberation' the undermining of the authority of the state and the destruction of Lebowa's system of government which he claims to be repressive."

The Prime Minister said that after these statements by a man who was in the hierarchy of the UDF, there could be no doubt about the intentions of that organisation, members of which were so desperate to come to Transkei and bury the late Chief Sabata Dalindyebo with their African National Congress and Russian flags hoisted."



# Transkei deports students — claim

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — Several foreign students at the University of Transkei (Unitra) were deported from the country yesterday, a student said.

A member of Unitra's student representative council and a third year B. Proc student, Mr Wandile Mhlophe, said he and others had been issued with deportation notices at about 7 am yesterday.

A copy of his deportation order was given to the Daily Dispatch.

He said the police entered the students' rooms with the notices and told them to pack their belongings.

Some of the students were not in their rooms and could not be traced by the police to be served with their deportation orders.

Mr Mhlophe said the students were escorted in police vans to the South African side of the border.

The deported students came from all over Southern Africa. They were not informed in advance of the reasons for the deportation, Mr Mhlophe said.

The deportation order stated that Mr Mhlophe's movement across Transkei had been withdrawn and that passport control officers and the police should remove him from Transkei.

Pending his removal he should be detained in any prison or place that might be designated by the Secretary-General for the Interior.

The order was signed by the Minister of Interior and is dated May 6.

Transkei's Minister of Interior and his secretary were not available for comment yesterday.

● A Transkei police spokesman yesterday denied that students from Transkei and South Africa were deported from Unitra.

"There was nothing of that sort," the spokesman said.

The police had conducted "ordinary police investigations" at Unitra yesterday, he said.

The university authorities were reported to be in a meeting yesterday afternoon.

The head of the security police, General L. S. Kawe, was not available for comment.

The Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, said he had not received any reports of deportations.

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D-D 14/5/86 (103)

## Headmen given salary boost from April

UMTATA — The salaries of Transkei headmen have been increased as from April 1 this year.

This was announced by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, when he delivered his department's policy speech in the National Assembly yesterday.

Chief Matanzima said no headmen would earn less than R150 per month from now on.

Chief Matanzima said during the 1985 parliamentary session his department had been requested to improve headmen's salaries.

His department was mindful of the fact that even the minimum wage of R150 per month was insufficient, but the matter would be reviewed again during the next financial year if state funds were available, provided headmen themselves assisted in the collection of taxes in their areas of jurisdiction.

He said R607 300 of his department's budget was intended to accommodate the salary hikes.

Chief Matanzima also told the House it had come to his notice that some chiefs and headmen were defrauding the government by allowing certain people to collect pension benefits of deceased pensioners.

"My department will show no mercy to such people," he said.

The prime minister announced that the intelligence service continued to play an important role in the formulation of a strategy within the existing political context in Southern Africa.

He said R2,6 m would be spent on its activities.

Chief Matanzima also warned the House that there was a tendency among many Transkeians to approach his department to provide a dias at ceremonies and funerals.

"It costs my department R700 to put up a dias and the state cannot afford this luxury out of public funds," Chief Matanzima said.

1. Length of the week - Mo

Footnotes

- AREA A: Bellville, the Cape, Goodwood, Simon's Town, and Wynberg.
- AREA B: Kuils River.
- AREA C: Alberton, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Durban, Germiston, Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Oberholzer, Pinetown, Pretoria, Randburg, Randfontein, Roodepoort, Springs, Vanderbijlpark, Vereeniging, Westonaria and Wonderboom.
- Municipal Area: Port Elizabeth.
- AREA D: Paarl. Municipal Areas: Despatch, Sasolburg, Uitenhage and Umhlanga.
- AREA E: Bloemfontein, East London, Kimberley and Pietermaritzburg.
- AREA F: Klerksdorp. Municipal Area: Beacon Bay.

Superceding w.d. no's: 261, 263, 361 & 363



# Nojikela urges, stop the killing

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A ruling Transkei National Independence Party member and MP for Flagstaff, Mr Gideon Nojikela, yesterday called on South African blacks to stop killing each other.

Mr Nojikela, who is a front bencher in the National Assembly, was addressing the House here yesterday during debate on the prime minister's policy speech. He said that since the unrest in South Africa started, many blacks had been killed by other blacks.

"I see no reason why blacks should kill each other," he said.

Mr Nojikela told the House that most of the blacks who perpetrated such atrocities had no homes. He said Trans-

keians could not do that because they had homes.

"There is a lot of black violence against black violence in South Africa. This will not happen here. We stand by our leaders who want peace in this country," Mr Nojikela said.

Turning to the Frontline States, like Angola, Mozambique and Zimbabwe, Mr Nojikela said that when those countries attained their freedom, they started to fight unending wars because of rebellion.

He said the situation in South Africa suggested that it would be the same, fighting unending wars, because the African National Congress, the United Democratic Front and Azapo were fighting each other.

"As things are at present in South Africa it

looks as if when blacks obtain their freedom, the ANC, the UDF and Azapo will still fight.

"This will still be the unending war which is being fought by the other states which have already obtained their independence."

After the debate was concluded, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, thanked all the MPs for their contributions.

Chief Matanzima assured the House that Transkei would do its best to tighten its security in order to protect the inhabitants of the country. He said Transkei would not tolerate the indoctrination of the people by forces of destruction whose aim was to preach communism in the country.

# Mda slams creation of TBVC countries

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — It was 25 years since the then British Prime Minister, Mr Harold MacMillan delivered his "wind of change" speech in Cape Town.

This was said yesterday by the leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Mr Caledon Mda, in the Assembly when he addressed the house during debate on the prime minister's speech.

In his speech, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, had told the house on Tuesday that Transkei was being infiltrated by communists who were spreading and preaching their ideology in order to destroy Transkei.

Mr Mda said that after Mr MacMillan had delivered his speech, Dr H. F. Verwoerd, who was South Africa's premier,

had spared no time in describing such remarks as "interference in the domestic affairs of South Africa".

Mr Mda said President P. W. Botha had finally become convinced this year that apartheid was an outmoded policy which must be removed from South Africa.

"This realisation has come after billions of rands had been squandered in an attempt to prove that the world was mad and South Africa had found the panacea for the ills of plural societies.

"This panacea produced the countries of Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei.

"The area this side of the Kei River up to Umzimkulu River has been called Transkei. By the same token the area across the Kei River and predominantly occupied

by blacks was called Ciskei.

"What honourable member of this House would argue against the fact that the Xhosa-speaking tribes of the Cape Province were a compact entity?

"The splitting of Xhosa-speaking community into two different so-called countries is a device of apartheid in pursuit of the well-tried and time-honoured policy of divide and rule," Mr Mda said.

He then attacked Chief Matanzima.

"He should have tabled a white paper on the work paper about the restoration of South African citizenship to Transkei citizens in order to give this House an opportunity to discuss the implications of the proposal and thereby receive a mandate for a given line of action."

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## 32 die in second bus crash

STAL 18/5/76 (103)  
UMTATA — In a second Transkei bus tragedy within two days, 27 schoolchildren, a bus driver and four teachers were killed when a government bus crashed on the Xonya Cuttings near Engcobo last night.

A total of 115 children were admitted to hospital with serious injuries and the condition of 20 was critical last night.

A police spokesman said 30 people were killed instantly and two died on admission to hospital. A culpable homicide docket had been opened, he said.

The latest bus crash brings to 62 the number of people killed in bus crashes in Transkei this week. — Sapa.



X 0015/186 X

# Booi: pre-empt spill-over

(103)

**Dispatch Reporter**  
 UMTATA — Transkei must at all costs forestall and pre-empt any possible spill-over of the general political turmoil in South Africa into Transkei.

This was said by the Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, Mr E. Z. Booi, when he delivered his policy speech in the National Assembly here yesterday.

Mr Booi said at a time of general political turmoil in South Africa arising from political and socio-economic dissatisfaction and made worse by ever-spiralling inflation and unemployment, it was incumbent upon Transkei to ponder seriously some of the realities of the present times.

He said one of the

most effective ways of doing this was the production of adequate quantities of food, improvement of living standards and the creation of employment opportunities.

Mr Booi also announced that the engineering branch of his department had prepared a "master plan" for water supply for the whole of Transkei and an application worth R200m had been submitted to the Development Bank of Southern Africa.

He said the root cause of many diseases was non-availability of clean water.

The proposed master plan would cover each and every ward and administrative area in all the districts of the country.

All workers	:	Worker Contribution	6. Sick Fund
All workers	:	Employer Contribution	
120 days	:	Annual payment for 5 day week	
-- days	:	Annual payment for 6 day week	
6 months	:	Qualifying period	
4 days	:	Waiting period	
75.0 %	:	Percentage of wage paid	
--	:	Maternity days per pregnancy	
All workers	:	Worker Contribution	5. Leave Fund
All workers	:	Employer Contribution	
15 days	:	Annual leave covered	
Yes	:	Worker Contribution	
Yes	:	Employer Contribution	
All	:	Coverage	3. Provident Fund
Yes	:	Worker Contribution	
Yes	:	Employer Contribution	
All	:	Coverage	4. Pension Fund
Yes	:	Worker Contribution	
Yes	:	Employer Contribution	

# Call for new T'kei private sector policy

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Protectionism of the private sector in Transkei had "served its purpose to a point" and a fresh policy, more appropriate to the needs of consumers, was required.

This was said by the president of the Umtata Chamber of Commerce, Mr A. S. Nkonyeni, at a seminar on economic reform for accelerated growth at the University of Transkei this week.

All development in Transkei was "either initiated, managed, financed or guaranteed by the public sector," Mr Nkonyeni said.

"And as long as that is so, it means that the taxpayer is paying for it. Surely there must be a less expensive but more

effective method."

"If the Licences Control Bill is implemented on January 1, 1988, the standard of commercial operation in this country is definitely not going to improve. On the contrary."

Mr Nkonyeni drew a clear distinction between unqualified condemnation of protectionism and an attempt to correct errors of historical policies, which resulted in disparities between expertise and finance available to Transkeians and non-Transkeians.

Free enterprise had been said to be based on equal opportunities, but "opportunities can only be equal if the competitors are on a par," he said.

He asked if there was not merit in "controlling" free enterprise in the short term to make it truly free in the long term.

The political history from which the TVBC countries evolved had created "grave misconceptions" about free enterprise, which became synonymous with "white privilege and black de-

nial" in the eyes of black leaders.

When Transkei became independent, the "illusion of separate economies gave impetus to the policy of protectionism which decreed that certain areas of economic activity were to be reserved for blacks only," he said.

Mr Nkonyeni congratulated the Transkei Government for "its foresight in implementing the programme of transferring white trading stores to blacks."

"But development being the dynamic thing it is, Transkei is now faced with the problem of huge amounts of cash flowing out of the country to the metropolitan areas of South Africa because the consumer is now not satisfied with the price structure and the range of goods and services that are available from within."

He said suitable strategies for the growth of the private sector should seek to:

- Eliminate poverty by reducing unemployment through job creation;
- Reduce Transkei's dependency on foreign handouts;

- Preserve the debt capacity by encouraging foreign investment by equity capital rather than depending solely on loans;

- Avoid the misuse of limited resources;

- Recognise agriculture's role as the powerhouse of the economy; and

- Improve the standard of commercial operations inside the country.

Transkei needed to examine whether the investment climate had been destroyed.

"Is it not possible that the intention to withdraw commercial licences from expatriate traders in terms of the Licences Control Bill has been taken by industrialists as an indication that a similar fate could befall them in a few years' time?"

He said that "in the final analysis what will sustain the development of this country is a programme of attracting foreign capital to be used to exploit local resources to generate more wealth from internal sources and contribute more taxation to state coffers."

## Police claim two deported

UMTATA — Police here said yesterday that only two University of Transkei students were deported from Transkei this week, and not four as previously stated.

They did not furnish the names of the students. — DDR.

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# Fund abuse: new division formed

103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Transkei's Minister of Finance, Mr Sydney Qaba, told the National Assembly here yesterday that, because of the numerous misappropriations of state funds and flagrant disregard of parliamentary standing instructions and regulations, the Transkei Government had decided to form a new section in the Department of the Auditor General which would be known as the investigations section.

Mr Qaba told the House that the section had been created to conduct in-depth investigations of all cases where a prima facie case of embezzlement of state funds had been uncovered.

Mr Qaba also announced that President Ndamase had initiated a judicial inquiry into the affairs of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

He said the terms of



MR QABA

reference of the commission had been published in the Government Gazette and the press.

The minister said in order to comply with the provisions of the proclamation, his department approached the Treasury for the creation of a new item, "commissions and investigations". A sum of R684 000 had been provided to meet the expected costs.

Mr Qaba reminded the House that during the special parliamentary session early this year the Exchequer and Audit Act was amended granting further powers to the Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela.

He said one of the powers in the act gave Mr Maqubela the right to brief legal representatives to interrogate any persons after administration of the oath or affirmation.

Mr Qaba said: "It will interest this House to learn that apart from the judicial inquiry, the Auditor-General has mounted investigations and briefed counsel to interrogate two other bodies.

"The findings of these inquiries by the auditor-general will be tabled in this House."

Mr Qaba said the main report of the auditor-general would be tabled in the House during the week beginning May 26.

1. Overtime - No overtime work is allowed

### Footnotes

In shops in the Magisterial Districts of Alberton, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Germiston, Highveld Ridge, Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Klerksdorp, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Oberholzer, Potchefstroom, Randfontein, Roodepoort, Springs, Vereeniging and Westonaria

Parties  
Employer Organisations: South African Association for Non-White Trade (inc. the Witwatersrand Chamber of Reef Trade); Reef (Non-White Trade) Employers' Association  
Trade Union: Concession Stores and Allied Trades Assistants' Union

NON - WHITE TRADE

DD 27/5/86 (103) ~~NY~~  
**Boycott at Unitra**

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Students of the University of Transkei (Unitra) have decided to boycott classes in sympathy with their two colleagues deported by the Transkei Government this week.

In a statement, Unitra's students' representative council said the students had decided to boycott classes until their demands had been met by the authorities.

Two students, Mr Wakhile Mhlophe from Mdantsane and Mr Mzingaye Gqobo from Ezibeleni, were served with deportation orders by the security police on Tuesday.

The SRC statement also stated that the students had demanded the Unitra administration help negotiate the reinstatement of the deported students.

The SRC and the students have also appealed to parents and the community at large to intervene on their behalf.

"We pledge our solidarity with our deported colleagues and we strongly appeal to the Government of Transkei to reconsider and reverse its decision," the statement said.



18/5/86 CITY PR.

103

SIXTY-ONE people - 31 of them schoolchildren - died in two horrifying bus crashes in the Transkei this week.

● On Monday, 30 people died when a bus with 97 passengers overturned near Osborne Mission in Tabankulu, 13km from Mount Frere.

● The next day, 31 schoolchildren died after their bus overturned in the Engcobo district.

Transkei Prime Minister George Mantanzima this week ordered the House of Assembly to rise for a few minutes of silent prayer to commemorate the 61 dead.

He said 145 children were injured in the second accident, and admitted to All Saints Hospital.

The smash occurred at about 8.50pm while the bus was taking 176 school chil-

# BUSLOADS OF DEATH

dren home after a sports meeting.

An Umtata police spokesman said the bus' gears and brakes failed as it travelled up a mountain slope.

The bus had reversed

and collided with a van before overturning.

Matanzima said he could not explain why so many children were packed into one bus.

He was "awaiting clarification" from the Transport Ministry.

A spokesman at Mary Theresa Hospital in Mount Frere said 24 people injured in Monday's disaster had been discharged and three who needed more intensive care had been referred to Umtata Hospital. - Sapa.

Parcel (The...)

ND 19/1/86

# PM: education goals clear

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Amidst the current upheavals in the sub-continent, Transkei's educational goals were clear and would be pursued relentlessly, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said at the weekend.

He was opening the Upper Zimbane Junior Secondary School on Saturday.

"My government is mindful of the fact that education is the mainspring of the overall development strategy of the country, in the sense that it enhances the productive capabilities of future citizens."

There had been "tremendous educational expansion" ever since the control of education was handed over and the "prophets of doom" who had predicted a lack of progress in Transkei had been proved wrong.

"Activities which assist in moulding the character of the developing child must not be ignored, especially when we take into account the forces of evil which are operating in this sub-continent today.

"We cannot afford to remain passive when these forces are trying to destabilise our society by sowing the seeds of anarchy among the children.

"Students who allow themselves to be misled will find themselves misfits in tomorrow's society," the Prime Minister said.



PHOM  
Danie Gerber and Jaco W...

# 500 students held in Umtata raid

103



DD 17/5/86

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — About 500 University of Transkei (Unitra) students were arrested in an early morning police raid on university residences on Saturday.

The Transkei Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, confirmed this last night.

He also confirmed that two Unitra students had been deported at the weekend. This brings to four the number of students deported from Transkei in the last week.

General Mantanga said the 500 students were later released. They were not charged.

The aim of the raid, he

said, was to flush out students suspected of being behind recent activities at Unitra.

Students have been boycotting lectures since last Tuesday in protest against the deportation of two students that day.

General Mantanga said he could not release the names of the two students deported at the weekend, but would give a full report today.

He said the deported students had been found to be involved in "unpleasant" activities.

Meanwhile, students who refused to give their names for fear of victimisation claimed that at

least six of their colleagues were still being held by police.

They said police had given them an ultimatum to return to lectures today.

It is believed that many students have left Umtata.

In a statement on Friday, the Unitra students representative council said students demanded that the Unitra administration help negotiate the reinstatement of the two students deported last Tuesday, Mr Wakhile Mhlophe of Mdantsane and Mr Mzingaye Gqobo of Ezibeleni.

... lunch ... D. L.

## Students detained

**MORE** than 500 University of Transkei students were yesterday taken away by Transkei police in an early morning raid on their hostels and were taken to various police stations in police trucks.

The swoop which began at 5.00 am continued until about mid-morning as police trucks moved among the residences while others surrounded the university campus.

Late in the day groups of students started returning to the campus as they were released.

Neither the commissioner of police nor the university authorities could be contacted for details of the numbers of those taken away and students still being held.

Students at the university began a boycott of classes on Tuesday after two students, Mr Wakhile Mhlophe and Mr Mzingaye Gqomo were served with deportation orders under Transkei's aliens act before being escorted by the police out of Transkei.

SOWETAN 11/5/81  
103



# 500 University of Transkei students arrested

1915/86 SPX  
103  
50

UMTATA — About 500 University of Transkei (Unitra) students were arrested in a police raid on university residences this weekend.

This was confirmed yesterday by the Transkei Commissioner of Police, General R S Matanga.

He also confirmed that two Unitra students were deported at the weekend, bringing to four the number of students deported from Transkei in the last week.

General Matanga said the 500 students were later released and were not charged. He said the raid was aimed at flushing out students suspected of being behind recent activities at the university.

Students have been boycotting lectures since last Tuesday in protest against the deportation of two students. General Matanga said he could not release the names of the deported students, but would give a full report today.

## 'UNPLEASANT ACTIVITIES'

He said the deported students had been found to be involved in "unpleasant" activities.

Students claimed that at least six of their colleagues were still being held by the police, who had given them an ultimatum to return to lectures today. It is believed that many students have left Umtata.

The university's Students' Representative Council said in a statement on Friday that students had demanded that the administration help negotiate the reinstatement of the two students deported last Tuesday — Mr Wakhile Mhlophe of Mdantsane and Mr Mzingaye Gqobo of Ezibeleni.

The statement pledged solidarity with the deported students and appealed to the Transkei Government to "reconsider and reverse its decision".

~~(103)~~ (103)  
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19/5/86

# Unitra students arrested

UMTATA — About 500 University of Transkei (Unitra) students were arrested in an early morning police raid on university residences at the weekend, said the Transkei Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga.

He also confirmed that two Unitra students were deported at the weekend, bringing to four the number of students deported in the past week.

Gen Mantanga said the 500 students were later released and were not charged. The raid was aimed at flushing out students suspected of being behind recent activities at the university.

Students have been boycotting lectures since last Tuesday to protest against the deportation of two students.

He said the deported students had been involved in "unpleasant" activities. — Sapa

AREA A: Camperdown, Uitenhage and Umzimto.

AREA B: Mosselbay, Newcastle and Rustenburg,

AREA C: Harrismith, Klip River and Port Shepstone.

AREA D: All other areas excluding Malmesbury.



DD 19/5/86 (103)

## Ndamase: put agriculture first

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Real development would only be reached in Transkei when there were viable communities in rural areas, the State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, said at Cala.

He was installing Chief Rodgers Gecelo as Chief of the Gcina tribe in the Kwa-Gcina tribal authority on Friday.

"My government realises that the country's destiny lies in tilling the land and getting produce from it," the state president said.

Adequate nutrition

was the most basic human need and hunger the worst affliction of inhabitants of poor countries.

"It is essential that agricultural co-operative schemes should be embarked upon immediately."

He told Chief Gecelo "By virtue of your position as chief you are also watchdog for the state and you should be on the lookout for all forms of activities which are prejudicial to the interest of the state."

"Remember the golden rule about the equality of all people before the eyes of the law."

DD 20/5/86 (103)

# Talks held on Transkei land claims

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei and South African Land Commission delegates met here yesterday to discuss Transkei's land claims.

In a statement, Mr G. Tsengwa, of the Foreign Affairs Department, said the discussions were "frank and fruitful."

Mr Tsengwa said the two delegations discussed aspects of the handing over of the Weza Forest and farms in Waterval and Melkspruit in the district of Mount Currie.

Delegates from South Africa included Mr J. H. W. Mentz, chairman, Mr W. C. Malan, Mr W. Heins, Mr H. Fourie, Dr J. Grobber, and officials of the Commission for Co-operation and Development.

The Transkei delegation was led by the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr G. S. K. Nota, who was the chairman, the former Presi-

dent of Transkei, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, the Deputy Finance Minister, Mr David Tezapi, the Foreign Affairs and Information Minister, Mr Mtuzuzeli Lujabe, the Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, Mr E. Zamayedwa Booi, and officials of the Department of Local Government and Land Tenure.

Mr Tsengwa would not say what had been decided upon. "The talks between ourselves and South Africa were frank and fruitful," he said.

## Burglar dies

CAPE TOWN — A suspected burglar died over the weekend when his head got stuck in the burglar proofing of a shop he apparently tried to break into.

Police said Mr Peter Daniels, 30, of Valhalla Park, was found hanging from the burglar-proofing of a shop in Elsies River on Saturday. — Sapa

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# Men evicted from Unitra hostels

Dispatch Reporter  
EAST LONDON — All men students at the University of Transkei (Unitra) were evicted from their hostels yesterday.

A notice issued jointly by the principal, Professor B. D. van der Merwe, and the vice-principal, Professor W. L. Nkuhlu, said that, in view of the continued boycott of lectures, it had been decided to close the men's residences as from 5 pm yesterday.

The principals urged students to return to classes, saying it was only when normality returned to the university that the state authorities could be approached concerning students' problems.

The notice said it had been noted with concern that the students had not responded to a notice of May 15 which urged them to return to lectures.

"The attention of students is drawn to the fact that the university is not in a position to reverse decisions and actions taken by the state in terms of the laws of the country, even if such decisions and actions are directed against the students of this university.

"The return to normal academic activity will create a far more favourable position for the council of this university to discuss with the government the circumstances surrounding the recent state action taken against certain

students," the notice said.

It said there had been reports of students being intimidated by others not to attend lectures. This was a "gross" intrusion into the fundamental right of each student to choose what was right for himself, the notice said.

The principals warned students to resume attending lectures forthwith, saying that failure to comply "will necessitate appropriate action."

The Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, said yesterday 18 students had been arrested for trespassing at the university.

The head of the security police, General L.

Kawe, said six women students detained at the weekend were released yesterday. Five men students were still being held.

If charged, they would appear in court tomorrow, he said.

He would not say under which law the 11 had been held or what charges the five still detained might face.

He said the 18 students arrested for trespassing had paid admission of guilt fines yesterday.

Gen Mantanga identified the two students deported on Sunday as Mr Cecil Nolutshungu of Mdantsane and Mr Lungisa Duna of King William's Town.

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20/5/86  
DD

# Blaze destroys building at Turf

SOWETAN Reporters

A FIRE gutted the main buildings of the agricultural faculty at the University of the North on Sunday morning causing extensive damage, the university's public relations officer, Mr Frans Swart, said.

(60)

SOWETAN 20/5/76

The building was gutted after a lecture boycott by the students of the faculty, who were demanding the immediate dismissal of a white lecturer whom it is alleged used abusive language when addressing students.

• The Transkeian Commissioner of Police, General R S Matanga, yesterday confirmed the arrest of about 500 University of Transkei students in an early morning raid on university residences on Sunday.

(103)

## Deported

He also confirmed that two Unitra students were deported at the weekend, bringing to four the number of students deported from the homeland in the last week.

Gen Matanga said the 500 students were later released and were not charged. He said the deported students had been found to be involved in "unpleasant" activities.

Students claimed that at least six of their colleagues were still being held by the police, who had given them an ultimatum to return to lectures yesterday.

It is believed that many students have left Umtata.

• About 89 percent of the Fort Hare University students reported to their lecturers yesterday — a week after it was closed following a boycott of lectures, a university spokesman said.



00215/8b

# Transkei campus quiet says prof

103

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — The University of Transkei (Unitra) campus was reported to be "quiet" yesterday with few students attending lectures, a spokesman, Professor S. Miller, said.

All male students were evicted from their hostels on Monday because of the continued boycott of lectures. They have been urged to return to lectures and warned that failure to comply will "necessitate appropriate action".

Prof Miller said none of the students had been

expelled.

He said it was up to the university's council to decide when the male students would be allowed residence in the hostels again.

The principal of Unitra, Professor D. van der Merwe, said lectures had not been suspended.

Five male students are being held by police. Their names would be sent to the university authorities, the head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, said. He did not say what charges the men might face.

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)	(h)	(i)	(j)
Walmer .....	23	5	142	123	35	40	173	102	613	—
Beacon Street .....	9	11	77	211	15	88	258	207	631	—
Kabega Park .....	24	7	215	171	29	84	298	98	687	—
Mount Road .....	2	7	26	53	6	23	299	48	499	—
New Law Courts .....	—	16	71	277	9	78	306	160	583	—
Louis le Grange Square .....	—	—	6	10	1	6	62	12	68	—

Note: Above mentioned statistics are furnished for the period 1984-07-01 until 1985-06-30. Statistics with regard to 1985-07-01 until 1985-12-31 are not readily available.

**HANSARD**  
 722. Mr P R ROGERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

**Livestock Theft**

(1) How many cases of (a) theft, (b) mutilation and (c) slaughter of livestock reported to the South African Police in the districts of (i) East London, (ii) King William's Town, (iii) Stutterheim, (iv) Komga, (v) Cathcart and (vi) Queenstown during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available, were traced to (aa) the Republic of Ciskei, (bb) the Republic of Transkei and (cc) areas reserved for Black occupation in the corridor between the Republics of Ciskei and Transkei;

(2) whether the South African Police have completed their investigations of these cases; if not, why not; if so, (a) in respect of how many cases and (b) what were the results of such investigations;

(3) whether any of these cases were handed over for investigation by the police of the Republic of (a) Ciskei and (b) Transkei; if so, (i) how many cases, and (ii) what were the results of these investigations, in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(aa)	(bb)	(cc)
(i) East London .....	211	1	206	212	—	—
(ii) King William's Town .....	22	1	1	23	—	—
(iii) Stutterheim .....	203	1	3	5	4	194
(iv) Komga .....	30	—	28	2	9	19
(v) Cathcart .....	5	—	—	3	2	—
(vi) Queenstown .....	139	—	72	72	64	2

(2) No, since a shortage of clues, as well as complainants and/or witnesses who can not be traced and livestock which are not properly marked, are factors which entail a delay in the investigation of a number of cases.

(a) and (b) Fall away.

(3) (a) No.

(i) and (ii) Fall away.

**Lawsuits against Minister**  
 768. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether any lawsuits have been brought against him in his capacity as Minister of Law and Order by members of the public as a result of police action during unrest-related incidents; if so, (a) how many lawsuits, in 1985 and 1986, respectively, (b) what were the circumstances of each lawsuit and (c) what was the outcome in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a) 1985 1986

(b) 1985 1986

Assault	137	76
Shooting incidents	182	97
Unlawful arrest and detention	4	11
Loss of support	32	2
Damage of property during police action	4	1
Funeral costs	2	3
Bitten by police dog	1	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>362</b>	<b>190</b>

(c) 1985 1986

Assault	2	2
Lawsuits dismissed	3	3
Lawsuits superannuated	131	131
Lawsuits pending	1	1
Lawsuits settled out of court	—	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>137</b>	<b>137</b>

Shooting incidents	2
Lawsuits dismissed	2
Lawsuits withdrawn	5
Lawsuits superannuated	173
<b>Total</b>	<b>182</b>

Unlawful arrest and detention	3
Lawsuits pending	1
Lawsuits settled out of court	—
<b>Total</b>	<b>4</b>

Loss of support  
 Lawsuits dismissed 1  
 Lawsuits pending 31  
**Total** 32

Damage of property due to police action  
 Lawsuits withdrawn 1  
 Lawsuits pending 3  
**Total** 4

Funeral costs  
 Lawsuits pending 2

Bitten by police dog  
 Lawsuits pending 1

Assault  
 Lawsuits withdrawn 1986  
 Lawsuits pending 1  
**Total** 75

Shooting incidents  
 Lawsuits pending 97

Unlawful arrest and detention  
 Lawsuits pending 11

Loss of support  
 Lawsuits pending 2

Damage to property due to police action  
 Lawsuits pending 1

Funeral costs  
 Lawsuits pending 3

**HANSARD** UDF 21/5/86  
 771. Mr P R ROGERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether any members of the United Democratic Front were charged with acts of violence during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available; if so, (a) how many and (b) with what offences were they charged in each case?



Walmer .....	(a) 23	(b) 5	(c) 142	(d) 123	(e) 35	(f) 40	(g) 173	(h) 102	(i) 613	(j) —
Beacon Street .....	9	11	77	211	15	88	258	207	631	—
Kabega Park .....	24	7	215	171	29	84	298	98	687	—
Mount Road .....	2	7	26	53	6	23	299	48	499	—
New Law Courts .....	—	16	71	277	9	78	306	160	583	—
Louis le Grange Square .....	—	—	6	10	1	6	62	12	68	—

Note: Above-mentioned statistics are furnished for the period 1984-07-01 until 1985-06-30. Statistics with regard to 1985-07-01 until 1985-12-31 are not readily available.

**HANS VAN DER MERWE** 103  
 772. Mr P R CROGERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many cases of (a) theft, (b) mutilation and (c) slaughter of livestock reported to the South African Police in the districts of (i) East London, (ii) King William's Town, (iii) Stutterheim, (iv) Komga, (v) Cathcart and (vi) Queenstown during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available, were traced to (aa) the Republic of Ciskei, (bb) the Republic of Transkei and (cc) areas reserved for Black occupation in the corridor between the Republics of Ciskei and Transkei;
- (2) whether the South African Police have completed their investigations of these cases; if not, why not; if so, (a) in respect of how many cases and (b) what were the results of such investigations;
- (3) whether any of these cases were handed over for investigation by the police of the Republic of (a) Ciskei and (b) Transkei; if so, (i) how many cases, and (ii) what were the results of these investigations, in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1)	(a)	(b)	(c)	(aa)	(bb)	(cc)
(i) East London .....	211	1	206	212	—	—
(ii) King William's Town .....	22	1	1	23	—	—
(iii) Stutterheim .....	203	1	3	5	4	194
(iv) Komga .....	30	—	28	2	9	19
(v) Cathcart .....	5	—	—	3	2	—
(vi) Queenstown .....	139	—	72	72	64	2

- (2) No, since a shortage of clues, as well as complainants and/or witnesses who can not be traced and livestock which are not properly marked, are factors which entail a delay in the investigation of a number of cases.
- (a) and (b) Fall away.
- (3) (a) No.
- (i) and (ii) Fall away.

Note: The numbers furnished in (1)(c) the slaughter of livestock are included in (1)(a) theft, since the cases have initially been reported and registered as theft.

**HANS VAN DER MERWE** 768. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- Whether any lawsuits have been brought against him in his capacity as Minister of Law and Order by members of the public as a result of police action during unrest-related incidents; if so, (a) how many lawsuits, in 1985 and 1986, respectively, (b) what were the circumstances of each lawsuit and (c) what was the outcome in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a)	1985	1986	362	190
(b)	1985	1986	185	190
(c)	1985	1986	362	190

**Loss of support**  
 Lawsuits dismissed 1  
 Lawsuits pending 31  
 Total 32

**Damage of property due to police action**  
 Lawsuits withdrawn 1  
 Lawsuits pending 3  
 Total 4

**Funeral costs**  
 Lawsuits pending 2

**Bitten by police dog**  
 Lawsuits pending 1

**Assault**  
 Lawsuits withdrawn 1986  
 Lawsuits pending 1  
 Total 75

**Shooting incidents**  
 Lawsuits pending 97

**Unlawful arrest and detention**  
 Lawsuits pending 11

**Loss of support**  
 Lawsuits pending 2

**Damage to property due to police action**  
 Lawsuits pending 1

**Funeral costs**  
 Lawsuits pending 3

**Shooting incidents**  
 Lawsuits dismissed 2  
 Lawsuits withdrawn 5  
 Lawsuits superannuated 173  
 Total 182

**Unlawful arrest and detention**  
 Lawsuits pending 3  
 Lawsuits settled out of court 1  
 Total 4

Whether any members of the United Democratic Front were charged with acts of violence during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available; if so, (a) how many and (b) with what offences were they charged in each case?

**HANS VAN DER MERWE** UDF 21/5/86. 114  
 771. Mr P R CROGERS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

It is not possible to give an indication of how many persons who were charged with acts of violence during the period, were members of the UDF.

Staff establishment

822. Mr M. TARR, asked the Minister of Communications:

(a) What was the authorised staff establishment of the Department of Posts and Telecommunications in the

The MINISTER OF COMMUNICATIONS:

various grades of employment as at the latest specified date for which figures are available, (b) how many (i) Whites, (ii) Blacks, (iii) Coloureds and (iv) Indians were employed in each grade as at that date and (c) what is the policy of this Department regarding the promotion of Blacks, Coloureds and Indians to higher grades;

(2) whether staff of different race groups belong to the same staff association; if not, why not?

Grading	(1)(a)	(b)			
		Authorised posts	(i)	(ii)	(iii)

(As at 28 February 1986)

Postmaster General	1	1			
Deputy Postmaster General	4	4			
Senior Director	16	16			
Director	37	37			
Senior Deputy Director	72	72			
Deputy Director	125	141			
Deputy Director/Assistant Director	115	115			
Curator	1	1			
Museum Consultant	1	1			
Control Officer	209	221			
Assistant Control Officer	508	526			
Administrative Officer	1114	1126			
Senior Work Study Officer	7	6	2	1	1
Work Study Officer/Assistant Work Study Officer					
Data Officer (all grades)	16	16			
Senior Accountant	186	179			
Accountant	38	37			
Assistant Accountant	81	85			
Postmaster (Director Status)	176	181			
Deputy Postmaster	4	4			
Postmaster, Special Grade A	1	1			
Postmaster, Special Grade B	5	5			
Postmaster, Grade I	27	27			
Postmaster, Grade II	64	61	2	1	
Postmaster, Grade III	105	92	7	6	
Postmaster, Grade IV	293	242	38	11	3
Assistant Postmaster A	438	356	61	18	5
Assistant Postmaster B	4	6			
Assistant Postmaster	21	19			
Assistant Postmaster	18	20			

HoA

(1)(a)

(As at 28 February 1986)

Grading	Authorised posts	(b)			
		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)

Senior Chief Superintendent	2	2			
Chief Superintendent	45	43			
Senior Superintendent	232	231			
Superintendent	1262	1150	4		
Senior Operating Inspector	13	10			
Operating Inspector	35	25			
Chief Superintendent, Restaurant/Senior Restaurant Manager	3	2			
Restaurant Manager	7	5			
Superintendent, Restaurant/Assistant Restaurant Manager	5	4			
Clerk/Assistant Administrative Officer	14843	14677			
Head Typist	7	10			
Ministerial Typist	1	1			
Typist/Senior Typist	192	191			
Student Engineer	1	110			
Assistant Quantity Surveyor	1	1			
Chief Architect	1	2			
Architect	2	2			
Assistant Architect	1	1			
Law Adviser	1	1			
Assistant Law Adviser	1	1			
Control Language Officer	1	1			
Chief Language Officer	1	1			
Senior Language Officer	2	1			
Language Officer	5	4			
Senior Research Officer	4	4			
Research Officer	4	4			
Psychologist/Senior Psychologist	6	3			
Psychometrist/Senior Psychometrist	14	5			
Cost Investigation Officer	12	18			
Chief Statistician	1	6			
Assistant Statistician/Statistician	4	4			
Chief Design Artist	1	1			
Senior Design Artist	2	1			
Design Artist	2	2			
Press Liaison Officer	1	1			
Assistant Press Liaison Officer	1	1			
Editor	1	1			
Senior Journalist	1	1			
Journalist	1	1			
Senior Librarian	1	1			
Financing Officer (all grades)	7	2			
Internal Auditor (all grades)	20	12			
Nursery School Principal	1	1			
Nursery School Teacher	2	2			
Industrial Social Worker	6				
Engineer	93	203			

HoA



# Call for links with Lesotho

(103) Dispatch Reporter 0022/1986

UMTATA — The Transkei Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Mtutuzeli Lujabe, has extended a hand of friendship to Lesotho, Swaziland and the frontline states to start building diplomatic links with Transkei.

Addressing Parliament here yesterday during his policy speech, Mr Lujabe said he saw no reason why all Southern African states could not have links with Transkei as she would play a major role in political change in the sub-continent.

He called on Lesotho to join Transkei to establish irrigation scheme projects, to build a joint harbour and run a joint airline instead of depending on South Africa.

Mr Lujabe told the House that Transkei and Southern Africa as a whole could not be separated.

What affected blacks in South Africa affected Transkei. What happened in Lesotho, Swaziland, Botswana, Malawi and other states to the North was of direct interest to Transkei.

# Religion students in boycott

A GROUP of theology students at the Stoffberg Theology School at the University of the North (Turffloep) boycotted lectures this week.

According to the university public relations officer, Mr Frans Swart, the group tried to recruit support for a complete boycott by all students on the campus, on Tuesday morning.

He said the students were divided into two groups and the Students Representative Council called a

mass meeting to normalise the situation.

After the meeting members of the Lebowa police, South African Police and SADF were noticed on campus.

The students returned to lectures yesterday morning.

All male students at the University of Transkei (Unitra) have been evacuated from their hostels.

A joint statement by the principal, Professor B D van der Merwe and

the vice principal, Professor W L Nkuhlu, said that in view of the continued boycott of lectures it had been decided to close the men's residences.

The deportation of two students, Mr Wakhile Mhlophe and Mr Mzingaye Gqobo, sparked the boycott of lectures.

On Sunday morning more than 500 students were arrested, but later released.

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DD 22/5/86 (103)

# Kakudi: need for police on campus

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Police had been deployed at the University of Transkei (Unitra) to protect university property as well as students who had chosen to attend classes, the Minister of Education, Mr S. P. Kakudi, told the National Assembly yesterday.

Mr Kakudi said physical intimidation had been employed to prevent innocent students from attending classes and attempts had been made to damage property.

"It is hoped that parents will appreciate that this action is the only way at present that the government can ensure that the education of their children con-

tinues," Mr Kakudi said.

Neither the principal of Unitra, Professor B van der Merwe, nor the vice-principal, Professor Wiseman Nkuhlu, was available for comment yesterday.

However, campus sources said no students had attended lectures since police detained 500 students last Saturday.

All male students were evicted from their hostels on Monday. The women's hostels were not closed, but women students have also left the campus.

Students began boycotting lectures last Tuesday after two of their colleagues were deported.

# You can't stay here

By STAN MZIMBA

UNITRA this week ordered 250 male students to leave their campus residence after a week-long boycott of lectures.

Vice-principal Professor Wiseman L Nkuhlu signed an expulsion order giving them until 5pm on Monday to leave the residence.

Unitra authorities said those expelled from the residence can still attend lectures — they haven't been expelled from classes.

Cops armed with sjamboks and others wearing gasmasks watched students as they filed past the varsity's main gates heading for town.

Either in confusion or in solidarity, some women students also left the campus with their baggage.

The action came in the wake of the detention of 500 students, both male and female, in pre-dawn raids on the campus by cops on Saturday.

Cops reportedly arrived in 30 vans, including three "kwela-kwelas", searched the dormitories and ordered everyone into the vans.

All but five students returned to the campus after five hours in detention. Cops said charges were being investigated against the students, who would be brought to court soon.

Transkei police commissioner General Robilliard S Manganga said the raid was staged to "flush out" trou-

blemakers on the campus.

The lecture boycott was sparked off by the deportation of four students — Mzingaye Gqomo of Queenstown and Wakhile Mhlophe, Cecil Nolutshungu and P. Dana of East London — from Unitra this week.

In the past few weeks, Unitra has been under constant criticism and attack by both Chief George Matanzima and ex-president KD Matanzima in their addresses at various Transkei rallies.

● Pamphlets were distributed calling for a boycott of the university's graduation ceremony last month. The pamphlets were said by the Matanzima government to have contained "unbearable and unprintable insulting remarks directed at the Transkei authorities".



23/5/86

WEEKLY M.

103

# SA hands back 'Kei deportee

THE situation at the University of the Transkei (Unitra) reached deadlock this week as a student boycott continued despite the closure of the men's residences.

The boycott was sparked by the deportation of two students on May 13. But in a bizarre development, one of the deportees was believed still to be in Transkei after South Africa refused to accept him because he is a "Transkeian".

According to lawyers for Mzingaye Gqomo, Transkei police took him to a border post between Engcobo and Queenstown to hand him over to the SA police.

It was pointed out to them that Transkei could not deport one of its own "citizens". Gqomo was welcome to cross the border as an ordinary traveller, SA police said, but he could not be accepted as a deportee.

According to the lawyers, Transkei police then searched Gqomo and took him to his home at Ezibeleni, a township outside Queenstown which is in Transkei.

The lawyers advised him to go back

By FRANZ KRUGER  
East London

to university as he had not been expelled. Asked what Unitra's attitude to the case would be, the registrar, SD Majokweni, said no action against the student was planned, as the matter was "between him and the government".

The deportations followed a student stayaway on May Day.

Sources at the university said a pamphlet had appeared on campus a few days later, in which former Transkei president Kaiser Matanzima was described as having "blood on his hands". Reference was made to the killing of student leader Bathandwa Ndondo, who was gunned down in Cala last year.

The sources said a witch-hunt followed the appearance of the pamphlets, which ended in the two deportations.

The police moved onto campus last weekend, a week after the student boycott started, and arrested 500 students in an early-morning raid.

Another two students were

deported, according to a police spokesman, because they had been involved in "unpleasant" activities. Some students were detained, but the majority were told to return to classes and released.

On Monday an order closing the residences was issued. Students were urged to return to class; if they continued their boycott, "appropriate action" would follow.

However, lecture rooms remained empty and the principal, Professor B van der Merwe, described the situation on campus as quiet. He said talks had been held between the university and the authorities about the deportations.

But Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, had indicated the government was "not interested" in discussing the deportations.

Van der Merwe said discussions had also been held with the SRC, but nothing had come of them as "you know students, they are more interested in issues than solutions". In the meantime the university would remain open, he said.

23/5/76 WEEKLY M (103)

# Matanzima can't bury the Sabata funeral row

By FRANZ KRUGER,  
East London

THE wrangle over the funeral of Chief Sabata Dalindyebo, buried hastily last month in the Transkei, continues as his family prepares to apply for the exhumation of his body.

Lawyers for the family of the deposed Tembu king said they would submit documentation to the authorities for Sabata's body to be exhumed on the grounds that he was not buried in accordance with his last wishes.

He had indicated on his deathbed, they said, that he wanted to be buried next to his father and grandfather in the royal Tembu burial ground near Umtata.

The exiled king died in Zambia last month and his body was returned to the Transkei. Only hours after a Supreme Court order granted the family custody of the body, it was seized from a funeral parlour by the man who had deposed him, Transkei's former president Kaiser Matanzima, taken to a spot near — but not in — the royal graveyard and interred in a service marked by tight security.

A large contingent of heavily armed Transkei police and soldiers kept a close watch, and journalists had their cameras confiscated for the duration of the service.

The family immediately applied to have Matanzima found in contempt of court, but the application was dropped for technical reasons.

Behind the wrangle lies a bitter struggle for the Tembu kingship in a homeland where tribal allegiance plays an important political role.

Sabata, known as "the people's king", held a unique position as both a supporter of the ANC and a tribal ruler of immense stature. He was closely related to both Matanzima and jailed ANC leader Nelson Mandela.

Sabata was an opponent of the homelands policy, and represented a

serious threat to the legitimacy of Matanzima's rule. The threat remained, even after Matanzima deposed Sabata and drove him into exile, because most Tembus continued to regard him as the rightful king.

It was clear when Sabata died that his burial would be an event of major political importance. When Mandela, as the senior family member, announced the burial would take place at the royal graveyard, the scene seemed set for a major political demonstration.

Preparations were made to bring busloads of mourners from all over the country. But Matanzima, with his shaky legitimacy, could not allow such a demonstration.

He could also not allow Sabata to be laid to rest in the royal graveyard, which would underline the family's claim to the kingship.

For waiting in the wings was Sabata's eldest son and heir Buyelekaya, a young man still at school in Tanzania, who might want to return at some stage to claim his inheritance.

Shortly after the body arrived in Umtata, the conflict exploded into the open. Matanzima decreed that nobody from outside Transkei would be allowed to attend.

Almost simultaneously, Buyelekaya and Sabata's wife, Nomoscow, went to court asking for custody of the body. They said the grave had been dug outside the royal graveyard, and that arrangements were being made without their consent.

The order was granted, but the body was seized and buried by Matanzima a few hours later. Shortly afterwards, Buyelekaya fled the country in fear of his life.



DD 23/5/86

# Letlaka call to stop ~~reactionary~~ violence

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei's Minister of Social Welfare and Pensions, Mr Tsepo Letlaka, has called on South Africa to stop reactionary violence if it wanted revolutionary violence to end.

Speaking in the National Assembly here yesterday during the debate on the Foreign Affairs and Information policy speech, Mr Letlaka said there were two types of violence in South Africa.

One was revolutionary violence of the black masses who wanted to change the status quo.

The other was the reactionary violence which was being waged by the rulers of South Africa in order to maintain the apartheid status quo.

"Those who use revolutionary violence to change the situation

have resorted to violence after decades of having to live as slaves in that country.

"The South African Government says Nelson Mandela must renounce violence when it has not stopped using reactionary violence against the masses who are clamouring for a democratic society.

"A clear message to South Africa is that she must immediately scrap apartheid and come to a negotiating table with all the peoples of South Africa, irrespective of the colour of their skins," Mr Letlaka said.

Only then would violence stop in South Africa, he said.

Mr Letlaka told the House that any form of negotiation by South Africa which was without a democratically accepted constitution by all the people of South Africa, would not end violence in that country.

"South Africa must scrap apartheid and bring all the people of that country to a negotiating table. There must be no prescription by one group to another. It must be a democratic negotiating table for all.

"We, in Transkei, would like to see that happen. We are not chicken feed of apartheid," Mr Letlaka said.

Mr Letlaka said that no African state recognised Transkei.

Mr Letlaka said that international non-recognition of Transkei spelt havoc for the coming years.

"I wonder if all the members of this House realise that this is a serious situation.

"We are still in a tutelage stage but without support from South Africa, we would not be able to stand on our feet," Mr Letlaka said.

# Unitra students held — claim

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809

110  
23/5/86

809

UMTATA — Three women students at the University of Transkei were reported to have been detained by security police yesterday.

A lawyer, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said one of the students, Miss Nolitha Ziqhu, 19, was released late yesterday afternoon.

The two students reported still to be detained are Miss Fezeka Maqwathi, 19, and Miss Silokazana Makhongolo, 19.

Mr Ntsebeza said all three were detained on their way to town after leaving the university premises yesterday.

The head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, was not available for comment.

Meanwhile, the vice principal of Unitra, Professor Wiseman Nkuhlu, said only a few students attended classes yesterday.

Although the men's hostels had been closed, women's hostels were still open, he said. No students had been expelled and lectures had not been suspended.

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# Corruption brings warning from chief

DD 24/5/86  
103

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima's parliamentary representative, Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima, of Western Transkei, attacked the Department of Health and other Transkei departments for having top officials who formed companies and who promoted those companies' interests when it came to the spending of state funds.

Speaking in the National Assembly, Chief Matanzima warned the government that such people should not be tolerated.

"For example, you have an official who belongs to the Agricultural

Department. He forms a company that will deal in the selling of fertilizer.

"Surely such a man will use his influence to promote the interests of his company in that department.

"Also, you have a person who is a top official of the Department of Health. He forms a company to sell medicines to hospitals. What can you expect from that person? He will surely promote and use his position to enable his company to sell more medicines."

Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima also called on the government to make sure that all civil servants who were due to go on pension should

be retired, and not allowed to "hold onto their chairs at the expense of hundreds of school leavers who cannot be employed because positions are blocked by these old people."

He said there was extensive unemployment among school leavers in the country.

"If we are true leaders of this country, let our children trust what we tell them. We have told our children to be educated, but once they pass their matric there are no vacancies in the public service because there are old people who do not want to retire, even if their pensions are due."

DD 24/5/86  
**Boycott  
enters  
9th day**

UMTATA — The University of Transkei students' boycott of classes entered its ninth day here yesterday.

A limited number of students attended classes yesterday.

Both the principal, Professor B. van der Merwe, and the vice-principal, Professor W. L. Nkuhlu, were not available for comment.

The boycott was sparked by the deportation of two students on May 13.

Police also carried out a dawn snoop of the campus on May 17 and detained about 500 students. Most of the students have since been released. — DDR.



*CITY PR*  
**New bid to  
rebury king**

KING Sabata Dalindyebo's family is making a fresh bid to have his body exhumed so they can rebury him "in royal tradition". The family is expected to lodge an application in the Umtata Supreme Court, and the chief respondent will be Chief Bambilanga Mtirara.

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(103)

# Tracor shows R5,1m loss

UMTATA — The operating results of the Transkei Agriculture Corporation (Tracor) for the year ended March 31, 1984, showed a net loss of R5,1 million.

The Tracor report was tabled in the National Assembly here by the Minister of Finance, Mr Sydney Qaba, and was prepared by the Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela.

In the report, Mr Maqubela stated that as he had emphasised in the past, the corporations in Transkei were service extension agencies of the government, but should at the same time try to break-even their accounts as they were more business orientated than government departments.

Mr Maqubela also revealed that numerous loans were not being repaid on due dates.

"Some loanees are several months in arrears. I found inst-

ances where loan applications' forms had not been signed by the loanees.

"Loans are referred to the loans committee meeting where they are approved. I found instances where loans were referred in this way, yet when inspecting minutes, I could find no mention of the loan in question. Thus these loans remain unauthorised, Mr Maqubela said.

He said the corporation was involved in rural development, mixed farming, phormium tenax, hides and skins and head office operation projects.

Mr Maqubela said that as a result of the findings of independent consultants briefed by the government, the phormium tenax industry at Butterworth had to be discontinued and the lands were to be rehabilitated to normal cropping production.

There were rural de-



MR QABA

velopment projects at Emgwe, in Ngqamakwe and in Qumbu.

The mixed farming projects were at the Occupation Post, Poort, Big Umngazi Nursery, Lanti, Bedford, Mkambati, Nkondwane, Qumbu Commonage and Dumasi.

Mr Maqubela said Tracor also administered a number of agricultural schemes for and on behalf of the Transkei Government.

# Calaza: thefts in department

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Dishonesty and pilfering had been rife in the Department of Posts and Telecommunications, and several cases of theft and misappropriation of government funds had been discovered.

This emerged in the department's annual report which was tabled in Parliament by the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Miss Stella Sigcau.

In the report, the Transkei Postmaster-General, Mr S. Calaza, said some of the crimes were committed by high-ranking officials with a good number of years experience.

Mr Calaza said the departmental inspectorate had to prefer charges of theft against the officers involved and the cases were handed over to the Transkei police for further investigation and court action.

He said although the quality of service rendered by most of the senior members of the staff was deteriorating, a heartening factor on the other hand was the stirring work rendered by some of the inexperi-

enced junior officers who had been placed in charge of sub-offices.

Turning to buildings, Mr Calaza said the department had reappraised its building programme, which was mainly geared at opening "satellite" post offices all over the country.

"In the new strategy, the department has decided to concentrate on the erection of state owned buildings in those areas where postal services have been operating in rented office accommodation, while particular attention has been given to major renovations of the dilapidated existing buildings.

"Consequently, the building projects at Cala, Ilingenda and eZibeleni were completed during the financial year under review and will be officially opened during the ensuing financial year.

He also announced that postal services in Transkei had shown a marked increase in volume of work compared with the previous financial year.



00 27/5/26  
**Call to  
scrap  
border  
posts**

**Dispatch Reporter**  
QUEENSTOWN — The town council is to ask the government to abolish all border posts between South Africa and Transkei.

This was resolved at a council general action committee meeting.

The acting chairman of the Queenstown Chamber of Commerce, Mr A. S. du Plessis, said the chamber had requested the council to take the matter up with the government.

He also said that, as the pass laws had been repealed, the border posts were a hindrance to businessmen and Transkeian shoppers who were inconvenienced by time spent at the border posts before they could get through.



399-CANVAS GO

Superceding w

AREA A Durban

AREA B Bloemf

AREA C Klip R

# AG slams T'kei cabinet spending

D.D.  
28/5/86  
103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — There was a "pathetic lack of financial discipline" in Transkei, the Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, said in his report tabled in Parliament yesterday.

The report on the appropriation, miscellaneous account and the accounts on lower authorities, castigated cabinet ministers, civil servants and other officials, and Mr Maqubela said the lack of financial discipline ran like a "golden thread" through most financial transactions.

Dealing with the 19 ministries, regional authorities, 28 municipalities and 10 corporations, Mr Maqubela said the lack of financial discipline was manifested in:

- Contractual commitments being entered without cognisance of the limited resources of the state;

- Higher authority giving directives which had far-reaching financial implications, and for which no provision had been made on the estimates;

- Failure to adhere to treasury and tender board regulations;

- Failure to co-ordinate budgeting and planning;

- The phenomenal growth in government expenditure which increased dependence on loans for funding the fiscal disequilibrium in the Exchequer.

Mr Maqubela cited several instances which contributed to the R17

million unauthorised expenditure and which caused him "deep concern".

Among them was a cabinet-authorised use of credit club cards by cabinet ministers during their travels. A breakdown of the cards for the year showed subscriptions cost R195, hotel and accommodation expenses R22 230,30 and private expenses R6 766,73.

"I am deeply concerned by the dis-

bursement of public funds on private expenses as this has been done without proper authority and for purposes not intended by the National Assembly.

"It must also be stated that the same tendency has manifested itself over the previous financial years and no attempts were made to reimburse the state for amounts expended for private purposes," Mr Maqubela said.

## AG: R16 000 paid for incompetence

UMTATA — The Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, said there were four cases of wasteful expenditure recorded in the Auditor-General's report on the appropriation, miscellaneous account and the accounts of the lower authorities.

A total of R16 331 was listed as fruitless expenditure in the Department of Education through the employment of an incompetent teacher.

Another case of fruitless expenditure amounting to R5 203,20 involved a Department of Foreign Affairs officer who was transferred from the embassy in South Africa to the Department of the Prime Minister.

The allowance was for foreign service and children and Mr Maqubela said he had asked the accounting officer why the amount should

not be disallowed and recovered from the officer.

The purchase at a cost of R71 570 of computer equipment to carry out information processing requirements for the Unemployment Insurance Fund in the Department of Interior was regarded as wasteful expenditure.

Mr Maqubela said the government computer section in the Department of Finance had both the capacity and expertise to handle the fund.

The funds involved in the promotion of a lieutenant-general to the rank of general in the Ministry of Police should also be regarded as fruitless expenditure as the department had only one post of general which existed. The post had already been filled. ✓



# Police confirm T'kei 3 held

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei police yesterday confirmed the detention of three Environmental and Development Agency (EDA) fieldworkers.

A spokesman for the Transkei Police directorate of public relations yesterday confirmed the detentions by security police of Mr Mosilo Kuali, Mr Shepherd Mdala and Mr Abednego

Mvelase.

However, the spokesman denied claims that a Mr Nick Swan was also detained. He said no Mr Swan was being held by security police.

An Amnesty International letter writer, Mr John T. Hannah of Houston, Texas, had written to the State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, claiming that the four

EDA men were being held without being charged and without access to contact with their families or legal counsel.

A copy of Mr Hannah's letter was sent to the Transkei Attorney-General, Mr H. F. van Zyl, and to the Daily Dispatch.

The police spokesman did not say when the detentions took place.

DD 28/5/86 (103) (BR)

DD-29/5/86 (103)

## Hotel manager jailed for theft and forgery

UMTATA — A 29-year-old Port St Johns hotel manager has been found guilty in the Supreme Court here of forgery and theft.

John James O'Grady, an Irish national, was sentenced to 34 months' imprisonment, 18 of which were suspended for three years on condition that he pays R11 325,71 to the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) by June 30 and that he is not convicted of an offence involving dishonesty during the suspension period.

He was found guilty of five counts of forgery, theft and uttering of forged documents, which were treated as one for the purpose of sentence. O'Grady had pleaded guilty to the five counts.

The court found that he had, with the intent to defraud Nyanda Investments (Pty) Ltd and/or the TDC, forged the counter-signature of the TDC's financial manager, Mr Theodore Jordan, and drawn at the Standard Bank amounts of R2 000 and R14 436,27 on March 15 and 27 this year.

On March 31, at the Cape Hermes Hotel in Port St Johns, he stole R14 239,44 in cash from the company and/or the TDC.

Mr P. Rowan, for the defence, read out a statement by O'Grady in which he claimed he stole the money "as I was in a state of sorrow and shock after the suicide and funeral of Elizabeth (his fiancée)."

He said his parents "were intending coming to South Africa to be at my wedding, instead they came to see me in jail."

"I am guilty for what I did and am sorry. All I want to do is return home and try to make something of my life," O'Grady said. He was arrested on April 4. An amount of R19 350 cash was found in his possession.

The case began in Port St Johns on May 6. It was later transferred to the Umtata Supreme Court.

The judge was Mr Justice H. E. Davies. Mr S. S. Louw appeared for the state and Mr P. Rowan for the defence.



# Call to treat PE's needs separately

2 Post 30/5/86

THE Port Elizabeth City Council seems ready to fight for the city's future.

At its monthly meeting last night the council decided to ask that the PE-Uitenhage metropolitan area be treated as a development region separate from Region D, which includes Ciskei, Border and southern Transkei. It also decided to make urgent representations to prevent the closure of the PE office of the National Building Research Institute.

Arguing for a separate Regional Development Advisory Committee (RDAC) for PE, Mr McKiever said that the Region D RDAC, which has been in operation for three years, had achieved few of its objectives for the region and none for PE in particular.

The inclusion of Ciskei and Transkei in Region D meant members of the region could unilaterally vote additional incentives for themselves, as Ciskei had done with the abolition of company tax.

"The RDAC has stood by and seen the PE-Uitenhage area sink into decay and only at the last moment did it put forward certain proposals to Government — none of which have been accepted," he said.

Mr McKiever predicted that none of these proposals was likely to increase the influx of new business into the area.

"All they may do is maintain certain existing businesses," he said.

The recent appointment of the East Cape Strategic Development Task Force, with its functions virtually identical with those of the RDAC, was an indictment of the present RDAC.

Defending the RDAC, of which he is deputy chairman, Mr H van Zyl Cillié, pointed out that the issue of a separate region for PE had been turned down by the National Regional Advisory Committee last year.

He said he did not believe the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning, Mr Chris Heunis, would agree to see a delegation on this matter "because we are not following the correct channels".

Also opposing the motion, Mr Frikkie Kotze questioned the motives of PE businessmen who were happy to make 100% profits in the good times and were running to the Government now that the tills had stopped ringing. He suggested that the solution might lie in harder work.

The motion was passed by 13 votes to 10.

Proposing his motion on the NBRI, Mr Solly Rubin said its office in Port Elizabeth did invaluable work for the building industry in one of the worst hit sectors in the current economic slump. "We've got to put up a fight for ourselves," he said.

This motion was passed without opposition.

The Town Clerk, Mr P K Botha, said the council should rather make its representations directly to the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, which controlled the NBRI.

# Police confirm (103) detention of (228) T'kei worker

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — The SAP directorate of public relations in Pretoria yesterday confirmed the detention of a Transkei Environmental and Development Agency (EDA) fieldworker, Mr Nicholas Swan.

In a telex, the directorate said Mr Swan had been detained under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

The telex did not indicate when Mr Swan was detained or where he was being held.

This follows the detention of three of Mr Swans's colleagues last week by Transkei security police. They are Mr Mosilo Kuali, Mr Shepherd Mdala, and Mr Abednego Mvelase.

An Amnesty International letter writer, Mr John T. Hannah, of Houston, Texas, has written to the State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, claiming that four EDA men were being held without being charged and without access to contact their families or legal counsel.

A lawyer representing the three men detained by Transkei security police, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said they were be-

ing held under Section 47 (1) of the 1977 Public Security Act.

Mr Ntsebeza said the police had "made us understand that there is reason to believe the detainees could assist investigations concerning the discovery of certain explosives in the Maluti and Herschel areas".

He said a letter had been sent to the Transkei Police indicating that the detainees had been held long enough for questioning.

If they were not released an application for their release would be submitted next Thursday, Mr Ntsebeza said.



DD 30/5/86

## Tezapi: fund abuse alarms

UMTATA — Cases of embezzlement and misappropriation of Transkei state funds had assumed an alarming rate, the Deputy Minister of Finance, Mr David Tezapi, said in the National Assembly yesterday.

Delivering the Finance Department policy speech on behalf of the Minister of Finance, Mr Sydney Qaba, Mr Tezapi said that during the 1984/1985 financial year, misappropriation of about R119 000 was uncovered in two Transkei districts by Department of Finance accounts inspectors. Of this amount, about R86 000 was in respect of suspected misappropriation by a messenger of the court.

Mr Tezapi said it appeared there was some laxity on the part of checking officers in the execution of their duties.

The case had been handed over to the police for investigations.

"In the light of such cases, as well as those currently under investigation by the Department of the Auditor-General, my department

is re-evaluating the capacity of the accounts inspectorate branch to cope with the demands imposed on it by prevalent irregularities in the various departments with a view to curbing these anomalies effectively," Mr Tezapi said.

Turning to state debt, Mr Tezapi said its increase was becoming a matter of concern, especially since development projects had made no significant contribution in the form of revenue in the short term.

He said the disinvestment campaign against South Africa and the threatening political instability within her borders had an adverse effect on the entire economy of Southern Africa, resulting in the introduction of the "standstill" on foreign capital transactions which had since been extended to June 30, next year.

Mr Tezapi told the House that the standstill arrangement should be viewed as a means of controlling the depletion of "our foreign reserves in the light of the international threats aimed at crippling our economy".

31/5/86 (103) 00 X

# Foreigners flood job market — MP

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
**UMTATA** — The Department of Interior was attacked yesterday because of the number of expatriates in Transkei who were "flooding the employment market."

The Deputy Leader of the Opposition Democratic Progressive Party (DPP), Chief Ntsikayezwe Sigcau, of Tabankulu, warned the government that many expatriates were responsible for the coups in several African countries.

He accused expatriates of being spies and informers.

Border post control should be tightened.

The MP for Butterworth, Mr Witness Tamsanqa, told the House that the government must be careful about granting settlement or working permits to foreigners.

He said there were many expatriates who

left their countries to come and flood the limited employment market in Transkei.

"We cannot tolerate this because there are children who have passed matric and have no jobs and this is their country where they must be employed, instead of expatriates.

"We have examples of this nature because in Nigeria it was discovered the expatriates were the bosses and did not even respect the citizens of that country after being allowed to work there. They were immediately sacked and chased out of the country," Mr Tamsanqa said.

He agreed with Mr Peter Powell who had campaigned in the British Parliament that all expatriates be returned to their countries.

Mr Tamsanqa said some of the expatriates were not technicians or specialists in their fields, but were doing jobs which could be done by Transkeians.

"What is disturbing is

that I have discovered there are now foreigners who manage shops. Our children are hungry. These people are not specialists. Why should this be allowed?

"Surely if we want to protect our people, we must not let expatriates flood the already scarce employment market," Mr Tamsanqa said.

Mr Tamsanqa said of the 133 foreigners who had been granted Transkei citizenship, he hoped that those were coloureds and whites who grew up in the country.

He said the government must also be aware of ex-Rhodesians who fled Mr Robert Mugabe's government. They were employed in many firms as managers or as personnel officers and some of them were undermining Transkeians.

"At times one finds that they advertise a post only to find out that when a Transkeian is appointed as a personnel manager, he does a messenger's job."

1. Overtime pay - Minimum of a full day's pay after two hours work on a

Footnotes

- Area A: Cape Province: The Magisterial Districts of the Cape, Simon's Town, Wynberg, Bellville, Port Elizabeth and Stellenbosch, and the municipal area of Kimberley
- Area B: Transvaal: The Magisterial Districts of Johannesburg, Germiston and Klerksdorp. Orange Free State: The Magisterial District of Bloemfontein.
- Area C: Cape Province: The municipal areas of Queenstown and Vryburg and the Magisterial District of Oudtshoorn
- Orange Free State: The municipal Area of Bethlehem Natal: The Municipal areas of Newcastle and Vryheid.
- All areas in the Republic not covered by A & B.

Parties  
 Employer Organisation: Dairy Industry Employer's Organisation  
 Trade Union: National Union of Dairy Industry Employees



DD 31/5/86 (103) 951

# Ndamase: 285 aliens repatriated last year

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The government had repatriated 285 foreigners last year, the Minister of Interior, Chief D. D. P. Ndamase, announced here yesterday.

Chief Ndamase told the National Assembly that 201 permanent residence permits and 20 resettlements had been granted. A total of 133 people took Transkeian citizenship.

Dealing with births, marriages and deaths in Transkei, Chief Ndamase said between April 1, 1984 and March 31, 1985, 26 636 births, 11 456 death, 4 953 civil marriages and 158 customary marriages had been recorded.

On immigration and settlement, he said it was the undeniable duty of every nation in the world to ensure a judicious control over the entry and settlement of other nationals.

It was also the duty of the nation to ensure the well being of its nationals while they were in foreign lands, and when their continued stay in such lands became incompatible with their well being and reputation of their motherland, steps must be taken to bring them home.

"We have in the country people of other nationalities domiciled here and others who after the stipulated duration of stay and having come to realise the peace and tranquillity of this country, have opted for Transkeian citizenship.

"Applications for settlement in Transkei are dealt with by this division and approval is given

only after thorough investigation of the applicant.

"However, such permits may be cancelled at the minister's discretion, without giving any reason, if the holder's continued stay is found to not be in the interest of the state," Chief Ndamase said.

On the general elections in September, Chief Ndamase said Transkei was entering maturity.

He said the way the country would celebrate its 10th anniversary as a sovereign state was evidence.

"This period in the annals of the country's history will be marked not only by pomp and pageantry, but also representatives of the people to the decision-making body of the country, the National Assembly, will be elected.

"I know this issue usually heightens the anxiety of members of this House since, it is fated that some of them will not make it back," he said.

The minister said in order to ensure the success of the general elections, the population registration branch of the department had been busy for the past two years and had been engaged in the registration of voters.

He said the task of replacing cards bearing reference book numbers with cards containing particulars of each voter, as reflected in the book of life file, was almost completed.

On completion the central index would be composed of registration cards bearing identity document numbers filed in numerical order separately for men and women in respect of each electoral division in Transkei.

# Police detain six Unitra students

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**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Six University of Transkei (Unitra) students were detained by Transkei security police this week, the head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, confirmed yesterday.

Gen Kawe said the six were being interrogated at present but "may be released at any time."

He said they had been found to be in possession of "certain documents of a political nature."

The students were

being held in terms of Section 47 (1) of the 1977 Public Security Act, Gen Kawe said.

He said that if a case were built up against the students they might appear in court soon. "There will not be any delay."

The six are: Miss Xoliswa Gaba, a second-year BA student from Zwelitsha who was detained on Wednesday, Mr Teboho Ranakhele, from Sterkspruit, Mr Vuyani Nobongoza, an economics student from Cala, Mr Mashumi

Nyamana, Mr Alfred Nchithwa and Miss Bulelwa Ndzutha, from Engcobo, who were all detained on Thursday.

Later reports that Miss Gaba had been deported could not be confirmed.

A lawyer, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, said Mr Ranakhele, Mr Nobongoza and Mr Nyamana were believed to be members of the University's SRC.

He said attorneys had written to the police on Thursday inquiring about the detentions of the students, except for Miss

Ndzutha, as reports of her detention reached attorneys only later. Inquiries about Miss Ndzutha were to be made yesterday.

Meanwhile, as the student boycott of lectures entered its 13th day yesterday the Unitra campus was reported to be quiet.

Students launched a boycott of lectures in response to the deportation of two students on May 13. On May 18, two more students were deported.

The university council

decided last week that lectures would continue and that the normal calendar year would be followed.

Mid-year examinations, however, were postponed to the end of July, after the mid-year vacation.

The principal of Unitra, Prof B. V. van der Merwe, said the council had decided that students who did not achieve the required minimum in the mid-year examination might not be allowed to continue the year.



# Court stops cop assault

STUDENTS at Ciskei's Lennox Sebe College of Education - scene of clashes between police and students last week - were granted an interim order in the Supreme Court this week restraining cops from assaulting them.

The order - granted on the agreement of the students and Justice Minister David Takane, Police Commissioner Edwin Kutta and college rector C Hurter - follows the death of a student and the assault of several others.

Students also asked Judge B Pickard to order the homeland authorities to take immediate steps to re-open the college.

In affidavits before the court, the students said the police had been unprovoked. They also feared that the police would return and assault them again, they said.

In a statement - read by state counsel PJ de Bruyn - Education Minister Brown Bityi said:

"There has been continuous unrest at the college which culminated in the events of May 23. The authorities had no option but to close the college. It will re-open on July 15."

The return date for the application is August 1. - Veritas News Agency.

Transkei (107)  
GST up 002/BL

UMTATA — General sales tax in Transkei went up from seven to 10 per cent yesterday.

The increase was first announced in Parliament by the Minister of Finance, Mr S. Qaba during his department's budget speech. — DDR



DD(103) 3/4/86 7

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — Greater participation by Transkei citizens in investing in development and freehold title for foreign investments were two key points announced by the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr G. K. Nota, in his department's policy speech in the National Assembly here yesterday.

Mr Nota announced the establishment of the Transkei Public Investment Company which would invite Transkeians to buy shares in industrial developments.

He said the drive for indigenous participation in industry demanded that some of the shareholders should be

# Transkeians to share in new development

practically involved in the factories.

He said the government had adopted the view that the people of the country must be given the opportunity to participate in the economic growth generated by projects which it had established.

He said to achieve this objective, the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, believed that the public

should be invited to buy shares in either a specific project or in an investment-holding company whose portfolio of shares would comprise shares in various projects.

The TDC would at all times try to protect the interests of shareholders and guarantee a minimum rate of return on shareholder investment.

Mr Nota said the

Transkei Public Investment Company Limited had been incorporated and the public was urged to look out for advertisements inviting subscriptions.

Mr Nota told the House that the decision taken by the government to grant freehold title to industrialists would have the benefit of reducing the TDC's costs of attracting industries, thereby allowing the use of limited financial resources for other developments.

The granting of unlimited investment in buildings to the industrialist would also enhance the total value of the industry concerned and its ability to borrow capital from other financial institutions.

## Nota: Transkei against sanctions

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The Transkei Government dissociated itself from the disinvestment campaign and called upon all "decent, altruistic and nationalistic black South Africans not to lay false and myopic foundations for the economy of a future liberated South Africa."

This was said by the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Gordon Nota, in the National Assembly

yesterday.

Mr Nota told the House that the past year had witnessed the imposition of various forms of economic sanctions on South Africa.

The threat of disinvestment and its apparent support by some sections of the South African population had shocked Transkei's understanding and appreciation of the liberation struggle.

"This will induce a deceleration of the growth

impetus with negative effects for savings and investment through the attrition of profits.

Mr Nota, whose department's budget for the year 1986/1987, had been drastically cut to R62,3 million, instead of R106,6 million told the House he was "at a loss as to whether to tender apologies to this House for the hot allegations of misappropriations which have been directed at my department.

"You have surely

noticed that I have neither publicly reacted to them nor issued my version of the events.

"I have refrained from making any statements mainly in order to avoid confusion.

"The House is assured that no stone will be left unturned in this regard. The debate therefore, should be based on the roles of commerce, industry, tourism and mining in the development of our young state," Mr Nota said.

**HANSARD**  
 \*3. Mr H D K VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Education and Culture:†

What total number of White pupils attended schools in the Republic in 1982 and 1983, respectively?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

1982	1 006 763
1983	1 015 818

**HANSARD**  
 \*4. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether it is anticipated that any teachers in schools in the Cape School Board area will lose their jobs at the end of 1986 as a result of (a) reduction in the number of pupils and (b) the implementation of revised pupil/teacher ratios; if so, how many in each case;

(2) whether changes in pupil/teacher ratios are to be implemented (a) in stages or (b) at one time; if so, (i) when and (ii) why?

†The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(1) (a) Yes, exact number not known. In accordance with the staff provision scales schools were informed of the abolition of 94 teaching posts. Representations for the retention of posts are still being considered at present.  
 (b) No, none.

(2) No decisions have yet been taken in this regard.  
 (a) and (b) Fall away.

Teachers

\*5. Mr K M ANDREW asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether it is anticipated that any teachers in schools in the Parow School Board area will lose their jobs at the end of 1986 as a result of (a) reduction in the number of pupils and (b) the implementation of revised pupil/teacher ratios; if so, how many in each case;

(2) whether changes in pupil/teacher ratios are to be implemented (a) in stages or (b) at one time; if so, (i) when and (ii) why?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(1) (a) Yes, exact number not known. In accordance with the staff provision scales schools were informed of the abolition of 72 teaching posts. Representations for the retention of posts are still being considered at present.  
 (b) No, none.

(2) No decisions have yet been taken in this regard.  
 (a) and (b) Fall away.

School hostel posts: remuneration system

\*6. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether a common remuneration system has been instituted for school hostel management and supervisory posts falling under his Department; if not, why not; if so, (a) when was this system instituted and (b) what total amount was paid out in terms of this remuneration in the 1985-86 financial year;

(2) whether any provincial education departments have at any time deviated from this system; if so, (a) which education departments, (b) in what respects and (c) why;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(1) Yes,  
 (a) 1 April 1981, except OFS who implemented it from 1 April 1982,

(b) Cape—R3 580 261  
 OFS—R1 802 600  
 Transvaal—R4 088 791, 56  
 Education and Culture—  
 R1 373 465,64  
 Natal—not readily available, allowances formed part of the remuneration package;

(2) no, the system however makes provision for remuneration for different functions. The Departments themselves determine which functions are to be executed by the various officials and remunerate them accordingly.

(a), (b) and (c) fall away;

(3) no.

Mr R M BURROWS: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, is he aware that in certain provinces certain posts are remunerated whereas in other provinces they are not remunerated at all?

†The MINISTER: Mr Chairman, as I have indicated, it is quite possible that there is a difference in the various education departments with regard to the remuneration of certain functions.

**HANSARD**  
 Umtata/Mafikeng: schools  
 \*7. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

Whether any schools in (a) Umtata, Transkei, and (b) Mafikeng, Bophuthatswana, fall under the control of his Department; if so, (i) what are the names of the schools in question, (ii) what is the total number of pupils attending these schools, (iii) how many such pupils are White, (iv) under which provincial education department do these schools fall and

(v) in respect of what date is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(a) and (b) yes,

(i) Umtata High  
 Transkei High  
 Mafikeng High  
 Mafikeng Primary  
 Mafikeng Preparatory,

(ii) 1 794,

(iii) 1 525,

(iv) Cape Education Department,

(v) 31 January 1986.

Underutilised/unused education institutions

\*8. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Education and Culture:

(1) Whether he had held discussions with any other Ministers of State responsible for education regarding the existence and possible future use of underutilised and unused education institutions; if not, why not; if so, (a) with which Ministers has he held discussions, (b) on what dates and (c) with what results;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

(1) No formal discussions were held with any Minister for Education concerning any underutilised or unused institution, as I did not yet regard it as necessary,

(a), (b) and (c) fall away;

(2) no.

Mr R M BURROWS: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Minister's reply, will



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D. D. 4/6/86

# Matanzima warns MPs

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei's Parliament would have to have night sittings if business in the House continued at a "snail's pace", the Prime Minister of Transkei, Chief George Matanzima said yesterday.

Chief Matanzima warned parliamentarians not to leave the House during sittings.

"If members absent themselves from the House it is unclear who represents certain constituencies," he said.

Chief Matanzima said that requests for the postponement of ministers' policy speeches had become a new tendency among MPs.

"Policy speeches are simple and members can take notes and reply after the ministers have delivered the speeches," he told them.

He said the parliamentary session was costly and delays in discussions and the budget were presenting financial problems to the government.

# Unitra intimidation claim

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Every day in the last two weeks, students at the University of Transkei who wished to attend classes were driven away by "a few students who loiter at strategic points around the library building a teaching wall".

The principal of Unitra, Professor B. van der Merwe, said this in a notice to staff and students this week.

Police would remain on campus until the situation returned to normal as the university was "not in a position to contain the type of incidents described", he said.

Prof Van Der Merwe said six students interrupted classes "by throwing stones and switching off the lights".

Two cases of assault had been re-

ported. "One student was assaulted and driven from a lecture room by students supporting the boycott."

"In the residences, an attempt was made to strangle a student who tried to attend classes during the boycott."

Prof Van Der Merwe said he regarded attending classes "as an inviolable right of each and every student. Therefore, as the principal of this university, it is my responsibility and duty within the laws of the country to ensure that at all times the environment on campus is such that students can exercise this right."

"For this reason, I will not allow harassment and the use of force against students who wish to exercise the most precious right they have as registered students of this university."

(S)

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DD 4/6/86



# To export water

Huge

Transkei DD 4/6/86

(153)

Plan

Dispatch Reporter

**UMTATA — A scheme to export water from Transkei to countries in the Middle East — possibly in return for oil — is being considered.**

Transkei's Director of Works and Energy, Mr Anthony Hyde, confirmed here yesterday that feasibility studies on exporting water were being conducted.

The initial stages of the long-term project involve the construction of a large dam on the Umzimvubu River, holding twice as much water as the Hendrik Verwoerd Dam.

This would be followed by the construction of a weir or small dam downstream. The weir is intended to stop sudden flooding and also to hold water for exporting.

The water would be piped to off-shore floating moors.

The Umzimvubu River, which flows into the sea at Port St Johns, drains almost 60 per cent of Transkei's water.

Asked if oil would be received in return for the water, Mr Hyde said payment would probably be in oil, but not necessarily.

With the price of crude oil dropping, the Middle East countries, which he did not name, would "probably prefer to provide oil".

Mr Hyde said the two dams on the Umzimvubu were the first of a series. "It will take 30 years or more to develop the whole scheme."

Exporting water was only one purpose of the scheme, he said.

Others were generating hydro-electric power, supplying drinking water for Pondoland, irrigating about 10 000 hectares, providing job opportunities and potential for tourism, and stimulating secondary industries in agriculture and forestry.

Regarding job creation, Mr Hyde said the large dam would take some six years to build and the construction of the small dam would provide about 500 jobs.

Water pipelines would also have to be installed.

The scheme, costing between one and two billion American dollars, would probably be financed largely by the South African Government, but also by a "financial country in Europe", whose offer held until the end of the year.

Profit for Transkei depended on how the scheme was financed. "We are hoping to draw cash almost immediately after the first stage (the building of the weir)," Mr Hyde said.

The Transkei Government strongly supported the scheme, which could be "one of the main sources of income for Transkei", he said.

"When people first hear of selling water, they are inclined to throw up their arms and think it is a pie-in-the-sky idea. But it is viable."

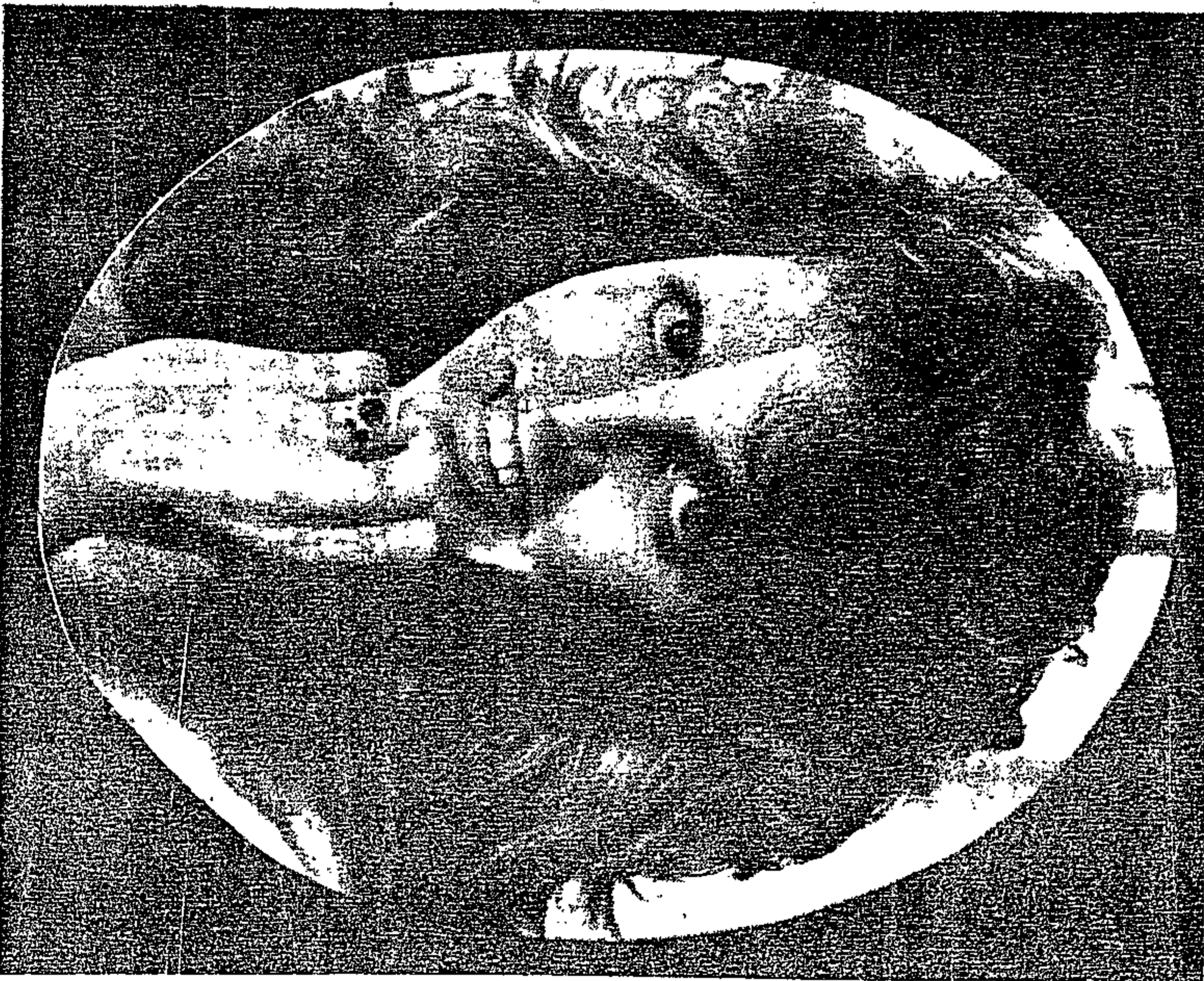
Mr Hyde said while large areas of Southern Africa faced an almost certain water deficiency in the future, there was a "huge amount" of water available in the Umzimvubu.

By 1990, the river would have a surplus of about 5 678 million cubic metres, and by 2020 it would have a surplus of about 4 500 million cubic metres.

In contrast, the Ketsi River would have a surplus of about 416 million in 1990, but this would drop to 204 million by 2010.

The Ketsikamma River in Ciskei would have a surplus of about 132 million in 1990, but would "drop rapidly to a deficiency situation by 2013".

Mr Hyde said the idea of exporting water was pioneered by France where water was profitably exported from Marcellles to Barcelona in



Prince Andrew, an amateur photographer, took this picture of his fiancée, Sarah Ferguson, for inclusion in the official souvenir book on their

## AAA applic

PRETORIA — AA Mutual's application to pursue a compromise agreement with its creditors in terms of Section 311 of the Companies Act was dismissed with costs in the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Mr Justice Henry Daniels said even though there was merit in the application he was constrained by law from granting it.

Mr Ralph Zulman, SC, who appeared for AA Mutual, argued earlier that whereas A class creditors — meaning trade creditors and policy holders with claims — would be offered 35c in the rand with the balance charged through AA Mutual shares, a liquidation would result in a payment of only 29c.

He also said that B class creditors — other policy holders — would be offered 45c in the rand plus shares on a pro rata basis for the period that their policies would be annulled.

Mr Zulman said it was not for the court to judge the commercial merits of the proposition but he cited favourable financial projections for a restructured AA Mutual





Border region

6/25/85

4/6/86

# indaba mooted

## By KEITH ROSS EAST LONDON — A move is afoot in the Border region to start negotiations with Ciskei and Transkei along the lines of the Kwa-Natal indaba.

The move has been initiated by the Border Regional Development Association.

The association's president, Mr Cyril Manthe, said today that his organisation had formed a sub-committee to research the Kwa-Natal indaba.

"We will also hold meetings with other development associations in the Border to get a general consensus on the issue," he said.

He hoped negotiations with Ciskei and Transkei would take place with the approval of the South African Government.

"We are acting on a request made by the Minister for Constitutional Development and Planning, Mr Chris Heunis, for constructive suggestions from the grass-roots level," he said.

"Negotiations with Transkei and Ciskei would have tremendous advantages for this whole area. At the moment we have serious communication problems across national boundaries. Communication does take place through liaison committees and the Government, but at the level of the private sector channels are poor."

Mr Manthe wanted negotiations with Ciskei and Transkei on the sharing of facilities and infrastructure. He foresaw a possible administrative body being set up in the Border region with the power to conduct such negotiations.

"We are represented in this area by members of Parliament who have no powers to discuss these matters across state lines," he said.

Mr Manthe planned to put a set of "constructive suggestions" to the region D advisory committee. The committee, he hoped, would put these suggestions before the Cabinet.

(scribble)

103

(scribble)



103/1004/6/86

# Nota: opening of CBDs welcomed

# Government, TDC blamed for homes

**Transkei Parliament**  
UMTATA — The spate of insolvencies in Southern Africa which eroded employment had had devastating consequences for the families of migrant workers, the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Gordon Nota, told the National Assembly in his policy speech here.

"The Southern African economy continues to be dominated by South Africa and what happens to her economy affects ours.

"The political turmoil that affects South Africa, spills over to Transkei's economy.

"The drop in the exchange value of the rand affects the entire rand monetary area. It is in this connection that Transkei looks forward to more realistic politics.

al reforms in South Africa.

"The reform movement in South Africa is welcomed by the department, especially the opening of the central business districts (CBD) and the deregulation of business. It is hoped this will lead to a more favourable consideration of the financing of blacks by the financial institutions.

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The Department of Local Government and Land Tenure, the municipalities and the Transkei Development Corporation had failed dismally to provide accommodation for the population of Transkei.

This was said by the MP for Butterworth, Mr

R. M. Matutu, when he addressed the National Assembly during the debate on the policy speech of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

Mr Matutu said there were certain elements at the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) who wanted to "topple the managing director, Mr Mbulelo Ntloko".

# Plan to export Transkei water in exchange for oil

# Soldiers urged: Don't toast PW

ORMANDE POLLOK  
Political Correspondent

**CAPE TOWN**—The Conservative Party is to launch a largescale campaign of defiance among its supporters in the Defence Force by asking them not to drink toasts to the State President.

This emerged in a cross-fire of questions in Parliament yesterday as Mr Koos van der Merwe, the CP's defence, spokesman, said amic would interjections: 'We will not drink to the State President.'

It could lead to a serious confrontation in the SADF if enough members join the campaign as the State President is also Commander-in-Chief of the SADF.

The Defence Minister, Gen Magnus Malan, said in reply to a question read on his behalf by his deputy, Mr Adriaan Vlok, that it would be inadvisable for any sol-

In this instance the toast is not drunk to the person, but to the office. It serves as a mark of respect to the State, said Mr Boshu.

No action was planned against people who refused because people should be educated rather than forced.

Replying to the charge that he was a controversial political figure, Mr Boshu said all previous State Presidents had also been controversial figures before they took over the post.

### No change

Mr van der Merwe wanted to know from Gen Malan, who is recovering from

103 Mercury Correspondent

UMTATA—A scheme to export water from Transkei to countries in the Middle East, possibly in return for oil, is in the pipeline.

The Director of Works and Energy in Transkei, Mr Anthony Hyde, confirmed here yesterday that feasibility studies on exporting water were being conducted at present.

The initial stages of the long-term project involved the construction of a large dam on the Umtinwubu River — with the amount of water stored there at twice that in the Hendrik Verwoerd Dam.

This would be followed by the construction of a weir or a small dam downstream, to stop sudden flooding and also to hold water for exporting.

It would be piped to off-shore moorings, in the same way oil was transported, for export.

The Umtinwubu River, which flows into the sea at Port St Johns, drains almost 60% of Transkei's water.

Asked if oil would be received in return for the water, Mr Hyde said payment would probably be in oil, 'but not necessarily'.

With the price of crude oil dropping, the Middle East countries, which he did not name, would probably prefer to provide oil.

**30 years**  
He emphasised that no more than half the surplus water would be exported.

Mr Hyde said the two dams on the Umtinwubu were the first of a series of dams.

'It will take 30 years or more to develop the whole scheme.'

Exporting water was only one purpose of the scheme, he said.

Hydro-electrical generation, supplying drinking water for Fountains, the irrigation of about 10 000 ha, providing job opportunities and potential for tourism, and stimulating secondary industries in agriculture and forestry, were other motivations.

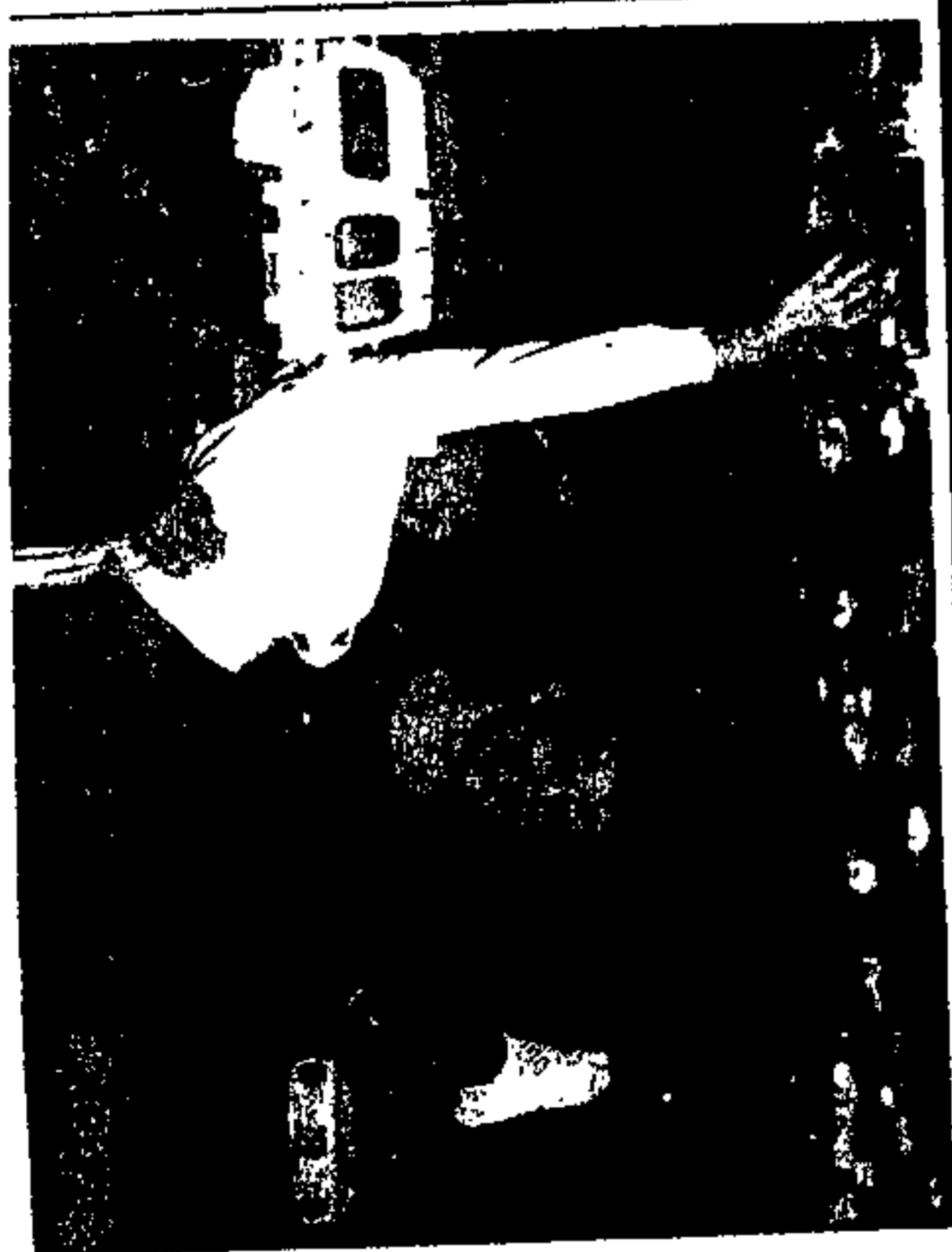
Regarding job creation, Mr Hyde said the large dam would take some six years to build and the construction of the small dam would provide about 500 jobs.

Water pipelines would also have to be installed.

The scheme, costing between one and two billion American dollars to build the dams and start exporting, would probably be financed largely by the South African Department of Civil Works, but also by a financial country in Europe, whose offer held until the end of the year.

Profit for Transkei depended on how the scheme was financed.

### Keeping five alive



Durban's five artists turned out in force for the regional finals of the national Checkers rock'n roll competition on the Bluff yesterday. Here, John Jamieson, 16, and Caryn Davidson, 17, rock on to qualify for a free trip to Johannesburg on June 14 for the grand finale in Hillbrow where prizes include a Porsche replica worth R20 000 and a trip for two to Mauritius.

Picture by ALAN COXON

### Cricketers stumped by mackerel thump

London Bureau

CRICKETERS found themselves stumped for words when a mackerel stopped play.

The 30 cm fish fell out of the sky and landed near 21-year-old batsman Simon Hazlett.

It happened as the Old Cliftonians Cricket XI played the Leicester-shire-based Stowe Templars in a cup match at



# Cautious SA reaction to water plan

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — South African officials have reacted cautiously to a report about a scheme to export water from Transkei to countries in the Middle East.

The deputy director-general in the Department of Water Affairs in Pretoria, Mr D. Classen, said the South African Government was aware of the envisaged project by Transkei and knew about the investigations undertaken.

However, South Africa had not yet received any reports on the feasibility studies on exporting water.

Mr. Classen said he knew of no financial ar-

angement between South Africa and Transkei for the South African Government to finance the envisaged project.

Mr Classen said there was surplus water in the Umzimvubu River at present but he believed the surplus should be stored and used for Transkei's own purposes.

A spokesman for the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research in Pretoria said the scarcity of water was a factor holding back development programmes in Southern Africa and it was unwise to export water to areas outside the region.

# New strategy for nurses

6/6/78 03  
DD

UMTATA — Theatre nurses from throughout Transkei will meet at the Umtata national hospital auditorium tomorrow.

The nurses have recently formed the Transkei Operating Room Nurses Organisation, which has membership in 25 hospitals.

The secretary, Miss V. Ngwentle, said the organisation was the brainchild of Matron N. Breakfast, of Umtata National Hospital, who with other theatre trained sisters had attended SA theatre congresses and symposia for

the last ten years.

“With new concepts and technologies in nursing, Transkei theatre nurses do not wish to lag behind their counterparts in South Africa and the homelands have their societies already,” Miss Ngwentle said.

The guest speaker at today's meeting will be Mrs N. Vuso who recently completed theatre science studies at a Kwazulu hospital.

The aim of the meeting is to determine new strategies in the operating room. — DDR.



# Training in prison

UMTATA — Transkei prisoners were being trained in several skills while serving their sentences so that after their release from prison they would not lapse into crime again and be a burden or a menace to the community, Transkei's Minister of Justice and Prisons, Mr Ramsey Madikizela, said yesterday.

Delivering his policy speech in the National Assembly, Mr Madi-

kizela said his department believed that the energy and resources spent on the rehabilitation of an unfortunate fellow-being was energy well spent and was as important as energy spent on the tilling of the soil.

Training facilities for prisoners had been created in bricklaying, plastering, carpentry, plumbing, welding, wire-meshing and fencing.

For female prisoners manual skills, like crochet-work, knitting, sewing, rush-work and laundry work, were provided.

He said that on December 31, 1984, there were 3 488 sentenced and 1 147 unsentenced prisoners in custody, whereas on December 31, 1985, there were 3 688 sentenced and 1 103 unsentenced prisoners in the country's prisons.

# Help on housing

UMTATA — The Minister of Local Government and Land Tenure, Chie George Ndabankulu said yesterday his department would establish an agency to provide planning, financing and supervision of self-help housing schemes for low income families.

He said 75 per cent of Transkei's urban families earned less than R500 a month. — DDR.

## Additional powers for Unitra council

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The University of Transkei Amendment Act of 1986 which is aimed at conferring additional powers on the university's council and the principal, will be read a second time in the National Assembly, here today.

This was announced yesterday by the Minis-

ter of Education, Mr Sydney Kakudi, during the notices of bills.

Contained in the amendment of this bill are powers for the council — if it considers it to be in the interests of the university — to refuse admission to any person who applies for admission as a student to the university.

# Focus on Transkei

DD 6/6/86 (03)

## Butchers want to trade on Sundays

UMTATA — The question of opening butcheries here on Sundays and public holidays has been discussed at a city council meeting.

A number of butcheries had written to the council requesting that it allow them to open on these days.

Butcheries in Ncambedlana, Ikwezi townships and Ngangelizwe said: "As these butcheries are located outside the central business district of Umtata, their business is badly affected by the absence of customers during normal working hours."

They pointed out that "survival of a township business depended on public holidays and Sundays."

A report from the health and licensing department said there was no uniformity in the hours. Umtata butcheries opened as the 1970 amendment of opening and closing order for shops did not mention butcheries, restaurants and cafe keepers.

In South Africa, shop hours were determined by provincial administrations.

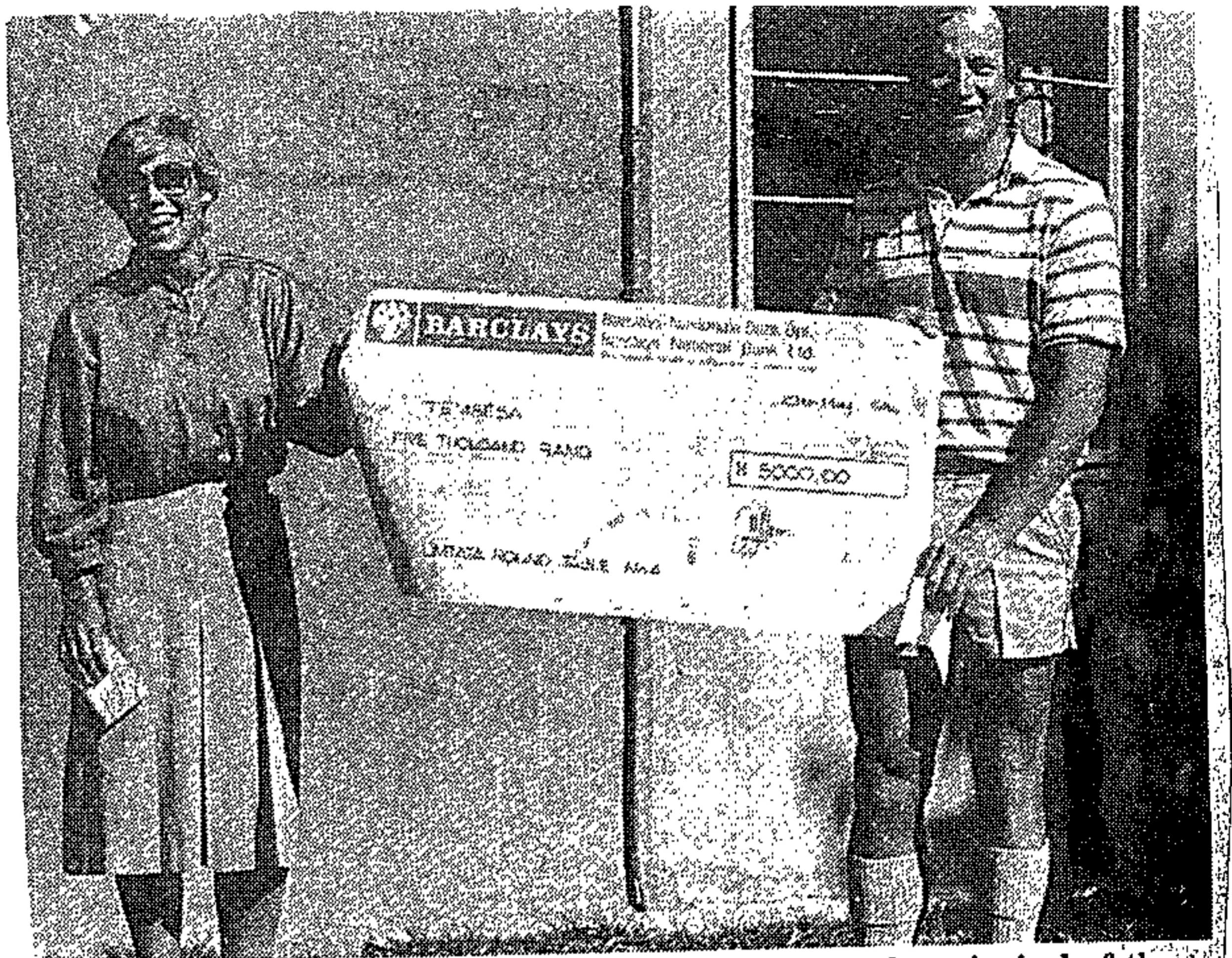
"This department would like to see by-laws on shop hours in the municipal area of Umtata drawn up and submitted to the department of local government and land tenure for approval."

The report said it might be found that the

amendment notice was outdated.

The council accepted a recommendation that the report be referred to the heads of department's committee to consider the possibility of drawing up shop hours by-laws, that the butchers be informed their application was receiving attention and to seek the views of the Chamber of Commerce. — DDR.





Mr Anthony Haines presents a cheque for R5 000 to the principal of the Tembisa School for the Mentally Handicapped, Miss Elizabeth Wetter

02/11/86  
103

## Round Table aid for handicapped

UMTATA — Transkei was not lagging in the "noble race" to better the lot of mentally handicapped people, the deputy chief Director of Education Planning Services, Mr B. Mkumatela, said here.

Mr Mkumatela was guest speaker at a function when Umtata Round Table Number Four handed over a R5 000 cheque to Miss Elizabeth Wetter, principal of the Tembisa School for mentally

handicapped children.

He said the able-bodied and minded people in society must realise their responsibility towards the handicapped, who had a valuable function to perform, fostering "compassion and a deep sense of care in those who do not suffer handicaps."

"In a school for the mentally handicapped, the inherent gifts are not obvious." It was the teachers' duty to discov-

er and develop hidden abilities.

Mr Mkumatela said the United States had used 39 per cent of its 1984 budget to ameliorate "the plight of these weaker folk."

Tembisa school started as a day care centre in February 1982 and was "on the road of development into a special school for the mentally handicapped."

Its aims were to make each child as indepen-

dent as possible to discover and develop each child's skills, to recognise each child's individuality, and to equip him/her with coping skills and knowledge rather than estranging the child from society and the home environment.

Initially subsidised by donations through the Umtata Child and Family Welfare Society and small subscriptions from parents and other interested people, the up-

keep of the centre became too heavy a financial burden. The Department of education was then approached to pay teachers' salaries and to subsidise some running costs.

"The house occupied at present by Tembisa school is totally unsuitable, Mr Mkumatela said. "Round Table has done something concrete to improve the lot of the mentally handicapped in Transkei. — DDR.



# PM describes Unitra subversion

UMTATA — Details of "subversive" activities of the University of Transkei were yesterday related by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, to the National Assembly. (103) 007/6/86

The Prime Minister said that since its opening in 1977 until 1984, the university had been allowed to operate without interference from the state and the police.

"Little did the government know or realise that the university had become a breeding place for subversive activities and political activists until two Unitra students, Mr Kali and Mr Booi, were arrested at the Tele Bridge border post in possession of travel document forms, which were blank, a magistrate's date stamp and a sketch map of the Umtata security police offices and police station.

He said students had demanded the release of the two detained students, claiming that "an injury to one is an injury to all."

Chief Matanzima said students wanted the university to be free from state interference with no police present on the campus.

Pamphlets in which the university administration and the government were abused were distributed on the campus. Lectures were boycotted and students who attended classes were intimidated. There was also an attempt to burn the auditorium.

"They also want no harassment. But how can they justify these claims when, in that university, there is no freedom of thought or of action, and when they curtail the inalienable right of other students to attend lectures if they so desire?"

## Matanzima slams student radicals

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government took action when it discovered the University of Transkei had become a breeding ground for "subversive activities and political activists", the National Assembly was told yesterday.

Speaking during the second reading debate of the University of

Transkei Amendment Bill of 1986, which confers more power on the university principal and council, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, warned students that no responsible government would sit back and allow acts of thuggery to go on unbridled.

He said it was quite clear from the number of

pamphlets distributed at Unitra that some of the students had come to the university for the "sole purpose of causing unrest and confusion in this country".

The Prime Minister said Cosas was banned in Transkei, but the Unitra students' representative council had affiliated Unitra to Cosas, which was an

affiliate of the United Democratic Front.

"I challenge the students of Unitra to behave like students and see if the government and the police will involve themselves at Unitra.

"This bill seeks to give to the university authorities an instrument to deal with such students."



TIGER CITY  
**Matanzima  
visits  
Lesotho**

CP Correspondent

EX-TRANSKEI President Kaizer Matanzima paid a private three-day surprise visit to Lesotho this week.

"This was my first visit - and it was long overdue. I was in 'prison' in the presidential palace for seven years - protocol did not allow me to undertake such trips at the time," said Matanzima after his return.

No one in the Foreign Affairs Department or the Information Department could say in what capacity Matanzima visited Lesotho, since he's now an ordinary Paramount Chief.

His entourage included his wife, Nozuko, Radio Transkei head of services Theo Mcinga, Cabinet Minister Ramsey Madikizela and a few chiefs.

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CMS Times  
7/6/86

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# SI to spend R160m in SA

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Sun International (SI) is to spend R160m in Southern Africa over the next 18 months, on a hotel and African theme park in Bophuthatswana and extensions to the Transkei's Wild Coast complex.

SI chief Sol Kerzner has also disclosed he is considering listing the Wild Coast operation to raise funds for the project.

## Plans

Announcing the plans yesterday, he said the new hotel and Disney-style park would be near Babelegi, north of Garankuwa and about 50 km from Pretoria.

The R40m hotel is expected to be complete by next June.

Researchers were still studying the concept of a R60m African theme park, he said, but he hoped the development would be ready for use by December next year.

He hinted that if all went well "this might just be the beginning".

The R60m extensions to the Wild Coast Sun will increase the number of rooms by about 130, bringing the total to 400, and add substantially to the public areas with additions which include a theatre and conference centre.

Finance for this project would come either from a listing of the Transkei operation — a route favoured by Kerzner — or through a loan raised by the undergeared company. Either way a decision is to be made soon.

Commenting on perceptions that Sun International, with its recently forged UK links, might be moving away from Southern African, Kerzner said that while the company would undoubtedly grow internationally, he certainly saw it continuing to expand in this region.



# PM briefs Assembly on terror incidents

103  
10/10/86

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, briefed members in the National Assembly yesterday on steps taken by the country's security forces to combat incidents of terrorism in Transkei.

Chief Matanzima was giving his policy speech for the Department of Police.

Chief Matanzima said that following a terrorist bomb explosion in Umtata during the year

under review, one terrorist had had a narrow escape from a police squad at Gqobonco administrative area, Engcobo.

He said a case of harbouring a terrorist was still being investigated.

The Prime Minister said that backed up by the army, the police raided another house in Butterworth on December 22, last year and "tactfully compelled a trained terrorist to surrender without firing a

shot," although he was in possession of a Russian AK-47 rifle and an AKM rifle as well as hundreds of rounds of ammunition and handgrenades.

The terrorist was due to appear in court, he added.

Chief Matanzima also told the House that during the night of February 2, this year, a handgrenade exploded in an official vehicle which, wittingly or unwittingly had given a lift to a terrorist who was armed with two handgrenades.

## Matanzima praises police

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima praised the prompt action of Transkei's investigating officers, who had among other things, timeously arrested bank robbers during a spate of robberies which had occurred in the country last year.

Addressing the National Assembly, Chief Matanzima told the House that large sums of money had been recovered and criminals brought to justice.

He also announced that the brutal murder of the Deputy Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, Mr Cromwell Diko, of Tabankulu, had also culminated in two criminals recently conde-

mned to death and others sentenced to long periods of imprisonment.

"Judging from their performance our police force can be ranked among the best in the world in the matter of criminal investigation.

"There are various other offences in which our police force has excelled and which would take me a week to tell the House."

Chief Matanzima said Transkei was presently being industrialised rapidly and there were also various projects which had been launched with a view to developing the rural areas.

These trends had largely caused the alarming growth of



CHIEF MATANZIMA

population in the urban areas and at these rural developing centres.

Chief Matanzima said this growth of population had brought unemployment and poverty because many people had flocked to these centres without having the necessary documents for employment, some were just there as beggars, some to prey on the workers at such places.

# 'Necklace' them, cops are told

Soweto  
10/6/76  
103

TRANSKEI police would be instructed to necklace all those found necklacing others, the Transkei prime minister, Chief George Matanzima, said in Willowvale at the weekend.

Chief Matanzima was speaking at a uniform handing over ceremony at a Willowvale school. The prime minister was referring to necklacing threats by some University of Transkei students where boycott of classes was entering its fourth

Chief Matanzima said students from outside the borders of Transkei made the university ungovernable. Deportation of five students from the university had fuelled the lecture boycott.

Chief Matanzima said no-one in Transkei would be necklaced, and whoever did that, would be necklaced and doused in petrol to die the same way as their victims. — Sapa.



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*Cape Town 10/6/86*  
**Police to use**

**'necklace'**

WILLOWVALE. — Transkei police would be instructed to neck-lace all those found necklacing others, Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima said here at the weekend.

Speaking at a school ceremony, Chief Matanzima referred to necklacing threats by students at the University of Transkei where a boycott of classes has entered its fourth week.

The deportation of five students had sparked the boycott.

Chief Matanzima said no one in Transkei would be necklaced, and whoever did that, would be necklaced and doused in petrol to die the same way as their victims. — Sapa

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6th Floor, Penthouse Suite, Street  
George's Centre, 13 Hout Street,  
(Opposite Reserves Bank) ALSO SAT  
14 JUNE — 9am until ± 11.30am

**ISLANDS**


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11/6/82  
Mbabama:  
freehold  
not new  
to T'kei

 EAST LONDON — The granting of freehold title to people in the homelands and other places in South Africa was not news to Transkei as the country had been practising this for some time now, the Secretary of Local Government and Land Tenure said yesterday.

Mr L. N. Mbabama was commenting on reports that freehold title in Ciskei had resulted in strengthening social development and that the promotion of private land ownership in the non-independent homelands would have a beneficial effect.

On June 6 this year, Transkei's Minister of Local Government and Land Tenure, Chief George Ndabankulu, told the National Assembly in Umtata that his government had agreed that industrialists might own, under freehold title, not only the land on which their factories were built but also land for housing their key personnel. —  
DDR



DD 11/6/86

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# T'kei PM hits at public service incompetence

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The government would not tolerate any form of mismanagement in Transkei's civil service and would deal with transgressors without mercy, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said yesterday.

Addressing the National Assembly during his policy speech of the Public Service Commission, Chief Matanzima said Transkei's taxpayers must be protected against malicious wrongdoers who wanted to plunge the state into an economic quagmire.

"In future, all personnel will be placed in managerial positions on the grounds of merit determined on the basis of appropriate experience, required academic qualifications and a record of efficiency, good conduct and a proven sense of responsibility."

The same rules would apply in all cases of promotion to all managerial posts, he added.

Chief Matanzima said he had come to realise that continual transfers of officers in top posts from one department to another militated against proper planning of work on a long-term basis and weakened the stand of the state authority to hold accounting officers liable and accountable for financial and other forms of mismanagement in their departments.

"If within a financial year a department is headed by no less than three secretaries-generals, it may be difficult to pin down responsibility on any one of them for any form of mismanagement.

"The feeling on the part of an officer that he is not permanent might cause apathy and indifference on his part and stifle initiative and innovations and he may find little cause to bother himself about long-term plans and objectives.

"In the same vein, I want to assert very

strongly that the government is not prepared to tolerate any longer officers who are lethargic and are a liability to the state and the taxpayer."

He said 10 years had passed since independence and the most persistent question in the House and indeed to all those concerned with the country's economy had always been one of how a public service, now costing the taxpayer a payroll of about R0,5 billion, could be made more cost effective on a per unit basis.

"This concern is even more justified when one considers the fact that the figure in question still does not include further recurrent expenditure of a fairly substantial nature on such related sub heads items as transport and subsistence allowances, telephone expenses, service bonuses, leave and service gratuities, bursaries and a wide range of other fringe benefits to which public servants are entitled as a condition of their service," Chief Matanzima said.

# 'No necklace' in Transkei

12/6/86  
S.M.C. 103  
UMTATA — There had been no incidents of necklacing in Transkei, according to a Transkei police spokesman.

He said Transkei police had not received instructions to "necklace" people found "necklacing" others.

He was commenting on a radio broadcast quoting the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, as saying the police would be instructed to do so.

Chief Matanzima was not available for comment. — Sapa.



12/6/86 (103) DD

## T'kei police: no necklace order

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei police had not received instructions to necklace people found necklacing others in Transkei, a spokesman for the Transkei police directorate of public relations said here.

He said there had been no incidents of necklacing in Transkei.

The police spokesman was commenting on a Radio Transkei news broadcast that quoted the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, as saying at Willowvale that the police would be instructed to necklace all who were found necklacing others.

The radio said this announcement was made while the Prime Minister, who is also

Minister of Police, was handing over drums and uniforms to a Willowvale school.

The radio report related the warning to necklacing threats said to have been made by a group of University of Transkei students.

Unitra students have been boycotting lectures since May 13.

According to Radio Transkei, the Prime Minister said that as long as he lived, no one in Transkei would ever be necklaced, because people who did that would themselves be doused in petrol and necklaced to die in the same way as their victims.

The Prime Minister was not available for comment yesterday.

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# Transkei considers toll system

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Toll roads in Transkei were under consideration as a supplement to the present petrol levy to raise money to improve the country's roads, the Minister of Works and Energy, the Reverend G. T. Vika, told the National Assembly here yesterday.

Delivering his policy speech, Mr Vika said the

toll road system of financing road construction and maintenance had gained momentum in other countries as it relieved the government of heavy financial burdens.

Although the aim of the system would be to augment internal revenue, it would also contribute to the creation of job opportunities during the construction period.

In a brief preliminary investigation it was envisaged that toll roads would be built by private developers and would operate and maintain the system for a number of years to recover their expenses.

During this period Transkeians would be trained so that by the time the government took over the system there would be no operating problems.

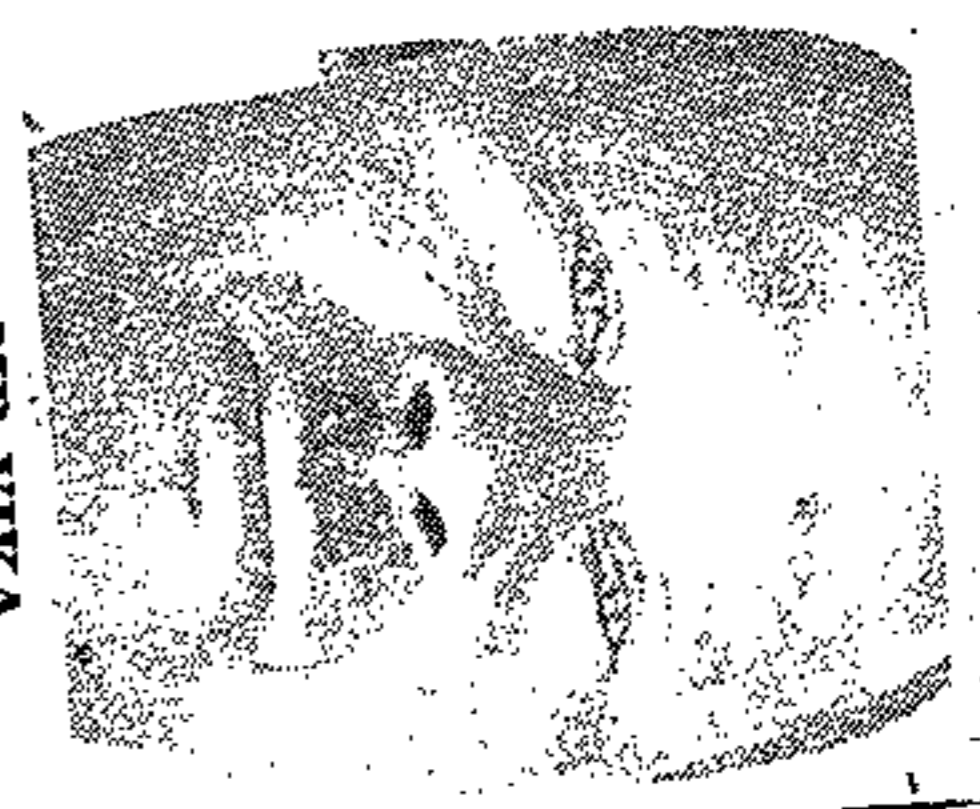
Mr Vika said the biggest problem faced by his department was the acute shortage of technical staff such as electricians, engineers and technicians.

He said this had been an inhibiting factor in achieving the goals on which his department had set its sights.

The modern scientific methods used in road construction not only

needed highly skilled personnel but also required the backing of a favourable financial climate.

"The high rate of inflation has played a big role in hindering the objectives of the department and for this reason the road network is not yet commensurate with national needs. However, some goals have been reached in standardising the roads."



MR VIKA



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## Necklace the necklacers, says 'Kei PM

TRANSKEI police would be ordered to "necklace" people found "necklacing" others, Prime Minister George Matanzima said at the weekend.

Radio Transkei, monitored in East London, reported that he was speaking at a function to hand over drum majorettes' uniforms and drums at a school in Willowvale.

Chief George, who is also Minister of Police, was quoted as referring to threats by a "bunch" of students at Unitra, where a student boycott has

By FRANZ KRÜGER,  
East London

continued for over a month.

He accused students from outside the borders of Transkei of being the culprits responsible for making the university ungovernable. The deportation of such students had fuelled the lecture boycott, he said.

Chief George said that as long as he lived nobody in Transkei would ever be "necklaced", "as who did that

would be necklaced and doused in petrol to die the same way as their victims".

Meanwhile, the situation at Unitra remains unchanged. The authorities have insisted the university is still open, despite the closure of the men's residence.

Both men and women students, however, continue to stay away from lectures. Conflict at the university began over a month ago after two students were deported, apparently in the wake of a May Day stayaway.

## Letlaka: South Africa must put house in order

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei's Minister of Social Welfare and Pensions, Mr Tsepo Letlaka has called on South Africa, for the sake of peace and stability in the region, to put her house in order.

Delivering his speech in the National Assembly, here yesterday, Mr Letlaka told the House that radical forces on the left and on the right must curb their excesses.

The minister said "the scenes of violence that flash daily across television screens and make banner headlines in the country's newspapers" must come to an end.

"The South African Government must create an atmosphere that will bring factions of all political shades to the negotiating table.

"The South African Government

must move from its position of intransigence on crucial issues that divide South African society.

"These issues include the scrapping of the last vestiges of apartheid.

"They also include the granting of full political rights to the disenfranchised and an end to reactionary violence," Mr Letlaka said.

Mr Letlaka also told the House that Transkeians must have clear and unambiguous response not only to the turbulent situation obtaining today, but more essentially to the new democratic South Africa that must emerge in the not too distant future.

"It is evident that great demands are going to be made for the services of my department in the foreseeable future until there is a reduction in the level of tension in this sub-continent."



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14/6/86

# Licences bill controls foreign business

UMTATA — The Transkei Licences Control Amendment Bill of 1986, which regulates the granting of business licences to non-Transkeians, was passed in the National Assembly yesterday.

The Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Gordon Nota, reminded the House during the second reading of the bill that the Licences Control Act had been passed last year with the purpose of withdrawing certificates of registration and licences in respect of businesses owned by non-Transkeians.

Mr Nota said the act would come into operation on January 1, 1988, save for certain sections which would come into operation immediately.

"In terms of section 2 (2) of the Licences Control Act of 1985, the deadline for the surrender of certificates of registration is January 14, 1988.

"My department feels that there will be insufficient time to consider applications for exemption from the provisions of section 2, which take effect only on January 1, 1988.

"In order to avoid the possible disruption of businesses, it is considered expedient to make section 5 applicable immediately so that applications for exemption can be considered timeously," Mr Nota said.

Section 1 would come into operation immediately so that the classification of industrialists could be determined in good time.

Section 11 would also come into effect immediately so that the minister could make regulations concerning the procedure to be followed in applying for exemptions in terms of section 5.

# Clan battle: 15 jailed

FIFTEEN Transkei tribesmen - including a chief - were jailed for a total of 152 years by the Umtata Supreme Court this week for their involvement in a bloody clan fight.

The men were convicted of murder, arson, malicious damage to property and assault with intent to do grievous bodily harm - following a fight between the Mpondomise and Hlubi clans in Tsolo on December 27, 1984.

Four people were killed, seven huts burned, three cars stoned and shot at and a man was assaulted.

Chief Ben Mcaphukisi, 59, and two of his headmen - Mgwebi Helebe and Mancoyana Mhlandleni, 50 - were sentenced to an effective 16 years in jail each on all counts.

The sentences will run concurrently.

Judge DJ Lombard said the three were responsible people in their area and would have been influential in preventing the fight, just as they had been influential in organising it.

The fight stemmed from a chieftainship wrangle.

The court heard that the Mpondomise resented having a Hlubi as their chief.

Because of their old age, four men were each sentenced to six years' imprisonment on all counts,

which will also run concurrently.

They are Tutu Mpondo, 50, Bantu-Bantu Mjuleni, 55, Magolodi Tshona, 56, and Makhaya Ntakumbana, 58.

The remaining eight were each sentenced to an effective 10 years' imprisonment on all counts, which will be served concurrently.

They are Mkhankanya Femele, 44, Lizi Shadrack Mabinta, 45, Saule Sidnelo, 32, Kholono Phalella, 33, Tatana Mnyazi, 38, Fodyolo Nqokomani, 45, Tatana Sithoza, 45 and Mncedisi Mnkone, 30.

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# Cops must necklace necklacers - Matanzima

By STAN MZIMBA

CITY PRESS 15/6/85

TRANSKEI cops will be given authority to necklace people who necklace others.

Transkei at a school ceremony where he handed drums to majorettes.

He said cops would be instructed to necklace all those found necklacing others.

Prime Minister George Matanzima made this threat at Willowvale in

He told a crowd of students that as long as he lived, no-one in the Transkei would be necklaced.

"People who did that will themselves be doused in petrol and necklaced to die

in the same way as their victims," he said.

Transkei police were not available for comment.

● Observers found Matanzima's statement strange, as there have been no necklacings in the Transkei - yet.

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei's policies were in line with the non-racial ideologies adopted at the acquisition of her sovereignty, but the tendency was to confuse the needs, aspirations and problem-solving methods of South Africa with those of Transkei.

The Minister of Education, Mr S. P. Kakudi, said this at the official

## Education a tool — minister

opening of the 19th annual conference of the Transkei Teachers' Association (TTA) at the Maluti College of Education yesterday.

"In all fairness to both countries, it is not our wish that the RSA should suffer for the shortcomings of Trans-

kei nor Transkei suffer for the shortcomings of the RSA," Mr Kakudi said.

"Transkei, being blessed with political stability, a rare occurrence among the African states, is well-poised for more rapid and orderly development."

The teachers were expected to contribute to development and to be in the forefront of efforts to direct the process of change.

"Through education we must strive to create a just society." As education was a tool to prom-

ote change or maintain the status quo; and as its goals must be in accord with broad national goals, it "has a socio-economic, as well as a political function in society."

The minister said worldwide "separate education was unequal

education."

"We in Transkei are aware that once the political organisation of a country is geared towards granting inferior education to a section of the people, then all must know and understand that the aim is to reduce the human potential of that group so as to secure, forever, the supremacy of the unaffected group."



# Tezapi tables report on building societies

DD  
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17/6/86

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — Arrangements for the complete withdrawal of South African building societies operating in Transkei were amicably finalised with the full cooperation of the Association of Building Societies of South Africa, to which the Transkei National Building Society (TNBS) is associated.

This has emerged in the 1985 annual report of the registrar of the country's building societies for the year ended, March 31, 1985.

The report, compiled by the registrar of building societies in Transkei, Mr M. Mzalisi, was tabled in Parliament here yesterday by the Deputy Minister of Finance, Mr David Tezapi.

In the report, Mr Mzalisi said the question of the South African building societies operating in Transkei through their agencies and their gradual phasing out had been dealt with in his previous reports.

Mr Mzalisi said it had been agreed that:

- All South African building societies would terminate their operations with effect from January 1, last year;



**MR TEZAPI**

- Mortgage loans held by South African building societies in existence as at January 1, 1985, would be continued until they were paid off, and

- The continued existence of mortgage bonds would not make it necessary for South African building societies to become registered in Transkei or render returns to the registrar of building societies.

Mr Mzalisi also said the limit imposed on societies by the Building Societies Act, 1980 (Act 27, of 1980) on the amount which may be accepted on savings

accounts, was found to be unrealistic and inadequate in current inflationary circumstances.

It had to be raised to enable the TNBS to compete with other financial institutions for the savings of the affluent persons who preferred liquidity under present money market conditions.

Section 26 (3)-B of the Act was amended with retrospective effect by the Financial Institutions Amendment Act of 1985 to provide for the increase in the maximum balance on savings deposits from R25 000 to R50 000 in order to avert the envisaged transfer of many savings accounts to South African building societies.

Mr Mzalisi said in terms of the Act as it was at present, the TNBS had obtained the registrar's approval for the acceptance of fixed deposits in excess of R50 000 maturing in any one month.

He said although this approval was invariably given when asked for, the amount as laid down was, in any event, unrealistic due to erosion by inflation.

"Seeing that the different repayment periods for different size loans did not assist with the financing of home-ownership — in any event, the limits set had become unrealistic in today's money market — Section 38(1) was amended to provide for one maximum repayment period of 30 years for all loans irrespective of the amount lent," Mr Mzalisi said.

# Maqubela reveals R6,46m TDC loss

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The Trans-kei Development Corporation (TDC) lost R6,46 million when it sold an asset last year.

This emerged in an interim audit report by the Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, tabled in the National Assembly here yesterday.

The loss occurred in the sale of Kei Timbers to Bonuskor Ltd for R400 000.

Mr Maqubela said the contract which gave effect to the sale was dated March 29, 1985. The contract was not disclosed to him during the March 31, 1985 audit.

"I have not been able to obtain satisfactory proof that the management of the corporation was not aware of the consequential loss of R6,46 million to the taxpayer in that transaction.

"It is evident that the former deputy managing director of the corporation actually sponsored and piloted the transaction in the board meeting while the corporate planner and the legal adviser of the corporation instructed a firm of lawyers to prepare the draft agreement which finally concluded the transaction.

"I have not been able to obtain satisfactory proof that the board of directors of the corporation resolved and gave the green light to the transaction without being aware of the consequential loss to the taxpayer.

"As I have done in the past, I continue to express my deep concern about practices which reflect lack of respect and sensitivity in the

handling of the public assets," Mr Maqubela said.

Under the heading, the sale of shares and all claims of the TDC in Kei Timbers worth R6 892 070 for R400 000, Mr Maqubela said that at a TDC board meeting on February 7, 1985, a board paper on the matter was tabled for discussion. The paper recommended the sale to Bonuskor for R400 000.

On March 31, 1985, the TDC held the following interest in Kei Timbers: ordinary shares R251 000, deferred shares R819 037, three loans worth a total of R5 711 777 and current accounts of R110 256.

He said the nett realisable value of the interest based on the audited financial statements of Kei Timbers at March 31, 1985, amounted in the case of liquidation to:

- Nil for both the ordinary and deferred shares as Kei Timbers was prima facie insolvent at the date and it could be assumed that there would be no return on capital in the event of liquidation;

- R2 599 567 on the first loan for which Bonuskor had guaranteed repayment;

- R887 722 or 74,9 per cent of the second R1 185 210 loan, which Bonuskor had guaranteed repayment;

- About R1 734 910, the third loan, which was the excess amount on liquidation after payment of the current liabilities applied to loan redemption;

- R110 256 as current accounts which was long

term loans which were subject to a back ranking agreement in which current creditors would rank preferent in case of liquidation.

The total realisable value was R5 332 455.

Mr Maqubela said for the purposes of the calculations, it was assumed that all assets would realise a nett book valuation on liquidation.

"It is important to note that although the board paper recommending the sale dealt with the sale of both the shares and claims, it seems that in arriving at a proposed purchase consideration, only the value of shares were taken into account.

"Furthermore, the board resolution specifically stated that the corporation should sell its 25,1 per cent shares in Kei Timbers to Bonuskor for R400 000."

After the resolution, a contract was entered into whereby Bonuskor obtained 25,1 per cent ordinary shares, the deferred ordinary shares and all the corporation's claims against Kei Timbers for R400 000 on April 1, 1985.

Mr Maqubela said the TDC's total interest in Kei Timbers was worth approximately R5,3 million on March 31, 1985. It was sold for a purchase consideration of only R400 000 on April 1, 1985 with a loss of more or less R4,9 million.

In addition, an amount of R1,56 million had to be written off, being the difference between the book value and nett realisable value of the corporation's interest in Kei Timbers.



**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — A Cambridge University-educated man has been appointed a judge in the Supreme Court here.

Mr Justice Mitchell, a former United Party member of Parliament, has been an acting judge here since the beginning of the month.

He was permanently appointed a judge on the Natal Bench, and seconded to Transkei from June 15.

For the last five years, Mr Justice Mitchell has practised as a senior counsel on the Natal circuit, and has acted as judge in a number of areas.

He completed his first degree at the University

# Transkei <sup>DO</sup> gets <sup>103</sup> its fourth judge <sup>18/5/86</sup>

of Cape Town and then went on to do his masters in law at Cambridge.

While he was opposition spokesman on justice in the South African Parliament, he kept up his practice and avoided "becoming a prisoner of the caucus."

He also spent two "fascinating" years studying law on an American foreign leader exchange grant.

The Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice Van Reenen, said at the opening session of the

judicial year at the Supreme Court last year that the work load per judge here far exceeded that of any division of the Supreme Court of South Africa.

He urged that urgent attention be given to appointing at least one more judge. Mr Justice Mitchell's appointment brings the number of judges here to four.

But the inevitable high work load does not deter Mr Justice Mitchell: "I'm looking forward to having a lot more work to do."

DD 18/6/86 (103)

# Ndamase: maximise resources

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The Department of Manpower Planning and Utilisation was charged with the planning, development and exploitation of the manpower of Transkei to its maximum benefit, the Minister, Chief D. D. P. Ndamase, announced here, yesterday.

Delivering his policy speech in the National Assembly, Chief Ndamase told the House that Transkei was endowed

with production, land and manpower.

The minister said it was the realisation of this aspect that Transkei's Government had created this department to contribute to the development of the country with manpower as its base.

"You will realise that the economic development of this country lies primarily on the productive capacity of its citizens," he said.

"It is primarily this aspect that my department will be addressing, hence it is now taking its rightful place as a developmental institution.

"As a short-term to medium-term strategy my department will attempt to address the crucial unemployment problem by accelerating all fronts to promote the non-formal training of the country's economically active labour force in various skills as an

instrument to overcoming developmental constraints.

"Worldwide experience has shown that non-formal training can make a very valuable contribution to socio-economic development.

"In neighbouring South Africa, non-formal training forms an important component of the recently announced population development programme," Chief Ndamase said.



DD 18/6/86

# T'kei (103) is at peace — PM

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkei was well respected by the whole world, including South Africa, Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima announced here last night.

Addressing the members of Parliament during a farewell party, Chief Matanzima said there was peace in the country and Transkei was one country which could not "tolerate violence in its precincts."

The Prime Minister said the South African Government respected Transkei for its stand on national and international affairs.

Chief Matanzima also announced at his private residence where the party was held that they should now go out and preach peace in the country.

"I know that you are now going to fight a battle for the elections which will be held in this country towards the end of the year.

"But the message is that you fight your elections and come back to Parliament.

Chief Matanzima announced that the current parliamentary session would end today.

**Job creation programme** DD 19/6/86 (103)

UMTATA — Between 50 000 and 60 000 people could be employed between agricultural seasons in Transkei, where employment figures now top the 200 000 mark.

This is an approach the ten-month-old, multifaceted Transkei Employment Creation (TEC) programme is working towards in developing relief employment.

The TEC programme, established after talks between Transkei's Prime Minister and the South African Government, and administered by a secretariat based at the Institute for Management and Development Studies, has run relief projects and a long-term programme aimed at creating self-sustaining jobs. — DDC



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# T'kei gears up for elections

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The 28 Transkei parliamentary constituencies are geared up for the general election in September.

There are 75 seats in the National Assembly, which are to be elected.

The Transkei Parliament has 150 members — 75 are chiefs and paramount chiefs, who are ex-officio MPs, and the remaining 75 are elected.

When the country's Parliament closed on Wednesday, the 75 elected members left Umtata for their constituencies to begin campaigning.

Many country districts have started arranging for their nominations.

The nomination courts, where parliamentary candidates pay their deposit fees of R400 each, sit at all the magistrates' courts on July 29.

(2) (a) (i) 150 cases

(ii) 150 cases

(iii) 2 cases

(b) To a variety of radical organisations which are affiliated with the UDF or which support and propagate the same objectives as the UDF.

Reference books/influx control

804. Mr P R CROGERS asked the Minister of Justice:

Whether his Department keeps statistics on the number of persons imprisoned as a result of convictions relating to reference books and influx control; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that such statistics will be available from his Department; if so, (i) how many persons were so imprisoned during the latest specified period of 12 months for which figures are available and (ii) for what period in each case?

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

No.

(a) and (b) The SA Prisons Service does not have the manpower or sophisticated equipment to gather and centrally keep statistics in the particular format such as requested. In the past, statistics of this nature were obtained by conducting special country-wide surveys of the number of offenders in prison on a specific date. Such statistics, which were gathered at considerable cost and with great manpower input, have been tabled from time to time or referred to during debates in Parliament.

With regard to the continuous gathering of statistics of this kind there are further complications involved, for example a prisoner can be imprisoned for a variety of offences. Thus available information which must be processed, applied to prisoners imprisoned for certain common-law offences as well as transgressions of

specific statutory stipulations and it is extremely difficult to accurately classify these offences under generic descriptions such as that mentioned in the question, or to correctly place a person with more than one unrelated offence.

The statistics pertaining to the category to which you refer cannot be gathered as prosecutions in this regard have been discontinued and prisoners who were sentenced or awaiting trial in terms thereof, have already been released.

My replies to questions 5 and 12 of 6 May 1986 may be helpful.

(i) and (ii) Fall away.

RSA/Ciskei: agreements  
103  
989. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any agreements have been reached between the Governments of South Africa and Ciskei regarding (a) the operating of members of the police forces of either country in the territory of the other and (b) joint operations; if so, (i) when and (ii) what are the details of these agreements;

(2) whether members of the Ciskei Police Force have taken any action on the South African side of the border since the independence of Ciskei; if so, (a) on what dates, (b) what specified action did they take and (c) where in each case;

(3) whether the Ciskei Government requested permission from the South African Government on each occasion on which they took such action; if not, (a) on how many occasions did the Ciskei Police Force take action in South Africa without permission, (b) where did they take such action and (c) what action was taken by the South African Government as a result;

(4) whether any persons have been arrested or detained by the Ciskei Police Force on South African territory;

tory; if so, (a) how many, (b) where and (c) when;

(5) whether, prior to these persons being arrested or detained on South African territory by the Ciskei Police Force, the South African Government was informed in each case that such action would be taken; if not, what action was taken in respect of Ciskei as a result;

(6) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) to (6) I am not prepared to make known any information of this nature.

RSA/Ciskei: agreements

1065. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any agreements have been reached between the Governments of South Africa and Bophuthatswana regarding (a) the operating of members of the police forces of either country in the territory of the other and (b) joint operations; if so, (i) when and (ii) what are the details of these agreements;

(2) whether members of the Bophuthatswana Police Force have taken any action on the South African side of the border since the independence of Bophuthatswana; if so, (a) on what dates, (b) what specified action did they take and (c) where in each case;

(3) whether the Bophuthatswana government requested permission from the South African Government on each occasion on which they took such action; if not, (a) on how many occasions did the Bophuthatswana Police Force take action in South Africa without permission, (b) where did they take such action and (c) what action was taken by the South African Government as a result;

(4) whether any persons have been arrested or detained by the Bophuthatswana Police Force on South African territory; if so, (a) how many, (b) where and (c) when;

(5) whether, prior to these persons being arrested or detained on South African territory by the Bophuthatswana Police Force, the South African Government was informed in each case that such action would be taken; if not, what action was taken in respect of Bophuthatswana as a result;

(6) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) to (6) I am not prepared to make known any information of this nature.

Townships: hand grenades issued

1072. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:

With reference to his reply to Question No 12 on 13 May 1986, (a) on how many occasions were hand grenades (i) issued to and (ii) used by the South African Police in townships in the Republic during the latest specified period of 12 months for which information is available, (b)(i) on what dates and (ii) in what townships were these hand grenades used, (c) what were the (i) circumstances surrounding and (ii) results of the use of hand grenades on each occasion and (d) what was the rank of the police officer who ordered the (i) issuing and (ii) use of hand grenades in townships on each occasion?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(a) to (d) I refer the honourable member to my answers to Question No 12 on 13 May 1986 and Question No 22 on 27 May 1986. I am not prepared to furnish any further answer in this regard.



# Matanzima <sup>103</sup> calls for more colleges

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The former president of Transkei, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, has called for the immediate introduction of technical and agricultural colleges in each of the country's 28 districts.

Officially opening a commercial enterprise in Cofimvaba, Chief Matanzima said the backbone of any country was expertise in technology and agriculture.

He said Transkei needed to speed up its technical and agricultural education so that all those who qualified could occupy development posts.

The result of academic education was massive unemployment.

"We want mechanics, engineers, shoemakers, plumbers and all those who would be trained in technical skills, and also agriculturists who would boost the economy of the country.

"We do not want to depend on foreigners for the development of this country, but if we have help, we accept it. The people of this country must be able to stand, train and develop Transkei on their own as in other countries," he said.

He called academic education "a trail or small rat path which leads to nowhere if the country has no technicians to man the country's skills in all spheres."

Chief Matanzima said technical education in all Western countries took a long time to be established.

"Technical education emancipates nations from bondage because it is the barometer to judge the development of a country.

"We can find help when we get expertise, but these skills must be acquired by our own people, who must run this country to the fullest and to the benefit of all citizens of this country," he said.

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# Private sector links vital says Matanzima

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The private sector was an important element of Transkei's development drive and closer liaison channels were being forged between government and the private sector, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said at a press conference here.

The newly established development and cabinet secretariat, and an envisaged development council would play an important role in forging these links.

The chief adviser and head of the secretariat, Mr Liston Ntshongwana, said it was vital to create a good rapport between government and industry.

The chairman of the Transkei Chamber of Industries, Mr Andre Swart, and the chairman of the Regional Development Advisory Committee for Region D, Mr Robert Fowles, had met with Chief Matanzima to discuss issues affecting the private sector.

At the conference, Mr Fowles said they had identified problem areas, which he would not name. "We have been given the assurance that they will be looked at as soon as possible and we are very grateful for that."

It was important that industry approached government as private individuals. "If we don't talk to the government, how will they know about our problems?"

A favourable point for industrialists was a "strong and stable government accessible to industrialists."

Chief Matanzima explained that industrialists were always welcome in Transkei, where they enjoyed "various advantages."

A recent breakthrough for industrialists, he said, was the right to own land.

Mr Swart said the land concession gave industrialists a feeling of permanency and security. It would "make it easier for them to expand."

Another attraction to industrialists was a "stable, abundant and trainable labour force — one of the raw materials of industry."

The Prime Minister stressed: "We will have no trade unions in this country. We have seen what they've done in South Africa and we don't want to borrow that one."

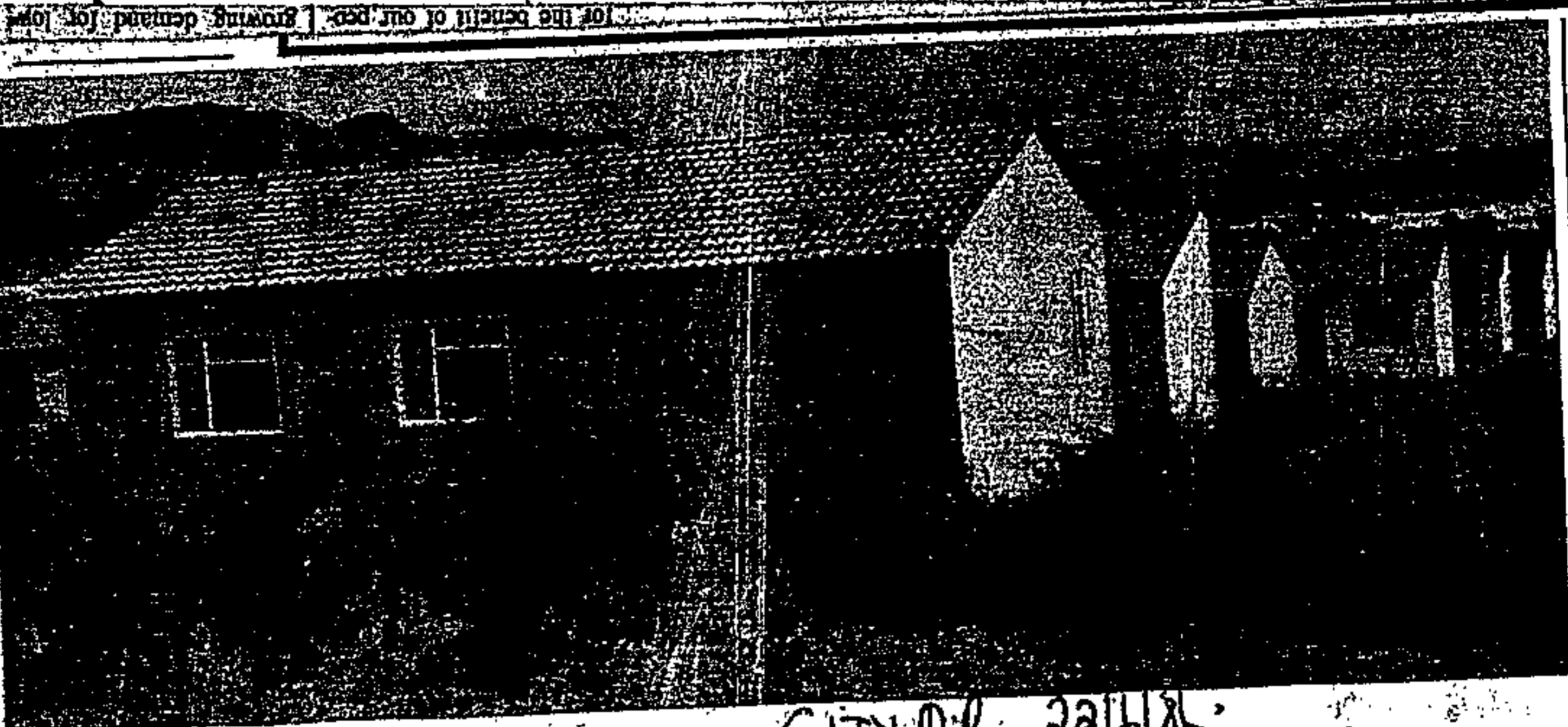
"Unions no longer represent labour, but political groups and pressure groups."

On the question of the industrialists investing in Transkei, Mr Fowles said: "Maybe there are not as many new industries, but the existing industries have expanded."

Chief Matanzima said: "We should not be alarmed if few industries come to Transkei. Internationally, Transkei is seen as part of South Africa, and South Africa is in a state of war."

The situation in Transkei should be explained, he said.





The Ezibeleni houses: Standing empty...

CITY P.R. 22/6/86

# CRACKING UP!

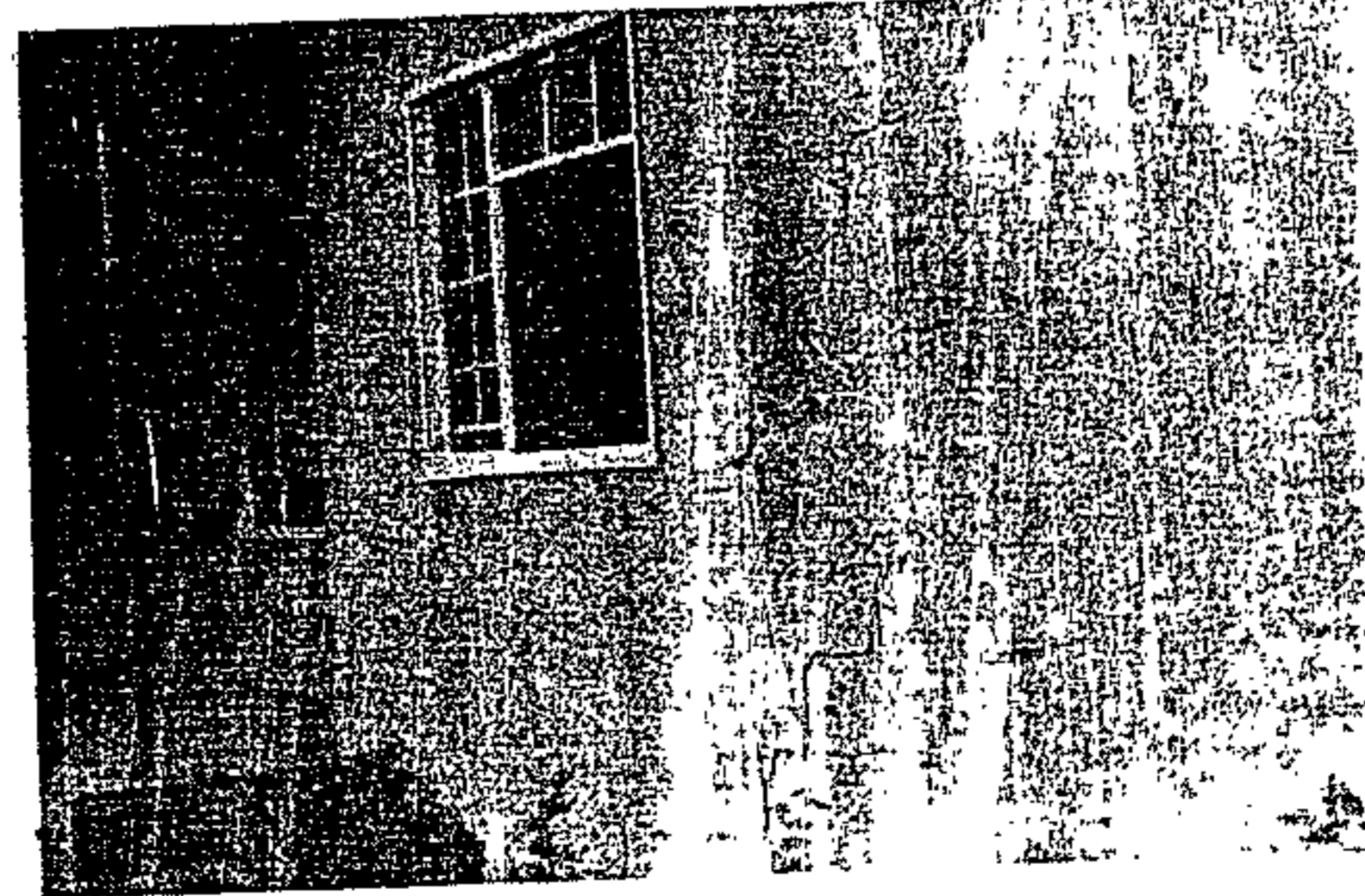
**By STAN MZIMBA**  
**ABOUT 300** four-roomed houses, priced between R18 000 and R24 000, have been standing vacant for over a year now at Ezibeleni in the Transkei - because the people they were built for can't afford them.  
 The average wage in the area is only R253 a month. Transkei authorities are now making a desperate bid to recruit residents from the neighbouring South African township of Mlungisi to come and rent the "white elephants".  
 But it's not only the price that's scaring prospective buyers off - it's the slipshod way the houses were built.  
 Most of the vacant houses *City Press* visited have ugly-looking cracks either inside or outside.  
 One house in the R18 000 price group did not look as if it would stand

## Homeland housing scheme is falling apart

very long - there were huge cracks in the corners. Even expensive furniture can't hide the shoddy workmanship of the houses.  
 Patience Bam, for instance, complained of water seeping in under the window frames.  
 Even as we talked with her, a cold draught whistled through the window frame. And in the bathroom, she pointed out a leak under the bath.  
 Her house is priced at R24 000.  
 Nkululeko Dondashe said it was "useless" to complain about the house defects at the town clerk's office "as we are always referred to Umtata - which is about 230km

from Ezibeleni".  
 Ezibeleni town clerk E Baliso said the newly-built houses were not their responsibility, but fell under control of the Local Government Department.  
 Baliso referred *City Press* to the Ezibeleni Magistrate's offices - where I spoke to official D Mghayi.  
 He confirmed that his office had received several complaints about the occupied houses.  
 "When we write to Umtata it often takes two to three months before they reply," he said.  
 "We then decided to refer the occupants directly to Umtata, which I agree is too far from here," he said.  
 Residents who spoke to *City Press* said that at first the Local Government Department used to refer them to the building contractors with their complaints.  
 "But the contractors have since left town - and now we have no-one to appeal to," said LS Ncwana.  
 "We decided to pay for certain repairs from our own pockets."  
 Simpiwe Diya of Mbalo Street in Northcrest said whenever it's about to rain his family becomes worried - because the rain finds its way through the

roof.  
 "It's now the third month that I have written to Local Government complaining about this - but to no avail," he said.  
 Diya owns a R14 200 house.  
 Local Government and Land Tenure secretary LN Mbabama confirmed that his department was unable to sell the houses - because of the low income of the region's residents, he said.  
 He declined to comment on why his department had embarked on an expensive housing scheme in the region.  
 He told *City Press* his department was now considering renting the vacant houses.  
 We asked him whether he was aware that people were forced to travel nearly 230km from Ezibeleni to Umtata to complain about matters such as leaking bathrooms, leaking sewerage piping and draughts through doors and windows - when they should be helped at Ezibeleni.  
 Mbabama said the trips to Umtata were "unavoidable" - because correspondence between the two towns takes as long as "nearly a month" to arrive at its destination either way.



...and when you see the cracks, you'll know why.

### Chicken man

A SUSPECTED armed robber dropped a R4 300 cash haul and his gun after being frightened off by members of the public in a central Pretoria parkade.  
 A police spokesman said Mamelodi businessman Jacob Masilela parked his car in the parkade on his way to deposit cash at a bank.  
 He was confronted by an armed man, who threatened him with a gun and then grabbed the bag.  
 The robber ran off, but was apparently frightened off by people entering the parkade. He dropped the bag and the gun - and fled.



# I was asked to adjust my report, says ex-TDC man

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — After a Transkei Development Corporation officer had obtained statistics on industries in Transkei, a top official of the TDC asked him to delete some figures before the report was sent to Pretoria.

The aim of erasing certain figures on the statistical record was to "paint a rosy picture about the industrial operations in the country, whereas the picture was not as rosy as it had been painted."

This was disclosed by Mr Arthur Davies, a former TDC development officer, when the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism opened its second sitting in Parliament House, here yesterday.

The commission is chaired by the country's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenan.

Asked by Advocate A. Findlay, SC, who has been briefed by the State Attorney to lead evidence, Mr Davies said the intention of the TDC official who asked him to delete certain figures from his report, was "to paint a rosy picture about industrial operations in Transkei."

"The official wanted us not to lose our jobs because if things were not good, there would be a rethink and Pretoria would cut off some of our jobs," Mr Davies said.

He became worried when the "situation went out of hand when some industrialists claimed huge sums of money for incentives, their own salaries and wages for their em-

ployees in their firms."

He also told the commission there was no check at the factories on how many employees there were.

There were no spot checks, as there were no industrial inspectors.

"I then wrote my own document which had some guidelines to be followed as there was some confusion about how the industrial incentives should be paid to industrialists.

"When I was appointed development officer for small industries in Transkei in 1981, we had no guidelines as to how we should pay incentives to industrialists.

"But from April 1982, there was a manual of guidelines from the South African decentralisation board. These guidelines were not followed as there was some confusion as to how we should follow them.

"They were supposed to have come into effect from April 1, 1982, but it was not until November of the same year that they came into effect," Mr Davies said.

There was lack of definition of the guidelines in the manual from Pretoria.

He said the object of administering the incentive scheme was to attract industrialists to Transkei and also to create job opportunities.

The industrialists were entitled to rebates and allowances for rents, housing, electricity, and rail, road and harbour rebates were paid to them for goods they transported.

Mr Davies said the Transkei Industries' Board only did the admini-

nistration, allowing industrialists to set up business after they had fulfilled certain requirements. The board was not involved in the paying out of incentives.

He said the industrialists dealt directly with the TDC with their claims and in turn the TDC submitted the claims to the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

He said that at one stage there was some introduction of schedules two and three in the scheme.

He said it was totally wrong to take or transfer certain concessions from schedule two to schedule three.

Incentives had also been grouped into long-term and short-term brackets.

Mr Davies said an industrialist, in order to continue his business in the country after qualifying, was supposed to submit a balance sheet of his total assets, including his base figures and expansion, if any, to the TDC.

The industrialist would then be issued with a certificate to continue operating. He said incentive certificates were issued and then the industrialist would claim his incentives as required during normal operations.

Mr Davies said that an official from Pretoria had once come to audit the books of the TDC in Umtata.

The auditor from Pretoria had come to check the incentives claims by industrialists.

He said there was some problem as huge incentives bills were reaching Pretoria.

"South Africa was aware of the high bills from Umtata. The industrialists gave themselves huge salaries. South Africa wanted to know the exact value of the assets of various industries, and of their buildings.

"The official who came from Pretoria also came to look into the loans granted by the TDC. This seemed strange to me. This was a special audit by South Africa on our books," Mr Davies said.

The TDC was not told what it was doing was wrong.

"I was responsible for highlighting the inaccuracies in the claims by the industrialists. The TDC had its own interpretations of the paying out of incentives to industrialists.

"Industrialists submitted their claims and these were checked before paying out.

"But I was worried because there was a tendency to claim huge amounts, and some of the claims were not genuine," he said.

Mr Findlay told the commission there would be evidence of some abuse of incentive claim forms by industrialists.

Mr Davies agreed with Mr Findlay that there were some cases where he had to challenge some industrialists about their claimed incentives.

He said there were some payments which had been paid out without the approval of his office.

He said he was never a member of the Transkei Industries' Board, but merely gave "it documentary and other information about industrial operations in Transkei.

Earlier, after the commission had resumed its business after a long adjournment in April, Mr Findlay submitted several documents, including the two manuals on incentives, Mr Davies's report and other documents, as exhibits for the commission of inquiry.

The inquiry continues today.



# Teba gives R460 000 to groups in T'kei

103  
25/6/86

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Employment Bureau of Africa (Teba) has donated some R460 000 to organisations in Transkei this year.

Teba manager for the Transkei region, Mr C. J. K. Latham, said Teba was primarily a service organisation for people involved in the mining industry.

"There is probably not a family in Transkei which has not had some association with the mines," he said.

Teba had been operating in Transkei since 1912 and about 30 per cent of mine labour was drawn from the region.

A donation committee,

and Sheltered Employment Society, R46 500 to the Efata School for the Deaf and Blind, R20 000 to the Africa Co-operative Trust and R13 550 to Mount Frere's Mary Theresa Hospital.

Teba has also sponsored R98 850 in bursaries for Transkei medical students studying in Natal and R6 000 for vocational training bursaries.

Donations have also been made to the Empilweni Home, the Red Cross Children's Home, the Umtata Child and Family Welfare Society, the Transkei Association for the Handicapped and the Tembisa School for the Mentally Handicapped.

which met annually, considered applications from areas where labour requirements were drawn. "We feel we have a moral obligation to them," Mr Latham said.

He said the committee emphasised its "social responsibility towards the handicapped and less privileged people."

Teba was not just a "recruiting agency." With about 35 offices — the "nerve-ends" — throughout Transkei, Teba provided a direct link between the mines and the mineworkers' homes.

This year's donations include R50 000 to the Supreme Court Library, R20 000 to the Ikhwezi Lokhusa Rehabilitation

# Concessions caused friction, inquiry told

UMTATA — A judicial commission of inquiry, set to investigate the finances of all parastatal bodies under the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism was told here yesterday that after top management of the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) had been changed in 1984, there was friction between the Transkei Industries Board (TIB) and the TDC board of directors because of the payment of incentives to industrialists.

He said he did not know why there was friction between the two bodies but the issue emanated from the payment of incentives to industrialists.

Mr Davies said the TIB was a policy making body while the TDC executive board administered the scheme for setting up industries in Transkei.

He said the TDC had maintained a view that there were three industrial growth points in Transkei, but the government had set its eyes on establishing many growth points in the country.

Mr Davies said there were insufficient funds to pay incentives for all the intended industrial growth points in the country.

“The TDC had no say in the matter as the government was determined to push ahead with many further industrial growth points.

“The fact is that there was not enough cash to go ahead with the establishment of many industrial growth points.

“The TDC also supported the saw mill industry in Transkei,” Mr Davies said.

Mr Davies also told the inquiry which is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, that the TDC was “horrified when it was told by a clerk in the Department of Commerce that there were no funds to pay incentives for industrialists.”

Mr Davies said some of the claims for incentives by industrialists had been paid without the knowledge of the TDC.

He said there was an official who was attached to the Department of Commerce in order to monitor incentives claims, but when he left, a Mr Soldati took over.

Mr Soldati dealt directly with Pretoria when it came to the paying of incentives to industrialists.

Mr Davies disclosed that there were certain industrialists who “got preferential treatment” when they claimed incentives.

Mr Davies said he had no control over the system of the incentives as the industrialists dealt directly with the Department of Commerce after the official had left for Pretoria.

He said the Department sent cheques directly to industrialists after they had claimed their incentives.

Mr Davies also told of long delays in paying out incentive claims.

“We had no control because these payments were made behind our backs as TDC officials.

“If these could have been done through the TDC, we would have had some control of the payments of incentives to industrialists.

“We also sent our estimates directly to Pretoria and not through the Department of Commerce,” Mr Davies said.

He said one of the problems was that there was no feedback from industrialists when he wanted certain statistics and balance sheets but did not know what was being submitted by the other side as most industrialists were dealing directly with the Department of Commerce.

Mr Davies said at the time the TIB also put pressure on industrialists to submit their returns, including balance sheets and relevant information concerning their industrial operations.

There was a rule that every month each industrialist had to submit a balance sheet to the TDC and the Department of Commerce. There were also quarterly returns which had to be submitted to Pretoria.

Mr Davies told the commission he did not think a TDC report had been changed to give a “rosy picture,” but it had been changed “so that the true position of profits and losses would not be revealed.”

“Even after receipt of the manual in November 1982, there was still a lack of definition. This was corrected later with the issue of the blue manual,” he said.

Mr Davies said: “I became concerned when some industrialists gave themselves large increases in salary and increased the number of employees to obtain increased wage incentives.

“I tried to stop this by limiting the concession for non-Transkelans to R110 per month in the first year.”

Mr Davies said the reference to schedule 2 and 3 concessions was confusing.

“Schedule 2 concessions applied before April 1, 1982, when they were replaced by schedule 3 concessions on election by industrialists.

“Those industrialists who continued under schedule 2 concessions were, however, given the benefit of schedule 3 long term concessions,” Mr Davies said.

“If I considered claims were wrong, I would query them. I don't think I was responsible for highlighting anything. If claims were not genuine they would not have been paid,” Mr Davies said.

Mr Davies said the inquiry of friction between the TIB and the TDC boards after top management had been changed in 1984.

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# 'Necklaces': Matanzima under fire <sup>103</sup>



**PRIME** Minister George Matanzima  
"necklace" call slammed.

A STATEMENT by Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, that Transkei police would be empowered to "necklace" those people who "necklaced" others has drawn countrywide criticism.

Religious ministers have urged Chief Matanzima to elaborate on his statement and indicate whether he was quoted out of context.

Commenting on the statement, the Transkei Bar Council said if such a statement was in fact made by the Prime Minister, the council was of the view it could not have been seriously intended.

## Statement

The effect of empowering the police to "necklace" those who were found "necklacing" others would be to legitimise what would be an act of murder by the police, the statement read.

The statement continued: "This, any civilised society adhering to the rule of law would in no circumstances tolerate. The function of the police is essentially to maintain law and order.

"It would seem to the Bar Council that the Prime Minister's words were meant no more than to convey his intense disgust at acts of this nature. However, if the Prime Minister has been accurately quoted, then the council finds it disturbing that he did not qualify his statement in some way."

Transkei  
bank  
robber  
to hang

Own Correspondent

UMTATA — Nkululeko Kubukeli (27), of Umtata, who carried a semi-automatic rifle loaded with 48 rounds of ammunition when he led a gang in robbing the Bank of Transkei, was sentenced to death in the Umtata Supreme Court yesterday.

Mr Justice D J Lombard found that Kubukeli was the mastermind and leader of the gang which robbed the bank of R350 000 last March.

Malunga Poswa (23) was sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment for his part.

The court also found that there were aggravating circumstances on the part of Kubukeli and that he would not have hesitated to shoot if bank staff had resisted.

The court heard that, of the money taken from the bank, R57 000 was still missing. The rest of the money was found in the chimney of Kubukeli's home.



## New power to Unitra councillors

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The 1986 University of Transkei Amendment Act, which confers additional powers on Unitra's council and principal, has been gazetted.

The amendment of the 1976 University of Transkei Act allows the council to refuse admission to people applying to study at the university and to cancel the registration of any student.

The council may do this "at any time of the year, if it considers it to be in the interests of the university".

The principal "may for like reason" suspend a student pending a decision by the council.

The council and the principal are not obliged to give reasons for refusing admissions or cancelling registrations.

(103) DP  
26/6/86

DD 27/6/86

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# Inquiry told how official speeded up cheque process

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The director of the industries' section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, used to go to the accounts section of the Department of Finance and request urgent hand-drawn cheque payments for industrialists, the commission of inquiry into the department's affairs was told here yesterday.

The commission is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen.

The commission heard, among other evidence, that:

- Most of the hand-drawn cheque payments were in excess of the maximum amount of R99 999 which the computer could process at a time;

- Certain companies, including the Ethwa Sawmills and Franco Glass frequently requested hand cheque payments from the Department of Finance;

- Mr Soldati used to go to the Department of Finance accounts section and ask for immediate hand cheque payments

as "industrialists wanted their cheques at once"; and

- Some cheques were collected but not signed for at the Department of Commerce (industry section).

The inquiry is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

An accountant in the Department of Finance (accounts section), Mr Madoda Nyembezi, who is authorised to sign cheques, told the commission that hand cheque payments were paid out after proper papers and vouchers had been received from the Department of Commerce.

He said the signing of the cheques was limited to senior officials. He was one of the accountants who had the power to sign cheques.

No photocopies were allowed. Only the original voucher and relevant documents which accompanied a claim were accepted before the hand cheque payments were made.

Mr Nyembezi said that on many occasions Mr Soldati came to him per-

sonally and requested that these hand cheque payments should be made immediately "as they were urgent because industrialists were waiting".

"At times Mr Soldati would send a junior official from his department with a verbal message that the hand cheques should be speeded up. We signed the cheques.

"But before the cheques were sent or collected from our office, the person who fetched them would sign for them.

"Mr Soldati would sign when he had collected the cheques," Mr Nyembezi said.

Mr Nyembezi said he had no choice but to accept the claim on the strength of the voucher and the documents accompanying it.

He said he had never refused any hand-cheque payments.

"The Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism was the one department which always asked for hand-cheque payments.

"The reason for this was that most of the cheques were over R99 999

which is the maximum figure our computer could process at a time. Some of the cheques which were below this figure were processed through our computer.

"There were certain companies which frequently demanded hand-cheque payments. These included Ethwa Sawmills, Franco Glass and a few others," Mr Nyembezi said.

Another witness, a professional officer for the industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Malizole Tiyane said he was delegated to prepare vouchers for the electricity, transport and wage claims by industrialists in Umtata, Butterworth and Ezibeleni.

He said there were other people who assisted in preparing these vouchers before they were submitted to the seniors.

Mr Tiyane said Mr Soldati never prepared the vouchers and it would be unusual if he did that himself.

"I am not sure whether I got all the claims which were from the Transkei Development Corporation.

"The claims arrived from TDC and we were told to prepare these vouchers so that these claims could be processed and sent to finance for payment.

"It is also possible that there were other claims which did not reach my desk. I have never seen Mr Soldati preparing a voucher.

"There are also loopholes in our system. I say so because at times, when one is busy, he receives a phone call. When he returns, if he was preparing a voucher for a claim, the job had been given to someone to complete.

"I cannot say the voucher and the claim was correctly prepared because it is immediately sent to finance after completion by that different person.

"I have never address-

sed this affair to my seniors. The reason why I did not do it — I feared I would be reprimanded by my seniors. I would be told that I was interfering with someone's work. After South African contributions had been prepared, Mr Soldati took them to Pretoria.

"When he came back he never told us about anything."

Mr Sonwabo Ngcingwane, also a professional officer in the Department of Commerce (industry section), said Mrs Nompumelelo Magwentshu, an assistant director in the section, and a Mrs Mvunelo, also chief professional officer in their section, also prepared vouchers.

Mr Ngcingwane told the inquiry that Mr Soldati also processed the vouchers.

He said that when he was not sure of some figures or something in the voucher or claim, he would consult Mr Soldati or go to the TDC and he would get a clarification of the claim.

"We could process eight claims a day in our section. The maximum time for the whole claim to be processed by all the departments concerned, including finance, is only two weeks. If it is a month, it is too long. There was no time when a claim took more than a month. It took only two weeks," Mr Ngcingwane said.

Mr Ngcingwane said he was not conversant with treasury rules and regulations.

"I just did what was being done in my section. I was never trained, but I saw what others did and also did the work. I did not know if there were any regulations," he said.

Mr Ngcingwane, who holds a BCom degree, said he was familiar with auditing and audit programmes. He said he thought what was being done in his section was procedure.

The inquiry continues today.



**Top civil  
servant  
goes free**

**CP Correspondent**

FRAUD charges against a top Transkei government official were withdrawn this week.

Bongani Maival Soldati, 56 - of Southernwood in Umtata - was alleged to have defrauded the Commerce, Planning and Industry Department of R1,5-million over an 18-month period in 1983 and 1984.

However, the charges were dropped when he appeared in court this week.

Soldati was out on R10 000 bail and had been suspended as director-general of his department.

103 00217/86

# TNIP caucus to go ahead despite snub

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) head committee, which is the supreme body controlling the party's policy, holds its crucial meeting in the Parliamentary caucus room this morning.

The meeting will go ahead despite a rebuke by the party's founder and former Transkei State President, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, of the TNIP "having snubbed and insulted the paramount chiefs of Transkei by not inviting them to the meeting."

The TNIP's Secretary-General, Mr Gibson Bodlani, who was rebuked by Paramount Chief Matanzima for having announced the TNIP nominees for the coming general elections in September, said yesterday that many delegates from various parts of the

country, including those from South Africa, had already arrived in Umtata.

"We expect that all delegates to the meeting will be on time when we start our business," Mr Bodlani said.

Mr Bodlani said the final agenda for the meeting had not been finalised by late yesterday, but would be ready for presentation today.

Earlier, the assistant-general secretary of the party, Mr Goodman Makaula, who is also MP for Tabankulu, confirmed that there had been no invitation to the Paramount Chiefs to attend the meeting.

"We are following the policy of the party and we shall follow this to the letter," Mr Makaula said.

Mr Makaula had also stated that he was not aware that there was any clash between the TNIP

head committee and the Paramount Chiefs of Transkei.

Paramount Chief Matanzima had accused the head committee of insulting the paramount chiefs by saying their presence was not needed at the head committee's meeting.

Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, is the leader of the Transkei National Independence Party and leader of the head committee.

His cousin, Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima, who is the former acting Paramount Chief of Western Tembuland, and now Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima's Parliamentary representative, is the chairman of the party.

The head committee also includes the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr G. S. K. Nota.



# Unitra hostels will reopen on July 8

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Both men's and women's residences at the University of Transkei will be reopened on July 8 when the university starts its third semester.

The chairman of Unitra's governing council, Mr A. T. Sigcu, said in a press release that the council had resolved to reopen the residences.

The residences were closed towards the end of Unitra's second semester. "Council decided to close these residences because they were no longer being used for the purpose for which they were meant, that of providing accommodation for students attending lectures," Mr Sigcu said.

"Because students were boycotting lectures, there seemed to be no justification for accommodating in the residences students who were not prepared to attend lectures."

Mr Sigcu urged students — "and parents are asked to encourage them" — to return to the university when it opened.

"As a result of the student disturbances, a number of sponsors have either withdrawn their sponsorships or expressed reservations at supporting bursary holders in the troublesome climate existing at the University of Transkei towards the end of the second semester.

"Bursary holders would therefore be advised to communicate with their sponsors to put beyond doubt the validity of their sponsorships."

Mr Sigcu called on students, parents "and all men and women who have the welfare of this country and its people at heart to join hands in restoring peace and normality at the university.

"It must be borne in mind that the value of education as a tool for improving the quality of a people is accepted world-wide."

3/7/86  
S.M.K.  
Matanzima's

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## open party vote demands defied

UMTATA — The head committee of the ruling Transkei National Independence Party yesterday decided to defy demands by former State President Chief Kaiser Matanzima that impending general elections be open to all in the party.

The committee had already chosen nominees for 13 districts and yesterday's meeting was to choose candidates for the remaining 15.

General elections will be held in September, with candidates being nominated at magistrates' courts on July 29 after paying a R400 deposit.

In a radio broadcast earlier this week, Chief Matanzima objected to the committee's decision to select the candidates and said the elections should be open to all.



# PM: party will pick candidates

103 DAILY DIS 2/7/86

Dispatch Reporter

**UMTATA** — The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) district committees would nominate all candidates for the September general elections.

This was announced by the Prime Minister and leader of the party, Chief George Matanzima, after a marathon meeting of the head committee yesterday.

The decision announced at a press conference after the all-day meeting comes in the wake of a rebuke from former State President and Western Transkei's Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima.

He said the head committee had no right to delegate party district committees to nominate candidates.

The Western Transkei ruler said it was a snub to paramount chiefs and he wanted the election to be open to all candidates.

He said he had felt insulted when he received a letter from the TNIP head committee, advising him that paramount chiefs were not needed at the crucial meeting of the committee on July 2.

"The Transkei National Independence Party was founded by me. My brother, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, helped me to found this ruling party. We, as paramount chiefs of the country, who are the custodians of our people, will not

accept any further snubbing or insults from the TNIP head committee."

After the meeting yesterday which lasted from 10 am to 4.30 pm, Chief George said the head committee had decided there would be no deviation from the party's constitution.

The head committee comprises the party's executive (five members), representatives from nine regions in Transkei and 28 TNIP district chairmen.

None of the paramount chiefs attended the meeting and Paramount Chief Matanzima was not available for comment.

After lunch, the Minister of Justice and Prisons, Mr Ramsey Madikezela, was called on to explain his backing of the rebuke of the head committee by the Western Transkei ruler.

After giving evidence and answering questions at the closed sitting, he rushed to his official car which was standing outside the National Assembly.

He avoided journalists and said he would not release any statement.

Chief George said he wanted to clear up the confusion about the nomination of candidates.

He described how the TNIP was founded and how the programme of action and policy was made by him after he had been instructed by Paramount Chief Matanzima.

He named the party after Dr Kenneth Kaunda's party and copied the programme of action and the policy from the National Party in South Africa.

He had not been asked to make provision for chiefs as this provision was there when Transkei's self-government was promulgated.

"There was no reason for that provision of chiefs because chiefs were members of parliament as they are still members of the National Assembly today," he said.

Chief Matanzima said, "I have the first constitution of the TNIP which is written in Xhosa."

"As far as the general elections' issue is concerned, the constitution has this provision and this sub-section has always been there, it has never been changed since this party was formed."

"In the amended constitution, Section (A) is written word-for-word."

"It is surprising to me to notice that 20 years after the Transkei National Independence Party was formed, there should now be a person or persons who do not know the real foundation constitution of this party."

"In 1981, when there was a general election, it was decided by the TNIP congress that the policy of the party must be strictly followed when there were nominations for general election candidates, but because of several representations and complaints, like these today, not all districts followed the foundation policy of the party during those elections."

"Party members wanted to emulate the procedure in Western Transkei where the system of voting was last staged in 1983." In subsequent General Elections all candidates from Cofimvaba had been returned unopposed.

• See page 14.



A yellow umbrella and a sunny smile brighten up a grey, wet day in East London yesterday. Liesl du Plessis is the girl keeping raindrops from falling on her head.

## Border shivers as snow expected

Dispatch Reporter  
EAST LONDON — The Border shivered yesterday — and there are prospects of even colder weather.

The entire eastern coastal area and surrounding hinterland experienced cold cloudy weather with rain in some places.

The rainy conditions were expected to last at least another day, a spokesman at the weather office said.

The maximum temperature in East London was about 12 C.

"Usually one finds that while there are still clouds about, the temperatures do not drop all that dramatically, but the real cold comes when the clouds are gone and the icy wind starts," the spokesman said.

Rainy conditions were experienced in most of the Border areas and temperatures were down slightly, he said.

Temperatures of 8 C in Stutterheim and Queenstown, 10 C in Bisho, and 11 C in Umtata were recorded at 8 am yesterday.

A spokesman at Hogsback said although it was "extremely misty" in the area, it had not yet snowed.

The town clerk at Burgersdorp, Mr C. Erasmus, said although it had been cold in the area, it was not "as cold as it could be".

Perfect weather for snow flurries had arrived in Dordrecht, the town clerk, Mr J. Kotze said.

Rain fell in Cathcart during most of the day, and at one farm about 3 mm was measured.

Aliwal North was cloudy yesterday with a slight drop in temperature, the town clerk, Mr J. Joubert said.

A spokesman at the agricultural offices in Barkly East said it was misty, cloudy and cold yesterday, but no rain or snow had fallen.

In Umtata, the temperature dropped last

Dispatch Correspondent  
JOHANNESBURG

The Minister of Finance, Mr Barend du Plessis, moved quickly yesterday to calm foreign bankers by issuing a statement that Dr Denis Worrall's comments on South Africa's foreign debt repayments were not intended as a threat but were a statement of fact.

"The statement by the ambassador in London, Dr Denis Worrall, that South Africa might consider reneging on its foreign debts if crippling sanctions were applied by other Western na-

## Minister explains debts remarks

national loans if the country were to be placed in an intolerable situation by the kind of sanctions suggested by the Eminent Persons' Group, certain Commonwealth members and members of the European Community. A country that is prevented from exporting will obviously not be able to repay foreign

the point is, if you put SA in an extremist situation, that kind of consideration might apply."

"This puts his intention beyond any doubt. It is well known that it has never been the policy of the SA Government to hit back at boycotts or sanctions. It has constantly pronounced its rejection of punitive

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# Court allows auditing of T'kei firms

DAVIDSON  
103  
4/7/88

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Auditor-General has been authorised to audit the books of four businesses operating in Transkei.

The Supreme Court here ordered yesterday that the deputy sheriff and anybody authorised by the Auditor-General, assisted by the police, be authorised to search and seize three firms' records, books, vouchers, documents, cash, stamps, securities, equipment and stores.

The firms are Umtata Provident Electrical (Pty) Ltd, Provident Electrical Umtata (Pty) Ltd, and Umtata Station Electrical (Pty) Ltd. The fourth respondent was the Standard Bank of South Africa.

The court ordered that

all items taken possession of would be held in safe-keeping in accordance with directions given by the registrar of the court.

The three firms were directed to produce and hand over to the deputy sheriff any records and documents and to disclose the names of any sources or premises where they might be situated.

The court also ordered that all cash now standing to the credit of the three firms in any account operated at the Standard Bank "and without limiting the generality thereof" be placed under the attachment.

The firms were interdicted and restrained

from withdrawing any monies from the bank under certain accounts.

The court granted a rule nisi calling on the respondents to show cause, if any, on August 20, why items placed under attachment should not be so held pending the finalisation of the applicant's audit report.

The rule also calls on the respondents to show cause why they should not pay the costs of the court proceedings.

The auditor-general was granted leave to file supplementary affidavits in so far as it was deemed necessary.

Mr. Justice Davies presided. Mr. P. T. Barratt appeared on behalf of the Auditor-General.



# T'kei inquiry <sup>103</sup> continues today

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The commission of inquiry investigating the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism starts its third session here today.

The inquiry, chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, is to investigate the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

The inquiry has sat for two sessions — one in April and another in June — and so far 11 witnesses, including former Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) officials, professional heads and accounting officers from both the departments of Commerce, Industry and Tourism and of Finance, have been called to give evidence.

Other members of the

commission are the chairman of the Public Service Commission, Mr T. F. Matshoba, the dean of economics at the University of Transkei, Professor H. W. Roos, an executive member of the Transkei Chamber of Commerce, Mr Archie Nkonyeni, the deputy secretary of finance, Mr C. Mpahlwa, and a TDC board member, Mr Max Phillips.

The committee's report must be handed to the State President as soon as possible, but not later than December 31, this year.

The commission must report and make recommendations on:

- The role played by members of the administration of the department or other departments of state with a view to establishing whether they contributed to negligence;
- The financial management in the department with regard to industrial incentives;
- The loss, actual and potential, to the state;
- The establishment of controls in the system of payment of incentives to

industrialists with a view to closing any loopholes; and

- The entire system of internal checks and controls in the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism to improve security and efficiency.

In an outline of evidence when the commission started in April, a member of the commission's legal team, Mr A. Findlay, SC, said the vast scope of the probe was shown by the fact that the original figure under investigation, about R11 million, had increased to more than R120 million.

He said the commission would investigate senior officials of the department who authorised irregular payments, accountants and auditors who allowed irregular claims to pass and civil servants who were either persuaded to make payments or unintentionally made these payments.

Mr Findlay said evidence on the siphoning of R1,5 million in state funds would be given by a senior official of the auditor-general's office.

Star 7/7/86

## Cosatu, Transkei officials in casino row

Own Correspondent

103

DURBAN — The Congress of South African Trade Unions (Cosatu) and the Transkei Government appear to be on a collision course after recent alleged harassment of Wild Coast Casino staff.

According to a source at the casino, most of the 1300 staff want to join the Cosatu-affiliated South African Allied Workers' Union which has been banned from operating in the Transkei.

The source said security police addressed a staff meeting at which they allegedly warned: "We will kill anyone who has anything to do with Cosatu."

Security police detained about nine staff members two weeks ago, according to the managing director of the casino, Mr Alberto

Chiaranda. He said that initially no reasons were given for the detentions. "Only later, did it emerge that it had to do with the unions."

"Our position is that we must stick to the laws of the country." Mr Chiaranda said he did not know of any death threats but knew police had threatened to detain staff.

Cosatu spokesman Mr Dirk Hartford condemned the alleged intimidation and detention of workers and said Cosatu would help casino workers.

He attacked Sun International, which owns the casino: "The company has the image of being opposed to apartheid but, at the same time, is using apartheid laws to prevent workers from organising."

Security police spokesman Brigadier Spalding Dengana said he had "no idea" of the meeting with casino staff.



# 13 Unitra

## students expelled

103  
8/7/86

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — The University of Transkei in Umtata has cancelled the registration of 13 students and banned them from entering the campus without the permission of the principal of the university.

This was confirmed yesterday by the principal, Professor B. D. van der Merwe.

Professor Van der Merwe said there were 13 students affected by the move and the decision applied to the current academic year only.

The students had been expelled in terms of Section 18 of the University of Transkei Act which empowered the university council to cancel registration of a student if this was deemed to be in the interest of the university.

A third-year B Proc student, Mr Bonakele Toni, of Mdantsane, said he and 13 others had received letters informing them that their registration had been cancelled in terms of a council decision taken on June 24. The letter was signed by the registrar, Mr S. D. Majokweni.

Professor Van der Merwe denied that 14 students had been expelled, saying action had been taken against only 13.

Mr Toni alleged that the expelled students were executive members of student bodies, clubs, societies and of the students' representative council, but this was denied by Professor Van der Merwe.

Mr Toni said a committee of parents from Mdantsane and other parts of the country would meet the Unitra authorities.

The university was closed for the winter vacation as from June 13 and is scheduled to re-open today.

The last semester was marred by unrest, a class boycott and the deportation of four students from Transkei.

A number of students were detained by the Transkei police. Some were charged and paid admission of guilt fines.

The university closed its hostels to students when the students prolonged their boycott of lectures.

See page 7.

103  
**Transkei  
tea for  
squatters**

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — Transkei's Magwa Tea corporation will donate a ton of tea to people at the Crossroads squatter camp every month, the chairman of the corporation's board of directors, Mr Archie Nkonyeni, said here yesterday.

The tea, worth R5 000 a ton and about R7 000 with transport costs, would be enough for some 12 500 people, he said.

The first consignment of tea will be sent to Crossroads, near Cape Town, this morning. It will be donated every month until the crisis at Crossroads is over.

Mr Nkonyeni said Magwa Tea, a state corporation, believed that where it was possible to alleviate human suffering it was necessary to do so.

It was the Transkei corporation's "duty to help" because Transkeians were also living at Crossroads.

Mr Nkonyeni said he hoped the move would encourage the responsible parties to meet and attempt to resolve the crisis.



(103) DD 10/7/86

## SA refusing to pay claims — Pukwana

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The South African Government was still refusing to pay about R1 million in claims for industrial incentives on a rand for rand basis, after several Transkei claims had been rejected by Pretoria.

This was said by the Secretary-General of the Transkei Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr B. B. Pukwana, when he gave evidence yesterday before the judicial inquiry into the conduct and affairs of the department.

Mr Pukwana told the commission, which is chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, that several vouchers prepared by the industry section of the department had been rejected by Pretoria and that South Africa owed Transkei about R1 million for the industrial incentives claims.

He said Transkei was now paying more than she should to industrialists, as Pretoria had refused to pay out these claims. The money was still outstanding.

Mr Pukwana also told the commission that the duty of the department was to protect the interests of the Transkei Government, but at the same time to make sure that industrialists were not neglected and were satisfied with the services from his department.

He said he joined the Department of Commerce in 1981 when the incentives and concessions to industrialists were operating.

Mr Pukwana said he had checked vouchers which contained the claims after making sure that officials in his section had initialled the vouchers which had been processed.

After he had satisfied himself, he then passed these vouchers for the Department of Finance to effect payment.

Mr Pukwana said many industrialists had phoned him and once he received such calls he would go to the

industry section to find out how far they were with the claims.

He said that if his department could be given a more experienced accountant, things would go smoothly.

He said some of the clerks in the industry section prepared the vouchers.

He said that at the time he was transferred to the Department of Commerce, he found Mr Willem Germishuizen, a seconded official.

"I had no problem because I approached Mr Germishuizen for advice.

"I also received the minutes of the Transkei Industries Board, (Tib) but I was not aware that there had been any differences between the Transkei Development Corporation officials and the Tib members.

"If I had spotted any confrontation between the members of these two bodies, I would have called them together to iron out these differences."

Another witness, the chief auditor from the Auditor-General's office, Mr Elliot Mokoena described in details how Mr Bongani Soldati, the director of the industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, together with Mr K. Magidigidi, from Qumbu, were involved in several businesses, including Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills.

Mr Mokoena told the commission that at first it was not clear who owned the Etyeni sawmills.

He said that after investigations, "we discovered that the Etyeni sawmills was not a registered company, but Ethwa was.

"Our investigations led us to unearth that many sums of money were claimed by the Ethwa sawmills and also channelled to Etyeni sawmills which was run by Mr Magidigidi.

"There was also the Etyeni store which had two banking accounts and at one stage one was for Etyeni sawmills."

12/11/86

103 0010/7/86

# Unitra students return

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Some 75 per cent of University of Transkei students attended lectures yesterday, the principal, Professor B. D. van der Merwe, said.

The university opened for its third semester on Tuesday, and both men's and women's residences — closed in May after a prolonged student lecture boycott — were reopened.

Prof Van der Merwe said about 70 per cent of resident students had returned. "Five per cent were sent back home to collect money for their fees."



103

# Church call: scrap apartheid

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The United Methodist Church of Southern Africa has called on the Transkei Government to urge South African authorities to speed up its programme of "scrapping the hurtful apartheid system that has brought so much misery and agony in Southern Africa."

117/88

This was resolved at the church's annual Clarkebury district synod at Buntingville Mission.

A motion was carried that the synod

be mindful of the "disastrous consequences that would befall Transkei's predominantly peasant community should the canvassed total economic strangulation of South Africa take full effect."

The synod held moments of silent prayer that the South African Government "may be sensitive to the issues which have brought misery and loss of life," and that "peace may prevail at the University of Transkei so that a climate conducive to good academic progress may be restored."

# 13 expelled as campus opens

By FRANZ KRÜGER, East London

AUTHORITIES at the troubled University of Transkei (Unitra) expelled 13 students as the campus opened for its third term this week — sparking speculation of renewed class boycotts.

Unitra principal Professor BD van der Merwe confirmed the University Council had decided to "terminate the registration" of the 13. He said the council had not given reasons, and he could not do so either.

He rejected charges that the expelled students were members of the Students' Representative Council and the executives of other student

organisations.

The university began its third term on Tuesday after a second term that had been severely disrupted by class boycotts, sparked by the deportation of two students.

When the campus closed for the winter vacation, one student had been deported — another deportation failed because the student turned out to be a Transkeian citizen — and the men's residences had been closed, "because they were no longer being

used for the purpose for which they were intended".

The situation at Unitra this week was unclear. The authorities had reopened all the residences, and Van der Merwe said 75 percent of the students were back in their hostel rooms by Wednesday, with a similar proportion at lectures.

Between 50 and 70 students had been sent back home because their fees had not been paid in full, he said. However, no independent corroboration of the figures could be obtained.



1986

# Broedertwis among the Matanzimas

By FRANZ KRUGER  
East London

A RARE row between Transkei's Matanzima brothers flared briefly last week — and then was hastily buried.

Disunity between the homeland's former State President, recently-retired Kaiser Matanzima, and his Prime Minister brother, George, is rare. The two most powerful men in Transkei are usually united on all matters.

Last week's row erupted when Kaiser, now retired to his tribal seat as paramount chief of Western Tembuland, launched a scathing attack on the leadership of the Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) which he founded.

In a Radio Transkei broadcast he accused the party's head committee of "snubbing and insulting the paramount chiefs in Transkei".

It appeared the head committee did not invite the paramount chiefs to a meeting on July 2. Matanzima also challenged the party's procedure for selecting candidates for September's planned general election.

The candidates, he said, should be selected by all the voters in the country, and not just a few people in the party.

But the head committee went ahead with its meeting, after which George, the party's leader, stated the selection procedure would be adhered to and that district committees would choose candidates.

He said the party's constitution did not make a place for the chiefs as they were automatically members of the national assembly. In an unusually direct public rebuke to his brother, George said: "It is surprising to me to note that 20 years after TNIP was formed, there should now be a person or persons who do not know the real foundation constitution of this party."

Since then there has been silence, and it seems unlikely there will be further public exchanges.

The substantive issue behind the bluster appeared to centre on the power to select the party's candidates for the general election.

When Kaiser handed over the presidency to paramount chief Tutor Ndamase, it was expected he would continue to wield enormous power.

However, it is believed that with his retirement far from Umtata, and with his ex-officio seat in the national assembly occupied, Kaiser Matanzima found his influence over the day-to-day running of the government not as strong as he was accustomed to.

His demand for the election of candidates to be thrown open to all is believed to have been a "second best" option, an attempt to find another way to influence the selection of candidates despite his exclusion from the central TNIP policy-making body.

# Students fail to pay fees

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The registration of a "large number" of University of Transkei students who had not paid fees, which were due on Tuesday, by noon yesterday, has been cancelled.

Affected students were given until 5 pm yesterday to vacate the campus, according to a notice to students signed by the Unitra principal and vice-chancellor, Professor B. van der Merwe.

The Unitra vice-principal, Professor W. Nkuhlu, said yesterday afternoon that the number of students affected were not yet available, but a "large number" were involved. — DDR.



## Students urged to register

103  
D Q M  
1 Mar 68

UMTATA — Candidates for teachers' diplomas who are due to write supplementary examinations before they can graduate, have been urgently requested to register with the University of Transkei examination section before Tuesday.

The Unitra public relations manager, Mr M. G. L. Matshaka, said candidates for the secondary teachers (Std Three) and primary teachers (PTD Three) diplomas who still "owed supplementary examinations in certain subjects" must register.


**THE  
EMERGENCY**

# A 'braker' for Wild Coast staff

By SIBUSISO MNGADI

ATTEMPTS by 1 300 Wild Coast Casino staff to join "the banned" SA Allied Workers' Union were greeted by a "wild" response from the Transkei Security Police - they allegedly threatened to kill anybody showing interest in Saawu, because of its Cosatu links.

It did not stop there - nine Saawu members were detained recently.

Transkei banned Saawu earlier this year.

A Saawu spokesman in Durban said the Security Police addressed a staff meeting at which they allegedly threatened that "we will kill anyone who has anything to do with Cosatu".

Security police deputy commander Gen S Damoyi denied any knowledge of such a meeting, saying that if it did take place it would have been authorised by him or his immediate superior.

But casino managing director Alberto Chiaranda confirmed that a meeting with Security Police took place.

He also confirmed that nine of his staff members were detained.

"It later emerged that it had to do with the unions. Our position is that we must stick to the laws of the country," he said.

He said the Security Police asked him to arrange the meeting with the staff, to which he agreed after it was cleared with the Manpower Department.

Workers were warned against getting involved with unions and allegedly threatened with death.

Chiranda said he did not know of any death threats, but knew police had threatened to detain staff.

A Saawu spokesman condemned the intimidation and called for the release of those detained workers.

He said the union, together with Cosatu, will be taking up the matter with Sun International management who owned the hotel.

"It is surprising that a company which claims to be anti-apartheid was using the same apartheid laws to bash the union.

"It's typical of what these liberal companies have been doing throughout the country. They prefer to operate from homelands where super exploitation is rife and legal," he said.

... court this week after her release on bail - to



# Curfew renewed

TRANSKEI'S curfew regulations - which restrict the movement of people, confining them indoors between 10pm and 5am - have been renewed.

The regulation first came into operation on July 22 last year, a month after the blast which damaged Umtata's fuel depot and the city's power supply.

People travelling during curfew hours must obtain written permission from either a magistrate, chief, headman or Transkei police officer.

STAR  
15/7/86 (103)

## Transkei to probe Anglican sanctions attitudes

UMTATA — Anglican Church leaders in Transkei are to be investigated to find out whether they follow the ideas of sanctions on South Africa advocated by Bishop Desmond Tutu, Archbishop-Elect of Cape Town. Transkei Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima said this at a function at the weekend when he thanked the white community of Maclear for a donation to the Mt. Fletcher black school.

Chief Matanzima said he was surprised to discover that ministers of religion also preached wayward things.

### REFUSE MONEY

He cited Bishop Tutu, saying he was "trotting the globe preaching disinvestment" — knowing that his fellow black men would suffer most.

Chief Matanzima said the bishop must first refuse the sums of money he received from overseas countries before preaching disinvestment — which would not change his own living style.

The chief added that prophets of doom who believed in the disinvestment campaign were not interested in the plight of the black people in South Africa.

— Sapa



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The accused are: Mr pany.

# Identity checks at Unitra

DD  
15/7/86  
103  


Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Stringent measures were imposed at the University of Transkei yesterday following the suspension last week of the registration of all students who had not paid fees.

Staff and students now have to produce either staff identification or student registration cards before they are allowed to enter the library building through the front door.

A notice to students and staff, signed by the principal and vice-chancellor, Professor B. van der Merwe, said entry to all teaching areas would be allowed on production of identification cards.

Entry to the east teaching wall and laboratories would be through the main doors at the ground levels of the buildings on the production of identification cards, the notice said.

Meanwhile, it was still not clear yesterday how many students were affected by the suspension of registrations last Thursday.

Large numbers of students were, however, queuing to pay fees.

The university opened for its third semester last Tuesday, and all residences, closed after a student boycott of lectures in the second term, were reopened.

The principal reported on Wednesday that 75 per cent of students were attending lectures.

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# EXP

# T'kei inquiry told of R40 000 overpayment

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government paid R224 000 for wage incentives to the Ethwa Sawmills although the original claim was for R184 000 — an overpayment of R40 000.

This was submitted as evidence yesterday to the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism by the chief auditor in the Transkei auditor-general's office, Mr Elliot Mokoena.

He told the commission, which is chaired by the country's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, that large sums of money had been claimed from the government by both Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills for wage incentives, electricity and transport.

"Most of the claims which had been submitted to the Department of Commerce were dealt with by Mr Bongani Soldati, who was the director of the industry section of the department," Mr Mokoena said.

"Mr Soldati — it

appeared from our investigations, — prepared the vouchers for these claims, which did not even go through the Transkei Development Corporation, without any supporting evidence or documentary proof as laid down by the Transkei Industries Board.

"He submitted claims from Ethwa and Etyeni and endorsed the cheques after approval for payment by the Department of Finance."

Mr Mokoena said that during the period from 1983 to 1985, false and inflated claims by the Ethwa Sawmills had been paid out by the government.

Most of these claims had been prepared and certified correct by Mr Soldati.

"We discovered that all the claims that were purported to be for transport and electricity were so inflated that, there was no consistence with the current rates for transport and electricity.

"Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills used no state electricity. They had generators in their fac-

ories," Mr Mokoena said.

Some of the claims by Ethwa and Etyeni had been backdated.

"Without any valid supporting documents, Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills received their claims payments on Mr Soldati's approval."

Mr Mokoena said most of the transport rebates claimed by Ethwa and Etyeni had been duplicated.

He found that most of the money paid to Ethwa Sawmills had not been banked in its account. It was deposited by a Mr K. M. Magidigidi in the banking accounts of Etyeni Store.

Ethwa and Etyeni used a system by which supposed loans were paid by Etyeni, or Mr Magidigidi, to Ethwa after claims had been made.

"I doubt if Ethwa ever received such amounts," Mr Mokoena said.

He said the claims escaped TDC scrutiny because they could have been rejected if it were found that they were invalid.

"Our investigations

found that all the claims that had been prepared by Ethwa and Etyeni were received by the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, and involved vast sums of money.

"We discovered that Etyeni was used to syphon cash from the Ethwa claims — these were channelled to Transkei Blue Mountain Service.

"The loan scheme was just a front.

"No loans, according to our investigations, were ever received by Ethwa.


"It was a complex problem and we discovered that the Etyeni Store and sawmills were used as a channel to get cash into the Transkei Blue Mountain Service, which was owned by Mr Soldati and Mr Magidigidi.

"This operation was such that many claims, which reached the Department of Commerce were processed by Mr Soldati," Mr Mokoena said.

The commission continues today.



# Chief auditor tells of irregular payments

(103)  
  
 DD 16/7/86

UMTATA — The chief auditor in the Transkei Auditor's office yesterday said he was baffled how an official in the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism found money to pay for cars over the counter.

Mr Elliot Mokoena, who was trained overseas, was giving evidence before the commission of inquiry into affairs of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism and its parastatal bodies — chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen.

He said R1,2m was channelled to the Transkei Blue Mountain bus service, jointly owned by the director of industry in the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati and Mr K. M. Magidigidi.

Mr Magidigidi is also the owner of Etyeni sawmills and Etyeni store in Qumba.

Mr Mokoena said Ethwa sawmills received R800 000 and Etyeni sawmills R235 000, in concessions and incentives cash for

industrialists.

Mr Mokoena who with his team investigated the businesses of Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills, Etyeni Store and the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service, said there were many vouchers which related to irregular payments in favour of Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills.

Outlining irregular payments paid to Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills, Mr Mokoena said there were "bogus loans" agreements which were made between Ethwa sawmills and Mr Magidigidi.

He said some of irregular monies paid out to Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills were accepted as personal cash of Mr Magidigidi.

"One surprising feature about the whole transaction, Ethwa did not actually receive the money of the purported loans, but was subsequently made to make good and pay back the purported loans," he said.

He said it was fraud against the Government of Transkei and fraud against Ethwa sawmills.

Mr Mokoena further noted that Mr Magidigidi and Mr Soldati used irregular money to purchase two buses worth R70 000.

Furthermore, he observed that each time an irregular government cheque was received after being claimed — there was in each case a huge cash drawing from the bank.

Mr Mokoena told the members of the commission that there was still about R500 000 which was missing and untraceable — as it was in liquid cash.

Dealing with the assets of the sawmills, he said an Izuzu four-wheel drive was purchased for cash over the counter by Mr Soldati.

"At the present moment there is still R500 000 which is still missing because all these cash drawings from the bank were in liquid cash. All these cheques for irregular payments were written by Mr Soldati and Mr Magidigidi signed them," Mr Mokoena said.

The inquiry continues today.

(103) 18/7/86 DD

# T'kei to probe sanctions issue

**Dispatch Correspondent**  
UMTATA — Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said he would investigate the opinions of Anglican Church leaders in the country on sanctions against South Africa.

He said the investigation was because the Archbishop-elect of Cape Town, Bishop Desmond Tutu, had advocated sanctions.

During a presentation of drums to school majorettes at Mount Fletcher, Chief Matanzima said he wanted to find out if Transkei's Anglican leaders agreed with Bishop Tutu.

"The prophets of doom firmly believe that South Africa will be brought down through sanctions, but my question is, who is really going to suffer? Is it not the blacks?", Chief Matanzima said.

"We have even ministers of religion trying to preach wayward things. Desmond Tutu, head of the Anglican Church, is preaching disinvestment, although he knows

only blacks will suffer." Chief Matanzima said Bishop Tutu should first refuse money "he receives from overseas" before preaching disinvestment, which would not change his lifestyle.

The African National Congress (ANC) had used the most extreme methods of violence, claiming it was fighting for liberation. Transkeians had never delegated "this terrorist" organisation to place bombs in Johannesburg or anywhere else to "kill all and sundry", he said.

Corporal punishment would be made law in Transkei and education was now compulsory under Transkei emergency regulations.

"Emergency regulations in Transkei require that no student be outside school premises during school hours," Chief Matanzima said.

He praised the white community for showing interest in Transkei education and giving assistance to his campaign for all Transkei

schools to have drum majorettes and guides.

He said Transkei students would learn from white students that class boycotts, the burning of schools, and the harassment of teachers was not a solution towards settling differences.

Referring to conditions at the University of Transkei (Unitra), he said he "smelt" that parents of students at the university supported the behaviour of their children.

If they did not, he asked why they were quiet and accepted the students back home after disrupting classes at the university.

Chief Matanzima said that as long as he was Prime Minister of Transkei, all uprisings would be quelled.

The language best understood by black children was that of a sjambok or cane.

He said police had been sent to the Unitra campus to drive students to the lecture halls, and they did this with sjamboks.

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# Transkei hails factory opening

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The opening of a factory here was hailed yesterday as a step forward in the development of the Transkei economy.

The new McCarthy Contractors (Transkei) factory was officially opened by the Minister of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr G. S. K. Nota, at a ceremony attended by businessmen and government officials.

Mr Nota said the opening represented another advance in the development of the country.

He said industrial development was the way to advancement for any country and that it was the duty of every government to create a climate conducive to industrial development.

Industrialists should take advantage of the opportunities offered by the Transkei Government, which wanted to encourage industrialists to buy land to construct their own factories.

Mr Nota said his department appreciated the move by the company to invest in Transkei.

"The rise in unemployment figures is a concern for every government which places high value on the welfare of its people."

He said a conglomeration of industries could contribute to the acceleration of Transkei's economic advancement.

The managing director of the company, Mr D. B. Paterson, said he looked forward to the future of the new factory.

"We are here to build directly and quickly," he said.

The company manufactures industrialised building components for schools, houses and clinics.

# Murder trial witness collapses

**Mercury Correspondent**  
UMTATA—A witness in the Supreme Court trial in connection with the death of a senior Transkei Agricultural Corporation manager, Mr Ivan Scriven, 65, collapsed in the witness box yesterday.

Court officials rushed to Mrs Anna Myekani's aid.

Mrs Myekani, who suffers from a heart condition, col-

lapsed after questioning by a State advocate and three defence advocates.

She was giving evidence in the trial of Mr Scriven's widow, Elizabeth, 22, Livingstone Sihlahla, 22, and Zandisile Mankayi, 34, before Mr Justice Mitchell.

Mrs Scriven and Mr Mankayi have pleaded not guilty to conspiracy to com-

mit murder and to murder. Yesterday the Court changed Mr Sihlahla's plea of guilty to both counts to not guilty.

Mrs Myekani's daughter, Miss Julia Myekani, who lived in a back room at the Scrivens' home at Butterworth, told the Court she heard Mr Scriven scream after he opened the door of the house to two masked

men on April 19.

A man in overalls kicked the 'old man' while a man in khaki clothes held his arms behind his back, she said.

Mrs Scriven, Miss Myekani, and the Scrivens' four-year-old son went to a bedroom. From there, she heard Mr Scriven calling for help in Afrikaans.

Miss Myekani said that after the screaming stopped, Mrs Scriven opened the bedroom door to a 'gentle knock'. A man asked for a bottle of bleach.

After Mrs Scriven opened the door again, she said, she heard someone say: 'We are finished.'

She said she recognised the two men as Mr Sihlahla and Mr Mankayi, as their masks were removed.

Miss Myekani said that before the killing, she had gone to her room, where Mr Sihlahla had asked her to call Mrs Scriven, who had then told her to tell Mr Sihlahla that the two men should knock at the front door.

## Herbs

Mr Scriven had been watching television before he had opened the door, she said.

Mrs Myekani, who had worked as a domestic servant for the Scrivens, told the Court she had thrown away herbs wrapped in brown paper which had been given to her by Mr Sihlahla, and then she had made up substitute packages.

Mr Sihlahla had told her to hand the herbs — for 'vomiting purposes' — to Mrs Scriven.

She said she had swapped the contents of the packets before handing them to Mrs Scriven because she had noticed a 'brownish colour' in the sugar.

Mrs Myekani told the Court the Scrivens had argued frequently and that Mrs Scriven had 'used foul language to her husband'.

She denied allegations that she had suggested to Mrs Scriven that she poison her husband.

The trial continues.



D.O. 23/7/81 (103)

## Evidence: sawmill friction

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — After the Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills had been placed under judicial management, pending investigations by the Transkei Auditor-General's office, there was a "blow-up and friction" between the Etyeni sawmills and the manager of Ethwa sawmills, a commission of inquiry, heard here yesterday.

Giving evidence before the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, which is investigating the possible misuse of about R120 million, Mr Carel Delpport, who was the manager of Ethwa sawmills, said the blow-up between himself and Mr K. M. Magidigidi led to security police being set on him as it was alleged he had no work permit for Transkei.

Mr Delpport told the commission, which is chaired by Transkei's Chief

Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, that the friction between himself and Mr Magidigidi was still "on and off but was there," despite the fact that he was still associated with Ethwa sawmills.

Mr Delpport said he was first brought to the Ethwa sawmills some time in January 82, when his brother-in-law, a Mr Venter was there. He said a Mr Higgs was also there, but Mr Venter left afterwards.

Mr Delpport said all decentralisation claims from Ethwa could have gone through him, but most of the claims by Etyeni were false as they reflected some workers who had left the sawmills and the list of names for wage incentives was not correct for both Etyeni and Ethwa because "some of the names which appeared, were not of people working there."

The commission will continue today.

# R20 000 gift for Unitra

103  
D.D.  
23/7/86

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The University of Transkei (Unitra) received a donation of R20 000 yesterday — one of the largest sums ever given to the university.

The consumer manager of Caltex, Natal, Mr Brian Drummond, presented two cheques to the vice-principal, Professor W. L. Nkuhlu.

One cheque of R15 000 is for bursaries and the other of R5 000 will go towards a development fund.

Mr Drummond said his company intended to become involved with bursary recipients on a personal basis and would like a list of them to keep record of their progress.

Prof Nkuhlu said he was grateful for the company's support and gave assurances that Unitra was committed to making the best possible use of the funds.

He said a number of successes had been achieved in the past few years by the initiation of various projects.

One of the projects was the establishment of a technical and managerial training branch in Butterworth because there was a shortage of such trained people in Transkei.

He said a medical facility has been in operation for almost a year and was in great demand.



## Resistance

UMTATA—The former Ciskei Minister of Transport, Chief Morris Namba Sebe, who has been in self-imposed exile in Transkei since July 1984, yesterday announced the formation of the Ciskei Liso Lomzi Resistance Movement, aimed at countering alleged atrocities by the Ciskei Government. Chief Sebe told a press conference in Butterworth that the movement was already in operation in Ciskei to protect the people there against President Lennox Sebe's regime. — (Sapa)

N/M 24/7/86 (103)

D77 (103) 28/7/86

## Four held after Umtata attack

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The head of the security police in Transkei, General L. S. Kawe, has confirmed that four men were detained at about the time of the attack on the Umtata police charge office.

General Kawe said three of the men were still being held under Section 27 of the Public Security Act. Their names are Mr Sgquibo Mpendulo, Mr Synod Madlebe and Mr Salakatya V. Simuku.

After questioning, they would either be charged or released, he said.

The general also confirmed that a former leader of the Democratic Party, Mr Hector Bongani Nco-kazi, had been detained on July 29 with those still held, but had been released on Monday last week.

An attorney representing the detained men, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza, claimed that Mr Welile Butuma was also held, but that he too had since been released.

General Kawe said people were not detained indiscriminately and that the police had an obligation to report to the Minister of Police why such persons could not be released.

The Minister of Police could order a detainee's release immediately if police explanations for detentions were not satisfactory, he added.



# Kei MP's two sons 'joined ANC'

By STAN MZIMBA

SIX Transkeians, including Agriculture Minister EZ Booi's two sons, appeared in the Umtata Magistrates' court on seven counts of terrorism related charges.

Tobile Dlaku, 31, Pakisa Mabika Ntshobane, 33, Peace Sokaya Kali, 22, Mlungisi Booi, 28, Bongani Booi, 24, and Vukile Penford Makhwelo, 32, alleg-

edly recruited five people to join the ANC and harboured three guerillas.

Kali allegedly recruited Jabu Sibongile Tshangane to join the ANC during July 1985 and asked Tshangane and two unnamed people to form ANC cells.

The Booi brothers and Makhwelo allegedly gave Zolani Mvuli (who also used the aliases Monwabisi Mbethe, Roll Call, RC), a lift in their father's car from Lady Frere to Umtata on February 2 when a handgrenade he was carrying exploded, killing him and injuring the others.

In follow-up operations police found two AK47 rifles, eight magazines loaded with 30 rounds of ammunition each and a further 55 rounds of AK47 ammunition contained in a plastic bag, in a room belonging to Bongani Booi.

Dlaku and Ntshobane are facing five counts of harbouring three guerillas and attempting to recruit five others to join the ANC.

They were not asked to plead. The case was postponed to August 4 for hearing in the regional court. The accused are all out on R1 000 bail each.

## PEOPLE'S DIARY

**GOT** a meeting, a conference, a funeral or any other gathering you want to publicise, phone Stan Mhlongo or Len Kalane at Johannesburg: 836-7441, 836-7442 or 836-7443 Tuesday to Saturday, 9am to 5pm, or bring the details to the office, 204 Eloff St Ext, Johannesburg - next to Faraday Station.

# Get out, say the people - and out they go, too!

By SOL MORATHI

THREE Mothotlung town councillors, including deputy mayor Seth Mosito, have resigned - allegedly because the Bop government did not want to give them "fair recognition".

The others are J Moatshe and B Peteke.

Mayor Jacob von Welligh said they resigned because of "the council's lack of powers in controlling the township's finance".

Mosito declined to com-

ment on his resignation. Moatshe and Peteke were not available.

There are only four councillors now - Von Welligh, Martin Kanyane, N Moche and J Semanya.

Last week residents called on all councillors to resign because the council was "incompetent and lacked initiative".

Mothotlung was established in 1969, but still does not have a post office, creches, and sufficient shops and schools.

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# I'm Namba one - exiled Sebe

By STAN MZIMBA

EXILED former Ciskei Cabinet Minister Namba Sebe claimed in Transkei this week that his half brother, President Lennox Sebe, has no royal blood - and had hijacked chieftainship just to entrench his present position.

He outlined the Sebe family tree and nowhere did Womgama - the president's Xhosa name - feature on the list.

He said preparations were underway to challenge Sebe "even in

court if possible", he added.

He said in terms of the Sebe Royal family line, he was the chief.

And he said he fully supported the formation of the opposition Ciskei People Rights Protection Party by former Cabinet Minister Chief Lent Maqoma.

Reacting to Namba Sebe's allegations, Ciskei National Independence Party general secretary AM Tapa said it was strange he should indulge in a controversy over the leadership while in exile, but never

challenged the chieftainship when he was in Ciskei.

"This shows how much credence should be given to his utterances and pose a question about his credibility," said Tapa.

"It's strange that he should dispute the existence of a Khambashe tribe when his next of kin identified with the tribe and had named their children after prominent persons belonging to the lineage."

He described the Maqoma/Namba Sebe alliance as "unholy" and "a marriage of convenience".



Resettlement area becomes a model town

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# Transkei shows way with housing project

By Frank Jeans

Transkei might well have a lesson for South African housing developers in the reshaping of a little place called Ilinge which began as a resettlement area 20 years ago.

In creating a real town status on a R6 million budget, the Transkeians hit on the right format — a spread of work and prosperity over 200 small, local builders, with contracts ranging from six weeks and valued at R3 600 to R6 600 for 14 weeks.

The Development Bank of South Africa has put R4,8 million into the Ilinge scheme which will eventually put 3 000 new homes on to the market, which, along with the 1 600 existing units, will go a long way towards providing upgraded accommodation for the 12 000 population.

Man behind the labour-based building programme is Mr James Croswell of Johannes-

burg-based civil engineering consultancy James Croswell and Associates. He recently told a University of Witwatersrand seminar: "We are providing for 500 man-years of labour and employing about 300 men at peak periods in a town where only 400 men, or 33 percent of the official population, have formal employment."

Mr Croswell, who is also chairman of the housing committee of the South African Property Owners Association (Sapoa), believes the wide use of labour-based industry is vital to the future of the country.

"We are introducing unskilled black labour to free market enterprise by subcontracting to small local groups and so as to disperse income as widely as possible, most contractors' teams employ 12 to 16 men," he says.

"The new era of African construction lies in low-cost housing for the masses and the fu-

ture wealth of the building industry hinges on the speed of its adaptability to the concept of Third World labour-based programmes.

"Opting out with sophisticated machinery is easy but new types of project management programmes must be evolved to encourage the maximum number of workers."

Certainly, Ilinge will be a case study for the building industry, for so far it has only a gravel road, a few water pipes, some pit latrines, unnamed streets, no electricity and no public phone.

It's a commendable task by the builders when it is remembered that the average household income is R78 a month (ranging from R15 to R300).

Only 28 percent of the economically active section of the population is employed and about 70 percent of the houses have only one or two rooms.

DD: 29/07/86

# Sawmills: no proper records say auditors

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Figures in the Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills' financial reports of 1983 and 1984 were subject to suspicion as there were many deficiencies.

This view was expressed by independent accountants and auditors from Aiken and Carter when the judicial commission of inquiry into the conduct and the affairs of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism resumed its hearing here yesterday.

Mr Stuart Morris and Mr Ronald Tweedle, who had already given evidence before the commission but were recalled, said Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills did not keep proper records of their operations.

Mr Morris and Mr Tweedle told the commission, which has sat for 25 days, that they experienced problems during their investigations as there were no proper records of wages, salaries, incentives and concessions at both sawmills.

They said there was also no list of workers and no prepared wage and salary registers, as prescribed by the Brown manual of the Decentralisation Board.

They said they had found that labourers and workers at Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills had been treated as a single entity for the purpose of claiming salaries, wages and incentives.

There was also no differentiation about those who worked in the forest and those at the production plant.

Mr Morris and Mr Tweedle also told the commission that they discovered that there was virtually no strict financial control at the sawmills.

The commission, which is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

In their joint report to the commission, Mr Morris and Mr Tweedle said they had noticed that there was no breakdown of operations in order to show whether there were weekly or monthly shifts during the operations at Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills.

Ethwa, when making claims, did not use some of the forms as stipulated by the Transkei Industries Board when claiming for wage concessions from the Department of Commerce.

They said there were occasions where some of these claims had been queried by officials from the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC), but these went through for payment.

Ethwa, and Etyeni, said Mr Morris and Mr Tweedle, also received unauthorised claims for their transport.

The commission continues today.



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29/7/86

# Scriven trial: clashing views on wife's role

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Conflicting views about Mrs Elizabeth Scriven's alleged role in the murder of her husband, Mr Ivan Scriven, were heard in the Supreme Court yesterday during argument by the state and the defence.

Mrs Scriven, 23, Mr Livingstone Sihlahla, 22, and Mr Zandisile Mankayi, 34, are charged with the murder of Mr Scriven, a senior Transkei Agricultural Corporation manager, who was found strangled in his Butterworth home on April 19. They also face a charge of complicity to murder.

They have pleaded not guilty to the charges.

Presenting the state's argument, Mr Johan du Toit said Mrs Scriven had played a leading role in the conspiracy and had looked for accomplices to carry out her designs.

Arguing that Mrs Scriven was guilty on both counts, he said the plan to kill Mr Scriven would not have worked if she had not played a part.

He said Mrs Scriven had used Mr Sihlahla and persuaded him to participate in the affair.

The basis of the conspiracy began when muti was brought by Mr Sihlahla from a herbalist. He gave it to Mrs Anna Myekeni, the Scrivens' maid, who then gave the herbs to Mrs Scriven. The herbs were bought with the intention of killing Mr Scriven, he said.

Mr Du Toit submitted that Mrs Myekeni's daughter, Julia, who lived on the premises,

and Mrs Scriven had both lied to the police. Both had similar stories differing only in who was implicated in the murder — Julia's story implicated Mrs Scriven and Mrs Scriven's story implicated Julia.

With regard to who had handed the bleach which was poured down Mr Scriven's nose and throat to one of the assailants, Mr Du Toit said Mrs Scriven was the more likely one because she knew the house more intimately and knew where the bleach was located.

He also said Mrs Scriven's reluctance to go to the neighbour's house after the murder was because she was preparing herself to tell a lie.

If Mr Sihlahla had claimed he would have slit her throat, as Mrs Scriven claimed, she probably would have been in a state similar to Julia's hysteria, he said.

He said Mrs Myekeni had had no motive to kill Mr Scriven, especially if she was having an affair with him as Mrs Scriven alleged.

Referring to Mr Sihlahla, the state argued that he was guilty of both offences.

Mr Du Toit submitted that Mr Mankayi was guilty of murder as he was an accomplice. However, on the conspiracy count, he was probably not guilty.

Mr Peter Rowan, for Mrs Scriven, said the possibility existed that she had been "set up" by Mr Sihlahla, Mrs Myekeni and Julia.

He argued that Mrs Scriven should be acquitted on both counts.

He said there was no motive on the part of Mrs Scriven and there was no indication why she wanted to kill her husband.

However, he illustrated three "blemishes" to Mrs Scriven's case which might attract suspicion that she was involved.

First, the fact that Mrs Scriven did not tell her husband that Mrs Myekeni had suggested putting poison in his food cast her in a suspicious light.

Second, her lies to the

police in her knowledge that Mr Sihlahla was an assailant and her protection of Julia.

Third, her reaction and state of mind displayed at the neighbour's house when the incident was reported. Mr Rowan said even in the witness box, Mrs Scriven displayed reticent, almost introverted behaviour and that could be why she also reacted the same way on the night of April 19.

"These blemishes were insufficient to prove a case beyond a reasonable doubt."

Mr Rowan said Mr Sihlahla had lied at every turn and he set up an implausible affair with Mrs Scriven.

He said the whole story of love-making and affairs with Mrs Scriven should be rejected as false.

Mr Rowan said Mrs Scriven was not needed to carry out the murder of Mr Scriven because Julia had sufficient knowledge of the house and its workings to have carried out the plot.

He said Mrs Myekeni's lack of frankness and candour added to the intrigue and uncertainty of the case and her evidence was short in many rational explanations.

He also submitted that although Julia's evidence was impressive, it should be reviewed with "caution".

Counsel for Mr Sihlahla, Mr V. Vakalisa, argued that the poison was bought on the instruction of Mrs Scriven and that Mr Sihlahla's story as to how the event came about should be accepted over the others.

He said had it not been for Mrs Scriven's enticement then it would not have happened.

Professor Digby Koyana (for Mr Mankayi), argued that the material reports in the case against Mr Mankayi were thin and doubtful.

It was clear from the evidence that Mr Mankayi knew nothing about the plot and he entered the house because he was urged by Mr Sihlahla.

Judgment will be

given today

DD 30/07/86 (103)

# Scriven killing: 3 to hang

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Mrs Elizabeth Scriven, Mr Livingstone Sihlahla and Mr Zandisile Mankayi were sentenced to death after being found guilty in the Supreme Court here yesterday of murdering Mrs Scriven's husband.

Mr Ivan Scriven, a senior Transkei Agricultural Corporation (Tracor) manager, was found strangled in his Butterworth home on April 19. The contents of a bottle of bleach had been poured down his nose and mouth.

Mrs Scriven, 22, Mr Sihlahla, 22 and Mr Mankayi, 34, had all pleaded not guilty to charges of murder and conspiracy to commit murder.

Yesterday the three accused sat quietly throughout the proceedings in a packed courtroom.

Mrs Scriven, believed to be the first woman sentenced to death in Transkei, later burst into tears.

Mr Justice Mitchell said it was the unanimous view of the court that there were no ex-

tenuating circumstances.

He said the court accepted that poison had been passed from Mr Sihlahla to Mrs Scriven through the agency of Mrs Anna Myekeni, the Scrivens' domestic servant.

Counsel for Mrs Scriven, Mr Peter Rowan, had suggested many people could have been involved in a plan to kill Mr Scriven and had named Mrs Myekeni, her daughter Julia, who lived on the Scrivens' premises, and Mr Sihlahla.

Mr Rowan had even suggested they might have been in "cahoots" with employees of Tracor to kill Mr Scriven. "He sought to lay blame on everyone but Mrs Scriven," Mr Justice Mitchell said.

The court did not accept Mrs Scriven's version of what happened on the night of April 19.

Mr Sihlahla's evidence, which was corroborated by medical evidence and the evidence of Mrs Myekeni, Julia and the herbalist, made it clear that he had gone to the Scrivens' house at

Mrs Scriven's suggestion and awaited her instructions, relayed through Julia, that he and Mr Mankayi go to the front door to attack and kill Mr Scriven.

The state conceded that Mr Mankayi was not part of the conspiracy because he only became involved on April 19.

Mr Justice Mitchell said the evidence of the herbalist, Mr Wellington Mahlatsane, clearly indicated that Mr Sihlahla had come to him for poison to kill a white person identified as a senior official at Tracor.

Mr Sihlahla obtained "muti" from the herbalist and paid him for it.

"The victim was in better health than before he took the muti and the herbalist returned the money because he knew the muti was not poison," Mr Justice Mitchell said.

Mrs Scriven's statement to the court amounted to a denial of any conspiracy, he said.

The court found it improbable that Mrs Scriven had been shocked by a suggestion by Mrs Myekeni that she

poison her husband, as was alleged, as she had done nothing about it.

Furthermore, the alleged relationship between Mrs Myekeni and Mr Scriven was such that Mrs Myekeni would not have wanted to poison him, he said.

On the night of April 19, Mrs Scriven had given an account of what happened in which she claimed to be blameless and unaware of Mr Sihlahla's presence behind the house before the attack. She had claimed that she was put out of action in a spare room.

Mr Justice Mitchell said that, if Mrs Scriven was not aware of what was happening and had not intended to be associated with the event, the court found it strange and improbable that Mr Sihlahla would have asked for bleach.

It also seemed improbable that Mr Sihlahla and Mr Mankayi would have risked killing Mr Scriven in front of two innocent bystanders.

Mr Rowan noted that Mrs Scriven was 22 years old with a Std 3 education and a child.



*Eve Rex*

# Blast rocks police station

*30/7/86*

By KEITH ROSS

*103*

EAST LONDON — The central police station in Umtata was rocked by an explosion last night, but the extent of the damage has not yet been disclosed by the authorities

The explosion was confirmed today by Transkei's Commissioner of Police, General R S Mandanga.

He said reports that the explosion was followed by gunfire were correct.

The blast occurred at 9.40pm and was heard throughout much of Umtata.

"I will probably make a statement this afternoon after I have seen my Minister," Gen Mandanga said.

He would give no further details about the incident, but a spokesman for the local Fire Department believed the police station had been attacked.

The Fire Department spokesman said he believed that a number of people had been injured in the attack.

3/27/86  
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## Umtata bomb blast: no arrests

No arrests have been made following the blast at the Umtata police station on Tuesday night in which three policemen and four civilians were killed.

Three attackers armed with grenades and AK-47 rifles blasted the police station at about 9.40 pm, also wounding seven policemen and two civilians.

Government officials and installations in Trankei have been the targets of violent attacks in recent months. Many South African blacks fighting against apartheid live there. Some were forcibly relocated to the homeland, which they see as extensions of the South African Government's power.

More than 2 300 people have died since nationwide protests and violence began in September 1984.

Meanwhile, it has been disclosed that the murdered kwaNdebele Interior Minister, Mr Piet Ntuli, had ordered businesses in the same complex as his to close on Sunday and Monday, saying they harboured "comrades" who wanted to kill him.

Mr Ntuli was killed on Tuesday night when his car exploded in the homeland's capital, Siyabuswa.

Businessmen said he had also ordered the closure of a filling station, a short distance from his shops in Siyabuswa because he alleged that it was supplying "comrades" with petrol to burn him.

His businesses were being boycotted.



# 7 die, 9 injured in Umtata attack

DD 31/5/86

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## PO hold-up: man held

**Dispatch Reporter**  
**EAST LONDON** — A 47-year-old East London man was arrested shortly after an armed robbery and an attempted robbery at post offices in Vincent and Cambridge.

The Border police liaison officer, Lieutenant Dot van der Vyver, said a man had entered the Vincent post office at 2.35 pm on Tuesday and pointed a firearm at a clerk, Mrs Yvonne Hartslag, 32, and demanded money.

She handed over R1 020 and he walked out of the building.

At 3 pm a man entered the Cambridge post office and threatened a clerk, Miss Ethnie Bentley, 21.

"He demanded money

and at first I didn't believe what I heard, so I asked him if he was serious. I then became icc-cold and didn't feel anything until later.

"I told him I only had R9 in my drawer, but he wouldn't take my word. I opened my drawer for him to see. He then turned around and casually walked out," Miss Bentley said.

A provincial traffic officer entered the post office seconds later and she told him what had happened.

Mr R. W. Prins, 38, who is the station commander of the Provincial Traffic department, followed the man and arrested him.

Lieut Van der Vyver said the arrested man was found to be in possession of R1 020 and a .25 pistol.



Miss Ethnie Bentley congratulates Mr R. Prins on his quick action in arresting a man who threatened to rob her.

## UMTATA — Three policemen and four civilians were killed when "unknown assailants" attacked the Umtata police station with AK47 rifles and hand-grenades.

**Dispatch Reporter**  
 The Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, said in a statement yesterday the attack took place at about 9.30 pm on Tuesday. Seven policemen and two civilians were also injured in the attack.

One of the policemen was shot while driving a police vehicle past a hotel across the road from the charge office, he said.

Gen Mantanga said eye-witnesses had reported seeing three people with firearms. One of them shot at and killed the policeman who was driving the police vehicle.

From the evidence pieced together by the police it is obvious the attack was well planned and had been timed to coincide with the change-over of men going off and those reporting for duty at the police station.

"The police are following up certain clues and are tracking down the

attackers. Otherwise the situation is under control," Gen Mantanga said.

He said some of the hand-grenades used in the attack had failed to explode.

Yesterday police and soldiers cordoned off the road leading to the charge office, which is situated in Umtata's central business district.

At 1 pm yesterday police were still washing blood off floors, walls and doors in the charge office and were sorting through blood-stained documents.

Walls outside the office were pock-marked with bullet holes and a metal cabinet, and a typewriter counter in the office were bullet-ridden. Windows were shattered.

An eye-witness, who pretended he was dead during the attack, said the sound of the machineguns had been deafening.

He had lain down between bodies on the floor to avoid being shot. When the attackers rushed into the office he had thought they were police recruits, he said.

Another eye-witness, who watched from a nearby hotel room, saw a "blue flare-like rocket" being shot into the station.

After the shooting he saw a "big truck" drive off without its lights on. During the attack, he said, he saw a "rocket-like flare" being shot over a nearby take-away outlet.

A man who was playing snooker in a nearby bar during the attack said he ran outside when he heard a "big bang." He heard screaming and shouting between the shots, he said.

The names of the dead were not available yesterday and no details on the condition of the injured could be obtained.

# Homelands minister killed as car explodes

Merc.  
31/07/86

(103) (103)

(103)

Mercury Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG—KwaNdebele Minister of Home Affairs, Piet Ntuli, was killed on Tuesday night —

in probably the first attack of its kind in South Africa — as his car exploded while travelling in the homeland's capital of Siyabuswa.

The Bureau for Information said yesterday it had no idea what type of explosive was used or who was responsible for the attack.

In a separate incident that night, three Transkei policemen and four civilians died in an attack on Umtata Police Station by unidentified assailants armed with AK-47 rifles and grenades.

Transkei Commissioner of Police, Gen R S Mantanga, told a Press conference that police were tracking down the attackers.

He said that — according to witnesses — three armed people were seen near the police station.

'From the evidence, it is obvious the attack was well-planned and timed to coincide with the change-over of men reporting for duty,' the general said.

Seven policemen and two civilians were also injured in the attack.

## Shot dead

Yesterday morning, the charge office complex was cordoned off as its blood-stained walls and floors were being scrubbed.

In KaNyamazane, a leading member of the KaNgwane Government, Mr Zebulon Kunene, 45, was shot dead at the entrance of his home.

Police have ruled out robbery as a motive for the killing.

Three men fled from the house and drove off in a car which was later found burned out in the township.

Mr Kunene was chairman of the KaNgwane Public Service Commission and director of the Economic Development Corporation.

In another incident, the bureau reported that a group of about 20 blacks set a private home alight in Soweto.

Security forces fired at the attackers, killing a man.



hunt when extensive to suspicious

# Car bomb kills KwaNdebele minister

CAPE TOWN  
31/7/86

# 7 die in Umtata raid

### Own Correspondent

**UMTATA.** — Three policemen and four civilians were killed in an attack on the Umtata police station on Tuesday night by men armed with AK47 rifles and hand-grenades.

And in KwaNdebele, the Minister of Home Affairs, Mr Piet Ntuli, was killed on Tuesday evening when his car exploded while he was travelling in the homeland's capital of Siyabuswa.

The Bureau for Information yesterday said it had no idea what type of explosive had been used or who was responsible.

In a third incident, a leading member of the KaNgwane Government, Mr Zebulon Kunene, 45, was shot dead outside his KaNyamazane home.

The Commissioner of Transkei Police, General RS Mantanga, said in a statement yesterday that the Umtata raid took place about 9.30pm on Tuesday.

One of the policemen was shot while driving a police vehicle near a hotel across the road from the charge office, he said. Seven policemen and two civilians were injured in the attack.

### Witness accounts

He said witnesses had reported seeing three people with firearms. One of the people had shot at the police vehicle.

"From the evidence pieced together by the police, it is obvious the attack was well-planned and timed to coincide with the changeover of men going out and those reporting for duty at the police station."

General Mantanga said: "The police are following certain clues and are tracking down the attackers. Otherwise the situation is under control."

He said some of the hand-grenades used in the attack had failed to explode. Yesterday police and soldiers cordoned off the road leading to the charge office, situated in Umtata's central business district.

At 1pm police were still washing blood off floors, walls and doors in the charge office and sorting through blood-stained documents. Walls outside the office were pock-marked with bullet holes. A metal cabinet and wooden counter in the office were also bullet-ridden and windows were shattered.

A witness, who pretended he was dead during the attack, said the sound of machineguns had been deafening. He had lain between bodies on the floor to avoid being shot. When the attackers rushed into the office, he thought they were "police recruits".

Another witness, who watched from a nearby hotel room, said he saw a "blue flare-like rocket" being shot into the station and a "rocket-like flare" being shot over a take-away outlet. After the shooting, he saw a "big truck" drive off without its lights on.



ssroads and KTC fighting when the Animal burns and wounds. Willing assistants were Nqalwa, 12. Picture: Obad Zihwa

### game,

TEYN  
death for a newly-wed was hit in the chest. Edgette Goslett's death, killing a 30-year-old at home.

### PA PAYOUT PAGE 8

### Labour Party leader

Mr Neil Kinnock accused Mrs Thatcher of "delay and duplication" in the implementation of sanctions to pressure the Commonwealth to serve unity.

### anger in UK

### a's rebuttal

31/7/86

It was "welcomed" from Anti-Cruelty League, re (left to right) Siyoli D

Meanwhile the Cape Times correspondent in Johannesburg reports that police have ruled out robbery as a motive for the killing of Mr Zebulon Kunene, a leading member of the KaNgwane Government shot dead outside his KaNyamazane home.

Three men fled from the house and drove off in a car later found burned out in the township.

### Residents celebrate

Mr Kunene was the chairman of the KaNgwane Public Service Commission and director of the Economic Development Corporation.

After the car bomb death of Mr Ntuli, residents of Siyabuswa took to the streets on Tuesday night and again yesterday, singing freedom songs and chanting political slogans to celebrate.

The township's streets were littered with dustbins, ash and other rubbish thrown mainly by ecstatic youths. Jubilant women and children also danced and whistled on hearing of Mr Ntuli's death.

The Bureau for Information meanwhile reports that a group of about 20 blacks set a home alight in Soweto on Tuesday afternoon. Security forces fired three rounds at the attackers, killing a 25-year-old man.



DD 118/86  
103

# Umtata blast: hunt goes on

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Police and soldiers are conducting a full-scale hunt for the attackers who launched an assault on the Umtata police station which claimed the lives of seven people and injured 11.

The names of the dead were not available yesterday. The condition of the injured has also not been released.

The charge office and crime centre were attacked by "unknown" assailants armed with AK47 rifles and hand grenades on Tuesday night.

Transkei's Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, said the Umtata police station would remain closed for an "undetermined period". General Mantanga also said emergency regulation permits

must be obtained by 5 pm each day.

A section of the road around the police station and areas directly across from it were still cordoned off while repairs continued at the building yesterday.

There was no change to the curfew hours, Gen Mantanga added.

In a statement issued later yesterday, Gen Mantanga confirmed that the new move to have permits obtained before 5 pm was a result of the attack on the police station.

"The emergency regulations in this country are still effective as from 10 pm to 5 am but all citizens and visitors who want to get permits for emergency regulations should get them before 5 pm at police stations," Gen Mantanga said.



103 AD 2/8/86

# New Transkei envoy takes over today

UMTATA — The new Transkei ambassador to South Africa, Mr S. C. N. Mvambo, will assume his duties in Pretoria today.

He will replace Mr C. M. Mangcotywa.

Born in Qumanco in the great place of Chief Falo Mgudlwa in the Cofimvaba district, he has taught in a number of schools and was principal for ten years at the Bensonvale Training and High School. He received high school and teachers' training at Healdtown and is a graduate of Unisa.

He was promoted to sub-inspector in 1965 and circuit inspector in Alice in 1968.

Mr Mvambo joined the Transkei Department of Education in 1976 as a planner and later as chief education planner before he was promoted to deputy secretary.

He kept the post until he retired two years ago and became a professional adviser to the department.

He gained a British scholarship during 1963-64 at the University of London Institute of Education.

His other duties included the post of moderator for the primary teachers' certificate Xhosa method paper, and examiner for the primary teachers' certificate, as well as moderator for Std 8 English in Transkei for a couple of years.

Mr Mvambo is also active in the Methodist Church. He served on the advisory council for Fort Hare and was a Transkei representative in the multilateral technical committee and a member of the Umtata Rotary Club. — DDR

# Transkeian police question 3 in Botswana

The Star's Africa  
News Service

GABORONE — Three Transkeian security policemen visited Botswana recently to question Transkeian citizens being held there on charges of possession of weapons of war, it has been reported.

The *Reporter* newspaper named the security policemen as Mr Dingane, Mr Booi and Mr Nfazwe.

They had travelled to Botswana in a blue Ford Sierra with a Transvaal registration number, DGY003T, the newspaper said.

A spokesman for the Botswana police said a request by the Transkei police to question the detainees had been accepted in terms of the good working relations between the police forces of the two countries.

### CO-OPERATE

The Botswana police co-operated regularly with police in the homelands on "criminal matters", a spokesman said.

Although there were no extradition treaties with the homelands, many criminals had been handed back to Botswana as a result of those connections, he added.

Last month four Transkeian citizens appeared in the Magistrates Court in Gaborone charged with possession of arms of war.

Mr Daluvu Majia (30), Mr Bonyo Qina (24), Mr Montuthuzelo Mabutyana (27) and Mr Simphee Mini (31) were arrested by Gaborone police on May 19.

A lawyer acting for the four men said he could not give details about the visit by the Transkei security police as the whole matter was sub-judice.

The African National Congress, which has sent an observer to the trial, is said to be deeply concerned about the visit, the *Reporter* said.



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# Names of raid victims released

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The names of the seven victims who died when the Umtata police station was attacked by unknown assailants armed with AK47s and grenades last week were released by police yesterday.

The three policemen who were killed were Sergeant Samuel Zamani Mzeku, 33, of Tabankulu, Constable Benedicta Mtibo Namba, 28, of Mqanduli, and Constable Donald Mhaga, 34, of Willowvale, Gcaleka-land.

The four civilians who died have been identified as Mr Mlungiseleli Moyi, Mr Mxolisi Gwaqa, Mr Louis Bonisile Xhego and Mr Nkosiyesiwe Zondi.

No other details were available.

(103) 9/8/86  
A memorial service for the policemen will be held at the Umtata Town Hall tomorrow.

They will be buried at their homes at the weekend.

The names of the nine people injured in the attack were also released yesterday.

Four who are still being treated in hospital are Warrant Officer Mkangeli Ndabeni, Sgt Mbuyiselo Mvulane, Detective Constable Fezile Majobela, and Constable Vela Mlanjana.

Those who were treated and discharged are Mr Felix Dunga, Mr Stemelele Moalana, and three policemen identified only as Lieutenant-Colonel Vatman, Constable Ndongeni and Constable Nxitywa.

No arrests have been made.

# Diko assassins lose appeal against gallows

DAILY STAR 103 7/18/80

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Two hired assassins found guilty of murdering Transkei's Deputy Minister of Agriculture and Forestry, Mr Cromwell Diko, lost their appeal against the death sentence in the Supreme Court here yesterday.

Four other separate appeals against the death sentence were also dismissed.

Twenty seven people were charged with the murder of Mr Diko, shot four times at close range in the Mzintlava administrative area on June 29 last year.

They were all found guilty. Of these, hired assassins Mr N. S. Mbelu, 27, and Mr B. E. Kumalo, 31, both of Pomeroy, Natal, were sentenced to death.

It was found in the trial that the majority of the accused were members of the Mora clan, which fell under Mr Diko's control. Mr Diko was a member of the Hlankomo clan and feelings of hostility had arisen between the clans over the years.

Of the accused, 24 were working on the Reef when it was decided to kill Mr Diko. At

meetings it was decided to endeavour to procure the services of a Zulu man "as it was felt that Zulus were better suited for such violent action".

Later the services of Mbelu and Kumalo were obtained.

The assassination party left the Reef on June 28 for Mr Diko's kraal. When Mr Diko arrived there he was shot and killed before he could get out of his car.

Mr Diko formed the Transkei People's Freedom Party in 1976 after crossing the floor from the ruling Transkei National Independence Party.



**SATBVC**  
DAILY DISPATCH 103  
**meeting**  
7/8/86  
**in Bisho**

**Dispatch Reporter**

**BISHO** — A multilateral technical committee meeting of the SATBVC states was held here yesterday, the Deputy Director-General for Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Headman Somtunzi, said.

The main discussions were on agriculture and environmental affairs, involving matters relating to land to be incorporated into the TBVC states, agricultural training and extension, resources and land utilisation, forestry matters, crop and animal husbandry, water affairs and nature conservation.

Mr Somtunzi said the discussions were fruitful and a success. It was hoped that the man in the street would benefit from the resolutions reached at such meetings.

Mr G. S. Maqungo, who chaired the meeting, was elected chairman for the ensuing year. The Ciskei Director-General for Agriculture and Forestry, Mr Bonile Jack, was elected vice-chairman.

# Transkei AG warns against borrowing

**Dispatch Reporter**  
 UMTATA — The economic outlook for South Africa was "very bleak" and this had dire ramifications for Transkei, the Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, said yesterday.

He was speaking at the 10th annual meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Transkei at which the chairman, Mr J. van Vuuren, presented his review.

Seconding the review, Mr Maqubela said it had to be realised how closely linked Transkei's economy was to that of South Africa.

"When the South African economy sneezes, all Transkeians contract the cold economically," he said.

On the positive side, Mr Van Vuuren said in his review that it was encouraging to ascertain from provisional statistics that Transkei had a real growth rate in 1985.

However, it would appear that the primary and secondary sectors of the economy could not escape the ill winds of the recession and other problems being experienced in South Africa.

"Consequently, poorer business conditions were experienced in several sectors of the economy which had a negative effect on the demand for bank credit and heightened the possibility of larger bad debt amounts.

"The management of the bank is aware of these developments and is taking the necessary steps to protect shareholders' interests," Mr Van Vuuren said.

He said prospects were uncertain and it was difficult to make any "forecasts" about business conditions for the coming year.

"The management is compelled to exercise greater caution but continues to emphasise the necessity of taking all possible steps to increase effective service and functioning."

Mr Van Vuuren said the economic future of any country was determined largely by the dedication of its inhabitants and appealed for the effective application of the country's assets and other production resources.

He appealed for the scarce production resources of the country to be used to the maximum benefit of its people and the country.

Mr Maqubela said indications were that disinvestment in South Africa would increase and that although Pretoria had made it difficult for investors to withdraw their capital accelerated disinvestment was almost inevitable.

He said new loans to the government and private sector would become more difficult.

"While the arguments are essentially political, their effects are bound to be damaging. The inability to raise finance for ongoing capital and agricultural development has dire consequences for a developing economy."

Mr Maqubela said the Transkei Government had to face four problems:

- The inability to mobilise enough resources to achieve a desired growth rate;
- The absence of foreign investment coupled

with the fluctuating exchange rate;

- The inability to obtain foreign aid and;
- The lack of tax elasticity.

"The very intractability of these problems imposes severe restrictions on the ability of the government to promote the desired growth rate.

"It is therefore inevitable that the government will yield to the temptation of overborrowing in order to implement developmental projects and at times to meet recurrent payments. It is an indisputable fact that Third World countries indulge in massive borrowings year after year.



DD 103 9/8

## Transkei 4 jailed on arms charges

GABORONE — Four Transkeians, apparently guerillas opposed to the South African Government, were each jailed for seven years here yesterday for illegally possessing military weapons in Botswana.

The four are Dalumuyo Majija, 30, Bongo Qina, 24, Nonthuthuzelo Mabutyana, 27, and Simphiwe Mini, 31.

The state said the men were arrested in May in a car near the Botswana capital, Gaborone, with four Soviet-made AK rifles, 558 rounds of ammunition, 16 hand grenades, 48 detonators, 10 limpet mines and two anti-tank mines.

After sentence was passed by the magistrate, Mr Gabriel Rwalengere, the four raised clenched fists and shouted "Amandla" (Power), a slogan usually associated with the African National Congress.

Botswana police also reported yesterday that about 40 people, 29 of them South Africans, had been arrested since May and fined for carrying arms illegally.

Botswana has mounted roadblocks in most parts of the country since South African troops attacked a village near Gaborone on May 19, killing one Botswana citizen.

The Botswana Government has frequently assured South Africa that it will not harbour anti-apartheid guerillas. — Sapa-RNS



**R1 39**

DEPOSIT: R156,68 — R75,27 PM (2)

**52 UNITS MOVIE HIRE**

**2 YEAR GUARANTEE**

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**Support for Tu**  
*from Red Chin*

China News nism decide that we stand on your side," said the president of the Christian Council of China, Ding Guangxun. He said he and our Bishop Des- as feted by officials in a week-long

**of newborn baby**

NCN — The remains of a baby boy born yesterday in bush in Cam- street, Cam- said the body had been Liaison officer, Lieuten- ant Dot van der Vyver, whether the baby had been born alive or not. The Border police cause of death could not determine. State pathologist with a criminal case of bites. A criminal case of birth concealment has been opened. The Border police cause of death could not determine. State pathologist with a criminal case of bites.

stolen goods which police recovered in Duncan Village during follow-up investigation.



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try to open the safe. They also tried to

DD 1/18/86

# Work on Transkei tech starts today <sup>103</sup>

**Dispatch Reporter**  
EAST LONDON — Work on the first phase of the planned R30 million Butterworth Technikon will start today with the turning of the first sod by the Transkei Minister of Education, Mr S. P. Kakudi.

started immediately, would cost approximately R600 000.

The amount would be funded by the university out of various donations received from the private sector over the years.

"This is an indication of the commitment of the university to the provision of technical education in Transkei," the council added.

Also present at the ceremony will be the principal of the University of Transkei (Unitra), Professor B. van der Merwe, the vice-principal, Professor W. L. Nkuhlu, and representatives of the Development Bank of Southern Africa, the consulting team and the Department of Education.

The technikon would initially be administered by the university as a fully fledged and independent branch catering for technical and managerial training. This situation would be reviewed as the technikon expanded.

According to a statement released by Unitra's council, the first phase of construction — the School of Civil Engineering and Surveying — of which stages one, two and three would be

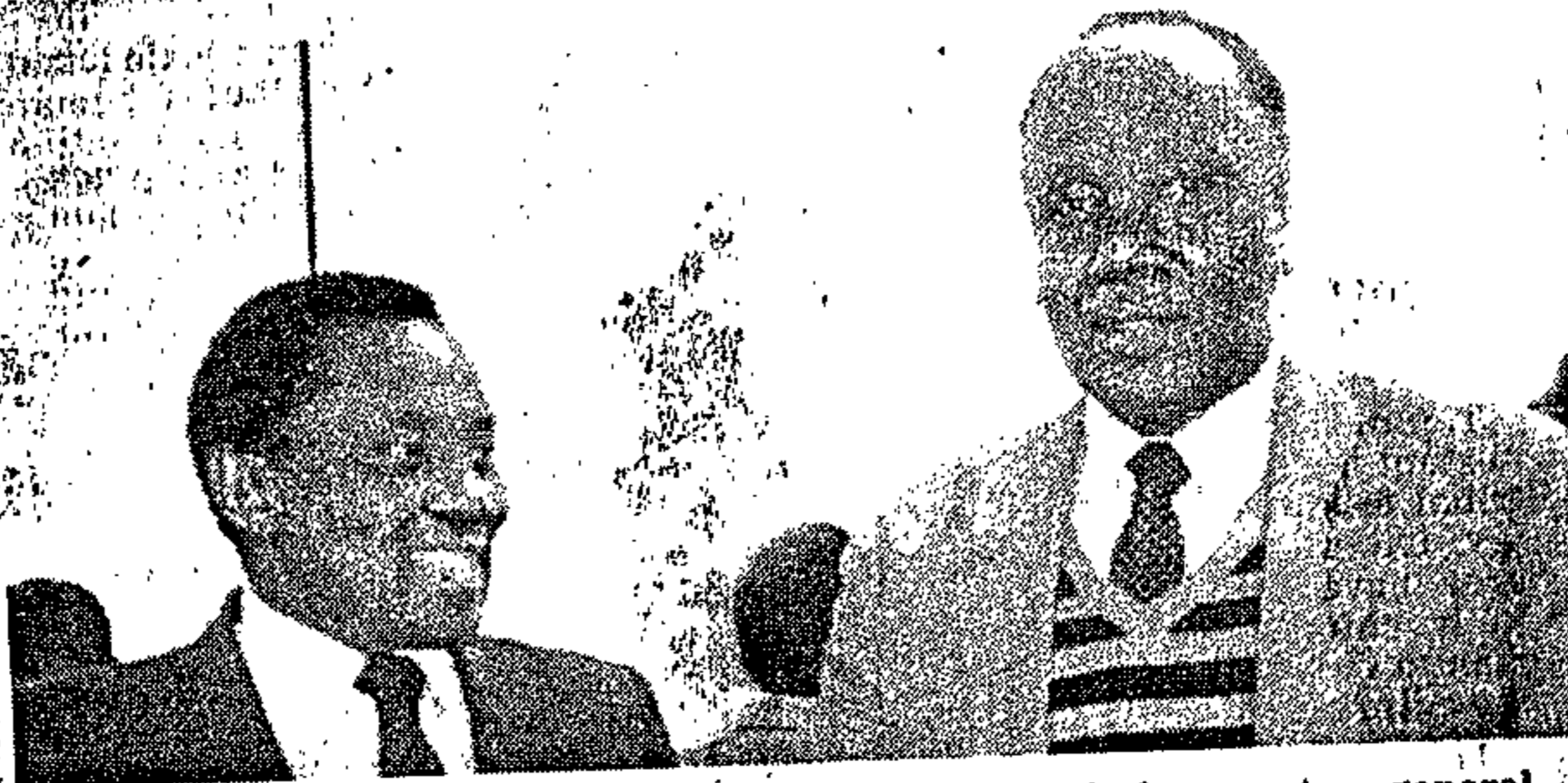
"The University of Transkei has, for many years, recognised the fact that a need exists for technikon training in Transkei."

## M-Net, SABC clash

Dispatch Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — The Minister





The mayor of Butterworth, Mr H. M. Poswa, left, with the secretary-general for education in Transkei, Mr M. B. Potelwa, at yesterday's sod-turning ceremony in Butterworth to mark the start of work and planned R30-million technikon there.

## Lack of skills creates vacuum — Potelwa

### Dispatch Reporter

BUTTERWORTH — The lack of technological skills, and a sound base from which to launch development programmes, had created a vacuum in the development of blacks in Africa, the Secretary-General for Education in Transkei, Mr M. B. Potelwa, said yesterday.

Speaking at a ceremony to mark the start of work on the first phase of the planned R30 million Butterworth Technikon, he said that a number of years ago the University of Transkei (Unitra) had identified the need for an institution in the country where technical and managerial training could be taught.

Phase one of the building work, which consists of the first three stages of the School of Civil Engineering and Surveying, will cost in the region of R600 000.

Mr Potelwa said a major constraint on Transkei's economic development had been the limited capacity to "generate acceptable projects and manage the implementation of approved projects efficiently".

While this was true of the public sector, the private sector too, was constrained by an inability to grasp new business opportunities and take full advantage of existing opportunities.

Experience in other countries had shown that education and training programmes to improve managerial skills were vital in developing countries.

Transkei's education system would not be complete without a tertiary institution which specialised in technical and managerial training, he said.

The principal of Unitra, Professor B. van der Merwe, said tribute should be paid to Transkei's former president, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, who had striven for independent educational institutions in the country.

DAILY DISPATCH

12/8/86

103



47 days in detention shares a last joke with her Black Sash colleagues. ... out of the country last weekend after  
Picture: Trevor Samson, AFP

# Cross-border arrest challenged

WEGENHART  
By PAT SIDLEY

103  
15/8/86

A RURAL development worker who has been held without charge since March was detained in the Transkei and brought to South Africa allegedly without benefit of extradition proceedings.

This emerges from papers prepared for an urgent application brought on behalf of Stephen Marais, employed by the Environmental Development Agency (EDA).

The application calls on the Attorney-General either to charge or to release Marais. A highly unusual move, the application says effectively the Attorney-General has had enough time to look into the case.

Marais was detained shortly after

the detention of former journalist Marion Sparg, who is being held in connection with a series of bomb blasts.

His attorney, Kathleen Satchwell, said neither Marais' family, employers nor attorney was given the opportunity to represent him at any extradition proceedings.

In papers prepared for the urgent application, his employer, David Cooper of the EDA said Marais was employed as a field worker promoting community development in the Transkei.

On March 10, a contingent of Transkei Security Police arrived at an EDA workshop in Herschel and asked those present to accompany them to Security Police offices in Sterkspruit.

A Captain Mondt took Marais to the village where he was living, then returned with him to Sterkspruit, where he was separated from his EDA colleagues. Some EDA employees were held and eventually released. Marais was not.

In Cooper's affidavit, he said he observed some of the Security Policemen were white, wore plain clothes and used sniffer dogs. Registration numbers indicated that their vehicles were registered in East London and Aliwal North and one of the policemen "confirmed that they were members of the Security Branch of the South African Police" from commands including Queenstown, Aliwal North and Zastron.

A radio broadcast reporting Marais' arrest indicated he had been detained in Aliwal North.

EDA asked Satchwell to look into the case. Her inquiries disclosed the Transkei Security Police denied having detained Marais and denied that he was in their custody.

Then on March 19 she was informed by the Security Police in Pretoria that Marais was being held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

## Three Watsons on arson charge

WEGENHART  
By FRANZ KRUGER

THREE members of the well-known Port Elizabeth Watson family have been charged with arson and fraud following a fire which destroyed the family home in October last year.

The Port Elizabeth magistrate's court is currently hearing a bail application by brothers Valence Watson, 34; Ronald James Watson, 36; and Dan "Cheeky" Watson, 32.

The family business, Dan Watson American Imports, with clothing stores in various eastern Cape centres, was sequestered two months ago, as were the brothers' personal estates. The brothers are all prominent in

sports, business and civic affairs in Port Elizabeth, with Cheeky Watson heading a concerned citizens group in the city.

Giving evidence in support of their bail application, Valence Watson denied the brothers had travelled to Harare to seek political asylum. His response, when the prosecutor put this theory to him, was "rubbish, that is rubbish".

Valence said they had gone to Harare to establish contacts for a new business venture, which involved the sale of hair care products. He conceded the burnt house was bonded for the business.



103 (M) DD/15/8/86

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# Matanzima warns on ANC terror

Dispatch Reporter ANC.

UMTATA — Terrorists were entering Transkei to set up African National Congress (ANC) political cells around Umtata, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said yesterday.

He told a meeting at the city hall here, which was attended by Umtata school principals, members of parents' committees, cabinet ministers and civil servants, that a squad had been sent from Lesotho to cause chaos in Transkei.

He issued a warning about the dangers of terrorism, saying its perpetrators aimed at overthrowing legal governments throughout the continent.

Transkeians should make sure no unknown people were in their areas trying to indoctrinate children, he said.

Terrorists had distributed pamphlets which propagated the aims of Umkonto we Sizwe, the military wing of the

ANC. The ANC was working through the students' representative councils to fulfill its objectives.

Chief Matanzima claimed the SRCs were affiliated to the Azanian Students' Organisation (Azaso), which was in turn affiliated to the United Democratic Front (UDF) which was affiliated to the ANC.

He alleged the ANC was also an affiliate of the South African Communist Party.

Chief Matanzima said students at the University of Transkei had attended a meeting at the University of Natal in April this year without the knowledge of the authorities.

"I want to warn all of you that the students at Unitra want to break all the rules as set out by the authorities because the male students want to sleep in the female residences at night and then come back in the morning.

Brothers in  
power battle

UMTATA — Transkei is facing its most unpredictable general elections since the ruling Transkei National Independence Party pipped the opposition to the post by a mere five seats in 1963.

Over the past 23 years the ruling party under Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima and later led by his younger brother, Chief George Matanzima, won every election by bigger and bigger margins until the official opposition, the Democratic Progressive Party, was left with only two seats in the 150-member assembly.

With the exit of Chief Kaiser Matanzima from the presidency, and his apparent return to the political arena, an unprecedented electioneering storm has pitched the two Matanzima brothers into opposing camps.

Last month Chief Kaiser Matanzima objected to the party procedure whereby candidates to represent the TNIP are chosen by district committees.

His objections were ignored by the party's head committee, and he mobilised independents to oppose the official party candidates.

A total of 166 candidates paid election fees of R400 each on nomination day, July 29, to contest 75 elected seats.

Six TNIP candidates have already been returned unopposed, four in Willowvale and two in Elliotdale, leaving 69 TNIP-nominated candidates to fight it out with 91 independents.



CHIEF GEORGE MATANZIMA (left) and his brother, former President KAIZER, who will be on opposite sides in the Transkei elections next month.

The opposition DPP has only shown interest in Engcobo, with four candidates, and in Bizana, with three.

Bizana is the constituency of the Leader of the Opposition in the assembly, Mr Caledon Mda.

Political observers believe the opposition could have benefited from the expected split vote in the ruling party ranks but there is no sign of a DPP revival in the other areas.

The battle royal is expected to be in the Cofimvaba constituency, home of the Matanzima brothers, though the former president has fielded only two candidates, his *imbongi* (praise singer) Mr Wilson Mabunu, and Mr Knight Mgudlwa, a cousin.

Whatever happens at the polls on election day, September 25, the crucial factor will always remain

the loyalty of the chiefs, who come to the Assembly as ex-officio members, and the struggle will be won by the one of the two brothers who has the chiefs on his side.

The general feeling, however, is that ex-president Kaiser does not really want to topple his brother, since he has put only two candidates in Cofimvaba, but wishes to ensure that he has his own people in the Legislative Assembly, whom he can use to direct the course of events and to monitor the political situation in Transkei.

It appears the opposition will still be found wanting and Transkeians cannot look forward to an alternative government emerging. The prospect of a strong opposition voice in the assembly will probably remain a pipe dream.

— Sapa

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11





MR NCOKAZI

## Security police free Ncokazi

UMTATA — A former leader of the Democratic Party, Mr Hector Bongani Ncokazi, was released from detention by security police here yesterday.

Mr Ncokazi was detained on July 29, soon after the Umtata Police station was attacked by unknown assailants.

Mr Ncokazi said yesterday he had twice been interrogated about the attack.

"I told the police I knew nothing about it," he said.

He said he was detained with a former Pan Africanist Congress activist, Mr Synod Madlebe, and Mr Sigqibo Mpendulo.

# T'kei inquiry told: I was made to sign

DB 19/8/86  
103

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The director of the industries section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism here, Mr Bongani Soldati, made the manager of Ethwa Sawmills sign loan agreements totalling R400 000 from Etyeni Sawmills to Ethwa Sawmills.

However, the money had never been banked in Ethwa Sawmills' account.

This was said yesterday by the manager of the Ethwa Sawmills, Mr Arthur John Higgs, before the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the department.

The commission, which began its hearings in April, is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen.

Mr Higgs said he was in joint partnership with Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, who owned Etyeni Sawmills. Mr Magidigidi had the sole signing powers for Etyeni, but they signed together all financial statements for Ethwa Sawmills.

He said he had met Mr Soldati at an Ethwa Sawmills directors' meeting which was attended by the previous owner of Ethwa, a Mr Downes, and some attorneys. Mr Soldati had come to the meeting

as an advisor to Mr Magidigidi.

"It was sometime in 1983 when Mr Soldati came to me and made me sign forms for loan agreements from Etyeni for Ethwa. I signed them without looking and checking them. I was not good at bookkeeping as all the bookkeeping was being done at Etyeni sawmills.

"After Mr Magidigidi and I had taken over Ethwa sawmills from Messrs Downes and Son, Mr Soldati came and offered to help us with the books.

"Naturally, as he was experienced and a department secretary, we agreed that he help us. I took everything in trust and there were no agreement documents signed in all our transactions with Mr Magidigidi, who was my co-partner," Mr Higgs said.

After he had signed the loan agreements from Etyeni for Ethwa he later discovered all the money had not been banked in Ethwa's account.

After they had acquired Ethwa in September 1982, Mr Soldati came to them in 1983 and asked them to complete incentives forms for their claims.

Mr Higgs said that after the claim was filed, Mr Soldati gave

them a cheque of R124 000. He asked him to sign an amount of R74 000 for Etyeni and the remainder went to Ethwa.

"I did not know how he had arrived at the figure. We had only 105 to 106 workers at Ethwa. I do not know if he included the 180 workers of Etyeni Sawmills in the claim," Mr Higgs said.

"When loan agreement forms were brought by Mr Soldati, he would ask me to sign, and I would do so without checking or looking.

"We started the complete running of the Ethwa Sawmills in September 1982, but the full control of administration was done in January 1983 after we had had some disagreement with the Downeses.

"Before this I was running Ethwa alone and Mr Magidigidi was running Etyeni Sawmills."

According to the financial statements of Ethwa, Mr Higgs had signed a R181 000 loan agreement from Etyeni for Ethwa. But in the balance sheet of 1983/84, it appeared he had actually signed for R400 000 in loan agreements between Etyeni and Ethwa.

The commission continues today.



# Matanzima is crowned 'king of drum majorettes'

20/11/80  
103

UMTATA — The Prime Minister of the Transkei, Chief George Matanzima, who launched a campaign to introduce drum majorettes, boy scouts and girl guides programmes in Transkeian schools in a bid to prevent the disturbances in South Africa from affecting Transkei youth, was this week crowned "the king of drum majorettes".

At a function in Tsolo for the presentation of equipment for drum majorettes to about 23 schools in the district, Chief Matanzima was presented with a blue and red gown by the mayor of Tsolo, Mr L M Mpikeleli.

In the campaign, which began almost a year ago, about 1 000 schools have been presented with equipment such as drums, bugles and batons donated by local businessmen at the request of the Prime Minister.

Chief Matanzima said he was saddened to realise that a future Transkei, South Africa and Southern Africa would be populated and ruled by illiterates due to the slogan, "liberation first and education later".

He said it was a tragedy when all the leaders of independent countries in Africa were educated people with university degrees, while today's youth were baulking at being educated.

Because of the programme, the major supplier in South Africa ran out of equipment, and more had to be ordered from China. — Sapa.

# Inquiry told of muddled books

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The proprietor of a sawmill had banked all industrial incentive and concession cheques for the mill from the Transkei Government in the accounts of other businesses he owned in Qumbu and not into his sawmill banking account, in order to pay for loans he had made.

This was told to the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism here yesterday, by an accountant and auditor, Mr Rodney Paxton.

Mr Paxton, the 29th witness since the commission began sitting in April this year, said that the proprietor of Etyeni sawmills and Etyeni store, Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, who was in partnership with Mr Arthur Higgs at the Ethwa sawmills, did not differentiate between his businesses and Ethwa sawmills as he did not keep proper books of accounts for his enterprises.

The commission, chaired by the country's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, heard that all the loan agreements totalling about R40 000,

from Mr Magidigidi's Etyeni sawmills and the store for Ethwa sawmills, had not been revealed to Mr Paxton's firm of auditors.

Mr Paxton said Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills had been incorporated as one business during June 1983, and when he prepared the financial statements of the business, he treated Ethwa and Etyeni as one enterprise.

He said there were two banking accounts and two cash books, but

these had been treated as one enterprise when he prepared the financial statement of 1983.

He said all the labour incentives were based on the number of employees at Ethwa, and he believed that included in the claims were workers from Etyeni.

Mr Paxton said all the account books for Ethwa and Etyeni were in a mess.

The commission hearing continues today.



21/8/88  
DAM DISP

# Manager tells inquiry of missing R1m

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — When the manager of Ethwa sawmills in Qumbu, Mr Arthur Higgs, was asked by Transkei Government auditors where the R1 million state concessions and incentives claims money had gone to, he said he did not know.

In his evidence to the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, which is chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, Mr Higgs, who had been recalled to give evidence, said he knew nothing about the R1 million which had been paid to Ethwa in the form of concessions and incentives.

Mr Higgs, who was jointly in partnership at Ethwa sawmills with Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, said all he knew was that he had signed some cheques which had been brought by Mr Bongani Soldati, the director of the industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, but Mr Magidigidi had taken the cash and banked it into his various enterprises, including the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service and other businesses.

When Mr Mokoena and Mr Maqubela from the Auditor-General's office confronted me and asked me as to where the R1 million had gone to, I told them

that I knew nothing about the money.

"But I knew someone had taken the money because it had not been banked in the Ethwa sawmill's banking account and the company did not benefit," Mr Higgs said.

The commission of inquiry, which has sat for 28 days and has called 29 witnesses to give evidence since it started in April, is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling about R120 million.

Mr Higgs also told the commission that Mr Soldati had come to them at Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills and offered services to help them balancing their books. He came there many times.

Asked by members of the commission why he signed agreement loans which totalled about R365 000, Mr Higgs said he could not account for that, but all he knew was that Mr Soldati had always come with some papers and asked him to sign. He signed the papers.

He said he had only received one incentive claim when in 1983; he was called by Mr Soldati together with Mr Magidigidi to his office. The total claim was R124 000, but was asked that he should sign a cheque for R74 000 in respect of Etyeni which he signed.

The commission adjourned to August 25.

# Transkei receives R300m from SA

EP. 21/8/86  
103

CAPE TOWN — Direct financial assistance to Transkei, South Africa's first independent homeland, increased from R153 697 859 in the 1981/82 financial year to an estimated R300 348 000 for the current year, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, said yesterday.

He was giving details in a written reply to a question from Mr Louis Stofberg (HNP, Sasolburg) of amounts paid to the TBVC states — Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei — over the last five years.

The grand total for amounts paid to Transkei, which gained independence in 1976, increased from R289 116 665 to R740 677 000 over the same period.

Direct financial assistance to Bophuthatswana increased from R27,9 million to an estimated R115,56 million over the same period.

The corresponding amounts for Venda were from R56 773 482 to R132 950 000, and for Ciskei, R165 414 454 (from the 1982/83 financial year) to R224 717 000.

The greater portion of all these direct financial assistance figures were for budgetary aid.

Mr Botha said SA did not exercise direct control over the money's use as it was an independent state's prerogative to set

its own priorities on the application of its total available income.

"These funds consist of direct RSA assistance and their own revenue from taxes, etcetera.

"However, officials of the Departments of Foreign Affairs and Finance visit the TBVC states on a regular basis to have budgetary negotiations and where possible, to advise the officials of the states," Mr Botha said.

The object of budgetary aid was to enable the TBVC states "to maintain at least the same standard of service which prevailed before their independence".

"The amounts made available are calculated after an analysis of their own resources and the envisaged application of the funds and taking into account what it would have cost SA to provide the same service if the states in question had not become independent."

Mr Botha said negotiations were currently in progress between SA and the TBVC states on the structure of future financial relations between them.

"In essence, the proposals mean that this form of direct aid will in future be based, in the medium term, on SA-TBVC-negotiated norms and target standards in respect of both expenditure and revenue." — Sapa



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103

22/8/88

# Firms' reply sought in R1m T'kei probe

## Dispatch Reporter

**UMTATA** — Three electrical companies here have until September 5 to deliver affidavits in answer to those filed by the Auditor-General alleging that the three companies received over R1 m in government funds to which they were not entitled.

A rule nisi on an application for the attachment of records, books, vouchers, documents, cash, stamps, securities, equipment and stores of the three respondent companies — Umtata Provident Electrical, Provident Electrical Umtata and Umtata Station Electrical — has been extended, by consent, until October 28.

The applicant, the Auditor-General, has until September 26 to deliver replying affidavits.

The Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, alleged in an affidavit that in the course of his duties he was conducting an audit of the Department of Works and Energy when certain serious irregularities came to his attention.

In the summary of his findings he alleged that the respondents held themselves out as duly incorporated limited liability companies but he has not, as yet, been able to establish whether they traded as separate entities or in association.

He alleged that:

- The three companies, over a period of approximately three years, had been undertaking work for the Department of Works and Energy.

The work was invoiced to and paid by the department but was never carried out.

- For work done the charge "appears to have been grossly and fraudulently inflated."

- From what he had been able to establish to date the companies had received in excess of R1 m in government funds.

Mr Maqubela alleged that copies of the bank statement for Umtata Provident Electrical and Umtata Station Electrical showed a common address and that the similarity in the names of Umtata Provident Electrical and Provident Electrical

Umtata indicated that they might be the same concern.

It was his belief that the three companies were "at very lowest interlinked if not in fact trading arms of the same concern."

According to the affidavit the fourth respondent, the Standard Bank of South Africa, was an interested party in the proceedings but one against whom no costs were sought, unless it elected to oppose the proceedings.

From his investigations it appeared that large amounts of fixtures, fittings and other electrical installations had purportedly been supplied to the Department of Works and Energy as far as the invoices on which payment was made were concerned but there was little or no trace of these items ever having been physically installed, Mr Maqubela alleged.

It was further alleged that it appeared that the three companies employed a very small staff and yet invoices had been submitted indicating jobs had been done at more than ten different locations at the same time.

According to the affidavit, large sums of money had been deposited into the three companies' local banking accounts and then withdrawn by cheque or transfer to an account in East London.

Mr Maqubela submitted in his affidavit that the case was a matter of extreme urgency as it was likely that as soon as the three respondents became aware that the investigation was being carried out they would withdraw all funds presently within the court's jurisdiction.

He alleged that officials in the Department of Works and Energy were already aware of the audit and investigation and he feared that vital records and documentation would be destroyed, greatly hampering the chances of recovering the monies.

Mr Maqubela said it was probable that criminal charges would be made when the relevant authorities were apprised of the facts of the case, increasing the danger that records be destroyed.

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24/8/86  
CIM 9 (103)

## Matanzima says he'll bring back the rod

By STAN MZIMBA

"BRING back the rod" is Transkei Prime Minister George Matanzima's latest rallying cry - and he's serious.

If he keeps his position after the September homeland elections - which, with Transkei's rigid political structure, almost goes without saying - Matanzima says he's going to bring back corporal punishment.

"Spare the rod and spoil the child - that's what I think," Matanzima told an election rally in Tsolo.

He added that if he was brought back to power, he would see that corporal punishment is reintroduced at

schools.

● Earlier, at a meeting for school principals and school board members, Matanzima made another of his customary attacks on the African National Congress - linking local university students to the banned organisation.

He said a "squad" of guerillas had entered the homeland to set up cells around Umtata and "cause chaos in the Transkei".

He said Unitra's SRC is affiliated to the Azanian Students' Organisation, which is affiliated to the United Democratic Front - which, he concluded, is affiliated to the ANC.



DAILY STAR  
103 26/8/86.

# R120m inquiry told of R1,2m cheque

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The joint owner of the Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills, Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, said yesterday he had deposited a R1,2 million cheque for incentives and concessions from the Transkei Government into his Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service bank account after he had been advised by officials of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism and the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC), to do so.

Mr Magidigidi was giving evidence in the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The commission, chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

Mr Magidigidi told the commission he had banked the R1,2 million into his Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service account was because he had been financing most of the operations of Etyeni, Ethwa and other businesses.

He said his books were done by members of the TDC and officials

from the Department of Commerce. He said the director of the industry section of the Department of Commerce Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, was his adviser and "unofficial bookkeeper".

Mr Magidigidi said when he was doing his business, everything was in order, but once the officials from the Department of Commerce and the TDC arrived and offered him help with books of accounts for his businesses, there was a lot of confusion.

They condemned his system of running Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills and other businesses.

"I then relied on them for every advice on the keeping of the books in my businesses. When I received cheques from the government for the industrial incentives and concessions, I deposited those cheques into my businesses as

Ethwa and Etyeni owed me a lot of money as I had to finance them out of my own funds.

"Some of the money which I ploughed into these enterprises was from my farming. I have sold a lot of maize to the government and about 6 000 bags have been bought by the government and I have col-

lected a lot of money for my produce," Mr Magidigidi said.

He said he owned several businesses, including the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service, K and B Company, K and B Enterprises, Emantunzeleni Enterprises and Emboland Enterprises.

He admitted opening several banking accounts for all these businesses in Maclear, Elliot and Mount Frere.

Mr Magidigidi told the commission that when Mr Soldati first came to him, he was with a tall white man.

He said when he formed most of his companies, Mr Soldati, who was helping him in balancing his books, had promised to join him by paying for shares, but nothing materialised "because Mr Soldati made vague promises and I decided to form my own businesses without him."

Mr Magidigidi said officials from the department of Commerce and from TDC came with several papers and asked him to sign them. He did so without scrutinising them as he trusted the officials.

The commission continues today.

D.D. 27/8/85  
103

# T'kei inquiry told blank cheques signed

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A total of R240 000 was withdrawn from the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service after the owner, an industrialist and businessman, Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, of Qumbu, had signed blank cheques which had later been filled by the director of industry section in the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, it was said here yesterday.

Mr Magidigidi was giving evidence for the second time before the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism.

The commission, chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice

Van Reenen, is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling about R120 million.

In his evidence yesterday, Mr Magidigidi said some of the cheques had not been signed by him, but by Mr Soldati, as Mr Soldati was the man who had always given instructions about what cheques were to be signed for various accounts which Mr Magidigidi accepted for his various enterprises.

The signing of the cheques from the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service took place between February 16, 1984 to July 7, 1985.

Mr Magidigidi identified some of the cheques — and said they had been signed by him.

However, he had not signed some of the cheques made out for huge sums of money.

"When the Department of Commerce and the Transkei Development Corporation officials came to me, they took all the books and said I was doing a wrong procedure when entering and balancing my books.

"They offered help and I accepted it.

"When there were accounts to be paid, Mr Soldati asked me to sign blank cheques. He would then fill the rest in the blank cheques which I had signed.

The cheques which had been signed during that period varied from R6 000 to R45 000, all in cash.

*Magidigidi's evidence.*



# Matanzima: We must work to avert sanctions

DAILY NEWS

28/8/78

103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Transkei's fledgling economy would suffer "immense reverses" if sanctions were imposed on South Africa, the Prime Minister of Transkei, Chief George Matanzima, said at a ceremony to mark the opening of an agricultural workshop, parts facility and houses in Bizana.

Chief Matanzima said he understood the motivations for advocating sanctions and could not "impatiently" judge the advocates of sanctions.

"Let all interested parties seriously engage in dialogue and identify areas of agreement as the basis for negotiation now so that it becomes unnecessary for the international community to impose economic sanctions.

"Sanctimonious admonition of the international community does not take us out of the forest. Whatever their motivation, they will impose sanctions and harm us unless we put our house in order ourselves.

"The onus to diffuse the explosive situation and avert social and economic disaster lies with the peoples and leaders of the sub-continent," Chief Matanzima said.

He acknowledged "the indivisibility of the social, economic and political interests of the region, the cultural interdependence and the indispensability of peace and stability in the region".

The national economic goal of his government was to direct the development of Trans-

kei to accelerate economic growth and improve the quality of life for all people, he said.

Increased agricultural output represented one such direction which had the capability of providing more job opportunities.

"The attainment of a proper balance between the establishment of industries and the expansion of agriculture is a persistent problem for developing nations Transkei being no exception."

Chief Matanzima said experience showed the limitations of over-emphasising industrialisation, while it was now increasingly recognised that agricultural progress must have a vital role in the development of Transkei.

The farming community had experienced great difficulties as a result of the worst drought the country had experienced, the increased input prices in agriculture as a result of inflation and the effect of a strong dollar on the exchange rate of the rand, he said.

In recognition of this fact, Chief Matanzima said, his government had embarked on an agricultural mechanisation programme five years ago by providing essential agricultural

equipment. The new workshop and parts facilities formed part of the essential infrastructure of the programme.

He said the programme had paid dividends, shown by increases in maize and sorghum production, since its inception. Eastern Pondoland's maize production had reached

self-sufficiency level in the past season.

"The economic development of the less developed countries is a problem that developed countries cannot ignore.

"Development in technology and economic interdependence dictate that underdevelopment should be eliminated, not only to alleviate hardship for the people in these countries but also to ensure stability and prosperity in the developed countries themselves.

"It has been Transkei's misfortune, distanced from the industrial centres, to inherit the imbalanced economic order and even to attempt to imitate the South African precedent of stressing industrialisation to the exclusion of agricultural reform. We are now attempting to correct our thinking.

Chief Matanzima said the Transkei people were starved of skills and technology and an increase in individual participation in production was necessary.

"Transkeians should realise that the economic survival of this country leans heavily on the success of the agricultural sector in general," he said.

28/8/86

DAILY STAR

# Businessman tells of suspicious payout 103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
 UMTATA — After receiving a cheque of R124 000 for concessions and incentives from the Transkei Government, an industrialist and joint owner of Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills was scared and thought there was "something fishy about this huge amount of money".

The industrialist, Mr Kenneth Magidigidi of Qumbu, told a judicial commission of inquiry here yesterday that after he had received the cheque of R124 000, he had told his partner, Mr Arthur Higgs, to take the money and use it as he (Mr Magidigidi) was scared.

The inquiry, chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, is investigating the affairs and conduct of the Transkei Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism. It is also probing the possible misuse of state funds totalling R120 million.

Mr Magidigidi said the

electricity claims which had been submitted for incentives had been prepared by the director of the industry section of the department, Mr Bongani Soldati.

He could not explain why the claims were so large. While the sawmills used small generators, the impression was given that huge generators were in operation.

Mr Magidigidi also disputed some of the names included on the employees' wage register. For example, there was listing for a C. Savimbi, who, Mr Magidigidi said, had never worked at Etyeni or Ethwa sawmills.

The wage list had recorded about 11 Magidigidis at one time, then eight and two in other instances. This was incorrect. He had never prepared such wage lists which had been submitted for incentives claims.

Junior counsel for the

commission's legal team, Mr N. Locke, put it to Mr Magidigidi R700 000 had been paid to Etyeni (Pty) Ltd. This was unauthorised money as Etyeni was not entitled to claim incentives and concessions from the government because permission had not been granted by the Transkei Industries Board.

Mr Locke said the Transkei Government was entitled to a refund of R700 000.

"I did not know that Etyeni was not entitled to incentives claims," Mr Magidigidi said.

He also said he was surprised "to discover there were huge amounts which had been claimed on my behalf without my knowing exactly how much" was involved.

"Mr Soldati did all the claims. He filled out all the forms and then made me to sign them. When the cheques had been paid out by the government he would call or phone me, and when he did not get me he would send a message for me to come and collect the cheques from his office."

When payouts were made, Mr Soldati would tell Mr Magidigidi which accounts to bank the money into.

According to commission's records, Etyeni and Ethwa stood to earn R7 million through their timber transporting enterprises.

Mr Magidigidi disputed this, saying claims that the sawmills were

moving between 30 000 kg (or tons) and 90 000 kg (or tons) of timber were "ridiculous".

Mr Magidigidi admitted he had received R89 000 on January 25 1985 and R105 000 on July 15 1985. He had collected cheques from Mr Soldati's office.

"Mr Soldati was in full control of the use of all these funds and he instructed me how to bank them. When I came to collect these cheques, Mr Soldati had always insisted I bring my bank deposit books from my businesses. He would then fill the contents in the deposit books and tell me to go and bank them.

"Although these cheques had been claimed for Etyeni and Ethwa, I deposited them in the Transkei Blue Mountain Bus Service bank account," he said.

He said he had recently received R120 000 from the government after he had sold maize bags to the Department of Agriculture and Forestry.

The commission was adjourned to September 1.



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CP Correspondent

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THERE are fears that the death squad - believed to be responsible for killing former Transkei University students' representative council member Batandwa Ndondo - might now be hunting his adopted brother.

Lungisile Ntsebeza, who owns a bookshop in Cala in Transkei, said he was afraid after hearing the group was in Cala, heavily armed and had been making inquiries about his whereabouts.

Ndondo, employed as a rural health worker at the time of his death in September last year, was allegedly picked up from the home he shared with Ntsebeza by a group of four men and a woman, operating from a mini-bus.

As he was being driven out of Cala, he escaped from the mini-bus and was chased by his captors, who cornered him and, in full view of a large number of residents, shot him fatally.

Transkei police later confirmed police were involved in the shooting.

This week, policeman Gciniso Lamont Dandala appeared in the Umtata magistrate's court on a charge of murder.

A second policeman, Mbuso Enoch Shabalala, is also to be charged.

According to Transkei Attorney-General HF van Zyl, Shabalala was not "available" for this week's appearance.

Arrangements had however been made for him to appear on September 19. Both men have been released on their own recognisances.

Ntsebeza said he had

# DEATH SQUAD HUNTS AGAIN

seen the group allegedly involved in the shooting driving through Cala on August 14, but he left for Johannesburg soon afterwards and had not been back since.

Since then he has received reports of the group's presence in Cala on at least five different occasions.

They have been positively identified by witnesses as the group involved in the killing.

The group has made inquiries about Ntsebeza and a friend of his, Godfrey Silinga.

Ntsebeza's bookshop assistant, Victor Galeka, told City Press he recognised

the driver of the mini-bus as the same man who had driven the mini-bus on the day of Ndondo's killing. Galeka said that after the shooting when Ndondo's body was taken to hospital he saw the man with bloodstains on his shirt.

Ntsebeza said that the group had not visited his house or business, which he understood as a sign that they were trying to "wage a war of nerves" on him.

"But I don't want to take any chances with that group. They came to Cala and killed Batandwa, and if it's them again I'll have to assess the situation before going back," he said.

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# HOMELANDS — TRANSKEI — GENERAL

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*DAILY DISPATCH*  
*1/2/77*

## Soldati to testify at T'kei inquiry

*103*

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The director of the industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism here, Mr Bongani Soldati, will give evidence today before the judicial commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the department.

This was announced by junior counsel for the commission's legal team, Mr N. Locke, after the 30th witness, a Transkei industrialist and businessman, Mr Kenneth Magidigidi, gave evidence last week.

Mr Magidigidi, a joint owner of Ethwa Sawmills and the sole proprietor of Etyeni Sawmills, gave evidence for three days last week.

The commission, which is chaired being by the Transkei Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, has received over 50 volumes of evidence from the commission's legal team, led by Mr A. Findlay (advocate).

The commission is investigating the possible misuse of R120 million in state funds.

It is expected to sit until the end of October.

# Ciskei's election is won (a week before the start)

CISKEI'S general election was over this week before it began — while in Transkei, the other Xhosa homeland, voters yesterday began going to the polls.

Wednesday was nomination day for the Ciskei election, planned for November. But when only 23 candidates were nominated — all from President Lennox Sebe's Ciskei National Independence Party (CNIP) — they were all declared elected unopposed.

A last-minute bid to delay nomination day and the election had failed earlier in the week when the Bisho Supreme Court turned down an application by a former cabinet minister, Chief Lent Maqoma, and his newly-formed Ciskei People's Rights Protection Party.

The decision marked the end of an attempt by Maqoma to break Sebe's stranglehold on Ciskei politics. Maqoma had launched his party earlier this year and was believed to have attracted the support of a number of politicians who had fallen out of official favour. These included Namba Sebe, the president's brother, a former minister of transport now living in Transkei.

However, the Ciskei legislative assembly had passed a law tightening regulations for the registration of a political party — requiring, *inter alia*, that new parties submit the names of 10 000 supporters. When Maqoma collected the names, registration was refused on the grounds that signatures had not been supplied.

Maqoma then went to the Supreme Court — which, earlier this week, rejected his request that the party's registration be recognised and nomination day delayed. Now that no independent candidates have been nominated, the ruling CNIP has no opposition in the legislative assembly.

Meanwhile, in Transkei, polling booths opened yesterday at 7am for the second general election since the homeland accepted "independence" 10 years ago. Votes were also collected in major South African urban centres.

Voting in the cities is expected to be

The difference between the Ciskei and Transkei elections this week is that Ciskeian citizens can't vote and Transkeian citizens don't want to. FRANZ KRUGER reports from East London

almost non-existent, while even in Transkei rural areas pamphlets have appeared urging people not to vote.

The 75 elected seats in the Transkei national assembly are being contested by 160 candidates. The other 75 seats are held *ex officio* by chiefs, who could end up with a balance of power.

Interest in the election is centred on 90 independent candidates, who are challenging 69 candidates of the ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP). Among the independents are two cabinet ministers: Minister of Health Dr Charles Bikitsha and Minister of Justice and Prisons Ramsay Madikizela.

The independents, known as "TNIP rebels", are mostly people who failed to gain the party's nomination. They are believed to have the backing of former state president Kaiser Matanzima, who retired to his paramount chieftaincy in western Tembuland earlier this year.

The run-up to the election was marked by an unusual clash between the former president and his brother, Prime Minister George Matanzima, centring on nomination procedures.

The dispute was seen as public evidence of a power struggle between the brothers. It was believed George Matanzima was taking advantage of the retirement of his brother to strengthen his own position, and that Kaiser Matanzima was unhappy that retirement had left him further from the seat of power than he expected.

Caledon Mda, leader and sole MP of the Democratic People's Party, has issued an appeal for the independents to join the DPP; but although Mda is standing for re-election, a branch of his party on the East Rand last week issued a call for Mda to withdraw and the election to be boycotted.

Results are expected next week.



# R1,5m missing, inquiry told

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## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — An amount of R1,5 million paid by the Transkei Government in incentives and concession claims to the Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills had not been traced, an auditor said in evidence here yesterday.

The auditor, Mr Rodney Paxton, who had earlier given evidence to the judicial commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, told the commission that there had been no trace of the R1,5 million because this amount had never been reflected in the books of both Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills, which were owned by Mr Kenneth Magidigidi and Mr Arthur Higgs.

Mr Paxton said initially an amount of R2,1 million had been paid to the company. Of this, they only had a record of R6,000.

"We do not know where this money has gone to and even the owners of the company have not been able to state where the money had gone to," Mr Paxton said.

The commission of inquiry is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million. So far the commission has sat for 32 days and had already called 31

witnesses since it started in April this year.

The commission is chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen.

Earlier, before the commission heard evidence from other witnesses, the junior counsel for the commission's legal team, Mr N. Locke, told the commission that the director of industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, who was to have given evidence before the commission yesterday morning, had submitted a doctor's medical certificate saying that he was suffering from "acute reactive depression and hypertension."

Mr Locke said he had received a call from Mr Elliot Mokoena, a senior auditor from the Auditor-General's office, in the morning, telling him that Mr Soldati had sent a message together with the medical certificate.

Mr Locke said Mr Soldati had been examined by a doctor on August 29 and certified to be indisposed.

"I later phoned Mr Soldati and informed him that he had caused us great inconvenience for not coming to give evidence, but I shall contact him again to find out when he would be able to give

evidence before this commission," Mr Locke said.

According to the medical certificate, Mr Soldati has to be seen by the doctor on Friday, September 5.

Continuing his evidence before the commission, Mr Paxton said after examining the Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills' books, it was decided that unauthorised claims which had been paid would be entered in the company's books as "invalid claims" — and would be refundable to the government.

He said he accepted wages claims for incentives from Ethwa which had not been duplicated as valid claims for the company.

Mr Paxton said he had never signed any documents which Mr Magidigidi was not aware of in the course of the period as auditors of the company.

Mr Paxton told the commission that there had been no definite guidelines about the training schemes by industrialists and some of the industrialists had claimed for these incentives without the knowledge of their auditors.

The commission of inquiry continues today.

# Inquiry told govt official interfered

3/9/80  
Daily Star  
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**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — A former Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) assistant development officer felt that the director of the Industry section of the department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, was interfering while he was teaching the Etyeni and Ethwa sawmills' staff how to keep proper books of accounts for the enterprise.

Mr L. M. Hlalukana told the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism that he then reported the matter to his seniors at TDC.

Mr Hlalukana said the reason he felt Mr Soldati was interfering with him was because when he taught the staff who were doing books at Ethwa and Etyeni, he discovered that Mr Soldati had given instructions contrary to what he had given.

He said the staff at the Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills did not keep proper books and at times they would make entries on scrap papers and he tried to introduce a new system of keeping and balancing their books.

Mr Hlalukana said he took Mr Soldati as a friend and an advisor of Mr Magidigidi who together with Mr Arthur Higgs were owners of the Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills.

He said at times when there was a problem he would be told by Mr Magidigidi to wait for Mr Soldati. He had met Mr Soldati on many occasions at Ethwa during weekends when he (Mr Hlalukana) had gone to teach the staff at Ethwa and at Etyeni.

He said he had been assigned by the TDC timber division to do the balancing of books at Ethwa and Etyeni. He had treated both sawmills as one entity.

Mr Hlalukana said Mr Magidigidi had knowledge of the company's financial transactions. He said Mr Magidigidi knew of the incentives and concession claim cheques which had been paid to Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills.

Earlier when the commission of inquiry started its business, the junior counsel of the commission's legal team, Mr N. Locke announced Mr Soldati

had phoned him and told him that he was still ill. He said Mr Soldati indicated to him that he would be able to give evidence sometime during this month, but did not specify any date.

Mr Soldati was supposed to have given evidence before the commission on Monday, but he submitted a medical certificate stating that he had "acute reactive depression and hypertension." He would see his doctor on Friday.

The commission is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

Continuing his evidence, Mr Hlalukana said he had never seen any blank cheques which had been filled during his presence at Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills. He had been aware that during weekends, wages were being paid to the employees, but did not actually witness the paying as he was always busy in the offices.

Asked by one of the commissioners, if he would enter a R2 million wages entry in the books, even if the normal wages were about R100 000, Mr Hlalukana said: "Yes. If the entry in the cheque book counterfoil is R2 million, then I would enter it."

Another witness, the 32nd one, a TDC development officer for the timber division, Mr W. M. M. Nzingani, told the commission that he had attended a private meeting of the Ethwa and Etyeni sawmills in an attorneys' offices in Umtata. He said Mr Soldati was also present at the meeting. Both Mr Magidigidi and Mr Higgs, who are directors of Ethwa, were present.

It appeared as though Mr Soldati had called the meeting on behalf of the Department of Commerce.

The commission of inquiry continues today.

## R500 000 missing

JOHANNESBURG — Detectives on the West Rand are investigating the disappearance of more than R500 000 from a safe at OK Hyperama in Roodepoort.

About R372 000 of the missing money is cash. — Sapa

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4/9/86 DAILY DISPATCH

# Inquiry told of SA's huge debt on claims

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Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The South African Government owed Transkei "huge" sums of money for claims for industrial incentives and concessions dating back to 1982.

This was submitted as evidence yesterday before the commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism here. The inquiry, chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, is also investigating the possible misuse of R120 million in state funds.

An auditor and accountant, Mr Johan Ludwig Vandrag, said his firm had been instructed to investigate why the claims had not been paid. It had been found that all the claims submitted to Pretoria through the Central Decentralisation Board had been incorrectly processed by the Transkei Department of Commerce.

Mr Vandrag said Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) officials had been involved in the investigations because they — not the Transkei Industries Board — had handled

most of the industrial claims.

Many claims which had been queried by South Africa had not been rectified by Transkei.

There had been differences in the interpretation of procedures for claiming incentives and concessions from South Africa. Mr Vandrag said he would detail these in his full written report when he next gave evidence to the inquiry.

He believed there should be a new system of submitting claims to South Africa so that none were rejected.

Another witness, a TDC development officer, Mr John Smit, said all the claims from industrialists went through his office before they were submitted to the Department of Commerce.

Some of the claims dated as far back as 1982.

He said the the claims were processed before being submitted to the Department of Finance.

After they had been paid to the TDC, the government submitted its claims to Pretoria. Most of these claims had not been paid because they had been badly processed without the required supporting documents.

Mr Smit said the TDC claimed industrialists' housing and other expenses, including electricity and transport, from the Transkei Government, which in turn claimed from South Africa on a rand-for-rand basis.

When Pretoria queried claims, there had been no follow-up by the Department of Commerce.

He said he was not sure who had processed claims since the director of the industry section of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, was suspended from duty.

Mr Smit said that when he was approached by industrialists to fill in their incentives claims, there were four copies which had been typed. He kept one, and the others were sent to the Department of Commerce.

There was, however, no feedback from the department about whether these claims had been paid out or not.

The commission of inquiry has been adjourned to September 15.

DK (103) 6/9/86

## Kawe confirms man's detention

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The detention of Mr Syndo Cyril Madlebe, 64, was confirmed here yesterday by the head of the Transkei Security Police, General L. S. Kawe.

Gen Kawe was commenting on a letter from an American member of Amnesty International, Mr Jan Saecker, who called for Mr Madlebe to be either released or charged.

Gen Kawe said Mr Madlebe was detained on July 29, the night of the attack on the Umtata police station.

He said investigations

into the incident, which involved security matters, would take some time because many people were involved.

If Mr Madlebe was not charged, he would be released.

Any evidence resulting from the investigation would be taken to the Attorney-General before anyone was taken to court, Gen Kawe said.

Mr Saecker said Mr Madlebe's two nephews had also been detained, but had possibly been released. Gen Kawe said he was not able to confirm the detentions of the two other unnamed people.



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# Crime threatening Wild Coast tourism

UMTATA — Tourism on the Transkei Wild Coast could be threatened by increasing crime in the area.

Incidents range from the theft of handbags and fishing equipment to vandalism of boating equipment.

Many tourists have exclaimed that they are becoming "fed up" with such conditions.

A rubber dingy belonging to an East London man, Mr Bertie Phillips, was cut to pieces and its motor thrown into the river at Qora Mouth. The dingy was valued at R11 000.

Mr Phillips said he had experienced some theft over the years but never such blatant vandalism.

"I don't think it will be long before people stop going to the Wild Coast. People are getting sick and tired of the thefts."

Police had caught the man responsible.

Mr Phillips said it was

common for fishing equipment to be pinched and the windscreens of vehicles to be smashed. He described such incidents as "just malicious vandalism."

Mbotyi and Beechomwood were known to be risky, he said.

A vanity case containing R280 and a revolver belonging to the wife of an Umtata attorney, Mr A. D. A. Buchan, was stolen at Sinangwana.

Mr Buchan said it was probably the first time a cottage owner had been the victim of theft when the person was in the cottage at the time.

Theft was generally restricted to foreigners, he said, while locals were not affected.

He said the vanity case had been stolen about two weeks ago from one of the rondavels while his wife was cooking in the main cottage nearby. The contents of the case were

later found but the money and revolver were missing.

Born and bred in Transkei, Mr Buchan said he did not believe the theft was committed by residents of the Sinangwana village, with whom they had warm relations, but by supporters of Mpande where there was a "bad element".

He agreed that tourism was threatened by such incidents. This was illustrated when six families left after 11 cars had been broken into on Christmas Eve.

The tribal authorities did not seem to understand the seriousness of the problem and seemed not to be aware of how to handle the situation, he said.

This could be because people did not report incidents to the tribal authorities.

Locals believed the element which frequented Mpande exerted a bad influence, in particular with regard to the availability of dagga there, Mr Buchan said.

It was common knowledge to visitors at Mpande that they should not lock their cars, as this was no deterrent.

A spokesman for the Transkei Police Directorate of public relations said some crimes were reported from the coast but none were as alarming as the destruction of the rubber dingy.

He said there was a problem in that tourists often did not report crimes.

The Daily Dispatch last month reported that some doctors who were regular visitors to Umgazana and treated local residents for free had become so angered by the thefts that they threatened to withhold their assistance if the problem was not solved.

The head of the resort board at the Department of Local Government and Land Tenure was not available for comment.

The director of tourism in the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr S. L.

Nxasana, said he was not aware of the thefts.

"We take care of our tourists, but those who live in sea-side cottages and fishermen are not under our control."

A spokesman for the division of nature conservation in the Department of Agriculture and Forestry said the problem highlighted the need for organised hiking trails and camping areas to reduce conflict with the local people and save the coastal systems from degradation.

Organised trails provided by the department ensured that people could stay in designated areas where there was security.

Urban dwellers going to pristine areas were not aware of the lack of etiquette which often provoked conflict—such as defecating near a drinking water supply and littering, she said.

South Africans still needed to develop an ethic when it came to the appreciation of their beautiful land, the spokesman said.

Cape Times 12/19/86

# Transkei 'not far behind Ethiopia'

By BARRY STREEK  
Political Staff

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MOST people in Transkei live in abject poverty, in a rapidly declining socio-economic framework which is on the point of threatening life, two researchers said yesterday.

Mr Vijay Makanjee and Mr Warren Parker said at the University of Cape Town: "All too recently have the horrors of the 'face of Ethiopia' been staring at us in the press and electronic media, yet as the statistics indicate, Transkei is not far behind."

In a paper at the conference of the Development Society of Southern Africa being held this week at UCT, they said only 17 percent of the people in Transkei had an adequate water supply and more than 50 percent were in the "needy" category.

With only 137 doctors distributed among 31 hospitals and 171 clinics, there was one doctor per 19 000 people. Infants comprised 26,3 percent of the total deaths in Transkei.

More than 50 percent of families experienced food shortages during 1985, they said.



**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — It was imperative the private sector was approached to make contributions to the education of handicapped children, the Transkeian Deputy Minister of Education, Mr Mike Mazwana, said at the presentation of computerised equipment to the Efata School for the Deaf and Blind here.

The sophisticated R47 000 audiometer, which measures deafness in children, was donated to the school this week by the Employment Bureau of Africa (Teba).

In 1986, the Year of the Disabled, the services rendered to deaf and blind children in Transkei by the institution called for great appreciation by the Department of Education and the private sector, he said.

"The cost of a pencil for a normal pupil is 50 cents. The cost of a 'pencil' for a blind child, the Braille machine, is R900. To fit a class of 10 deaf pupils with group hearing aid systems totals R8 500."

He said these examples illustrated the financial responsibility of the department and the private sector to render a better service to Transkei's blind and deaf pupils.

A policy of the private sector making whatever contributions it could would ensure the wider community became involved, Mr Mazwana said.

"It is accepted policy of the department that the educational activities of private initiative and other bodies should be stimulated. That is why these schools are registered as state-aided schools. The state subsidies constitute more than 90 per cent of the total running cost of the schools."

Mr Mazwana said special education in his department catered for the aurally, visually, physically and mentally handicapped.

If the services rendered to the national and independent states were included there were now 80 special schools catering for 7 000 pupils in Southern Africa.

In the past 28 years, the Efata School had expanded to such an extent that there were now 300 deaf and 100 blind pupils and a total staff of 103.

The programme this year aimed at promoting the interests of disabled people. The objectives included the promotion of the independent functioning of disabled people and the cultivation of a healthy attitude in the community towards the disabled.

The programme also aimed at getting disabled people to become involved in community life in a meaningful way.

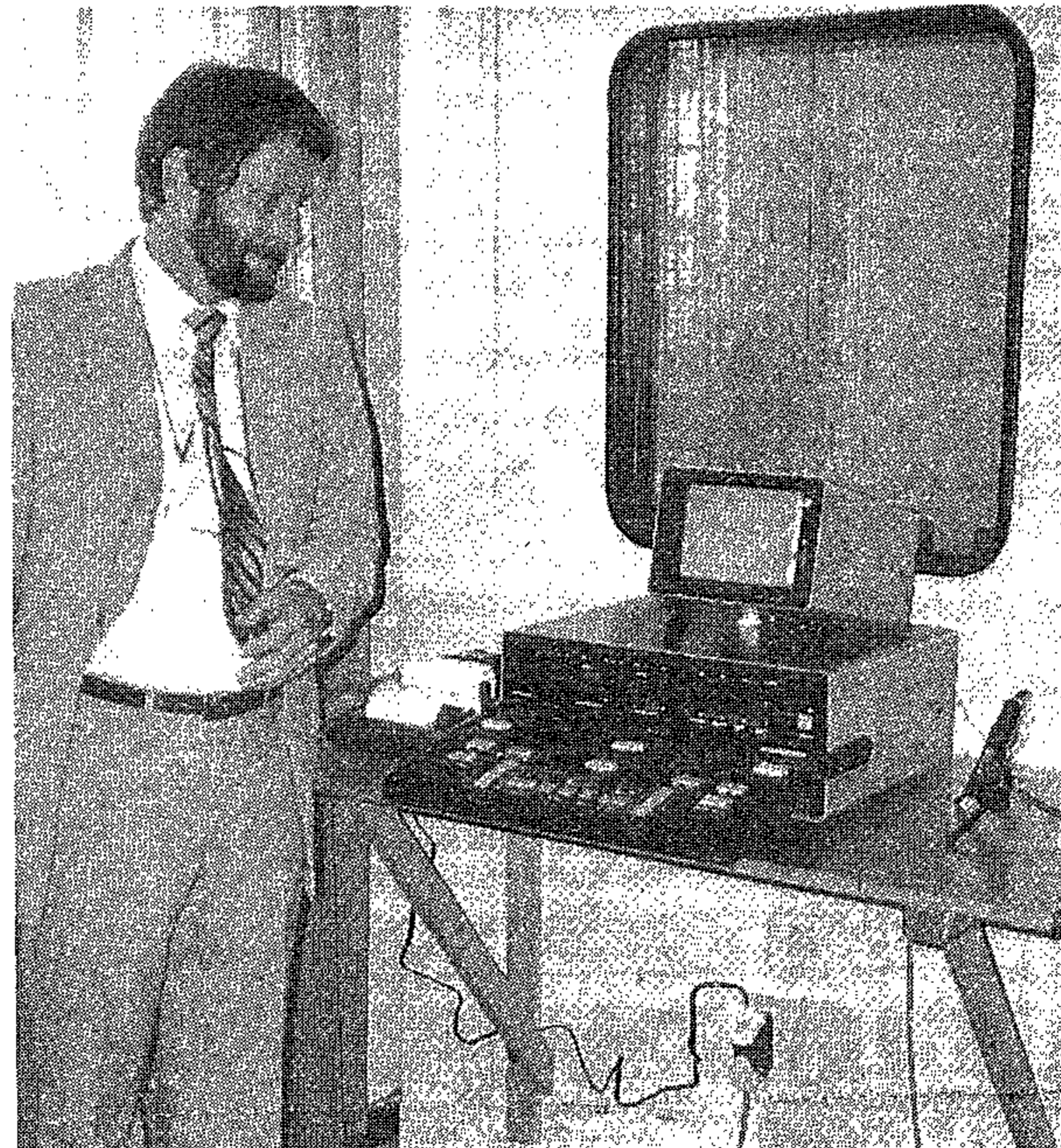
"Teba's contribution to Efata School clearly

# Private sector has role to play, says Transkei minister

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The holder of the Teba portfolio for the Chamber of Mines, Mr W. Malan, with pupils of Efata School after the presentation.



The principal of Efata School for Deaf and Blind in Umtata, Mr P. Meyer, with the R47 000 audiometer donated by the Employment Bureau of Africa (Teba).

indicates that they want to get involved with the disabled person and that they have compassion for the needs of Transkei's deaf and blind pupils," Mr Mazwana said.

He said Teba had made several donations to Efata School in the past, including R70 000 towards the erection of the school hall, and assistance to buy a school bus and minibus, which allowed for the

transport of about 200 pupils to and from their homes during holidays and sports excursions.

Mr Mazwana said Teba's donation of the audiometer would also be in line with the objectives of the Year of the Disabled.

Apart from the expenses exclusive to special schools, other costs existed such as transport, camps and educational excursion tours.

"Handicapped children need expansion of the experiential life to free them from the isolation in which they generally live."

Speaking to a Teba representative, Mr W. W. Malan, who made the presentation, Mr Mazwana said: "When the Xhosa people say thank you they often use the word nangamso, which means — please repeat the gift tomorrow."

P.D.  
12/9/86



DD 12/4/86 (103)

# Chiefs may hold the balance of power

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The 75 ex-officio chiefs in the Transkei National Assembly may hold the balance of power after the general elections on September 25.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) will be facing the most serious challenge to its dominance in five general elections — and the support of the chiefs may be crucial in determining whether it is to retain power.

Ninety independents, mostly TNIP rebels, are attempting to usher in a new era in Transkei politics by opposing 69 TNIP candidates in the 26 constituencies to be contested. Also entering the fray is the leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Mr Caledon Mda.

Six candidates — all members of the TNIP — have been elected unopposed in Elliotdale and Willowvale.

Most of the independent candidates are former TNIP members who failed to gain nomination by the party's district committees after a dispute over nomination procedures. They include the Minister of Health, Dr Charles Bikitsha of Butterworth, and the Minister of Justice and Prisons, Mr Ramsay Madikizela of Ngqeleni.

A significant feature of the nomination dispute was that it found the leader of the TNIP, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, and his brother, the former State President and ruler of Western Transkei,

Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, in opposite camps.

At the centre of the controversy was the ruling party hierarchy's insistence that all candidates be nominated by the party's district committees.

Paramount Chief Matanzima objected to this, saying the district committees would be able to twist the nomination of candidates in their favour and that this would be to the detriment of the ordinary people who would be unable to gain nomination.

Paramount Chief Matanzima then proposed that anybody, irrespective of party affiliation, be allowed to contest the elections.

The TNIP executive committee stuck to its decision and all its candidates were nominated by district committees.

Both the TNIP and independents are campaigning extensively throughout the country for voters' support.

It is not clear what the independents' plan of action would be should they win a significant number of seats. It is thought unlikely that they will return to the TNIP and more probable that they will form a new party or join the existing opposition.

Senior executive members of the TNIP have indicated at rallies during the past weeks that the rebels would not be welcome back in the party and there have been calls for stern action against them for defying party discipline.



D D/6/9/86 (103)

# Soldati tells of blatant discrimination

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A senior official of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism alleged yesterday that white members of the Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) had practised "naked discrimination against black manufacturers".

The director of the industries section of the department, Mr Bongani Soldati, told a commission of inquiry his "sense of justice and fairness" had been jarred by "discriminatory policy . . . meticulously applied by whites in the TDC and by the Transkei Industries Board (TIB), which was dominated by whites".

The inquiry, chaired by the country's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, is investigating the affairs and conduct of the department as well as the possible misuse of R120 million in state funds.

Mr Soldati said he became aware of the discrimination when he was transferred from the

Department of Forestry to the Department of Commerce in 1978.

Certain "black manufacturers were not entitled to concessions, while whites in South Africa and Transkei were".

"This negated the independence concept and called to question the objectives of this development policy which relegated nationals to the role of either poorly paid labourers or onlookers," Mr Soldati said.

Referring to the granting of concessions to LMS Sawmills and Ethwa Sawmills, he said the TDC allocated inexperienced black personnel to guide the two enterprises. Race was the criterion in deciding on the quality and extent of support.

The difficulties experienced by these sawmills and the paucity of assistance granted by the TDC bore witness to the frustrating policies of discrimination which had survived the independence of Transkei.

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# Chiefs hold key to Transkei elections

UMTATA — the 75 ex-officio chiefs in the Transkei National Assembly may hold the balance of power after the general elections on September 25.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) will be facing the most serious challenge to its dominance in five general elections and the support of the chiefs may be crucial in determining whether it is to retain power.

Some 90 independents, mostly TNIP rebels, are attempting to usher in a new era in Transkei politics by opposing 69 TNIP candidates in the 26 constituencies to be contested. Also

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## OWN CORRESPONDENT

entering the fray is the leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Caledon Mda.

Six candidates — all members of the TNIP — have been elected unopposed in Elliottdale and Willowvale.

Most of the independent candidates are former TNIP members who failed to gain nomination by the party's district committees after a dispute over nomination procedures. They include Minister of Health Dr Charles Bikitsha, from Butterworth, and Minister of Justice and Prisons

Ramsay Madikizela, from Ngqeleni.

A significant feature of the nomination dispute was that it found the leader of the TNIP, Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima, and his brother, the former State President and ruler of Western Transkei, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, in opposite camps.

It is not clear what the independents' plan of action would be, should they win a significant number of seats. It is thought unlikely that they will return to the TNIP. More probably, they will form a new party or join the existing opposition.



# Deadly fungus may cause gullet cancer

By Jaap Boekkooi, Science Writer

103 88  
SMR 18/1/86

A fatal fungus, suspected to be linked to the alarming rate of gullet cancer among South African blacks, has been found in an area of the Transkei which has the world's highest death toll from this cancer.

The fungus grows on mealies and has been isolated in a joint effort by the South African Medical Research Council in Cape Town and the National Chemical Research Laboratory (NCRL) of the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research in Pretoria.

"It is an exciting discovery," said Dr James Bull, director of the NCRL, "but we cannot say yet whether the fungus causes

cancer of the oesophagus. We now know it is highly toxic, and kills horses."

Dr Bull's senior research specialist, Dr Robert Vleggaar, said the fungus had already caused cancer in cultures. "But we are still trying to isolate its compounds, of which there may be hundreds, even thousands," he added.

The fungus isolated in Transkei, *Fusarium moniliforme*, is connected with the "hole-in-the-head" syndrome in horses.

"The infected horse dies after hitting its head, usually against a pole. In the post-mortem large holes are found in the brain. There have been outbreaks of this disease in the United States and also in South Africa," Dr Vleggaar said.

2/19/86  
CIT (PLG)

# Transkei election boycotted

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By **MONO BADELA**

TRANSKEI looks set for its lowest voter turnout ever when residents go to the polls next Thursday.

The tiny opposition Democratic Progressive Party decided on the East Rand last weekend to boycott the election and appealed to lone MP Caledon Mda to withdraw.

DPP says it is confident that there will be no polling in major centres like Port Elizabeth, Cape Town, Durban and Johannesburg.

"We have spread the campaign to include big towns. Only women at home will be able to vote," DPP said.

The only interesting feature in the election is the "war" on the ruling Transkei National Independence Party by 90 independent candidates - most of them TNIP rebels.

This "war" has pitched Prime Minister George Matanzima against his brother, former State President Kaizer Matanzima, who has sided with the "rebels".



Don't vote for independents,  
Matanzima tells TNIP rally

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The Prime Minister and leader of the Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP), Chief George Matanzima, told the party's final election rally here yesterday that no party member should vote for any of the 90 independent candidates.

Chief George said that among the independents in Thursday's election were a number of "our men", and that they should be punished by not getting any votes.

He added he had

something "up his sleeve" for them.

Among the independent candidates are two cabinet ministers — the Minister of Health, Dr Charles Bikitsha, and the Minister of Justice and Prisons, Mr Ramsey Madikizela.

It was reported last week that the deputy leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Chief Twentymen Ntsikayezwe Sigcau, had also said that a number of "our men" were among the independents.

The 90 independent candidates are standing

for election in opposition to the 69 candidates nominated by TNIP district committees.

● Meanwhile, Dr Bikitsha said yesterday he was standing as an independent for re-election to prevent a dictatorship.

Dr Bikitsha said the only way for a people to show their displeasure with its government was to vote those MPs out of office and elect ones of their choice.

He said all the MPs would be TNIP nominees if it were not for the so-called 90 independents.

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# Transkeians urged to vote

Although the 90 independents have not indicated their allegiance should they win their seats, many are not expected to return to the TNIP fold.

Their stand has won the support of the founder of the TNIP and "father" of Transkei independence, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, who has publicly rebuked the TNIP's district committees for "twisting the nominations of the candidates to their advantage to the detriment of the people who would like

to contest seats from the voting public."

The electoral battle will be between 69 TNIP-nominated candidates, the 90 independents and the present parliamentary opposition party, the Democratic Progressive Party (DPP).

The ruling party has secured six unopposed candidates from the two constituencies of Gatyana (Willowvale) and Xhora (Elliotdale).

The deputy leader of the DPP, Chief Twentymen Ntsikayezwe Sigcau, who is the younger son of Transkei's first State President, Paramount Chief Manzolwandle Botha Sigcau, who died in 1978, said in a statement here last night: "The battle is on. We hope our call to the independents to fight and win has been heeded."

The TNIP leader, Chief George Matanzima, is fighting for his Cofimvaba seat against two independents, Mr Nelson Mabunu, and Prince Night Dower Mgudlwa of Qumanco.



DD 25/7/86

# Transket voters keen

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Interest in today's general election is reported to be running high but the weather is expected to play a major role in the number of voters who turn out at the polls.

While some early voters were turned away yesterday when they tried to cast their ballots, there are fears that a rainy day may cause many voters to stay indoors.

The electoral officer in the Department of the Interior, Mr V. B. Mgwigwi, said there was more interest in the election than ever before.

He said vote counting was expected to take about three days, although this might stretch up to two weeks if ballot figures for Transkeians living in South Africa were returned late.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party has never faced such a serious electoral contest since its formation in 1963 when Transkei attained self-rule. The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, leads 66 TNIP candidates against 90 independents, many of whom are former party members, in 66 electoral seats.

The opposition Democratic Progressive Party will field one candidate, its leader, Mr Calendon Mda.

The election has been dominated by a row over TNIP nomination procedures which resulted in several senior TNIP members, including two cabinet ministers, failing to gain nomination and opting to run as independents.

There are 1,17 million registered voters in the country.

How to vote page 2

## Soldati calls <sup>103</sup> for probe into other firms

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The director of the Industries section of the department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, Mr Bongani Soldati, yesterday asked the judicial commission of inquiry into the affairs and conduct of his department to also investigate the whereabouts of R118,5 million or R117,8 million.

Mr Soldati was giving evidence for the sixth day at the commission of inquiry which is chaired by the country's Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen.

Mr Soldati said a lot had been heard about the R1,5 million which had been an unauthorised incentives payment to Ethwa sawmills and the total R2,2 million which had been paid to Ethwa sawmills.

The commission of inquiry is investigating the possible misuse of Transkei state funds totalling R120 million.

After giving evidence, Mr Soldati told the commission he would like to address it.

"From your brief, Mr Chairman, I hope that a balance will be struck between positive and negative actions and omissions by facing and acting upon the fact that disbursements for incentives were not only for Ethwa sawmills and its depots or branches.

"They were in respect of more than 70 firms. As stated yesterday I can make no indication which firms should be investigated but only make a clarion call for applying the same criteria to other firms, by checking whether the people on their wage schedules were still or ever there.

"This is in the interests of uniformity and fairness. Much has been heard about the R1,5 or R2,2 million. The question is what about the R118,5 or R117,8 million," Mr Soldati said.

He said a member of the commission and the legal team, Professor

Roos, had stated that the officials who approved payment had done so because they trusted him or because they lacked sufficient knowledge of the transactions.

"Mr Chairman, there is a distinction between knowing the transaction according to the payment and knowing the importance and the effect of approving the expenditure. This distinction must be upheld in assessing responsibility," he said.

Mr Soldati attacked parts of a report by an auditor from the auditor-general's office, Mr Elliot Mokoena.

He said parts of the Mokoena report which he (Mr Soldati) had seen were "fraught with errors in the understanding or identification of certification actions in all vouchers."

"In giving effect to the provisions of the treasury instructions with regard to certification, Mr Mokoena makes no distinction between invoices and vouchers.

"On the subject of responsibility, Mr Chairman, an idea of joint and several responsibility was expressed here. Up to now I do not know whether this idea is based on interpretation of the relevant statutes or a personal opinion.

"There is a precedent in Transkei for responsibility and accountability attaching to senior official in respect of a transaction he neither approved nor saw," he said.

The commission adjourned until Monday.

## Soviets to probe Mars

MOSCOW — The Soviet Union plans to launch two space probes to investigate the planet Mars in 1988, a Soviet newspaper reported.

It said experts from France, West Germany, Austria, Sweden and the European Space Agency would join Soviet specialists. — Sapa-RNS

## EL company introduces <sup>25</sup> double shift

### Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — The Tek Corporation plant has introduced double shifts in some sections following a major recovery in the markets for kitchen appliances and television sets.

This was confirmed yesterday by the marketing director of the corporation, Mr Richard Ferrer, who said the company expected a shortage of stock over the Christmas period because of the demand.

The general manager of the refrigeration section at the East London plant, Mr Dave Smith, said that, in addition to the double shift, an extra 70 people had been employed.

Overtime is also being worked in the television set division after Tek won the contract, in conjunction with Barlows, for M-Net decoders. New ranges of video recorders and audio-equipment have also been launched and the products will be in the shops for Christmas.

Mr Smith said the boost in his section had been sparked by the introduction of South Africa's first locally manufactured "side-by-side" refrigerators which had proved popular.

Mr Ferrer said a surprising recovery in the markets for major kitchen appliances and television sets had taken place in the middle of the year, with August sales 100 per cent up on the monthly average up to June.

Figures from the Radio and Television Manufacturers' Association show that Tek captured 51 per cent of the market for television sets — both colour and black-and-white — in August.

Tek also had more than 70 per cent of the market for stoves and ovens, more than 40 per cent for automatic washing machines and 30 per cent for chest freezers.

## Information for Transkei voters

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Transkeians wishing to vote must be in possession of their Transkei identity document or old reference books, the electoral officer in the Department of Interior, Mr V. B. Mgwigwi, said yesterday.

Ten polling stations have been set up in Umtata and in other parts of the country voters will be able to cast their ballots at magistrate's offices, schools and at tribal authority offices.

Transkeians living in South Africa can vote at any magistrate's office during normal business hours.

Polling station hours in Transkei are from 7 am to 6 pm, and magistrate's offices will remain open until 9 pm.

Mr Mgwigwi said that on arriving at a polling station, voters must pro-

duce their identity documents, which would be checked against the voters' roll.

If the voter's name was on the roll, the name would be deleted, and the voter would be given a ballot paper which contained a list of the candidates for that division.

It is specified on the ballot how many candidates the voter should select, and an X should be placed in the square opposite the name of the candidate chosen.

Literate voters could vote in a secluded place.

Assistance would be available for illiterate voters.

Mr Mgwigwi said the presiding officer at the polling station would mark the ballot in the presence of the voter and two official witnesses.



DD 25/1/86  
**Transket**  
**voters**  
**keen**

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Interest in today's general election is reported to be running high but the weather is expected to play a major role in the number of voters who turn out at the polls.

While some early voters were turned away yesterday when they tried to cast their ballots, there are fears that a rainy day may cause many voters to stay indoors.

The electoral officer in the Department of the Interior, Mr V. B. Mgwigwi, said there was more interest in the election than ever before.

He said vote counting was expected to take about three days, although this might stretch up to two weeks if ballot figures for Transkelans living in South Africa were returned late.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party has never faced such a serious electoral contest since its formation in 1963 when Transkei attained self-rule. The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, leads 66 TNIP candidates against 90 independents, many of whom are former party members, in 66 electoral seats.

The opposition Democratic Progressive Party will field one candidate, its leader, Mr Calendon Mda.

The election has been dominated by a row over TNIP nomination procedures which resulted in several senior TNIP members, including two cabinet ministers, failing to gain nomination and opting to run as independents.

There are 1,17 million registered voters in the country.

How to vote page 2

Earlier Mr Dison had argued that the entire application should be dismissed with costs because it did not have a proper affidavit from Chief Maqoma.

He pointed out that Chief Maqoma's affidavit had nothing to show that it had been attested to. As such there was no application before court.

Mr Hodes asked that the matter be proceeded with to save time. He said the omission would be rectified by filing an affidavit today.

Mr Dison opposed this.

Mr Justice Pikard pointed out that if Mr Dison's objection was granted it would mean postponing the matter and rushing someone to Transkei where Chief Maqoma was. There was not much time to resolve the matter.

After consultations by counsel for both parties it was agreed that the court could hear argument on the application for the registration of the party and that a proper affidavit would be submitted this morning.

# Transkei voters flock to polls

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA.— Wet weather in several parts of Transkei failed to dampen the enthusiasm of voters who turned up in their thousands to cast their ballots in yesterday's general election.

Brisk voting was reported from around the country and a high percentage poll was predicted.

The 66 seats at stake yesterday were contested by 66 ruling Transkei National Independence Party candidates, 79 independents and the leader of the opposition Democratic Progressive Party, Mr Caledon Mda.

Six TNIP candidates were returned unopposed in Willowvale and Elliotdale and the election in the Qumbu constituency was cancelled after one of the candidates died.

Many of the independents are TNIP members who failed to gain nomination by the party's district committees.

Their entry into the fray has presented the TNIP with its strongest opposition in many years and upset results are possible. The balance of power after the announcement of the results could be held by the 75 ex-officio chiefs in the 150-member National Assembly.

The chief electoral officer, Mr V. B. Mgwigwi, said vote counting was expected to take about three days, although this might stretch to two weeks if ballot figures for Transkeians living and working in South Africa were returned late.

The Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, said voters were well behaved and no disturbances were reported.

In Umtata, voters queued outside the City Hall throughout the day until shortly before the doors closed at 9 pm.

The District Commissioner of Umtata, Mr B. S. Boya, said all the polling stations in the district had been very busy in spite of the rain. Many rural voters had come into the city, where they preferred to cast their ballots.

He said the counting of the ballots would begin today. It could be delayed if the delivery of ballot boxes from the rural areas was held up by the rain and muddy roads. Counting would start only when all the boxes had arrived.

Heavy voting was reported from the Cofimvaba constituency where the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, and three other TNIP candidates were contesting four seats against two independents.



Unitra <sup>27/9/86</sup>

## boycott sequel: 94 in court

### Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Ninety-four University of Transkei students appeared in the magistrate's court yesterday in connection with charges which alleged they had "threatened, suggested violence or intimidation of students" in order to absent themselves from class.

The incident is alleged to have taken place on Wednesday.

The alternative charge was that the accused "encouraged, incited or commanded" students from attending any class which they were required to attend.

A total of 155 students were arrested on Wednesday night. Ninety-three of them were women.

The prosecutor, Mr D. M. Mdletye, said, of those, 61 students who had paid admission of guilt fines of R50 and who felt they paid "unfairly" would not have their admission of guilt confirmed and they would be included among the accused when the case resumed on October 8.

All the accused were released on warning.

A spokesman for the university confirmed yesterday that a boycott of classes had been called in commemoration of the death of Mr Batandwa Ndondo.

# Policemen deny shooting Nondo

CP Correspondent

TWO policemen - accused of fatally wounding former Unitra SRC member Batandwa Nondo - pleaded not guilty in the Umtata magistrate's court.

Transkei police members Gcininkosi Lamont Dandala, 28 and Mbuso Enoch Shabalala, 24, pleaded not guilty before magistrate Joe Lukwango-Mugera of shooting Nondo eight times.

Outlining their defence, both policemen said they went to Nondo's home to fetch him for questioning in connection with

acts of terrorism".

While they were travelling on the road to Elliot, Nondo jumped out of the minibus, they said. According to the two policemen, they chased him and fired several shots in an attempt to stop him from fleeing.

The court heard that Nondo sustained eight bullet wounds.

The case was postponed to October 3, when the accused will be informed when they'll appear in the Supreme Court.

28/9/80 CITY PLUS

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Police raid HCT office

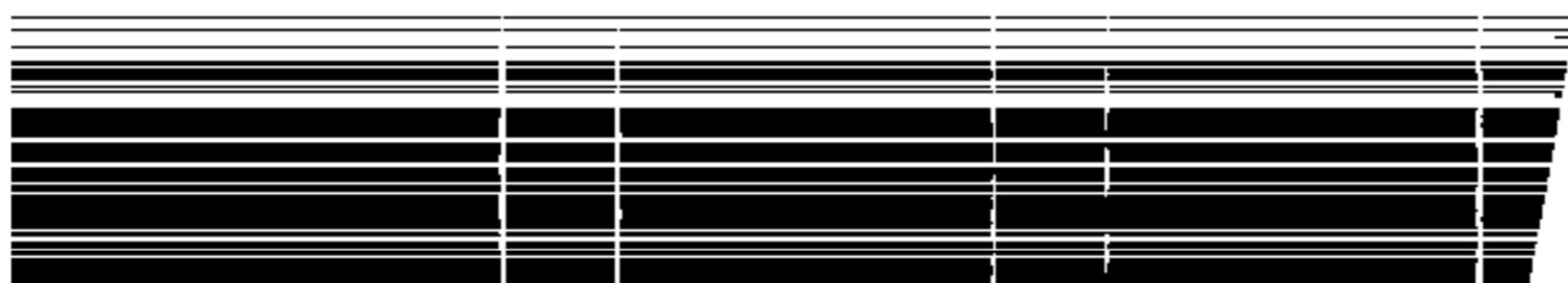
CP Correspondent

TRANSKEI security cops raided the offices of Health Care Trust and the sleeping quarters of the co-ordinator this week, seizing a number of documents and publications.

Co-ordinator Melanie Alperstein said police took possession of three editions of *Inqaba yaba Sebenzi*, a journal *Outlook*, notes on her work and her work permit.

Lungisile Ntsebeza, who owns the premises, said cops arrived in five vehicles.

Security police chief General Leonard S. Kawa confirmed the raid and the seizure of the documents.



# Evening Post

Monday, September 29, 1986

## COMMENT

(103)  
(104)

### Wider threat in Sebe feud

**THERE** is no love lost between Transkei and Ciskei, and the hostage and escape dramas of the last few days involving the Sebe families could create a dangerous situation between the two national states. If emotions become enflamed, the whole Border region could be affected.

For a start, Ciskei has a right to expect that Transkei should act to prevent hostages being held in a private home — and especially the home of a person previously granted political asylum.

According to the Ciskeian Government, the son of President Lennox Sebe, Major-General Kwane Sebe, and a fellow officer abducted at Bisho last Thursday night are being held hostage in the home of Mr Namba Sebe, exiled brother of the President. Mr Namba Sebe wants to exchange the hostages for his own son, Toni, and Kambashe Sebe, son of former Ciskei strongman Charles, who are serving long jail terms in Ciskei.

To complicate matters further, Charles has been sprung from prison by white men with machine guns. He hasn't surfaced yet, but suspicions are that he is also in Transkei and that former mercenaries or Rhodesian Selous Scouts may have freed him. Ciskei claims that Mr Namba Sebe, former Minister of Transport, who went into exile while facing corruption charges, has also demanded that the President stand down and hand over the Government to Namba and Charles.

The Sebe feuds have dominated Ciskei political life for years, and ordinary citizens are probably indifferent to the outcome, accustomed as they are to despotic rule. But they will not want to become involved in an inter-state struggle with their fellow Xhosas in Transkei over these power-seeking adventures.

The South African Government, having created the supposedly independent states, can hardly interfere, but it may well have to step in and attempt to mediate if the stability of the region is threatened.



# Sebes hold hostages in Transkei

CAPE TIMES

29/9/86

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Own Correspondent

**EAST LONDON.** — Ciskei President Lennox Sebe's eldest son, Kwane, and a senior police officer are being held hostage in Transkei by Mr Namba Sebe, President Sebe's brother, the Ciskei Government said yesterday.

A statement by the Ciskei Government said it had been informed by Mr Namba Sebe, who fled Ciskei while facing charges of fraud and corruption, that Major-General Kwane Sebe, commander of the Ciskei police's elite unit, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, would be freed in exchange for the release from prison of Toni and Khambashe Sebe, sons of Mr Namba Sebe and his brother Charles, who escaped from a Ciskei prison on Friday.

A further demand was that President Sebe resign, Ciskei's deputy director-general of



President  
Lennox Sebe



Charles Sebe

foreign affairs and information, Mr Headman Somtunzi, said in a statement yesterday.

He said that since the abduction of General Sebe and Colonel Ngwanya from near the Amatola Sun Hotel in Bisho early on Friday morning, it had been established that they were being held as hostages at Mr Namba Sebe's Umtata home.

Mr Somtunzi said that Mr Namba Sebe, in a message to

President Sebe via a Ciskeian Government minister, had demanded that the president release Toni, his son, and Khambashe, the son of Mr Charles Sebe, who are serving prison sentences for terrorism.

Both, former members of the Ciskei state security service, were convicted in 1984 for complicity in an unsuccessful rebellion against President Sebe's government.

"On Friday night Namba Sebe phoned the minister again and demanded that the president and his government should step down so that he and Charles Sebe could take over the reins of government," Mr Somtunzi said.

"We have noted with dismay the use of Transkei as a springboard of vicious and vitriolic attacks on the government of Ciskei and we have wondered whether the condonation of these acts is not a blot on statesmanship and diplomacy," he added.

Mr Somtunzi said Mr Charles Sebe's whereabouts were unknown.

# Chief Sebe threatens to retaliate

29/9/86



By KEITH ROSS

BISHO — Ciskei's President, Chief Lennox Sebe, called on South Africa today to act immediately to neutralise the dangerous situation that had arisen between his country and Transkei.

President Sebe demanded this in terms of agreements between Ciskei and South Africa.

He said that if South Africa failed to act now, Ciskei would be forced to retaliate against Transkei because of events in the past few days which amounted to international terrorism.

These included the freeing of his brother, Charles Sebe, the former head of Ciskei's security forces, who was serving a 12-year sentence in Middeldrift Prison, and the abduction of President Sebe's son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, and Colonel Z Ngwanya, from outside a Bisho hotel.

President Sebe said his Government had now received demands from the abductors.

He said his brother, Mr Namba Sebe, a former Minister of Transport who was now a fugitive in Transkei, had demanded the resignation of his Government.

He had also demanded that Khambashe and Toni Sebe, the sons of Charles and Namba Sebe, be released from prison.

Mr Namba Sebe said that unless these demands were met, Major-General Kwane Sebe and Col Ngwanya, who were now his prisoners, would not be released.

President Sebe said investigations into events at Middeldrift Prison had indicated the involvement of Transkei.

He said Transkei had made its intentions clear by harbouring refugees from Ciskeian justice.

"Transkei has tried to undermine the security of the Ciskeian State," he said.

"If the South African Government does not use all its diplomatic power now, we will have no option but to retaliate."



# Sebe accuses Transkei, police after jailbreak

BISHO — Middledrift police and prison warders in Ciskei have been accused by President Lennox Sebe of being drunk during a raid by an armed group of unidentified white men who freed Charles Sebe from the maximum security jail.

President Sebe said a full judicial commission of inquiry would be convened to investigate how the escape took place.

There had been no resistance from either prison warders or police nearby, he said. The police did nothing during the attack, although shots fired at the prison were heard by people in surrounding rural villages further from the scene than the police station.

President Sebe said the warders and police were drunk.

## Criticised police

He also said the jailbreak was connected with the abduction of his son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, head of Ciskei's Elite Unit, and his son's second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, the same night as Charles Sebe, former commander-in-chief of Ciskei security forces and his brother, escaped.

The Minister of Public Works and chairman of the Committee of Ten, Chief DM Jongilanga, also criticised the police at Middledrift.

He said not a single bullet was fired by them or by the prison warders, and he asked why the Government bothered buying weapons if they were not going to be used.

The prison warders who were supposed to be on the watch tower were not there because it was pay day and they were still enjoying the cheques that the Government had paid them.

Transkei was undermining the sovereignty of Ciskei by "meddling and poking its nose" in Ciskei affairs and harbouring political dissidents, President Sebe said.

Low-flying aircraft last weekend dropped "derogatory" pamphlets about President Sebe over Mdantsane and other Ciskeian townships, the President told a Press conference.

He accused Transkei of having taken advantage of the fact that Ciskei had no radar to counter the "violation of Ciskeian airspace". The dropping of the pamphlets was a "horrendous action".

President Sebe said it was a breach of international law and improved Transkei would do all in its power to destroy his country.

He also had evidence that Transkei had links with the banned opposition party. Opposition parties in the Ciskei are forbidden under law. — Sapa.

## Belgians declare rally winners

NICOSIA — Patrick Snyers and Daubunders were officially declared the winners of the 14th Cyprus international motor rally yesterday after a British team withdrew on second appeal against the Belgian victory of Britain's Dimi Mavropoulos and Adams in an Audi Quattro were feted on Sunday before a marshal's failing to penalise them for a false start discovered.

### SEVEN

Mavropoulos and Adams, rally steward Patrick Snyers and Daubunders, seven-seater over rugged Cyprus.

Mavropoulos and Adams withdrew on second appeal against the British team's withdrawal from the rally to the British team.

The win, in a Lancia Prisma, was shared with Italian driver Adriano Panzeri. The British team did not compete in Cyprus.

SA government in peace move

# Sebe warns of Transkei 'reprisals'

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30/9/86

BUSINESS DAY

DEPUTY Foreign Affairs Minister Ron Miller is to try and restore peace between Transkei and Ciskei.

Miller's intervention was announced yesterday, shortly after President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei warned he would be forced to retaliate against Transkei.

The conflict between them developed last Friday when former Ciskeian security chief General Charles Sebe was sprung from the Middledrift maximum security prison and apparently joined forces with abductors who had kidnapped Lennox Sebe's son Major-general Kwane Sebe and Colonel Z Ngwanya outside a Bisho hotel.

Sebe called on SA to neutralise the "dangerous situation" between Ciskei and Transkei.

He said his government had received demands from Charles and former Transport Minister Namba Sebe, a fugitive in Transkei since 1984, from somewhere in the Transkei.

They had demanded the resignation of his government and the release from prison of both their sons, Khambashe and Toni.

DOMINIQUE GILBERT  
and Sapa

the growing tension between the two independent homelands.

Miller said he would visit Transkei and possibly Ciskei later this week "in an attempt to assist the two countries to resolve the differences that have arisen out of the abduction of certain Ciskeians to Transkei".

Charles, who was sprung from jail by persons unknown while serving a 12-year sentence for inciting police to overthrow Lennox's regime, is believed to be in hiding in Transkei.

Transkeian Defence Force chief and former Selous Scout Colonel Ron Reid-Daly, who was implicated in the escape in weekend Press reports, last night laughed when told by *Business Day* of the allegations.

Reid-Daly, who has been on leave for the past four weeks, was contacted at the home of a relative in Johannesburg.

"I know nothing about it," Daly said. "Certainly it had nothing to do with us."

## Sebe warns of reprisals

30/9/86. BUSINESS DAY

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f We have no mercenaries in our army."

3 A spokesman at Transkei's President George Matanzima's office said there was no official statement on the matter. But Transkeian deputy army commander Bantu Holomisa denied involvement, saying: "We want to clear our name."

1 "It's not that important to us to clear our name, but we don't want to be implicated unnecessarily," he said.

f There is growing speculation that Charles Sebe may set up a Ciskeian gov-

ernment-in-exile.

Transkei has not reacted to accusations by Ciskei that it is using refugees and hostages, including Lennox's son Kwane, to achieve the amalgamation of the two homelands.

President Sebe, at a Press conference, demanded SA intervention in terms of an agreement between Ciskei and SA.

● From Page 1



# Sebe row: SADF to patrol buffer zone

AR 6/4 J

30/9/86

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REP

By BRUCE CAMERON, Political Staff

THE South African Defence Force is patrolling the corridor between Ciskei and Transkei as tension between the two countries mounts.

It is understood that Transkei wants the abdication of Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe, who is President for life, in return for the release of his kidnapped son, Major General Kwane Sebe.

The South African Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller, is due in Umtata tomorrow as the first step in South African efforts to resolve the crisis.

Mr Miller confirmed today that the SADF had been placed on the alert to keep the sides separated.

Yesterday President Sebe threatened to retaliate against Transkei if South Africa failed to mediate successfully.

Mr Miller said that at this stage no action was expected from either the Ciskei or Transkei governments.

There was concern, however, that chiefs from either country might attempt to take matters into their own hands and cross the corridor to attack the other country.

There was still no clarity today on who carried out the daring attacks to release President Sebe's brother — former General Charles Sebe, who was being held in a Ciskei prison — and to kidnap Kwane Sebe.

Transkei Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima has denied Transkei complicity.

However, there is little doubt in South Africa that Transkei must have had a hand in the matter. There is doubt that the raid involved only whites. It is understood that three blacks and three whites mounted the raid.

There are suspicions that the whites were former Rhodesian Selous Scouts who have been training Transkei security forces.

## Mediator

Mr Miller said he was entering as a mediator under strict international practices. The problem, he said, went far deeper than the kidnapping and release of Charles Sebe.

"Transkei considers Ciskei to be a province and its people to be part of the Xhosa nation, and wants reunification."

Meanwhile President Sebe has lashed out at prison officers and police at the maximum security Middledrift prison and accused them of being drunk during the raid.

He said a full judicial commission of inquiry would be convened to investigate how the escape took place.

There had been no resistance from either prison warders or police, he said. The police did nothing during the attack although shots fired at the prison were heard in some villages.



Charles Sebe

# Sebe to 'restore' Ciskei democracy

*Art Tinkis*  
30/9/88  
R3

Own Correspondent

**PORT ELIZABETH.** — Mr Charles Sebe, in an exclusive interview from his Transkeian hideout, said yesterday that he had "taken up vigorous military training in preparation for the restoration of democracy and stability in Ciskei".

In his first contact with the press since his escape from prison last week, the former head of Ciskei's security forces said it would be premature to elaborate on his plans. He declined further comment.

However, his brother Namba, who is in exile in Transkei, said that Charles's jailbreak was part of a strategy to unseat their brother, President Lennox Sebe, and disband the Ciskeian National Assembly "so that true democratic elections can take place in Ciskei".

"Our intention is not to take power, but to restore democracy and stability, and eradicate narcissism."

Mr Namba Sebe, who was facing theft and corruption charges when he fled Ciskei, said he was speaking from a strong power base "and in the interests of all suppressed Ciskeians".

He also outlined proposals and conditions for the release of the president's 29-year-old son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, commander of the elite unit of the Cis-

keian police, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Nwanya, who are being held hostage in Transkei.

Both men were abducted from a Bisho hotel last week.

The conditions are:  
 □ President Sebe must resign and the Ciskeian National Assembly must be disbanded, pending free and democratic elections.  
 □ Charles Sebe's son, Khambashe, and Kofi Antoni Sebe, a son of Namba, must be

## BACKGROUND TO CHARLES SEBE — Page 6

released from prison. A Major Motlana must also be freed. The four were jailed two years ago after they were convicted on charges related to an alleged coup attempt in Ciskei.

If these conditions were met, an exchange of prisoners would take place on South African soil, Mr Namba Sebe said.

"The plan is to hand Kwane over to Lennox personally. If the president does not comply we won't panic. We can keep Kwane for the next 20 to 30 years if necessary."

Mr Namba Sebe would not disclose where the president's son was incarcerated and declined further comment. Nor would he be drawn on the circumstances of his brother's jailbreak.

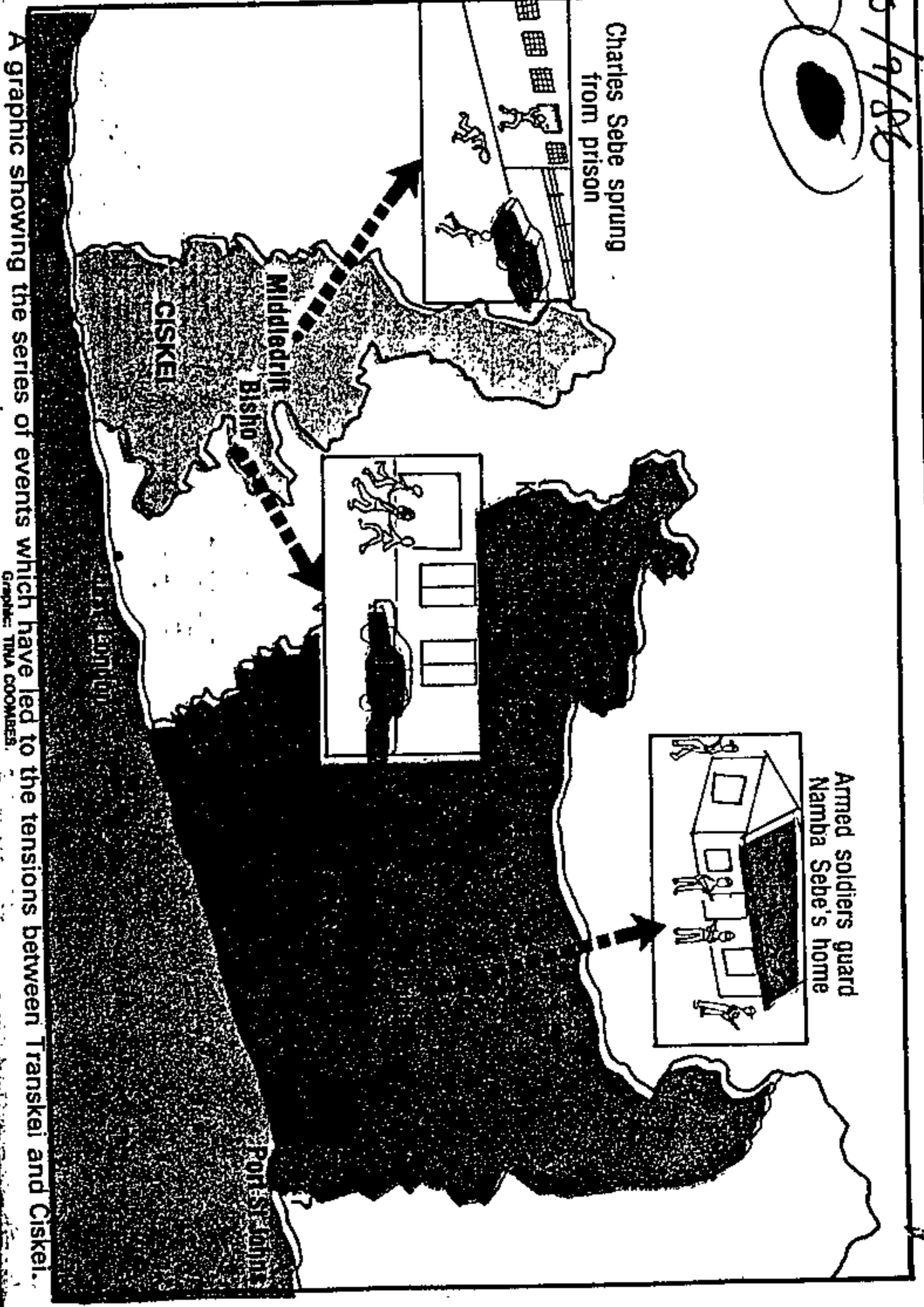
Barry Streek reports that the South African Government is to intervene in the crisis.

The Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller, will visit Transkei and possibly Ciskei this week to try to help resolve the differences between the two homelands.

Mr Miller emphasized yesterday that "South Africa will be acting totally in accordance with registered international practice in these attempts to negotiate."

Sapa reports from Bisho, the capital of Ciskei, that Middeldrift police and prison warders have been accused by President Sebe of being drunk during a raid by an armed group of unidentified white men who freed Mr Charles Sebe from the maximum-security jail.

There had been no resistance from either prison warders or police nearby, he said. The police did nothing during the attack, although shots fired at the prison were heard by people in surrounding rural villages further from the scene than the police station.



A graphic showing the series of events which have led to the tensions between Transkei and Ciskei.

Graphic: TRINA COOMBER



# SADF action in corridor routine'

Cape Times 1/10/86

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PRETORIA. — The SA Defence Force had not taken "any extraordinary measures" in the Ciskei/Transkei corridor following increasing tension between the two independent homelands, the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller, said here yesterday.

Clarifying confusion resulting from earlier conflicting statements, he said: "While the SADF has been asked to be on the alert for armed groups attempting to cross the corridor, (it) has not taken any extraordinary measures, since it routinely undertakes patrols in this area.

"The presence of armed groups attempting to cross the corridor is not expected."

Mr Miller was earlier quoted in reports as saying the SADF was patrolling the corridor as tension mounted between the two countries.

The reports also stated that Mr Miller had confirmed the SADF had been placed "on the alert" to keep the sides separated.

A statement by Mr Miller's office following these reports said the SADF was not on the alert and that besides watching the situation in the corridor as a routine measure, the SADF was not patrolling the strip.

Reports that the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, held an unscheduled meeting yesterday with Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe on the dispute could not be confirmed.

Mr Botha was said to have travelled to Bisho from East London, where he is attending the National Party's Cape provincial congress, to meet President Sebe on the crisis.

The First Secretary of the SA Embassy in King William's Town, Mr Kevin Brennan, said he had no knowledge of such a meeting. — Sapa

STAR

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October 2 1986

## Ciskeians to face charges in Transkei

UMTATA — Two Ciskeians in jail in Transkei would be charged with abducting the former Ciskei Minister of Transport, Chief Namba Sebe, Transkei Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima said yesterday.

Sources here speculated they were Ciskei President Lennox Sebe's son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, who is head of the Ciskei security forces, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya.

The two were themselves abducted on Friday at Bisho, soon after the escape of the former chief of the Ciskeian combined forces, Charles Sebe, from Middeldrift Prison.

Chief Matanzima spoke after talks with a South African delegation, led by Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs Mr Ron Miller, about tensions between Transkei and Ciskei. Chief Matanzima said he could not name the two jailed Ciskeians and did not know them "from Adam."

A spokesman for Mr Miller said he could not be sure whether the delegation was going to Ciskei. — Sapa.

### SINNESS.

IN & NORTH ROADS, BOKSBURG  
(MARK IN ELOFF ST.) TEL: 953-1000/8.  
ONYX DRIVE & PAUL KRUGER ST.  
29380. WITBANK: NEXT TO PICK

YOUNG & RUBICAM 0537/3E



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103  
2/10/86  
Cape Times  
Sebe's son to face charges in Transkei

Own Correspondent

UMTATA. — The son of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe and a senior Ciskei security officer are being held in a Transkei jail and will face charges "very soon" of attempted kidnapping.

This was announced here yesterday by Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, after the first round of talks in the morning with South Africa's Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller, who is trying to mediate in the confrontation between Ciskei and Transkei.

Chief Matanzima reiterated that Major-General Kwane Sebe, who is commanding officer of Ciskei's elite unit, and Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, General Sebe's second-in-command, would be charged with the attempted kidnapping of Mr Namba Sebe from his Umtata home on September 13.

The kidnapping followed an attack on the Middle-drift maximum-security prison in Ciskei by a group of armed white men who freed Mr Charles Sebe.

The incidents have resulted in a confrontation between Ciskei and Transkei with President Sebe accusing Transkei of harbouring anti-Ciskei fighters and threatening to retaliate against Transkei.

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# Sebe affair: Two soldiers face charges

By FRANZ KRUGER, East  
London

TWO Ciskeian officers currently held in the Transkei will be charged with kidnapping, Transkei Prime Minister George Matanzima announced this week.

His promise came after a meeting with South Africa's Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Ron Miller, who has shuttled between Umtata and Bisho to patch up the row between — and within — the two homelands' first families.

The Ciskeian officers, President Lennox Sebe's son and his second-in-command, would be charged for their involvement in an attempt to kidnap Ciskei's former Transport minister, Namba Sebe, from his Umtata home.

The fracas began with Charles Sebe's dramatic escape from jail last Friday. The former Ciskei security supremo was sentenced to 12 years' jail for his involvement in a failed rebellion against his brother, President Lennox Sebe.

At about the same time on Friday, the President's son, Major General Kwane Sebe, who heads the Ciskei's elite unit, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, were kidnapped from a hotel in Bisho, the city outside King William's Town being constructed as Ciskei's capital.

After the raid, apparently launched from Transkei, the third Sebe brother, Namba Sebe, conveyed two demands to Bisho from his "exiled" position in the Transkei.

He demanded the release of the three Sebe nephews, jailed for their role in the revolt that put Charles Sebe in jail, in return for the release of the two abducted officers. Apparently as an afterthought, he also demanded the resignation of the president and the Ciskei government.

In response, Lennox Sebe called his faithful to an emotional meeting at the legislative assembly where he demanded South African intervention, or he would retaliate against Transkei.

He accused the Transkei's Matanzima brothers of involvement in the whole affair, and detailed incidents which he said showed the Transkei was undermining Ciskei's "sovereignty".

At this point South Africa entered the dispute and Miller held a meeting with Transkei's Prime Minister George Matanzima and, later in the same day, with President Sebe in Bisho. Although no details of progress were disclosed, Matanzima announced after his meeting with Miller that the two Ciskeian officers were being held in a Transkei jail and promised they would be brought to trial soon.



certain Ciskeians to Transkei." The SADF was reportedly put on alert in the "white corridor," a narrow strip which separates the squabbling satellites.

Both missing Sebes were in Transkei, together with three Ciskei dissidents who had fled there earlier and who were alleged to have been involved in the raid. The dissidents were Namba Sebe, brother of Lennox and Charles; Willie Xaba, a former Ciskei transport minister and ex-VP; and Chief Lent Maqoma, former Ciskei Minister of Manpower and founder of the opposition Ciskei Peoples' Rights Protection Party.

By the time Lennox Sebe was fulminating about not allowing enemies to spit at him, he had received a communique from Namba Sebe demanding the release of his and Charles Sebe's jailed sons — Toni and Khambashe — in return for the safe return of his own kidnapped son, Kwane. Toni and Khambashe were jailed with Charles for involvement in a plot to overthrow Lennox Sebe in July 1983.

Namba Sebe further demanded the resignation of Lennox and his government. The flamboyant Charles Sebe, who served in SA's security and intelligence services before his rise and fall in Ciskei, declared from a secret hiding place in Transkei that he was in military training to "restore democracy and stability to Ciskei."

Transkei's suspected involvement in the intrigue of the last few days is consistent with its known hostility to Ciskei.

Transkei and Ciskei are both recognised by Pretoria as homelands for SA's six million Xhosa people. Transkei, however, believes there should be only one Xhosa homeland. As the larger of the two, Transkei sees Ciskei as an illegitimate, divisive and disruptive factor in the affairs of the Xhosa people.

Transkei's hostility toward Ciskei has been manifested in different ways over the years, including a threat by Transkei's immediate past president, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, to invade and annex Ciskei.

Transkei later financed an application to the South African Supreme Court contesting moves by Pretoria to grant nominal independence to Ciskei.

Transkei argued that the Promotion of Black Self Government Act (the enabling law under which Pretoria established separate homelands for the different black ethnic groups) provided for the creation of only one state for each ethnic group. The Xhosa are the only people for whom there are two states.

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CISKEI-TRANSKEI 103  
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**Battling bantustans**

Ciskei could not "allow our enemies to spit at us," the homeland's life president, Lennox Sebe, proclaimed after last week's armed raid on a Ciskei prison.

In the space of a few hours, the raiders freed his brother, former general Charles Sebe, from prison and abducted his son, General Kwane Sebe.

President Sebe wasted little time in blaming neighbouring Transkei for the raid. He accused Transkei of harbouring fugitives from Ciskeian justice and of undermining his country's security, and called on SA to defuse the dangerous situation. If SA did not act, the 60-year-old Sebe warned that Ciskei would have "no option but to retaliate." The threat of war between two of Pretoria's homeland progeny was not lost on SA.

The threat drew a quick response from Pretoria. On Wednesday, deputy Foreign Minister Ron Miller left for the feuding homelands to "assist them to resolve differences that have arisen out of the abduction of



# Talks on Transkei, Ciskei feud to continue

Political Correspondent

EAST LONDON — Discussions between South Africa, Ciskei and Transkei over the feud between the two Xhosa national states were to continue, Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs Mr Ron Miller said yesterday.

Mr Miller visited the two states on Wednesday in a bid to sort out the differences which have followed the kidnapping of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe's son and another Ciskei Army officer last week.

Transkei has admitted the men are being held in its territory.

Ciskei has warned it will have to take some unspecified action unless South Africa does something about the matter.

Mr Miller said he could not comment on the contents of the discussions, and hoped the matter could be settled soon.

He said he was reporting to Foreign Minister Mr Pik Botha yesterday.

Supreme Court



# Ndondo boycott ends in bloodshed

BY STAN MZIMBA

WESTERN Transkei students this week attacked pupils of a school which did not boycott classes on the first anniversary of former Unitra student Batandwa Ndondo's death.

Dozens of pupils were beaten and others stabbed - four seriously - while one is rumoured to have died.

And at Unitra police in camouflage uniform baton-charged students at the residences after a lectures boycott to commemorate Ndondo's death.

Later police arrested 155

students.

R50 admission of guilt fines were paid by 61 students in terms of the emergency regulations, while the others will appear in court on October 8 to face charges of incitement.

City Press learned that pamphlets distributed in the Western Transkei called on pupils to boycott classes in remembrance of Ndondo, who was gunned down in Cala on September 24 last year.

Cala High School, Cala Village School and Matanzima High School responded

but Arthur Tsengwi High School did not.

At a meeting in the veld, students decided to attack Arthur Tsengwi.

An Arthur Tsengwi ward, a Reverend Ntloko said about 300 pupils arrived at about 9pm on September 24 and stoned the hostels.

Dozens of injured pupils were treated at Cala Hospital and clinic, while four in a serious condition were transferred to Umtata General Hospital.

Arthur Tsengwi principal Sabata Mfobo con-

firming the incident but would not give details.

Police did not come immediately as they were manning polling stations for the Transkei election.

A police spokesman confirmed that over 50 pupils were detained. Charges of public violence are being investigated.

Rumours of the death of a female student from Arthur Tsengwi could not be confirmed.

In the Unitra raid, students claimed police smashed doors before hauling them to waiting vans.

Some fled and slept in the bushes.

The residences have been closed and all students were ordered to leave on Monday by 11am. They were watched by police.

In a statement, principal B. van Der Merwe said the students were not barred from lectures but must seek accommodation elsewhere.

Unitra PRO Lungile Matshaka said he did not know of a claim that a student attacked by the police had died at Umtata Hospital.

Earlier this month there

were disturbances at two other Transkei schools. Butterworth's Bethel College students were told to go home and return for the end of the year exams after a classroom was burnt.

Charges of public violence have since been laid against 360 students in the Butterworth magistrate's court. Their case will be heard later this month.

At Flagstaff's Mfundisweni School pupils were told to go home and fetch their parents before they could be re-admitted.

# Sebe still lying very low

CITY PRESS 5/10/88

By STAN MZIMBA

THE whereabouts of former Ciskei security boss Charles Sebe are still unknown after his daring jail-break last week.

But a *City Press* correspondent reports that Ciskei police elite unit chief Major General Kwane Sebe and his second-in-command Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya are to face charges of attempted kidnapping in the Transkei after they themselves were kidnapped on the night of Sebe's escape.

Transkei Prime Minister George Matanzima this week said the two were being held in Transkei jails - pending charges against them for trying to kidnap Former Ciskei Transport Minister Namba Sebe from his Umtata home last month.

This contradicted a



CHARLES SEBE



NAMBA SEBE

claim by Namba Sebe that he was holding Kwane Sebe - President LL Sebe's son - and Ngwanya hostage.

Namba Sebe said they would only be released if his half-brother Lennox released his son Toni and Charles Sebe's son Kam-bashe, both jailed for an abortive attempt to free Charles Sebe from the Mdantsane jail in 1984.

Namba Sebe demanded

that President Sebe resign and hand over the homeland government to him and Charles Sebe.

According to reports, he conveyed his demands to President Sebe at Bisho through a cabinet minister.

● Asked about relations between the Transkei and the Ciskei after the escape and kidnappings, Matanzima said "it will depend on what transpires" after the SA

government had conveyed a "confidential" message from him to the Ciskei.

Asked, whether he was keen that Transkei amalgamates with Ciskei, he said: "My views are known in this respect."

Asked about Charles Sebe's whereabouts, Matanzima said the police knew where he was. "I don't know anything about him, I'm in my office most of the time."

● But guards armed with R4 rifles are still posted at Namba Sebe's house and nobody is allowed in.

● Meanwhile, reports are filtering into the Transkei that the Ciskei government is threatening to repatriate all Transkeians as part of retaliatory measures.

Transkeians fear they will now be harassed by Ciskei police when visiting Ciskei.

● SA Foreign Affairs Deputy Minister Ron Miller was in Umtata and Bisho this week - trying to mediate in the row between the two homelands. There has been no word on his progress.

Lennox Sebe summoned his faithful to an emotional meeting at the legislative assembly on Monday and said SA had a clear duty to intervene.

He accused Transkei of involvement in the incidents, and of trying to undermine Ciskei "sovereignty".

He berated the Middle-drift police for allowing the escape - and accused them of being drunk. They had taken no action - though shots were clearly heard in surrounding villages.

Sebe said a judicial commission would be appointed to investigate the event.

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**CISKEI and Transkei — apartheid's squabbling children — stood this weekend on the brink of a mini-war.**

Latest developments in the Sebe snatch dramas:

- Attempts this weekend by Ciskeian legal representatives to have access in Transkei to

- the kidnapped Major-General Kwane Sebe, Ciskeian President Lennox Sebe's son, and Ciskeian Chief of Security Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya have been rejected.

- Mediation attempts by the South African Government have all but failed.

- Transkei has offered a

- hostage-swap deal with Ciskei.

- Ciskeian officials were taking precautions against what they fear will be a coup attempt against President Sebe by his brother, General Charles Sebe, who was freed from Middeldrift prison last week by an alleged Trans-

- keian snatch squad.

- Meanwhile, President Sebe stood in the unenviable position of having two exiled brothers plotting his overthrow, his son kidnapped and hostages while another son and two nephews languish in his own jails for "political" offences.

The travails of the apartheid republics have severely embarrassed Pretoria and have been reported widely, and with ridicule, throughout the world.

In Transkei the two kidnapped Ciskeians were reportedly being held incommunicado on a farm owned by Prime Minister George Matanzima in the Ciskei district awaiting charges of

having earlier tried to kidnap yet another Sebe — Namba Sebe, brother of Lennox, and an "exiled" dissident.

The freed Charles Sebe, who was serving a 12-year sentence for conspiring against President Sebe, was meanwhile cloistered at Namba Sebe's home under tight guard by Transkeian militia — allegedly plotting a return to power in Ciskei.

# SA mediation attempts fail as border tension heightens

It is understood that President Matanzima of Transkei sent a message through the South African Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller, to President Sebe offering to release the men if the Ciskeian leader released three second-generation Sebe dissidents, Toni Sebe, a nephew of President Sebe, the President's son, Khambashe Sebe, and Namba Sebe's son, Koli Sebe.

## Retaliate

They are serving jail terms in Ciskei, convicted of political crimes.

In the corridor between the two homelands there is increased tension. Ciskeian government sources report that some Ciskeian chiefs want to attack Transkei to release President Sebe's son.

The President has warned that if mediation does not succeed he will retaliate against Transkei. By the weekend it appeared that Mr Miller's intervention had been unsuccessful.

The background to the dispute runs at two levels: Transkei's deep opposition to Ciskeian independence (it has always pleaded for a united Xhosa homeland) and the fractious Sebe family.

## Disputed

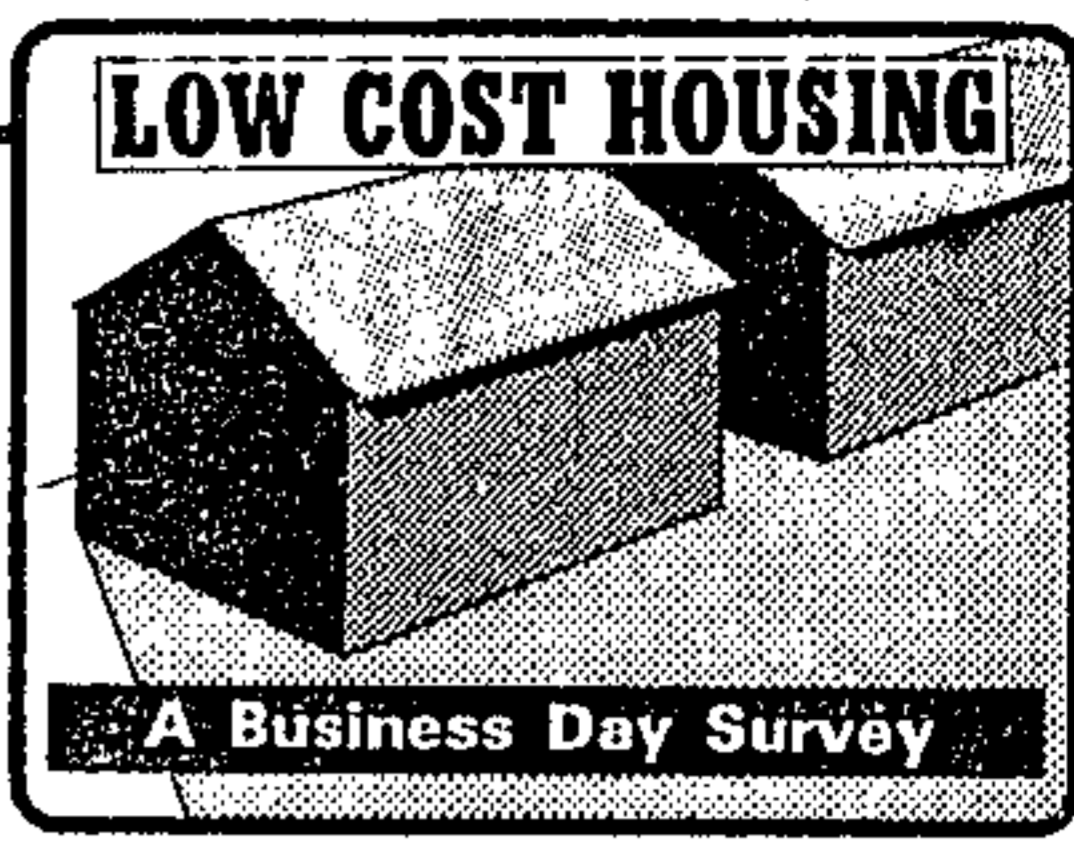
When Lennox Sebe was installed in the presidency, divisions in the Sebe clan came to the fore.

His brothers disputed his entitlement to the presidency in terms of family ascendancy.

Top jobs for brothers Namba Sebe and the colourful and erratic Charles Cebe, who became head of the Combined Forces, failed to patch the dissent which has now filtered to the second generation and riven the family, which virtually governs Ciskei.

6/6/86. BLS & DM

# Double boon from Transkei project



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TRANSKEI has grudgingly admitted that one way of solving its low-cost housing shortage is to employ labour-based construction methods.

It is also in this area that potential growth lies for unskilled labour.

At first Transkei did not warmly espouse the idea of using Third World (labour-based) methods to solve its problems.

But, while mechanisation techniques might build low-cost housing faster, it does not address unemployment.

Labour-based construction methods solve both problems: it provides housing and employs manpower.

Recently the Transkei budgeted R6m for upgrading an entire town, Ilinge, that had begun life as a resettlement centre 20 years ago.

The Ilinge plan was instituted largely because of a R5m development loan from the Development Bank of SA, which also proposed to give the town an additional 3 000 units to supplement its existing 1 500 houses.

The chairman of the SA Property Owners' Association (Sapoa) housing committee, James Crosswell, has put together Transkei's largest and most ambitious labour-based construction programme.

It is probably also SA's biggest experiment during a depression: it provides for 500

man-years of labour (using 300 men at peak periods).

This in a town where only 400 men have formal employment — that is, only 33% of the official population of 12 000 (although it is believed the real population figure is nearer 20 000.)

Ilinge so far has only a gravel road, a few water pipes, some pit latrines, unnamed streets, no electricity and no public telephone.

The average household income is R78 a month, over a range of from R15 to R300.

The lower 40% earns an average R38/month and only 28% of the economically active are formally employed.

About 70% of houses have only one or two rooms.

Crosswell, who is also one of SA's leading civil-engineering consultants specialising in township development, believes SA's future lies in labour-based industries that introduce blacks to wage-earning skills as well as the benefits of the free-market system.

Crosswell explains: "We are introducing unskilled black labour to the free-enterprise system by sub-contracting to small local groups.

"The R6m will be divided among 200 local contractors to whom we are now teaching the concept of open tender, time sheets and

productivity, besides the basic skills.

"Many have never been exposed to the free-market ethos or to the value of marketable skills.

"However, we are willing to invest in human resources because we believe that for a peaceful and prosperous future, we need to feed as many mouths as we can."

On this basis, through the open-tender system, workers will earn R5 a day.

"Sub-contractors" will consist of enterprising local men supervising their families.

"The new era of African construction lies in low-cost housing for the masses.

"The future wealth of the building industry hinges on the speed of its adaptability to the concept of Third World labour-based programmes.

"Opting out with sophisticated machinery is easy, but will not guarantee us future tranquillity in an otherwise hungry Third World environment.

The greatest immediate problem to overcome is to train and manage many small low-skilled teams, as opposed to pressing a button on heavy machinery.

"New types of project management programmes must be evolved to encourage the optimum — though not maximum — number of workers."



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# Matanzima warns on 'hitmen'

UMTATA. — Transkei's President George Matanzima warned President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei on Saturday that any armed Ciskeians deployed inside the borders of Transkei would "never return alive".

Speaking at a rally at E'Zibeleni near Queenstown, Chief Matanzima said he had received information that Chief Sebe had formed a hit squad to assassinate Transkeian citizens.

He told Chief Sebe "not to play with fire".

Chief Matanzima confirmed that Major-General Kwane Sebe, the son of President Sebe, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, are in prison in the Transkeian capital of Umtata.

He said he did not know how they



President Matanzima

came to be in prison.

The two police officers were allegedly kidnapped at Bisho in Ciskei about the time of the dramatic escape by the former head of Ciskei's security forces, Major-General Charles Xhanti Sebe.

Chief Matanzima said there was strong evidence that the two Ciskei police officers were involved in an attempt to abduct Mr Namba Sebe, a former Ciskei transport minister, who was granted political asylum in Transkei after skipping bail on corruption charges and fleeing Ciskei.

Chief Matanzima said President Sebe had a weak police force and that explained why Mr Charles Sebe was able to escape from the Middle-drift maximum-security prison. — Sapa

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# 'Kei pupils head for hills after troops arrive

By TONY WEAVER

PUPILS and students have fled into the Transkei mountains after more than 200 troops occupied the village of Cala last week, making house-to-house searches and imposing a 9pm curfew.

Transkei police confirmed yesterday that 32 boycotting schoolchildren from two local schools had been detained. Sources in the town said "more than 40" were in custody.

Cala sources said: "Things are very tense. We are scared to be on the streets and we do not know what will happen next in this reign of terror."

All three entrances to the town have been closed and although pupils are trickling back to the schools and the training college in the town, sources said more than 200 youths were in hiding in the mountains.

The Commissioner of Trans-

kei police, General R S Mantanga, said that "as far as I am concerned, the situation is under control. It is common cause that the troops will be withdrawn once the area is pacified."

He said there had been "some sort of unrest at the schools, but I cannot comment on the cause of the unrest because it is sub judice."

General Mantanga denied a "special curfew" was in force saying "there is a curfew in all of Transkei starting at 10pm".

The boycotts began as a commemoration of the murder in Cala on September 24 last year of rural health worker and former executive member of the University of Transkei SRC, Mr Batandwa Ndondo.

After the detention of the pupils, the boycott was extended as their fellow pupils demanded their release.

## ON ON AGING AND ITS EFFECT O

BY



## SA is playing peacemaker

Own Correspondent

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BISHO. — South Africa has presented proposals to the Transkei and Ciskei governments in its efforts to mediate in the dispute between the two states.

Tensions arose over the kidnapping of President Lennox Sebe's son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, and Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, and the escape of Mr Charles Sebe.

This was confirmed yesterday by the first secretary of the South African embassy in Ciskei, Mr Kevin Brennan.

He said South Africa had stressed to both governments the need to refrain from action which could create tension. A response was expected today.

# Kwane Sebe abducted from SA, says Ciskei

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EAST LONDON — The head of the Ciskei's elite police unit, Major-General Kwane Sebe, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, were not abducted from Ciskeian soil as previously reported, but from South African soil, claims Mr Headman Somtunzi, the homeland's deputy Director-General of Foreign Affairs and Information.

He said the Ciskei Government had received "classified" information that after the two police officers had honoured an appointment at the Amatola Sun in Bisho with a white man, they were driven to the Holiday Inn in East London and were assured that they would be driven back to Bisho later.

Mr Somtunzi said the two officers were "drugged and blindfolded" before they were abducted at the Holiday Inn.

They were then driven to a spot where they were transferred to a car belonging to Mr Namba Sebe.

Major-General Kwane Sebe is the son of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe and Mr Namba Sebe is the exiled brother of President Sebe.

## Attempted kidnapping charge

Mr Somtunzi said Mr Namba Sebe had been to East London on the day in question and had waited for the two officers.

The two officers seemed healthy when they appeared briefly in the Umtata Magistrate's Court yesterday charged with attempted kidnapping, Mr Somtunzi said.

General Sebe and Colonel Ngwanya were abducted 10 days ago on the day armed men forcibly released from jail Mr Charles Sebe, brother of the President of Ciskei and of Mr Namba Sebe.

The two officers are facing charges of attempting to kidnap Mr Namba Sebe from his Umtata home on September 13.

They were not asked to plead and no evidence was led.

They were remanded in custody to October 16 for a further hearing of their bail application.

The Transkei Attorney-General, Mr H F van Zyl, said legal representatives for the two men made a bail application.

The prosecutor informed the presiding magistrate that there was a certificate from the Attorney-General that bail should not be granted. — Sapa.



# Kidnap charge: 2 in court

Own Correspondent

UMTATA. — Two Ciskei police officers, General Kwane Sebe and Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, appeared in the magistrate's court here on Monday afternoon in connection with charges of attempted kidnapping and assault.

The charges relate to an alleged attempt to kidnap former Ciskei minister of transport Chief Namba Sebe.

The case was postponed to October 16.

*8/10/86*  
Counsel for the accused, Mr P J de Bruyn, noted that an application for bail had been made and said he had been instructed to place on record a message from the Ciskei Government that it would unconditionally undertake that the two men would stand trial if they were released on bail.

The bail application was also postponed.

He asked to place on record that they had been held in

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Wellington Prison here since the morning of Friday, September 26.

● The Cape Times Umtata correspondent reports that Chief Namba Sebe yesterday claimed he had personally plotted the release of his brother Charles Sebe from Ciskei's Middeldrift Prison.

"Let me make it clear here and now that neither Transkei nor South Africa was responsible for these acts."

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## Two in Umtata court

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Two Ciskei police officers, Major-General Kwane Sebe and Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, appeared in the magistrate's court here yesterday in connection with charges of attempted kidnapping and assault.

The charges relate to an alleged attempt to kidnap a former Ciskei Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, from his home here on September 13.

The matter was referred to the Attorney-General and an application for bail was postponed to October 16.

Noting that an application had been made for bail, counsel for the two accused, Mr P. J. de Bruyn, said he had been instructed to place on record a message from the Ciskei Government that it would unconditionally undertake that the two men would stand trial if they were released on bail.

Mr De Bruyn said the two men had been abducted from the Holiday Inn in East London. He asked to place on record that they had been held in Wellington prison here since the morning of Friday, September 26.

General Sebe and Colonel Ngwanya were neatly dressed and appeared calm throughout the proceedings. General Sebe occasionally frowned and the two looked around the courtroom, the front benches of which were filled.



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# Ciskei rejects Namba's claims

**Dispatch Reporter**  
BISHO — A former Ciskei Minister of Transport, Mr Namba Sebe, was accused by the Ciskei Government yesterday of making "amateurish utterances".

In a statement released by the Ciskei Directorate of Communications, the government said it felt duty-bound to "put the record straight".

Describing Mr Sebe as a fugitive from justice, the statement said Mr Sebe knew about "immeasurable corruption" while he was Minister of Transport.

"For Mr Namba Sebe to talk of demands to this government is ridiculous and a copycat of international terrorism that is condemned in all sober-minded societies," the statement said.

"The audience that he is being given in Transkei will end there and is regarded by the Ciskei people as a mockery, a circus and the work of film stars and producers."

The government said it was more than surprising for Mr Sebe to claim he was a chief and confuse his would-be political aspirations with family affairs.

According to Xhosa custom, family affairs were taboo to the press and public — except in the cases of "Westernised chiefs of the calibre of Mr Namba Sebe".

"Namba Sebe has been disowned by Xhosa custom and all the Tshawe clan except Maqoma," the statement said.



MR SEBE

The people of Ciskei would decide according to their right and as enshrined in the constitution who would lead the country.

The government dismissed Mr Sebe's and Chief Lent Maqoma's "preparedness for the unification of Ciskei and Transkei" as "empty promises".

"We expect Mr Sebe to come back and report to the prosecutor so that the case against him can continue.

"He must go and tell Chief George Matanzima who Namba Sebe really is before the betrayal of confidence arises."

The statement said Mr Sebe should be warned comments he was making did not enhance his image.

The Ciskei Government knew Chief Maqoma had sidestepped Mr Sebe by not giving him a post in the so-called Ciskei People's Rights Protection Party, resulting in him forming

his so-called Iliso Lomzi.

"As a man who has a multiracial army, what happened to the previous commander-in-chief before Mr Charles Sebe escaped from prison? These are indications that both are power-drunk."

The statement asked if Mr Sebe, when he spoke of his army in another state, could differentiate between an army and "mercenaries who perform all sorts of jobs for the sake of money".

The statement also asked if Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, had informed his subjects of the danger of allowing Transkei to be used as a "breeding ground for subversive activities".

"Is Chief George Matanzima aware that the mercenaries who helped Mr Charles Sebe to escape can kidnap him the following day if a dispute arises? Is Chief George Matanzima putting his personal ambitions ahead of the safety and security of the very people who placed him in power and in a position of trust?"

The government also claimed Mr Sebe's children and those of Chief Maqoma were in private schools.

"How many of the needy Transkeian children enjoy such privileges?"

The statement said it was hoped the statements by Chief Matanzima in the press and on television were "not the foolish words of a man in a fool's paradise".

# T'kei agricultural centre opened

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A unique farm near here offers farmers and training personnel the chance to get practical experience and theoretical training in many types of farming.

The 76 ha Tracor Agricultural Training Centre at Mount Pleasant Farm was officially opened yesterday.

The managing director of Tracor, Mr S.J.M. Memka, outlined the background to the project which was first mooted in 1982 — a year after the establishment of Tracor.

The objective is to provide facilities for training Transkeian farmers and Tracor and Department of Agriculture and Forestry staffers in the hope of achieving the government's goal of increased agricultural output to feed the nation.

A total of 387 people have been trained since January.

Course work includes subjects such as agricultural management, irrigation, the use of computers and administrative and financial procedures.

Mr Memka said he would also like to concentrate on training people for outside projects.

The farm would provide practical experience and give farmers a chance to use irrigation, the broiler poultry unit, an egg production unit, a dairy unit, a sheep unit and a beef unit, he said.

The facilities on the farm include offices, a lecture room, a dining room and accommodation for 30 people.

The project was approved at an anticipated cost of R397 000 and the contractor started building in March 1985. By mid 1985, however, this had escalated to R614 250, with extra costs for face brick lining, earth works and other elements.

The latest cost figure was estimated at R750 000. Tracor had experienced financial problems during the construction and the contractor was declared insolvent in July 1985.

Tracor was left with various options to complete the buildings and the complex was completed in August 1986.

The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, was the guest of honour at the opening.

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# Health worker out of Transkei

By TONY WEAVER

RURAL health worker Ms Melanie Alperstein left the Transkei on Thursday night and will not be able to re-enter the territory for reasons which may not be disclosed in terms of the emergency regulations.

And Mr Peter Wakelin, acting director of the University of Transkei's Institute of Manpower and Development, made an unscheduled departure from his home in Umtata yesterday, again for reasons which may not be mentioned. He has not yet returned home.

Ms Alperstein, 33, a village health work co-ordinator for the Health Care Trust, said from Queenstown late last night she had had to pack up her belongings in one hour.

Ms Alperstein, who has worked in Transkei on and off for three years, said: "I am definitely going to appeal, so that I can return to complete my work."

No further details on Mr Wakelin's whereabouts were available late last night.

# Transkei pupils hiding in mountains

Mercury Correspondent

CAPE TOWN—Scores of pupils and students have fled into the Transkei mountains after more than 200 troops occupied the western Transkei village of Cala last week, carrying out house-to-house searches and imposing a 9 p.m. curfew.

Transkei police confirmed yesterday that 32 boycotting school children from two local schools have been detained, although sources in the town said more than 40 are in custody.

All three entrances to the town have been sealed off, and although pupils are trickling back to the two schools and the training college in the town, sources said yesterday more than 200 youths were still hiding in the mountains.

## Comment

Gen R S Mantanga, Commissioner of the Transkei police, said from Umtata that 'as far as I am concerned, the situation is under control. It is common cause that the troops will be withdrawn once the area is pacified'.

He said there had been 'some sort of unrest at the schools, but I cannot comment on the cause of the unrest because it is sub-judice'.

Gen Mantanga denied a 'special curfew' was in force saying 'there is a curfew in all of Transkei starting at 10 p.m.'.

The boycotts began as a commemoration of the death in Cala on September 24 last year of rural health worker and former executive member of the University of Transkei SRC, Mr Batandwa Nondo.

103  
17/11/78  
S.M./N



# From the boot to the dock

By STAN MZIMBA

UTY (103)  
TWO Ciskei officers - abducted at the Amatola Sun in Ciskei on September 26 - appeared in the Umtata magistrate's court this week on charges of abduction.

Major-General Kwane Sebe, son of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe, and second-in-command Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya were not asked to plead. Magistrate Joe Lukwango-Mugerwa said bail will be discussed on October 16 when they appear again.

Their appearance is a sequel to the kidnap attempt on Namba Sebe at his home on September 13 this year.

Maj-Gen Sebe and Col Ngwanya were abducted and bundled into the boot of a car. At the same time former Ciskei security chief Charles Sebe was "sprung" from the Middeldrift Prison where he was serving 12 years for subversion.

# FOR THE TRANSVAAL STATE OF SOUTH AFRICA

**THE bantustan battle rose to fever pitch this week - with the Transvaal virtually declaring war on the Ciskei.** 103

And the dream of a united Xhosaland - contrary to the dreams of the apartheid architects - has once again surfaced as the friction point. Already Transkei president Kaiser Matanzima has warned that any armed Ciskeian seen in the Transkei will be shot dead on sight. Matanzima warned Ciskei president Lennox Sebe this week that any armed Ciskeian found in the Transkei would "never return alive".

He told a rally at Ezibelezi near Queenstown he had information that Sebe had formed a hit squad to assassinate Transkei citizens. He warned Sebe "not to play with fire".

Matanzima said Sebe had a "weak" police force - and that explained why Charles Sebe was able to escape from Ciskei Central Prison at Middledrift. Prime Minister George Matanzima told the rally his police had information that a Ciskeian "hit squad" had been ordered to kill the Sebes in the Transkei. Transkei has already placed a 24-hour guard on all roads entering the Transkei from the Ciskei.

Black motorists in cars with non-Transkei registration are regarded with particular suspicion. Three other dramatic incidents heightened the tension this week: Former Ciskei armed forces chief Charles Sebe was appointed commander of the newly-formed Liso Lomzi movement - which will operate from the Transkei in the fight to unseat Lennox Sebe.

● The two security officers abducted from the Ciskei, Major-General Kwane Sebe and Colonel Zandisi Ngwenya, appeared in an Umata court this week - charged with trying to kidnap former Ciskei Transport Minister Namba Sebe, also in exile in the Transkei.

● At a Press conference at Namba Sebe's Umata house, the Ciskeian refuses vowed to unseat Lennox Sebe. At the conference, Namba Sebe denied claims that the Transkei or South Africa had helped Charles Sebe escape. Asked whether any whites belonged to the Liso Lomzi movement, he declined to comment "on security grounds".

● At the Press conference, the founder of the new Ciskei People's Right Progressive Party, Chief Lent Magoma said President Sebe had abused the trust of the Ciskei people who initially put him into power.

Magoma said the fact that he recently lost an action in the Ciskei Supreme Court to have his party registered was "not the end of the road".

He said his legal men were still going through the judgment handed down and will then consider what action to take. But he said his party's main aim was to first unify all the Ciskeians.

It was "premature" to even speak about amalgamating the two homelands, he said.

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When asked where Charles Sebe was, Magoma said he will be produced to the Press "when it is opportune" - but Sebe was "healthy" where he was. Journalists at the conference were disappointed - they had expected that Charles Sebe would be shown to them.

Magoma said he believed that there was dancing and parties in the Ciskei after Charles Sebe's jailbreak.

● The conference kicked off on a bitter note when advocate L. Dixon - who claimed he represented the Ciskei's Information Minister - was told to leave as it was a Press conference.

Asked what the near-future settlements springing from the Ciskei, he said the ball was now in the Ciskei's court.

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**THE city that is leaving thousands the cold**

... shooting marked a height of attempts by Ciskei police, army and militias to break the boycott - which finally ended it - when the CTC bus company gave in to commuters' demands 18 months later the boycott was nched. Seven people were officially admitted killed in shooting on August 4,



(527) 103

# 94 students in court for 'intimidation'

CP Correspondent

NINETY-FOUR Transkei University students appeared in court this week for the second time on charges under the homeland's emergency regulations.

The students' lawyer said they were charged with "threatening violence and intimidating affected persons in a bid to encourage them not to attend classes".

The Transkei emergency regulations define students as "affected persons" to whom particular provisions apply.

Their appearance is a sequel to a boycott of classes at the university, which was called to mark the first anniversary of the shooting of former Unitra SRC member Batandwa Ndondo on September 24 last year.

CITIPRES 12/10/86

# Commissions probing Transkei affairs

EVE POST 103  
14/10/81  
APD

Post Correspondent

UMTATA — Two commissions of inquiry into two Transkei State departments will start here shortly. Both commissions, one a judicial inquiry, have been ordered by State President Paramount Chief Tutor Ndama.

The judicial inquiry will look into the affairs and conduct of the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism. It first sat in April and adjourned on September 24. Chaired by Transkei's Chief Justice, Mr Justice van Reenen, the commission will investigate possible misuse of Transkei State funds totalling R120-million. It will sit from October 28 to November 14.

In April the inquiry was told by the leader of the commission's legal team, Advocate A Findlay, SC, that the vastness of the investigation was shown by the fact that the original figure of about R11-million had increased to more than R120-million.

The commission would investigate senior department officials who authorised irregular payments and accountants and auditors who passed irregular claims.

Mr Findlay said the commission would also investigate whether some officials had been negligent. It would also report on financial management in the department and the loss of State funds.

The other commission investigating the conduct and affairs of the Department of Works and Energy, is a one-man commission headed by a Durban advocate, Mr Gerald A Alexander. This commission will sit from Monday till December 12.



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(23)

## Health worker deported

UMTATA — A health worker, Miss Melanie Alperstein, 33, has been deported from Transkei.

The head of the security police, General L. S. Kawe, said yesterday Miss Alperstein had been declared persona non grata by the Depart-

ment of the Interior and deported last Thursday.

Miss Alperstein, of Cape Town, was co-ordinator for the Health Care Trust in Cala. She replaced Mr Batandwa Ndondo who was shot dead just over a year ago. — DDR.

# Pik tries to end Kei states' row

MAX DU PREEZ  
Political Correspondent

SA HAS made some proposals to the governments of Transkei and Ciskei in a bid to end the mounting conflict between the two "independent" homelands.

Foreign Minister Pik Botha made the proposals to Transkeian Prime Minister George Mantanzima in a meeting at the Union Buildings on Monday, and to Ciskeian Ambassador V S G Blie yesterday.

The two governments have been at each other's throats since the freeing from a Ciskeian jail of General Charles Sebe, half-brother of Ciskei President Lennox Sebe, and the kidnapping of Major-General Kwane Sebe, son of the president, as well as Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya.

Kwane Sebe and Ngwanya face charges in Transkei of trying to kidnap another presidential half-brother, Namba Sebe, who is in exile in Transkei.

Lennox Sebe's two half-brothers are said to be planning his overthrow, while his other son and a nephew are held in Ciskei for "political" offences.

The conflict has taken the two homelands to the brink of war, and all mediation attempts by SA, even a personal visit by Deputy Foreign Minister Ron Miller, have failed so far.

Botha said in a statement both countries were accusing each other of irregular action and he had appealed to them to settle the matter peacefully. Blie had already left for Bisho to report on the proposals.

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## Transkei mum on threats

Cape Times 15/10/86 Own Correspondent

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UMTATA. — There was no immediate reaction yesterday from the government here to threats from Ciskei that Transkeians living and working in Ciskei — including civil servants — would be deported and ejected from subsidized homes.

The threats came on Monday from the deputy whip of the ruling Ciskei National Independence Party, Chief A M Mqalo, at a meeting of chiefs, headmen, MPs and councillors in Bisho — where a vote of confidence was passed in President Lennox Sebe's rule.

"We will deport all Transkeians working here, irrespective of their valuable services. We give Transkeians housing subsidies and there'll be an outcry when they forfeit these houses," he said.

It is believed that most senior Ciskei civil-service positions are held by Transkeians.

By late last night Transkei's Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, had not returned from a meeting in Pretoria with the South African Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, and no official reaction had come from Transkei to the threats.

# Wakelin detention confirmed

UMTATA — The detention of the acting director of the Institute for Management and Development Studies, Mr Peter Wakelin, was confirmed yesterday by the head of the security police here, General L. S. Kawe.

General Kawe said Mr Wakelin had been detained under the Public Security Act and that a case was being investigated against him. If he was not charged, he would be released.

General Kawe had confirmed earlier that Mr Wakelin's house was visited by security police during the evening of October 8 and documents were removed from the premises. — DDR

# Concern over missing Butterworth lawyer

UMTATA — The disappearance of a Butterworth attorney and former magistrate in Umtata and Engcobo, Mr Thomas N. Makiwane, 60, has caused his wife great concern.

Mrs Albertina Makiwane said her husband went missing on October 2 and was last seen at the magistrate's office in Idutywa, where he has worked for the Department of Justice since 1985.

Mrs Makiwane said her husband had never gone missing before. "He is old and sick."

She said Mr Makiwane was a prominent attorney and had acted as a magistrate in Engcobo in 1982 and in Umtata in



MR MAKIWANE

1983. He was also a member of the Transkei National Independence Party.

The head of the security police here, General L. S. Kawe, said yesterday he had no knowledge of Mr Makiwane's whereabouts. — DDR

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and he just disappeared



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# Botha can't mend the fences

By FRANZ KRUGER,  
East London

THE dispute between the two rival Xhosa "homelands", Transkei and Ciskei, is proving intractable to South Africa's mediation attempts.

On Wednesday, Ciskei president Lennox Sebe declared he would seek jurisdiction from the International Court of Justice in the Hague.

The dispute flared a fortnight ago when former Ciskei security supremo Charles Sebe escaped from jail and two senior officers — one the son of Lennox Sebe — were abducted. The two officers are being held in Umtata.

This week Minister of Foreign Affairs Pik Botha issued an appeal to the two homelands to resolve their differences peacefully; and a day later, Lennox Sebe declared South Africa had been unable to help.

However, South Africa's Department of Foreign Affairs declared the mediation was not dead. It was reported that Botha had presented the two homelands with new proposals for a resolution to the dispute.

The press secretary of Deputy Minister Ron Miller, Roland Darrol, said: "As far as we are concerned the attempt is still going on." South

Africa's offices were still available, and it would be up to the two parties to make use of them if they wanted, he said.

Official Ciskei spokesman Headman Sommunzi said Sebe's statement had been intended to show impatience with the lack of progress.

"South Africa as our mother country should have evaluated the situation from the outset. It was terrorism, and we want the unconditional release of the men held illegally in Umtata," he said.

Botha's appeal came in the wake of separate talks he held with the Transkei Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, and the Ciskeian ambassador to South Africa.

On Wednesday, Sebe issued a 72-page sworn affidavit in which he outlined the history of the dispute.

Sebe said as there was "no legal forum with umbrella jurisdiction in the Southern African context which could determine this dispute between the Ciskei and the Transkei, my

government wish to have it determined by the International Court of Justice at the Hague in Holland.

"Immediate steps will be taken to institute such proceedings."

It is highly unlikely that Ciskei will be able to gain a hearing in the Hague, given its status as a South African homeland unrecognised by the international community.

Several new details of the dispute emerge from Sebe's affidavit.

He reiterated claims that the Transkei government was implicated in the jailbreak of Charles Sebe and the abduction of the president's son, Major General Kwane Sebe and another senior security officer, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya.

The two officers are being held in Umtata on charges of attempted kidnapping arising out of an alleged attempt to kidnap a third Sebe brother, Namba, from Umtata.

President Sebe said the Transkei government had demanded the release of three younger members of the Sebe family serving sentences for their involvement in the "palace revolt" which put Charles Sebe in jail.

Matanzima had demanded the release of the three, Toni, Koli and Kambashe Sebe, in return for the release of the two abducted Ciskei officers. This demand had been relayed to Ciskei by Miller, who had been involved in a mediation attempt.

Another new claim made by Sebe is that his brother, Namba, allegedly the mastermind behind the jailbreak and abduction, had threatened to have him (the president) abducted as well, if the three were not released.

Sebe also denied any involvement by the Ciskei government in the attempt to kidnap Namba Sebe.

"As far as we are concerned, the further away from Ciskei he is and remains, the better," Sebe said.

He suggested that the attempt was "a ruse and a step in the well-planned operation of the abduction of my son and Col Ngwanya and the release of Charles Sebe from prison."

He concluded his signed statement with an appeal to the international community for support.

"The republic of South Africa has not been able to be of any assistance," he said.

WEEKLY MAIL 12/10/86

# 'Kei hold UK-born academic

A BRITISH-born research academic in Transkei has been detained by Security Police — but they are refusing to confirm they are holding him.

Associates of Peter Wakelin, acting director of the Institute for Management and Development Studies (IMDS) at the University of Transkei, are adamant he is being held under Section 47 of the Transkei's Public Security Act.

They say his house was searched by 10 policemen last Wednesday, shortly after he had been fetched from the

By FRANS KRUGER, East London

IMDS offices. 03

This week, the head of the Transkei Security Police, Lieutenant General Leonard Kawe, would not confirm Wakelin's detention, saying he had "no comment" when approached by Weekly Mail.

The university has made no comment on the detention, although it is understood someone has been appointed to assume his duties temporarily.

Wakelin, 34 and a British citizen, has lived in Umtata for almost four years. He has been responsible for negotiations with the South African government on Transkei's share of the customs pool, worth R212-million last year. He was also responsible for the planning and coordination of the sample population census held in the Transkei last year — the first of its kind.

The IMDS was formed in 1980 as a semi-autonomous body within Unitra. It is centrally involved in research in socio-economic fields in the homeland, and has conducted surveys into areas including income and expenditure in urban and rural areas and housing affordability.



# 4 Transkei cabinet members lose seats

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The ruling Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) remains firmly in power — but with a reduced majority after the announcement here yesterday of the results of the general election held over three weeks ago.

Although figures indicated voting was strong, no percentage poll was available.

While four cabinet members were defeated, the TNIP won 48 seats in addition to six returned unopposed, 15 independent candidates snatched seats from the government and the two-man opposition Democratic Progressive Party (DPP) gained a third seat.

The ministers who lost their seats were:

- The Minister of Justice, Mr R. Madkizela, of Jgqeleni, who contested

the election on an independent ticket.

- The Minister of Health, Dr C. Bikitsha, of Butterworth, also an independent.

- The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr M. Lujabe, of Cofimvaba, a TNIP candidate.

- The Minister of Agriculture, Mr E. Booi of Lady Frere, also a TNIP candidate.

The DPP's two elected seats were in Bizana, taken by the leader of the party, Mr Caledon Mda, and Mr Daniel Ganyile. The other seat is held ex-officio by Chief Twentymen Ntsikayezwe Sigcau of Tabankulu.

The six TNIP candidates returned unopposed were in Willowvale and Elliotdale.

Voting in the Qumbu constituency was cancelled following the death of one of the candidates and will be rescheduled

in the future.

Of the 150 seats in the National Assembly, 75 are elected. The others are held ex-officio by chiefs. The election was contested by 166 candidates.

The election was highly-charged after a TNIP split over the nomination procedure. The TNIP hierarchy insisted all candidates be elected by the party's district committees, while Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, of Western Tembuland believed nomination should be open to anyone.

The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said last night he was very pleased with the results.

"I must thank the people for turning up in large numbers. This shows they have accepted their country and their independence and are interested in Transkei affairs.

Results page 2.

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# Unitra staffer deported — claim

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — A communications officer at the Institute for Management and Development Studies (IMDS) at the University of Transkei (Unitra) in Umtata, Mr Vijay Makanjee, 27, was deported from Transkei late yesterday afternoon, his wife said last night.

Mrs Janette Makanjee, 23, said the security police picked her husband up from work at around 8.30 am yesterday.

He was then briefly taken home, where security police confiscated a number of files containing newspaper clippings. The files belonged to Mrs Makanjee, a former Daily Dispatch journalist, who now works for Unitra's public relations department.

Mr Makanjee, who is also a Rhodes University journalism graduate, previously worked in the media unit of the Transkei Appropriate Technology Unit.

On Thursday Transkei security police confirmed that the acting head of the IMDS, Mr Pétér Wakelin, had been detained. Mr Wakelin had been reported missing from his Umtata home since October 8.

Mrs Makanjee said security police had left her husband in Kokstad around 7 pm last night. He telephoned her from there and said he was on his way to his parents' home in Durban.

"Vijay told me over the phone that he suspected the deportation was the result of a report he wrote recently about the detention of Mr Wakelin," she said.

Transkei's security police chief, General Leonard Kawe, said last night he had not been notified of Mr Makanjee's deportation.

"All I know is that he has been taken in for questioning by security," he said.



Cape Times 18/10/66 103

# Four ministers lose seats in Transkei election

UMTATA. — The Transkei general election results were announced yesterday, disclosing major upsets: Four senior cabinet ministers were defeated, 16 independents won seats from government candidates and the two-man opposition gained a third seat.

The four defeated cabinet members were the Minister of Justice, Mr Ramsey Madkizela, the Minister of Health, Dr Charles Bikitsha, who also lost his deposit, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Mtutuzeli Lujabe, and the Minister of Agriculture, Mr Ez Boo.

Other notable losers were the chairman of the Transkei Development Corporation, Mr A T Sigcu, and a former Secretary for Education, Mr Theophilus Mbambisa. Both had been earmarked for cabinet posts.

The ruling Transkei National Independence Party won 48 seats in addition to the six seats returned unopposed; the independents took 16 seats and

the Democratic Progressive Party two seats (its other seat is held ex-officio by Chief Ntsikayezwe Sigcau).

In 1963 the TNIP pipped the opposition at the post by only five seats, but over the 23 years the ruling party, under Chief Kaizer Matanzima, and later his younger brother, Chief George, gained bigger margins at each election until the official opposition was left with only two seats.

The DPP's two elected seats, according to yesterday's results, are in Bizana. Their new member is Mr Daniel Ganyile, a 46-year-old insurance salesman. The other is held by Mr Caledon Mda, leader of the opposition.

A new member of the Assembly tipped to gain cabinet posts is the former Transkei Commissioner of Police and head of the security police, General Martin Ngceba.

The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, polled the highest votes — 19 408. — Sapa

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War and the Berlin Air Lift

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**Academic held in Transkei**

JOHANNESBURG. — A British academic at the University of Transkei has been detained under Section 47 of Transkei's Public Security Act, according to colleagues.

However, Transkei security police declined to confirm they are holding Mr Peter Wakelin, acting director of the Institute of Management and Development Studies at the university.

— Sapa-Reuters, own correspondents and staff reporters



# Sebe tries the World Court

THE DISPUTE between the Transkei and Ciskei is proving immune to South Africa's mediation attempts. **CITIPRES**

Just a day after SA Foreign Affairs Minister Pik Botha issued an appeal to the homelands to resolve their differences peacefully, Ciskei president Lennox Sebe declared that SA had been unable to help.

Official Ciskei spokesman Headman Somtunzi said Sebe's statement had been intended to show impatience with the lack of progress in resolving the matter.

On Wednesday, Sebe issued a 72-page affidavit in which he outlined the history of the dispute and declared he would seek jurisdiction from the International Court of Justice in the Hague.

Sebe said South Africa had not been able to be of any assistance, and as there was "no legal forum with umbrella jurisdiction in the Southern African context which could determine this dispute between the Ciskei and the Transkei, my government wish to have it determined by the International Court."

City Press  
19/10/86

## Senior Unitra academic is detained by police

CP Correspondent

UNITRA senior researcher Peter Wakelin, 34, was detained by Transkei security police last week.

Associates of the Unitra Institute for Management and Development Studies acting director claim he is being held under Section 47 of the homeland's Public Security Act.

They say his house was searched by 10 policemen last week shortly after he had been fetched from the IMDS offices.

● But this week Transkei security police head Lieutenant General Leonard Kawe would not confirm Wakelin's detention. He said he had "no comment".

Lawyers acting for the family said they had written to Transkei police commissioner RF Mantanga for confirmation, but had not received a reply.

Unitra has not commented on the detention, but it is understood someone has been appointed to assume Wakelin's duties temporarily.

British citizen Wakelin has lived in Umtata for almost four years. He was responsible for negotiations with the SA government on the Transkei's share of the customs pool, worth R212-million last year.

He was also responsible for planning and co-ordinating the sample popular census held in the Transkei last year - the first of its kind.

The IMDS was formed in 1980 as a semi-autonomous body within Unitra.

It is centrally involved in research in socio-economic fields in the homeland, and has conducted surveys into areas including income and expenditure in urban and rural areas, housing affordability and others.





Pictures: FRANZ KRUGER

Goqwana residents help to right a truck overturned by the strong winds.

# Six minutes of death, devastation

ARGUS 20/10/80

103

## The Argus Correspondent

**EAST LONDON.** — It took just six terrifying minutes for a freak tornado to rampage through two Transkei villages, killing a teenage boy, injuring dozens of people, uprooting trees and flattening homes.

Mlamleli Makasi, 14, died when a house collapsed on him, and three people are still in hospital after the disaster in Hlangani and Goqwana villages in the Tsolo district of Transkei.

This week residents of the two villages spoke of the disaster which struck on Sunday, October 5 — the same day an earth tremor rocked South Africa's eastern seaboard.

Mr Hansford Ntobongwana, a shopkeeper in Hlangani, was on his way home when the tornado struck: "It was about 3.30 in the afternoon. We were driving back from another village when we saw a dark cloud approaching from the west.

"It was rolling in the atmosphere, and was surrounded by a lot of mist.

### FEARED FOR LIVES

"All of a sudden, there was a big whirlwind. It was blowing in all directions, shaking everything in its path. We rushed to get home, but it overtook us in a forest.

"We were feared for our lives. The wind blew from the front, and then immediately from the back, so strong that the car was pushed forward although it was in gear and the handbrake was on. It lasted only minutes."

This week, when I went to the isolated area, the tornado's path could be clearly traced.

A swathe of devastation a few hundred metres wide and eight kilometres long had been cut through the two villages. A community school consisting of five buildings had been reduced to rubble. Four of the buildings had been completely flattened, only the walls of the last one remained.

Two churches and about 30 homes had also been similarly destroyed. Large trees had been uprooted and flung to one side. Sheets of corrugated iron had been snatched up from roofs, and scattered across the valley. Some hung high up in trees,

where they had been twisted around branches by the wind.

The thatched roofs of other homes on the periphery of the storm had been ruffled like a child's hair.

Young Mlamleli Makasi had gone into a hut to close the windows when the building collapsed on him. His aunt, Mrs Dorcas Gulwa, said: "There was nobody there to help him and so he died."

A young man, Mncedisi Yokwe, tried to carry two young children inside a house. "Before I could get to the house the wind took me. I could not keep hold of the children.

"I was knocked down just outside the gate, and rolled down the road."

Mr Ntobongwana tells of a prefabricated building that was scooped up and flung across the yard. A bed from inside was found several kilometres away.

He pointed to a shed in his own yard, lifted up and dashed against the ground some distance away.

Mrs Matilda Temba, 70, said: "I was sitting on my bed when suddenly there was a crash and I saw the walls falling on me. I grabbed the two children that were there with me and ran out of the house."

Most injuries were caused by collapsing walls and flying sheets of corrugated iron.

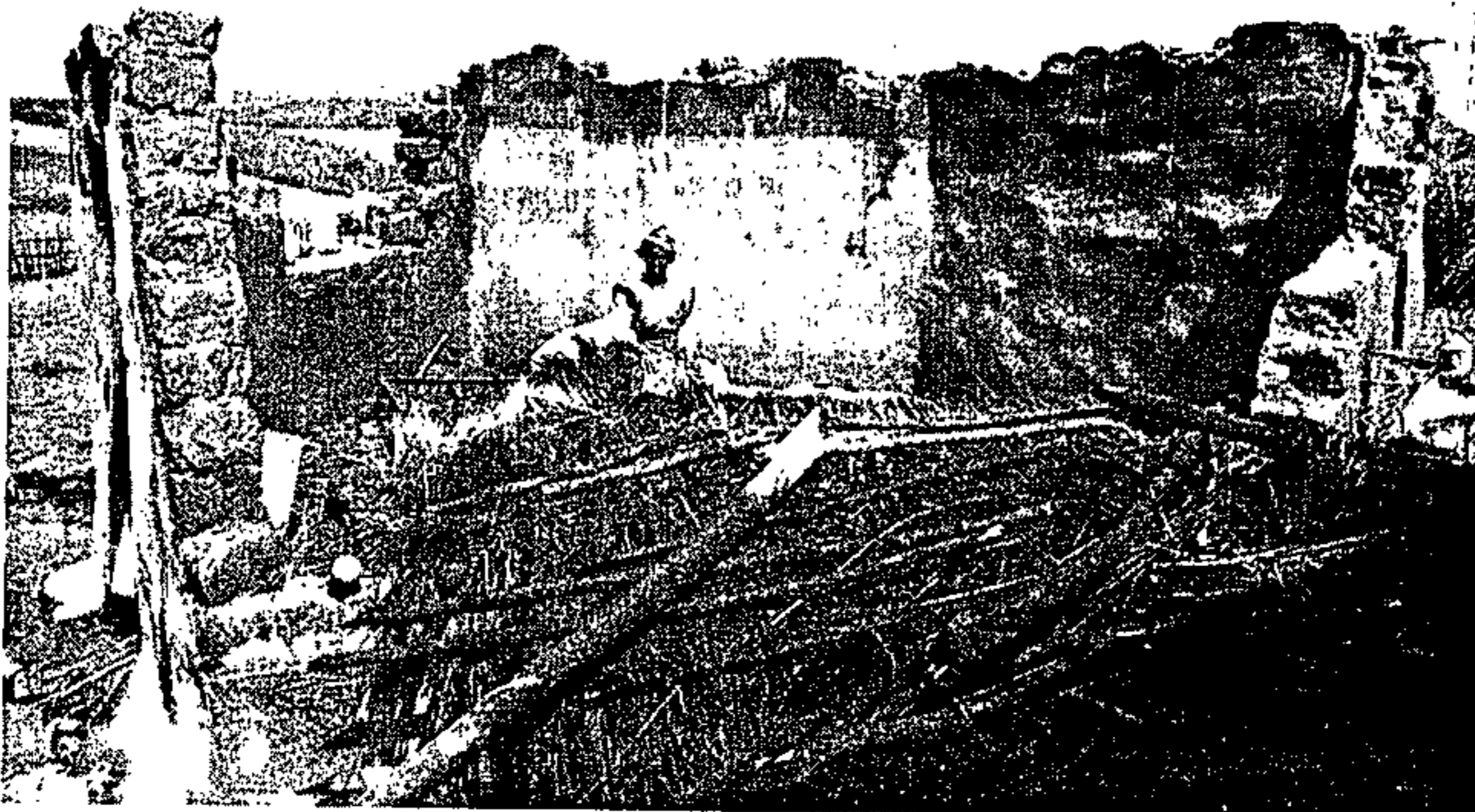
### HEAD INJURIES

According to Dr K S Gaire, superintendent of St Lucy's Hospital at nearby St Cuthbert's Mission, 35 patients were brought in.

Most were treated and discharged. "Six or seven were admitted overnight, and three are still in hospital," Dr Gaire said.

The most seriously injured was a six-year-old boy head injuries. The others were a young woman with a fractured ankle and a boy of about 10 who had a fractured elbow.

"This has not happened before in the history of the place," said Mr Ntobongwana. "It is something we have never seen before."



A house in the village of Hlangani destroyed by the tornado.

*20/10/76*  
**IMDS man  
deported**

*03*  
Staff Reporter

A MEMBER of the Institute of Management and Development Studies (IMDS) in Umtata, which is attached to the University of Transkei, was deported from the territory at the weekend.

Mr Vijay Makanjee was apprehended at the IMDS offices on Friday, according to Mrs Fiona Wakelin, the wife of his detained boss. Mr Peter Wakelin, head of the IMDS, was detained last Wednesday under Section 47 of Transkei's Public Security Act.

Mr Makanjee telephoned his wife Jeanette, who is five months pregnant and who has a job at Unitra, on Friday evening at 7pm from Kokstad and told her he had been deported. She has since joined him in Durban.

*9/6* *Wakelin*



# Transkei inquiry told of bribery

D.D. 21/10/86  
103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The commission of inquiry into the activities and conduct of the Department of Works and Energy commenced here yesterday with two witnesses giving evidence.

Representing the state, Advocate N. B. Locke said in his introduction the Auditor-General of Transkei had carried out a full-scale audit into the affairs of the Department of Works and Energy approximately two months ago and, as a result, a special investigator was appointed and certain alarming evidence came to light.

The prima facie evidence appeared to be that fraud had been committed on a large scale by certain private companies, firms and individuals, and could have cost the state millions of rands.

Mr Locke said the results of the investigation

appeared to indicate the perpetrators of fraud had willing staff in the department. The investigation found that the system of controls and checks to counter such fraud had been sadly lacking.

He claimed there had been gross negligence on the part of certain members of the Department of Works and Energy and that certain members had benefited financially from the frauds.

Further investigation had revealed that huge amounts of capital equipment had been ordered without any checks or controls being applied and the state faced many financial creditors as a result.

Evidence of widespread bribery — used to secure lucrative contracts — was found in the department. As a result there was a desperate need for an in-depth

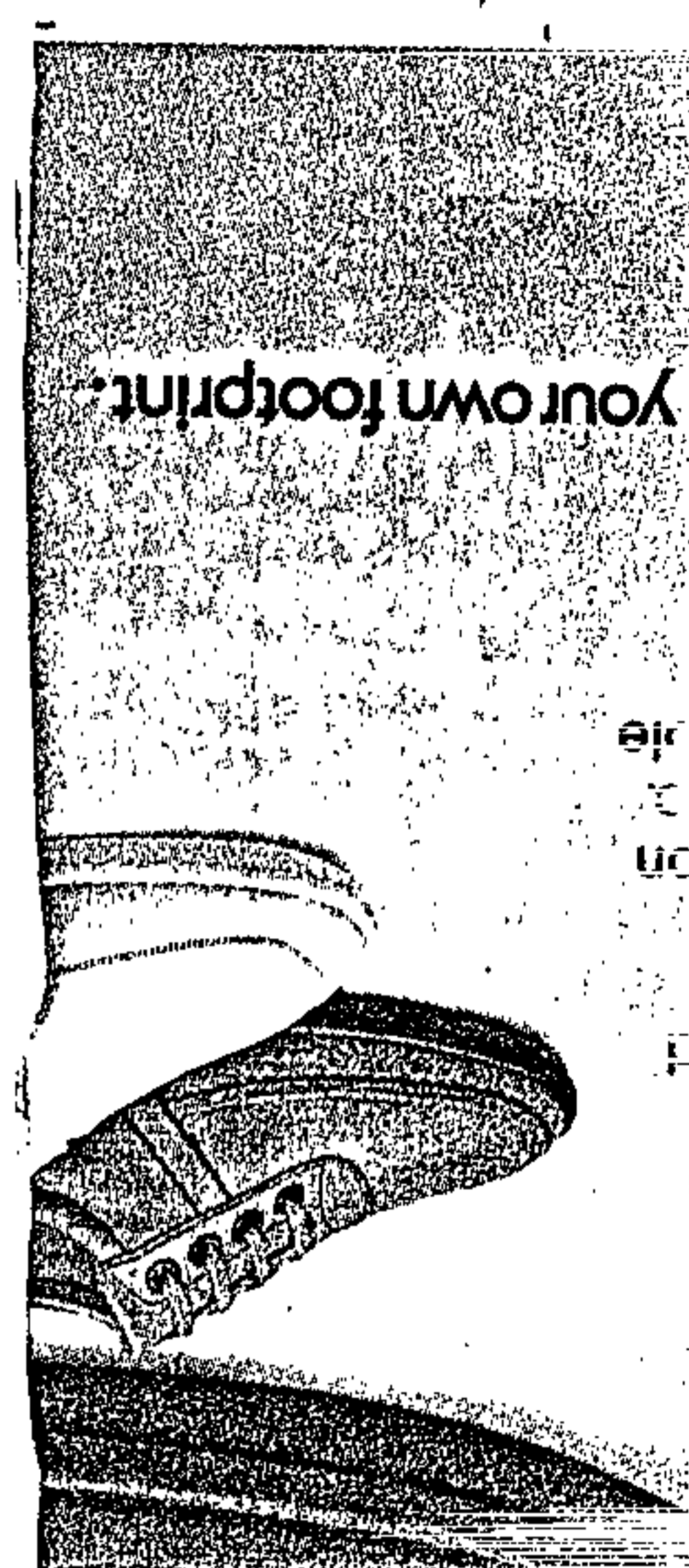
commission of inquiry, Mr Locke said.

"It was felt not only should abuses be investigated but, from a positive aspect, that recommendations be made by the commission as to how such abuses could be prevented in the future and how the controls and overall procedures of the department could be improved.

"The intention was not in seeking a commission of inquiry by the Attorney-General to be a witch-hunt, but was intended so the ills of the past could be cured in the future," he said.

## Matter of fact

UMTATA — Professor Digby Koyana was incorrectly referred to as a Transkei cabinet minister in a report yesterday. He is, in fact, a newly elected Member of Parliament.



stock," he said.

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# Transkei banning orders dropped

(103)

UMTATA — The Supreme Court here has ordered that banishment orders against six applicants in five different cases be withdrawn.

Godfrey Melixolo Silinga, Mr Victor Ngaleka and Mr Monde Mvimbi, all of Cala.

The six applicants were ordered to pay a total of R10 000 of the respondents' costs in respect of all five cases.

Mr Justice Mitchell ordered that the respondents, the State President and the government, withdraw the banishment orders against Mr Dumisa Buhle Ntsebeza, Mr Lungisile Ntsebeza, Mr Zingisa Mkabile, Mr

Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza and Mr Lungisile Ntsebeza are the brothers of Mr Batandwa Ndondo, who was shot dead in Cala last year. — DDR

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# Independence started of new era — PM

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A new era in the politics of the sub-continent was ushered in ten years ago when Transkei received its independence.

This was said in Butterworth at the weekend by the Prime Minister of Transkei, Chief George Matanzima, while district celebrations took place throughout the country.

"To people who had been gazing at the ever receding horizon expecting to see the dawn of a new South Africa free from race domination and institutionalised apartheid, this day held out some hope that perhaps this could be the beginning of a new era."

Chief George said that if any body, organisation or person had a viable formula for the dismantling of apartheid through peaceful means — Transkei would join hands with them.

"Until then, those groups who fault our options must do so in honest debate and spare us destructive criticism without providing tenable alternatives."

"We did not create the political

structures — intended to be ethnic in character — on which our independence came to be based.

"We would have found it mind boggling for anyone to suggest that there should be universal African consensus on the geopolitical units, their frontiers and governments before any of them accepted independence from the colonial masters."

He wanted to put on record the concern of his government, himself and the majority of the country's people, at the escalation of violence in South Africa. They did not believe that the end justified the means, he said.

"It is time we all realise that the violence of today is an investment that will be the legacy for our future generations. The fast diminishing appreciation of the value of human life and the recklessness with which we lose it or take it is an ominous signal for posterity."

Chief George said that the government had reluctantly imposed a state of emergency, with all its onerous provisions, over the past year.

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# Detainee denied food says wife

2/11/86  
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803

UMTATA — The wife of the detained acting director of the Institute for Management and Development Studies (IMDS) here, Mr Peter Wakelin, claimed yesterday security police had prevented her from delivering a parcel of food to her husband.

Mrs Fiona Wakelin said she had been told after an attempt to deliver a parcel to the security headquarters yesterday that "no food parcel policy" had been adopted and consumables would no longer be accepted.

Meanwhile, some of the institute's clients have expressed their reluctance to have surveys currently underway completed without the expertise of Mr Wakelin, who was detained two weeks ago.

● The deportation of the institute's communications officer, Mr Vijay Mankanjee, has been confirmed by the head of the Transkei security police, General L. S. Kawe.

Gen Kawe said he could not comment on whether the deportation was in connection with the Public Security Act. — DDR

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**ANC terror  
accused jailed  
for 20 years**

UMTATA — A 36-year-old Transkeian, Marelane Kopman, was sentenced in the Umtata Supreme Court to 20 years' jail yesterday after being found guilty of undergoing guerilla training and being in possession of firearms and explosives.

Kopman had pleaded not guilty to the main count of intending to endanger the maintenance of law and order in Transkei by being in possession of seven hand-grenades, an AK-47 rifle, an AKM rifle and 300 rounds of live ammunition contained in 10 magazines.

He pleaded guilty to an alternative count of possessing the arms but said he had not intended to injure people or damage property.

Mr Justice M Mitchell convicted him on the main count.

The court heard that security police arrested Kopman on December 22 1985. He was recruited by the ANC in 1981 and had training in Angola and Germany.

He returned to Angola in December 1984 and entered Transkei with instructions to create arms depots and recruit people to the ANC. — Sapa.

# Transkei police chief warns of guns from Ciskei

UMTATA — The Transkei Supreme Court was told yesterday that firearms and explosives had been brought from Ciskei in a plot to assassinate Kaiser and George Matanzima and to destroy their homes.

This was said in an affidavit by the chief of the Transkei Security Police, General Leonard Kawe, opposing an urgent application for the release from detention of General Khwane Sebe and his second-in-command Col Zandisile Ngwenya, abducted late last month near Bisho.

They have appeared in court three times charged with trying to kidnap former Ciskei Transport Minister Mr Namba Sebe, who went to Transkei in 1984.

On Tuesday each was granted R3 000 bail but as soon as they were released they were re-arrested by security police.

## INFORMATION

General Kawe's affidavit said a Ciskei security policeman revealed to his Transkei interrogators a plot to assassinate Transkei's ex-president Chief Kaiser Matanzima and Prime Minister Chief George Matanzima and to bomb their homes.

He said he received information later that firearms had been brought from Ciskei into Transkei by agents of the detained officers but these weapons were still being sought.

The Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice H van Reenen, said he would probably come to a decision today but not later than tomorrow. — Sapa.



**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — When the Transkei Department of Works and Energy was asked by a company that manufactured prefabricated building panels why a contract had been withdrawn, it said the move was a "mistake", and no further reasons were given.

This was submitted as evidence to the commission of inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy here yesterday by the general manager of Formula Seven, Mr C. B. Willis.

The commission, briefed to look into the activities and conduct of the department, is chaired by Mr G. A. Alexander, SC.

Mr Willis said his company had been able to retain its contracts with the department after he had sought legal advice.

Initially he had gone to every department to ascertain why a contract, which had been awarded to his company, had been withdrawn. No one could tell him the reason.

Then, in a conference with members of the department, he had been told about the alleged unethical conduct of his company. He said he had no prior knowledge of this.

He told the commission about a demonstration by a rival company to department officials. One of his company's panels had been used but, unlike the ones offered for sale, it was old.

Members of the rival company, which also did business in Transkei, had fired the panel with a blowtorch and told the officials: "See this, it is useless. It burns."

# Inquiry told of contract pull-out by department

## Company boss alleges plot to monopolise industry

Mr Willis said he had refused to close his company and join another. He felt this company had teamed up with a third and negotiated a deal so they would become the sole panel manufacturer in Transkei.

It was earlier said a delay in payments to Mr Willis's company was caused by various members of the department. Mr Willis was asked if these delays still existed after some members of the department were suspended or transferred.

He replied that conditions had improved, but the administration in the department was "a bit lacking".

The administrative head of the Tender Board, Mr Aubrey M.

Mfabe, also gave evidence yesterday. He told the commission the department merely used its tender book to put in letter quotations. The tenders were then passed on to officials of the department.

After that, he said, the Tender Board never saw the tenders again and they were never returned for approval.

Mr Mfabe said that after 1982, the normal tender procedure should have been used regarding primary schools.

In earlier evidence, he explained the procedure for the awarding of contracts for the erection of primary schools between 1969 and 1982.

Tenders were invited by the tribal authorities

who had to contribute 20 per cent, and the magistrate of the district would submit his recommendations. When approved by the department, the contract was awarded.

The system changed slightly in 1982 and the communities no longer contributed or recommended tenderers. The department did this and gave final approval, Mr Mfabe said.

The Tender Board played no role in the primary school contract adjudication from 1982.

Earlier evidence from a department official was that once the department's Work Committee recommended a contractor, the contractor was put up to the Tender Board.

23/10/88  
103

Mr Keeling said there  
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FIN MAIL 24/10/86  
CISKEI-TRANSKEI (103)

## Behind the feuding

SA's two designated Xhosa "homelands," Ciskei and Transkei, remain locked in acrimonious dispute, Pretoria having failed so far in its bid to act as arbiter between its political progeny.

Life President Lennox Sebe of Ciskei has declared his impatience with SA's failure to persuade or compel Transkei to release his abducted son, General Kwane Sebe, from a Transkei prison, or return his fugitive brother, former Ciskei generalissimo, Charles Sebe, to Ciskeian custody.

Kwane Sebe was kidnapped with a fellow Ciskei security officer, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, late last month, on the same night that Charles Sebe was freed from jail by armed men. The abductors/rescuers were suspected by Ciskei of having links with former Rhodesian army officers serving in the Transkei Defence Force.



Matanzima

Sebe

All three men ended up in Transkei. Kwane Sebe and Ngwanya are in police custody. They have already appeared in court on charges of attempting to kidnap another Sebe from exile in Transkei: Namba Sebe, Kwane's uncle and Lennox's brother. Charles Sebe has gone into hiding in Transkei. He has joined a trio of dissident Ciskei notables — former transport minister Namba Sebe, deposed vice-president, Willie Xaba, and former manpower minister, Lent

Maqoma — in the formation of a new movement committed to the overthrow of Lennox Sebe and the "restoration of democracy."

In a 72-page sworn statement, Lennox Sebe charged Transkei with using his kidnapped son as a lever to secure the release from jail in Ciskei of three younger Sebes: Toni, Koli and Kambashe, sons and nephews of Charles and Namba Sebe. They were jailed with Charles in 1984 for their role in what was described as a plot to overthrow Lennox.

Proclaiming his intention of seeking redress from the World Court in The Hague, Lennox Sebe said: "SA, as our mother country, should have evaluated the position at the outset. It was terrorism and we want the unconditional release of the men held illegally in Umtata . . . SA has not been able to be of any assistance."

Transkeian involvement in Ciskei's incestuous quarrels is thought to rest on another factor. This is its desire to unify the two Xhosa "homelands" into a greater Xhosa-land as a vital first step to restoring past Xhosa hegemony in the eastern Cape. The amalgamation of Transkei and Ciskei, and absorption of the corridor of white-owned farms which separates them, has long been a cherished aim of the enigmatic Kaiser Matanzima, first prime minister and immediate past president of Transkei and, in the judgment of many observers, the *eminence grise* of Transkei politics.

The intriguing and potentially fratricidal feud within Ciskei's ruling Sebe family is, however, only one aspect of the crisis confronting Lennox Sebe's internationally shunned quasi-state. Beneath the squabble is a deeper, graver triple threat comprised of population explosion, rising unemployment and widespread poverty.

Since the publication of the Quail Report in 1980, Ciskei's *de facto* population has grown from 666 000 to close to 1 m. Its high birth rate was reinforced by a large influx of people, due to forced relocation and to the expulsion of black farm labourers from white-owned farms. Population density has increased proportionately from less than 120 people a square kilometre to nearly 130. Many Ciskeians eke out an existence in closer rural settlements where, in the words of UCT economist Charles Simkins, "people live at urban densities without access to arable or grazing land." They are largely dependent for survival on pension payments and remittances from migrant workers.

Unemployment has increased with population growth. In 1983, two years after independence, unemployment was estimated to be 120 000 and growing by 15 000 a year, the Swart Commission reported. However, by last year, some 170 000 Ciskeians — or nearly half of the economically active Ciskeian population — were unemployed, according to a socio-economic survey of Ciskei published in the University of Natal's *Indicator* (Vol 3, no 4).

Research by the Development Bank of Southern Africa shows that Ciskei has the

lowest GDP per capita income of the four nominally independent TBVC states of Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei. Its GDP per capita income stood at just over R320 in 1984, against — in round figures — R475 for Transkei, R565 for Venda and R1 205 for Bophuthatswana. These figures illustrate two salient elements of Ciskei's economy: its dependence on migrant labourers and commuters, and the poverty of its people, who may be described generally as the poorest of the poor. The prospect of Ciskeians being subject to the Controls of Aliens Act in SA's post influx control era bode ill for the economy.

The Swart Commission, however, recommended a series of far-reaching measures in a bid to salvage Ciskei's ailing economy and lay the foundations for prosperity. They are aimed primarily at promoting latent native entrepreneurial talent in Ciskei and at attracting foreign entrepreneurs to Ciskei. They were adopted in toto by the Ciskei government.

The measures included exemption of small companies employing less than 20 people from all existing laws; the abolition of company tax for firms which choose to forego Ciskei's generous and costly incentives to foreign companies to invest there; the removal of laws setting minimum standards of industrial health (on the grounds that they both stifled initiative and were inappropriate to a Third World economy), and sweeping reforms of Ciskei's tax laws. Tax reforms included the abolition of all income tax for people earning under R8 000 a year and a flat rate of 15% on annual incomes over that amount.

A debate is presently raging over whether or not these reforms can rescue Ciskei from poverty. A key aspect of the controversy focuses on the issue of whether they are designed to attract labour intensive companies to Ciskei.

Two fears have been voiced: firstly, that reforms will attract capital intensive industries which will export the bulk of their profits and, secondly, that the tax reforms will reduce Ciskei's revenue base and thus accelerate its already declining expenditure on health and education. These criticisms have been vigorously contested by Leon Louw, director of the Free Market Foundation and a member of the Swart Commission. He has cited evidence of new investments in Ciskei and a decline in unemployment since the introduction of the reforms, except in Mdantsane.

But whatever the precise present position, the long-term prognosis for Ciskei cannot be hopeful as long as there is continuing squabbling and nepotism at the top. Professor D A Kotze, of the University of SA, has described Ciskei's *de facto* one-party state as elitist, warning that "silent acceptance of the status quo by the masses . . . is bound to come to an end." If it does, political stability, an essential prerequisite for economic progress, will end with it.

□ See *Economy*



Apr 19 20/10/86  
**New Transkei  
cabinet named**

103  
UMTATA. — Five new cabinet ministers and four new deputy ministers have been appointed to the Transkei cabinet, the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, announced yesterday.

The full cabinet is: Prime Minister, Defence, Police and Public Service Commission: Chief George Matanzima; Finance and Audit: Mr G S K Nota; Commerce, Industry and Tourism: Mr T T Letlaka; Foreign Affairs and Information: Mr Caleb Songca; Interior, Manpower Planning and Utilization: Mr M Lujabe; Welfare and Pensions: Mr D Gwadiso; Justice and Prisons: Mr d S Koyana; Local Government and Land Tenure: Mr H B Tsengwa; Posts and Telecommunications: Miss Stella Sigcau; Transport: Mr S M Qaba; Health: Mr J M Matutu; Works and Energy: Mr Mike Mazwana, and Agriculture and Forestry: the Rev G T Vika. — Sapa

# Transkei train robbers for gallows

Own Correspondent

103

UMTATA — Two Transkei brothers, who went on a robbing and stealing expedition on trains, fatally wounding a Maritzburg ticket examiner, have been sentenced to death by the Supreme Court in Umtata.

The court found that Zithulele Elliot Mkhize (21) and his brother, Mncedisi Zwelakhe Mkhize (23), were responsible for the death of Mr Clifford Henry Reyneke whose body was found on May 29 last year in a guard's van at Singisi railway station, near Kokstad. There was a bullet wound in the body.

Earlier, the court heard that, after Mr Reyneke was fatally wounded, the two accused disposed of his

STRIK 24/9/86  
firearm and also two bags containing papers relating to his work.

On May 14 last year, also at Singisi station, they stole a Beretta pistol, an amount of R60 and two post office mailbags while Mr Phillipus Marais was doing his rounds of passenger coaches.

On May 17 the two men are alleged to have stolen a slingbag from Mr Andries Johannes de Jager containing R43,60, a ticket clipper and several ticket books, also at Singisi station.

For robbery, Elliot was also jailed for an additional 15 years while Zwelakhe received 20 years. Also, they were each sentenced to five years imprisonment for theft. The sentences will run concurrently.





The town clerk of East London, Mr Les Kumm, the mayor of King William's Town, Mr Ken Hartley, the mayor of East London, Mrs Elsabe Kemp, the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning, Mr Chris Heunis, and a King city councillor, Mr Ray Radue, at the Border Regional Development Association congress in King William's Town.

50 29/10/86

# BRD call to scrap T'kei border posts

**Dispatch Reporter**  
**KING WILLIAM'S TOWN** — A wide range of recommendations on problems facing the Border region — including a call for the scrapping of the three Transkei border posts — are to be submitted to government and other agencies as a result of the two-day "symposium on the Border" which ended here yesterday.

Delegates were divided into four working groups which examined the fields of industrial and commercial development, agriculture, water supplies and local authorities.

The president of the Border Regional Development Association, Mr Cyril Manthé, said after the symposium that a committee would be created to channel the recommendations to the relevant authorities and to ensure follow-up ac-

tion. Some of the recommendations made by the commerce and industry working group included:

- Marketing of the area should be improved. Efforts should be made to overcome undue media emphasis given to negative events.
- Imbalances between industrial concessions in the various territories and the application of labour laws and minimum wage structures should be overcome.
- Industrial infrastructure should be improved. An effluent pipeline for industries from Berlin to the sea should be built. Road links should be upgraded. The concept of an export processing zone should be pursued.
- Training should be a priority and training institutes should be



Mr John Crawford from the Queenstown municipality, the president of the Queenstown Chamber of Commerce, Mr Peter McEwen, and the town clerk of Queenstown, Mr Peter Gerber.

- open to all races. There should be an agricultural college for the Eastern Cape, possibly sited at Dohne.
- In order to stimulate the property market and accommodate the middle class and affluent black businessman, every town should be able to take its own decisions on group areas.
- The three Transkei border posts were an impediment to free trade. As they served no purpose because of the approximately 60 uncontrolled roads leading to

- Transkei they should be scrapped.
- Town councils should consider putting out services such as catering and refuse removal on a tender basis as part of a privatisation effort.
- Recommendations from the agriculture working group included:
- To improve the farmer's financial position and in view of the national grazing strategy to be implemented, the standard of animal selection in South African and the national states should be improved.

- A regional abattoir should be established at Queenstown.
- The serious state of roads in the Kaffraria Divisional Council area should be attended to.
- Greater inter-state co-operation was required with regard to stock theft, extermination of vermin, control of stock diseases and the erection of international fences.
- General sales tax on agricultural implements and all animal feeds should be abolished.



DD 25/10/86

# Unitra residences to reopen on Monday

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The student residences of the University of Transkei will reopen on Monday.

A statement from the Principal and Vice-Chancellor, Professor B. de V. van der Merwe, said resident students would be admitted on the conditions that their fees had been paid in full, that they had obtained year marks in at least two courses and that they informed the house director when their last paper would be written.

Other conditions were that students vacated their rooms and returned the keys to the house director not later than 11 am on the day immediately after the last paper was written and that post graduate students whose examinations would be written in February 1987 might, if their fees were paid in full, reside in the student residences until November 28, 1986.

The statement said that in the case of students who had obtained a year mark in one subject, the only exceptions may be considered by the principal on the recommendation of the dean of the faculty concerned if the subject concerned was a major subject, or a minor course which was the last outstanding requirement to complete the degree or diploma.



# Transkei Celebrates 10 Years of independence

## Spirit, strength flow as the Pondo dance

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The spirit and strength of the Transkei nation blossomed during the tribal dancing and physical training displays at the 10th Independence Anniversary celebrations at the weekend.

The spectacular Pondo tribal dancing at the Independence Stadium had the crowd, estimated at over 40 000, roaring with delight at every movement.

Clad only in animal skins and carrying shields, they were led by an energetic warrior who captivated his audience.

The drum majorettes gave their best performance yet and the face of the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima — recently "crowned King of the Drum Majorettes" for his interest in promoting the formation of squads — gleamed as he watched their procession pass by the stand of dignitaries.

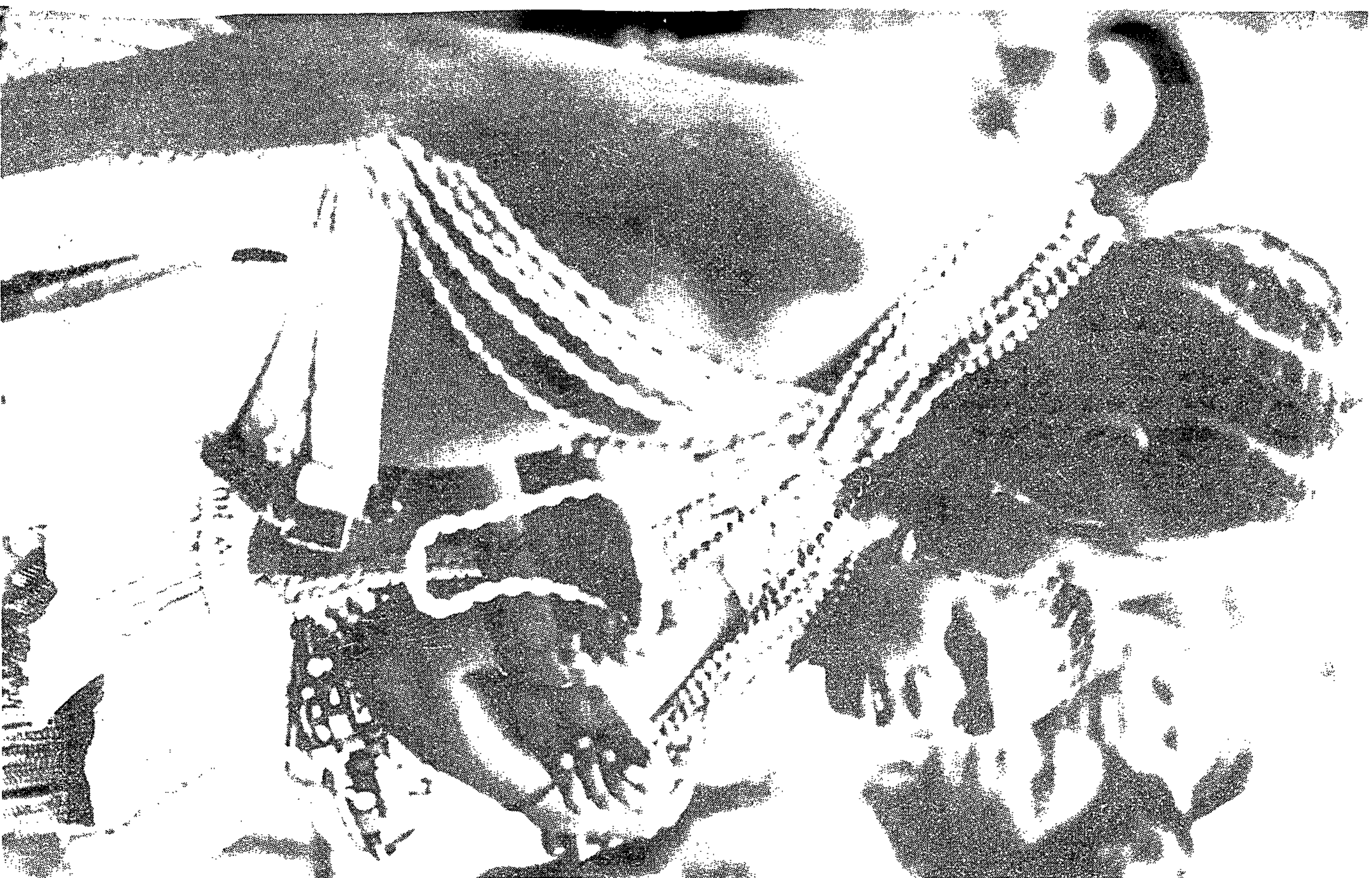
Red, green and white banners of the Transkei national flag flew throughout the streets of the city to mark the occasion.

The State President, Paramount Chief Tuto Nyangilizwe Ndamase, entered the stadium in full ceremony led by his guards on horseback. His arrival was heralded by a 21-gun salute.

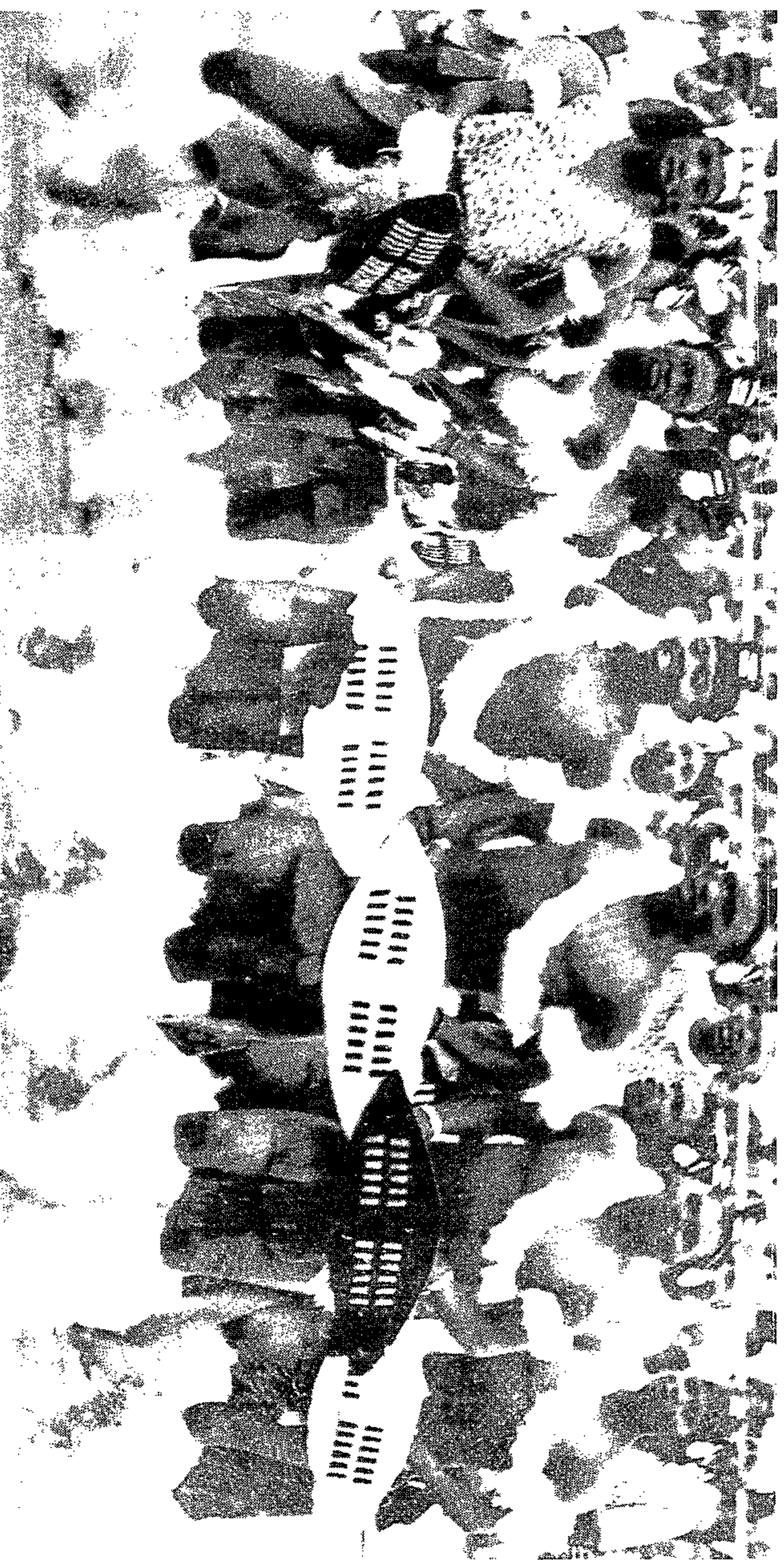
Drums and fanfare abounded and the full stadium sang Nkosi Sikelel' i Afrika. The inspection of the guard of honour and the processions were followed by shouts and whistles from eager spectators.



Giving it stick during the independence celebrations were these two women who beat out the rhythm for the tribal dancers in the arena.



Waiting in the wings... three young girls in traditional dress wait apprehensively for their turn during the tribal dancing at the Independence Stadium in Umtata at the weekend.



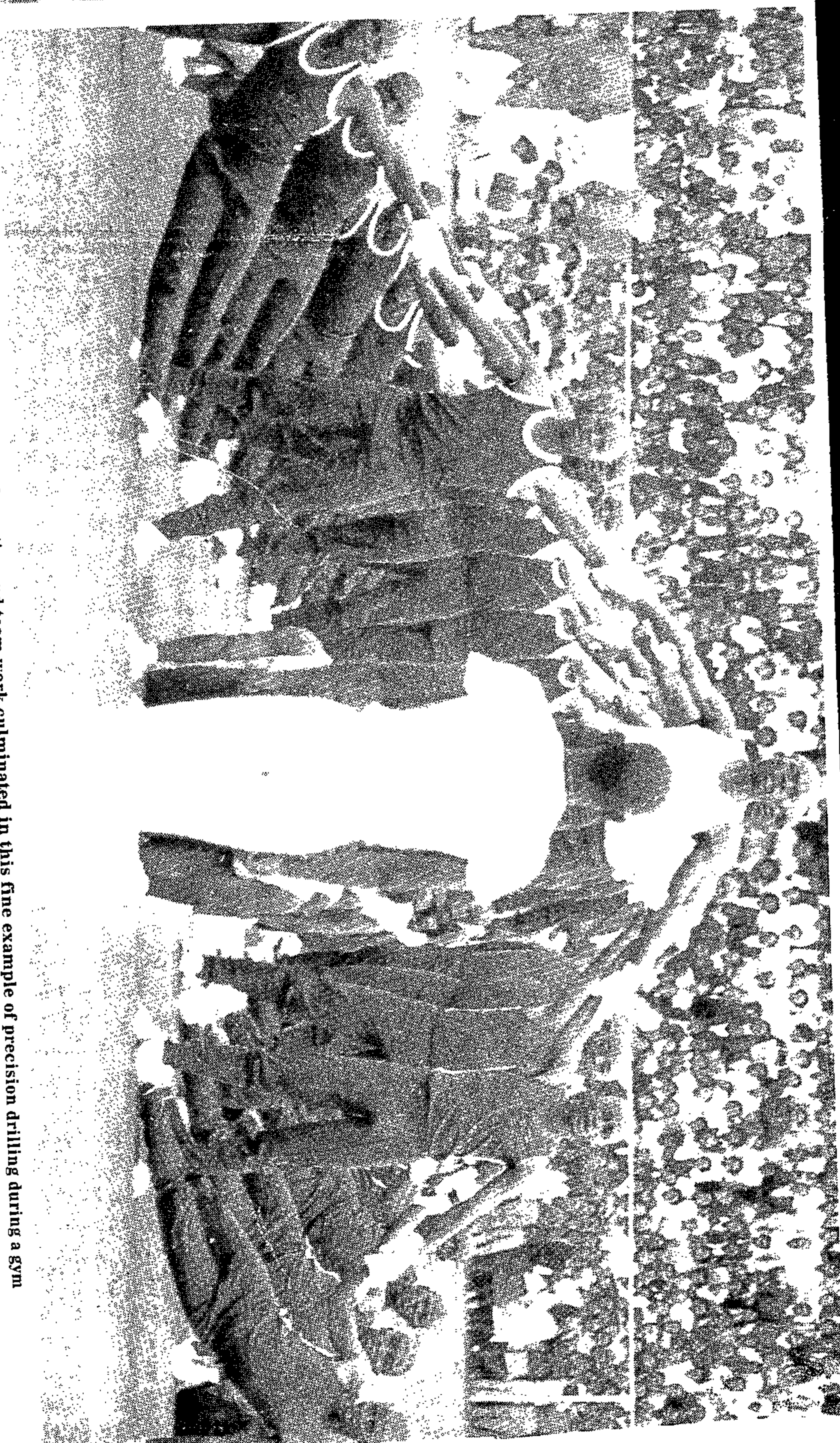
Armed with spears and hide shields, a group of Pondo warriors on the warpath during a traditional dance at the celebrations.



# Transkei celebrates 10 years of independence



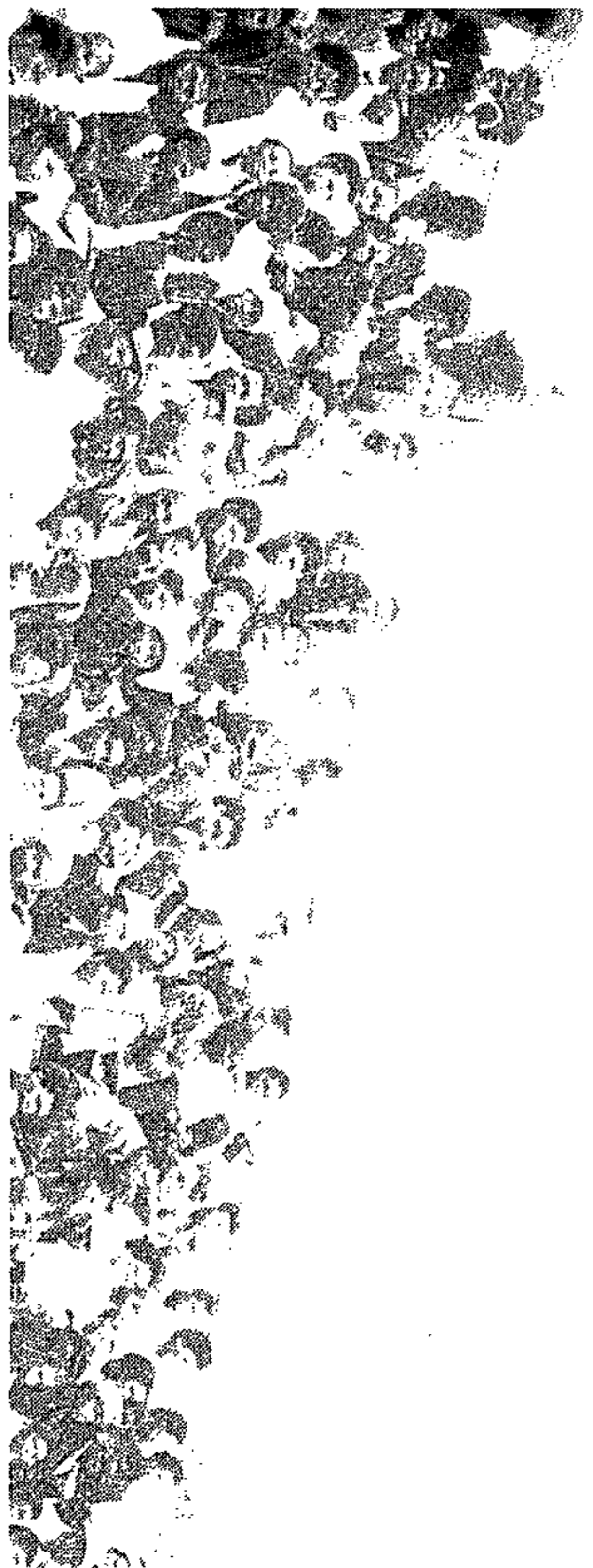
A praise-singer in traditional dress performs in front of the pavilion in which the President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Tutor Ndamase, was sitting.



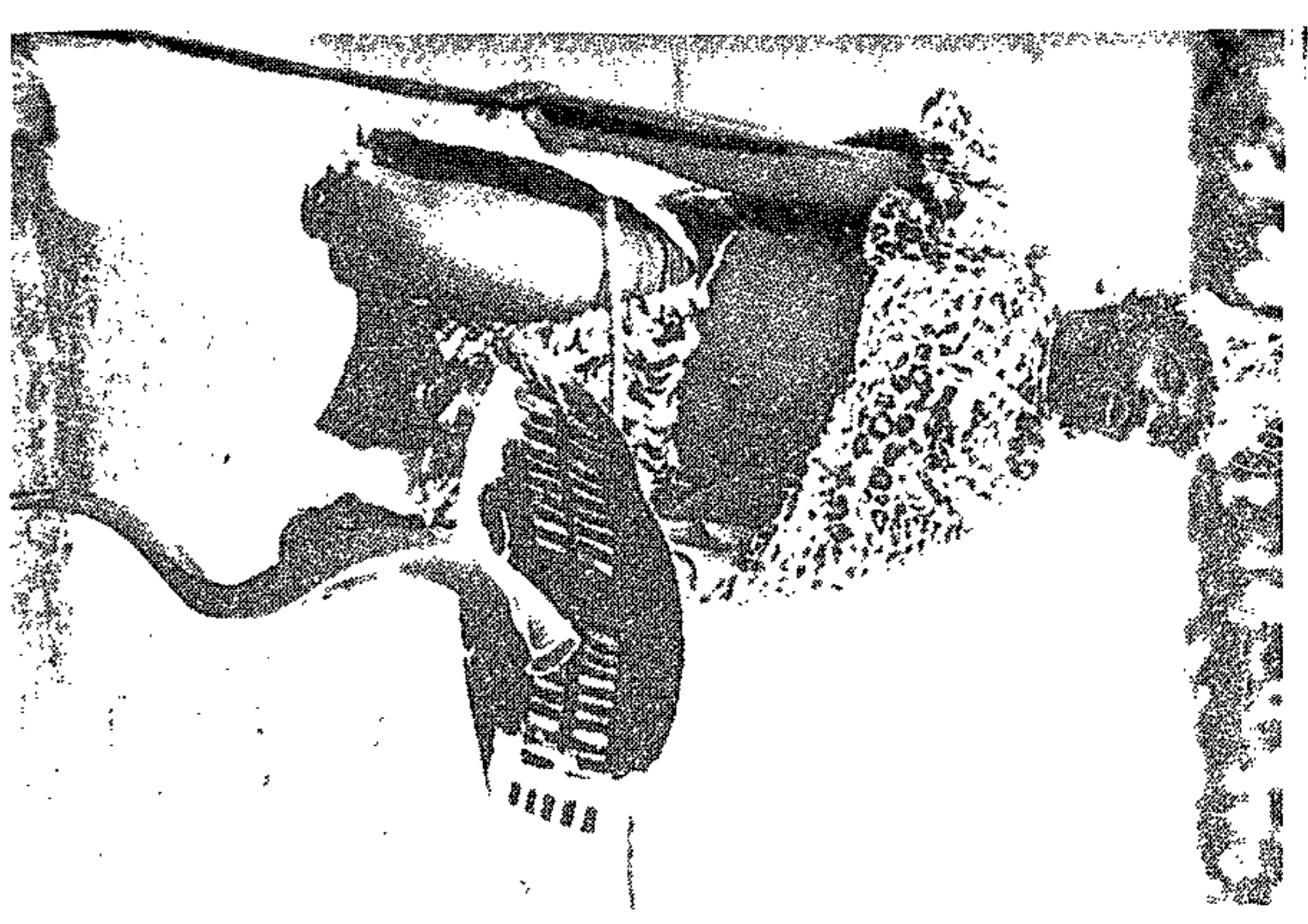
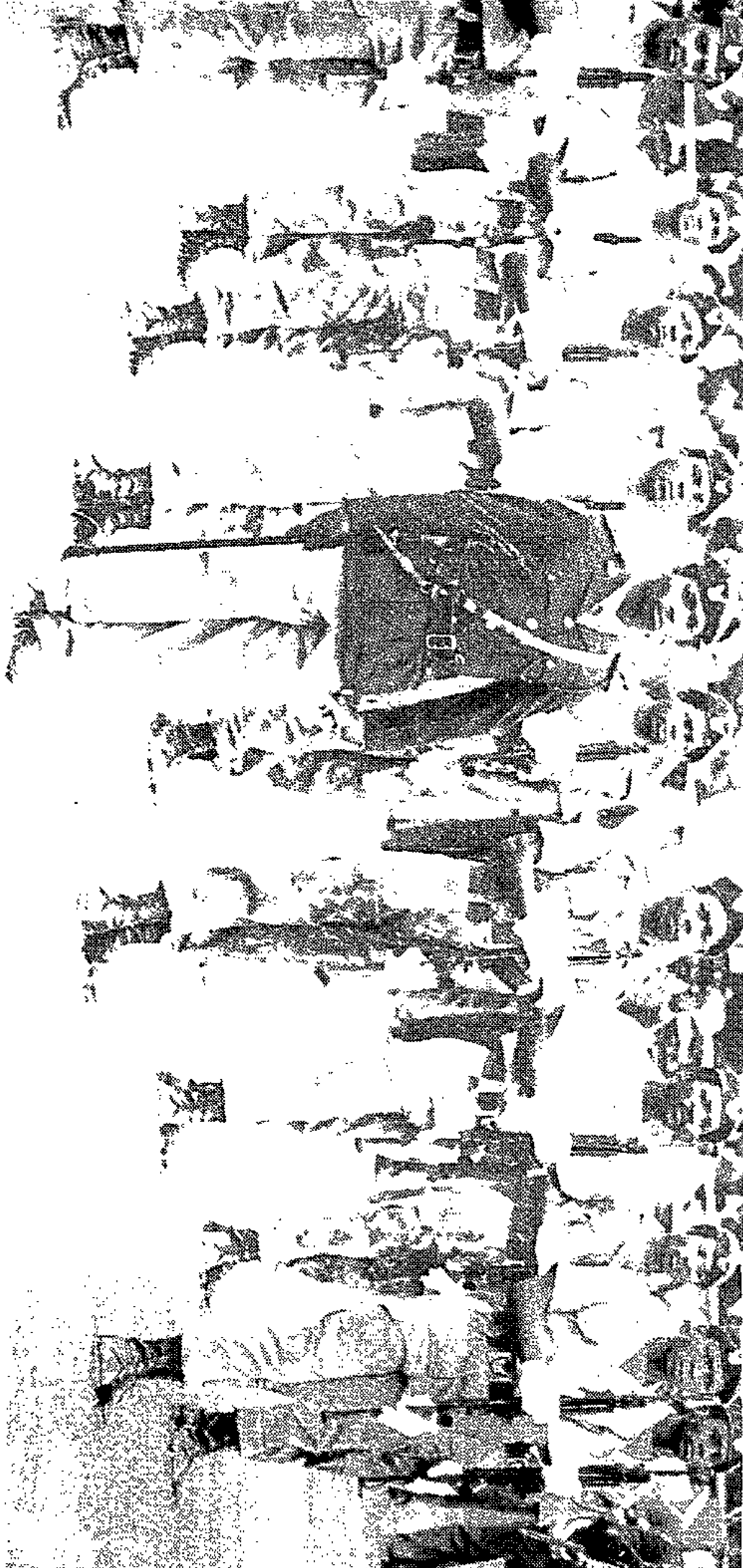
Weeks of practise and team work culminated in this fine example of precision drilling during a gym display by the Transkei security forces.

Card

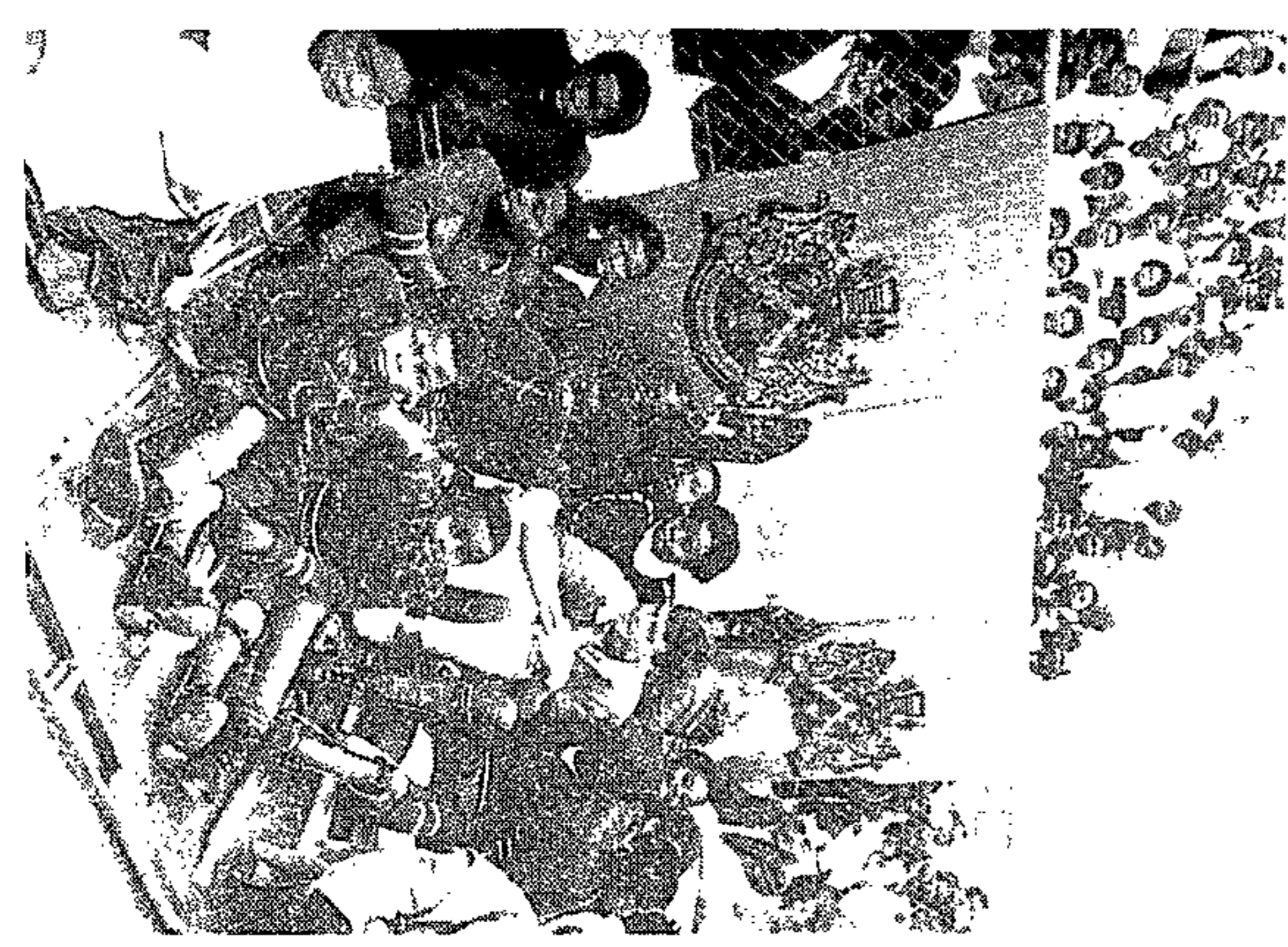




Above: part of the large crowd which filled the Umtata stadium await the beginning of the festivities while, below, a group of drum majorettes go through their paces.



In full regalia, a tribal dancer from Pondoland performs a traditional dance with a stick, shield, spear and a Kudu's horn.



A special place in the sun under the banners of the young Republic was reserved for this group of children who came to celebrate their country's independence during the Year of the Disabled.

ms by  
ELLIN

The President arrives... Paramount Chief Tuto Ndamase, right, is escorted into the Independence Stadium in Umtata by members of the Transkei cavalry. The president's arrival was heralded by a 21-gun salute after which the crowded stadium sang Nkosi Sikele i' Afrika.



The Transkei Defence Force's guard of honour, left, presents arms after the arrival of the State President for the 10th anniversary celebrations. The inspection of the guard of honour was followed by the President's address.

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27/10/86 DD

# Communication the key says T'kei president

By GAIL WALSH

UMTATA — Young and old in Transkei and Southern Africa had to seek ways of talking to each other so that elderly people could understand the aspirations of the younger generation and provide guidance for their future.

This was the message given by the State President, Paramount Chief Tutor Nyangilizwe Ndamase, during his speech to mark the 10th anniversary of Transkei's independence.

Addressing more than 40 000 people at the Independence Stadium here, Paramount Chief Ndamase said he hoped his speech would provide further guidance in the shaping of social, economic and political perspectives for the future which required an "equal commitment by the younger generations to the constructive appreciation of the essential mechanisms of orderly change".

People in Transkei had been "inspired and encouraged" by the development of such things as university institutions, commerce, agriculture and works.

"It is important to note that these would have been unattainable without the peace and calm we have enjoyed these past 10 years.

"When we cast our eyes on the many parts of the world that are plagued with strife and suffering of extreme dimensions we cannot help but be thankful."

Paramount Chief Ndamase said great nations survived by building on the foundations of their old societies, thereby maintaining continuity and checking the violent social upheavals which characterised revolutionary change.

"It is for this reason that we extol our traditional institutions and values," he said.

"A sincere word of commendation and gratitude must be said about the friendly co-operation and mutual assistance we have enjoyed with the Republic of South Africa.

"This can also be said of the co-operation and friendly disposition of our relations with other states and their people in the TBVC (Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei) community and the neighbouring states of the BLS (Botswana, Lesotho and Swaziland) community. This is a hopeful signal for the future of peoples of Southern Africa."

President Ndamase expressed, on behalf of the people of Transkei, "our heart-felt condolences to the people of Mozambique on the tragic demise of their leader, President Samora Machel."

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## PM: we must stand together

*28/11/72*  
**Dispatch Reporter**  
 UMTATA — Transkei was a country with a difference because of the "good atmosphere and tranquility which permeated throughout the land", the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, said here while welcoming foreign dignitaries and special guests at the start of the country's 10th anniversary celebrations at the weekend.

"The countenance reflected in this house by the presence of both black and white is symbolic of hope, peace and the stability of the days ahead. Posterity will soon learn a lot from such unions.

"I would like to emphasise that if we stand together in Southern Africa we shall not stumble and the bonds of union and friendship will automatically be enforced and consolidated," Chief Matanzima said.

Dignitaries at the celebrations included the President of Bophuthatswana, Chief Lucas Mangope, the President of Venda, Chief Patrick Mphephu, a representative of the Swazi royal



family, Prince Polycarp Dlamini, the retired Vice-President of South Africa, Mr Alwyn Schlabusch, who represented the South African Government, and the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Ron Miller.

See also pages 2, 4, 5.

**Top: President Tutor Ndamase and the Chief of the Transkei Defence Force, General... the salute at the start of Transkei's 10th anniversary celebrations in Umtata at... colourful squad of drum majorettes show their paces.**

N/M 29/10/88

# Defence Bill gives Matanzima wide new powers

**Mercury Correspondent**  
UMTATA—A Defence Amendment Bill which empowers the Transkei State President to mobilise the Citizen Force and Reserve for the prevention and suppression of terrorism, internal disorder or discharge of other emergency duties, was unanimously passed in the House of Assembly here yesterday.

Defence Act of 1978 be put on a par with other Acts. In order to achieve this objective, a number of clauses in the existing Defence Act had to be amended, Chief Matanzima said.

The Bill was introduced by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, who is also the Minister of Defence and Police, at a special session of Parliament on Friday. It passed through all the stages yesterday.

There was no opposition from the Democratic Progressive Party, which is the official Opposition in the House.

Chief Matanzima said the amendment was needed to provide indemnity to the Transkei Defence Force.

Other defence forces in the southern African region have introduced these provisions and it is imperative that the Transkei De-





# Indemnity for T'kei defence force

## Dispatch Reporter

29/10/84  
UMTATA — A bill indemnifying the Transkei Government and officers against prosecution with respect to certain acts done in good faith while combating terrorism was passed in the National Assembly here yesterday.

(103)  
The Defence Amendment Bill was piloted by the Prime Minister and Minister of Defence, Chief George Matanzima.

In his second reading speech he said the bill dealt primarily with indemnity in connection with the combating of terrorism and the compensation of certain persons who may have suffered loss as a result of actions taken by the Transkei Defence Force.

The provision indemnifying the government and its officers was to be found in the Indemnity Act passed by the Assembly in 1984, he said.

Although there was reference in that act to the defence force, it was necessary that indemnity be granted to the Defence Force in respect of acts of terrorism as the indemnity provided for in the Indemnity Act did not extend to acts committed after July 25 1984.

Chief Matanzima said terrorists had perpetrated a number of incidents in Transkei. Vital installations had been destroyed and a number of innocent people had lost their lives.

The need for the deployment of the Transkei Defence Force in combating terrorism had increased in recent times and the amendment provided the protection which the army sought in the circumstances.

# Inquiry hears Transkei dept wasted money

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The Transkei Government paid more than R160 000 for a film series that was never produced, the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism, was told yesterday.

The chief auditor in the Auditor-General's office, Mr Zolani Mahlasela, said the Department of Commerce had an initial agreement worth R120 000 with a Mr Alberts for the production of a film series on Transkei in 1979.

Mr Alberts had applied for an increase in the price "owing to the escalation of costs" and the department authorised additional expenditure of R41 000.

Nothing had, however, "ever been received", Mr Mahlasela said, and "it would appear that the government was the loser".

Advocate P. T. Barratt, who led the evidence, told the commission money could not be claimed because too much time had lapsed.

Mr Mahlasela said the agreement was drafted by the Department of Commerce and, although it was standing procedure that the assistance of the government attorney should be sought in drafting contracts, the film contract did not go through the attorney's office and he had seen it only after it had been signed.

There had been no satisfactory explanation from the Department of Commerce which let the matter lie "for years", although the government had already paid for the "goods", he said.

Mr Mahlasela also told the commission the Transkei Small Industries Development Organisation (Transido), whose objective was to assist Transkei industrialists, had been registered as a private company instead of as a corporation.

Transido was funded by the government although it was registered as a private company. It

was "totally irregular" for a private company to be funded by public money, he said.

Mr Mahlasela said the Auditor-General's office had suggested Transido become a separate corporation or a subsidiary of the Transkei Development Corporation, or fall under the Department of Commerce.

The office of the Auditor-General was not able to audit Transido because it was a private company. Mr Mahlasela said, however, he "understood" an official had been sent to investigate the company.

As far as he was concerned, Transido was still a private company and was being funded by the government.

In 1983, he said, Transido officials in the accounts section reported "irregularities".

"As a result of these complaints a firm of chartered accountants was appointed and its report confirmed some of the irregularities and deficiencies," he said.

Mr Mahlasela suggested Transido should be dissolved as a private company and should be made a subsidiary of the Transkei Development Corporation or a separate corporation.

He also named the Transkei Appropriate Technological Unit (Tatu) as another body which was formed as a private company instead of as a corporation.

Tatu was established to plan finance and carry out projects relating to appropriate technology.

A voucher of R278 000 had been paid to Tatu and he regarded this as an unauthorised expenditure because it had still been a private company then.

The matter had since been put right through a government notice which converted Tatu into a corporation.

The Auditor-General was "not happy" with the state of affairs of Tatu, he said.

The inquiry continues next week.



# Transkei shields army

CP Correspondent

103

2/11/81  
The Transkei National Assembly this week passed a bill indemnifying the homeland government and officers against prosecution for action "in good faith" while combatting "terrorism".

The defence amendment bill was piloted by the Prime Minister and Defence Minister George Matanzima.

He said it was necessary that indemnity be granted to the army in respect of acts of "terrorism".

Matanzima said "terror-

ists" had perpetrated a number of incidents in the Transkei. Vital installations had been destroyed and innocent people had died.

The need for the deployment of the Transkei army in combatting "terrorism" had increased and the amendment gave the protection the army sought in the circumstances, he said.

● Enqobobo MP RM Mathuthu said he hoped soldiers would not overreact and shoot people on the pretext that they were protecting lives and property.

# 96 Unitra students in court

2/11/86  
A TOTAL of 96 University of Transkei students - detained when Transkei police raided the campus on September 24 - appeared briefly in the Umtata magistrate's court on charges of threatening to use violence and preventing other students from attending classes at university.

No evidence was led and the students were not asked to plead. The case was postponed to December 2. The students are all out on their own recognisances. - Sapa.



Some claims for govt incentives were inflated says TIB spokesman

# No new industry, T'kei inquiry told

Dispatch Reporter UMTATA — No new industry has been attracted to Transkei during the "past four years or so" and this was a "very disturbing" factor as far as industrialists in the country were concerned, the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Commerce, Industry and Tourism was told here yesterday.

A representative of the Transkei Chamber of Industries, who appeared before the commission, said the chamber felt the present climate towards industry in Transkei was a negative one, due to various reasons.

The commission, chaired by the Chief Justice, Mr Justice Van Reenen, heard that from 1974 to about 1980 the development in Transkei moved at a fast pace, but had now stopped "altogether".

While areas like Bloemfontein and Pietermaritzburg had continued to develop, although their incentives were not as attractive, and it was the Transkei Government's duty to create a favourable climate.

Members of Parliament, making utterances about the exploitation of the labour force, make headline news, while in fact the figures quoted were from the commercial sector. This situation would appear to have improved but the damage done is irreparable by way of chasing away prospective industrialists.

"Even statements from this commission have been somewhat negative with statements like 'industry demanding concessions', he said. Industry had never demanded concessions, as the whole package deal in attracting an industry was based on the incentives.

"The only time any demands are made is when concession claims are not paid." The chamber accepted that cases existed where industrialists had tried to inflate claims, but had "no problem" with the existence of a system of policing the whole situation and the "bad boys being dealt with."

"We do, however, appeal not to have the whole industrial sector painted with the same brush."

Reasons for the negative climate was the image of industry in Transkei, where the impression was given that industry was an external force within Transkei with the sole aim of extracting as much as it could from the country.

"On the contrary, industry is party to a long term effort of creating growth and prosperity for the peoples of Transkei," the representative said.

He said it must be remembered that industry was attracted to the growth points in Transkei by a package of incentives which were accepted by industrialists in "good faith" for the length of their stay in Transkei. It seemed, however, that the cost of these incentives had become too great and ways were being sought to reduce the cost to the government.

Included among the

den disruption of a well established claiming procedure and a smooth flow of payments due to a lack of understanding of the work method.

He said some industrialists feared that they might lose a concession which they were receiving.

The present payment system of claims was "totally unacceptable" and a streamlined system had to be thought out so that fewer people and departments were involved, he said.

"The present excuse given is, of course, that due to this commission of inquiry, no payments can be made."

The present system took time and delays caused unpleasantness to industrialists.

"It also inconveniences them to wait six to eight weeks in respect of their claim," he added.

The commission heard that a claim made on August 12 of this year, which still had not been processed, "might" be completed by November 17.

Explaining the process, Mr Nkungu said the processing of claims began at the TDC, which went to the Transkei Industrial Board (TIB) for assessing. If recommended by the TIB, the claim went to the TDC again, and then the claim would go to the department in the industrial branch, then the Department of Inland Revenue and then to the Minister of Finance and, with his approval, back to be streamlined.

The suggestion that the TIB be given a better status because at this stage the TIB could not be held responsible for figures given to the department "because they go straight from the TDC to the department".

Mr Locke suggested the possibility that the original feasibility study should be done by the TDC development section, but that they not be involved in processing the claims, so that when an industrialist wanted to apply to the TIB, the TDC could help the industrialist prepare his claim, but have no further role in processing it.

The commission heard that just over R41 million, R10 million more than the previous year, was voted for the incentive scheme. Evidence so far showed an "alarming" drop in the number of claims received.

The present system caused unpleasantness to industrialists.

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The present payment system of claims was "totally unacceptable" and a streamlined system had to be thought out so that fewer people and departments were involved, he said.

lack of awareness" towards budgeting, the commission heard.

Mr Nkungu said the department had no accountant, but it would be a "great help" if there was one.

There existed a severe lack of liaison about the monies available and what the TIB allocated to the new and existing industries with the crucial point being the budgeting part of the whole scheme, Mr Locke said.

The commissions continue.

## Firm plans to aid education

JOHANNESBURG — The chairman of the South African subsidiary of Merck, one of Germany's biggest pharmaceutical and chemical companies, announced that it is to introduce an educational assistance scheme to help employees educate their children.

Mr Bob O'Connell made the announcement at the opening of the company's new premises at Midrand. — Sapa

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CT, 5/11/86



After their stint in a Transkei prison, former policeman Mr Ronnie Els (in the car) and his 70-year old uncle Mr Albert Els with the car that Transkei security police accused them of stealing.

## Policeman's 'nightmare' in Transkei

By CLARE HARPER

A BUSINESS trip to Transkei to sell a luxury car turned into a nightmare for a former Cape Town reaction unit police lieutenant, when he was arrested under Transkei security legislation and detained for three days outside Umtata.

Mr Ronnie Els, 41, arrived from Transkei yesterday morning and described how he, his 70-year-old uncle, Mr George Els, and a friend, Mr Clive Ruiters, 43, were accused of stealing his own car — a flashy 1983 Lincoln Continental — and jailed by Transkei police on Friday.

Mr Els said that in Umtata he telephoned the local Commissioner of Police, a General Mantanga — whom he had known from Guguletu police station, and asked him whether he knew anybody who would be interested in buying his car.

### Warrant of detention

The general said "he would see what he could do" and at 2.30pm, three men arrived at his hotel room and said they were taking him to the general.

But then a Captain Robert Dlabantu showed him a warrant of detention, issued to security detainees, that could hold him without trial "for as long as they wanted" — although Mr Els had papers proving his ownership.

Mr Els said he overheard a conversation and "I recognized some of what they were saying in Xhosa. They said 'let him run, we can shoot him' — I have never feared so much for my life."

On Monday morning the three men were taken outside the prison to a place of interrogation where Mr Els said he was asked why he did not have a criminal record. He was also repeatedly asked to write down "the quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog" and sign it.

□ The head of the Transkei security police, General L Kawe, said yesterday the car had not appeared in the computer register and it was discovered only later Mr Els had bought the car and not transferred it into his name.

He said Mr Els had "pretended" to know General Mantanga. When Mr Els was being investigated, he behaved "strangely" towards the police and "displayed a negative attitude".

And General Mantanga denied ever having served at Guguletu, saying he had served only in Port Elizabeth and Welkom and accused Mr Els of making false statements.



S/11/82 (103) DD

## T'kei business trip ends in detention

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — A business trip to Transkei to sell a luxury car ended for a former Cape Town policeman when he was arrested under Transkei security legislation and detained for three days in a prison outside Umtata.

A former police lieutenant, Mr Ronnie Els, 41, said yesterday that he, his 70-year-old uncle, Mr George Els, and a friend, Mr Clive Ruiters, 43, were accused of stealing his own car — a 1983 Lincoln Continental — and were jailed by Transkei police over the weekend.

The head of Transkei's security police, General Leonard Kawe, yesterday confirmed the detentions but said Mr Els and his companions had been acting "suspiciously" and police had suspected the trio of "clandestine motives" as Mr Els had behaved "strangely" towards the police.

General Kawe would not elaborate.

He added, however, that the car being offered for sale was not registered in Mr Els's name and police had only discovered "later" that Mr Els had bought the car but had neglected to have it transferred into his name.

This was denied by Mr Els who said the car had been registered in his name on July 4 this year.

## Eight detained in T'kei

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Eight people from the Transkei Council of Churches have been detained in terms of the Public Security Act.

The detentions were confirmed yesterday by the head of the Security Police, General L. S. Kawe.

He said investigations were proceeding in connection with "subversive" documents found in their possession.

General Kawe identified the detainees as B. Tom, N. Kulu, N. Zungula, N. Tshangela, M. Ntwasa, Lawrence Hills, N. Tyali and P. Nyaka.

Bishop J. Z. Dlamini, from the Diocese of St Johns here, said the staff members were detained on Friday and urged that they be brought to court and charged.

DD 5/11/86 103



# Kei church workers held

THE entire staff of the Transkei Council of Churches has been detained by Transkei security police. *City Press*

The TCC offices were raided by the security police on Friday afternoon. They detained eight staff members and removed documents. *City Press* has obtained the names of seven of the eight detainees: B Tom, Kulu Zungula, N

Tshangela, N Ntwasa, L Hills, N Eyani and P Nyaka. *103*

Transkei Security Police chief general Leonard Kawe confirmed that the eight workers are held under the Public Safety Act. TCC chairman FB Ngcobo declined to comment, but Anglican Bishop ZB Dlamini urged that the workers be charged as soon as possible.

00 "11/18" (103) **Unitra man leaves post**

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — The director of the Institute for Management and Development Studies at the University of Transkei (Unitra), Mr Chris Tapscott, has resigned and is in London.

Mr Tapscott's resignation was confirmed yesterday by the institute's deputy chairman, Professor H. W. Roos.

Mrs Fiona Wakelin, the wife of the institute's acting director, Mr

Peter Wakelin, who is in detention, said in a statement here yesterday that Mr Tapscott was in London and would not be returning to Transkei.

Mr Wakelin has been in detention for five weeks.

Mrs Wakelin said she had written a letter to the "relevant authorities" a few weeks ago asking the reasons for her husband's detention, but had not yet received a reply.

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# T'kei: border open to all

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government will not close its borders to people from Ciskei, or those who have Ciskeian registered cars, and has urged Ciskei to desist from inconveniencing innocent people.

This was said at a press conference here yesterday, called by the chief adviser in the Department of the Prime Minister, Mr. Liston Ntshongwana, for the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. C. Songca.

A statement released by Mr. Ntshongwana said the Transkei Government was deeply concerned by reports from various sources about the "unfortunate ill-treatment of Transkeians by the Ciskei Government".

The statement said the reported actions were a result of the refusal by Ciskei to allow Transkeians, persons perceived to be living in Transkei, or persons driving motor vehicles with Transkei registration numbers, to enter or pass through Ciskei.

It noted with regret that the Ciskei Police and Army had "ceased to perform their normal function of law-enforcement and the maintenance of state security" and were being required to perform the "ill-reputed task of demanding identification papers from innocent commuters returning home from work".

"Reports have it that police and army units are posted on several main roads in Ciskei and especially around residential areas like Mdantsane and Zwelitsha with the primary aim of rendering untold hardship and inconvenience to Transkeians who have for decades been living in Ciskei."

The statement said Transkei Government would not be "dragged" to the level of having to close its borders to people from Ciskei.

"Transkei repeats its position to the Ciskeian people that they are free, as always, to visit Transkei and enjoy the hospitality of our people."

It had been reported that some workers who were employed in East London and lived in Mdantsane had not been allowed to return home after work and that people travelling from Port Elizabeth had been forced to use longer routes via Queenstown, Tarkastad and Cradock to reach Transkei.

It had also been reported that Transkeians working in East London and living in Mdantsane had been threatened with eviction if they did not obtain permits to reside in Mdantsane.

"This cannot be justified, especially since some of the affected people have been living in Mdantsane long before Ciskei even thought of independence."

CP Correspondent

CISKEI police have a new reason to stop cars: They are searching for Transkeians illegally entering the homeland.

This week many roadblocks barred the homeland's roads - and cars registered in the Transkei were turned back.

Among other places, all three entrances to East London's Mdantsane Township were sealed off.

The move follows an announcement last week that all Transkeians would have to produce passports or other travel documents if they want to enter the homeland, which has no border posts at all.

The ruling was also to apply to people "normally resident in Transkei," and Transkeians already resident in the Ciskei were urged to regularise their position or face prosecution.

The clamp on Transkeians is the latest salvo in the war of nerves between the two rival Xhosa homelands which flared when armed raiders released Charles Sebe from jail and abducted two senior security officers - one of them President Lennox Sebe's son.

The two officers are in a Transkei jail, facing charges of attempted kidnapping, while Charles

# Ciskei's

# big

# block-out

CITIZEN  
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103

Sebe, the Ciskei's ousted chief of state security, is believed to be in a hideout somewhere in the Transkei.

● Announcing the clamp last week, a Ciskei government statement said the measure was necessary "to secure peace and good order within its area of jurisdiction."

Citing the abduction, the jailbreak and "persistent threats from sources within Transkei against authorities in Ciskei," the statement said "no self-respecting independent sovereign

state can countenance incidents of this nature without some form of control."

People without the necessary documents would "render themselves liable to prosecution, detention and punishment".

Ciskei government spokesman Headman Somtunzi said the roadblocks had not been set up specifically in the wake of last week's announcement. They were "routine procedure" - but police were checking for Transkeians "as well".

## Ciskei opposition leader may lose chieftainship

CP Correspondent

CISKEI People's Rights Protection Party leader Chief Lent Wati Maqoma may lose his chieftainship as a leader and a chief of the Amajinqi Tribal Authority.

A memorandum tabled before Ciskei President Lennox Sebe on Tuesday said the chieftainship of the tribal authority, which falls under the Victoria East Alliance, had been "hijacked".

A delegation of 19 coun-

cillors from the Amajinqi Tribal Authority, headed by Sebe, presented a full memorandum - stating that Maqoma was the rightful heir to the chieftainship of the authority.

Ciskei Foreign Affairs and Information Department Director General Headman Somthunzi said that, according to the evidence submitted by the councillors, the Amajinqi chieftainship had been "deliberately hijacked" from the Maqoma Great House "under false pretences" -

resulting in Maqoma assuming the duties of the chieftainship.

"They further claimed that Maqoma had left them in the lurch", he said.

He added that Maqoma has been living in self-imposed exile in the Transkei for the past six months.

Somthunzi said that the memorandum's motivation for Maqoma's appointment as new chief of the Amajinqi was presented in the form of a returning memorandum, signed by Maqoma and a councillor.



# Maqubela: show interest in taxes

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Transkei's taxpayers had to guard against the "frittering away" of the taxes they paid and should take an active interest in how money raised through taxes was spent, the former Auditor-General, Mr Jiyana Maqubela, said at a farewell function in his honour here.

Mr Maqubela, who was involved in the civil service for over 30 years, became a public figure after his vigorous investigations, which have re-

sulted in several commissions of inquiry into the activities and conduct of various government departments.

Mr Maqubela said on Saturday that all people were working together to better humanity and the time was now past when people of different creeds were highly antagonistic, if not actually striving against one another.

"Nowadays, despite differences of doctrine and practice, all creeds are working together for one common end, the bettering of humanity, the fight is the same fight, though the weapons may be different."

Mr Maqubela told a 200-strong crowd that the present Prime Minister of Zimbabwe, Mr

Robert Mugabe, had a "profound influence" on his life when he had shared a room with him in the early 1950s at Beda Hall, Fort Hare.

"He was an Arts student and he used to lecture to me at night on ethics. The last time we parted he admonished me to be truthful at all times. He used to wake me up at 5 am to pray and he taught me the value and usefulness of prayer."

Mr Maqubela said he was grateful that Transkei's President, as well as its Prime Minister, had gone out of their way to make his work easier.

"They have throughout backed the granting of extensive powers to the Auditor-General in order for him to be that much better equipped to tackle his job."

(114)

(103) 00 19/11/86

TO

# Transkei state witnesses held

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — At least five state witnesses in the regional court trial here of an Engcobo man on terrorism related charges were taken into custody yesterday by the Transkei security police.

They were Mr Kolisile Tshwele, Mr Putswana Nomqolo, Mr Falo Tyali, Mr Manase Tafeni and Mr Sipiwe Xobololo. It could not be established whether a sixth witness, Mr Sigxinini Qotywe, was also arrested.

The witnesses are expected to appear in the same court today on charges of perjury.

They had given evidence before Mr R. Mickelsfield in the trial of Mr Zakade Buka, 55, who has pleaded not guilty to charges under the Public Security Act.

The offences, which relate to harbouring, concealing and assisting terrorists, were allegedly committed at Mr Buka's Gqobonco home at Engcobo between May 1 and August 31 last year.

Giving evidence yesterday, Major Colbert Booï told the court that after Mr Buka had been arrested at his home he had indicated he wished to point out some spots to the police.

At his home police found a plastic bag containing men's clothes and an FN pistol, nine rounds of ammunition for a Makarov rifle and 15 rounds of ammunition for a 9 mm pistol.

Empty cartridges were scattered around in a thatched hut which Mr Buka said had been occupied by a terrorist, Major Booï claimed.

At another spot police found a duplicating machine, an AK 47 ammunition magazine and 15 live rounds of ammunition. They found a wire-cutter at another spot.

Photographs of two alleged terrorists, Mr Zola Dubeni and Mr Sisa Ngombane, were also produced by Mr Buka, Major Booï said.

Another policeman, Captain Zingisile Mfazwe, said he had interrogated Mr Buka after a statement had been taken from him by Major Booï. The statement was read to him before he signed it.

Captain Mfazwe said Mr Buka later took police to a place where there was a duplicating machine, an AK 47 magazine and a typewriter.

The hearing continues today.

Mr D. Sankey appeared for the state and Mr Mnyamezeli Ntshiba for the defence.



# Police knew of military training T'kei court told

DD 22/11/86  
Dispatch Reporter

(183)

UMTATA — The Transkei security police knew that two Transkeian men, Mr Zola Dubeni and Mr Sisa Ngombane, who left the country in 1980, had gone abroad to undergo military training, the regional court heard here yesterday.

This was said in evidence in the trial of a 55-year-old Engcobo man, Mr Zakade Buka, who is facing charges under the Public Security Act.

Mr Buka pleaded not guilty before Mr R. Mickelsfield to charges which relate to harbouring, concealing and assisting alleged terrorists at his Gqobonco home between May 1 and August 31 last year.

A security policeman, Major Colbert Booii, told the court under cross-examination by Mr M. Ntshiba, for the defence, that he knew Mr Ngombane had left for military training abroad. He told the court he also knew that Mr Dubeni left with Mr Ngombane for military training.

They went to Lesotho when they disappeared in 1980, he said.

When Mr Ntshiba asked how he knew all this, Major Booii said the security police were first informed through hearsay, but subsequently proved it to be true.

Major Booii refused to give details of how the security police proved this and asked the court to protect him on "this confidential issue".

Earlier in the trial, evidence was led that Mr Buka made statements to Major Booii which incriminated himself.

But Mr Buka claimed he was forced to make the statements under pressure of assault by the security police.

Mr Mickelsfield ruled that the statements were acceptable, that Mr Buka had made them freely and voluntarily, and that they were admissible as evidence.

Major Booii also told the court that a duplicator and a wire-cutter were found in rooms at Mr Buka's home at Gqobonco.

On their arrival there, Major Booii, a Constable Dliso, a Sergeant Madikizela and a Constable Gyane entered the thatched house which had two rooms. They immediately went into a room where Mr Buka was found.

The policemen found a number of empty AK47 cartridges scattered around the premises, Major Booii said.

They collected them, together with 10 others which were found in the outer room.

A plastic bag containing men's clothes was found on the floor between a bed and a wall.

The major said he, a Constable Ngwadla and Constable Dliso searched a bed and found a 9 mm Belgian pistol and live ammunition for a Russian Makorov.

Asked how he knew the cartridges were Makorov bullets, he said he had thought the 9 mm was a Makorov, but on closer examination he had found that it was not.

He admitted that the bullets could belong to any other 9 mm pistol of any origin.

Major Booii said the search continued and pamphlets of different types were found next to the bed, a black copychief paper, a typewriter which Mr Buka claimed belonged to his son, and a cardboard box containing bandages.

Major Booii said he did not think Mr Buka was shocked by the discovery of the other articles, as he merely said they belonged to his visitors.

He later told the court that Mr Buka was interrogated from 7 am until 1 or 2 am the following morning, was given three hours to sleep — and was again interrogated at 5 am.

He denied that Mr Buka was taken to Dalasile police station on Friday night saying that if Sergeant Madikizela had said so, he was lying.

Asked whether Mr Buka was handcuffed during interrogation, he said no. He told the court that if Sergeant Madikizela had told the court Mr Buka was handcuffed, he had told lies.

The hearing then adjourned until Monday, November 24.

Mr Buka was released on bail of R700.

Mr D. Sankey appeared for the state.

(103) DD 26/11/86

**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The number of invoices to the Department of Works and Energy increased almost immediately after the ceiling for works dealt with by the department was raised from R1 000 to R2 000 in 1983, the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy was told here yesterday.

The commission, chaired by Mr G. A. Alexander, SC, looked into the repairs of two-way radios by the department yesterday where invoices for their repairs ranged from between R400 to over R1 000.

Appearing for the Auditor-General, Advocate P. T. Barrett said the amounts on the invoices seemed to have grown following permission by the Treasury that the department could deal with works under R2 000.

The commission also heard that there was no way for an account to be scrutinised or certified, yet signatures were put to them to that effect.

Also appearing for the Auditor-General, Advocate N. B. Locke, told the commission that evidence would be led that the cost of repair of the two-way radios ex-

## Inquiry told of radio repair costs

ceeded their price.

He told the commission that the Auditor-General had appointed another senior investigator to look into major building projects. Mr Locke said he and Mr Barrett would only be leading evidence from the witnesses.

The commission ruled that the names of the two witnesses who appeared yesterday not be used.

The first departmental witness told the commission that all repair work for two-way radios was done by Provtronics.

He said he was not aware of any written contract, but thought there might have been a directive from the works committee.

He told the commission that the order form for the work was filled in only when the invoice was sent to the department and the job was done, but the order number was issued before the job.

The cost of the job would be estimated verbally with no actual record of such discussions, he said.

The order should precede the invoice.

The first witness said he would not accept any invoices over the estimate. The witness was then asked by the chairman how could he do that if no record of the verbal agreement existed.

The first witness said almost all radio repairs were urgent because the people came from outside Umtata and needed the work done as soon as possible.

The certification for the work would be done when the owner of the vehicle in which the two-way radio was fitted told him that the radio was fixed.

The second departmental witness told the commission that he had not received any instructions in writing since 1982.

The commission

heard that the evidence of the two witnesses differed.

When a two-way radio needed to be repaired, he would send the driver to the workshop where Provtronics were supposed to be every Thursday, the second witness said.

"I would tell them to go to the workshop when I got a report of a radio which needed repair."

He said he had instructions to send them to the workshop with no order. The invoice would be received and no one checked the repairs to see the work had been done, he conceded.

The commission heard that the work was certified if the driver was satisfied the radio was working, although the driver would not know how much labour went into the repairs or what parts were used.

The witness conceded that the work he certified was something of which he had no knowledge, but that his certification then went to the "top people" to authorise payment which used his certification as a guideline.

"I was just following instructions."

The commission continues today.



# Businesses closed — inquiry told

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Legal argument was heard before the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy here yesterday.

Appearing for Umtata Provident Electrical, Umtata Station Electrical Wholesalers and Provtronic, Mr J. A. R. Booysen, of Johannesburg, told the commission that the rights of his clients, the director and shareholders of the companies, were directly affected by the commission.

He said they were effectively closed and that his clients were not in a position to conduct business.

Mr Booysen told the commission that his clients did not know what had been removed because they had not received receipts.

An ex parte application was launched by the Auditor-General who sought an order to attach all assets of their client's companies.

In response to a submission that his clients were fugitives from justice, Mr Booysen told the commission that there was no process of law from which they fled as there were no criminal procedures against them.

The commission heard their clients were prevented from giving evidence because of the threat of arrest and an abduction plot.

Mr Booysen said they were prevented from coming to Transkei be-

cause of threats in which a South African policeman indicated he was approached by the Transkeian Police to have them kidnapped and brought to Transkei.

Appearing for the Auditor-General, Advocate N. B. Locke said the evidence of the clients, as directors of Provtronic, would be required.

Dealing with the question of their right to cross-examine witnesses, Mr Booysen said his presence at the commission was not to defend his clients or to discredit witnesses but to ensure that facts were presented.

The chairman of the commission, Mr G. A. Alexander SC, ruled that an application made by Mr Locke and Advocate P. T. Barratt, as officers of the commission, would be made in camera.

Mr Locke said the application needed to be made in secret as he was informed that the witnesses feared for

themselves if their evidence was to be made available at large or if their identity was revealed. He said the evidence to be led was highly material and also crucial.

If the evidence could not be led in secret, Mr Locke said they were instructed then they could not get that evidence.

Mr Alexander said he saw no reason why this important line of investigation should not be followed and it was still his interest that if any allegations were made by the witnesses, it would be desirable that some synopsis if possible be given to the persons concerned so they could deal with the allegations. He said Mr Locke and Mr Barratt assured him this would be done as far as possible to not keep the concerned parties "in the dark".

The commission continues today.

Mr J. Oosthuizen assisted Mr Booysen.

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By KHULU SIBITA

ALL NATIONAL liberation movements in SA and Namibia met for the first time on a platform in the US and agreed unanimously to monitor any kind of US assistance in Southern Africa.

The group, consisting of about 50 South Africans and Namibians, attended the four-day conference of the US Initiative for the Education and Training of South Africans and Namibians at the Michigan State University. The conference ended on Tuesday.

Organisations represented were the ANC, PAC, Black Consciousness Movement of Azania, Azapo, Swapo, Swano,

# Groups agree to monitor all US help

NECC, Namibia Council of Churches, Educational Opportunities Council, Urban Foundation Institute for Black Research, Sached, United Nations Institute for Namibia, Wits University, Cape Town University, University Preparations Program, Black Lawyers' Guild, Institute of International Education, World University Service, United Nations High Commission for Refugees and the American Committee on Africa.

More than 100 colleges and universities sent observers and US corporations as well as Western European institutions were represented.

At the end of the conference, the SA and Namibian group agreed that financial and other assistance from abroad was accepted, provided such assistance was responsive and sensitive to the needs and aspirations of the Namibian and SA people.

They also added that assistance should not undermine the legitimate struggle of the people of both countries. The group also said although they wanted help from the US, they would insist on a major role in deciding how money should be spent.

Guidelines on financial and other forms of assistance for education and training for South Africans were proposed and accepted by the group.

Among these was that any assistance to any project connected to Namibia and SA shall not in any way undermine the international movement of sanctions and disinvestment against apartheid and colonialism.

# Rumpff mediates

FORMER Chief Judge, Judge Rumpff, is the latest mediator dispatched by Pretoria in an attempt to mediate in the dispute between the Ciskei and the Transkei.

The two homelands have been at each other's throats since raiders sprung Charles Sebe from jail two months ago. President Lennox Sebe's son Major-General Kwane Sebe and Colonel Zandlalle Ngwanya were also abducted and are in a Transkei jail, facing charges of attempted kidnapping.

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# Transkei raises R80 m to fund developments

DD 3/12/86 (103)  
Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Government and its development agencies yesterday concluded loan agreements with the Development Bank of Southern Africa totalling nearly R80 million to provide for a number of development projects.

The first loan agreement, worth R18 million, entails the construction of various water supply components required for the storage, purification and distribution of potable water to 36 rural villages, the town of Lady Frere, two hospitals and various schools in the Cacadu River catchment.

The project aims to stimulate community development and create employment during construction.

Another loan, worth R13 million, for the Transkei Industrial Development Project, entails the construction of factories and extensions in the industrial areas of Umtata, Butterworth and eZibeleni.

This, according to the statement, is a TDC effort to promote private investment with the establishment of a broad spectrum of viable industries.

A R7,5 million loan was also signed for the first phase of the Kinira-Maclear boundary road project, which includes the upgrading of the route between the Kinira River near the north-eastern border of Transkei at Matatiele and Mount Fletcher to bitumen-surfaced standards.

A R30 million loan was signed for a road project consisting of reconstruction of the gravel road between Magusheni and Flagstaff, and Flagstaff and Lusikisiki. The first phase of this project will cost R13 million.

A loan of R88 000 was signed for a Butterworth master plan which involves the appointment of town planning consultants to prepare a master plan for Butterworth, setting guidelines for social, physical and economic development in the urban area and its immediate surroundings.

Dry-land crop production in the Qumanco area of the Ncora Irrigation Scheme will be promoted through a loan of R601 600.

A loan agreement of R675 000 provides for the appointment of specialised consultants to undertake studies for the preparation of a national ground-water plan for Transkei and to assist the Transkei Department of Agriculture and Forestry to establish a hydrogeological services subdivision.

Also included in the loan package deal was R450 000 for a feasibility study of the University of Transkei Technical College campus at Butterworth, which aims to boost technical, managerial and commercial skills requirements in Transkei.

Dispatch Reporter  
UMTATA — There was an alarming lack of productivity at the various Department of Works and Energy workshops and stores, the commission of inquiry into the department heard here yesterday.

The commission, chaired by Mr G.A. Alexander, SC, heard that except for one employee at the electrical workshop and a foreman, no-one else appeared to be working when the commission went on an in loco inspection at Norwood on Monday.

Mr Alexander, recording what was observed during the inspection, said they went to the mechanical workshop where the bay used for radio repairs by Provtronic was pointed out. Many vehicles were under repair.

"We did not notice any technicians working on vehicles although the technicians were present and Mr Potgieter — who is the mechanical workshop foreman — was on the lathe. There was very little to observe as there was very little happening."

The commission also visited an area where they were informed that a number of electrical items were found stored in part of the mechanical section. This was mentioned because not all of the electrical items had been given into the charge of that section. The electrical items were not recorded in the mechanical stores.

The commission was shown cabinets and a variety of generators. Some of the items were to be installed in police stations in space that had been allocated but which was no longer available.

The electrical stores

# Repair orders had scanty information, inquiry hears

## R50 000 paid out by hand

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section was then visited where everything appeared to be well kept and there was no sign of disorder, he said. The electrical stand-by storeroom contained items which would be needed urgently if officials were called out.

The commission was shown at least five sets of ladders, each of which was chained and bore the name of a particular technician. A seconded inspector of works, Mr D. Hickman, who was giving evidence, told the commission the ladders were bought from Station Electrical Wholesalers.

Mr Alexander said the ladders were in a pristine condition and could be used only by the apprentice who had the key.

A workshop containing many household stoves and washing machines was then visited and the commission was told that these items were from ministerial residences or hospitals and were all in a thorough state of disrepair.

The commission also saw a working bay in the mechanical workshop. In earlier evidence, the commission had been told some technicians were allergic to the workshop. It was located directly in front of the office of the foreman.

The commission continued with investigations into repairs for two-way radios for which Provtronic was the sole contractor and heard yesterday that thousands of rands of public monies had been spent without proper controls exercised.

A senior department official, whose name the commission ruled could not be published, said there was no highly qualified man in the de-

partment. The commission heard that there could be a temptation to contractors to go up to the limit instead of trying to keep the cost down, and contracts were made on an ad-hoc basis, each under R2 000.

The witness told about a meeting he attended at the Department of Health, which all hospital superintendents in the country attended, where there were complaints that the hospitals were falling apart as there was no maintenance.

The commission heard from a department official, who may also not be named, that in a schedule of 158 orders for repairs to two-way radios, only 21 had the vehicle registration number and only five were in respect of repairs to base station radios.

The witness said no hours for given jobs were recorded while some had certain information and others had "scanty" information. He said to his knowledge he did not know of a Provtronic radio section office in Umtata.

The commission heard that from the beginning of 1985, the address of the invoices from Provtronic changed from Provtronic (Pty) Ltd, with an East London postal box number, to Provtronic Transkei.

The commission was told of "hand-payments". This was when contractors wanted to speed up a payment and would go to the accounts section of the department where a cheque would be hand-written instead of going through the Department of Finance where a computer cheque was issued.

The witness did not recall who had re-

quired speedy

register. The commission heard that the order forms would be filled in only after the invoice for the work already done had been received.

Leading evidence, Mr N. B. Locke, appearing for the Auditor-General, said some orders were written up two days after the invoices. The witness said she was instructed to write up the orders immediately she received them.

The witness said Provtronic would bring in a batch of invoices and then she would fill out order forms. She said the people from Provtronic would get the order numbers in advance and then after the invoices were received the order form would be filled out.

She said her superior would tell her how many order numbers to issue on a given day to Mr Frank Fowles and he would fetch the order numbers. A batch of invoices of work allegedly done the week before were brought to her office, the commission heard.

The witness said she used to issue six to ten order numbers to Mr Fowles according to the instructions given to her by her superior. She said her superior knew about this procedure as he taught it to her.

She said Provtronic would tell her how many orders to issue, which would then be confirmed by her superior. She did not know for which vehicles the order would be used.

She told the commission she did not sign the orders as a senior clerk, but she did only as she was taught and did not realise that this was irregular.

cont.



He said this could be because the Department of Finance did not sanction such a position and that the Department of Works and Energy had been trying to attain such a person since 1982. The commission heard of government reluctance to pay the salary necessary to obtain such a qualified man.

The witness said there were a few people in the department who had to do all the work.

The commission heard that there should have been controls and added supervision for employees whose qualifications were limited, yet these employees were certifying orders of which they had no knowledge.

He said the R1 000 limit for work that could be sanctioned by the department without going through the Tender Board was insufficient as it did not cover the cost of certain spares, and an increased limit of R5 000 had been requested.

The witness said he was not aware of the splitting of contracts, and he would not have approved of the practice.

The commission

Appearing for the Auditor-General, Mr P. T. Barratt told the commission of his analysis in August 1985 which revealed R50 000 had been paid out by way of hand payments and he said there must have been an urgent reason for the system to be deviated from, but that the witness did not remember any urgency.

He said on August 1, 1985, one voucher for 15 order numbers for R17 000 was certified for payment and on August 28 invoices from different dates were certified on the same day for over R29 000. He said this was a large amount of money to be paid out at one time for repairs to two-way radios.

A department employee, who also cannot be named in terms of a commission ruling, told the inquiry her duties included the filling in and completion of order forms in the electro-mechanical section for work to two-way radios done by Provtronics.

She told the commission that she was instructed by her superiors to make out an order form and then those particulars would be put in the itemising

The commission heard there was no checking by any other individual.

The commission continues tomorrow.

# Body of Transkei chiefs formed

By Lawrence Ngozi

UMTATA — The former State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, yesterday formed an association of all paramount chiefs and chiefs in the country.

Paramount Chief Matanzima said he formed the association in order to preach the doctrine of co-operation and unity among the traditional leaders of Transkei so that security of the country could be maintained.

In his address, he called on all the traditional leaders to realise that the country belonged to them and the government was merely a custodian of the law.

He said he felt that all was "not well" as the country was being threatened by communists.

The paramount chief said the situation was becoming worse and worse and was resembling the tension that existed between 1939 and 1960.

The paramount chiefs and chiefs were then lectured on terrorist activities and shown various types of bombs, AK47 rifles, limpet mines, handgrenades and other explosive devices.



# Commercial pilots are Transkei first

Dispatch Reporter UMTATA — Transkei has reached another milestone — the country is the first national state to have a successful pilot programme and was the first to qualify black commercial pilots in Southern Africa.

The Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, presented the three pilots with their licences and stripes at a ceremony attended by ministers and government officials. The public were treated to free flights after the ceremony.

The three pilots were the first to complete the Transkei National Pilot Training Programme organised and run by the principal, Mr Mike Basson.

A year ago officials gathered for a similar event when the first five Transkeian awarded private pilot licences. The programme then intended to produce commercial pilots

to carry the national airline carriers.

The candidates — Mr Peter Bosman, Mr Jerry Yaze and Mr Zimasa Mwanda — are fully fledged pilots who have passed both theory and practical examinations.

Chief Matanzima said the programme represented an outstanding record of success. "Where others have tried and failed, we have triumphed."

"In 1984 I sanctioned this training programme with some trepidation. It was a new venture, there were many risks involved and there was no guarantee of success."

Mr Bosman achieved 86 per cent in Part A of the commercial examination — the highest pass mark attained by any of the 90 students in Southern Africa who wrote. Only three students passed Part B on the first attempt — all from Transkei, Chief George said.

"Those students who have yet to pass the written examinations must continue with their best endeavours. The examination is extremely difficult, I am told, and only between 10 to 16 per cent pass each sitting. In addition they must pass the practical flight test — itself no mean feat.

"However, with more study and diligent application, no reason exists why more students should not graduate as pilots."

Chief George said those who did not graduate as pilots were not failures and the country's developing aviation operations could make excellent use of students who had a good knowledge of aviation and aircraft operations.

He said they could become an effective tool in the development of aviation. The pilot training programme would therefore have served a useful function in the over-



The Prime Minister of Transkei, Chief George Matanzima, left, the principal of the pilot training Programme, Mr Mike Basson, and the Minister of Transport, Mr S. Gaba, back right, with the three pilots who received their wings, kneeling from left, Mr Jerry Yaze, Mr Peter Bosman and Mr Zimasa Mwanda.

all growth of aviation in Transkei.

Another creditable statistic was the safety record. Chief George said nobody had been injured or killed in the training programme.

"When you consider the inherent dangers of flying training and the adverse publicity which could have emanated from any accident, this is an outstanding achievement.

"The recent death of (President) Samora Machel in an air crash will serve to illustrate how small the margin of error really is. The question everyone will no doubt ask is: Are our qualified students safe pilots?"

"The answer is very definitely yes. Remember that they have passed every test that any other potential South African Airways pilot would be required

to pass."

Mr Basson said the success of the programme, which had been supported by the Prime Minister, was linked to the attitude of the students.

"They have been a part of me and we have become friends. I have set a high standard of discipline and their attitude was diligent and responsible for their success."

The pilots had completed the programme with a minimum of 200 flying hours. They were now entitled to fly for reward and could fly for any airline with the qualification they had achieved, he said.

After the ceremony the dignitaries were taken on a tour of the school and the aircraft used — and then the queues began for the free flights by the new pilots.

## Border skiboat bonanza



# Inquiry told of schools loan

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy heard evidence on the schools programme yesterday which included specific complaints and the quality of schools built.

A senior official of the department, whose name the commission had ruled could not be published, continued giving evidence yesterday and said the schools programme aimed to encourage community involvement in the building of schools.

They were involved in the building of the headmasters house and the administration block.

In March 1983 the Development Bank came into existence and took over various agreements from South Africa. About this time a third loan agreement was entered into for the school programme, the witness said.

He said the terms of the agreements were strictly adhered to and it was agreed that tenders would be awarded jointly between the two countries with preference given to the small contractors.

The commission heard that the school recommendations in some cases were a bit "bald" in that only the lowest tender was listed, without any comment as to the ability or efficiency of the tenderer.

The commission heard that the fourth loan agreement between countries included a cumbersome process that needed to be streamlined.

The witness said the drawings of the schools used by the department were the same as in South Africa but were redrawn in Transkei.

Previous evidence revealed that there had been an aesthetic objection to the pre-fabricated buildings as the community had not wanted factory-like structures.

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# T'kei deports 3 attorneys

**Dispatch Reporter**  
UMTATA — Three attorneys here, Mr Alistair Buchan, Mr Arnold Immerman and Mr David Shore, were taken to the Kei River border post yesterday and deported from Transkei.

Mr Immerman's wife, Mrs Beverley Immerman, said here last night six police cars had arrived at the attorneys' offices and each of the three men was escorted by two men. They were not allowed to drive their cars home.

She said her husband arrived home late in the afternoon in the custody of two men and she had only minutes to pack a suitcase and "then they were gone".

She said the families of her husband and Mr Shore were in East Lon-

don and Mrs Buchan, whose family lived in Durban, had gone with her husband.

Mr Immerman, speaking from his parents' home in East London last night, said he could cast no light on the deportations.

"It was a terrible shock, and I have absolutely no idea as to the cause," he said. "My family is still in Umtata, and at this stage I am waiting until I know more before making any plans."

When asked last night to confirm the deportations, the Commissioner of Police, General R. S. Mantanga, referred inquiries to the head of security, General L. S. Kawe, who could not be contacted.

# Transkei deports Sebe lawyers

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Weekend Post Reporter

THREE attorneys and directors of a leading Umtata legal firm who were deported under police guard from the Transkei yesterday said today they were "saddened and dismayed" by the action.

Mr Alistair Buchan, Mr Arnold Emmerman and Mr David Shaw, all from the firm of Hughes, Chisholm and Airey Incorporated, were taken by police to the Kei River border post.

Their company had been representing the Ciskei Government in a case involving President Lennox's Sebe's son, Major General Kwane Sebe, who is in detention in Transkei.

"We were saddened and dismayed at the action, which came as a complete surprise for all of us," Mr Shaw said from East London today, reading from a statement prepared on behalf of all three.

He said the deportation order effectively meant that the legal firm, "which has been a very reputable firm in Umtata since 1948", could no longer operate as all its directors had been deported. The firm employs 24 people.

"This action is to the detriment not only of the firm and its employees, but also to its numerous clients, who will be severely prejudiced."

Mr Shaw said no further comment could be issued until the reasons for the deportation had been made known.

The head of Transkei's security police, General Leonard Kawe, said: "I know nothing about the deportation of these men and I have no comment at this stage."

Transkei's Commissioner of Police, General R S Mantanga, was not available for comment today.



## Press curbs: criticism of action by groups

— Page 2



## PE car top of pops in E Cape

— Page 7



## The birdman of H'dorp

— Page 14



## Christmas cuts for pampered pets

— Page 15



## PE firm turns setback to success

— Business Post



# Kaizer uses all his old muscle

7/12/86 CITY PRESS 103

By STAN MZIMBA

RETIRED ex-President Kaizer Matanzima demonstrated that he still possessed muscle – and was prepared to flex it – in his homeland by banning the activities of the political party he had founded – Transkei National Independence Party (TNIP) – under his Western Transkei jurisdiction.

In addition, he called upon all circuits of the Methodist Church not to send any money to the party's Umtata head office and summoned all chiefs to a meeting in Umtata next week, without consulting the office of the Prime Minister.

City Press learned that on November 20, Paramount Chief Matanzima

called a meeting of all clergy in Western Transkei and reportedly informed them he was not satisfied with the way the church's Umtata head office was running its affairs.

All circuits were told not to send any monies to Umtata and that they should devise ways and means to collect their monies and pay their clergy.

Sources in church circles said there was a move afoot that carried the blessing of Chief Matanzima for the formation of a new church which would possibly be known as the Methodist Church of Transkei.

At its Umtata head office, Rev Don Dabula declined to comment.

City Press learnt this week that Chief Matanzima

ordered TNIP to cease its operations in Western Transkei and not to collect any monies from Western Transkei members.

Asked to comment, TNIP's general secretary, G Makaula, referred all inquiries to TNIP's chairman, Chief Ngangomhlaba Matanzima, who was not available at his office for comment.

City Press also learnt that Prime Minister Matanzima was opposed to the proposed meeting of Transkeian chiefs called by Paramount Chief Matanzima and that he was likely to instruct all chiefs – via a message to magistrates of all districts – not to attend the meeting.

# Deported lawyers DO seek <sup>186</sup> (153) reason

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — The three Umtata attorneys who were deported from Transkei at the weekend will attempt to determine the reasons for their deportation today.

Mr Alistair Buchan, Mr Arnold Immerman and Mr David Shaw, of the firm of Hughes, Chisholm and Airey Incorporated, were taken from their offices on Friday, allowed to pack some belongings and escorted to the Kei River border post.

Mr Shaw confirmed here last night that the firm was representing the Ciskei Government in a case involving President Lennox Sebe's son, Major-General Kwane Sebe, who is in detention in Transkei.

Mr Shaw, speaking on behalf of the other men, said he was saddened and dismayed by the action, which had come as a complete surprise to all of them.

He said the legal firm, which had been operating in Umtata since 1948, could no longer practise because all its directors had been deported.

Mr Shaw expressed concern over clients on whose behalf the firm was scheduled to appear in Umtata courts.

The head of the Transkei security police, General L. S. Kawe, could not be reached for comment at the weekend.

The secretary of the Transkei Attorneys' Association, Mr John Beer, said yesterday he could not comment as he had been away and the only information he had concerning the matter was from a newspaper report.



# Inquiry: validity of vouchers questioned

DD 103 7/2/56  
Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The employees of the Department of Works and Energy were efficient at signing orders for payment — although they did not know if the work was in fact done, the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy heard here yesterday.

The commission, chaired by Mr G. A. Alexander, SC, continued hearing evidence on the repairs of two-way radios used in department vehicles and the company which repaired them, Provtronic.

Appearing for the Auditor-General, Advocate N. B. Locke said a number of new radios had been installed in certain vehicles, and none of the installations was reflected on the documentary vouchers.

A seconded inspector of works, Mr D. Hickman, told the commission that the purchases did not go through the Tender Board, but would "filter through as a repair" and were not written out as the installation of new radios — although he did not know why this was so.

Mr Hickman told the commission that he never asked for a detailed invoice.

Mr Locke told the commission that this put the validity of every voucher in question.

"We can't be sure if any of these so-called repairs are legitimate. We can't be sure of their validity in the absence of job cards, or detailed in-

voices. We have a situation in which we do not know what are genuine repairs and what are not."

The commission heard that the matter was not "chicken feed", but that an account totalling nearly R1 million was being dealt with.

Previous evidence revealed that work done was never inspected — and that the integrity of Provtronic was relied on to ensure the work was carried out.

The chairman asked Mr Hickman if he was not surprised that the firm which he trusted did not give invoices which reflected the installation of the new radios.

Mr Hickman replied that they should have and that he should have noted this — although he did not think of it.

The chairman was intrigued by the fact that the Auditor-General requested detailed information in February — as a matter of importance — and that this was conveyed to Provtronic.

However, the request was not fully attended to and it would have been apparent when the details were not present, but the orders continued to be signed.

Mr Hickman, when asked why he signed the order, replied: "We sign all kinds of things. There is so much to sign you can't think of it."

The commission continues today.

# Lawyer: Transkei doctor detained

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A medical practitioner here, Dr Zola Dabula, was detained by security police at his surgery here yesterday, according to an attorney, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza.

103 D Dabula  
Dr Dabula, who is in partnership with another doctor, was detained at 3.30 pm by two men who identified themselves as members of the security police, Mr Ntsebeza said.

The head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, could not be reached for confirmation.

Mr Ntsebeza, who has been instructed to take up the matter on behalf of the partner, Dr N. Skenjana, and Dr Dabula's family, said he had been informed that six men later arrived at the doctor's home at Ikhwezi township, escorting Dr Dabula.

A search was conducted and the doctor was allowed to collect some clothes before he was escorted away. It could not be established what articles were taken by the police as Dr Dabula's wife could not be contacted.

Dr Dabula is one of four men who were originally charged with Mr Zakade Buka for allegedly harbouring, concealing and assisting alleged terrorists.

Charges against the doctor and the other men have since been withdrawn.

Mr Ntsebeza said he had written a letter to the Commissioner of the Transkei Police, seeking confirmation of the detention and asking under what section of the Security Act the doctor was being held.



# Church workers freed in T'kei

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Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Three employees of the Transkei Council of Churches (TCC) who were detained by the Transkei Security Police, plus another who was arrested in Umtata in October last year, have been released.

They were: Miss Clarison Ntwasa, Mrs Ntom-bentle Zungula and Mr Larry Hills.

The Head of the Transkei Security Police, Major-general L. S. Kawe, said a third employee of the TCC, Mrs Nomonde Tyhali, was still in detention under Section 47 of the

Public Security Act.

She will remain in detention while the security police are interrogating her, the general said, adding: "We believe we have a case against her but the attorney-general will decide whether to charge her or not."

He said three other people who were also detained while visiting the TCC offices on October 31, had also been released.

They were: Mrs Nozizwe Qulu, Mrs Brenda Tom and Mrs Nontuthuzelo Tshangela all of Umtata.

# Transkei training centre for basic skills on the way

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The first phase of a R434 000 Multi-purpose Manpower Training Centre which will provide basic skills learning for 432 Transkeians annually will be ready for use in April next year.

In a statement released yesterday, the secretary for the Manpower, Planning and Utilisation Department which is responsible for financing the project, Mr C. M. Mancotywa, said a contract for the construction of the complex had been signed with Murray and Roberts Construction (Transkei).

Mr Mancotywa said it was hoped the building of the complex would alleviate the acute shortage of various skills for the people of Transkei.

Mr Mancotywa said his department signed the contract through the Transkei Employment Creation Committee.

He said the contract and the facilities provided would enable 108 trainees to be trained in each 12 week cycle. The facilities comprised workshops, multi-use sheds, two hostels, kitchen and dining facilities and administration offices.

The funding for the proposed extensions of the complex would be sought from the Development Bank of Southern Africa, the secretary said.

Initially the firm Murray and Roberts would be responsible for providing the training officers and instructors.

The intention is that after a period of one year, 80 per cent of the instructors will be Transkeian and will

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have been trained during the initial period.

"Thereafter, the remaining instructors will be phased out until all training officers and instructors are Transkeian," he said.

Mr Mancotywa said a screening process would be provided during which candidates with Standard 8 would be interviewed before being accepted onto the course.



# Mt Frere attorney believed detained

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A Mount Frere attorney, Mr Ntando Bam, 66, is believed to have been detained by the Transkei security police on Tuesday, according to an Umtata attorney, Mr Dumisa Ntsebeza.

Mr Ntsebeza said he had been instructed by Mr Bam's wife to take the matter up with the Transkei Police.

He said Mrs Bam told him her husband was visited by four men who introduced themselves as policemen from Port Elizabeth.

The men questioned her husband at length from 6 am until she left for work. She later learnt that they had escorted Mr Bam away at about 10 am.

Mr Ntsebeza said Mrs Bam made inquiries from the Mount Frere branch of the security

police and was told nobody knew about the detention.

She later inquired in Butterworth, where she was told to go to the security police head office in Umtata.

According to Mrs Bam, she could not see the relevant people in Umtata as it was late and people were leaving work.

Mr Bam is the father of Mr Thobile Bam, a former member of the banned student representative council of the University of Transkei, who disappeared last year.

Mr Ntsebeza said another of Mr Bam's sons, Mr Sivuyile Bam, was detained by the security police last month.

The head of the security police, Major-general Leonard Kawa, could not be contacted for comment.

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'A decision which has considerable ramifications'

# Deporting of Transkei workers upsets lawyers

12/10/86

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By Sheryl Raine

For the first time South Africa has deported workers to an independent homeland which was once part of South African territory under a law used until now to expel foreigners to other countries.

Labour lawyers are concerned over the Government's decision to deport two officials of the National Union of Mineworkers to the independent homeland of Transkei.

"This is the first time workers have been deported to an independent homeland that was once part of South African territory," a lawyer said.

Mr M Phato, chairman of NUM's Carletonville region, and Mr M Manyosi, a senior shaft steward, have been told to leave the country by Monday. They have been in detention since June.

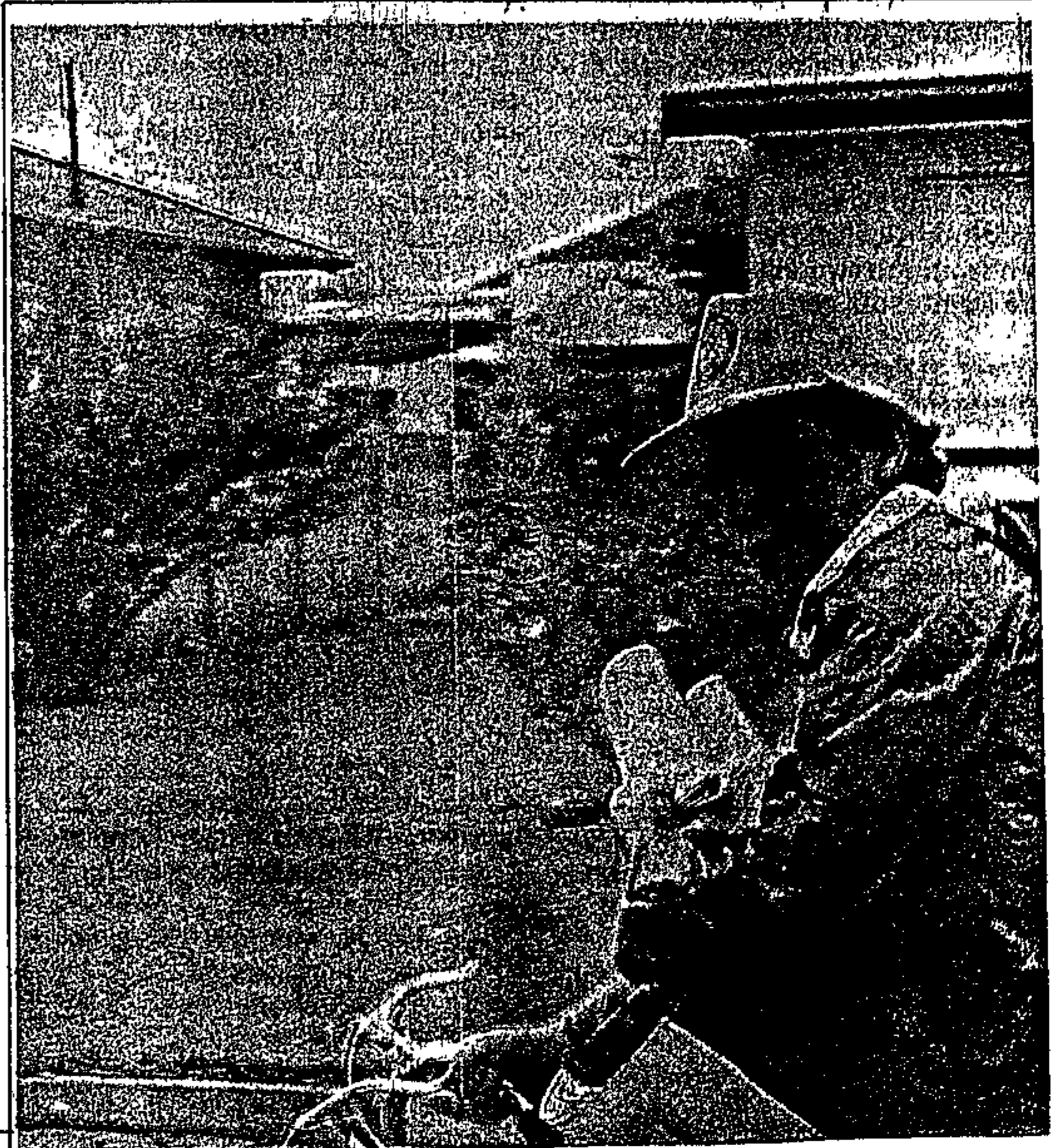
They have been deported under the Act which governs citizens of foreign countries — the Admission of Persons to the Republic Act.

## 'Could be very serious indeed'

"In the past, we have heard only of black workers being deported to Lesotho. The decision to deport two Transkeians could be very serious indeed," the lawyer said.

"If you are a foreigner working in South Africa, you need a work permit. If the Government is using the Admission of Persons to the Republic Act, they first annul a foreigner's work permit and then issue a deportation order in terms of the Act, giving that person a certain deadline by which he must leave the country.

"The ramifications of the latest decision to deport Transkeians are considerable. If the Government receives a representation from an employer or from the security forces that they don't like a unionist who happens to be from a homeland, he could be deported."



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13/2/86

# Sebe, Ngwanya release appeal is dismissed <sup>103</sup>

## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The appeal against a judgment dismissing an application for the release from detention of Major-General Kwane Sebe, the son of Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe, and Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, was dismissed with costs in the Supreme Court Appellate Division here yesterday.

The 13 page written judgment was delivered by Mr Justice Goldin in concurrence with Mr Justice Davies and Mr Justice James.

The court said, in the judgment, the locus standi of the appellant, Mr Arnold Immerman, an attorney practising in Umtata and who has represented the detainees at all material times, was not in dispute and there was no reason to doubt him.

The appellant's counsel submitted that even if the facts, as stated, satisfied the requirements of the section, General Kawe had acted "mala fide" or that he should not be believed, the court heard.

"It was contended that General Kawe has fabricated the allegations or has at least exaggerated some doubtful information in order to prevent the detainees from leaving this country."

President Sebe described his son as a senior officer in the Ciskei Police Force and a member and head of the Elite Squad, who had at

all times given the greatest satisfaction to his superiors, said the judgment.

"The President also considered the Prime Minister of Transkei to be dishonest and vindictive, and attributes the detentions to the 'bad relations that unfortunately exist between them,'" the judgment read.

In General Kawe's affidavit, he said alarming information came to him concerning the arrest of a Ciskei security policeman in Umtata and interrogation resulted in their being told that a plot was afoot which encompassed the assassination of the former State President, Paramount Chief K. D. Matanzima, and the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, and the bombing of their residences.

The judgment quoted: "In my view there is no sufficient basis for holding that General Kawe acted mala fide or that his grounds for his belief in terms of section 47(1) should be rejected as false," Mr Justice Goldin said.

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — A 55-year-old Engcobo man was sentenced to seven years imprisonment after he was convicted by the regional court here yesterday on charges under the public security act.

Zakade Buka, of Gqobonco administrative area, had pleaded not guilty before Mr R. Mickelsfield to the charges which related to harbouring, concealing and assisting alleged terrorists between May and August last year.

The court found that Buka harboured, concealed and assisted Mr Zola Dubeni, a terrorist, at his Gqobonco home on August 2 last year.

In his defence, Buka, who admitted being visited by Mr Dubeni, said he did not know that Mr Dubeni was a terrorist. He knew him while he was on the Reef where they were both members of a trade union.

Passing sentence, Mr Mickelsfield said the offence of harbouring, concealing and assisting terrorists was a serious one.

People should know that if they committed such an offence, they would be dealt with "very seriously".

Mr Mickelsfield said evidence was led by the state that on the morning of August 2 last year, eight members of the Transkei Security Police went to Buka's home and conducted a search.

During the search they asked Buka who else was in his home, and Buka said only he and his family were there.

Shortly after they began searching, one of them shone a torch through the window into another hut, and shots were fired from inside, injuring a constable's hand.

"It seemed that the policemen made an undignified retreat and left their vehicles behind," he said.

During their absence, Buka entered the hut and removed a duplicating machine, a wire cut-

# Buka is sentenced to 7 years

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ter, and an AK 47 magazine with 15 rounds of live ammunition.

He carried these to a spot about two kilometres away from the homestead.

On his return, Mr Mickelsfield continued, Buka was arrested before he could fetch more articles.

During police interrogations, Buka made certain admissions and then took the police to the spot where he had hidden the articles.

The wire-cutter was submerged in water while the other articles were covered by blocks of mud.

Mr Mickelsfield said some of the articles found by the police in Buka's bedroom included ANC pamphlets, a pistol and 19 empty cartridges.

The magistrate said evidence had also been led that the weapons found were manufactured in the eastern bloc and the expended cartridges were fired from an AK firearm which was a weapon of war.

Buka had later admitted that the hut from which the shots were fired was occupied by the visitor, Mr Dubeni.

Mr Mickelsfield said he was then satisfied that the person who occupied the hut was a terrorist, as defined under section 9 of the Public Security Act, as he was in possession of offensive weapons.

The questions to ask oneself were whether Buka knew that the visitor was a terrorist, and whether he directly or indirectly harboured or assisted the man.

Mr Mickelsfield concluded that by not telling the police that there was a visitor in another

hut, Buka actively harboured the terrorist, and by concealing the wire-cutter, duplicating machine and the AK magazine, he had actively assisted the terrorist.

Mr Mickelsfield said most of the evidence was not challenged by the defence.

Earlier in a trial-within-a-trial to determine the admissibility of statements made by Buka, which he alleged were made under pressure of police assaults, Mr Mickelsfield ruled that Buka made the statements freely and

voluntarily. He accepted them as evidence.

Dealing with the evidence of state witnesses, Mr Mickelsfield said the evidence of police witnesses was not completely satisfactory because it was contradictory.

But he condoned the contradictions saying they were made in order to be fair.

Originally Buka had said Mr Dubeni was passing through to his home in Mqanduli, but while being confronted with the evidence, he later said Mr Dubeni had come to discuss a meeting of their organisation which he had attended.

Mr Mickelsfield said Buka failed to explain why he carried the heavy object, the duplicator, and the other things two kilometres away and concealed them.



# Render unto Kaiser for chiefs

By STAN MZIMBA

FEARS are looming about a power battle in Umtata following what appears to be signs of strained relations between the two Matanzima brothers.

The "struggle for power" started when Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima called a meeting of all chiefs in Transkei and subsequently formed the Association of Transkei Chiefs.

The meeting went ahead despite all efforts by his brother President George Matanzima to block it.

After the meeting, former President Kaiser Matanzima told the Press he was aware of the campaign to block his meeting with the chiefs.

At the meeting, he told chiefs that they were owners of the land and that the government was merely a custodian of what belongs to them.

He indicated that it was essential that chiefs meet time and again and discuss matters of mutual and common interest.

George Matanzima refused to comment on the issue.

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# Pondoland's educational potential highlighted

## Dispatch Reporter

**MKAMBATI** — Various research specialists have recognised the Pondoland coast's conservation value and educational potential and an intensive campaign is underway to discover what species of plants, flora and small mammals exist there.

Their endeavours were launched at the annual conference of the South African Association of Botanists which was hosted by the University of Transkei's botany department this year.

The conference drew botanists from all over Southern Africa. They were taken to the Mkam-bati Game Reserve, located about 260 kms from Umtata, and were based at the educational centre.

Due to the large number of rare and endemic species which grow naturally only in this area it was decided that a number of specialists get together for an in-depth investigation of the area.

A few new species had been discovered there and the researchers felt

there were many more to be found.

The assistant director of the Botanical Research Institute in Pretoria, Mr Roger Ellis, said the area represented the best remaining habitat of its kind.

The research participants all agreed on the existing potential of the educational centre at the reserve, which has not yet been completed. It was begun about 18 months ago.

Mr Ellis said a unique situation existed at the educational centre where, with a very low capital outlay, a facility could be created which would benefit every Transkei pupil.

"Here they could see sea ecology, animals and forest, to name a few. There is such a diversity of habitat and great potential which the centre could offer.

"If you can get the kids to ask 'why, why, why' it would be a start to get them interested in ecology and later conservation," he said.

A senior lecturer at the University of the Western Cape and a former Unitra academic, Mr Bruce McKenzie, said the area was unique and consisted of a different geological system.

"It appears that very few Xhosa have settled here because of the poor soils and lack of trees. We can use this hook for conservation because it would not involve moving a lot of people."

A zoologist is conducting a water quality study of the major rivers which mark the boundaries of the reserve to see if any changes have occurred in the ecology due to outside development.

Mr McKenzie said researchers were concerned about the effect on the environment. "One should not stop development but one should make sure it does not affect the ecology.

"You have an element of tropical flora and Cape or mountain flora and you find things here that you would find in the Drakensburg but no where in between."

The educational centre, formerly a hospital and accompanying buildings, was advantageous as the infrastructure already existed and there would be no need to start from scratch, said Professor Colin Johnson.

"At the moment Transkei pupils don't have anywhere to go. This could be an opportunity for co-operation between education and conservation authorities where environmental awareness would be the focus."

"Excursions out of the formal working environment breaks down the barriers between staff and student and provides a better working relationship. The subject is brought to them on an enjoyable level."

Professor Johnson said the centre would be a total environmental education which could include agricultural elements and ways of improving farming methods.

Transkei offered no programme of this nature about environmental awareness and the centre offered an opportunity for Transkeians to appreciate that they had something special which might stimulate them to take pride in what they had, he said.



**Dispatch Reporter**

UMTATA — The chairman for the Commission of Inquiry into the Department of Works and Energy has condemned the intimidation and harassment of three advocates here — two whom are officers of the commission.

In a statement, the commission's chairman, Mr G. A. Alexander, SC, said the advocates, who were not named, were harassed and intimidated by a group of unknown men whose activities were being coordinated by walkie-talkie radios.

In the case of one advocate, he was actually threatened with his life by the intimidators in front of his house, he said.

"The brazen arrogance of this behavior extended behind those

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**Advocates' harassment condemned**

immediately exposed to it. It must have been foreseen by those responsible what traumatic effect their conduct would have on the wives and children concerned.

"I am in no position to say whether what was done arose out of the work of the two officers of this commission, or whether it was directed against all three because of their calling as advocates."

Mr Alexander said whatever the reason, those connected with

the commission felt that the ability to pursue the commission's objectives fearlessly and resolutely was being seriously jeopardised.

Mr Alexander praised the quick response by high government officials to this very serious matter.

He said, upon hearing the news, he felt it necessary to seek an immediate interview with the Minister of Finance, through whose department the commission

functioned.

"The minister listened with the utmost concern to what I had to say. He was sufficiently perturbed to take the matter up directly with the Prime Minister. I was informed that the Prime Minister had intervened to ensure the police would render all assistance and protection to the advocates and their families whenever required.

"It needs no emphasising that legal practitioners concerned with the pursuit of truth, whether in courts of law or statutory bodies such as this commission, should be entitled at all times to act independently without fear of hindrance — much less intimidation."

The commission continues today.

# Minister: T'kei aims <sup>15/12/82</sup> for clean <sup>DD</sup> post offices 103

**Dispatch Reporter**  
IDUTYWA — Transkei's postal administration was embarking on a new campaign to keep post offices clean and "palatable to the eye, the Minister of Posts and Telecommunications, Miss Stella Sigcau, said here at the weekend.

Miss Sigcau was guest speaker at the presentation ceremony of the Servitek Floating Shield at the Idutywa Post Office.

She said the South African postal administration had been practising the type of award for the best post office of the year for a long time.

"One only needs to visit some of their post offices to be able to discern to what extent their administration has benefited from the venture, she said.

Miss Sigcau presented the shield to the postmaster of Idutywa, Mr Bantu Shumane "which symbolises my appreciation for the excellent maintenance of a rather old station by our staff here under his leadership.

"Our administration believes that cleanli-

ness goes hand-in-hand with efficiency, the minister said.

She added: "For me this is the advent of a new era, the emergence of self-motivated officers who are prepared to run that extra mile and who are prepared to do more than their legitimate share of the job."

Turning to telecommunication services, the minister said in order to upgrade the service in Idutywa, it was necessary to introduce automation.

She revealed that the town was in line for a modern digital electronics exchange with sufficient trunk lines and subscriber lines to cater for any future developments.

The exchange of Idutywa would enjoy exchange status working to the planned Butterworth digital electronics.

It was expected that Butterworth extensions would be ready for service six months after the commissioning of the Umtata Gateway exchange in 1989.



MISS SIGCAU

The minister said the Development Bank of Southern Africa had agreed in principle to fund the projects under the five-year plan which included among other things the automation of Idutywa.

Miss Sigcau said among the problems faced was the fact that the type of switchboard still in use in Transkei was no longer manufactured anywhere in the world.

The minister also announced her department's plans to instal an optic cable between Umtata and East London.



# TDC chief hits out at sharks who hinder growth for all

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Development Corporation (TDC) was unlikely to perform efficiently without a cooperative and understanding government, the managing director, Mr Mbulelo Ntloko, said in a TDC report released here.

Mr Ntloko said it was imperative the TDC continuously feel the support of the Transkei Government throughout its operations and throughout the year.

The support the TDC was receiving from the government was initially demonstrated in the annual budget support, which was a source of inspiration for the corporation.

"It is with great regret to note that during 1986 such support was found entirely wanting on the part of the government as shown by the budget approved for our functioning of R12 million as against the requested R66 million," he said.

The argument was that corporations had to be self-funding, he said, but the crucial point was at what point should the corporations be self-funding and how and who determined the point.

"This will of course be homework for development economists, however, right now the concept is killing development in Transkei.

"These are realities we are facing as the Transkei Development Corporation," he said.

Mr Ntloko said the corporation

would concede to constructive criticism from any platform, but "we resent armchair criticism perpetrated by persons who have found it plausible for the boosting of their own image in their own spheres of influence.

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"We are fully conscious of our responsibility towards the people of Transkei and will do our best to fulfil these.

"It is on these grounds that we find difficulty in dealing with sharks who want to grab everything for themselves regardless of the starving masses around them," Mr Ntloko said.

He added: "We are here to develop all the people of Transkei and not a selected few; that is our mandate from the government as we understand it and interpret it."

Mr Ntloko said significant progress had been made in the commerce division during the course of the year in spite of the heavy financial constraints.

At the end of November, there were 100 loans approved, 78 applications were under investigation, 18 were rejected because they were not viable and 10 were withdrawn by the applicants.

The approved loans totalled to R3 937 912.

Mr Ntloko said it was regrettable that the TDC had a loan application totalling R30 million which could not be processed because of inadequate funds.

# Durban teacher is detained by Transkei police

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## Mercury Correspondent

UMTATA—An Indian teacher, originally from Durban, is among more than 17 people detained following a swoop by Transkei security police which also resulted in the detention of doctors, public prosecutors, civil servants and an attorney.

A list of detainees was made available by a firm of attorneys here on Monday.

Asked to comment, Transkei's head of the secu-

rity police, General Leonard Kawe said: 'We have detained several people since the beginning of last month. I am unable to make available the list of all those held.'

General Kawe said they were being held under Section 47 of the Transkei Public Security laws.

Among those held are Mrs Shanill Haricharan, a teacher in Maluti in the Northern Transkei, who originally came from Durban; Dr Bongani Lujabe, son of Transkei's Minister of Interior, Mr Mtuzeli Lujabe; Dr Zola Dabula, who spent two-and-a-half months in detention early this year; and a Mount Frere lawyer, Mr Ntando Bam.

Among the others held are six civil servants, an articled clerk, and a prison warden.

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nd, Hlengwese Mkise, 19, to drive them, carrying sjamboks and knob-

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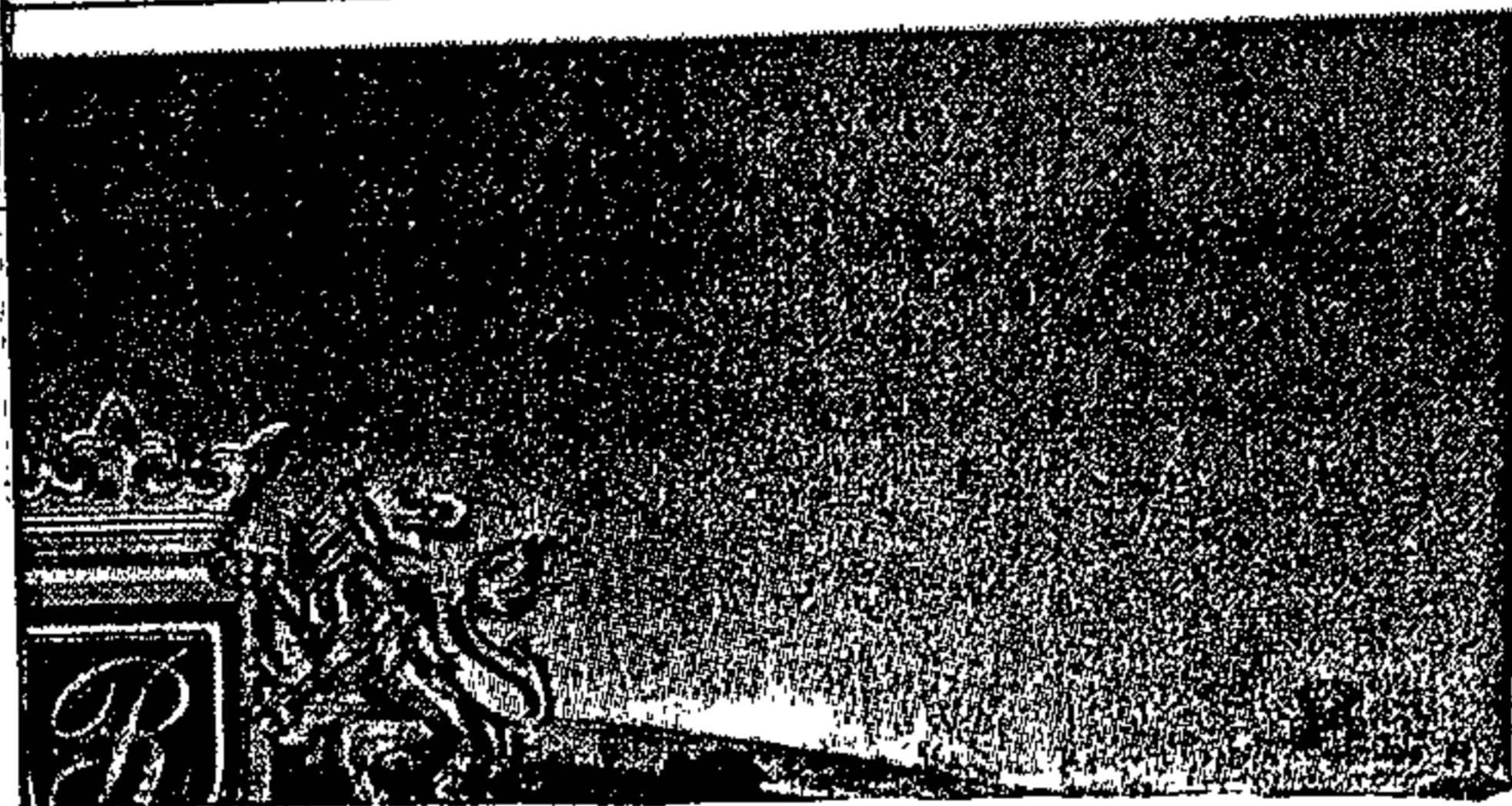
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# Transkei detains Ciskei man

EAST LONDON — An employee of the Ciskei People's Development Bank (CPDB), Mr E M Bici, had been detained by the Transkei Security Police under section 47 of the country's Public Security Act, Major-General Leonard Kawe confirmed yesterday.

General Kawe's confirmation ended three days of uncertainty over the whereabouts of Mr Bici, who had travelled to Transkei at the weekend and had failed to report

for work on Monday. The Ciskei Government has denied Mr Bici had been sent officially as an envoy to secure the release of the managing director of the CPDB, Mr Cecil Vanda, from detention.

## OWN ACCORD

Ciskei's Deputy Director-General for Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Headman Somtunzi, said Mr Bici had come to Transkei on his own accord to visit his home.

Mr Vanda was detained on Saturday, also under section 47 of the Public Security Act, in Nggamakhowe, where he went to unveil his father's tombstone.

His sister, Mrs Nomfundo Mabhentsela, said Mr Vanda had been taken before the unveiling ceremony began.

Mr Dave Law, the acting managing director of the CPDB, was not available for comment on the detention of the two bank employees. — Sapa



# My shops closed

CP Correspondent

CISKEI businessman Ben Nomoyi claims that his five Mdantsane businesses have been closed and his business vehicles confiscated by Ciskei security police.

Speaking from Transkei this week, he claimed that his entire workforce of 38 people were questioned and interrogated by Ciskei security police on Tuesday.

Nomoyi added that his wife, two children and his sister-in-law, Lindela Magoma, a sister of Ciskei Peoples' Right Protection Party leader Chief Lent Magoma, have also fled Ciskei after being questioned and interrogated by security police.

Nomoyi, an associate of the leader of Iiso Lomzi, Charles Sebe, has been a Mdantsane resident for

some time.

He said that at 3pm on Monday, his house at Zone 12, Mdantsane, as well as his supermarket in Zone 13, were searched by Ciskei security police. Workers at the supermarket were ordered to vacate the premises.

He claimed that the same action was taken by police at his drycleaning shop at Qunza highway.

At his hairdressing salon at Zone 2 and his drycleaning depots the police locked the premises and questioned his employees for about one and a half hours, he said.

Magoma claimed that she was taken to a police station and asked if Nomoyi, Chief Magoma and Charles Sebe intended returning to Ciskei and what their plans were if they returned.

She was also questioned about pamphlets that were distributed in Mdantsane, Zweelitsha, Alice and Dimbaza. The questioning lasted for about 45 minutes, she said.

## Matanzima to respond to church's suit

By STAN MZIMBA

PARAMOUNT Chief Kaiser Matanzima is expected to file replying affidavits to the registrar of the Transkei Supreme Court following a civil matter in which he has been cited as a respondent.

The urgent application was brought by the United Methodist Church of Southern Africa following the banning of the church's Western Transkei chairman of the district Rev Ezra Msezeli.

A spokesperson from Matanzima and Makiwane attorneys in Umtata confirmed the church has filed papers.

By STAN MZIMBA

A TOP Ciskei banking executive this week became the 18th person to be held under Section 47 of the Transkei's Internal Act since the security forces began large-scale swoops last month.

People's Development Bank MD Cecil Vanda was detained at Ngqamakwe at the unveiling of his father's tombstone.

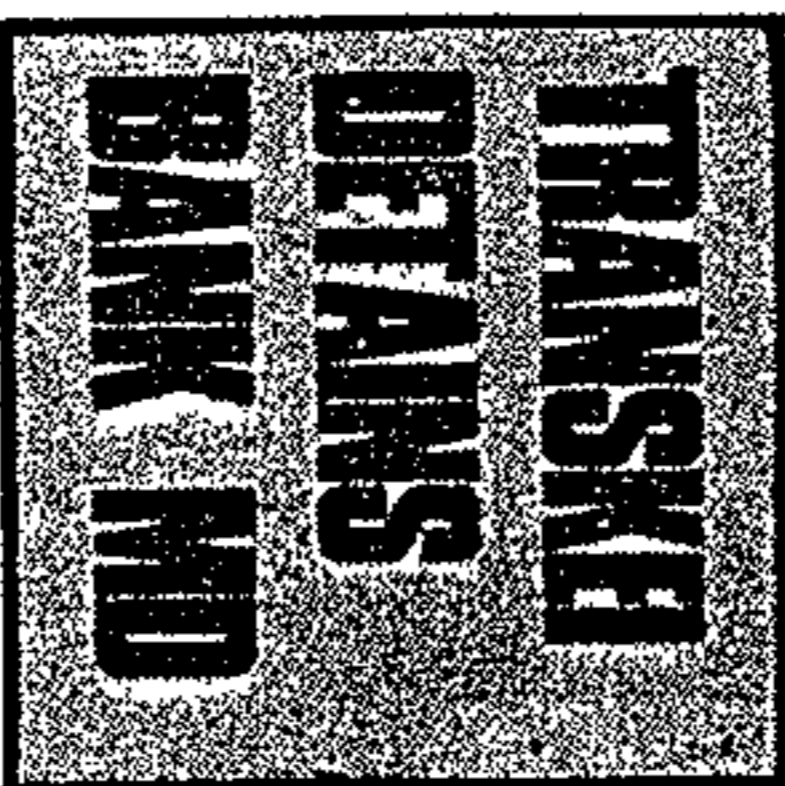
Dr Bongani Lujabe, son of Transkei Interior Minister Mtutuzeli Lujabe, was held early last month.

Dr Zola Dabula - who was detained for two months last year - was detained a week ago.

Lawyer Ntando Bam and teacher Shanill Haricharan were also detained.

Six civil servants from the Botha Sigcau Building, a telephone technician and a bank clerk have also been detained.

Meanwhile the three

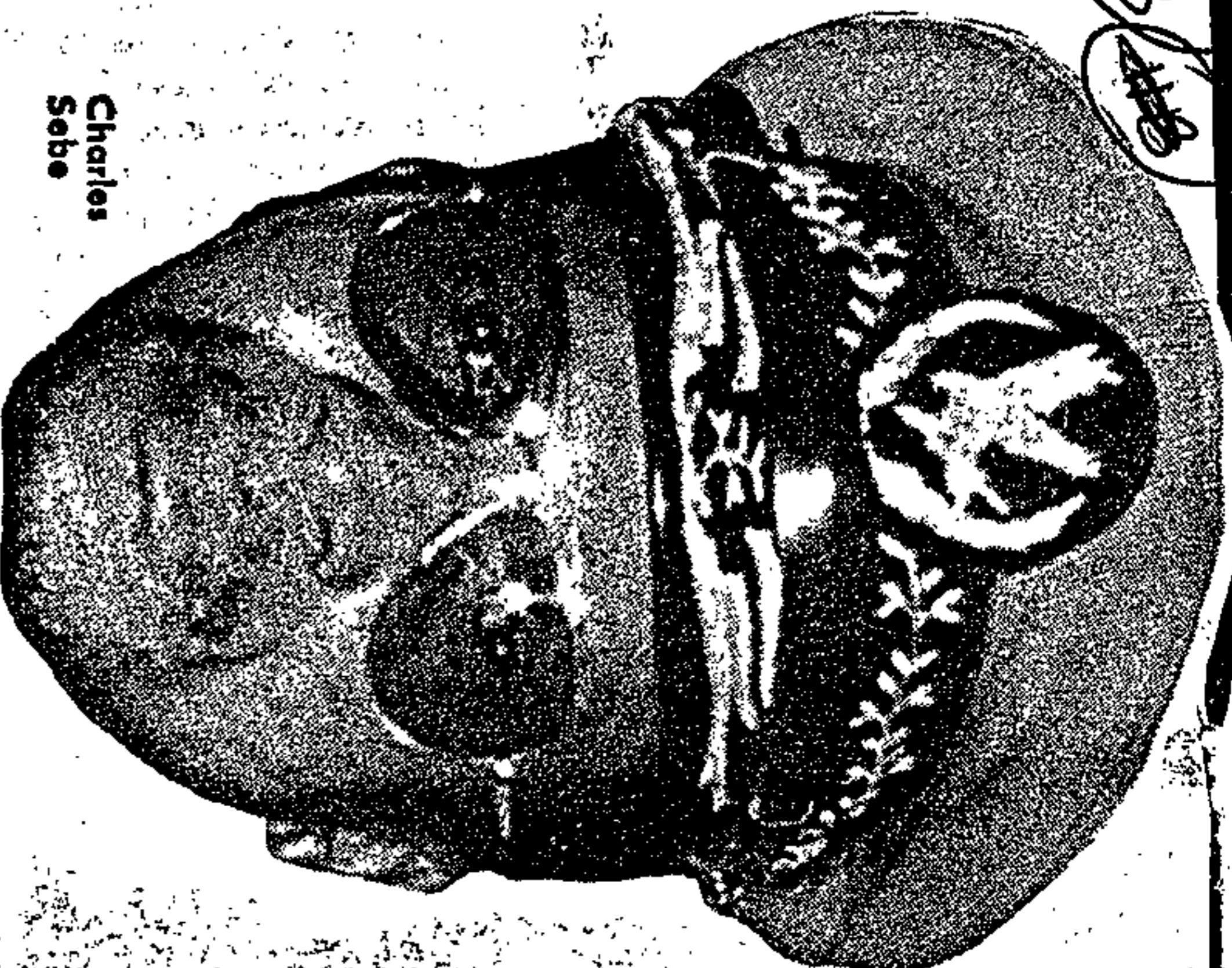


Umtata lawyers - Dave Shaw, Arnold Immerman and Allistair Buchan - who were deported from Umtata last week have been permitted to return to Umtata until December 24 to finish their business.

Meanwhile, a CP Correspondent reports that in King William's Town Ciskei police were reported to have prevented all non-Ciskeian cars from entering Mdantsane last Tuesday night.

A Ciskei security police spokesman confirmed there had been roadblocks.

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Charles Sebe

## Jailed over 2 'guests'

By STAN MZIMBA

A TRANSKEI farmer has been jailed for seven years for "harbouring or concealing terrorists".

Umtata Regional Court Magistrate R Micklefield heard that eight security policemen searched the Engcobo home of Zakade Buka, 56, on August 2 last year.

Suddenly there was bursts from what the court was told was automatic weapons, injuring a Constable Nisomi. The police fled - leaving their vehicles behind - and later returned with reinforcements.

The magistrate said he was satisfied that Buka had harboured two terrorists. Bukas had said the men had visited him on their way from Johannesburg to Mganduli and he knew them as union members.

The magistrate asked why, if they were innocent, had Buka hidden AK47 magazines, a duplicating machine and a wire cutter which police later found.

The court heard that pamphlets of the banned African National Congress were found in the room in which the two men had slept. Buka, father of five, had no previous convictions.

## Why is boy held?

By STAN MZIMBA

CALA security police in Transkei have been asked by Supreme Court Judge DJ Lombard to show cause why they should not be prevented from unlawfully detaining a Standard 10 pupil, Sonwabo Kayingana.

His mother, Nonzame, said in papers that her son was detained on October 10 this year while at a library in Cala.

Since then she has received several reports that her son has occasionally been beaten by police and he has been forced to implicate Cala bookshop owner Lungisile Ntsebeza by saying that Ntsebeza had called and addressed a political meeting where he (Kayingana) was also present.

Mrs Kayingana said she was of the opinion that her son was held unlawfully and that there was nothing concerning him which resulted in his arrest. The police have been given until January 29 next year to reply.

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23/2/86 STUK

# Transkei 'plans to deport 103 US priest'

DURBAN — An American priest is in detention in Transkei and the authorities plan to deport him, church sources in Durban said yesterday.

They said Transkei authorities detained Roman Catholic priest Father James Casimir Paulson last week and were also holding a woman church worker, Ms Nomonde Matiso.

The US Consul-General in Durban, Mr Martin Cheshes, said: "We are aware of the situation and are trying to do what we can to be helpful."

The consulate's task is complicated by the fact that Washington does not accept Transkei's independent status.

Priests in Durban said Father Paulson, who is 51, has served in southern Africa for many years. He is in charge of the church's youth work in Transkei.

No comment was immediately available from the Transkeian authorities. — Sapa-Reuter

# State opposes ex-detainees' bail bid

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Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — Judgment was yesterday delivered in an application for bail by seven former detainees who are facing charges of allegedly furthering the aims of a banned organisation.

No evidence was led when Mr Leo Vantolo, Mr Salakaty Simuku, Mr Sigqibo Mpendulo, Mr Synod Madlebe, Mr William Mapipa, Mr Mzimkulu Swarthooi and Mr Victor Zamela appeared before Mr W. Kunju in the magistrate's court yesterday.

The public prosecutor indicated that the application for bail was opposed on grounds under section 48 of the Public Security Act.

He said that in terms of the section a certificate would be sought from the attorney-general to oppose the application and this would mean the postponement of the case for 14 days.

Mr Justice Poswa, for the first six accused, and Mr Mda Mda, appearing for Mr Zamela, said there was no reason to postpone the matter as it had already been postponed and bail refused on November 20.

Section 48 of the Public Security Act provides for postponement of a case for 14 days when a security matter is referred back to the attorney-general to decide whether to issue a certificate refusing bail or otherwise.

Arguing in support of the application, Mr Poswa said that according to the record of the case bail was applied for and refused during the last appearance and the case was remanded until yesterday for consideration of bail.

He took it for granted that the postponement was effected in terms of section 48 and said if that was the case the certificate would have been issued long before yesterday.

He said it should be considered that the men had been detained three to four months ago.

Mr Poswa said there were many reasons for the bail application which the court had to consider.

One of them was the fact that the accused men were being handled as if they were still in security detention and had not yet been charged, while in fact they were already awaiting trial.

He told the court that the law required such people not to remain in the hands of the security police but in the custody of the prison department.

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# Stop Kaiser priest pleads

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J. M. M. 11/2/78

UMTATA — The Chief Justice of Transkei, Mr Justice H van Reenen, has reserved judgement on an urgent application for an interdict to restrain the former Transkeian President, Paramount Chief K D Matanzima, from barring a Methodist minister from entering Western Tembuland.

The urgent application by Rev E M Msezeli of the United Methodist Church of Southern Africa (Transkei) in the Transkei Supreme Court sought that he be allowed to return to the area, from which he was banned by Chief Matanzima.

The Transkeian church broke away from the Methodist Church of Southern Africa in 1978 when the then Prime Minister, Chief K D Matanzima, banned the Methodist Church from operating in Transkei, because it allegedly refused to recognise the independence of Transkei.



CHIEF Kaiser Matanzima

In terms of the ban, Mr Msezeli is prohibited from holding church meetings in Western Tembuland.

In his affidavit, Mr Msezeli submitted that the banning order was entirely unconstitutional and infringed on the freedom of religion.

Mr Msezeli accused the former State President of interfering with the work of the church and said the application had been urgent because Mr Msezeli could not continue with church work.

Mr Justice van Reenen found there was no need for an urgent interim order as the work of the church depended on the various superintendents under Mr Msezeli.

Meanwhile, Paramount Chief Matanzima was held a number of meetings in Western Tembuland to try to establish a new church that will be subservient to him. He has said the church he helped to form in 1978 was no longer loyal to him. — Sapa.

CPDB Trans 27/12/86

# 5 freed in Kei detainee swap

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EAST LONDON. — The dispute between Ciskei and Transkei ended in handshakes and a pledge of Xhosa peace and brotherhood in the middle of the Kei Bridge on Wednesday morning with the first exchange of detainees.

The exchange was made in terms of an agreement reached after the mediation of South Africa's former chief justice, Mr Justice Rumpff.

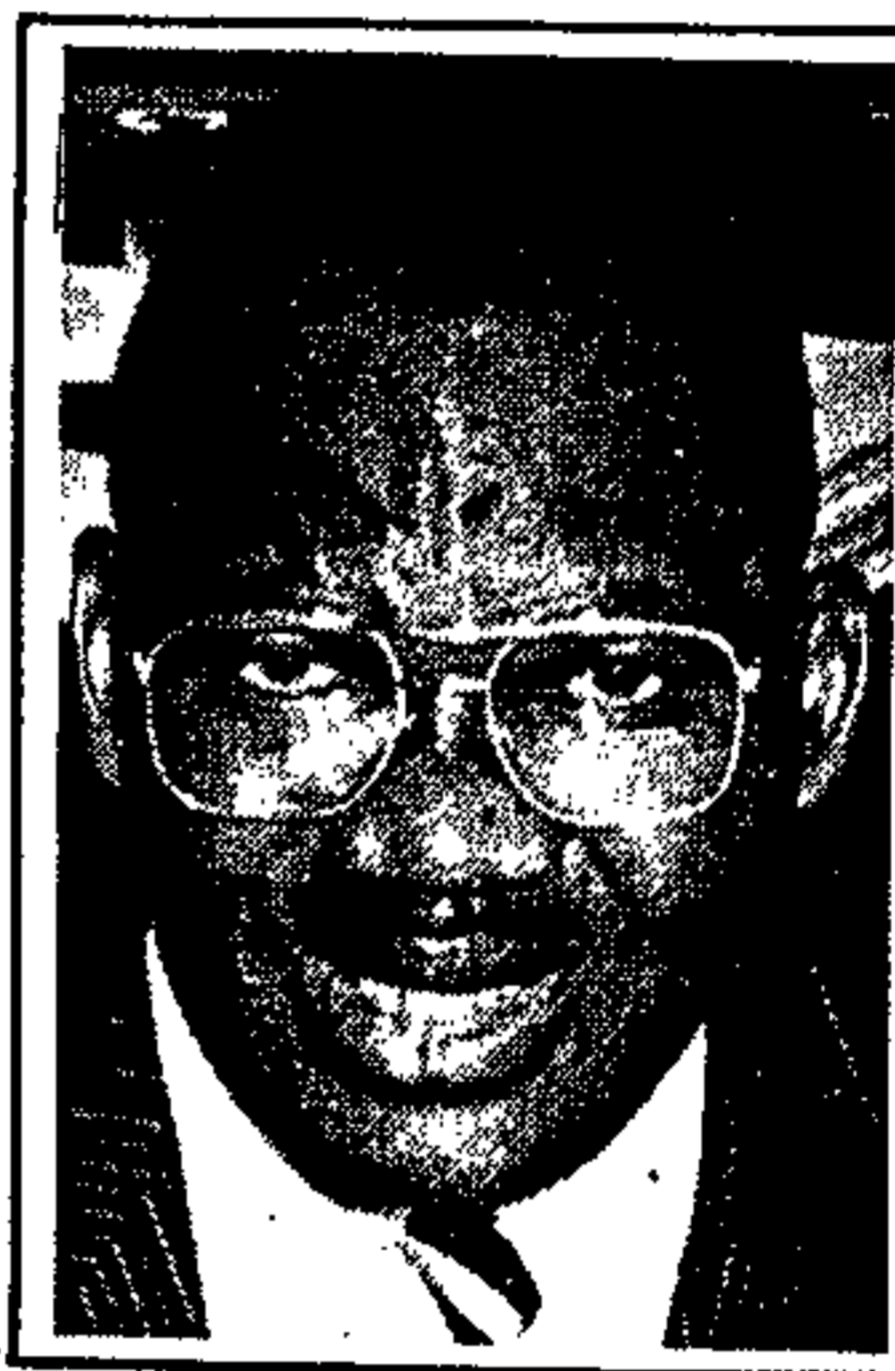
It involved the release of three men from detention in Ciskei and two from detention in Transkei.

A second exchange involving four members of the Sebe family and a senior Ciskei police officer has been arranged for 7am on Tuesday, December 30, also on the Kei Bridge.

Then the commander of the Ciskei police elite unit, and son of Ciskei's President Lennox Sebe, Major-General Kwane Sebe, and his second-in-command, Colonel Zandisile Ngwanya, are to be released from imprisonment in Transkei.

Ciskei will release Mr Khambashe Sebe, Mr Toni Sebe and Mr Koli Sebe, all nephews of President Sebe, and hand them over to Transkei.

On Wednesday, the managing director of the Ciskei People's Development Bank, Mr Cecil Vanda, and a CPDB employee, Mr E M Bici, were released from detention in Transkei.



President Sebe

A Butterworth businessman, Mr Lennox Macanda, an employee of his, Mr John Boo, and a retired school inspector, Mr Diliza Khunjuzwa, were released from Ciskei detention.

The only hitch in the swap, which occurred more than an hour after its scheduled time of 7am, came when the elderly Mr Khunjuzwa declared that he was not a Transkeian and did not want to go to Transkei — but wanted to go back to his home in Keiskammahoek, Ciskei. This was permitted.



# T'kei court dismisses cleric's application

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27/12/86  
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## Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA.— The Supreme Court has dismissed with costs an application by a Methodist minister, the Reverend E. N. Msezeli, for temporary relief to be allowed to conduct church services in certain areas of Western Tembuland over Christmas.

Mr Msezeli had sought the temporary relief against an order made by the former State President of Transkei, Paramount Chief Kaiser Matanzima, barring him from visiting certain areas in Western Tembuland.

The application for temporary relief was part of an application for an urgent interdict seeking to annul Paramount Chief Matanzima's order.

Earlier, the presiding judge, Mr

Justice Van Reenen, had found that the application was not urgent and postponed it to a date still to be fixed at the request of Paramount Chief Matanzima, who wished to have time to file supplementary affidavits.

Mr Justice Van Reenen said that the order by Paramount Chief Matanzima was mainly directed at an individual in its very nature and purpose. It was not directed at the church as there was no reference made in the order to the church.

He dismissed the contention that if Mr Msezeli was not allowed to visit the area the church would suffer harm.

He ordered that the application be postponed to a date to be arranged.

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# T'kei councils: <sup>DD</sup> <sup>29/12/8</sup> <sup>(13)</sup> big loan burden

Dispatch Reporter

UMTATA — The Transkei Municipal Association (TMA) has conceded defeat in its efforts to arrange for its members' loans from public debt commissioners to be written off.

Although the Transkei Government had received considerable financial assistance from the South African Government since independence, none of the funds went to the coffers of municipalities, a report released here by the TMA said.

Many municipalities and village management boards had incurred heavy loans from South African public debt commissioners in the year before independence, the report said.

Thus the new Transkeian town councils found themselves burdened with heavy annual loan repayments which they had played no part in incurring.

The sum jointly owed by the municipalities to the South African public debt commissioners was little when compared with the sums of money made available to the Transkei Government by the South African Government, the TMA said.

However, the small country municipalities considered the loan repayments "burdensome and inhibiting," the report said.

In view of the relatively small sum involved, the association had approached the South African Government as early as 1979 with a request that the loans be written off.

Although negotiations on the subject were "long and laborious", the association had persisted but its efforts had been in vain.

A letter written last year by the South African embassy here said an agreement had been reached and arrangements were being made to negotiate with the Transkei Government.

"However, it transpired that the arrangement was simply that the Transkeian public debt commissioners would pay out the South African public debt commissioners but the municipalities would have to continue their repayment to the Transkei public debt commissioners," the report said.

The report said the persistence of the TMA over the past seven years had made it a nuisance to the relevant South African authorities and that the arrangement would serve to "get the TMA off their backs," the report said.