

CUERILKA ACTIVITIES

1986

JANUARY - MARCH.

State President's Fund needs cash

3/1/86

Pretoria Bureau

84A

Victims of terrorism received almost R2 million in assistance from the State President's Fund in 1985.

The fund, established in June 1983 after the car bomb blast in the centre of Pretoria which killed 19 people, is today battling with a diminishing bank balance.

The fund's secretary, Mr Hannes Mouton, yesterday denied that the fund was exhausted or nearing bankruptcy. The number of terror acts had risen sharply over the past year and this had put strain on the fund, he said.

Last year 138 victims turned to the fund for help. The fund entered the New Year with 150 applications in various stages of being processed. This was without claims which could stem from the latest terror acts in the Northern Transvaal and Natal South Coast.

Money paid out by the fund was to compensate for damage to property, personal possessions, medical expenses and rehabilitation.

Only R131 000 was received last year in public donations, bringing the fund's income for last year to R262 000. Mr Mouton said for every R1 donated, the State pledged R1.

Entry curbs implemented to counter increase in terrorists, say officials

Govt clamps down on Lesotho border traffic

STAR 4/1/86

MASERU — The South African Government is restricting the number of visitors crossing its border with Lesotho due to fears that the number of terrorists in its neighbouring country was increasing.

The Department of Foreign Affairs this week confirmed it was taking steps to curb the traffic between the two countries, following claims by Lesotho Government officials that South African border officials were barring most Lesotho citizens trying to cross the border.

The move apparently started on Wednesday, with South African immigration officials only allowing through those working in mines in South Africa. No reason was given for the clampdown, Lesotho Government officials said.

Lesotho officials at the Maseru Bridge border post said the South Africans told those barred on Wednesday they would be allowed in the next day, but on Thursday morning they were turned away again.

Suspect vehicles

Reacting to the allegations of a border clampdown, a spokesman of the Department of Foreign Affairs said the South African authorities were forced to take steps regarding the movement of people across the border as a result of confidential information indicating an increase in the number of terrorists in Lesotho.

The measures included restrictions on certain categories of visitors from Lesotho and restrictions on the granting of new border traffic privileges.

Suspect vehicles possibly transporting hidden people or arms were being thoroughly searched, she said.

The Lesotho Information Minister, Mr Desmond Sixishe, said he felt the South African action was a retaliatory move against Lesotho, which this week petitioned the UN Security Council over the killing on December 20 of nine people in Maseru.

Lesotho blamed South Africa for the murders, but Pretoria denied any involvement. Responsibility for the killings was claimed by the Lesotho National Liberation Army. The Security Council unanimously condemned South Africa for the killings. — Sapa-Reuter.

W/E ARGUS 4/1/86

De Jonge: Secretary sacked

Weekend Argus Foreign Service

THE HAGUE. — Holland's Foreign Ministry has dismissed a secretary from its Pretoria embassy because of her alleged close ties with Mr Klaas de Jonge and another anti-apartheid activist.

The Foreign Office has declined to comment.

The woman, identified only as Miss Karin M, is said to have been too co-operative towards the Dutch anthropologist, Mr de Jonge, who has enjoyed diplomatic protection in the embassy since July last year.

Miss M, recalled to The Hague a few

weeks ago, shared her Pretoria flat with a friend who, it was later found, maintained close contacts with various Dutch anti-apartheid groups.

The secretary smuggled out of the embassy four letters from Mr de Jonge - one of which was found in the possession of her friend, Miss P, when she was arrested by security police at Alexandra township near Johannesburg.

It has been suggested that classified information held at the embassy in Pretoria on Dutch trade links with South Africa may have been passed on to anti-apartheid groups by the secretary and her friend.

SADF starts huge manhunt in area

of landmine blast

By Dirk Nel,
Northern Transvaal Bureau

ELLISRAS — A huge manhunt is in progress today for more infiltrators in the north-western Transvaal border area.

Troops are pouring into the area and a special western border task force is operating from the Stockpoort border post, 60 km north-west of Ellisras.

"Although there are indications that Saturday's landmine was planted by a single person, we are taking no chances and a thorough search has been launched over a wide area," said Major A J Becker at military headquarters in Ellisras.

The latest incident, in which two people died, occurred more than 200 km south-west of the last blast, which was near Messina and in which six people were killed.

Tight security measures are still in force on all untarred roads in the Ellisras district and several routes remained closed this morning as minesweeping operations continued.

Farmers have been requested not to travel unnecessarily in the sparsely-populated area between Ellisras and Swartwater.

It is clear that Defence Force strategists believe the African National Congress is moving to this area and that access routes from Zimbabwe have been abandoned for the time being.

● The Star's political correspondent reports that the latest border landmine blast has increased pressures for either strong punitive action or the ini-

tiation of talks with the ANC.

The Minister of Defence, General Magnus Malan, appeared to be taking a hard line early today when he said: "After de-liberation, the Government will act in order to fight this evil."

He said that neighbouring countries would have to prevent terrorists from crossing their borders "otherwise we will have to do it for them".

White opposition spokesmen today deplored the latest incident but were at odds as to how South Africa should react.

Progressive Federal Party leader and defence spokesman Dr Van Zyl Slabbert said from Swaziland that this type of incident would simply escalate violence inside South Africa and increase regional instability.

"If the ANC is behind this landmine planting, I wish to implore them to reconsider this kind of strategy as it is simply going to harden attitudes and lead to increasing loss of life."

Dr Slabbert said it was understandable that the Government had to act under the circumstances but, for the sake of peaceful change and negotiation, he wished to urge it to act with the utmost restraint.

Mr Koos van der Merwe, Conservative Party spokesman on defence, took a much tougher line.

He said the Government could no longer secure the safety of South Africans and he called on the authorities to take immediate military and other steps "to wipe out terrorist bases in our neighbouring states".

● See Page 6.

S STAR 6/1/86

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Neighbours warned on harbouring insurgents

Southern Africa 'will pay for terror raids'

6/1/86
84A
STAR

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, has confirmed the State Security Council sent a statement to South Africa's neighbouring states on December 20 warning if insurgents continued to operate from those countries "all of Southern Africa would have a heavy price to pay".

He was talking after the landmine explosion that killed two people and injured two others near Ellisras, on the Botswana border, on Saturday.

The statement said "terrorist elements" were continuing to operate against South Africa from a number of neigh-

bouring states, including Zambia, Botswana, Mozambique, Zambia, Lesotho and Swaziland.

It said serious attention was being given to intelligence reports "on the increased violence and terror planned and executed from neighbouring states".

'A DUTY'

The State Security Council had decided these countries should be urged to realise that, if the menace continued, "all of Southern Africa would have a heavy price to pay", the statement added.

It said: "South Africa had a duty to protect its

borders and its peoples by all appropriate means."

● The Conservative Party has demanded the Government, which it said could no longer secure the safety of South Africans, take immediate military and other steps to wipe out terrorist bases in neighbouring states.

A statement by Mr Koos van der Merwe, MP for Jeppe and the CP's chief spokesman on defence matters, said yesterday:

"The terrorist murders point an accusing finger at a clumsy Nationalist Government which can simply no longer secure

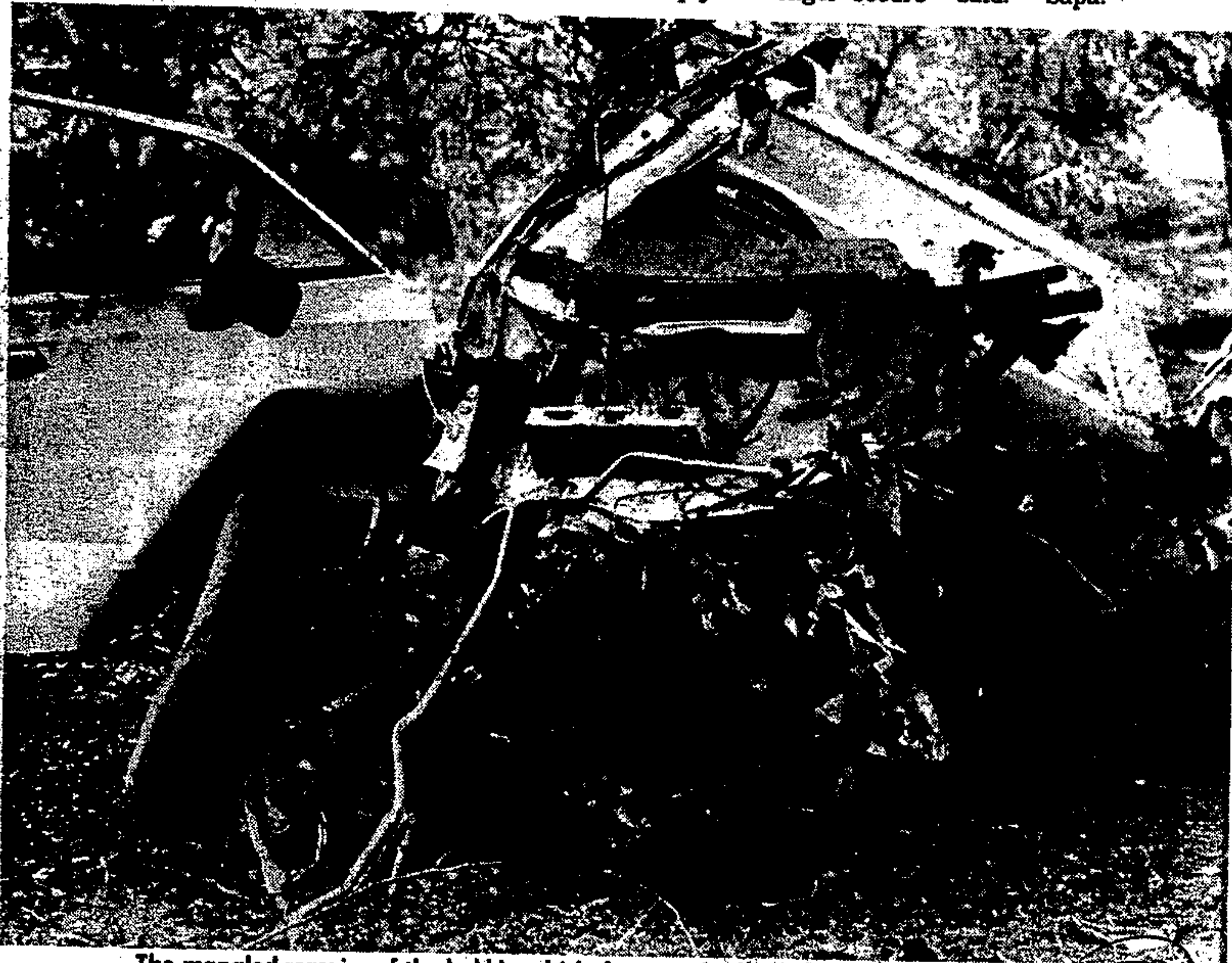
the safety of the people of South Africa.

"The Government is creating the false impression with our enemies that South Africa has become a spineless country which only threatens but does not protect its residents.

STRONG ACTION

"The CP demands immediate military and other steps to wipe out terrorist bases in our neighbouring states.

"The continual absence of strong and purposeful action against the terrorists is endangering the lives of innocent South Africans," the statement said. — Sapa.



The mangled remains of the bakkie which detonated a landmine, killing two people.

Troops seal off landmine blast area

South African troops sealed off the remote farming area north of the border town of Ellisras today after a landmine ripped apart a farmer's bakkie, killing his wife and father at the weekend.

One of the vehicle's front wheels detonated the mine and Mr Hubert du Plessis and his daughter-in-law, Elise, died in the resulting explosion.

back of the vehicle, were thrown from the wreck and injured.

From his hospital bed, Mr Venter, his head wrapped in bandages and his face peppered with wounds from the blast, told how the tragedy occurred.

He said the bakkie had stalled a few minutes before the blast and the driver had to use extra ca-



The mangled remains of the bakkie which detonated a landmine, killing two people.

Troops seal off landmine blast area

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One of the vehicle's front wheels detonated the mine and Mr Hubert du Plessis and his daughter-in-law, Elise, died in the resulting explosion.

The front of the vehicle was completely destroyed in the huge blast and mangled pieces of wreckage were scattered into the bush for many metres around the scene of the explosion.

The landmine, which left a huge crater in the dirt road, exploded with such force that it hurled the rear of the bakkie on to a wire fence next to the road.

It also ripped the engine from the chassis and hurled it into the bush.

Mr Hubert du Plessis and Mrs du Plessis were sitting in the cab of the bakkie at the time of the attack.

Mrs Du Plessis's husband, Deon, and a visitor from Pretoria, Mr Daniel Jacobus Venter, who were in the

back of the vehicle, were thrown from the wreck and injured.

From his hospital bed, Mr Venter, his head wrapped in bandages and his face peppered with wounds from the blast, told how the tragedy occurred.

He said the bakkie had stalled a few minutes before the blast and the driver had to use extra low gear to get over a rise.

"From then on I just can't remember much," he said.

"After the blast I had a look round and I saw there was no sign of life and that everything was in pieces."

Mr Deon du Plessis, whose hand was badly injured, was able to talk after the attack and told Mr Venter where to go for help.

"I ran three or four kilometres back down the road," said Mr Venter.

When he got to a farmhouse he found two neighbours and eventually managed to call for help, he said. — Sapa.

Mine 'like the others'

By Dirk Nel
Northern
Transvaal Bureau

ELLISRAS — The landmine which claimed the lives of two more people in the Northern Transvaal at the weekend was similar to the devices which exploded in the Messina area recently.

A military spokesman said it was possible that diplomatic pressure on the Zimbabwean Government had brought tighter security north of the Limpopo, resulting in a shift by infiltrators to the Botswana border.

In a statement yesterday Brigadier J Fourie, a senior staff officer of Far North Military Command, said Saturday's

fatal explosion at Stockpoort, near Ellisras, occurred at 3.20 pm.

Mrs Elize de Beer (32) and her father-in-law Mr Hubert de Beer were killed. Her husband and the owner of the farm, Mr Deon de Beer, and a friend, Mr L Venter of Pretoria were injured.

The landmine was planted on a remote farm road about 200 m from the Botswana border.

Brig Fourie said a single set of footprints seemed to indicate that only one person crossed to the farm, laid the mine, then returned to Botswana.

He added that the device was probably planted early on Saturday.

Northern Transvaal
Bureau

ELLISRAS — Saturday's landmine blast involving the well-liked De Beer couple has shocked the Ellisras farming community.

"I still can't believe that Elize has died," said Mr W A Lewis, chairman of the local farmers' association.

"We got to know and love them — the tragedy has come as a big shock," said a Defence Force officer sadly.

Many farmers in the district feel strong military action is necessary to eliminate the insurgent threat.

Others point out that strong diplomatic pressure on Zimbabwe after the Messina blast brought the desired effect.

Local commando chief, Commandant

Blast shocks people of Ellisras

Koos Erasmus, said commando units had been alerted and everything possible would be done to make the area safe for normal farming activities.

Yesterday Defence Force units were still busy with mine-sweeping operations in the area and newsmen wishing to visit the scene had to travel in military vehicles.

Security was strict and road blocks were set up on several roads.

Ellisras: Troops pour in for huge manhunt

AR 6/1/86

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847

The Argus Correspondent

ELLISRAS. — A huge manhunt is in progress today for more possible terrorist infiltrators in the north-western Transvaal border area.

But the Government is awaiting information from the Defence Force on where exactly the insurgents responsible for the explosion came from before taking any diplomatic action.

A spokesman for the Department of Foreign Affairs said it was suspected that the insurgents had come from Botswana, but no "firm facts" to confirm this had been obtained so far.

Mrs Elize de Beer, 32, and her father-in-law, Mr Hubert de Beer, were killed in the blast. Her husband, Mr Deon de Beer, and a friend, Mr L Venter of Pretoria, were injured.

Troops are pouring into the area and a special western border task force is operating from the Stockpoort border post, 60km north-west of Ellisras.

"Although there are indications that Saturday's landmine was planted by a single person, we are taking no chances and a thorough search has been launched over a wide area," said Major A J Becker at military headquarters in Ellisras.

The latest incident occurred more than 200km south-west of the last incursion near Messina, which killed six people.

Access routes

Tight security measures are still in force on all untarred roads in the Ellisras district and several routes were still closed this morning, as mine sweeping operations continued.

Farmers have been requested not to travel unnecessarily in the sparsely-populated area between Ellisras and Swartwater.

It is clear that Defence Force strategists believe the African National Congress is moving to this area and that access routes from Zimbabwe have been abandoned for the time being.

A spokesman for the Department of Foreign Affairs said the Defence Force was continuing its investigations and it was expected that a report on where the insurgents had come from would be received in the next day or two.

He said it was virtually certain that once this information had been received, a further warning would be issued to the neighbour state concerned by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha.

Mr Botha was not available today to comment.

More soft targets in ANC

5/1/86
BUS DAY
sights

8911
Business Day Reporter

THE African National Congress is preparing a new offensive in SA to give direction to township violence.

Peter Goodwin, a London *Sunday Times* reporter, says in a front-page report that the announcement is to be part of Oliver Tambo's address in Lusaka, Zambia, to mark the ANC's 74th anniversary.

Goodwin says Tambo is expected to announce a new strategy for the banned organisation on Wednesday. It will include instructions to attack white civilian targets.

An ANC spokesman in Lusaka has denied, however, that Tambo plans to announce a new strategy of attacks on soft white civilian targets.

He said Tambo's announcement on Wednesday would undoubtedly include calls for stepping up the campaign to isolate the SA government, to get mandatory economic sanctions imposed and to intensify the armed struggle.

This follows news of Saturday's blast in which two people were killed and two injured when a landmine exploded under a bakkie on a game farm near Ellisras in the Northern Transvaal.

Sapa reports that the ANC would not comment on the explosion which killed a white woman, Elize de Beer, 32, and her father-in-law, Hubert de Beer, 55, on Saturday, until they had received reports from combatants inside SA.

De Beer's son, Deon du Plessis de Beer, 34, and the owner of the farm, Daniel Jacobus Venter, 58, of Waverley, Pretoria, were injured in the explosion. Their condition is reported to be satisfactory.

The London *Sunday Times* quotes the ANC as saying that "enemy personnel", including border farmers, will be increasingly favoured as targets.

According to Goodwin's report, Tambo is also expected to announce that the ANC will change its strategy on recruitment. Recruits will be instructed to remain in SA for training using bases in black townships.

ANC spokesmen deny this.

Goodwin's article claims it will be possible to train ANC recruits in SA because of the collapse of government's township informer network after the assassination of alleged informers by angry mobs over the past few months.

Sapa reports the latest blast is the eighth landmine explosion inside SA's borders since November 27.

In a previous incident six people, two women and four children, died in a blast after their bakkie hit a landmine on a game farm in the Messina district last month.

LANDMINE KILLS 2

S4A SOWETAN 6/1/86

AN Ellisras man and his daughter-in-law died and his son and the farm owner were injured when a light truck detonated a landmine on a farm in the Ellisras area on Saturday.

A spokesman for defence headquarters in Pretoria said the incident occurred about 2 pm on the Stockpoort farm about 25 km from Ellisras and about 3 km from the Botswana border.

The spokesman said a Mr de Beer (55), and his daughter-in-law Mrs E de Beer (32), both of the Ellisras area were killed.

His son, Mr Deon du Plessis de Beer (34), and the owner of the arm, Mr Daniel Jacobus Venter (48), of Waverley, Pretoria,

were injured.

Their condition is satisfactory. They have been taken to a hospital in Pretoria.

The African National Congress said yesterday it had no comment to make on the landmine explosion.

A spokesman for the organisation said in Lusaka: "We have no comment to make until we have received reports

from our combatants inside South Africa," reports Sapa-Reuter.

The South African Defence Force said guerrillas who planted the landmine came from and went across the nearby Botswana border.

Brigadier Minnaar Fourie told reporters: "We have no doubt that the ANC is responsible. — Sapa.

You'll get the same, Malan tells terrorists

84A
Mercury 6/1/86

PRETORIA—South Africa again appeared poised last night to strike at ANC targets in neighbouring states after a pointed warning from Defence Minister, Gen Magnus Malan, following another landmine attack in Northern Transvaal.

Those responsible for the latest attack, near Ellisras, were nothing more than a gang of murderers whose detestable acts could only be met with the same language, said Gen Malan.

In a statement to Sapa last night he said the latest terrorist attack was once again evidence that neither the South African Government nor other civilised South Africans could negotiate with or talk to the African National Congress.

Landmines planted on public roads were not aimed at any specific targets, but at any member of the public. After deliberation the Government will act in order to fight this evil.

Front
The time has come when all civilised nations should stand together and be a front against all forms of terrorism, the general declared.

Meanwhile the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, confirmed last night that South Africa had warned all her neighbours in a message on December 20, that the price southern Africa would have to pay for allowing terrorists to operate on their territory would be very heavy.

Mr Botha, according to a television report last night, said the warning had gone out to Botswana, Mozambique, Zimbabwe, Lesotho and Swaziland.

'I looked at the scene and decided that the best

thing was to go for help after it was clear that there was no life left in the other two,' he said from his ward in H.F. Verwoerd Hospital in Pretoria.

He said that the bakkie had driven down a dip on a private road.

'We had to change into low gear to go over the hump and after that I cannot remember a thing except running down that road,' he said.

It was the eighth landmine explosion killing people on South Africa's borders and brings to nine the number of people killed in the blasts.

Incident

In a previous incident, also on a game farm, six people, including two women and four children, died as their light truck detonated a landmine.

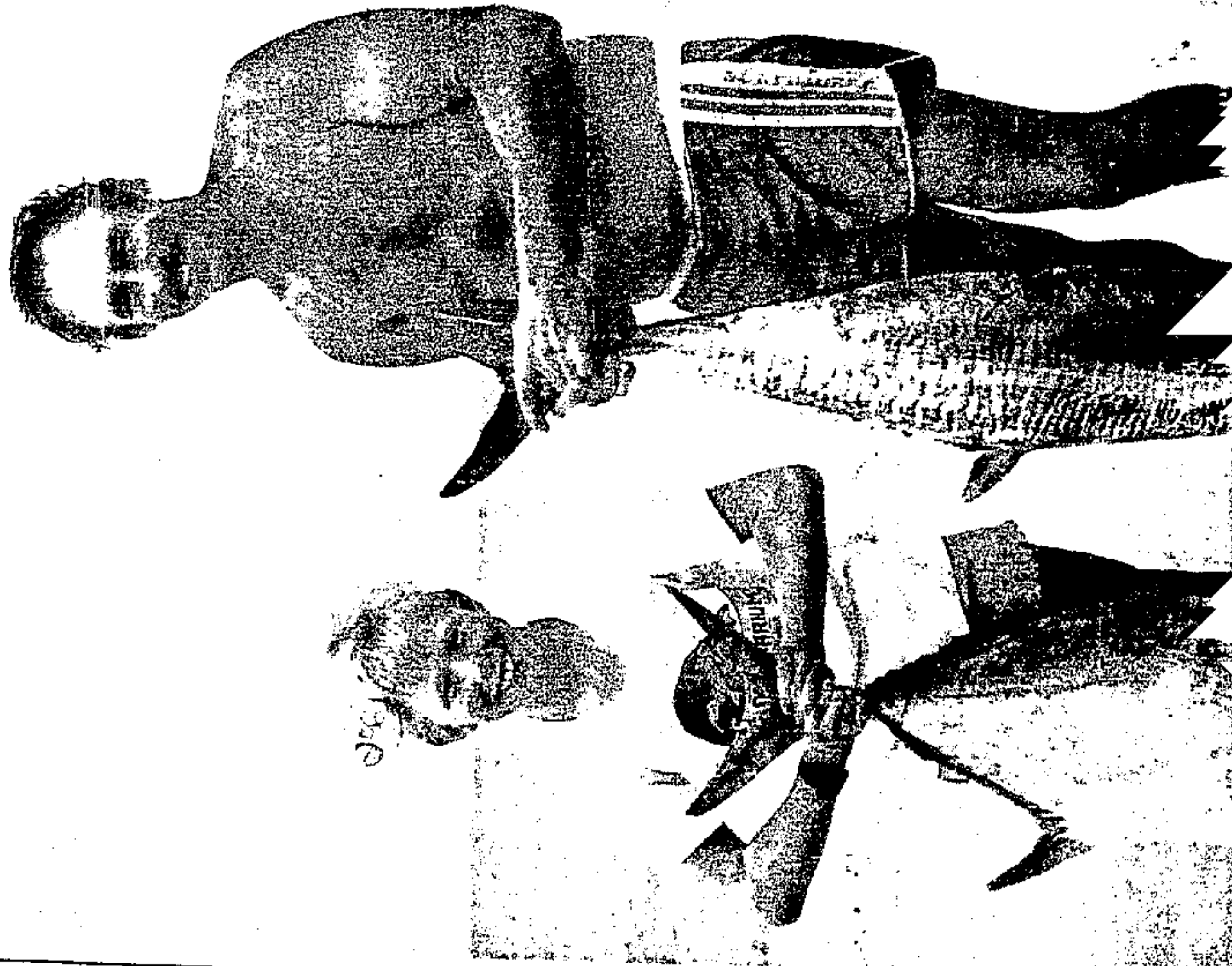
The first man to die in such an explosion was a farm labourer whose tractor detonated a mine on November 27.

Rejecting Gaborone's denials that it allowed terrorists to operate from its territory, Brig Fourie said: 'We know that there is an ANC presence. We know without doubt that they are operating in Botswana.'

Brig Fourie, Chief of Staff for South Africa's Far North Command, added: 'We have no doubt the ANC is responsible.'

He acknowledged that much of the border under his command was vulnerable because farmers on both sides used the Limpopo for irrigation and it was difficult to fence off securely.

Catch weighs more than the angler



Boks needed top spinner says Hughes

By Lerman

CAPE TOWN—The Australian captain Kim Hughes told South Africa yesterday he didn't think all that much of the country's spinners, or at least those who had played in the second test at Newlands.

He put it in a roundabout way, saying: 'A world-class spinner would probably have won the match for South Africa.'

Hughes was also surprised that Clive Rice men had failed to chase runs more urgently when they began their second innings with a 126-run lead.

'In the circumstances I think we put up a tremendous performance and boosted our prospects for the deciding third test of the series at the Wanderers,' Hughes declared.

He said the tourists had been at a considerable

disadvantage having lost the toss.

South African captain Rice blamed the Australians' defensive tactics in the field for the slow scoring in the Springbok second innings and hinted that umpiring decisions had not helped either.

He pointed to lucky escapes by Rod McCurdy which enabled the Australians to avoid the follow-on.

After they were 260 for eight and in real trouble reaching the necessary 281, McCurdy looked plumb for his first ball. Then he was caught behind and given not out.

Rice said he had given McCurdy a bat as a present shortly before the game.

'If you can give snicks like that with the ball and not be given out,' added the Springbok captain, 'I think I'd better get it back.'

● See also Page 15

Man whose book inspired 'Cabaret' dies of cancer

Gift from flower

Gift from flower

Twisted wreckage tells the tale

STAR By Dirk Nel, Northern Transvaal Bureau
6/1/86

ELLISRAS — Twisted wreckage, a solitary sandal, a set of broken false teeth and a half-melted pair of spectacles yesterday told the sad story of Saturday's fatal landmine.

Military spokesmen were reluctant to give details of the scene immediately after the blast, saying only that Mrs Elize de Beer and her father-in-law had died instantly.

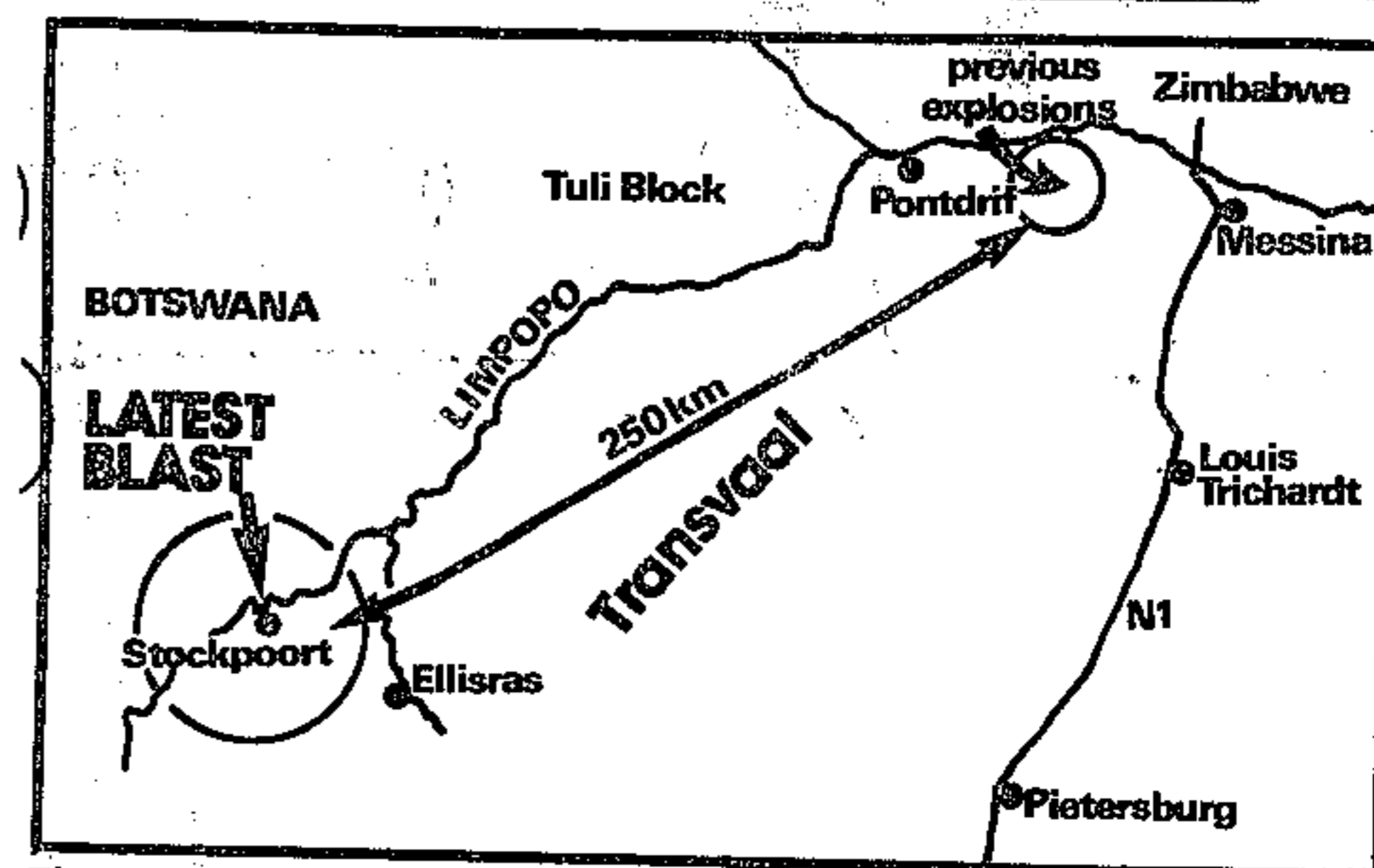
Mr Deon de Beer and his friend Mr L Venter suffered multiple cuts, and Mr de Beer's arm was badly burnt and fractured.

The pick-up's engine was jerked from its mountings and landed 30 m from the wreckage.

It was the third fatal landmine blast in the Northern Transvaal in the last five weeks.

A farm worker was killed by a landmine while driving a tractor at Weipe, west of Messina, and members of the De Nysschen and Van Eck families of Letsitele, near Tzaneen, subsequently died near the Limpopo River when their pick-up detonated a mine.

● See Page 6.



The wrecked pick-up (top) which was driven by Mrs Elize de Beer. The map shows the location of the farm Stockpoort on which the blast occurred.

Her son, Mr Deon du Plessis de Beer (34) had lived on the farm Stockpoort for the past six years and she and her husband had visited him regularly. But this weekend her servant was on holiday, and Mrs de Beer had to stay at home to look after the family pets.

The daughter-in-law, Mrs Elize de Beer (31) was also killed in the explosion which tore through the bakkie she was driving at about 2 pm on Saturday.

Mr de Beer was sitting in the front cab with his daughter-in-law. His son, Deon, and a friend who had accompanied him to the farm, Mr Daniel Jacobus Venter (58), were on the back of bakkie.

Mrs de Beer will spend today arranging for the funeral of her husband and daughter-in-law.

Both the injured men are in a satisfactory condition in the H F Verwoerd Hospital in Pretoria. Mr de Beer's elbow, which was lacerated in the blast, was operated on yesterday.

Mr Venter, whose face was severely cut by glass shards, could be discharged from the H F Verwoerd Hospital today or tomorrow, said Mrs de Beer. The glass which splintered, cutting his face, was safety glass. This had prevented worse damage.

Wife tells why she escaped death

Pretoria Bureau

The wife and mother-in-law of the two Ellisras landmine blast victims today described her anguish at her sudden and tragic loss.

Speaking from her Pretoria home, Mrs Hansie de Beer (58) explained the chance circumstances which kept her at home while her husband, Mr Hubert du Plessis de Beer (63) tragically died. Mrs de Beer, which has been specifically mentioned in the report, said she was at home when the blast occurred.

with colder air outside the ruptured cylinder.

Cape Times 6/1/86

Soldiers scour bush after landmine deaths

S.A.A.

ELLISRAS. — South African troops sealed off the remote farming area north of this border town yesterday after a landmine ripped apart a farmer's truck, killing his wife and father.

Farm owner Mr Deon du Plessis de Beer, 34, was driving his wife Elise, 32, his father Hubert, 55, and a visitor from Pretoria, Mr Daniel Jacobus Venter, 58, through a game camp near the Limpopo on Saturday when the truck hit the mine.

Mr Venter and Mr De Beer Jnr were injured in the blast. A spokesman at H F Verwoerd Hospital in Pretoria said yesterday they were in a satisfactory condition.

Soldiers poured into the bush and farmland between Ellisras and the Botswana border, sweeping the dirt roads for mines and hunting for the saboteurs' tracks.

Rejecting Gaborone's denials that it allows guerilla bases on its territory, Brigadier Min-

naar Fourie, Chief of Staff for South Africa's Far North Command, told reporters: "We know that there is an ANC presence, we know without doubt that they are operating in Botswana."

Fresh tracks made early on Saturday when guerillas planted the mine led clearly back and forth across the Limpopo River to Botswana, Brigadier Fourie said.

Malan

Reacting to the blast, the Minister of Defence, General Magnus Malan, said landmine attacks against civilians were the work of murderers whose acts could be met only with force.

The explosion is the eighth of its kind in five weeks. Nine people have died in border landmine explosions.

"After deliberation, the government will act in order to fight this evil," General Malan told reporters.

He said the attack was

evidence that the South African Government could not negotiate or talk to the ANC.

The ANC claimed responsibility for a series of landmine explosions near the Zimbabwe border last month but said in Lusaka yesterday that it had no immediate comment on Saturday's attack.

The other mines were planted some 300km to the north-west of Ellisras, which is 285km north of Johannesburg.

● The landmine blast followed an apparently unrelated shoot-out in which two black men were shot dead on Friday night by police near Mafikeng.

A Bophuthatswana police spokesman, Colonel David George, said the two men were heavily armed. Security forces subsequently found a cache of weapons. — Sapa, Own Correspondent and UPI

● Wipe out terror bases — CP, page 2

for gbok

Radio has from the and commer-w a regular Radio South Radio Suid-at do you e new radio ase contact ☎ 24-2233 etween 9am n tomorrow.

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ANGELES. — treep is one of

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Mr Du Toit had been stabbed in the neck near-naked wife had apparently been Western Cape Captain Jan Callz

SA warning to Botswana on terrorism

CANC writes 7/1/86
SAH

PRETORIA. — The Department of Foreign Affairs yesterday urged Botswana to take effective measures against the "menace of terrorism" and said South Africa reserved its rights to take appropriate measures to protect the lives of its citizens.

The text of the telexed message, sent yesterday afternoon to the Botswana Government, was released by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha.

It said that with reference to the Ellisras landmine explosion, in which two people died, evidence had been found indicating that the perpetrators came from and returned to Botswana.

'Concern'

"In view of the use of Botswana territory in the case of the Ellisras attack the South African Government again seriously urges the government of Botswana to institute effective measures to eliminate the menace of terrorism.

"The South African Government... reserves its rights in terms of established international legal principles to take

appropriate measures to protect the lives of its citizens."

● In Gaborone, Botswana reiterated yesterday it did not allow its territory to be used by black insurgents fighting to end white rule in South Africa.

A Ministry of Foreign Affairs statement read over state-run Radio Botswana also denied South African charges that Botswana troops were collaborating with the insurgents.

'Illegal'

The Botswana statement said that "anybody who may have crossed our country's borders could only have done so illegally and without our knowledge".

It continued: "Whenever any illegal activity on the part of anybody has come to our knowledge, we have taken appropriate action.

"Consequently, we categorically reject any suggestion by South Africa that our security forces co-operate with any individual or group of individuals, or connive at any illegal activity against any neighbouring state." — Sapa

**Botswana denies
allowing attacks**

GABORONE — Botswana yesterday denied it allowed operations against neighbouring states.

In a statement issued by the Office of the President, the Botswana Government said that, if any such actions had taken place, they would have been illegal and without the government's permission.

It added: "Botswana categorically rejects any suggestion that security forces here have cooperated with individuals engaged in operations against neighbouring states."

Meanwhile, travellers from Francistown and other parts of north-eastern Botswana reported there was a large Botswana Defence Force presence in the area, together with a number of roadblocks. — The Star's Africa News Service.

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... See Page 11.

vincial council.

SWATF kills four Swapo in Angola

The Star's Africa News Service

WINDHOEK — A military spokesman in Windhoek has confirmed that units of the South West Africa Territory Force (SWATF) have returned to the country after a short follow-up operation into Southern Angola.

He said four Swapo insurgents were killed and three AK rifles, a 60 mm mortar and uniforms had been seized.

The security forces suffered no casualties during the mission, which took place over the weekend.

Military spokesmen have also dismissed Swapo claims that the organisation was planning a big offensive in Northern Namibia this rainy season and had opened up a "military corridor" to the south of the territory.

A Swapo spokesman said recently Swapo would be able to strike deep into the territory, including in Windhoek.

A SWATF officer said during 1985 security forces in Namibia had killed 599 Swapo insurgents for a ratio of one member of the security forces to 19 Swapo fighters.

PO workers walk out

By Sheryl Raine

About 200 workers from the Post Office's Lewisham engineering yard, near Krugersdorp, walked out yesterday morning in protest against poor wages and alleged unfair dismissals.

The General and Allied Workers Union (Gawu) said labourers and technical assistants were involved.

"Most of the workers are being paid R216 a month," said Mr Samon Ndou, Gawu president.

A spokesman for the Post Office in Pretoria confirmed the walkout but said some employees had returned to work. "The department has taken note that some people are unhappy about their salaries and is investigating," the spokesman said.

"For several months the workers have tried to talk to management, but without success. They then walked out in protest," said Mr Ndou. "Officials have said the Post Office regarded the matter as a domestic affair and did not wish to talk to the union."

The Post Office spokesman said workers could present their grievances through labour committees.

'Toti victims still in hospital

Five victims of the Amanzimtoti bomb blast in December are still being treated in Durban's Addington Hospital, but all are in a satisfactory condition.

They are: Mr J L Elliot (60), who owns a gift shop in the shopping arcade which was bombed; the Bothma brothers from Benoni, Gavin (13) and John (22); and Mrs Anna Hogan (45) and her daughter, Sarah (9), of Amanzimtoti.

The hospital's deputy medical superintendent, Dr R McCarter, said another victim, Mrs Lynnett Latt, was being treated as an outpatient.

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Development must speed up — farm chief

Idle farms get blame for mines

7/1/86 STAR
 (circled) (circled) 84A

By Dirk Nel, Northern Transvaal Bureau

ELLISRAS — The terrorist incursion near Ellisras at the weekend was not completely unexpected, a leading farmer has told *The Star*.

Mr WA Lewies, chairman of the Ellisras Farmers' Association, believed the Stockpoort area was an obvious target because of its remoteness and the fact that several farms were unoccupied.

It had proved to be a popular access route for illegal immigrants and terrorists would naturally take advantage of this, he said.

He hoped a more effective infrastructure would soon be developed to combat the threat of infiltration.

Mr Lewies acknowledged that Government financial aid during the last five years had helped to keep most established border farmers on the land but had not attracted many new farmers.

Unoccupied land

"There are enough farmers here to consolidate existing farms into economically viable units — our main worry is the unoccupied land in between which is owned by people who live elsewhere", he said.

At current land prices it was simply impossible for border farmers to buy up the unoccupied farms, he added.

The advent of Escom electricity over a wide area, the improvement of roads and the development of Ellisras as a commercial centre were all to be welcomed but development would have to be accelerated.

● No more landmines have been found in the Stockpoort area, where a blast claimed the lives of Mrs Elize de Beer (32) and Mr Hubert de Beer (63) on Saturday, a senior Defence Force spokesman said.

Colonel J van der Walt confirmed in Ellisras that strict security measures would remain in force.

Many untarred roads were still being patrolled and mine-sweeping operations were continuing.

● The security situation in the border farming areas of the Transvaal is expected to get top priority at a meeting in Nylstroom on Thursday.

The meeting, convened by the Transvaal Agricultural Union, is to be attended by MPs and provincial councillors.

Pik urges Botswana to take measures against terrorism

(circled) (circled) 84A

The Department of Foreign Affairs yesterday urged Botswana to take measures against terrorism and said South Africa reserved its right to take appropriate measures to protect its citizens.

The text of the message, sent to the Botswana Government, was released by the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha. It said evidence had been found indicating those responsible for the Ellisras landmine murders came from, and returned to, Botswana.

"The Botswana Government is aware that South Africa has over the years, in the interests of promoting peaceful and good neighbourly relations, proposed that effective measures be introduced to control terrorist activities," says the message.

"In view of the use of Botswana territory in the case of the Ellisras attack the South African Government again seriously urges the Government of Botswana to institute effective measures to eliminate the menace of terrorism." — Sapa.

● The Star's Africa News Service in Gaborone reports that Botswana today acknowledged receipt of the warning.

Radio Botswana today repeated yesterday's statement from the Botswana Government that it did not allow anybody to use its territory for operations against neighbouring states.

The Botswana Defence Force is maintaining a highly visible presence in the north-east. There is growing public anxiety that South Africa will cross the border for a retaliatory attack.

● See Page 11.

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Diplomatic pressure or raids. . .

Who will pay for Ellisras mine killings?

STAT 7/1/86 SQA

By Gerald L'Ange,
The Star's Africa News Service

The Ellisras landmine blast has sharply increased pressure on the Government to hit back across South Africa's borders at the ANC or its supporters — but it is far from clear where, how and against whom Pretoria would retaliate.

Theoretically, South African military forces could end up striking as far north as Zambia or even Angola.

Coping with the international anger that would be aroused by attacks into other countries is one problem. Another would be to define ANC targets in these countries.

According to the SADF, the Ellisras mine was laid by insurgents who came from and returned to Botswana, about 100 km away. The planters of the Messina mines were said to have come from Zimbabwe but they, too, could have come first through Botswana.

Both countries have denied the ANC has bases on their soil. This accepted, the question is whether there are any they do not know about — and, if so, whether South Africa knows where they are, and can locate

them accurately enough to attack them.

If no bases exist in these countries the SADF will be looking at a different problem — of ANC operatives bringing mines through Botswana or Zimbabwe from bases in more distant countries such as Zambia.

The Zambian border is about 700 km, as the crow flies, from Messina and a little further from Ellisras — not an impossible distance over which to smuggle landmines without the Botswanan or Zimbabwean authorities detecting them.

If Pretoria believes this has happened it can do several things. It can put pressure on Botswana and/or Zimbabwe to try harder to stop the ANC traffic. This could be done by putting a clamp on their foreign trade passing through the Republic or by raiding or threatening to raid perceived ANC targets within their borders, as has already been done in Botswana.

Pressure

Alternatively, it could try to squeeze off the ANC traffic at source. If Pretoria believes this lies in Zambia it could restrict Zambia's export and import traffic to persuade it to expel the ANC, which now has its headquarters in Lusaka.

Or it could raid the ANC bases in Zambia, if their positions are known. Logistically, this would be no problem from airfields in Namibia.

However, South Africa's ability to keep up such raids against possibly shifting targets is questionable, especially if more sophisticated air defence systems were installed with outside help.

It is more likely that Pretoria will choose to put pressure on its immediate neighbours to counter the ANC incursions, especially if it is true that the mines laid in the Transvaal border were taken from old caches laid up in Matabeleland by the Zipra guerrillas during the Rhodesian war, when Zipra and the ANC had close links.

It looks, therefore, as though relations between South Africa and her neighbours are in for a hammering.

CAPE TOWN 8/1/86

ANC suspect shot

PRETORIA. — Police shot dead a suspected ANC member near East London on Monday and seized a large quantity of arms of Russian origin, police said yesterday.

A statement released in Pretoria said the incident occurred between Mount Ruth and Fort Jackson after two security branch members stopped a vehicle with one occupant on the old East London/King William's Town highway.

The driver threw a handgrenade at the policemen after getting out of the car, then fled. The policemen fired shots at the man but he ran into dense bush, the statement said.

The body of the man was found later after a search of the area.

One policeman received shrapnel wounds in one shoulder but his condition is not serious.

The arms were found in the car.

Police also reported yesterday that one person had been killed and four others wounded when police fired on a mob who stoned a police vehicle at Munsieville on the West Rand on Monday night.

Police dispersed the group with shotgun fire, a spokesman in Pretoria said.

"At that stage it appeared that no-

one was injured. About an hour later, at 11.30pm, it was discovered that four people had been wounded, one of them fatally," he said.

However, an eyewitness to the shooting, Mr Desmond Selro, claimed on Monday night that police began shooting "at some people sitting in an open space in the township". He said he had seen no provocation for the shooting.

Mr Selro said the people had been sitting in the clearing, which is being converted to a park, when four uniformed white policemen arrived in two cars.

"They just fired teargas at the people," he alleged. "The people ran away, and the policemen started shooting at them with birdshot."

He said a passerby, 45-year-old Mr Lennox Matrose, had been killed and several others — who had been sitting in the clearing — had been wounded. He named four of the injured as Mr Chassium Matsasu, Mr Johannes Moloa, Mr Moses Phadi and Mr Paper Sebege.

The chief superintendent of Lera-tong Hospital, Dr B Broughton, confirmed yesterday four men had been treated at the hospital for shotgun wounds, and that one, Mr Sebege, had been admitted. — Sapa

2 Cape Times, Wednesday, January 8, 1986

UK calls for end to violence

Own Correspondent

LONDON. — The British Government has called for an immediate suspension of violence by all countries in Southern Africa.

The call was made in a message passed to the Foreign Minister, Mr Pik Botha, through his private secretary in Pretoria yesterday.

The diplomatic note, which was due to have been delivered to the Foreign Minister on Monday, also deplored the latest landmine attack near the Botswana border and expressed sympathy at the loss of life, according to Foreign Office sources.

Britain's diplomatic intervention in the tense situation between South Africa and Botswana since the weekend landmine blasts is seen as a concerted bid to prevent a South African attack on Botswana.

There is growing concern in Whitehall at the deteriorating situation following landmine blasts in border areas.

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84A

THE NEW REVOLUTIONARY STRATEGY

ARCUS 8/12/6

Mine blasts sub-station

PRETORIA. — A mini-
limpet mine exploded in
Weavind Park, Pretoria,
at 3 am today damaging
a transformer at a sub-
station.

The police directorate
of public relations said
no-one was injured and
the fire was extin-
guished. — Sapa.

CAPE TOWN 8/1/86
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'ANC member' shot dead

Case T-115 9/1/86 *(124)* *(501)*
PRETORIA. — An alleged member of the African National Congress was shot dead by a policeman as he tried to remove the safety pin of a handgrenade in Soweto on Tuesday afternoon.

A variety of weaponry was found in the dead man's possession, police said in a statement yesterday.

Several people were arrested in Soweto on Tuesday and police took possession of a large amount of weapons of Soviet origin.

● A mini-limpet mine exploded in Weavind Park, Pretoria, early yesterday damaging a transformer at a sub-station, but no one was injured. The mine exploded at 3am and the fire was extinguished by the Fire Department, police said. — Sapa

SA threat: Botswana appeals to envoys

DISPATCH
9/1/86

GABORONE — Botswana, warned by South Africa it could be raided for allegedly harbouring guerillas, has appealed to Western governments to help prevent Pretoria from carrying out its threat.

The Foreign Minister, Dr Gaositwe Chiepe, summoned the envoys of Britain, the US and West Germany on Tuesday to tell them of "deteriorating" relations between Botswana and South Africa after a landmine blast killed two people near the border on Saturday.

She said she hoped these countries would have some restraining influence. They are the largest foreign investors in South Africa.

She also briefed African and Eastern bloc ambassadors.

Pretoria charged that ANC guerillas planted the landmine after crossing from Botswana, an accusation Gaborone denied. The South African Foreign Minister, Mr Pik Botha, has threatened to "take the necessary action" against ANC

targets in Botswana.

It was reported here that Dr Chiepe told the envoys Botswana did not have any ANC bases and honoured its long-standing commitment to prevent its territory from being used by forces opposed to neighbours, including South Africa.

"She made clear her government's real fears about South Africa raiding Botswana as happened last year," one diplomat said, referring to the June 14 raid in which South African commandos killed 12 people in Gaborone. Pretoria said the incursion was aimed at the ANC, but Gaborone said all those killed were civilians.

Yesterday Dr Chiepe told state-run Radio Botswana her government still hoped the problem could be resolved peacefully, but added: "The warning shows an intention by the South Africans to invade Botswana."

She reiterated that Botswana did not want to be at war with anybody, let alone South

Africa, and said South Africa had taken two days before informing Botswana of the circumstances surrounding the landmine explosions. "If South Africa had alerted Botswana early enough, some action could have been taken and those responsible possibly apprehended as has happened before."

Dr Chiepe said in response to a telex from Pretoria on Tuesday that Botswana denied involvement in the matter or that Botswana security forces co-operate with the ANC. She said Botswana would like such issues to be resolved peacefully. — Sapa-RNS

Hopping-stick record claim

TOKYO — New Yorker Ahsrita Furman yesterday claimed a world record for covering 18,6 km on a hopping-stick.

Furman, 31, manager of a health food store, broke his own record of 17,6 km set in New York last year. — Sapa-RNS

**Matabeleland
security to
be stepped up**

The Star's Africa
News Service

HARARE — Security for Matabeleland's white farmers is to be stepped up following meetings between the president of the commercial farmers' union, Mr John Laurie, officials and Home Affairs Minister Mr Enos Nkala.

Mr Laurie said the security situation had deteriorated recently, after a 15-month period of improvement.

He said the meetings had gone well. "There was agreement on virtually all the issues I raised and I can say we are at one in trying together to tackle the security problem."

ANC calls for rapid and extensive escalation of its military offensive

AKG 10/11/86 (11) 847

ABBE MAINE of Sapa-Reuter reports from Lusaka on the ANC press conference

THE African National Congress (ANC) has said it will intensify guerrilla attacks in South Africa but will not deliberately attack civilians.

"We are now calling for a rapid, extensive escalation of our military offensive," the ANC president, Mr Oliver Tambo, told a press conference to mark the nationalist group's 74th anniversary.

Mr Tambo said the ANC was stepping up the guerrilla war because "(President P W) Botha has no intention whatsoever to accede to the demands of the people. He is playing around with the idea of reforms."

"We say the apartheid system cannot be reformed. It must be abolished in its entirety."

ANC attacks would continue to be "directed and aimed at enemy personnel and strategic installations," he said, but "in the course of the spread of the people's war against apartheid, civilians will be caught in the crossfire."

"We do not derive any pleasure from this but it will have to be accepted as part and parcel of a war situation."

There has been a noticeable increase in guerrilla attacks in South Africa over the past month, not all of them claimed by the ANC.

Thirteen white people and one black have died in landmine explosions near the Zimbabwe and Botswana borders and in a bomb blast at a shopping centre in Amanzimtoti near Durban.

Mr Tambo said the use of landmines in white farming areas along South Africa's borders was justified because the government had made them military zones.

White farmers in the zones were obliged by law to be part of the state security system and were therefore provided with the tools of war, he said.

"We at the ANC were among the few people to warn against the dangers of the law designating these areas into

military zones," said Mr Tambo, adding: "We are therefore puzzled that we are being criticised for using them as areas of our operations."

Mr Tambo denied South African charges that ANC guerrillas operated from Zimbabwe, Botswana and other black neighbours of South Africa and said raids on these countries would not affect the ANC's operations.

"We have experienced these cross-border raids over the past six years into African independent and sovereign states and they have not helped to resolve the problems of South Africa or subdue these states," said Mr Tambo.

South Africa has mounted commando raids on Botswana, Lesotho and Mozambique in pursuit of alleged ANC guerrillas and has threatened similar raids on Zimbabwe.

'Installations'

Mr Tambo denied that the ANC was involved in the bomb blast at Amanzimtoti, south of Durban on the Indian Ocean shortly before Christmas.

There was nothing in the ANC policy, he said, "which calls for attacks on civilians in supermarkets, schools and cinemas unless these are regarded as military installations."

"Even so, the ANC will not attack children even if they are in military zones ... therefore there could have been no orders for the Amanzimtoti attack from the ANC," he said.

But he did not rule out that an ANC unit might have planted the shopping centre bomb without orders.

The ANC was ready to talk to the South African Government, he said, but first it would have to free Nelson Mandela, the ANC leader who has served more than 20 years of a life sentence for plotting the overthrow of white rule.

"We can stop our armed struggle anytime. But it has to be a two-way affair — unless the regime stops the violent system of apartheid, there is nothing we can do," he said.

In Pretoria, a spokesman

for the police directorate of public relations said Mr Tambo was trying to throw up a smokescreen to cover ruthless ANC attacks on innocent people.

The ANC had in the past

claimed responsibility for most of the attacks on civilians. Blaming such attacks on indiscipline among the fighting wings could only be described as trying to "beg the issue."

WELL GO FOR WHITE AREAS, SAYS Tambo


84A
Mercury
14/1/86.

LUSAKA—The president of the African National Congress, Oliver Tambo, yesterday detailed its plans to intensify a campaign of violence in 1986 to turn sporadic terrorist activity into a full-scale 'people's war'.

The campaign included plans to widen the conflict beyond the borders of the townships into white areas, to continue attacks on white farming communities and to enlist the support of various groups within South Africa.

In the crossfire

Throughout a Press conference lasting nearly two hours, Mr Tambo reaffirmed and elaborated the contents of a bellicose 18-page statement issued by the ANC, and broadcast by Mr Tambo himself, on Wednesday night.

He gave no sign of a softening of the ANC's position and no indication that he regarded negotiations with South Africa as more than a theoretical possibility.

Civilians, Mr Tambo said bluntly, would be caught in the crossfire as the ANC stepped up its attacks and although the ANC itself would not deliberately attack such 'soft targets' as schools, supermarkets and shopping centres, he did not rule out the possibility that over-zealous cadres would

tually say, that this was the explanation for the Amanzimtoti bomb attack just before Christmas.

He burst out laughing when a questioner suggested that the unit responsible for the attack should be disciplined for exceeding ANC policy.

The Press conference was held before about 150 people, many of them members of the diplomatic corps, at the United Nations Namibia Institute here.

Foreign journalists, including South Africans, had been cleared without fuss or formality through Zambian immigration provided their names were on a list compiled by the ANC.

Their bags were closely searched as they entered the building, but they were not subjected to body searches. There were no arms or uniforms men in evidence.

Mr Tambo, flanked by ANC leaders and watched closely by security guards, sat before rows of bookshelves that contained, among other things, 45 volumes of the complete works of Lenin.

However, the occasion was free of any show of Left-wing or revolutionary symbols.

The ANC leaders, neatly dressed in business suits and ties, resembled members of a Western business convention more than revolutionaries intent on launching and pursuing a full-scale war.

Mr Tambo's comments, though delivered in a slow, schoolmasterish tone and phrased with care, confirmed in detail the uncompromising stance taken when the leaders of the banned

Mercury Special Correspondent

organisation met at Kabwe in Zambia for an historic policy-making session last June.

Permission to quote him was granted last night by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange.

At Kabwe the ANC leaders had determined to concentrate their resources on the 'front line' — inside South Africa itself — and to attack military and strategic targets without regard to the risk towards civilians.

Escalating warfare

Closely questioned on this point yesterday, Mr Tambo predicted increasing civilian casualties, saying they were unavoidable in a situation of escalating warfare.

At one stage, as foreign journalists tried to determine the implications of the policy, he burst out: 'I don't see why I need to be cross-questioned like this.'

On Mr Tambo's left during the conference sat the rising young star, Thabo Mbeki, son of Govan Mbeki who has shared prison with Nelson Mandela for more than 20 years, and the veteran secretary general, Alfred Nzo.

On his right were long-time leaders Thomas Nkobi and Dan Tloome and in the watching crowd was the young Palo Jordan, a close associate of the assassinated communist, Ruth First.

All these men and a large section of the spectators applauded talk of increasing violence and wider warfare. They joined Mr Tambo in laughing at

the man who suggested disciplining cadres that deliberately attacked 'soft' targets.

Similarly, Mr Tambo gave scant respect to a suggestion that farmers and their families, like the victims of recent landmines laid on the borders of the Transvaal, should be regarded as non-combatants.

On the contrary, he said, the farming community as a whole was a prime target for attack because it had been drawn into the South African security system.

Nor did negotiation receive serious attention. Negotiations, Mr Tambo emphasised, need not await the cessation of violence. They could begin whenever the South African Government chose.

His comments left a firm impression that the gap between the ANC and the South African Government is simply too wide to be bridgeable.

Mr Botha's minimum demand that the ANC forswear violence before negotiations begin is clearly unacceptable to the ANC leadership, old and young.

At the same time, the ANC's first and minimum condition for talks to begin is the release of Mandela, Mbeki and others.

Further conditions, Mr Tambo pointed out, would in any event follow even if the first condition were met.

This hardline stance rests upon a perception of Nationalist policy as being bankrupt. The ANC views the

South African Government as able only to react to events, not to direct them.

As a result, the ANC leadership clearly believes it has the initiative and it is trying to step up the pressure.

Mr Tambo explained that it was the aim of the ANC not only to step up its own attacks, in keeping with the Kabwe decision to send all resources to the front line, but also to organise support by so-called 'mass units' — military groups of varying size drawn from the local populace.

Reform programme

Parallel with the armed campaign the ANC plans an intense political effort to widen the base of the ANC by incorporating other opponents of apartheid into the struggle.

Apparently anxious that President Botha's reform programme will co-opt potential ANC allies, the ANC loses no opportunity to attack or denigrate any attempt by the Government to reform apartheid.

Repeating (apparently deliberately) the words of the Leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, Dr F van Zyl Slabbert, Mr Tambo said apartheid could not be reformed, only abolished.

Indeed, Mr Tambo took credit for destroying the community council system by insisting that all councillors resign.

Inevitably, he conceded, some of those who did not resign were killed. Now the ANC hopes to take the matter further by establishing its own 'democratic councils' for each community, elected on the basis of one man, one vote, without regard to race.

Mr Tambo spoke warmly, both in the broadcast statement and at his Press

conference, of those people, including whites, who opposed apartheid even if they did not support the ANC.

His most conciliatory comments appeared to be directed to these factions and parties, and he went out of his way to say that the Freedom Charter permitted a 'mixed economy', that South Africa after 'liberation' would be multiracial, and that it would be a democracy in which he expected a variety of parties to emerge.

Neither labour nor big business, white conscripts nor liberal opponents of apartheid, nor indeed, students at Stellenbosch, were excluded from his appeal for support to overthrow apartheid.

In pursuing its aim of making 'apartheid unworkable and the country ungovernable' the ANC is broadcasting specific instructions for a new campaign against the pass laws, and is asking the unions — especially the mine-workers — to live up to their 'revolutionary tradition'.

However, Mr Tambo left no doubt that in this year of Umkhonto, the keynote was violence and the slogan was 'attack'.

He said bluntly that the ANC would give no quarter and would demand an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth.

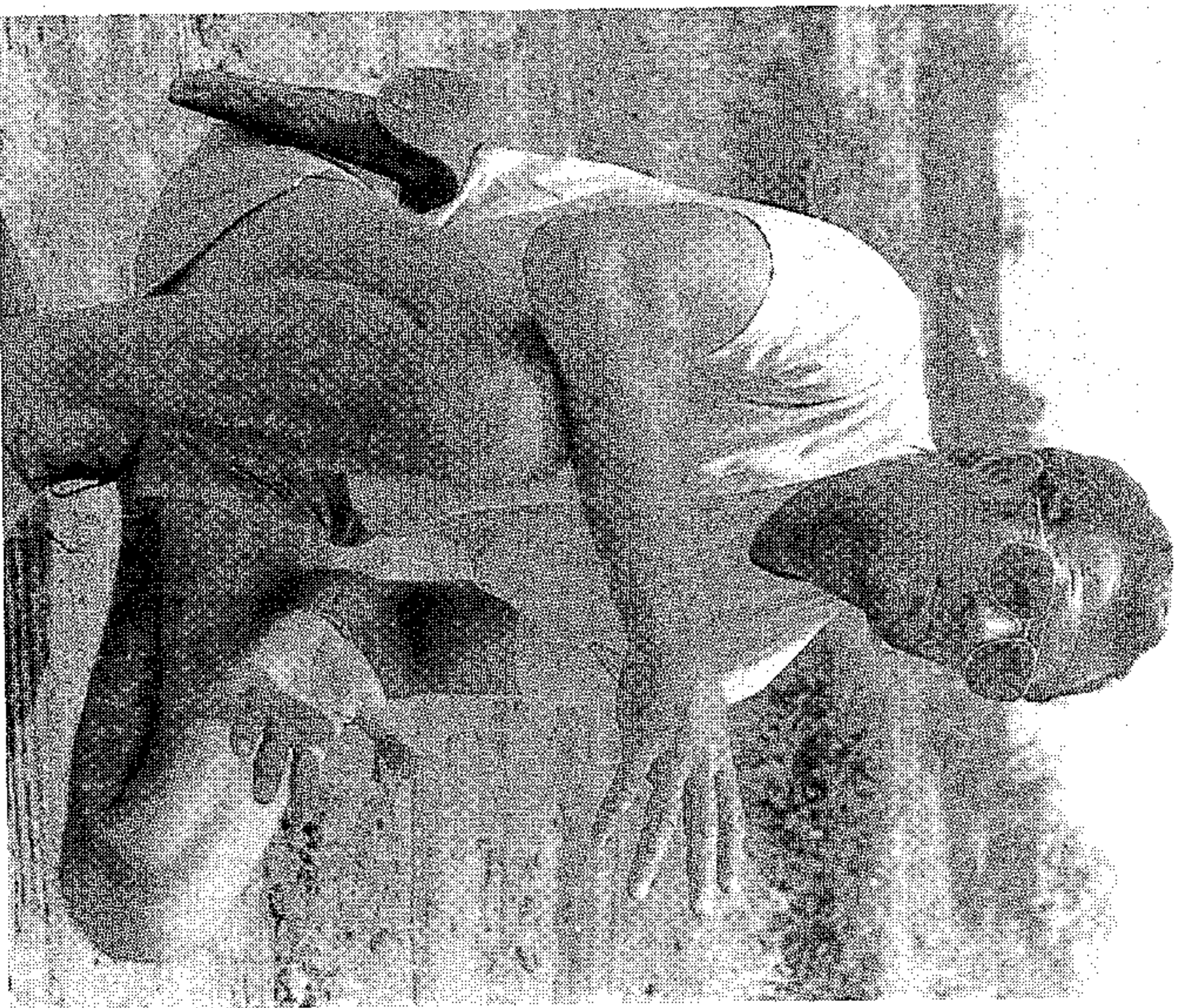
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The ANC had in the past admitted responsibility for most of the attacks on civilians but blaming such attacks on undisciplined terrorists could only be described as trying to beg the question, Sapa reported.

NEWS FOCUS

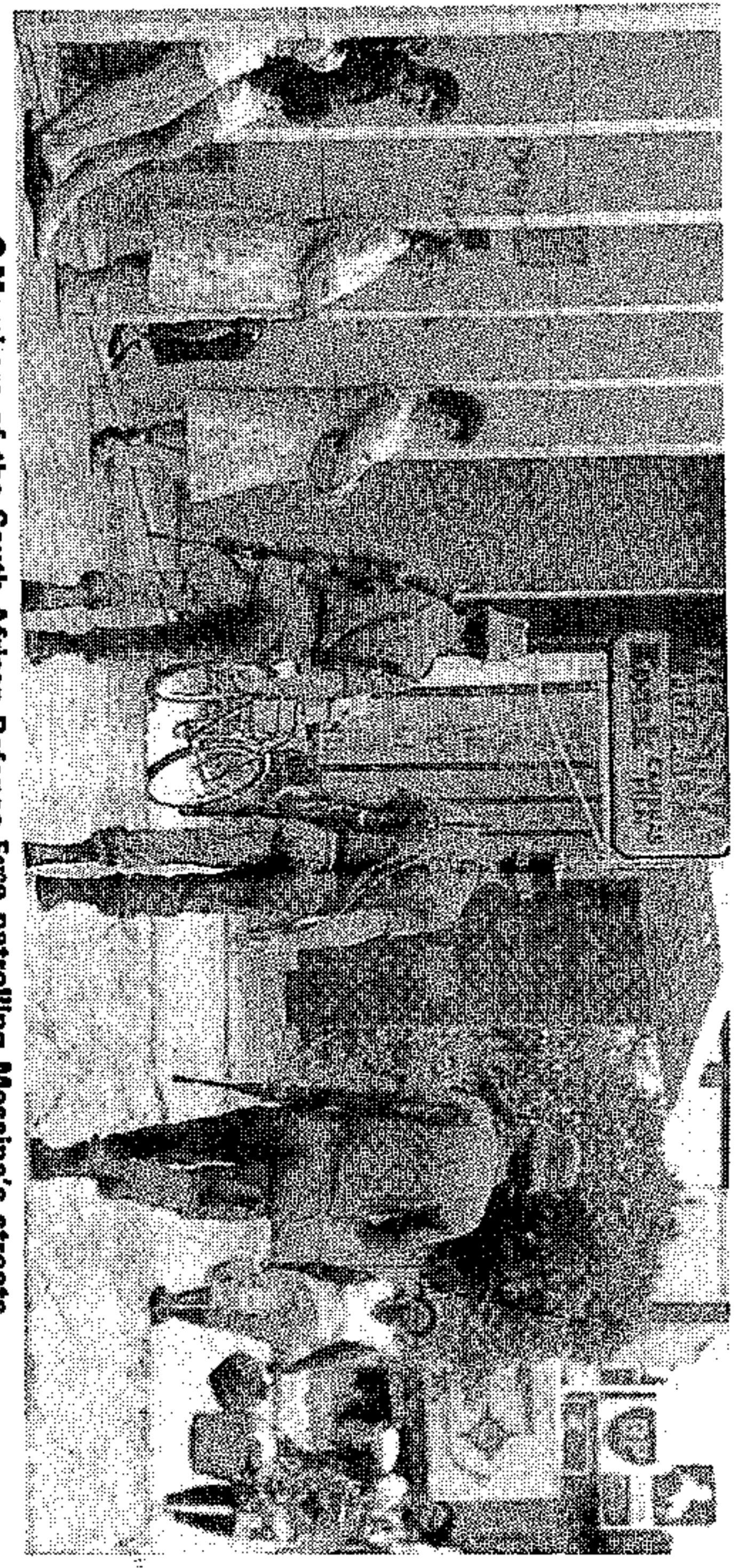
Landmines blast out a new frontier among the baobabs

Reporter FRED STIGLINGH and photographer TONY NAIDOO took a walk on the wild side of the Northern Transvaal border between Messina and Ellisras. Their report and pictures reflect the way the lives of the farming community have been affected by recent landmine blasts.



● Commander of the Dongola area farmer commando Willie Esterhuysen.

THE peaceful routines of farmers on the Northern Transvaal border have been shattered by the incongruous sounds of eight landmine blasts amid the stillness of gnarled baobab trees. Suddenly they find themselves thinking in terms of security fences, handgrenade guards on windows and anti-mine vehicles. A routine occurrence, taking children to school, becomes an ordeal, and neighbours never drop in for a visit after dark. At Ellisras, where Saturday's blast killed two people on the farm Stockpoort, the community wants action. Says Gys Vlok, cattle farmer at



● Members of the South African Defence Force patrolling Messina's streets.

BUS DAY 10/1/86

894

Mogol, near the Limpopo on the Botswana border: "The farmers and people of the town want the defence force to destroy African National Congress positions; they want something done." He says, however, there is "no panic or pessimism" among farmers, and they do not yet regard the border farming area as a new frontier. But the signs are there. Local commando units are on the alert and are working with the defence force on safety measures which include the possibility of landmine resistant vehicles for farmers. More immediately, radio systems have been installed at most farms for direct contact with the military, and high-security fences are being erected.

The picture at Messina is much the same as at Ellisras, with heavy military presence, and farm roads patrolled and swept for mines daily. "We have all expected this," says vegetable farmer Filip Nel, "but not so soon." Long before the first blast, farmers were issued with military R1 rifles and rounds of ammunition, and organised in commando units. Radio systems for communication were installed as a matter of course. Nel, his mother, his wife Jeanie

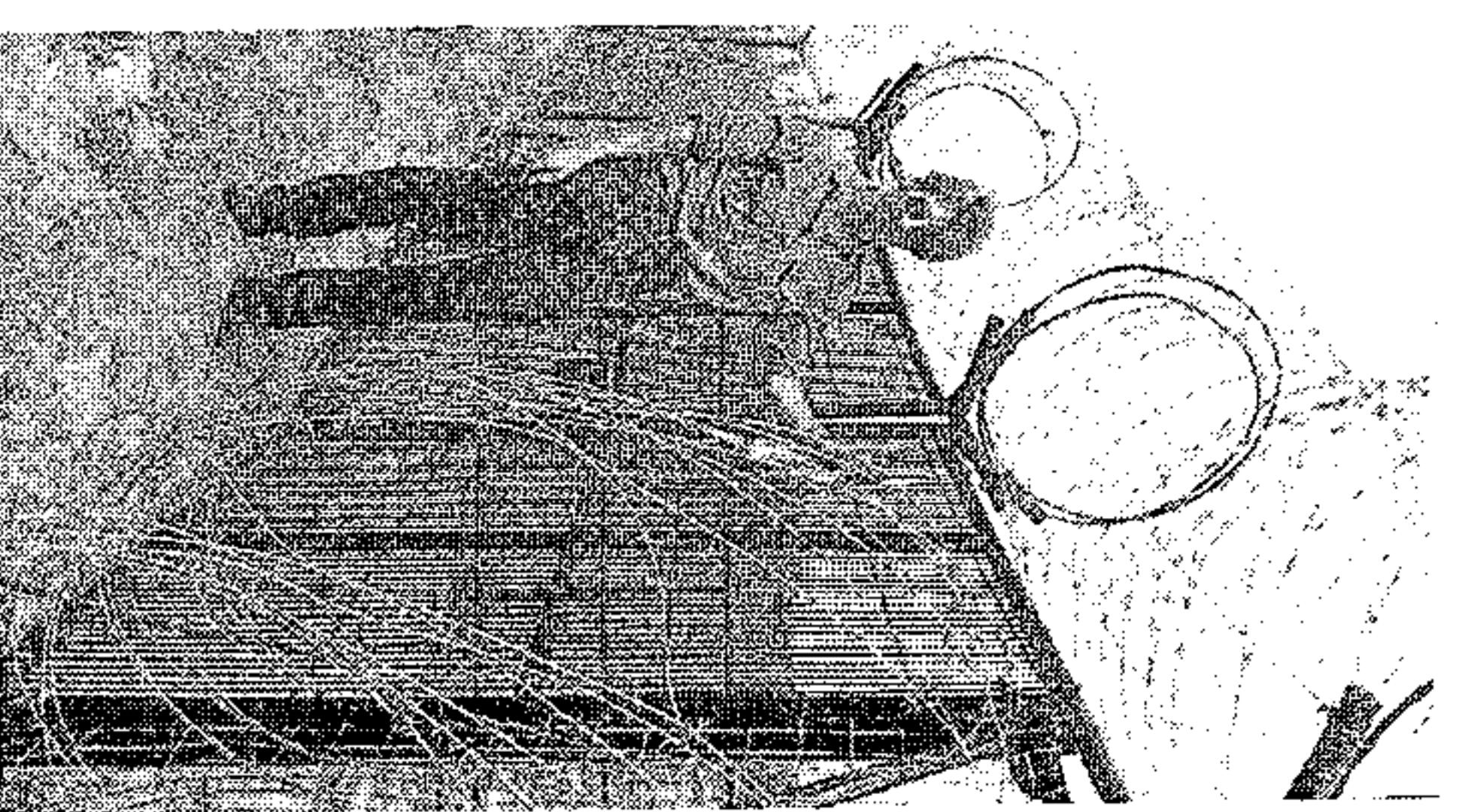
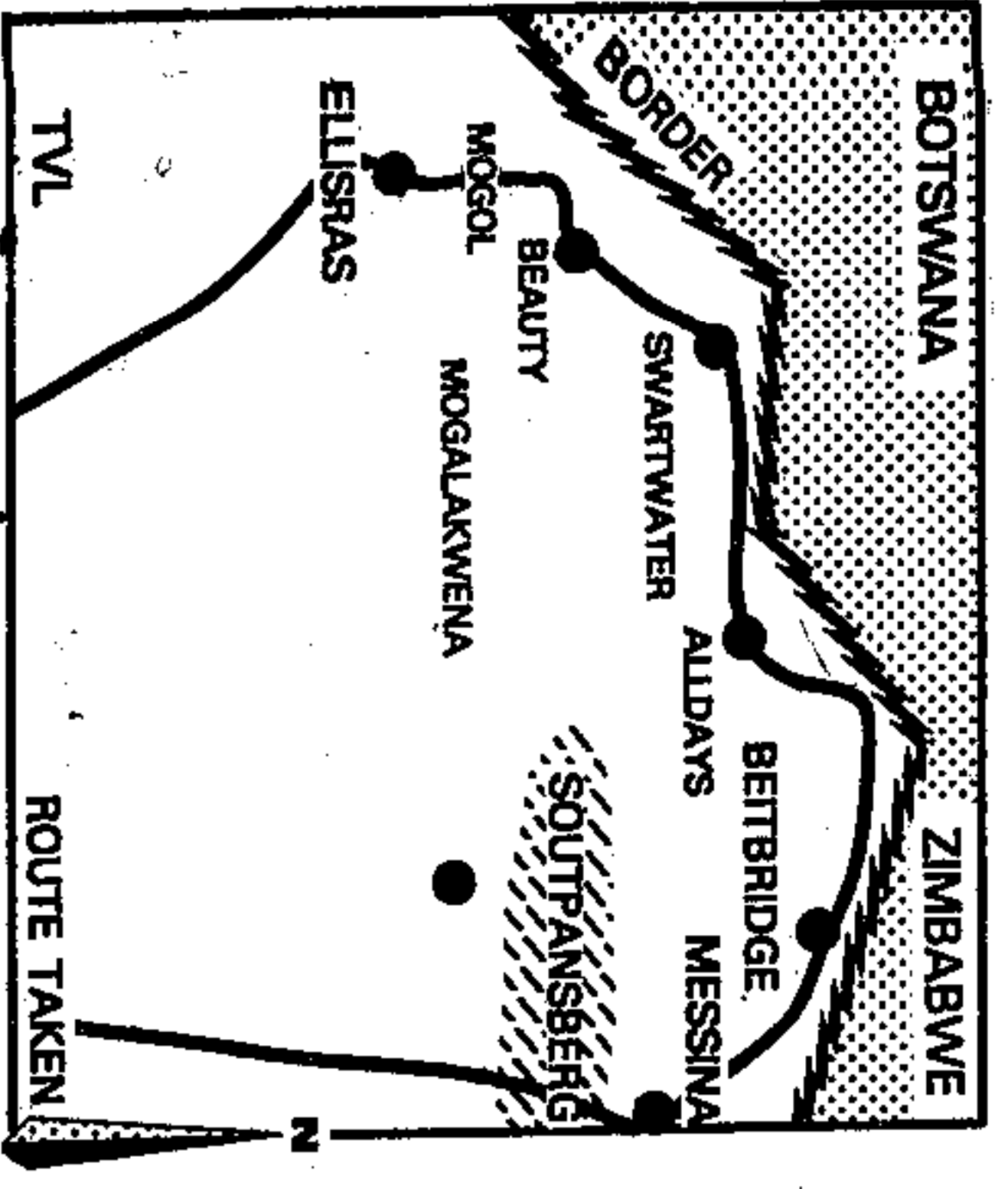
and their three young children are part of a group of five isolated farms in the northernmost Southpansberg district, west of Beit Bridge. But Nel says he is not thinking of moving. "Also, if farmers had to move, it would only push the border deeper inland." In addition, a recent agreement with the government compels farmers to stay for at least 10 years if they bought their property on state loan. It also stipulates they may not be away from their farms for longer than three months a year.

Willie Esterhuysen, cotton and wheat farmer, commands about 60 farmers in the Dongola Commando unit. The landmine blasts, he says, have had a binding effect on the farming community, including the black farm workers. "Landmines are not selective, they kill whoever goes over them, and our workers are on our side." One of the many security problems is the danger of intimidation of labourers' families and friends from across the Zimbabwe border by members of the ANC, to the extent that people are forced to take mines lifts SA, Esterhuysen says. A ride along the border security

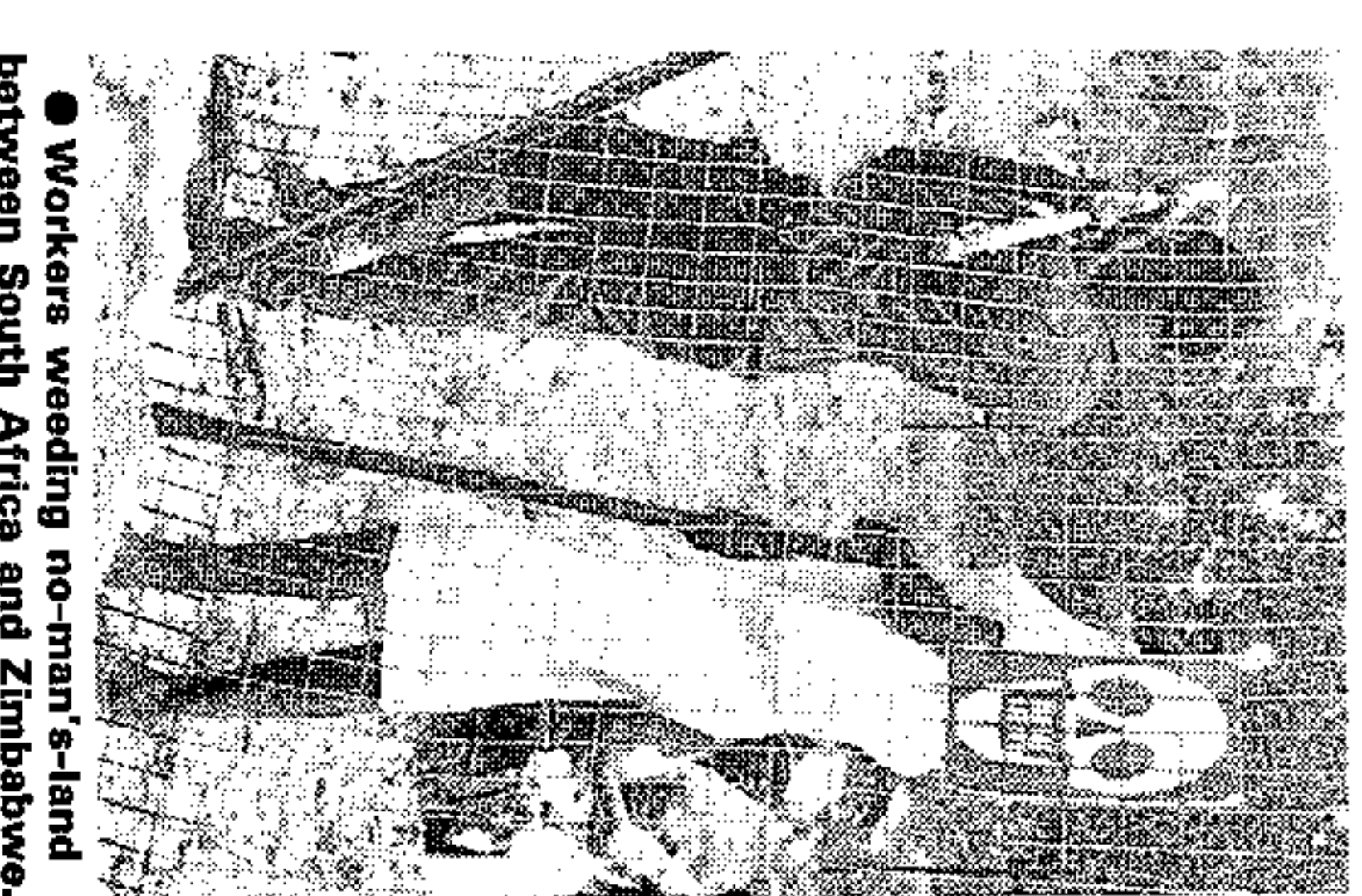
fence reveals several gaps — breaks in the fence or gates left open — which would make hopping across undetected easier than it may sound. Already a phenomenon — described by one farmer as "people are only people" — is establishing itself: the frontier farmers are getting used to this way of life. Seun de Swardt is a game-farm owner, businessman, and chairman of the Messina Afrikaanse Sakekamer. He estimates that 40% of land owned in the area is dedicated to game farming.

Even though game farms tend to be further from the border he fears the stigma of landmines would bring a slump in foreign business. Solutions to the problems, he feels, are political, and lie in change. Relations with Zimbabwe are good, says De Swardt, to the extent that Zimbabwe police go to the trouble of locating and returning cattle stolen from South African farmers. And the townfolk forget quicker than the farmers. Says a young local, sipping his brandy-and-coke during a break in a pub darts game: "Landmines? Let me rather tell you about something far more interesting. Let's talk about Messina's women."

THE NEW FRONTIER



● Reporter Fred Stiglingh at a double security fence gate and no-man's-land.



● Workers weeding no-man's-land between South Africa and Zimbabwe.

ANC threat to step up attacks

84A

DISPATCH

LUSAKA — The African National Congress said yesterday it would intensify guerilla attacks in South Africa but would not deliberately attack civilians.

"We are now calling for a rapid, extensive escalation of our military offensive," the ANC president, Mr Oliver Tambo, told a press conference to mark the organisation's 74th anniversary on Wednesday.

Mr Tambo said the ANC was stepping up the guerilla war because President P. W. Botha "has no intention whatsoever to accede to the demands of the people. He is playing around with the idea of reforms."

"We say the apartheid system cannot be reformed. It must be abolished in its entirety."

ANC attacks would continue to be "directed and aimed at enemy personnel and strategic installations," he said, but "in the course of the spread of the people's war against apartheid, civilians will be caught in the crossfire."

"We do not derive any pleasure from this but it will have to be accepted as part and parcel of a war situation."

Mr Tambo said the use of landmines in white farming areas along South Africa's borders was justified because the government had made them military zones.

White farmers in the

zones were obliged by law to be part of the state security system and were therefore provided with the tools of war, he said.

"We at the ANC were among the few people to warn against the dangers of the law designating these areas into military zones," said Mr Tambo, adding: "We are therefore puzzled that we are being criticised for using them as areas of our operations."

Mr Tambo denied South African charges that ANC guerillas operated from Zimbabwe, Botswana and other black neighbours of South Africa and said raids on these countries would not affect the ANC's operations.

"We have experienced these cross-border raids over the past six years into African independent and sovereign states and they have not helped to resolve the problems of South Africa or subdue these states."

Mr Tambo denied the ANC was involved in the bomb blast at Amanzimtoti shortly before Christmas in which five white people died.

There was nothing in the ANC policy, he said, "which calls for attacks on civilians in supermarkets, schools, and cinemas unless these are regarded as military installations."

"Even if the ANC will not attack children even in military zones before there has been no order from the ANC to do so."

He did not rule out the possibility that a unit might have bombed the shops in the town. Faced with 20 years of apartheid, he said, "some of us have to face being lined up by the order of the day. We therefore have to be more realistic in the future."

African troops were seen to be shooting children, he said. "The army is actually shooting, wounding and killing children. Hundreds of people have been killed, massacres have been perpetrated inside and outside the country."

The ANC was ready to talk to the South African Government, he said, but first it would have to free Nelson Mandela.

"We can stop our armed struggle anytime. But it has to be a two-way affair -- unless the regime stops the violent system of apartheid, there is nothing we can do," he said.

In Pretoria, a spokesman for the police directorate of public relations said Mr Tambo was trying to throw up a smokescreen to cover ruthless ANC attacks on innocent people.

The ANC had in the past claimed responsibility for most of the attacks on civilians. Blaming such attacks on indiscipline among the fighting wings could only be described as trying to "beg the issue," the spokesman said. — SAPA-RNS.

ANC to step up attacks

IT'S WAR, SAYS TAMBO

84A
SOWETAN
10/11/86



ANC CHIEF . . . Mr. Oliver Tambo

LUSAKA — The African National Congress said yesterday it would intensify guerrilla attacks in South Africa but would not deliberately attack civilians.

SA Press Association and Reuter — The ANC was stepping up the guerrilla war because "President P W Botha has no intention whatsoever to accede to the demands of the people. He is playing around with the idea of reforms."
"We say the apartheid system cannot be reformed. It must be abolished in its entirety."
ANC attacks would continue to be "directed and aimed at enemy personnel and strategic installations", he said, but "in the course of the spread of the peoples' war against apartheid, civilians will be caught in the crossfire."

There has been a noticeable increase in guerrilla attacks in South Africa over the past month, not all of them claimed by the ANC.

Thirteen white people and one black have died in landmine explosions near the Zimbabwe and Botswana borders and in a bomb blast at a shopping centre in Amanzimtoti near Durban.
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"We are now calling for a rapid, extensive escalation of our military offensive," the ANC president, Mr Oliver Tambo, told a Press conference to mark the national group's 74th anniversary on Wednesday.

"We do not derive any pleasure from this but it will have to be accepted as part and parcel of a situation."

SAFFARI
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R5.00	R5.00
R5.00	R5.00
R5.00	R5.00
R5.00	R5.00

Tambo denies 'Toti blast

From Page 1

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Bomb

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Faced with almost two years of racial violence "some of them resolve to face being disciplined by the organisation. We therefore expected there to be more Amanzimtotis in the future".

Troops

South African troops were killing children, he alleged. ". . . the army is there, actually shooting, fighting and killing children. Hundreds of people have been killed, massacres have been perpetrated inside and

outside the country."

The army has been called in to support police in the battle to control racial violence in South Africa's teeming townships. Since February 1984 more than 1 000 people have died in the violence.

The ANC was ready to talk to the South African Government, he said, but first it would have to free Nelson Mandela, the ANC leader who has served more than 20 years of a life sentence for plotting the overthrow of white rule.

"We can stop our armed struggle anytime. But it has to be a two-way affair — unless the regime stops the violent system of apartheid, there is nothing we can do," he said. — Sapa-
Reuter.

AP/SOUTH AFRICA
10/1/86

Tambo talks of fullscale ANC 'people's war' into white and farming areas

Bes DAY 10/1/86

84/A

OLIVER TAMBO, president of the African National Congress, has spelled out the details of its plans to intensify its campaign of violence in 1986 as it tries to turn sporadic guerrilla activity into a fullscale "people's war".

The campaign includes plans to widen the conflict beyond the borders of the townships into white areas, to continue attacks on the white farming community and to enlist the support of various groups within SA.

Throughout a Press conference yesterday lasting nearly two hours, Tambo reaffirmed and elaborated the contents of a bellicose 18-page statement issued by the ANC, and broadcast by Tambo himself, on Wednesday night.

He gave no sign of a softening of the ANC's position, and no indication that he regarded negotiations with SA as more than a theoretical possibility.

Civilians, Tambo said bluntly, will be caught in the crossfire as the ANC steps up its attacks, and although the ANC itself will not deliberately attack such "soft targets" as schools, supermarkets and shopping centres, he does not rule out the possibility that over-zealous cadres will do so.

Tambo suggested, but did not actually say, that this was the explanation for the Amanzimtoti bomb attack on the eve of Christmas. He burst out laughing when a questioner suggested that the unit which had carried out the attack should be disciplined for exceeding ANC policy.

The Press conference was held before about 150 people, many of them members of the diplomatic corps, at the UN's Namibia Institute in Lusaka.

Foreign journalists, including South Africans, were cleared without fuss or formality through Zambian immigration, provided their names were on a list compiled by the ANC.

Their bags were closely searched as they entered the building, but they were not subjected to body searches. There were no arms or uniformed men in evidence.

Tambo, flanked by top ANC leaders and watched closely by security guards, sat before rows of bookshelves that contained, among other things, 45 volumes of the complete works of Lenin.

However, the occasion was

alternative. The ANC views the SA government as able only to react to events, not to direct them.

As a result, the ANC leadership clearly believes it has the initiative, and it is trying to step up the pressure.

Tambo explained that it was the aim of the ANC not only to step up its own attacks, in keeping with the Kabwe decision to send all resources to the front line, but also to organise support by so-called "mass units" — military groups of varying size drawn from the local populace.

Parallel with the armed campaign the ANC plans an intense political effort to widen the base of the ANC by incorporating other opponents of apartheid into the struggle.

Apparently anxious that P W Botha's reform programme will co-opt potential ANC allies, the ANC loses no opportunity to attack or denigrate any attempt by government to reform apartheid.

Repeating (apparently deliberately) the words of the Leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, Dr Van Zyl Slabbert, Tambo said apartheid cannot be reformed, only abolished.

Indeed, Tambo took credit for destroying the community council system by insisting that all councillors resign. Inevitably, he conceded, some of those who did not resign were killed.

Now the ANC hopes to take the matter farther by establishing its own "democratic councils" for each community, elected on the basis of one man-one vote, without regard to race.

Tambo spoke warmly, both in the broadcast statement and at his Press conference, of those people, including whites, who oppose apartheid even if they do not support the ANC.

His most conciliatory comments appeared to be directed to these factions and parties, and he went out of his way to say that the Freedom Charter permits a "mixed economy," that SA after liberation would be multi-racial and that it would be a democracy in which he expected a variety of parties to emerge.

Neither labour nor big business, neither white conscripts nor liberal opponents of apartheid — nor, indeed, students at Stellenbosch — were excluded from his appeal for support to overthrow apartheid.

In pursuing its aim of making



□ TAMBO TALKS . . . a pensive Oliver Tambo (left) at yesterday's ANC 74th anniversary Press conference in Lusaka. Centre is ANC publicity secretary Thabo Mbeki, with the secretary general of the ANC Alfred Nzo

KEN OWEN reports from Lusaka

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However, the occasion was free of any show of Left-wing or revolutionary symbols. The ANC leaders, neatly dressed in business suits and ties, resembled members of a Western business convention more than revolutionaries intent on launching and pursuing a fullscale war.

Tambo's comments — though delivered in a slow, schoolmasterian tone and phrased with care — confirmed in detail the uncompromising stance taken when the leaders of the banned organisation met at Kabwe in Zambia for an historic policy-making session last June.

Permission to quote Tambo was granted last night by Minister of Law and Order Louis le Grange.

At Kabwe, the ANC leaders determined to concentrate their resources on the "front line" — inside SA itself — and to attack military and strategic targets without regard to the risk towards civilians.



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Closely questioned on this point, Tambo predicted increasing civilian casualties, saying they were unavoidable in a situation of escalating warfare.

At one stage, as foreign journalists tried to determine the implications of the policy, he burst out: "I don't see why I need to be cross-questioned like this."

Some observers have seen the new policies adopted at Kabwe as a victory of a younger, more radical faction over older moderates, but neither Tambo nor any of the leaders flanking him showed the slightest doubt about widening the war.

On his left sat the rising young star Thabo Mbeki — son of Govan Mbeki, who has shared prison with Nelson Mandela for more than 20 years — and the veteran secretary general Alfred Nzo.

On his right were long-time

leaders Thomas Nkobi and Dan Tiome, and in the watching crowd was the young Palo Jordan, a close associate of the assassinated communist intellectual Ruth First.

All these men, and a goodly section of the spectators, applauded talk of increasing violence and wider warfare. They joined Tambo in laughing at the man who suggested disciplining cadres that deliberately attacked "soft" targets.

Similarly, Tambo gave scant respect to a suggestion that farmers and their families — such as the victims of recent landmines laid on the borders of the Transvaal — should be regarded as non-combatants.

On the contrary, he said, the

farming community as a whole was a prime target for attack because it had been drawn into the SA security system.

Nor did negotiation receive serious attention. Negotiations, Tambo emphasised, need not await the cessation of violence — they could begin whenever the SA government chose.

His comments left a firm impression that the gap between the ANC and the SA government is simply too wide to be bridgeable. President Botha's minimum demand that the ANC forswear violence before negotiations begin is

clearly unacceptable to the ANC leadership, old and young.

At the same time, the ANC's first and minimum condition for talks to begin is the release of Nelson Mandela, Govan Mbeki and other leaders.

Further conditions, Tambo pointed out, would in any event follow even if the first condition were met.

This hardline stance rests upon a perception of Nationalist policy as being bankrupt. The ideological platform of apartheid has collapsed and the Nationalist government has found no coherent

opponents or apartheid into the struggle.

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Neither labour nor big business, neither white conscripts nor liberal opponents of apartheid — nor, indeed, students at Stellenbosch — were excluded from his appeal for support to overthrow apartheid.

In pursuing its aim of making "apartheid unworkable and the country ungovernable" the ANC is broadcasting specific instructions for a new campaign against the pass laws, and is asking the unions — especially the mineworkers — to live up to their "revolutionary tradition."

However, Tambo left no doubt that, in this Year of Umkhonto, the keynote is violence and the slogan is "attack". Tambo says bluntly that the ANC will give no quarter and will demand an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth.

□ SIMON BARBER'S Washington column will appear in Monday's Business Day



BUS DAY 10/11/86

Surge in terror activity sees 136 incidents last year

PETER HONEY

GUERRILLA activity has surged dramatically in SA, with 136 incidents recorded last year. This figure comprises 34% of all incidents noted over the 10 years.

The East Rand and Western Province have been revived as areas of operation, rivalling Port Natal, where 28 cases of guerrilla activity or violence were recorded last year. The 25 incidents in the Western Province were the first recorded since 1982, while incidents on the East Rand rose from none in 1984 to 28 last year.

Statistics for the period following the 1976 Soweto uprising were disclosed to *Business Day* by researcher Wim Booyse of Pretoria's Institute for Strategic Studies (ISS) yesterday.

Booyse drew on newspapers and own sources for the study, and said his figures of recent years tallied closely with claims by the banned African National Congress.

He accounted for 398 cases of guerrilla incidents since 1976 — 136 of them last year. These included handgrenade, limpet mine and rocket attacks, car bombings, sabotage, murder or attempted murder, landmines and skirmishes with security forces.

The 1985 figures amount to a 309% increase over 1984. Nearly half of last year's incidents involved handgrenades and 37 cases,

GUERRILLA INCIDENTS — 1985 (Showing sectors of major increase)	
Attacks on police stations	4
Attacks on SADF buildings	2
Murder/attempted murder on police (major increase)	34
Murder/attempted murder on civilians (major increase)	40
Murder/attempted murder on SADF or commandos	6
SABOTAGE/ATTEMPTED SABOTAGE ON:	
Rail installations	2
Government/public buildings	11
Power installations	7
Fuel/bus depots	4
Telecommunications	1
Business property (major increase)	19
Private property	3
Water pipelines	3
Total (34 percent of incidents since 1976)	136
GEOGRAPHIC AREAS MOST HEAVILY AFFECTED	
Port Natal	28
East Rand (No incidents recorded 1984)	28
Western Province (No incidents recorded since 1982)	25

limpet mines.

Booyse said there was evidence that ANC trainees at weekend camps were being given weapons with the directive to use them at their own discretion.

Booyse noted a significant shift in guerrilla activity towards murder or attempted murder of civilians, police or legal witnesses, as well as a dramatic increase in bombings of business premises. There were 19 business attacks last year compared with only one the previous year, or 12 since 1976.

While the ANC had not claimed responsibility for many attacks, figures bore out the banned organisation's intention of moving from the theme of armed propaganda to one of furthering unprovoked and confrontation with

security forces, Booyse said.

He said the surge in guerrilla activity in the Transvaal and Western Cape supported the theory that Botswana had become a primary infiltration route for ANC insurgents from their main training bases in Angola and transit camps in Zambia.

ISS director Prof Mike Hough said it appeared the ANC was trying to exploit the unrest situation of the past 16 to 18 months by maintaining a pattern of sabotage.

Serious negotiations between government and the ANC were unlikely at this stage because "the ANC does not see negotiation as an alternative to violence, but rather violence as a way of putting itself in a better negotiating position".

Hough said there was evidence to suggest that several acts of terrorism — such as the limpet mine attack on a minibus in Durban last month — could have been carried out without ANC authorisation.

An ANC spokesman in Lusaka told *Business Day* last week that his organisation was unable to claim responsibility for the minibus bombing, nor for the Amanzimtoti bomb blast, because "we don't always know what some of the people there are going to do".

Cape Town University political scientist Professor Robert Schriner supported this view, saying that much of the guerrilla violence in SA was not being instigated by the ANC.

Tambo's speech warns of 'more Amanzimtotis'

ANC vows to step up attacks in SA



● TAMBO

LUSAKA — The African National Congress (ANC) yesterday said it would intensify guerrilla attacks in South Africa, but would not deliberately attack civilians.

"We are now calling for a rapid, extensive increase of our military offensive," ANC President Oliver Tambo told a Press conference to mark the group's 74th anniversary yesterday.

Tambo warned that the ANC expected "more Amanzimtotis in the future".

Minister of Law and Order Louis le Grange last night gave permission to the media to quote Tambo, who is banned.

Tambo said the ANC was stepping up the guerrilla war in South Africa because "(President P W) Botha has no intention whatsoever to accede to the demands of the people. He is playing around with the idea of reforms".

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The full Tambo Press conference: Associate Editor Ken Owen reports from Lusaka — See Page 4.

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● To Page 2 ➔

ANC to intensify fight

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"Hundreds of people have been killed, massacres have been perpetrated inside and outside the country."

Since February 1984, more than 1 000 people have died in SA violence.

Tambo said the ANC was ready to talk to government, but imprisoned African National Congress leader Nelson Mandela — who has served more than 20 years of a life sentence — would first have to be freed.

"We can stop our armed struggle any-time."

"But it has to be a two-way affair — unless the regime stops the violent system of apartheid, there is nothing we can do," Tambo said. — Sapa-Reuter.

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BUS DAY 10/11/86

From page 1

We have to step up war — ANC

STAR 10/1/88

Reshuffle may not please SA

The Star Bureau

LONDON — The resignation of Mr Michael Heseltine may be bad news for South Africa.

The ripple of promotions caused by his going has taken Mr Malcolm Rifkind into the Cabinet as the new Scottish Secretary.

Mr Rifkind was Under-Secretary of State at the Foreign Office charged with dealing with South Africa. It is largely he who has been responsible for the continued friendliness Britain displays towards SA.

His successor has not yet been announced, but before Mrs Thatcher's Cabinet reshuffle earlier this year there was talk that Mr Rifkind would be promoted and replaced by Mr John Selwyn Gummer, then chairman of the Tory Party.

Mr Rifkind, who is only 39, has a razor-sharp intellect and was highly regarded at the Foreign Office and by South African diplomats.

By contrast it was hard to find anyone who had a good word to say about Mr Gummer.

Heseltine quit rather than



Mr Michael Heseltine sitting pretty in the passenger seat of a Westland helicopter in 1973. The present controversy over Westland makes him feel a bit of a sitting duck.

West's failure to apply pressure leaves us no choice, say top men

The Star's Africa News Service

LUSAKA — The African National Congress is mobilising its military resources for a substantial upsurge in its armed struggle this year.

The outlawed movement plans to involve as broad a spread of people as possible in its own and related military activities, and to take its actions into all corners of the country.

The ANC has declared 1986 "The Year of the People's Army Umkhonto we Sizwe" and will be mobilising under the slogan "Every patriot a combatant, every combatant a patriot".

Top-level ANC sources said in Lusaka this week, where they were gathered for the organisation's 74th anniversary, that they believed they had no option now but to step up the armed struggle significantly.

The ANC is now believed to have substantially more than the 7 000 fighters it was reliably estimated to have at the beginning of the year.

This follows a massive exodus of young black militants over the past 18 months. The outflow is said by ANC sources

to have been larger than that in 1976.

The failure of South Africa's main trading partners in the West to impose sanctions as a way to bring about change meant the ANC had no choice but to step up anti-apartheid political violence, these sources argued.

They said the events of the past 18 months had created a situation in which vast numbers of black people had gained some experience in paramilitary-type activity.

Landmines

The ANC now intended to increase its links with these people and draw them into a disciplined relationship with it.

Landmine and other attacks in recent weeks, which have exacted a relatively high toll in white lives, were the opening shots in the new armed phase, these sources said.

They refused to confirm or deny whether the ANC was responsible for the Amanzimtoti bombing two days before Christmas in which five white civilians died, but well-placed observers are in no doubt whatsoever that the ANC mounted the action.

These observers believe the

Amanzimtoti bombing was carried out by one of a number of "quick response units" enraged by the killing of six ANC members in Lesotho a few days earlier. These units are based inside the country.

ANC sources make much of the fact that weapons equipped with silencers were used by the killers in Lesotho, adding that this constitutes "dirty tactics".

The new slogan under which the ANC will be mobilising is seen by observers as consistent with its aim to mount a "people's war" in which every one of its members and supporters has a combat role.

In recent years, the ANC has said it has been satisfied with progress in forming and strengthening legal, political, union, youth and other organisations.

But it has been dissatisfied with the intensity of its armed struggle.

"We are now in the process of correcting that imbalance," one senior ANC source said.

He added that a good deal of the ANC's past restraint in its armed struggle would fall away, but said the ANC, as a matter of policy, would still not direct its attacks at civilian targets, though civilians would get "caught in the crossfire".

'No talks with ANC' is message from Nylstroom district meeting

Farmers, army unite against terror

By Dirk Nel, Northern Transvaal Bureau

NYLSTROOM — All aspects of security on the northern borders were discussed in a closed meeting here yesterday.

Present were military, police, agricultural and political representatives from all parts of the Northern Transvaal. After the meeting General Charles Lloyd, Commanding Officer for the Far Northern Transvaal military area, said joint strategies between the Defence Force and the civilian population had been devised to combat terrorist incursions.

Asked to elaborate, General Lloyd said: "That would be giving away secrets to the enemy."

The Northern Transvaal regional chairman of the Transvaal Agricultural Union, Mr Dries Bruwer, said border farmers fully understood Defence Force methods because of their involvement in commandos, which worked closely with army units.

Districts represented

Also at the meeting were the Far North Divisional Commissioner of Police, Brigadier Gert van Rensburg, Northern Transvaal Security Police Chief Colonel Willem van der Merwe, MPs Dr Andries Treurnicht (Waterberg), Dr Willie Shyman (Pietersburg) and Mr Tom Langley (Soutpansberg), several provincial councillors and representatives of 10 district agricultural unions.

The agricultural districts represented were Thabazimbi, Waterberg, Ellisras, Koedoesand, Pietersburg, Soutpansberg, Letaba, Hoedspruit, Potgietersrus and Vaalwater.

A statement after the meeting said organised agriculture in the region fully supported the country's security forces in its efforts to combat all forms of terrorism.

The meeting also opposed any negotiations with the ANC and urged the authorities to maintain strong action inside and outside the country against terrorism at all levels.

It was noted that prosperity and security went hand in hand and that a strong infrastructure in the region was essential.

The meeting felt close co-operation between security forces and local communities should be promoted and economic development in the Northern Transvaal should be accelerated to help keep farmers on the land.



Mr Johan de Villiers (left), of Messina, in conversation with Mr Willie Lewies, of Ellisras, before the start of yesterday's Nylstroom meetings. Both men have been intimately involved with the security situation since the recent landmine blasts in their farming areas.

10/1/86
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Ellisras landmine victim is buried

STAR 10/1/86 Pretoria Bureau

84A

Mr Hubert du Plessis de Beer (63), a victim of the Ellisras landmine explosion, was buried in Pretoria yesterday.

More than 200 people packed the Waverly Gereformeerde Kerk for the funeral — among them his son Deon (34) whose arm was injured when the bakkie they were in detonated a landmine on a remote dirt road near the Botswana border on Saturday.

Deon's wife Elize will be buried in Benoni today.

He was temporarily discharged from H F Verwoerd Hospital after a number of operations to remove glass and shrapnel from his elbow.

Five injured in Durban blast

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10/1/86
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DURBAN — Five men investigating an explosion at an electricity sub-station in Durban last night were hurt in a second blast.

They were three policemen and two municipal electricians, all whites, according to a police spokesman, who added that the names of the injured could not yet be released.

He said their injuries were not serious.

The first blast occurred at about 9.15 pm and

the second came "soon afterwards".

Two transformers at the sub-station in an industrial area near a coloured suburb were blown out and the explosions were heard kilometres away.

● Last night's blasts bring to seven the number of similar incidents in and around Durban in six months, including the blast at Amanzimtoti which killed five people. — Sapa.

CAPE TIMES 10/1/86 (8/4A)
Meeting on border safety

Own Correspondent

PRETORIA. — Representatives from the army, police, farmers and Northern Transvaal

MPs yesterday held a meeting in Nylstroom to discuss security in the border area following the recent spate of landmine explosions there.

An SADF spokesman here confirmed yesterday that the meeting was "held behind closed doors".

● Meanwhile, more than 400 people attended the funeral of Ellistras landmine victim Mr Hubert du Plessis de Beer, 63, in Pretoria yesterday.

Mr De Beer's son Deon, who survived the blast, left his hospital bed to attend the service in Waverly.

'Toti blast: an ambivalent silence

It took three days for the ANC to respond to the Amanzimtoti bomb, and even then it was ambivalent. SHAUN JOHNSON reports

JOHNSON reports

Implication is that while it may have been the work of ANC cadres in South Africa, it was not done with the knowledge of the national executive committee. A report from London on January 6 quotes "two senior ANC officials" denying knowledge of ANC involvement in the Toti blast.

The ANC reactions suggest very strongly that the Amanzimtoti bomb was not planned or sanctioned by the leadership of the organisation, either in Lusaka or in London. Their reticence in claiming responsibility stands in sharp contrast to the landmine incidents.

attacks of this type are inconsistent with the organisation's history and stated policy. Importantly, however, Lodge notes this does not mean there will not be several more such attacks. ANC information secretary in Lusaka Tom Sebina commented recently that the intensification of the organisation's struggle necessarily implied that the question of hard and soft targets would become a grey area.

Thus while the Amanzimtoti blast should be seen as an aberration in terms of official ANC policy, this does not rule out the possibility of it becoming an attractive modus operandi for militants operating within the country, and without the aegis of the national leadership.

responsible. He said the attack was not unexpected, as the ANC had warned in June that it would not shrink from "soft targets".

A police representative pointed out the ANC had not accepted responsibility for the explosion. "It appears they have a communication problem," he said. "We are waiting for a reaction from them."

After three days of silence, an ANC official in Lusaka announced the organisation was not claiming responsibility for the bomb. This, of course, is not the same as denying responsibility: the obvious

What conclusions can we reasonably draw from this sequence of events? Dr Tom Lodge of the political studies department at Wits University has convincingly suggested the Amanzimtoti bombing took the ANC leadership by surprise, hence the delayed official reaction. Unrestricted

both in South Africa and elsewhere, have been set by much more powerful forces than the ANC. The main object of mining the border areas may not have been the

Enter the year of landmines and grenades

EVENTS of the last six weeks have all the appearance of the inception of a new and ferocious era in the country's history:

On November 25, Edward Maluba was driving a load of cement on his employer's farm near Messina on the Zimbabwe border. His truck detonated a landmine. He later had a leg amputated.

This was the first of a series of incidents which have served to bring South Africa's civil conflict several stages closer to the hearts and minds of most white South Africans.

A second landmine explosion on the same day was succeeded by four more on the following day in the same vicinity — one causing the death of a black farmworker and another injuring four soldiers.

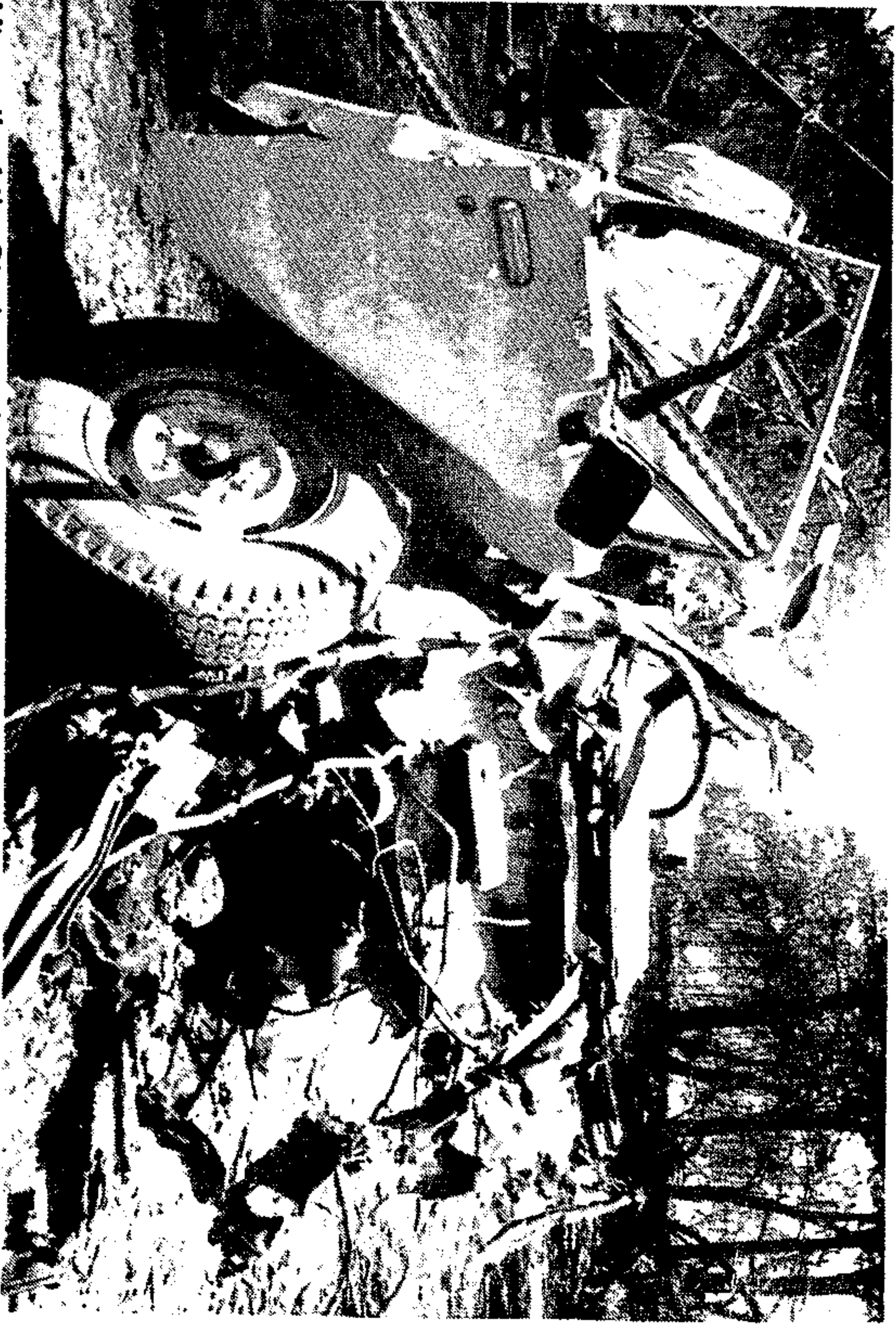
Then on the 28th, three guerrillas attempted a rocket attack on the Sasol

1986 has been designated the year of Umkhonto we Sizwe by the African National Congress, an indication, writes TOM LODGE, that the advent of the new year marks more than a change in the calendar.

under their kombi in a Durban street on the afternoon of the 21st. And then in Amanzimtoti a limpet mine left in a rubbish bin outside a shopping arcade killed five, all white holiday-makers, including three children.

ANC representatives hesitated and then eventually declined to claim responsibility for the Amanzimtoti affair.

Finally, on January 4, two more people were killed by a landmine, a farmer and his son on their land at Stockpoort, adjacent to the Botswana



Aftermath of the Stockpoort landmine blast ... a wrecked truck picture: WENDY SCHWEGMANN, Reuters

to see it as the work of local cadres acting on their own impulses, reacting perhaps to the Maseru raid.

The landmine offensive is more useful in providing an insight into current ANC strategic thinking.

ambushed a truck attack on the Saso installations at Secunda and were subsequently killed by police near the Swazi border.

On November 30, the ANC claimed responsibility for the landmines but contested the SA Defence Force allegation that the device had been planted by men operating from Zimbabwe. A unit based inside South Africa was responsible, the official said.

On Sunday, December 8, an explosion at a Durban post office hurt eight passers-by. Then, one week later, six white people were killed by a landmine, again in the Messina area. Two of the victims were small children.

In apparent retaliation nine people, six of them ANC members, were killed in Maseru on the night of December 19. The SADF disclaimed responsibility.

ANC representatives announced in response that the armed struggle would be "stepped up".

In the space of four days two attacks had been mounted in Natal. The De Jongh family narrowly escaped death when a youth threw a hand grenade

Stockport, adjacent to the Botswana border and 200km south-west of Messina.

The offensive has sent shock waves through white South Africa. Until the landmines ANC attacks, for the most part, were either located in black areas or were directed at institutional targets rather than people.

These recent actions seemed calculated to undermine the white republic's sense of security and to reduce the comfortable distance from which hitherto they could contemplate their country's political agonies. The ANC seemed to be living up to its promise to bring the war directly into the lives of white South Africans.

Politicians and editorialists had no hesitation in interpreting the Christmas season offensive as the reflection of a calculated terrorist strategy aimed essentially at the white civilian public. The evidence, however, suggests that the truth is more complicated.

The Amanzimtoti tragedy does not appear to have been sanctioned or well planned by ANC leaders. (See Johnson's article elsewhere on page.) The simplest explanation is

current ANC strategic thinking.

The mines were sown in two areas of border farmland, one fairly prosperous, the other less so, but both areas in which there is a high rate of absentee landholding. Both regions are characterised by frequent illegal traffic across the frontier, mainly of workseekers. Messina and Stockport are both in the north-western Transvaal, which provides the terrain for the ANC's main external lines of communications.

In the wake of the Kabwe conference, ANC officials said that in future it would not always be possible to make distinctions between "hard" and "soft" targets. Though the organisation would still eschew hitting supermarkets or places of entertainment, certain types of civilian target would now be considered legitimate. They specifically mentioned farmers who were, they said, integrated into a system of civil defence directed by the SADF.

Messina is part of the Soupanberg military area established in 1980. Most farmers are members of the

including security fences, repatriation of illegal immigrants, radio communications, and so forth has been in progress since 1980.

The ANC claims the area has been subject to a heavy military build-up pre-dating their offensive. The SADF denies this, but the border is tightly guarded, and it is the case that a soldier is stationed on most farms.

In the Stockport area, government financial aid helps to maintain the occupancy of those farms which are still cultivated.

The ANC's argument, therefore, that these border farms constitute strategic areas of vital importance is not one which the authorities can convincingly debate. Whether this is sufficient justification for the deaths of children on a game-watching trip is the kind of ethical issue which, sadly, has never held up the progress of any war for very long.

Up until recently the ANC's reluctance to cause non-combatant deaths (apart from "collaborators") made it exceptional among military organisations anywhere. But the standards for the conduct of the war,

A militant mood reigns in Lusaka

THE ANC's "phoney war" of warnings, posture and propaganda, remarked one exile last week, is coming to an end.

The African National Congress view is that years of warnings — that it would strike hard at white supremacism, profit and privilege if there was no fundamental change — are now being translated into action.

There is widespread feeling within the ANC that its 74 years of restraint have given it moral and political advantages — but now is the time to pursue in unmitigated fashion the objective with which every revolutionary movement is ultimately concerned: state power.

Above all, the outlawed movement is working to escalate its armed struggle.

Although the ANC has not said if it

HOWARD BARRELL reports on the mood in Lusaka, scene of the ANC's 74th birthday conference.

carried out the Amanzimtoti bombing attack, well-placed observers are in no doubt whatsoever that it was the work of an ANC unit inside the country.

It has been clear to these observers for some time that Umkhonto we Sizwe has quite a number of "quick response units" inside the country — units on whom the state security establishment has few, if any, leads.

These observers believe the action in Amanzimtoti was the work of one such unit, primarily in response to the raid on Lesotho in which nine people, among them six ANC members, were killed a few days earlier.

They see the use of weapons

equipped with silencers against these refugees as a serious escalation in the cycle of violence. This is a view shared by people in the ANC and Zimbabwean ex-guerrillas.

"A silencer is an instrument for murder, not war," remarked a former Zimbabwean guerrilla.

Socialist bloc countries have in the past resolutely refused to supply silencers in the past to those African liberation movements they support. Their outlook may now be different.

These observers consider the message from the ANC unit believed responsible for the Amanzimtoti attack was: "We have the capacity to escalate the spiral of terror and violence still further, so step down."

The action does not fall within the

ambit of ANC guerrilla policy, which still insists that civilians should not be the specific targets of guerrilla actions though they could get "caught in the crossfire".

But one listens in vain in ANC circles for a condemnation of the action.

The ANC has, probably more than any other comparable movement, been sensitive to the moral issues involved in revolutionary violence.

"Perhaps the time has come for us no longer to be so damned right, but rather a bit wrong and effective," said one ANC source.

"What do we have to fear from the moral equation after the past 300 years and the deaths in Soweto in 1976 and the more than 1 000 deaths over the past 18 months?" he asked

psychological one of stimulating white fears and insecurity. Rather, the ANC could be attempting to wrest control of crucial geographical locations from the South African authorities.

Notwithstanding "people's war" and the efforts of the teenage armies in the townships, if the ANC is going to constitute a serious military and administrative challenge, then its external organisation must be able to contest effectively the South African government's control over the country's frontiers. The ANC views the military constituent of the struggle as being of great importance — hence the year of Umkhonto we Sizwe. The army it hopes to build inside the republic cannot be through smuggled handfuls of grenades or the munitions captured from the security forces.

The landmine attacks were carefully prepared. Whether or not they were carried out by internally — or externally-based groups does not matter: the ANC has the capacity to employ either of these two options.

According to farmers, the Messina unit seems to have been in contact with the local black farmworker population and circulated warnings. It seems to have had an accurate and extensive knowledge of the area. This was no hit and run mission of opportunist terrorism, but a planned and discriminating military operation with a serious strategic purpose.

To explain the events is not to offer moral justifications for them. All wars, including revolutionary ones, have their uglier dimensions. Nobody should try to make a virtue of the killing of children — as an ANC representative interviewed on the BBC on December 28 came perilously close to doing.

Better to accept that in certain situations brutal and reprehensible things happen. Better that the people who support the cause should remain silent if they cannot express regret.

To defend the deaths of Messina, Amanzimtoti or Stockport in moral terms is to celebrate the degradation of war. The victims of these events should be mourned — along with the hundreds and hundreds of other South Africans killed last year in the struggle for freedom.

WEEKLY
12/1/86
Passtoors docket sent to AG

By PAT SIDLEY

SECURITY POLICE have completed their investigation into the alleged activity of Helene Passtoors, who has been held under the Internal Security Act since June last year.

This was confirmed by the Attorney General for the Transvaal, Klaus von Lieres, who said the docket was being studied at present.

Passtoors is the former wife of the Dutch fugitive Klaas de Jonge.

Security police have informed Passtoors' lawyer, Kathleen Satchwell, of the status of the investigation but have once again refused to allow her access to her client, who has been in solitary confinement in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act since her arrest in June.

Von Lieres said he expected to have made a decision on prosecution in two to three weeks.

Asked if prosecution depended on the course of negotiations on De Jonge's future, Von Lieres said the case would be decided according to the "laws of the land". His decision would not be concerned with diplomatic or political considerations.

He said it was not possible to say whether Passtoors and De Jonge would stand trial

together. "It may be possible that she could stand trial on her own. One has to consider both convenience and evidence," he said, but added that the evidence and the cases of both were so closely linked it may prove to be a "waste of time and effort" to run separate trials.

Asked if De Jonge's docket was also before him, he said as far as he knew the police had not yet completed their investigation into his case. "But it would not be true to say that Passtoors' docket dealt only with her, as they were arrested together and the cases are linked up."

Von Lieres said Passtoors would remain in Section 29 detention until a decision whether or not to prosecute had been taken. At that stage she would either be released or accorded awaiting trial status, if she were to be charged.

Passtoors has now been in solitary confinement in detention longer than most of the detainees in South Africa.

Police have refused to confirm that others are being held in connection with two cases. However, both security sources and other sources close to De Jonge have said people connected with the case are currently in detention.

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10/18/86
WEEKLY M

Christmas bloody Christmas in Durban

By MIKE ROBERTSON,
Durban

HOLIDAYS in Durban were once reasonably pleasant affairs.

Sure, the beaches were crowded and reeked of coconut oil, the ice-creams cost a small fortune and the surfers were aggro, but you could still have a good time.

Things have changed.

This Christmas 66 people were killed and scores were injured in political violence in Durban. There were stonings, shootings, faction fights, bomb blasts and a riot on the beachfront.

It might well be termed Christmas, bloody Christmas.

The first inkling of things to come was on Sunday, December 15 when the United Democratic Front held a rally at Curries Fountain as part of the Free Mandela Campaign.

Several times during the meeting youths confronted security policemen trying to videotape the proceedings.

Afterwards about 500 youths ran out of the stadium chanting "I'm a soldier". They spotted two police vans and gave chase, hurling objects at the fast-receding vehicles.

Motorists heading off the Western Freeway were stoned. So was a nearby shopping complex.

Youths then turned on plainclothes police waiting in cars opposite the shops and started throwing stones.

UDF marshalls from the rally arrived and persuaded the crowd to stop and return to the busses waiting to take people home.

Police and soldiers arrived, waded into the crowd with sjamboks and fired teargas. At least two people were injured.

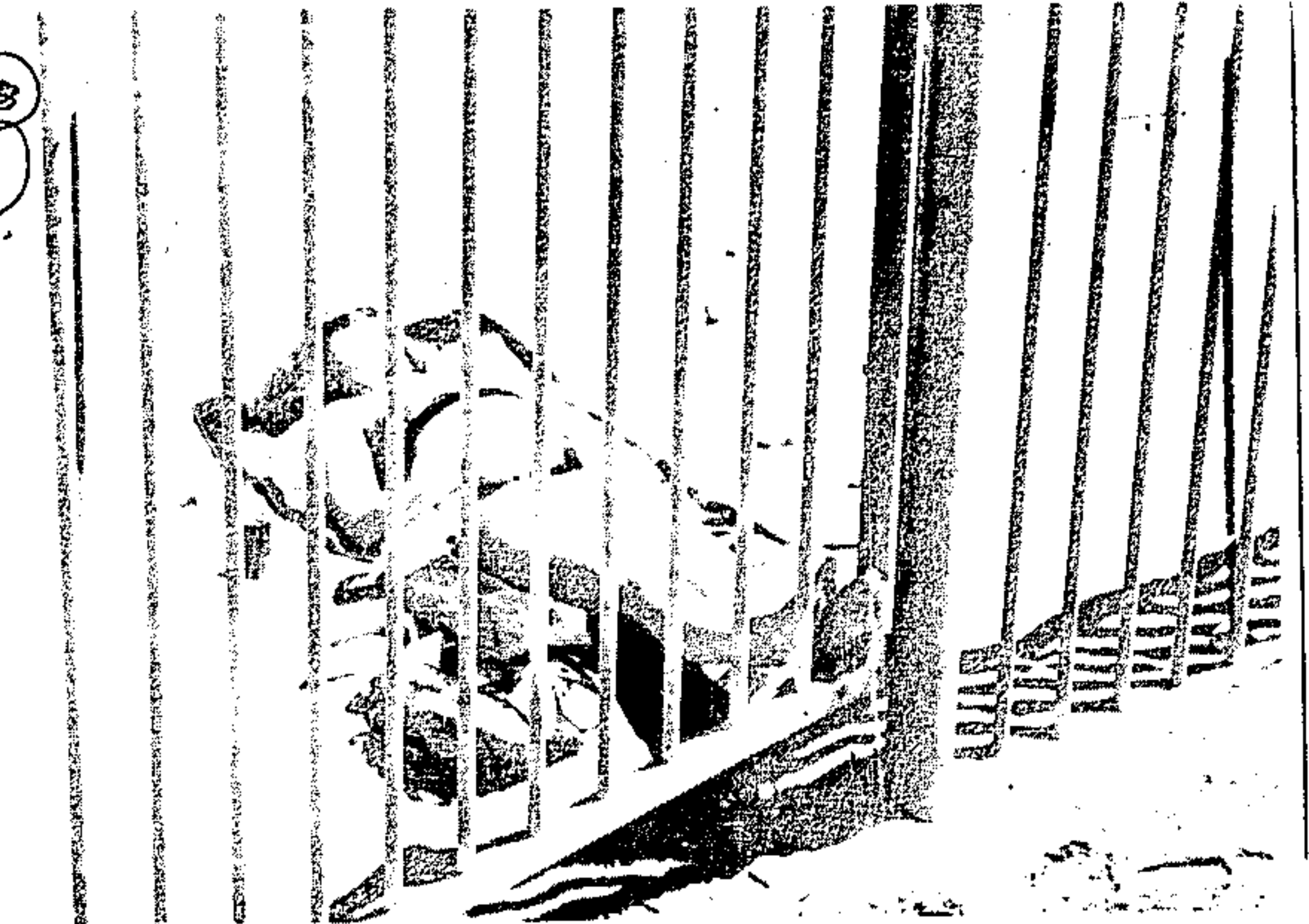
The violence that was endemic in the townships around the city had come to central Durban.

A week later as thousands of people were taking advantage of extended shopping hours, a bomb went off in Pine Street, in the central city.

Thirteen people were injured.

Bombs are nothing new in Durban, but it was the timing of this one and the apparently arbitrary choice of victims that sent shockwaves through the city.

Then passers-by saw a black youth throw something which resembled a can under a parked mini-bus in the



MEANWHILE IN CAPE TOWN: At Seapoint, authorities had a different approach to mixed beaches. Here a sun-lover relaxes against the metal bars which fence in the fee-paying integrated zone

Picture: ERIC MILLER, Afrapix

central city.

In the mini-bus at the time were Ina de Jong and her two daughters, Vanessa, 9, and Delmarie, 4. They miraculously survived the blast.

Worse was still to come.

The following Monday, just two days before Christmas, a bomb exploded in a crowded shopping centre in Amanzimtoti, on the south coast.

Without doubt it was the worst bomb blast Natal had ever experienced. A total of five people were killed and 41 injured.

Even as people sat down to their Christmas lunches two days later, the violence continued.

A bloody faction fight in Section Five of Kwamakutha, a township near Durban, claimed the lives of 59 people. Many more were injured and thousands more were forced to flee the area to escape the violence.

Exactly what caused the fighting is not clear, but it is likely that it resulted from competition for scarce resources, the settling of scores of an earlier faction fight in Malakazi and a powerplay by Zulu chief Bhekizetha Makhanya, who felt that Pondos, by settling in his territory and establishing their own chiefs and indunas were undermining his authority.

On Boxing Day, as heavily armed

groups of men patrolled, military style, in Section Five, violence came to Durban's beachfront.

What started as a group of black people pilfering goods on the adjoining Indian Beach developed into a racial incident when attempts were made to stop them.

In the ensuing fracas, two people were stabbed, one of them apparently with an umbrella pole.

The following day there was more violence when a group gathered on the African beach. They began to head for the Indian beach but were intercepted by beach officials.

The group moved into a nearby parking lot, stoning cars. Eventually City Police moved in and the crowd returned to the beach.

On Sunday, December 29, a pamphlet bomb was found in a bin outside Addington Hospital.

New Year's Day started as one of those typically humid Durban midsummer's days. Thousands thronged to the beaches.

By the time the day had drawn to a close, one man lay dead, 10 others were injured and a full-scale riot had taken place on the beachfront.

Police initially reported the rioting as Indian-African clashes, but this has since been denied by Durban's beach authorities.

They say the trouble started when a

group of youths went around shaving the heads of women with permed hair on the African beach.

Later a shop belonging to an Indian woman, S Maharaj, was stoned. She called in the SA Police who, when they arrived on the scene, fired teargas and birdshot.

As the crowds scattered in all directions, numerous vehicles were stoned. A City Police vehicle was set light.

Lifeguards said they had seen men with loudhailers exhorting people to stone cars on the Marine Parade which had to be sealed off for a period.

Some Durban councillors criticised the actions of the SAP, whose presence on the scene, they believed, provoked the rioting.

They believe that in future the City Police and beach authorities, should be given a chance to try and control trouble first. The SAP should be called in only as a last resort.

Now Durban's management committee members are discussing the rioting and considering the city's future options.

The words of Chris De Jong, whose family was injured in the Pine Street blast, will probably be high up in their thoughts.

He said: "We will continue our holiday in Margate, but we will never come to Durban again."

...the value of the land will
...because it was feared that it
...government refused to
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...Mr. Alexandre Rodri-
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Cape Times 10/1/86
847
**Bomb injures
5 in Durban**

Own Correspondent
DURBAN. — Five people, including three policemen, were hurt last night when a bomb exploded while they were investigating the cause of an earlier blast at a sub-station in Durban's Jacobs industrial area.

One of the injured men, from the electricity department, stood waiting for an ambulance — his shirt in rags and skin hanging from his badly burned arms and legs.

The others also received burns but police said their injuries were not serious.

The men, three policemen and two electricity department officials, had gone to investigate

the first bomb, which was heard as far away as Morningside, after it went off at 9.15pm at the electrical sub-station in Austerville Drive.

A police spokesman said the five were in the grounds of the sub-station when the second bomb went off about 9.40pm. They were burned by the flash of the blast.

Said Mr H Adams, who was at the scene soon after the first blast: "I was knocked off my feet and when I looked over my shoulder I saw three men come out of the sub-station with flames on their backs."

Police suspect that limpet mines were used in the attack.

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Tambo spells it out

ANC plan to extend 'war'

CAPE TOWN 10/11/86 (M) 84A

From KEN OWEN

LUSAKA. — The president of the African National Congress, Mr Oliver Tambo, yesterday spelt out details of ANC plans to intensify its campaign of violence in 1986 as it tries to turn sporadic guerilla activity into a fullscale "people's war".

The campaign includes plans to widen the conflict beyond the borders of the townships into white areas, to continue attacks on the white farming community and to enlist the support of various groups within South Africa.

Throughout a press conference lasting nearly two hours, Mr Tambo reaffirmed and elaborated the contents of an 18-page statement issued by the ANC, and broadcast by Mr Tambo himself, on Wednesday night. He gave no sign of a softening of the ANC's position, and no indication that he regarded negotiations with South Africa as more than a theoretical possibility.

Laughing

Civilians, Mr Tambo said bluntly, will be caught in the crossfire as the ANC steps up its attacks and although the ANC itself will not deliberately attack such "soft targets" as schools, supermarkets and shopping centres, he does not rule out the possibility that over-zealous cadres will do so.

Mr Tambo suggested, but did not actually say, that this was the explanation for the Amanzimtoti bomb attack on the eve of Christmas. He burst out laughing when a questioner suggested that the unit which had carried out the attack should be disciplined for exceeding ANC policy.

The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, gave permission for the publication of Mr Tambo's speech.

The press conference was held before about 150 people, many of them members of the diplomatic corps, at the

UN's Namibia Institute in Lusaka.

Foreign journalists, including South Africans, were cleared without fuss or formality through Zambian immigration provided their names were on a list compiled by the ANC. Their bags were closely

tone and phrased with care, confirmed in detail the uncompromising stance taken when the leaders of the banned organization met at Kabwe in Zambia for a historic policy-making session last June.

At Kabwe, the ANC leaders determined to

questioned like this."

Some observers have seen the new policies adopted at Kabwe as a victory of a younger, more radical faction over older moderates but neither Mr Tambo nor any of the leaders flanking him showed the slightest doubt about widening the war.

On one side the rising young star, Mr Thabo Mbeki, son of Mr Govan Mbeki, who has shared prison with Mr Nelson Mandela for more than 20 years, and the veteran secretary-general Mr Alfred Nzo.

Farmers

On the other were long-time leaders Mr Thomas Nkobi and Mr Dan Tloome, and in the watching crowd was the young Mr Palo Jordan, a close associate of the assassinated communist intellectual Ms Ruth First.

Mr Tambo gave scant respect to a suggestion that farmers and their families, like the victims of recent landmines laid on the borders of the Transvaal, should be regarded as non-combatants. On the contrary, he said, the farming community as a whole was a prime target for attack because it had been drawn into the South African security system.

Negotiations, Mr Tambo emphasized, need not await the cessation of violence — they could begin whenever the South African Government chose.

His comments left a firm impression that the gap between the ANC and the South African Government is simply



Mr Oliver Tambo at the ANC's conference in Lusaka yesterday. With him are Mr Thabo Mbeki (centre) and Mr Alfred Nzo.

searched as they entered the building, but they were not subjected to body searches. There were no arms or uniformed men in evidence.

The occasion was free of any show of left-wing or revolutionary symbols. The ANC leaders, neatly dressed in business suits and ties, resembled members of a Western business convention more than revolutionaries intent on launching and pursuing a fullscale war.

Mr Tambo's comments, though delivered in a slow, schoolmasterish

concentrate their resources on the "front line" — inside South Africa itself — and to attack military and strategic targets without regard to the risk towards civilians.

Closely questioned on this point yesterday, Mr Tambo predicted increasing civilian casualties, saying they were unavoidable in a situation of escalating warfare. At one stage as foreign journalists tried to determine the implications of the policy, he burst out: "I don't see why I need to be cross-

'Double bomb' warning

84A

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Police and security officials warned yesterday that a double bomb like the one in a Jacobs, Durban, electrical substation on Thursday night, could result in carnage if the public ignored requests to stay away from bomb scenes.

Thursday night's incident, in which five people were hurt, was the first time a second bomb had exploded as police were searching the scene.

Mr Arthur Willis, Durban's chief security officer, warned that two bombs could be planted in the city centre — one to attract crowds and the the second aimed at killing and maiming the curious onlookers.

"People must stay well clear of bomb scenes and should rather go home. They can report anything they may have seen to the police at a later stage."

A spokesman in Pretoria also made an appeal to the public, not only for their own safety, but also because they may hamper police and destroy clues.

Mr Willis said the Jacobs bomb could have caused more injuries if the windows in the substation had been ordinary glass. However, any windows in corporation buildings in a "danger zone" were replaced with shatterproof Lexan polycarbonate.

Sergeant Rudolph van der Merwe, who received serious burns to his body in Thursday night's bomb blast in Jacobs, is still in a critical condition in the intensive-care unit at Addington Hospital, a hospital spokesman said last night.

Wall of flame

The spokesman said that Colonel Robert Welman and Mr Mervyn Dunn, also injured in the explosion, were serious but stable.

Sapa reports that Mr Dunn, 52, yesterday described from his hospital bed how he had to run through a wall of flame after the second explosion.

Mr Dunn said: "After a visual check, the substation had been cleared by the SA Police as free from further bombs and I was asked to go in with the team to assess the damage caused by the first bomb.

"While examining the far side of the transformer, another explosive device, which had not been detected, went off in the front of the transformer.

"There was a blinding sheet of flame which ignited oil. The explosion blew me back against the wall. I realized I had to get out and ran the gauntlet through the flames.

"As soon as I was out I rolled over and over on the ground as my shirt and trousers were on fire."

Mr Dunn said that in his opinion the cause of the first blast was not an electrical fault.

Police suspect that limpet mines were used.

ANC terror attacks have trebled

Mercury Correspondent

McClain

84A
JOHANNESBURG—The number of ANC terrorist attacks in South Africa more than trebled between 1984 and 1985, according to Pretoria University's Institute of Strategic Studies.

Last year 136 incidents of suspected ANC terrorist activity were recorded compared with 44 in 1984, an increase of 309 percent, according to Mr Wim Booy, a senior researcher at the institute.

Assassinations or attempted assassinations of SADF personnel, policemen and State witnesses accounted for 40 of the incidents, while 17 of the attacks involved the sabotage or attempted sabotage of Defence Force buildings, police stations and other government buildings.

Forty of the attacks were directed at civilians, 20 at

fuel depots, water pipelines, power and communications installations and railway lines and 19 at business properties.

The areas most affected were Durban-Port Natal and the East Rand, which each accounted for 28 incidents. Twenty-five attacks were recorded in the Western Province.

Broken down into provinces the Transvaal accounted for 62 attacks, the Cape Province 38, Natal 29 and the Free State seven.

Mr Booy said the previous record year for terrorist attacks had been 1983, when 56 were recorded. Altogether, 403 incidents had been recorded in the past 10 years, of which 335 had occurred since 1981.

The months with the highest number of incidents were June (31) followed by December (19).

The many faces of a town like Ellis(-ras)

By Dirk Nel,
Northern Transvaal
Bureau

84A

Ellisras, the "big small" town in the bushveld suddenly the focus of national attention after last weekend's landmine blast is a place with many faces.

From a small agricultural and commercial centre, it has grown dramatically during the past five years, mainly due to huge Iscor and Escom developments nearby.

The town, 170 km north west of Nylstroom, near the Botswana border, is becoming increasingly self-contained. The giant Matimba Power Station, one of the world's largest dry-cooling plants, is an impressive addition to the local skyline.

The project is due to be completed in 1991, and the nearby Grootgeluk coalmine operated by Iscor will feed the power station, where steam is to be converted into electricity. The Iscor-Escom township of Onverwacht has boosted the population of Ellisras to 8 000, according to latest statistics.

More than 40 new businesses have sprung up in the past three years, and the local hotel was recently upgraded.

"I can't complain about anything," says modest Mr Peter Brown, who opened a new hardware and electrical shop three years ago. A look around the shop leaves one in no doubt that it is a flourishing enterprise.

TROPHY HUNTING

The town has two Sakekammers, but no Chamber of Commerce. On the surface, the two organisations originated from rivalry between two business areas, but there are whispers that political differences caused the split.

Two commercial banks recently erected new buildings, and several supermarkets are waging a spirited price war. Black customers play an important role in the local economy. "I hope the landmine incident will not deter potential investors and new farmers from settling here," said a local bank manager.

Trophy hunting is another important local activity, which provides a useful source of income for many people. An April festival is in the pipeline to draw visitors to the town.

And with new roads being built, Ellisras has become much more accessible in recent years.

CP Correspondent: Lusaka

THE AFRICAN National Congress has signalled its intention to massively step up its armed struggle and has declared 1986 "The Year Of The People's Army, Umkhonto weSizwe".

The announcement came on Wednesday when ANC supporters celebrated the 74th anniversary of the founding of the ANC on January 8, 1912.

The ANC has pinned a new slogan to its mast: "Every Patriot a Combatant, Every Combatant a Patriot" - a slogan which, observers believe, confirms the ANC's apparent desire to involve as broad a spread of people as possible in the armed struggle.

In the past two months, there have been signs of a larger ANC guerilla presence inside the country than ever before. ANC guerillas have also exacted a relatively high toll in white lives in recent weeks.

Although the ANC has declined to say if one of its guerilla units carried out the Amanzimtoti shopping centre bombing just before Christmas in which five whites were killed, well-placed observers are in no doubt at all that the outlawed movement carried out the attack.

These observers believe the bombing was the work of one of a number of "quick response units" based inside the country who were enraged by the events of the past 18 months and, more immediately, the killing of nine people in Lesotho a few days earlier. Six ANC refugees died in the Lesotho raid.

ANC sources have said they regard the use of weapons equipped with silencers in the attack on refugees as a serious escalation in the cycle of terror and violence.

Although the Amanzimtoti bombing falls outside ANC guerilla policy, ANC spokesmen and sources have not criticised it - ANC policy is that it will not direct guerilla attacks specifically against civilians, though civilians will get "caught in the crossfire".

The five ANC Radio Freedom stations have meanwhile been carrying a lengthy New Year statement from the ANC National Executive Committee since Wednesday. Read by ANC president Oliver Tambo, it reviews the past year and outlines the ANC's intentions for 1986.

Last year, the ANC's emphasis fell on the need it experienced to strengthen the underground machinery inside the country.

ANC sources in Lusaka say their movement still has much work to do in this area, but they feel the stress must now fall on developing an increasingly self-reliant and broadly-based armed struggle inside SA.

The ANC has also come out in full support of the Congress of SA Trade Unions and the United Democratic Front.

The ANC has said it will continue to meet and talk with a broad spread of South Africans, including white business and political leaders, in order to build what it called "the broadest possible democratic offensive against the apartheid regime" with the black working class as the leading social force.

★ The ANC has also declared June 16, the anniversary of the student's revolt, "SA Youth Day".

★ December 16 this year will also mark the formation of Umkhonto weSizwe 25 years ago in 1961.

ANC SIGMA'S ARMED UPROSE Movement declares 1986 "The Year of MK"

CITY P. 12/1/86

84A

Change in ANC military policy 'could be devastating'

13/1/86 By Sue Leeman, Pretoria Bureau

STAR

The African National Congress has recently moved into a "mass militarisation phase" and has subtly changed its military policy in a move which could have devastating effects, says a leading Unisa academic who has made a study of revolutionary organisations.

She was commenting on reports from Lusaka that the ANC was stepping up the military offensive and that more civilians could die in Amanzimtoti-type attacks.

The ANC, she said, had not moved its sights from military to civilian targets yet and would still be aiming for military or strategic installations.

But it would not be so concerned in future about how many civilians were caught in the crossfire.

She said that South Africa could expect to see many more blasts similar to that in Church Street, Pretoria, on May 20 1983 which left 19 people dead and hundreds injured. The ANC said the bomb was aimed at the South African Air Force headquarters in Nedbank Centre.

GREAT INCENTIVE

The political scientist said she believed the ANC had great incentive to establish itself as the organisation controlling opposition violence.

This would involve mass militarisation — recruiting more people, giving them a less rigorous training and sending them back across South Africa's borders to work internally.

More emphasis would be placed on these internal

units in future and they would be given access to important arms caches.

She said new emphasis would also be placed on "cost-effective" attacks. The ANC was learning that one hand-grenade — which only needed one operative — was as effective in propaganda terms as a large bomb attack, which was far more labour-intensive.

Professor Mike Hough, of the Institute of Strategic Studies at the University of Pretoria, said the ANC would use the township unrest and foreign pressure on South Africa as justification for increasing attacks.

He added that the ANC's claims that it did not attack civilians indiscriminately were "becoming increasingly thin" as recent attacks on border farmers had proved.

CON. Trans 13/1/86

The costs of housing Klaas de Jonge

From GEOFFREY
ALLEN

JOHANNESBURG. — Six months, and almost a million rand later, Mr Klaas de Jonge is still in virtual incarceration in the old Dutch Embassy building in Pretoria.

While the costs of keeping the refugee there continue to skyrocket there is little sign that his future will be sorted out in the near future.

Mr De Jonge sought refuge in the embassy building (owned by Nedbank) after he had pointed out a number of arms caches to security policemen.

He told them there was another cache in the Nedbank Building in the heart of Pretoria.

Once there he sought asylum.

Last week none of the numerous parties involved were prepared to put specific figures to how much it has cost for Mr De Jonge's stay in a single room in the building.

But with heavy, and continuous, police surveillance, living costs, the salaries of Dutch officials who are obliged to remain with Mr De Jonge to ensure his protection, telex costs to The Hague and Amsterdam, and the cost of two lawyers flying to South Africa to consult South African Government representatives, it is estimated that a minimum of R500 000 has so far been spent.

There are also various financially imponderable considerations such as the cost of flying one of the embassy officials back to Holland after she was discovered to be smuggling letters out of the building for Mr De Jonge.

8 MORE HELD FOR BLASTS IN NATAL



Mr Le Grange

those who were being held in connection with specific acts of terror in the area.

Six arms caches have been found in the past two weeks.

The spokesman could not give details this week other than the "usual weaponry of Russian origin was found. These included high explosives."

The caches bring to eight the number uncovered in the Durban area in recent months. In December, police announced the discovery of a cache of 17 firearms on the South Coast. Six months earlier, a hoard of mines and rockets was found near Amanzimtoti.

Police were non-committal about accounts of a search for two professional men, and would only say that they were not being held.

Earlier this month, a police spokesman in Pretoria said detentions in the Durban area did not necessarily have a direct bearing on the Amanzimtoti explosion.

"They (detainees) are being questioned for all these types of incidents," he said.

EIGHT more people have been detained and six arms caches uncovered as the police tighten their net in the wake of bomb attacks in the Durban area.

Two professionals, one of them a Maritzburg man, are also being sought.

Police have confirmed that 13 people, among them two medical practitioners, are being held under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

They are Dr Vijay Ramlackan, his wife Sandy Afrika, Dr Sibongiseni Dhlomo, Dudu Buthelezi, Pumezo Nxiwenil Lulamile Xate, Themba Luthuli, Thembinkosi Mofokeng, Stanley Bhila, Aaron Dhlomo, Zola Gcuma, Ordway Msomi and Danpaul Naidoo.

SOWETAN Correspondent

Two people have been arrested in connection with the bomb blast in Amanzimtoti at Christmas, a development announced earlier by the Minister of Law and Order, Louis le Grange. This week, a spokesman for the South African Police Directorate of Public Relations in Pretoria said investigations were "proceeding satisfactorily".

However, the police spokesman declined to say more or to name

SOWETAN
1/13/77



Farmers meet over security

STAR 13/1/86

By Dirk Nel, Northern Transvaal Bureau

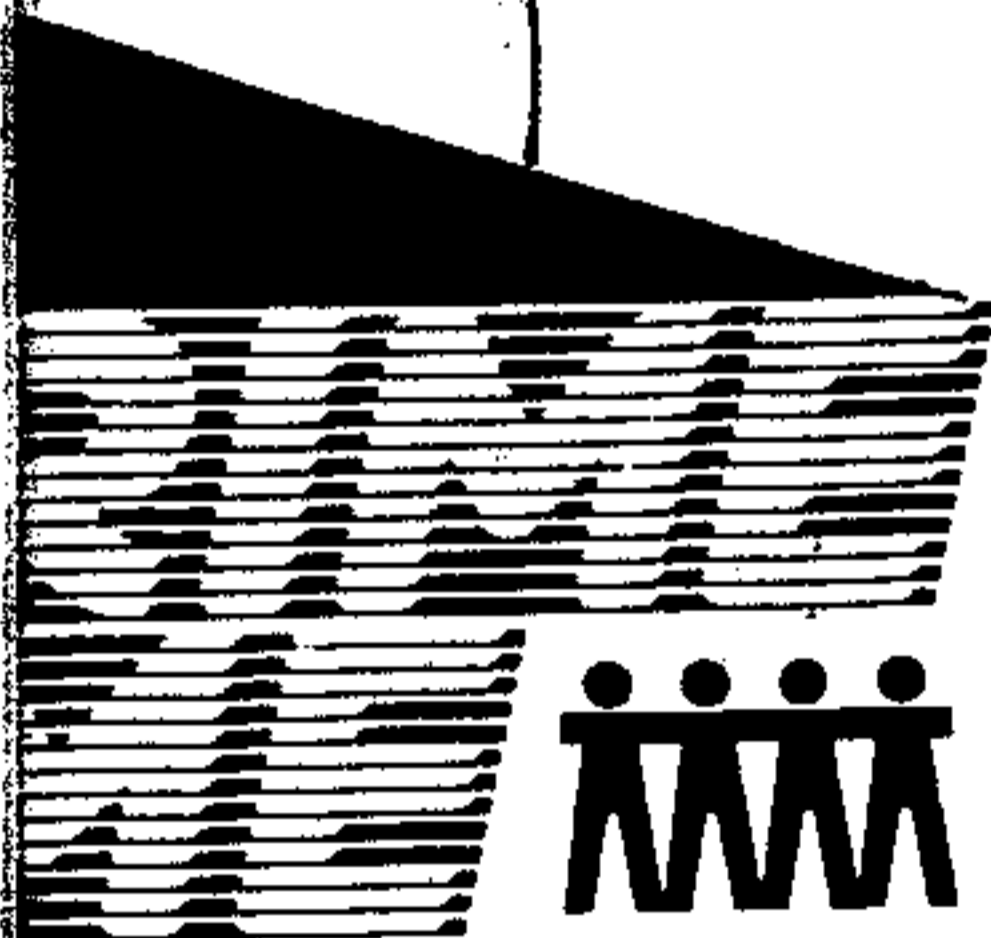
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ELLISRAS — The district agricultural union here has briefed farmers on the latest security situation, and has scheduled a meeting for today.

A spokesman said the meeting was to convey decisions taken at last Thursday's top-level conference in Nylstroom, and to discuss local security arrangements in the light of further possible terrorist incursions.

Dr Andries Treurnicht, Conservative Party leader and MP for Waterberg, and senior military officers and security police officials are to attend the meeting with about 100 farmers and their wives.

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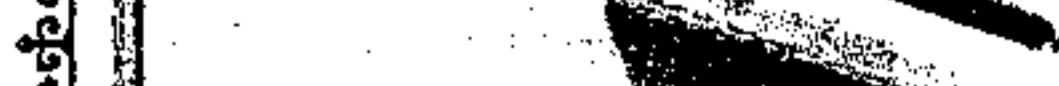
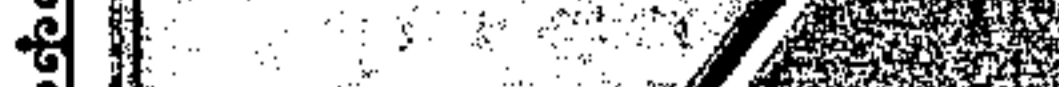
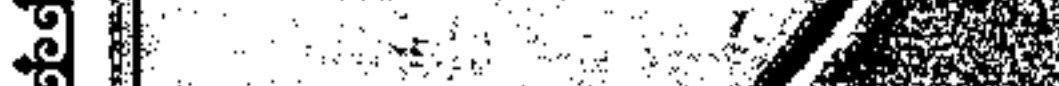
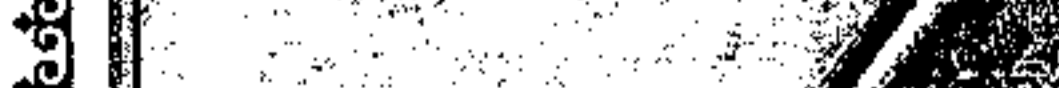
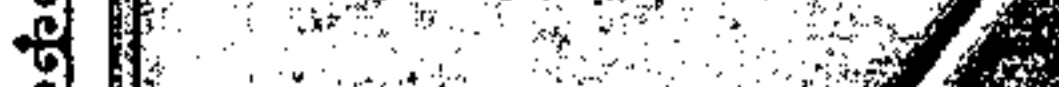
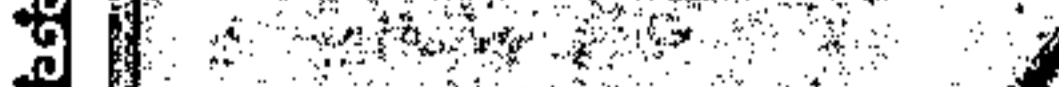
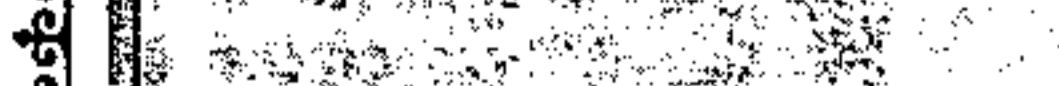
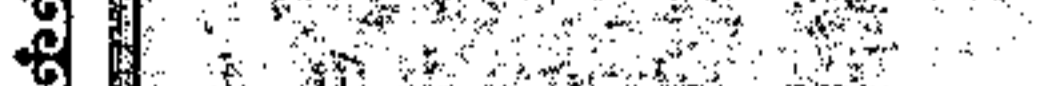
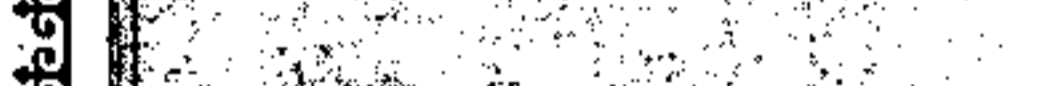
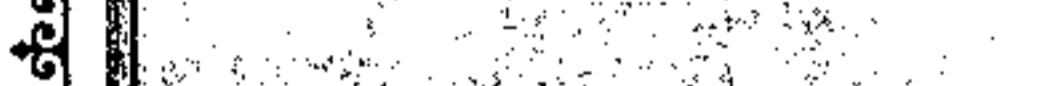
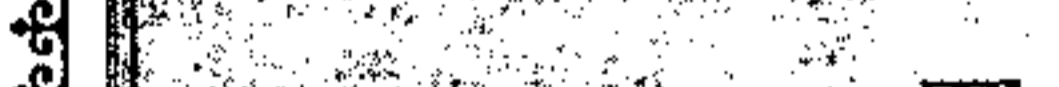
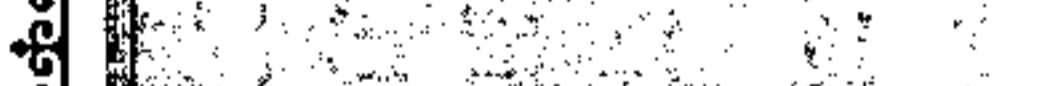
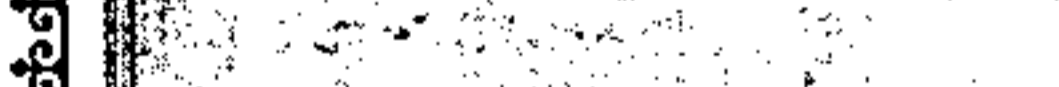
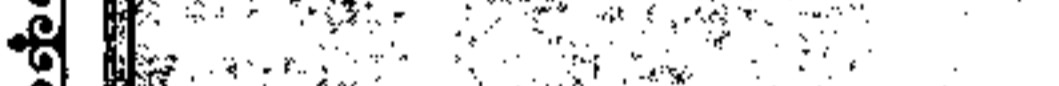
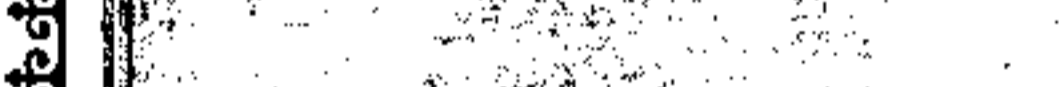
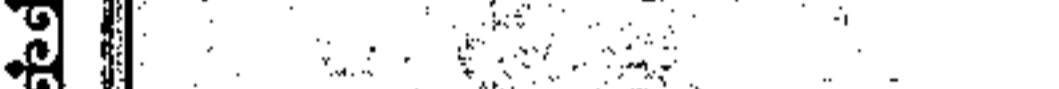
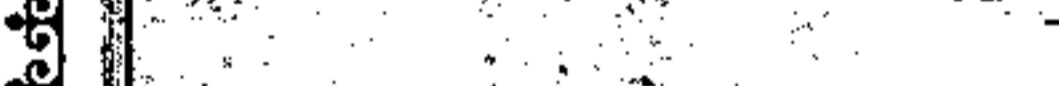
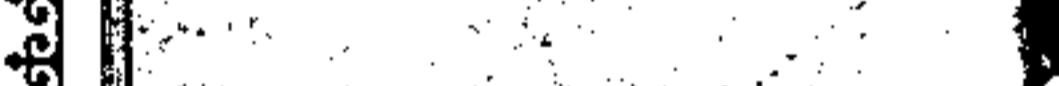
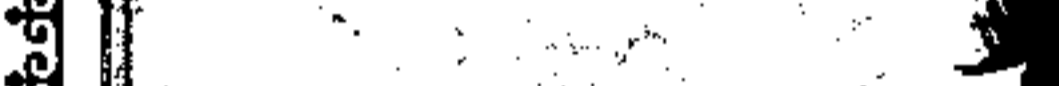
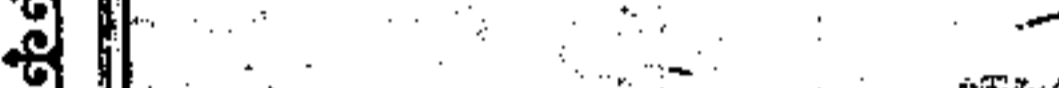
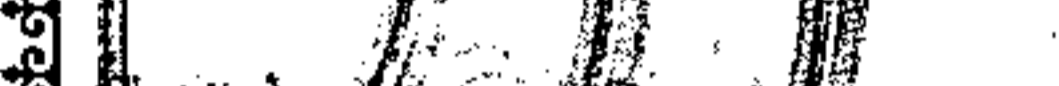
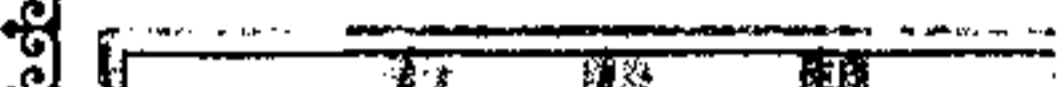
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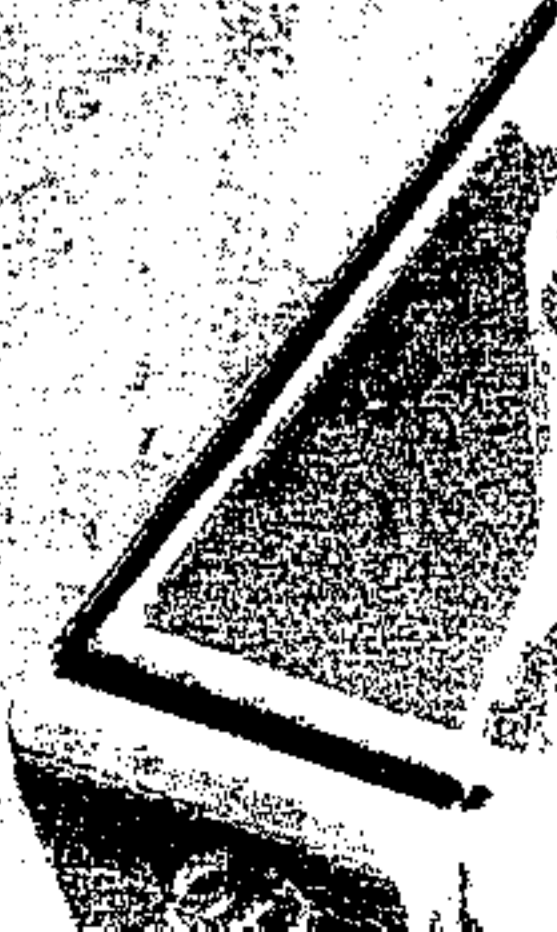
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100 (84A)

ANC 'cards on table'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — African National Congress president Oliver Tambo had "done very well" in laying his cards on the table and allowing South Africans to choose which side they stood for, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi said yesterday.

He was reacting to the ANC's decision, announced at a press conference in Lusaka last week, to escalate its armed struggle into a

full scale "people's war" and to take the conflict out of the townships and into white areas.

"The only people I pity because of Mr Oliver Tambo's statement," the chief added, "are those clerics and other influential white South Africans who have been trying to give the external mission of the ANC some plastic surgery by pretending that they are not such violent ogres as they are made out to be."

WORLD NEWS SERVICE

Drought won't drive out farmers

FRED STIGLINGH

BORDER farmers in the Northern Transvaal are grimly hanging on to their properties despite drought and the threat of landmines.

This is the picture gleaned from fragmented information, as official statistics on occupancy in the area are impossible to come by.

The Department of Agriculture and Water Supply in Pretoria re-directs all inquiries to Constitutional Development and Planning, which in turn claims not to have information.

A spokesman for the Agriculture Department's regional advisory office in Pietersburg says irrigation farms on the Limpopo between the Messina area and Ellisras are "reasonably" occupied.

He says the farms, ranging from 120 to 1 000 hectares, are profitable, unlike cattle farms further south of the border.

He says many farmers entered the vicious circle of selling cattle to buy feed, and ended up paying more for the animals than their actual value.

"Many have been forced to look for additional work to meet their expenses."

Hunger strike at Cape prison

By TONY WEAVER

MORE THAN 100 awaiting-trial prisoners in the Oudtshoorn prison started a hunger strike on Tuesday, according to information received from the town on Tuesday night.

The liaison office of the Department of Prisons in Pretoria yesterday confirmed that "a number of awaiting-trial prisoners" refused food on Tuesday and Wednesday but began eating on Wednesday night.

The prisoners, numbering about 130 and including a number of children aged 16 and under, were all detained last year and will appear in court on January 21 on charges which include public violence and murder.

According to information received, demands that the prisoners be given a daily supply of soap and toilet paper, that they receive medical attention when this is requested and that they be given details of their rights as awaiting-trial prisoners, have been met.

However, further demands have not yet been met. These are:

- An immediate departmental investigation into the conduct of a Warrant Officer Mostert who prisoners allege uses "humiliating and abusive" language, and who they allege threw teargas into cells on New Year's Day.

- The immediate release of all prisoners being held with the main group who are under the age of 16.

Sabotage

- The transfer back to Oudtshoorn from George of Mr James Joseph, Mr James du Plessis, Mr Paul Barnard, Mr Andrew Jacobs and Mr Elmo Booysen, who are all awaiting trial in George on charges of sabotage related to an alleged offence in Oudtshoorn.

The full text of this article was telexed to both the police directorate of public relations in Pretoria and the prisons li-

aison section in Pretoria for comment.

The police replied that "none of the matters mentioned in your telex concerns the SA Police".

The chief liaison officer of the Department of Prisons, Brigadier E C van Zyl, replied that when prisoners refused to eat, they were dealt with according to "internationally-accepted guidelines as contained in the Tokyo Declaration".

He said judges of the Supreme Court and magistrates in their area of jurisdiction had free access to prisoners, that the head of each prison saw all prisoners at least once a day, and that any complaints were lodged in an official register.

Assault

"All-allegations of assault made to either members of the Prisons Service or visiting judges are thoroughly investigated and depending on the outcome thereof, either handed over to the SA Police or dealt with departmentally.

"Prison regulation 98(3) stipulates that a member of the Prisons Service may not strike or in any other manner assault a prisoner.

"If circumstances require the use of force, no more force than lawfully necessary in the circumstances may be used. A member of the Prisons Service found guilty of assault on a prisoner may, in addition to any other penalty imposed therefore, be discharged from the Prisons Service."

W/E Argus 18/1/86 (14) (17) 84A

'Get rid of ANC

Weekend Argus Africa News Service

JOHANNESBURG. — South Africa has made it quite clear to Lesotho that the root cause of "abnormal" relations between the two countries is the presence of African National Congress activists in the mountain kingdom.

At talks in Pretoria yesterday, a delegation of high-ranking Lesotho officials was told the relationship between the two countries could not return to normal until South Africa was satisfied the ANC presence in Lesotho would be eliminated.

"That was the bottom line," Mr Neil van Heerden, Deputy Director-General of Foreign Affairs and head of its Africa section, told media representatives afterwards.

While the two delegations were holding discussions, reports of violence between Lesotho security forces and the ruling party's radical youth wing added to the confusion over the situation in the kingdom.

Triggered confrontation

The South African security action on the border apparently triggered a confrontation between hardliners who wanted an international airlift to Lesotho — with all the attendant anti-South African publicity — and moderates who wanted a compromise. It seems the hardliners' attitude prevailed.

On Wednesday members of the Lesotho Paramilitary Force (LPF) surrounded Prime Minister Chief Leabua Jonathan's home to "protect" him from the Youth League.

At the same time, it is believed, LPF commander Major-General JM Lekhanya went into the house and told Chief Jonathan the security forces were unhappy with the situation and the planned Lesotho approach.

He also warned that the Youth League was dangerous and undisciplined and would have to be brought under control.

Special sub-committee

After yesterday's meeting in Pretoria, a joint Press statement was issued. Later Mr van Heerden said both governments had agreed to the creation of a special sub-committee on security.

Chief Jonathan yesterday appeared in public for the first time since reports of a coup on Wednesday. He denied there had been any changes in the Government.

He told a Press conference — closed to foreign journalists — that rumours of a coup were the work of foreign media.

Reliable sources said there had been fresh clashes between units of the LPF and members of the Youth League outside Maseru, but a Government spokesman said the city had been calm all day.

Alert after mines found near Botswana border

By Dirk Nel,
Northern Transvaal Bureau

ELLISRAS — Extensive Defence Force operations have been launched here after the discovery on Saturday of two undetonated landmines at Stockport, near the Botswana border.

Several farmers confirmed today that restrictions had been placed on all travel on farm roads while minesweeping operations continued.

The devices were found on Mr Deon de Beer's farm, where a landmine blast killed his wife and his father two weeks ago.

Mr de Beer, still recovering from injuries sustained in the explosion, was not available for comment today.

It is not clear whether the latest landmines were planted during the first incursion or whether a second crossing into South Africa was made. No further information was available from Defence Force Headquarters in Pretoria this morning.

The discovery of Saturday's two landmines brings to 13 the number found on the country's northern borders since November 27. Six of these exploded, killing nine people.

Limpets used in Natal blast

STAR
Own Correspondent
841A 20/1/86
DURBAN

Police have established that limpet mines were used in the blast at an electrical sub-station in Westville early on Saturday morning.

Two blasts within minutes of each other damaged two transformers at the Huntley's Hill sub-station.

No one was injured and no arrests have been made.

ARGUS 21/11/85 (24)

Bomb experts search bush after five blasts

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Bomb experts searched dense bush near an electricity pylon in Edwin Swales VC Drive area today for more explosives after five blasts there last night.

Police have established that four limpet mines were placed on the corners of the pylon, but caused only slight damage. Electricity was not disrupted.

According to Captain Winston Heunis, police public relations officer, the first four explosions occurred at 8.45pm. A fifth occurred about 20 minutes

later in bush near the pylon. No one was injured.

Police cordoned off the area.

It is the third electrical installation to be bombed this month.

The first was at Jacobs when five people, including three policemen, were injured in a second blast while they were investigating the first at a sub-station.

On Saturday two bombs exploded at the Huntley's Hill electricity sub-station in Westville, wrecking two transformers.

Police wariness (84)
averts blast injury

DURBAN — Police precautions ensured that nobody was hurt last night when a booby-trap bomb exploded as they investigated earlier blasts in Durban.

Four earlier explosions had slightly damaged an electricity pylon near the Rosburgh testing ground last night.

A police spokesman for Port Natal, Captain Winston Heunis, said there had been no police or other security officials in the immediate vicinity of the fifth explosion because precautions had already been taken in the event of another booby-trap device having been planted. — Sapa.

844 'Booby trap' bomb blast

CAPL TRALS 21/1/86
DURBAN. — A "booby trap" bomb exploded while police were investigating a series of explosions which slightly damaged an electricity pylon near the Rossburgh Testing Ground in Edwin Swales VC Drive, Durban, last night.

Nobody one was injured.

The SAP public relations officer for Port Natal, Captain Winston Heunis, said there had been no police or other security officials in the immediate vicinity of the fifth explosion because the area around the pylon had been cordoned off for fear of booby-traps.

The first four bombs, which exploded within minutes of each other from about 8.45pm, had been placed at the four corners of the pylon, but "very slight" damage had been caused, Captain Heunis said.

The fifth bomb exploded in a field near the pylon about 20 minutes later.

Captain Heunis said bush around the pylon prevented a full inspection from being carried out last night. The area would be "made safe" this morning.

No one, including the press, would be allowed near until then.

Border farmers want aid

CAPE TOWN 22/1/66 Staff Reporter (SKA) ~~3/1/66~~

COSTS INCURRED by border farmers in protecting the border should be shared by the rest of South Africa, the president of the South African Agricultural Union, Mr Kobus Jooste, said yesterday.

Mr Jooste, speaking at a large gathering of farmers in Bloemfontein, said farmers had to pay for reinforced fences, house fences, mine-proofed vehicles, mine detectors and weapons.

He said border farmers intended to stay where they were and were therefore entitled to be equipped for survival by the rest of the country.

"Apart from helping to protect the country, they are also helping as producers to establish South Africa as an important food exporter, by which the whole country benefits," said Mr Jooste.

Blast kills policeman

WINDHOEK - A police constable has been killed in a landmine explosion in the northern operational area of Namibia, a security forces spokesman said.

He said the dead man was Constable Phillipus Simon. A number of other policemen were injured in the incident, in which a mine-protected Buffel detonated the mine. The Star's Africa News Service.

SAW 22/11/86 (84V)

AREA A: (Roibos tea only): Municipal Area of Clanwilliam

AREA B: (Roibos tea only): Bellville, The Cape, Goodwood, Kuils River, Simonstown, Wynberg, Durban, Inanda, Pietermaritzburg, Alberton, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Pinetown.

Germiston, Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Klerksdorp, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Oberholzer, Pretoria, Randburg, Randfontein, Rodepoort, Springs, Vanderbijlpark, Vereeniging, Westonia and Wonderboom. Municipal Areas: East London, Port Elizabeth and Estcourt

AREA X: (Rest of industry): Areas A and B.

BUS DAY (8/11/80)

Border farmers impress Malan

DEFENCE Minister General Magnus Malan has visited the Soutpansberg military area and held discussions with defence force representatives and members of the commandos and citizen force units at Messina, Ellisras and Zeerust.

Malan said the purpose of Tuesday's visit was to establish whether the area protection system was being properly applied and the local community was being included in all military actions.

Malan said he was "impressed by the spirit of the community" and believed that the area protection system was functioning properly, and that those involved were prepared for any eventuality. — Sapa.

APC 23/1/86

Grenades, AK found: Two men arrested

The Argus Correspondent
JOHANNESBURG. — Security force follow-up operations in Bekkersdal township has led to the arrest of two men found to be in possession of an AK-47 rifle and six hand grenades.

The men, who are not miners, were arrested at a roadblock and are likely to appear in court today.

Eleven miners who were arrested following the confrontation with the police appeared before a Westonaria Magistrate yesterday on provisional charges of murder and public violence.

HOMES SEARCHED

Police and members of the Defence Force cordoned off the township yesterday to search homes for people involved in Tuesday night's clash.

At least nine people were killed in the clash, 40 others injured and 250 people were detained for questioning.

Tuesday's violence began when two members of the Krugersdorp Reaction Unit, Sergeant Dan Pretorius, 25, and Constable Frikkie Koekemoe, 27, tried to disperse an illegal gathering of Xhosa miners on open ground south of Cooke 2 Hostel at Randfontein Estates Gold Mine about 4,45pm.

Other miners who were arrested are expected to appear in court today.

● Police will revise and strengthen their forces in unrest situations if this is necessary to prevent a recurrence of this week's brutal killing of two policemen on the West Rand.

A senior police spokesman said today that Tuesday's incident will be investigated thoroughly and reviewed routinely.

"Unfortunately, it was a situation in which the police do find themselves in from time to time, where they are trapped in a situation over which they have no control."

Bomb explodes at Cape Town station

BUS DAY 24/1/86

849

THE suspected letter bomb which exploded yesterday at Cape Town station was mailed in an SA postal bag from Johannesburg to Cape Town for shipment to Angola.

Postal worker Ashley du Plessis suffered leg injuries when the postal bag exploded at 2.35pm at the post office's parcel section at the station.

He was treated at the scene and later taken to hospital. His injuries are not serious. Nobody else was injured in the blast.

P J Prinsloo, a chief postal inspector at the station, said he heard a loud explosion at 2.35pm.

"I rushed out of my office and saw thousands of papers floating in the air in the postal sorting section. Only Mr Du Plessis was injured."

A Railways Police spokesman said last night the device was in a postal bag when it went off and that it could have been a letter or parcel bomb. He was unable to comment on reports that the blast scattered pamphlets — bearing slogans such as "Long Live the Communist Party" — over the post office floor. Police bomb experts combed the

Business Day Reporter and Sapa

scene carefully for clues and took possession of the postal bag, which was ripped apart by the blast.




The top of the bag was still sealed. The bag's destination — visible on an undamaged address card — was given as Luanda.

Prinsloo said the bags arrived in Cape Town from Johannesburg at 11.25am. The train was unloaded and the bags were taken by lorry to the parcel section. The post to Angola had to be transferred to the container section at Maitland for shipment to Angola. The blast apparently occurred when the bag was handled again.

It is not certain whether it exploded when unloaded from the lorry or when it was again loaded onto a trolley.

More bags destined for African states were found among a heap of postal bags. Two police dogs were used to sniff out the area.

Railways Police cordoned off the area while emergency vehicles remained on the scene. The all-clear signal was given at 3.50pm.

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E			
50	1211,6	1186,2	1382,3

MOVE TO STAY W
South Africa's large



ARLGS 24/11/86 (SIA) (SIA) (SIA) Picture: PIERRE OOSTHUYSEN, The Argus
 A railway policeman looks for clues on the mailroom floor of the parcels section at Cape Town station after the blast.

Parcel bomb : Police look for clues

Staff Reporters

RAILWAY police are trying to establish the country of origin of the explosive detonated in the parcels section of Cape Town station.

Post office worker Mr Ashley de Plessis of Lotus River was injured in the foot when the bomb exploded yesterday afternoon but it is believed the injury was not serious.

The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, may make a statement about the bomb later today.

The bomb — apparently destined for Luanda — exploded shortly after 2pm, possibly when the mailbag containing it was dropped. Experts were mystified why the device, if it was unstable, exploded here and not elsewhere on its trip.

It was first thought the bomb came from Botswana, but an informed source told The Argus late yesterday that it

might have been sent from Zimbabwe.

Major General C M du P Robbertze, Deputy Commissioner (Administrative) of the Railway Police, said: "We are still busy with the investigation and I cannot confirm that."

Items in the mail bag included literature from the Bulgarian Communist Party, a new year card from the office of the director-general of Senegalese television and an item from an American telecommunications firm addressed to an official in the Angolan telecommunication network.

There was also a copy of Die Republikein, a SWA/Namibian newspaper, dated November 22 last year, and remnants of what appeared to be a Christian pamphlet printed in Portuguese.

General Robbertze said a mailing list which would have accompanied the consignment

would have to be scrutinised.

A ticket collector, Mr Gareth Mars of Mitchell's Plain, said he was about 50m away when the explosion occurred.

"We saw papers fly into the air. There was pandemonium, people shouting and running."

● It is the second bomb to have exploded in the city centre in recent years and comes after numerous parcel-bomb explosions which have killed leading anti-apartheid activists in Southern Africa.

Ruth First, wife of ANC and SA Communist Party leader Joe Slovo died when she opened a letter at the Centre for African Studies at the Eduardo Mondlane University in Maputo in August 1982.

In June 1984, a South African exile, Mrs Jeanette Schoon, and her six-year-old daughter, Kattryn, died when a parcel bomb exploded in her office in Lubango, Angola.

Blast at City Station

Cape Times 24/1/86

Staff Reporters

AN explosion rocked the parcel dispatch section of Cape Town station late yesterday, injuring a South African Transport Services employee and scattering hundreds of pamphlets, including propaganda material and Christian tracts.

The explosion, in a Luanda-bound post bag soon after 2pm, injured railways worker Mr Ashley du Plessis, who had dropped the parcel while loading it on to a Post Office truck.

No other casualties were reported. It was later established that the post bag containing an explosive device had come from Botswana.

However, Sapa reports that a spokesman for the SA Railways Police last night was unable to say where the parcel or letter containing the bomb was posted from.

Rushed

The explosion knocked Mr Du Plessis off his feet and scattered smouldering and singed litterature over the fenced-in loading area.

Soon after the explosion, members of the Metro Emergency Rescue Service, Railway Police and Fire Brigade rushed to the scene and Mr Du Plessis was taken to Woodstock Hospital after being given first-aid treatment for a lacerated right foot.

Members of the Railway Police bomb-disposal unit collected samples from the tarmac. The explosion had left a dark patch at the bottom of the torn canvas mail-bag.

Police took possession of the postal bag, the top



A Botswana Government Service official envelope and propaganda material which were blown under the fence of the delivery area at Cape Town Station.

of which was still sealed with the official post office seal.

Last night the Deputy Commissioner of the Railway Police, Major-General C M Robbertze, said it was too early to say whether the explosion had been caused by a letter bomb.

He said the explosive device must have been relatively small. No one else had been injured.

The scattered mail was blown up against or through the large wire fence around the dispatch area. Most of it appeared to be propaganda material in English and Portuguese.

One indication as to the origin of the mail was a large buff envelope with an official Botswana Government Service heading.

Other material contained references to the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Young Communist League, and there were several Portuguese Christian tracts and some magazines dated 1984 as well as a copy of Die Republikein from SWA/Namibia.

Sapa reports, however, that a Railway Police spokesman was unable to comment on whether the pamphlets referred to the Communist Party and contained slogans such as "Long Live The Communist Party".

A SATS spokesman said the suspected letter bomb was railed in a postal bag from Johannesburg to Cape Town for shipment to Luanda, Angola.

The bag's destination was given as Luanda on an undamaged address card.

The mail bags arrived in Cape Town at 11.25am. The train was unloaded and the bags were taken by truck to the parcel section. The post to Angola had to be transferred to the container section at Maitland for shipment to Angola and the blast apparently occurred when the bag was handled again.

Thousands

More bags destined for African states, including Kinshasa in Zaire, were found among a heap of postal bags and two police sniffer dogs were used to sniff out the whole area.

Mr P J Prinsloo, a chief postal inspector at Cape Town station, reported that he heard a tremendous explosion shortly after 2pm.

He rushed out of his office and had seen the thousands of papers floating in the air in the postal sorting section.

Mr Gareth Mars of Mitchell's Plain, a ticket examiner, was next to the building when the explosion occurred.

"It sounded as if somebody had fired the noon gun right next to my ear," he said.



A member of the Railway Police bomb disposal unit inspects the remains of a Luanda-bound parcel and letter bag.

STAR 8411
24/11/86

Explosion in postbag from Botswana

hurts worker

CAPE TOWN — An explosion rocked the post office sorting department at the Cape Town railway station yesterday, injuring an SATS employee and scattering hundreds of pamphlets, including propaganda material and Christian tracts.

The explosion, which detonated in a Luanda-bound postbag shortly after 2 pm, injured railway worker Mr Ashley du Plessis, who had dropped the parcel.

It was established that the postbag containing an explosive device had come from Botswana.

The explosion knocked Mr du Plessis off his feet and scattered smouldering literature over the fenced-in loading area.

Mr du Plessis was taken to Woodstock Hospital after being given first aid for a lacerated right foot.

The Deputy Commissioner of the Railway Police, Major-General C M Robbertze, said it was too early to say whether the explosion had been caused by a letter bomb.

Included in the mail was a large official Botswana Government Service buff envelope.

Other material contained references to the Bulgarian Communist Party and the Young Communist League. There were several Portuguese Christian tracts and some magazines dated 1984 as well as a copy of *Die Republikein* from Namibia. — Sapa.



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**THIS MONTH'S
DRUM**
AFRICA'S LEADING MAGAZINE

**ALSO
NOW
IN
ZULU**

**AT THE YEAR 2000
D ROVERIO**

Durban is now SA's city of bombs

CITY OF
26/11/86
\$41A

CP Correspondent

DURBAN'S position as South Africa's "bomb city" has been confirmed during the last fortnight - no fewer than three electricity installations were bombed.

But, in a new development, all three involved a "booby" trap in which one device was set to go off later than the others. This has apparently been intended to catch police investigating the earlier blasts.

The most recent incident involved five limpet mines. Four of them were strapped to the legs of an electricity pylon near the Rosburgh testing ground.

They exploded, one after the other, between 8.30 pm and 9 pm on Monday night, terrifying people who live nearby.

Police arrived on the scene shortly after the last bang. While they were investigating, a fifth blast rocked the area, but it went off in a field nearby and none of the cops were hurt.

Damage to the pylon was minimal and no one was hurt.

Two days earlier a double blast went off at a substation in the plush Westville area, and less than a week before that five people were hurt in a similar incident in Jacobs.

In that bomb attack, a second limpet mine set alight diesel fuel in the building housing the installation. Police and electricity department officials ran screaming from the building, their clothes and bodies burning. Three of the injured are still in hospital.

TI have' eegusew...J

Slovo wins R80 000 damages

Cape Times Own Correspondent 30/1/86 *SA*

LONDON. — African National Congress activist Mr Joe Slovo won £25 000 (R80 000) libel damages in the High Court in London yesterday over allegations linking him to the killing of his wife, Ruth First.

But the 59-year-old former South African Supreme Court advocate, who now lives in North London, may never see a penny of the award because the South African "Star" newspaper refused to recognize the English court action.

Mr Justice Tucker said they were guilty of an "appalling libel" and should compensate Mr Slovo for the damage to his reputation and the hurt caused.

The article in July 1984, under the heading "Who killed Ruth First?", repeated allegations that Mr Slovo was a terrorist and KGB colonel who might have organized the 1982 killing by letter-bomb.

CAP TIPS

31/1/86

~~Star~~ Star

Star won't pay Slovo

JOHANNESBURG. — The editor of The Star newspaper has responded to the finding by a British High Court that The Star was guilty of "appalling libel" against African National Congress executive member Mr Joe Slovo and should pay him damages of £25 000 (about R80 000).

The Star does not intend to pay.

Mr Harvey Tyson said yesterday: "Our legal advice was that we should not submit to the jurisdiction of the English courts, and for that reason we did not oppose the proceedings."

Mr Slovo sued The Star over an article printed in July 1984 which linked Mr Slovo to the murder of his wife, Ms Ruth First, by a letter-bomb in Maputo.

The Star article, under the heading "Who killed Ruth First?", repeated allegations that Mr Slovo was a KGB colonel who might have organized the murder.

"We recognized a long time ago that we had erred, and failed to meet our own code of standards, but our difficulty in making a retraction was that we did not wish to repeat the libel," Mr Tyson said.

'Offer'

"Our retraction stated that we wished to withdraw any allegations against any individual, but that what would remain on the record was the accusation that the KGB murdered Ruth First.

"The motives given were that she was a Trotskyist ideologist who disagreed with Marxism."

Mr Tyson said The Star had offered to pay Mr Slovo damages and legal costs and to publish "an agreed apology" in newspapers in Britain, Mozambique, South Africa and Zimbabwe. The offer was rejected.

"In the event, and as our side of the case was not presented in court, we do not intend to pay.

"But we do indeed retract all the allegations published about him and apologize again."

● Mr Slovo is a "listed person" and it is illegal to quote him in South Africa. — Sapa

Cape Times 11/2/86 (2) 844

Policeman dies of blast burns

DURBAN. — A policeman, Colonel Robert Welman, who had been in a serious condition in Addington Hospital here since receiving severe burns in a limpet mine explosion at Jacobs on January 9, has died.

A hospital spokesman said yesterday that Colonel Welman died in the intensive-care unit at 11.30pm on Thursday.

Detective-Sergeant Rudi van der Merwe, who was injured in the same explosion, remains in a serious but stable condition. — Sapa

CAPE TOWN 11/2/86

Slovo determined to get R80 750

From IAN HOBBS

LONDON. — Joe Slovo, deputy commander of the banned ANC's military wing, is determined to extract a libel award of R80 750 (£25 000) from the Argus Printing and Publishing company of South Africa, his solicitors in London said on Thursday.

A judge awarded the damages to Mr Slovo in the High Court here on Wednesday when the Argus group failed to appear in court to defend the libel action.

Mr Slovo, often described as the most wanted man in South Africa, has now instructed solicitors to pursue all means of obtaining the R80 750.

"Our instructions are that all means of enforcing the judgment must be pursued in South Africa and Britain," said a spokesman for the legal firm representing Mr Slovo.

He said that could involve an investigation of

any Argus assets in Britain.

They had been instructed to secure the damages and place the money in the Ruth First Trust, established by Mr Slovo in memory of his murdered wife, to aid ANC and other South African exiles.

In Wednesday's action Mr Justice Tucker said an allegation in the Star of Johannesburg in July 1984 that Mr Slovo was a wanted terrorist and KGB colonel who may have assassinated his own wife, Ruth First, by letter bomb in 1982, was "an appalling libel".

Determining damages, the judge said he bore in mind the conduct of Argus newspapers in failing to appear in court.

Mr Justice Tucker said he was satisfied on evidence that Mr Slovo played no part in the murder of his wife and should be compensated for the allegation, which the publishers had made no attempt to support.

CAPE TOWN 3/2/86
**Petrol
bombs
hurled
at shop**

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Two petrol-bomb attacks — one at the Randfontein branch of OK Bazaars where Saturday shoppers scrambled for safety — were reported in this area at the weekend.

A police spokesman confirmed that two petrol bombs were hurled into the chain store in Randfontein by two men, one of whom was carrying a brown paper bag.

The first bomb was thrown through a display window and the second into the clothing department.

As shoppers fled, the attackers hurled "a large object" through the window of a nearby Nedbank branch.

Mr Terence Botha, 23, was stabbed three times in the leg and back when he tried to catch the attackers. He is in a satisfactory condition in hospital.

R11 000 damage

The bombs caused damage estimated at R10 500 at OK Bazaars while the damage at the Nedbank branch was expected to total about R500.

Later, Mr P A Labuschagne escaped injury when a petrol bomb was thrown at his vehicle on the Westonia/Randfontein road about 4.50pm.

According to police, Mr Labuschagne was at a four-way stop near the entrance to the Mohlakeng township when attacked.

● Sapa reports that, according to a report in the Afrikaans Sunday newspaper Rapport, a homemade bomb exploded early yesterday at the Perskor printing press in Doornfontein, Johannesburg, but caused little damage.

A spokesman for the newspaper said Perskor received a warning by telephone before the bomb exploded in a toilet.

Call for bomb checks

West Rand police have called for stricter security measures in shopping centres and chain stores after Saturday's petrol bomb attack on a store in Randfontein's central business district.

Major Tienie Halgryn, liaison officer for the West Rand police said yesterday that there was a definite need to increase security at large target centres, where parcels and hand luggage would have to be checked before the owners could enter the premises.

In Saturday's incident, the three men apparently entered the store with carrier bags containing bombs, walked into the clothing department and within seconds had thrown the bombs among curtain material.

A spokesman for the Randfontein Town Council, Mr Mauritz Zietsman, said yesterday the council would hold discussions on increased security measures with the security forces and civil defence officials.

The matter is also being investigated by the local chamber of commerce. — West Rand Bureau.

British meet ANC officially

The Star's Africa News Service

LUSAKA — A senior British official has met leading members of the African National Congress here — the first formal and official contact between the British Government and the organisation.

The move came as a surprise. The Government had previously refused to meet the ANC, saying it objected on principle to its policy of using violence to overthrow apartheid.

The Foreign Secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, is understood to have sanctioned the meeting because he judged it important "in the light of recent events in the region" that Britain should meet the ANC officially and "get our point of view across".

PEACEFUL

The Assistant Under-Secretary in the Foreign Office, Mr John Johnson, met the ANC's director of information, Mr Thabo Mbeki, and two national executive members, Johnson Makatini — ANC representative to the United Nations — and Pallo Jordan, at the home of a British diplomat here.

"Essentially our message to the ANC was that our commitment to the abolition of apartheid is one for peaceful change," an official said.

"We are very concerned about the escalation of violence in South Africa. We are committed to dialogue as a solution, and the mission by the Commonwealth group of eminent persons is taken very seriously by us."



Exhibition at the Forest High School, Forest Hill, tomorrow night. Selection of antique and modern cameras, a video on professional photography from the University of the Witwatersrand. Here Salome Zeederberg speaks. The exhibition will be open to the public from 6.30 pm.

Protest peaceful, commission told

5/2/86 STAR

Police wore gas masks — witness

Pretoria Correspondent

A Mamelodi man told yesterday how he had seen police and army members wearing gas masks just before shootings which resulted in the death of about 15 people and the injury of scores of others in the township on November 21.

Testifying before the commission of inquiry called by the Pretoria Council of Churches (PCC) at the Mamelodi YMCA, Mr John Selmatsela (60) said that at the time he did not think the police would shoot teargas and other ammunition into the crowd because there were elderly people there and it was a peaceful gathering.

Mr Selmatsela said the people marched to outside the Mamelodi Town Council building to demonstrate against high rents, restrictions on burials and al-

leged beatings and killings of youths in the township.

He told the court he saw some of the beatings and killings which began after a state of emergency was declared.

Mrs Elda Mahlomoza (62), another Mamelodi resident, testified before commissioner Arthur Chaskalson and two assessors, Mr G Pitje and Bishop M S Ndwandwe, that she and her seven children had not gone to the demonstration of their own free will.

Became nervous

Youths came to her house and told her and her family to join other people at the council chambers. They even woke her daughter who was working night shift.

Mrs Mahlomoza said although the youths did not use force to make them leave the house, she

and her family had been afraid to object for fear of being harassed.

She testified that she became nervous when she saw the multitude outside the office. Instinct told her to go home and she did so amid insults from the crowd.

She heard shots and muttering in the distance and had feared for her children. They returned home at intervals until she realised that one, Thoko, was missing. She learnt later that Thoko had been shot in the head on her way home.

Thoko survived and also testified at the inquiry yesterday. Other people who gave evidence were 12-year-old Margaret Shikwane, who was shot in the neck and has a bullet lodged in her body, and her mother.

The commission will sit for another 12 days and the outcome of the inquiry will be handed over to the PCC.

STAR 5/2/86 84A

Natal woman detainee freed

Natal academic Miss Sandra Africa, detained with her husband, Dr Vijay Ramlakan, a day after the bomb blast at Amanzimtoti, has been released.

A spokesman for the lawyers representing the couple said Miss Africa, who had a baby shortly before she was held, was freed on Monday.

After the blast five people were detained but police would not say if this was in connection with the incident.

STAR 5/2/86 256

New exam timetable rejected

By Maud Motanyane Following a series of meetings between the SPCC, teachers and students it was decided that the February date was too soon, Rey Molefe Tsele of the SPCC said.

A consultative meeting would be held at the weekend to decide on a date in March.

The DET's regional director, Mr Gunther Merbold, said the 1986 academic year would come into effect in April, when the second term started.

Internal examinations had to be postponed last year following prolonged school boycotts and violence at schools.

UNREST LATEST

art 1015 6/2/86
Three terror suspects held

Own Correspondent
DURBAN. — Police have arrested three suspected terrorists and recovered an arms cache in the Ingwavuma area of northern Natal.

Police disclosed last night that the cache included AK rifles, bayonets, an RPG 7 missile launcher and projectiles as well as hand grenades, personnel mines and a limpet mine.

The three men were detained several days ago after police followed up information they received about the presence of suspected terrorists.

8/11
8/11

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Carinder Inside

19	World Report	7
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CNF Times 6/2/86

Three terror suspects held

Own Correspondent

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The three men were detained several days ago after police followed up information they received about the presence of suspected terrorists.

CHE TIPS
7/2/86

268
269
JCA

ANC fear prompts bus guards

PRETORIA. — This city's council has put armed guards on some of its buses as a preparation for ANC attacks on soft targets.

The mayor, Dr Pieter Kruger, said it was still an experiment, "but rather safe than sorry".

A council spokesman described the move as a trial. He said it was to protect council property, and not specifically to protect schoolchildren.

Mrs M C Opperman, an organizer of a petition for the protection of schools, said that armed guards were not enough.

She said schools should also be properly fenced, have alarm systems linked to police stations and have controlled and guarded entrances. — Sapa

General PJ Coetzee said the later stage. - Sapa
He says police hit him They were met by more ed by Advocate S Joseph. onidle near Cala.

Praise for cop

CP Correspondent
DURBAN'S deputy security police chief was buried with full military honours this week.
Colonel Robert Welman died late last week from burn wounds he suffered in the double bomb blast at a Jacobs electricity sub-station in January.
He was critically injured when a second limpet mine detonated as he was investigating an earlier blast. The second explosion started a fire and his clothes were burnt off his body.
The Jacobs blasts were the first in a series of "double bombs" - labelled "booby traps" by cops - to hit Durban.

E Tvl councillor accused of killing youth

By SELLO SERIPE
A KWAZENELE councillor has been blamed for shooting two kids in the past three weeks - one of whom has died.
The councillor - whose name is being withheld - allegedly fatally wounded the first youth, Dumisane Zwane, on January 25.
This week, at Zwane's funeral, the councillor allegedly shot a second youth, Sibanyoni Boyana, 18, critically wounding him.
According to lawyer Phineas Mojapelo, the same councillor was responsible for both shootings.
Cops confirmed that a youth was wounded when the councillor opened fire on a group of youths alleged-

Teach on the beach

CP Correspondent
A DURBAN City Councilor wants the KwaZulu government to help "educate Zulus on beach rules".
Philip Kairuz said the council must act quickly to ensure good race relations on the beaches in future.
Among his suggestions is that the city police force be expanded and issued with loudhailers to "advise and control crowds in an orderly way".
He proposed an "education program" with signs in the "three main languages" warning about the penalties for indecent exposure and other "unacceptable behaviour".

Evicted 3 000 take Ciskei to Supreme Court

CP Correspondent
IN a case similar to the Ingwavuma row, 3 000 Kuni squatters are battling the Ciskei government in court over their forcible eviction last week.
Ciskei soldiers and cops removed them from an area where the Ciskei president is chief of the Kambashe tribal authority.
Yesterday the validity of the Ciskei government's action was tested in the Ciskei Supreme Court.
Squatters' lawyer Dudley van Heerden said his clients had asked the court to order that the Ciskei government immediately restore them at Kuni Village. The squatters want an interdict restraining the homeland from evicting them.

Lawyer David Gordon - who successfully fought the Ingwavuma case in Natal - will fight for the return of the Kuni villagers to their original home.
The Ciskei government evicted the squatters on allegations that they threatened the lives of residents in the Kambashe tribal authority.
Some of the squatters are being resettled temporarily.
★ **MDANTSANE Residents' Association** treasurer Norman Sibewu was detained by Ciskei security cops this week.
MRA publicity secretary M Ndzungu said cops arrested Sibewu at his NUS house on Monday afternoon. Cops have not confirmed his detention. - Veritas News Agency.

City Council Joseph Chiole said it was clear the authorities expected ANC onslaughts on soft targets. Unrest was spilling over to white areas as a result of the Government's unwillingness to take strong action against "black agitators", he said.
The HNP agreed that white commuters had to be

edly attacked his house. The recent shootings in the Eastern Transvaal township follow protests over service charges and rent.
The protests started on January 16, when town manager A Pieterse called a public meeting to discuss rent, electricity and other service charges.
The meeting ended in deadlock when residents walked out.
"This was followed by stone-throwing incidents and community leader Zebeth Ntshalintshali and four other residents were detained," Mojapelo told CITY PRESS.
The homes of councillors and policemen were stoned."

soft targets".
Commenting on a report that the council was placing guards on some buses, Kruger admitted there was currently no need for this, because there was "no large scale urban terrorism in South Africa".
"It's a pity that trials of this nature are deemed necessary, though," Kruger

Plane sailing to Ulundi ...

CP Correspondent
A REGULAR weekly air service is to be established between KwaZulu capital Ulundi and Durban.
Five return trips a week will be run by the National Airways Corporation and the KwaZulu Finance Corporation at a cost of R150 a return ticket.

PRETORIA mayor Dr Pieter Kruger has backed the presence of armed guards on Pretoria's municipal buses.
He pointed out that the armed guards had been placed on the buses on a trial basis. Several city councillors believe the step is in preparation for possible ANC onslaughts on

the Government should never have allowed the situation to develop this far.
The placing of armed guards on municipal buses follows another local campaign to have schools protected against possible attacks. A petition was circulated in Pretoria recently urging security measures.

Armed guards on the buses?

City Council Joseph Chiole said it was clear the authorities expected ANC onslaughts on soft targets. Unrest was spilling over to white areas as a result of the Government's unwillingness to take strong action against "black agitators", he said.
The HNP agreed that white commuters had to be

safe than sorry. One should make arrangements in time, as far as possible, as loss of life of school children may be concerned."
He added that armed guards among school children and other passengers should be highly trained.
Herstigte Nasionale Party chief whip in the Pretoria

white commuters had to be

Kick out their heads... Tamba High



Members of the Azanian Students' Movement took to the streets in Johannesburg singing freedom songs after they were released on R750 bail.

Bella Mvula, nursing a swollen eye, has vowed never to trust a cop again after she was allegedly assaulted by cops on the way back from a prayer meeting in Mohlakeng.

By MARTIN NTSOENGOE
AN 8pm to 4am "curfew" was enforced in Mohlakeng this week. Many found breaking it said they got a "thorough beating" from police. Victims claim cops driving in a "mellow yellow" bus beat them up as early as 7pm without any provocation.

Cops 'enforce' Mohlakeng curfew

West Rand's police PRO said he knew nothing about the incident and that all those who were assaulted should report to the Randfontein or Krugersdorp police stations. Some victims, who said they were either sjambokked or baton charged, told CITY PRESS all the cops said was: "Gaan slaap, julle" (go and sleep).

39, a mother of four - who said she was assaulted by police at about 8 pm after attending a prayer meeting in another part of the township - vowed never to trust a policeman again in her life.

She is nursing a swollen eye with four stitches, a sprained ankle and weals on her body.

"Life in the township is real tough. We are always

in a no-win situation. If its not tsotsis mugging you its the cops beating you up", she said.

Mvula said on her way from the prayer meeting she passed a couple along Lembede Street. Later she heard the same couple screaming.

"Before I knew what was happening it was my turn. They sjambokked me all over the body repeatedly, saying 'gaan slaap julle'."

"As I was trying to run away I fell on the tarred street and sprained my ankle, I had to walk on my hands and knees to ask for help at a nearby house.

"I was later taken to the Leratong Hospital where I was treated for the injuries," she said.

Another victim, Robinson Segatsho, 28, who suffers from arthritis of the lower limbs, claims to have met the police at the gate of his parents' home.

He says police hit him

on the head with batons for about five minutes and left him bleeding and slumped in the street. He was later found by friends who took him into the house.

Segatsho, who is still suffering from dizzy spells after the beating, said he cannot recall what police hit him with, but he be-

lieved it was something similar to a baton.

"I was on the ground from the first blow but they kept on beating me.

"Two black policemen started beating me, later they were joined by a white cop. I screamed and asked why they were beating me. They did not answer," said Segatsho.

Cops question five about petrol bombs

POLICE say they've arrested five men suspected of involvement in the petrol bomb attack on OK Bazaars in Randfontein last weekend.

According to the OK, R10 000 worth of damage was caused to their store when the Molotov cocktail was hurled through a window.

Police commissioner General PJ Coetzee said the

arrests were "an important breakthrough".

The men are also being questioned about a knife attack on Mr M Botha, who tried to stop the petrol-bombers.

Gen Coetzee said police were still investigating the case and further information would be released at a later stage. - Sapa

Azapo's 'sedition 8' freed on R750 bail

By MARTIN NTSOENGOE
TRAFFIC in Johannesburg's West Street came to a standstill this week when eight members of the Azanian People's Organisation, charged with sedition, emerged from the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court cells singing freedom songs.

The eight - all students - were released on R750 bail each.

They were met by more

than 200 cheering parents and fellow students, who travelled from Soweto and Mohlakeng for the case.

The eight are: Nicodemus Tlhoriso Phake, 29, Vusumusi Ben Nko, 22, Kenneth Moshe Mampondo, 21, Stanley Sekgotyane, 21, Ruben Moliki, 22, Reginald Maphumulo, 24, Gogo David Sosibo, 19, and Stephen Menoe, 20.

The men were represented by Advocate S Joseph.

Praise E Tvl councillor Teach Evicted 3

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) No, but it stands to reason that the broadcasts are aimed at all residents of the Republic who can understand Afrikaans.
- (3) Yes—the broadcasts are being monitored by the Overseas Service of the SABC.
- (4) Yes—transcriptions of these broadcasts are made available to the Security authorities.
- (5) No, not at this moment.

HANSMAN 11/2/86
Klaas de Jonge
*9. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

- (1) Whether his Department has incurred any expenditure in connection with Mr Klaas de Jonge, who is hiding in the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria; if so, (a) what did the expenditure amount to and (b) in respect of what date is this information furnished;
- (2) whether the negotiations with the Dutch Government in connection with Mr De Jonge have been completed; if so, with what result; if not, what is the present position;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) No, not directly with regard to Mr De Jonge himself. Naturally expenditures were incurred in respect of the travel expenses of officials who had negotiations with representatives of the Government of the Netherlands. When matters such as these arise they revolve in the first place not around the relevant individual who created the problem, but around the

different points of view that may arise between the South African Government and a Foreign Government. This is an everyday occurrence in international affairs. Travel expenses are currently being incurred in respect of officials involved in resolving a dispute between the South African Government and another government in such a manner that South Africa's interests will not be harmed. The expenses incurred are not in respect of Mr De Jonge but in respect of South Africa's interests.

- (2) No. Although in the search for a solution to the De Jonge case understanding has been reached between the Governments of the Netherlands and South Africa on several points, there still exists a difference in their points of view on certain aspects.
- (3) No, not at this time.

†Mr H D K VAN DER MERWE: Mr Speaker, arising out of the reply of the hon. the Deputy Minister, could he tell us whether this is his personal opinion or that of the Government?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Speaker, naturally it is the Government's opinion.

Klaas de Jonge

*10. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

Whether his Department has incurred any expenditure in connection with Mr Klaas de Jonge, who is hiding in the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria; if so, what total amount had been spent in this regard on (a) salaries and allowances and (b) other expenses as at the latest date for which figures are available?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- Yes.
- (a) Police salaries and allowances are not

determined by specific tasks. These tasks are performed in the normal course of their duties.

- (b) The security wire which was furnished on the scene was not specially bought for that purpose and is reclaimable.

Vaal Dam

*11. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Water Affairs:†

- (1) What are the feeder sources of the Vaal Dam;
- (2) whether it is the intention to supplement the water supply of the Vaal Dam; if so, what steps are contemplated in this regard;
- (3) whether consideration is being given to reinforcing the main barrage of the Vaal Dam; if so why;
- (4) whether there are high evaporation losses of water from the Vaal Dam; if so, (a) why and (b) to what extent;
- (5) whether consideration is being given to keeping the percentage of water in this dam at a lower level; if so, what steps are contemplated in this regard?

†The MINISTER OF WATER AFFAIRS:

- (1) The Vaal and Wilge Rivers are the natural and main feeder sources, but the Vaal Dam is supplemented by water from the Tugela River via the Sterkfontein Dam.
- (2) Yes. Supplementation from the Tugela River already takes place and the rate of transfer is being increased. The Usutu-Vaal (Phase II) and the Slang River Government Water Schemes are being implemented to further supplement the water supply. Other supplementary schemes are still being investigated.

- (3) No. The raising of the dam wall is presently being completed and in the process the wall had to be strengthened.

(4) Yes.

(a) Evaporation from all free water surfaces is a natural process and the flat basin characteristics, which gives a large water surface at high water levels, increase evaporation losses.

(b) The next average annual evaporation is approximately 742 mm.

- (5) Yes. All supplementary feeder sources can be and are regulated. Due to physical limitations, however, a certain percentage has to be maintained.

HANSMAN 11/2/86
Renamo
*12. Mr C W EGLIN asked the Minister of Defence:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 29, standing over, on 14 May 1985, during the investigation into support or sympathy for Renamo among members or employees of the South African Defence Force certain persons, whose names have been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, were questioned and/or investigated; if so, (a) what are their names, (b) when were they questioned and/or investigated, (c) what were the findings in each case and (d) what action was taken as a result; if not, why not;

(2) whether he has ordered or will order an investigation into the allegiances of these persons; if not, why not; if so, when;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) Whether, since the signing of the Nkomati Accord, any member of the South African Government has visited a certain organisation in Mozambique, the name of which has been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply; if so, what is the name of this organization;

(2) Whether he (a) was informed or (b) had prior knowledge of any member of the Government planning such visits; if not, (i) why not and (ii) when did he first hear of these visits; if so,

(3) (a)(i) when and (ii) by whom was he so informed, (b) who was involved in these visits and (c) what was the nature of the information furnished to him concerning these visits;

(4) whether any South African Defence Force (a) personnel and (b) equipment was involved in these visits; if so, (i) on whose orders, (ii) what specified (aa) personnel and (bb) equipment and (iii) what was the nature of this involvement;

(5) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) to (5) I have already stated in my speech on 4 February this year in this House that the hon the Deputy Minister of Information, in his then capacity as Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs and the South African Chairman of the Joint Security Committee, which was established in terms of the Nkomati Accord, was not responsible to me for his actions in connection with the implementation of the said Accord. With regard to this task, he had Government approval and the full support of the SA Defence Force in the execution thereof. He exercised his own discretion in the use of the means which the SA Defence Force could place at his disposal.

Messina: landmine explosion
*4. Dr W J Snyman asked the Minister of Defence:†

(1) Whether, with regard to the landmine explosion in the Messina district on or about 15 December 1985, the South African Defence Force was responsible for the transportation of the injured persons to the Pietersburg hospital; if not, who was responsible; if so, how long after the explosion did the injured persons reach this hospital;

(2) whether the injured persons were transported to hospital by helicopter; if not, (a) why not and (b) in what manner were they transported?

†The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) The evacuation of civilian casualties as a result of enemy action is the responsibility of the appropriate civilian infrastructure, e.g. the local ambulance service, civil defence organisation, etc. In emergencies, such as in this case, where the SA Defence Force was first on the scene with the means to evacuate the casualties, the task is undertaken by them. It is the policy of the SA Defence Force to render all the assistance it can at accidents, disasters, etc. to save human life or relieve suffering, irrespective of whose responsibility it is. Concerning the case in question the injured were admitted to the Messina Mine Hospital about 2 hours and 45 minutes after the incident and about 4 hours later to the Pietersburg Hospital.

(2) No.

(a) There was no suitable helicopter available in the vicinity at that time.

(b) The injured persons were transported from the place of the incident by mine resistant ambulance to Messina Mine Hospital

and from there to Pietersburg Hospital by an ambulance aircraft of the SA Air Force.

Northern Transvaal: acts of terrorism
*5. Dr W J Snyman asked the Minister of Defence:†

(1) Whether the recent acts of terrorism in the Northern Transvaal were initiated from bases outside the borders of the Republic; if so,

(2) Whether the South African Defence Force has any information regarding the location of these bases; if so,

(3) whether the Defence Force is considering taking any steps in this regard; if not, why not;

(4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) Investigations undertaken and information received indicate that the deeds of terror were in fact initiated from outside the RSA.

(2) and (3) It will be unwise to divulge information which the SA Defence Force may have at its disposal or steps being contemplated in this regard. It can only benefit our enemies. I, therefore, wish to refer the hon member to what I have said in my speech on 4 February this year in this House about terrorist actions from our neighbouring countries and to my standpoint on the need-to-know-principle, as stated in my statement at question number 2 of today.

(4) No.

Mamelodi: march
*6. Mr P G Soal asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether members of the South African Police were present during a

march in Mamelodi on or about 21 November 1985; if so, (a) when were the police first informed of the proposed march, (b) what steps were taken by the police in preparation for this march, (c) what specified equipment was issued to members of the Police Force on duty in the vicinity of the march and (d) what was the rank of each of the officers in charge of these policemen;

(2) whether the marchers were stopped by the police at a certain bridge in the Mamelodi area prior to reaching the local administration offices; if so, where is this bridge situated;

(3) whether an agreement was reached between these policemen and the marchers; if so, what was this agreement;

(4) whether the march proceeded to the administration offices; if not, why not; if so,

(5) whether any order to disperse was given to the marchers; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) by what means was the order to disperse given;

(6) whether any tear-gas or tear-smoke was fired at the marchers; if so, when;

(7) whether the police opened fire on the marchers; if so, (a) why, (b) from where, (c) who gave the order to open fire and (d) how long after the tear-gas or tear-smoke had been fired was the order given;

(8) whether any persons were (a) killed and (b) injured as a result of police action on this occasion; if so, how many in each case;

(9) whether an investigation has been held into this incident; if not, why not; if so, (a)(i) what was the nature and (ii) who was in charge of the investigation and (b) what were the findings;

2 SAP vans
blown up

DURBAN. — A limpet mine destroyed two police vehicles at the Umlazi police station, it was revealed yesterday. Details of the explosion, which happened at about 11.45pm on Sunday were only released by the police directorate of public relations in Pretoria yesterday.

A spokesman said the blast completely destroyed a police van and damaged another. Nobody was injured.

Blast victim tells of lucky escape

STAR 13/2/86 841A

Own Correspondent

MESSINA — Mr Doepie van Rensburg yesterday told *The Star* of his miraculous escape from death when he emerged virtually unscathed from a landmine blast.

The young crop-spraying pilot, speaking only hours after his bakkie had detonated a mine on farming land about 50 km west of Messina, described how what had started out as a routine day turned into a time of terror.

"I landed at an airstrip on the Estherhuysen farm in my company's light plane, and there was a message for me to phone my company in Tzaneen."

Using the firm's bakkie, he drove to a nearby phone to make the call, and then returned

to the airstrip.

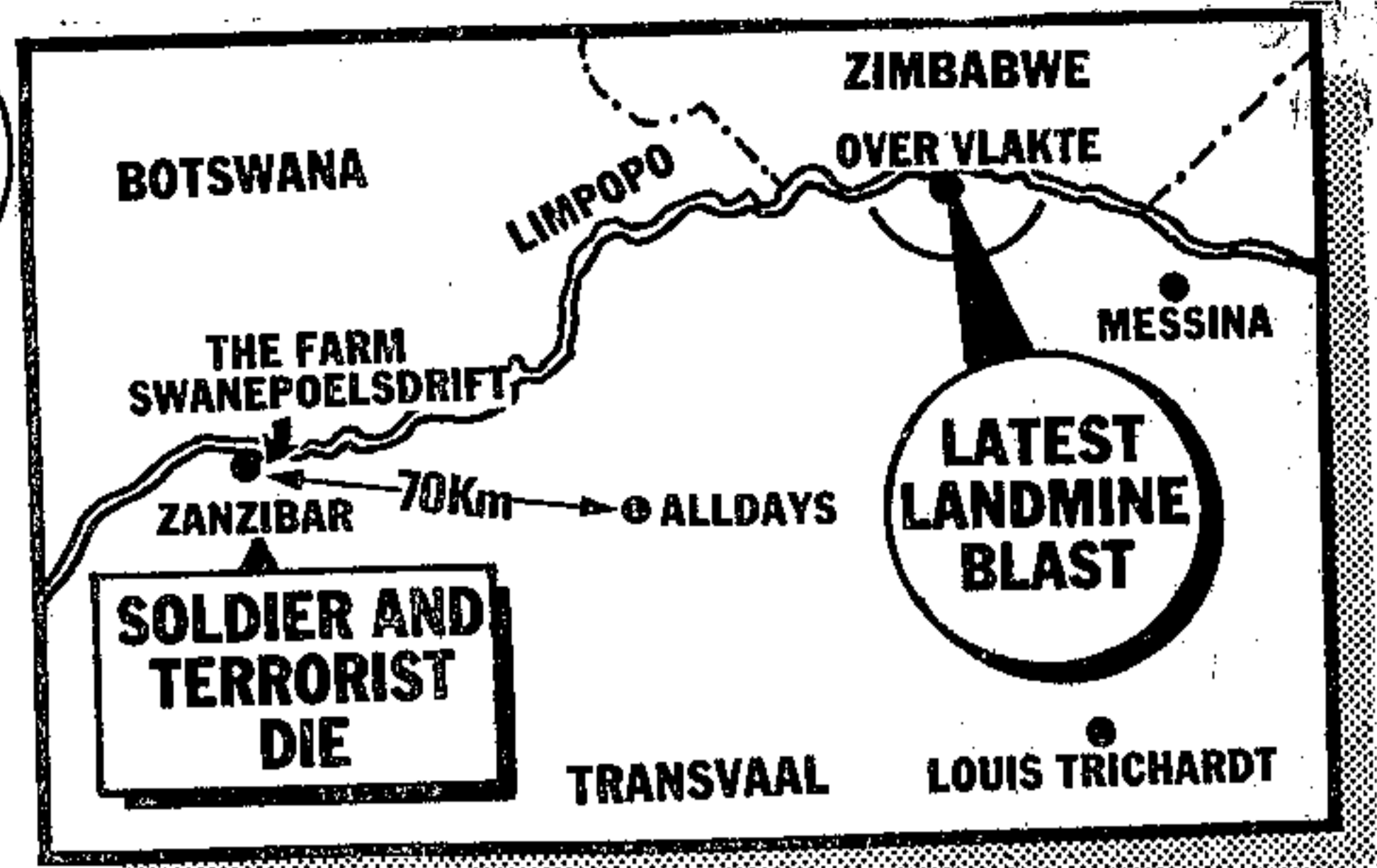
"I detonated the landmine after turning into a seldom-used farm road, which I knew had been waterlogged the previous evening, and thus appeared to be safe.

"Before I knew what was happening, there was a deafening bang, and I was flying through the air while still inside the bakkie's cab," he said.

He said he was thankful now that only one of four fuel containers on the bakkie was full.

When asked if he ever seriously thought he could be blown up by a landmine, he replied: "Well, yes. But the chances always seemed remote, because I spend more time in the air than on the ground, in the course of my work".

Mr van Rensburg's wife An-



narie, who is expecting their first child, was relieved and happy to have her husband safely home. The couple have been living in Louis Trichardt for only a week.

Yesterday's blast was the eighth explosion in the area since November 27.

Farming activities are expected to be restricted today as the Defence Force search for clues and further devices con-

tinues.

Senior officers would not say whether they believed the latest landmine was planted during a recent incursion by infiltrators, or set up some time ago.

Altogether nine landmines have exploded on the country's northern borders during the past three months, killing nine people. Six undetonated devices have been found by the Defence Force.

OWN CORRESPONDENT
WINDHOEK. — Mr Saths Cooper, president of the Azanian People's Organization (Azapo), was arrested here last night for allegedly not having a valid permit to enter SWA/Namibia.

Mr Cooper was arrested shortly before he was due to address a public meeting on the lessons from Black Consciousness for SWA/Namibia.

A police spokesman said Mr Cooper would be held overnight and would appear in Windhoek Magistrate's Court this morning.

He was due to leave SWA/Namibia today.

Mr Cooper had been invited for talks by a faction of the South-West African National Union (Swanu).

The Swanu leader, Mr Kuzeeko Kanguhi, addressed the recent Azapo congress.

OWN CORRESPONDENT
WINDHOEK. —
Saths Cooper held in SWA
841
OWN CORRESPONDENT
WINDHOEK. —
Soldier, terrorist die in skirmish
13/2/86

PRETORIA. — A soldier and a suspected African National Congress terrorist died late yesterday afternoon during a follow-up operation on the Botswana border, a military spokesman said.

A search for a second terrorist was continuing late last night.

The follow-up operation by the South African Defence Force came only hours after a man was slightly injured in a landmine explosion in the Northern Transvaal.

Mr Doepie van Rensburg, a crop-spray pilot, was driving on the farm Overvlakte in the Wiepe area 50km west of Messina, when he detonated the mine.

According to a military spokesman, Mr Van Rensburg suffered only a damaged eardrum.

The spokesman said last night that the name of the soldier who died is being withheld until his next of kin, who live overseas, have been notified.

He said the suspected ANC guerilla was armed with an AK-47 rifle.

Three limpet mines and an number of hand grenades were also found in the operation.

The SADF said yesterday a patrol had found and followed the tracks of two people discovered on the farm Zanzibar, about 70km from Alldays near the Botswana border.

The SADF said "these terrorists probably infiltrated from Botswana and the authorities in Botswana have already been informed of the incident". — Sapa and Own Correspondent

ARGUS 13/2/86

Hunt goes on for ^{SADF} guerrillas

The Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA. — Follow-up operations after yesterday's shoot-out near the Botswana border between the Defence Force and two suspected ANC guerrillas continued today.

A soldier and one of the suspected guerrillas were killed in a hot-pursuit operation.

The name of the SADF soldier killed has not yet been released as his parents live abroad.

The incident was the second such shoot-out in the Alldays area between ANC guerrillas and the SADF since 1983.

Two men, who appeared to have infiltrated from Botswana, had earlier opened fire on a patrol on a farm about 70km from the border.

The men were followed after a patrol found and followed tracks on Zanzibar Farm, about 70km from Alldays. The shoot-out took place on a neighbouring farm.

According to the SADF spokesman the black man who died was carrying an AK-47 assault rifle. In the follow-up operation the pursuers found three mines and several hand-grenades.

**SOLDIER, SUSPECTED
die in skirmish**

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The SADF said "these terrorists probably infiltrated from Botswana and the authorities in Botswana have already been informed of the incident". — Sapa and Own Correspondent

Young landmine victim tells of his brush with death

ARGUS 13/2/86 SLIP

The Argus Correspondent
MESSINA. — A smiling Mr Doepie van Rensburg has told of his escape from death in a landmine blast.

The young crop-spraying pilot was speaking yesterday only hours after his bakkie detonated a mine on a farm 50km west of here.

He described how what started as a routine day turned into a time of terror.

"I landed at an airstrip on the Estherhuysen farm in my company's light aircraft, and there was a message for me to phone my company in Tzaneen."

Using the firm's bakkie, he went to make the call and then returned to the airstrip to start a crop-spraying operation.

"I detonated the landmine after turning on to a seldom-used farm road. I knew it had been waterlogged the previous evening and therefore thought it would be safe.

"Before I knew what was happening, there was a deafening bang, and I was flying through the air while still inside the bakkie cab.

"I often joked with my assistants about the noise which would be heard if the bakkie hit a landmine, with all the fuel we often carried on the back."

He said he was lucky only one of four containers on the back of his bakkie was filled with fuel yesterday.

The chances of him hitting a landmine had "always seemed remote, because I spend more time in the air than on the ground".

His pregnant wife, Annarie, who is expecting their first child, was relieved to have him safely back home.

The couple have been living in Louis Trichardt for only a week.

"His escape from death was a real miracle and I am thankful for it," she said.

"He phoned me soon after the incident to say he was okay — just in case I got the news some other way.

"If the front wheel of the bakkie had hit the landmine, he would have been a goner, judging from the impact of the blast."



Mr Doepie van Rensburg

Insurgent 'killed by own grenade'

By Hannes de Wet

13/2/88

The insurgent who was killed in a shootout with members of the Defence Force near the Botswana border yesterday was probably killed by his own handgrenade.

The grenade hit the branch of a tree when he threw it at Defence Force members. It bounced back and exploded next to the man, according to a farmer in the area, Mr Basie van Niekerk, who witnessed the clash which also claimed the life of a soldier.

The name of the soldier was being withheld until his next of kin, who lived overseas, had been notified, a Defence Force spokesman said this morning.

The follow-up operation to track down the second insurgent who was spotted on a farm near Maastroom in the Potgietersrus district was continuing, the spokesman said.

Three limpet mines and a number of handgrenades were found during the follow-up operation yesterday.

The shootout between the insurgent and the Security Forces was on the Swanepoelsdrift.

Mr van Niekerk, who lives on a neighbouring farm, told *The Star* this morning that the Security Forces were about 5 m from the insurgent when the shooting started.

All's mum in the House on De Jonge

By PAT SIDLEY

THE Ministers of Foreign Affairs and Law and Order this week refused to give full answers to parliamentary questions about the De Jonge affair.

Frank Le Roux, Conservative Party MP for Brakpan, had asked how much the affair had cost and how far negotiations had gone.

Meanwhile, Amsterdam newspapers quoted De Jonge's lawyer speculating that her client's former wife, Helen Passtoors, who has been held in detention here since June, may soon stand trial.

Klaas de Jonge, a Dutch national, has been in the old premises of the

Dutch Embassy in Pretoria since June last year, after he escaped Security Police detention; police have posted a guard on the building. The South African and Dutch governments have been holding talks on the affair.

Replying in writing to Le Roux's request for a full statement on the situation, Minister of Foreign Affairs Pik Botha declined to reveal the amounts of money involved, saying the money that had been spent was not in respect of one individual, but of a

situation between two governments in which South Africa's interests had to be protected.

He said the negotiations had not been completed but "understanding" had been reached on some points, while on others differences still existed.

Louis Le Grange, Minister of Law and Order, had been asked if his department had incurred extra expenses and to quantify those expenses; his answer was similar to Botha's.

Meanwhile Kathleen Satchwell, De Jonge's lawyer, is reported to have told the Dutch press in Amsterdam

this week De Jonge's former wife, Helene Passtoors, was likely to stand trial soon on her own.

She told reporters De Jonge would not be giving evidence in a trial and was prepared for a long stay in the embassy.

She was reported as saying she had not been able to visit Passtoors in prison — where Passtoors spent seven months in solitary confinement after her detention under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act — or in Johannesburg Hospital, where Passtoors has been since January, suffering from depression.

Satchwell had been given permission to visit her once she is returned to prison. The visits, however, would be in the presence of the Security Police.

Satchwell would not disclose the reason for her visit to Holland but repeated an earlier commitment from the Dutch government not to hand De Jonge to the South African authorities without a timeous warning to her.

While in Holland she met officials of the Dutch Foreign Ministry and then travelled to Brussels to speak to Belgian Foreign Ministry officials. De Jonge is a Dutch national, but Passtoors is Belgian.

142 No. 84A

Army follow-up continues

BUS DAY 12/2/80 844
MESSINA — Military follow-up operations continued in the northern and north-western Transvaal yesterday after two border security incidents near Messina and Alldays on Wednesday.

A Security Force member and a suspected terrorist died during a shoot-out near the Botswana border in the Alldays district.

Earlier, Doepie van Rensburg, 27, of Louis Trichardt, a crop-sprayer employed by a Tzaneen company, escaped serious injury when his bakkie detonated a landmine at Overvlake farm west of Messina.

Farming has virtually come to a halt, with mine-sweeping troops launching patrols over a wide area. Travelling on gravel roads has been drastically restricted by military authorities.

The likelihood of landmines having

been planted in the Alldays area has put farmers and their families on guard, while troops pour into the area to comb farm, district and other roads.

Rain in the region has complicated the follow-up operations.

SADF Colonel Johan Swanepoel said in Messina on Wednesday that "the usual precautionary measures" would be taken in the Soutpansberg military area.

Farmer's wife B Estherhuysen said although the danger of landmines was a worrying factor "we are learning to accept it as a fact of life".

Despite nine deaths resulting from blasts during the past three months, in the Messina and Ellisras areas, only one family has left the border area.

Routine checks of driveways and essential roads for landmines have become a way of life. — Sapa.

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ister's Department for the purposes of his reply, on or about 29 December 1985 on the occasion of a national convention at the University of the Witwatersrand; if so, what is the name of this organisation;

- (2) whether his Department has commented on these resolutions; if so, what is the purport of the comment;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT AID:

- (1) No, but note was taken of resolutions taken during the National Education Conference which was held on 28-29 December 1985.

(2) No.

(3) No, because the resolutions are still being studied.

†Dr W J SNYMAN: Mr Speaker, arising from the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister I should like to put the following question to him. One of the requirements the committee laid down at that conference was that parents would no longer have to pay school fees for books and for pupils. Is the fact that the Department will from now on provide children with free books and stationery perhaps a result of the said decision by that committee?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Speaker, in reply to that question by the hon member for Pietersburg I just want to point out that the Department of Education and Training does not require any obligatory payment of school fees by the children. School fees are determined by the local bodies concerned. This is in fact a local affair which is not regulated by the Department as such.

De Nyschen/Van Eck families: investigation
HANS SARD 841A

*3. Dr W J SNYMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

HoA

18/2/86 Q-CWL 75

(1) Whether the South African Police has investigated the deaths of members of the De Nyschen and Van Eck families on the farm Chatsworth in the magisterial district of Messina on or about 15 December 1985; if so,

- (2) whether the investigation has been completed; if so, with what result; if not, what progress has been made up to now;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes.
- (2) No. Chase was given to the terrorists in order to trace them. The tracks were followed as far as the farm Schutwater, district Messina, where it crossed the Limpopo River into Zimbabwe. The investigation is still in progress.

(3) No, except that the South African Police does everything in their power to bring the culprits to book.

HANS SARD Maize Board

*4. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Agricultural Economics:†

(1) Whether producer members of control boards are appointed by the producers themselves; if not, in what way are such members appointed; if so,

(2) whether there was any departure from this procedure in respect of the Maize Board; if so, (a) why, (b) when and (c) on whose authority?

†The MINISTER OF AGRICULTURAL ECONOMICS:

- (1) No. The appointments are made by the Minister in terms of Section 28 of the Marketing Act, 1968 (Act 59 of 1968).
- (2) Falls away.

Person employed

*5. Mr P A MYBURGH asked the Minister of Defence:

(1) (a) In what (i) section and (ii) capacity was a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, employed in the Defence Force in 1984 and 1985, respectively, and (b) what were his specific functions in each such year;

(2) in what (a) section and (b) capacity is this person employed at present;

(3) whether he will furnish the House with the name of this person; if so, what is his name?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

The person whose name was supplied is unknown in the SA Defence Force.

Person employed

*6. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister of Defence:

(1) (a) In what (i) section and (ii) capacity was a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, employed in the Defence Force in 1984 and 1985, respectively, and (b) what were his specific functions in each such year;

(2) in what (a) section and (b) capacity is this person employed at present;

(3) whether he will furnish the House with the name of this person; if so, what is his name?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

The hon member is referred to my statement in reply to Question number 2 of 11 February 1986.

Person employed

*7. Mr B B GOODALL asked the Minister of Defence:

(1) (a) In what (i) section and (ii) capacity was a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the South African Defence Force for the purpose of the Minister's reply, employed in the Defence Force in 1984 and 1985, respectively, and (b) what were his specific functions in each such year;

(2) in what (a) section and (b) capacity is this person employed at present;

(3) whether he will furnish the House with the name of this person; if so, what is his name?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

The hon member is referred to my statement in reply to Question number 2 of 11 February 1986.

Simon's Town: training/simulating exercises

HANS SARD 821B
*8. Mr P A MYBURGH asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any members of the South African Police, Police Reserve and/or Police Reserve Force undertook any training or simulating exercises on State property in Simon's Town in November 1985; if so, (a) where, (b) when and (c) what was the nature of the training or simulating exercises;

(2) whether the South African Police have held an investigation into a mountain fire which occurred in Simon's Town in November 1985; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes, members of the Reserve Police

Own Affairs: Q. COL 71

Per capita expenditure
 HANS SIND 18/2/86
 2. Mr HEVAN RENSBURG asked the Minister of Education and Culture:
 What was the per capita expenditure (a) including and (b) excluding expenditure of a capital nature, on White school pupils in (i) each province and (ii) the Republic in the 1984-85 financial year?

The MINISTER OF EDUCATION AND CULTURE:

	(a) R	(b) R
(i) Transvaal.....	1 718 1512	
Orange Free State	2 008 1775	
Cape.....	2 125 1893	
Natal	2 046 1751	
Department of Education and Culture	7 826 6 706(1)	
(ii) Republic	1 926 1 702(2)	

Notes: (1) Training centres for mentally retarded children excluded.
 (2) Private schools excluded.

TUESDAY, 18 FEBRUARY 1986

†Indicates translated version.

For oral reply:

General Affairs:

Question put without printed notice (with prior consent of Mr Speaker):
 HANS SIND 18/2/86
 Alexandra Township: unrest

Mrs H. SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether there have been any incidents of unrest in Alexandra Town-

ship recently; if so, what are the circumstances surrounding this unrest;

(2) whether any persons have been (a) killed and (b) injured in this unrest; if so, (i) how many in each case and (ii) what was the cause of these deaths and injuries;

(3) whether the South African Police have taken any action in this township in connection with this unrest; if so, (a) what action and (b) on what date;

(4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes, resulting from the death of a Black man caused by a night-watchman at an Asian shop, rioters in the early hours of 15 February 1986, caused extensive damage to buildings, business premises and vehicles, by means of arson and stone throwing, throughout the township. During police action to maintain law and order, shots were fired at them and their vehicles petrol bombed. 130 incidents of violence have thus far occurred.

(2) Yes.

(a) (i) 19.

(ii) 16 sustained gunshot wounds as a result of police action.

2 burn wounds caused by rioters.

1 member of the Force as a result of panga wounds caused by rioters.

(b) (i) 37.

(ii) 27 sustained gunshot wounds as a result of police action.

Zimbabwean territory and had again fled thereto. On 20 December 1985 the State Security Council gave careful attention to a comprehensive report which had been drawn up by South Africa's security forces in connection with the increasing number of acts of violence and terror which were being planned and executed from neighbouring states and devoted particular attention to the incidents in the Northern Transvaal. The governments of South Africa's neighbouring states, including Zimbabwe, in accordance with a decision of the State Security Council, were once more informed that all South Africans consider these criminal and cowardly attacks on civilians of our country in a serious light. The Governments concerned were also advised that the South African Government had a duty to protect the country's borders as well as the security of its citizens by all appropriate means.

(2) Yes. The Government of Zimbabwe reconfirmed that Zimbabwean territory is not and will not be made available for the planning and execution of acts of violence against any neighbouring state including the RSA and undertook to investigate the matter. Contact has been established between the security forces of the two countries.

(3) No, not at this stage except to say that the question of acts of violence which are planned and executed from neighbouring states, including Botswana, continue to receive serious attention.

University of the Witwatersrand-national
 HANS SIND 18/2/86
 *2. Dr W. J. SNYMAN asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:†

(1) Whether his Department has taken note of the resolutions adopted by a certain organisation, the name of which has been furnished to the Min-

5 members of the SAP sustained burn wounds as a result of petrol bombs.

5 injured by rioters of which one sustained a gunshot wound and four injured by stone throwers.

(3) Yes.

(a) to (b) Since 15 February 1986 increased patrols have been carried out in the townships and on 18 February 1986 concerted actions by the SAP and SADF were carried out to remove obstacles from roads and to search houses in an attempt to arrest suspects.

(4) No, not at this stage.

Questions put with due printed notice:
 HANS SIND 18/2/86
 Zimbabwean discussions

*1. Dr W. J. SNYMAN asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

(1) Whether he or members of his Department have had discussions with the Government of Zimbabwe with regard to recent terrorist activities in the Northern Transvaal; if so,

(2) whether the Government of Zimbabwe has given any undertaking regarding the use of its territory for terrorist attacks against South Africa; if so, what undertaking;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes. The facts and circumstances of each of the landmine explosions were conveyed to the Zimbabwean Government immediately after they had been reported as well as the South African Government's deep concern over indications that those responsible had possibly operated from

CAPE TOWN 18/2/86

Two shot dead in PE skirmishes

Own Correspondent

PORT ELIZABETH. — Two suspected ANC terrorists were shot dead and two policemen wounded in two separate skirmishes in townships here early yesterday morning.

The Commissioner of Police, General P J Coetzee, said two others were arrested and a number of Russian hand-grenades, an AK-47 assault rifle, a pistol and a revolver were confiscated.

Captain Sakkie du Plessis, a member of the East Cape Murder and Robbery Squad, was admitted to the Port Elizabeth Provincial Hospital with four bullet wounds in his left leg. He is in a satisfactory condition after an emergency operation.

He was shot at with an AK-47 rifle when he and other policemen entered a wooden shack in the backyard of a house in New Brighton.

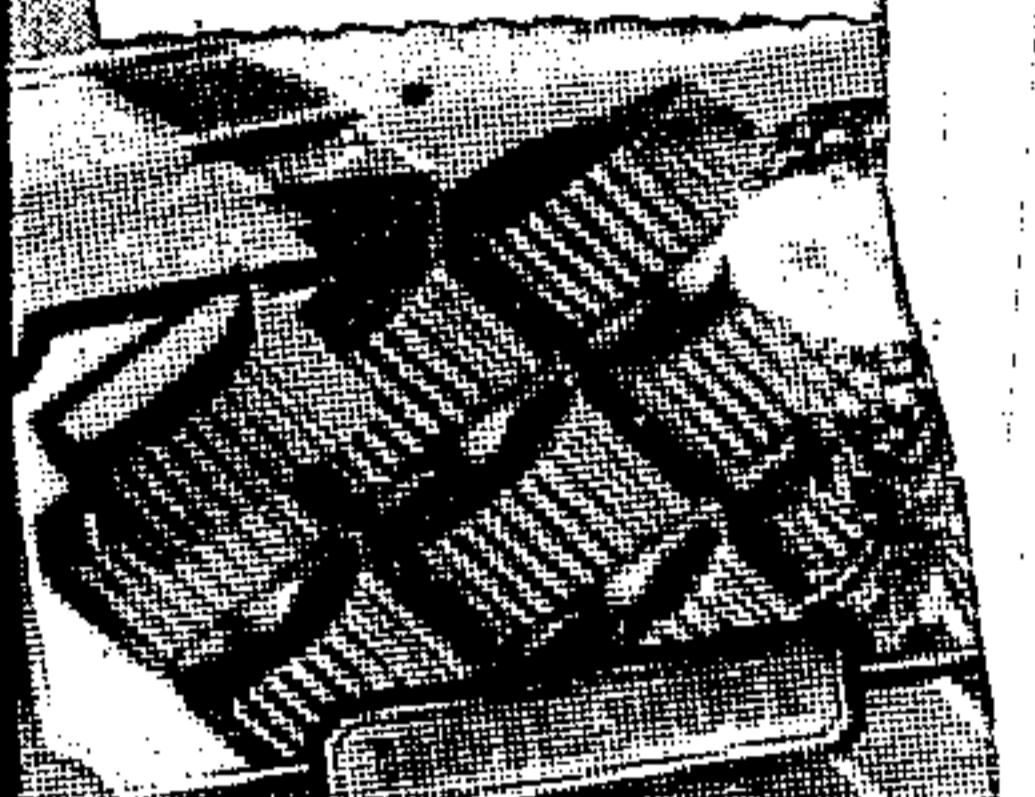
Constable A Strydom sustained multiple shrapnel wounds in when a hand-grenade made in Russia was thrown at policemen at a house in Soweto.

He is in a satisfactory condition after emergency surgery.

According to a police spokesman in Pretoria, the incidents occurred after a man was arrested and two others escaped in Koyana Street, Zwide, Port Elizabeth, at 1.50am.

**FINAL DRASTIC
REDUCTIONS!**

HEAR ABOUT
PRESENTED BY Len S

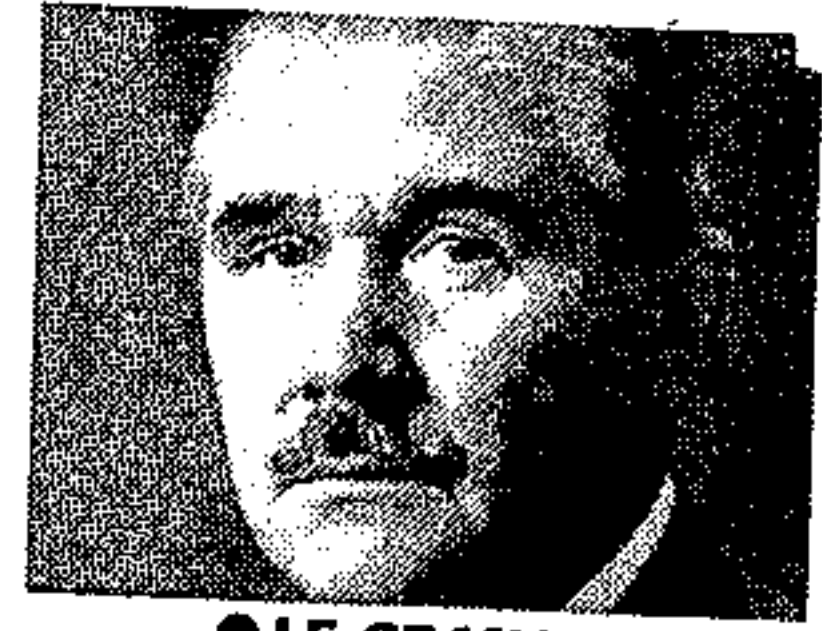


ATOKLAT

IN/FOH

19/2/86. BLEED DAY.
84A

Revolutionary climate 'growing'



● LE GRANGE

ORMANDE POLLOK

ALTHOUGH unrest was declining, the revolutionary climate was not, Law and Order Minister Louis le Grange yesterday told the President's Council.

"The situation is being monitored on a permanent basis and, if necessary, government will not hesitate to combat the situation with even greater powers than have been used up till now," he said.

There were 136 terror attacks in 1985, a 38% increase over the previous year, and hand-grenades had been used in half of them.

Le Grange added that while the African National Congress had no military infrastructure in SA, elementary military training was being given, and some of the people arrested in connection with recent terror attacks in Natal had been trained in SA.

"Two foreign-trained terrorists and 16 other people... as well as local collaborators have been arrested in connection with the bomb blast in Amanzimtoti on December 23 and other acts of terrorism in Natal. A large quantity of arms of Soviet origin were found.

"It has become known that an elementary form of military training is being given either in the neighbouring states or within SA, he said.

Police investigations had been highly effective and the police were still in control of the situation, successfully tracing infiltrators and preventing many planned terror acts, Le Grange added.

He repeated an earlier assertion that the declaration of a state of emergency in 36 magisterial districts had been correct and had led to a decline in the number of unrest incidents.

Le Grange said recent land-mine and bomb explosions should be seen in the light of ANC president Oliver Tambo's assertion that the distinction between hard and soft targets was to disappear.

"It can be expected that the ANC will, during 1986, attack especially whites — so-called soft targets."

Bus Day 19/2/88



PETER WALLINGTON

Terror takes on both a more brutal and sophisticated look

THE blast — a suspected landmine — which ripped off the rear wheel of a police Casspir near Pretoria's Mamelodi township at the weekend has riveted attention on the dramatic development of guerrilla activity in the country.

The use by guerrillas of hand-grenades, landmines and assault weapons such as AK47s and RPG7s has increased dramatically in recent years, while the use of pure explosives has declined.

This development corresponds with a startling surge in guerrilla activity in SA: 136 incidents recorded last year, which amount to 34% of incidents noted in the past 10 years.

According to Wim Booyse, of Pretoria's Institute of Strategic Studies (ISS), 19 incidents were recorded last month, "far more than in the corresponding period in previous years".

A spokesman for the Police Directorate of Public Relations said yes-

THERE appears to have been a dramatic development in guerrilla activity in the anti-apartheid fight inside South Africa.

terday it was still not known what type of explosive device damaged the Casspir.

The seven policemen in the vehicle were not injured in the blast, which occurred on a gravel road about 5km from the white suburb of Silverton.

An ANC spokesman told *Business Day* yesterday he could not say whether ANC guerrillas had been responsible for the explosion.

Booyse said if a landmine were used, it could indicate that guerrilla intelligence knew police and army vehicles used the road, so the chance of hitting such a vehicle was quite high.

He said an increase in ANC military activity could be expected with that organisations higher political

profile. "Political and military dimensions have to be seen together."

However, he thought it unlikely that the ANC would risk attacking civilian targets.

"Landmines on civilian roads are a sure way of losing support."

ISS director Professor Mike Hough told *Business Day* recently that there was evidence that several acts of terror — such as December's limpet mine attack on a minibus in Durban and the Amanzimtoti bomb blast — could have been carried out without ANC authorisation.

At the time of the Amanzimtoti blast, an ANC spokesman said his organisation could not claim responsibility because "we don't always know what some of the people there are going to do".

Guerrilla activity in the Transvaal supported the theory that Botswana had become a primary infiltration route for ANC insurgents from training bases in Angola and transit camps in Zambia.

REUSE

De Jonge's detained ex-wife treated for depression

25/2/86

BUS DAY

THELMA TUCH and Sapa

111

80M

POLICE yesterday confirmed that Belgian citizen Helene Passtoors — former wife of Pretoria Dutch embassy fugitive Klaas de Jonge — recently spent some time in hospital.

Passtoors, who has been in detention since June, spent three or four weeks in hospital suffering from depression before being returned to John Vorster Square on February 7, said a spokesman

for her attorney, Kathleen Satchwell.

The spokesman said no charges had been made against Passtoors and there was no indication of when her case would be resolved.

A police spokesman said yesterday a docket concerning the case had been sent to the Transvaal Attorney-General.

He said he was not prepared to comment on the reason for Passtoors' hospital treatment because the medical condition of detainees was not for publication.

Passtoors was held in June, along with her former husband, De Jonge, 47. De Jonge escaped from police in July while being taken on an evidence-gathering tour of Pretoria.

Teenagers' lucky escape as grenade in veld explodes

By Anna Louw, East Rand Bureau

Two teenagers had a brush with death when a hand grenade, which they picked up in the veld near their home in Eden Park, Alberton, exploded yesterday afternoon.

A senior police spokesman said today that Rachel Pauw (14) and her brother Deon (15) sustained minor shrapnel wounds.

Police believe the grenade was dropped by a man who apparently threw a grenade at the Eden Park Police Station on Tuesday night, causing minor damage to the building. A second grenade is believed to have been dropped by the man as he fled.

The two children were walking in the veld at about 2.30 when one of them picked up the grenade and pulled the pin out.

The children were taken to the Natalspruit Hospital where they are in a satisfactory condition.

84A

STAR 29/2/86

CAPE TOWN
22/2/46
2/11

Two limpet mine blasts

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — An Escom electrical installation on the West Rand was extensively damaged by two explosions yesterday, a police spokesman in Pretoria said.

He said investigations had shown that limpet mines were used.

The power supplied by the installation to the railways premises at Strepard near Dedeur was not cut off and no one was injured.

The first blast occurred at 2am and the second shortly after 5.30am.

Anti-mine trucks get SABS scrutiny

841A Pretoria Bureau
24/2/86 254

The South African Bureau of Standards is drawing up specifications for private landmine-resistant vehicles.

The work was undertaken at the request of the Department of Commerce and Industry following several landmine blasts in the Northern Transvaal which left a number of people dead.

At least two major manufacturers have expressed interest in producing this type of vehicle.

The specifications will make provision for the conversion of existing vehicles such as bakkies into landmine-proof transport.

The concept involves the replacement of the bakkie's conventional cabin with a capsule which has a wedge-shaped bottom to deflect blast.

Vehicles complying with SABS regulations will also be largely bullet-proof.

A prototype is expected to be tested in the field for the Department of Commerce and Industry to grant its approval.

Once the new vehicles come into use, the authorities will provide certain benefits to drivers of those vehicles which comply with the SABS specifications.

BUS DAY 24/2/86 841A

Post office damaged in bomb blast

A BOMB exploded at the Meyerspark post office in Pretoria early yesterday morning, damaging the building and nearby shops.

A police spokesman said the telephone booth where the explosive device was placed was totally destroyed and structural damage was caused to the post office, a pharmacy, greengrocer and butchery.

There were no injuries. Police were unable to say what type of explosive device was used. Investigations were completed by yesterday afternoon.

Police also announced that they had dis-

Business Day Reporter and Sapa

covered the charred corpse of Constable M J Lehutso in Soshanguve township, near Pretoria, early on Saturday.

He had been stoned, set alight and "neck-laced" — a township punishment where a burning tyre is placed around the victim's neck.

Police said a black township near Nelspruit was calm yesterday after unrest on Saturday.

A police spokesman said a group of about

500 people had set fire to two restaurants, a doctor's consulting rooms, a bottle-store, butchery, offices of the education department and three delivery vehicles. The group had also damaged the houses of SAP members.

Police had used shotguns, rubber bullets and tearsmoke to disperse the crowd. Three men had been arrested and one man had been slightly injured.

In the township of Petrusville, in the south-western Cape, a mob had stoned a private house. Police arrested a man.

Phone booth bomb rocks Meyerspark

Post office hit in Pretoria blast

By Sue Leeman,
Pretoria Bureau

For the second successive weekend Pretoria has been rocked by a blast — this time outside a post office in the luxurious eastern suburb of Meyerspark.

Police forensic experts were combing the area this morning to determine the cause of the explosion, believed to have been the result of a limpet mine. No-one was injured.

Ironically, staff at the post office have been checking a phone booth outside the premises daily for signs of explosive devices in accordance with a departmental circular warning them of possible attacks.

The booth was shattered in the explosion.

Last weekend a landmine blew a hole in a Caspir travelling on a gravel road in nearby Mamelodi. None of the occupants was injured.

The head of the SAP's Media Liaison Directorate, Colonel Jaap Venter, said today that the

Meyerspark blast was on Sunday morning, just after midnight.

The explosion destroyed the phone booth and shattered some of the post office windows. Pieces of glass were blown over a wide area and other shops in the area lost windows.

It was too soon to tell the cause of the blast, but the indications were that it was a limpet mine.

Door blown open

Mrs Adri Rautenbach, whose husband owns a pharmacy near the post office and who lives nearby, said she heard "a very loud blast"

"The door of our bedroom was blown open and I woke my husband to tell him I thought there had been a bomb blast... it was only the next day we discovered it was near our shop."

● The Mamelodi East Post Office, which was temporarily closed down after a petrol bomb attack last December, was gutted after being set alight yesterday.

STAR

24/11/86

841A
[Signature]

Anti-mine trucks
get SABS scrutiny

84A

Pretoria Bureau

24/2/86 254

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NO AIM TO KILL ALLEGED BOMBER

SAA
SOWETAN. 25/2/86

A 19-YEAR-OLD man who admitted planting a limpet mine which exploded killing five people in a shopping complex at Amanzimtoti shortly before Christmas last year, told a Durban magistrate yesterday he had no intention of killing anyone.

Mr Andrew Zondo of KwaMashu pleaded not guilty before Mr G E Andrews to five counts of murder.

He is alleged to have murdered Anna Shearer, Mrs Irma Benicino, Sharon Bothma, Willem Arrie van Wyk and Corneo Smit who died after an explosion at the Sanlam Centre, Amanzimtoti near Durban, on December 23 last year.

Mr Andrews explained to Mr Zondo

that he could make a statement outlining his defence, but did not need to do so.

Mr Zondo said he wished to make a statement.

He said he went alone to the shopping centre with a limpet mine.

He did not go there with the aim of killing people. His intention was to blow up the offices of the South African Airways in the com-

plex, but not to kill people.

Mr Zondo said he put the limpet mine in a refuse bin in front of the offices. The limpet mine was to be used to blow up the offices.

He said it exploded.

He had no intention of killing people and did not in fact know that they died.

Mr Zondo said he had no witnesses to call as he was alone at the time.

Asked whether he wanted legal representation, he said he did not. He said he would conduct his own defence. He said a legal representative would just waste time.

The magistrate stopped the proceedings pending the decision of the Attorney-General of Natal.

Mr Zondo was remanded in custody to March 24. — Sapa.

only to convey the result of the discussions with the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning to the people of Moutse;

(iii) no action or counter-action regarding the incorporation of Moutse into Kwandebele shall be discussed;

(iv) no speaker shall be allowed to incite, instigate, intimidate or by any other means influence any person to oppose the incorporation of Moutse into Kwandebele; and

(v) the South African Police shall be allowed to attend the meeting.

(b) The conditions were imposed, since the Magistrate, Moutse, according to him, had reason to believe the public peace would seriously be endangered, if the meeting were not held subjected to the conditions concerned.

(c) The South African Police, Siyabuswa, recommended that the conditions be imposed.

(6) Yes, the South African Police, Siyabuswa, was consulted by the Magistrate, Moutse, in both instances.

(a) The South African Police was consulted on 28 November 1985 about the first meeting and on 3 December 1985 about the second meeting.

(b) The Magistrate, Moutse, consulted with the South African Police, Siyabuswa for a report and recommendation in both instances.

(c) The Magistrate, Moutse, requested a report from the South African Police in order to be in a position to exercise his discre-

tion regarding the applications concerned.

(d) After the Magistrate consulted the South African Police, he decided to refuse the first application and to approve the second application, subject to the conditions in 5(a) above.

(7) No

New Questions:

Compulsory military service
HANSARD 25/2/86
Dr W J SNEYMAN asked the Minister of Defence:†

(1) Whether the Government has taken a decision on compulsory military service for Coloured persons and Asians; if so, what decision;

(2) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEFENCE:

(1) Yes.

(2) Last year during the debate on the Defence Vote I put it unambiguously that the House of Representatives and the House of Delegates would have to decide for themselves on National Service for their own people. This is still the Government's standpoint. I also said that the Goldenhuys Committee was looking into the matter (Hansard column 6514). After thorough investigation and consideration of all the relevant factors the Committee came to the conclusion that on purely practical considerations, National Service for all population groups is not possible at the moment.

The Committee is of the opinion that the enlistment of only volunteers from the Coloured and Indian population, is at present the only practical solution. The Committee therefore supports the present approach to

make the maximum use of the large number of Coloured and Indian volunteers.

I endorse these views of the Committee. In this regard I want to point out that since 1979 until the present there has been a general growth of 352% in the Coloured ranks of the SA Army and 101% growth in Indian numbers in the SA Navy.

†Dr W J SNEYMAN: Mr Chairman, arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, do we now have to accept that in the case of military service for Asians and Coloureds it is an own affair, on which they themselves can decide, while in the case of the Whites it is a general affair? Further arising out of the hon the Deputy Minister's reply, does the Government not envisage at all to give any future consideration whatsoever to the introduction of compulsory military service for the two race groups mentioned?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, I have just explained quite clearly to the hon member what the situation is and how we handle it. If the hon member now wants to make politics of this sensitive matter, which deals with the safety of our country, I resent him for doing that. I will not add to the reply that I have already furnished. [Interjections.]

Mr D J N MALCOMMESS: Further arising out of the reply given by the hon the Deputy Minister—and it is now clear that the Coloureds and Indians will have their own Houses decide for them—what then is his intention as regards the Chinese people who do not have a separate House or even a vote in any House? [Interjections.]

†Mr S P BARNARD: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, can he inform the House whether the possibility will shortly arise that Whites will only be able to join voluntarily and that there will be no compulsory military service for Whites. Will the same choice that is given to the Coloureds and Indians therefore be given to the Whites of South Africa?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, Whites can already join the Permanent

Force voluntarily. There is nothing to prevent that. I have just told the hon member for Langlaage quite clearly—it seems to me he does not want to understand it—that this is, politically spoken, a sensitive matter.

†Mr S P BARNARD: Oh, man, go and tell that to a bunch of small kids!

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! If the hon member for Langlaage wants to hear the reply to his question he must please give the hon the Deputy Minister the opportunity to reply to it.

†The DEPUTY MINISTER: Mr Chairman, we do not want to make a political football of the security of our country and I therefore appeal to hon members of the Conservative Party—very seriously—please not to do it. These volunteers of the other race groups do valuable work in the interest of our security and these hon members must please not spoil that.

†Mr S P BARNARD: They ostensibly do the valuable work but it is our Whites who die on the border! [Interjections.] But that of course is not a sacrifice!

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon member for Langlaage will have to contain himself if he does not want me to order him to leave the House.

†Dr W J SNEYMAN: Mr Chairman, further arising out of the reply of the hon the Deputy Minister, can we therefore take it that military service is a general affair for Whites only while for the other groups it is an own affair? We want a clear reply to this, please.

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! The hon member for Pietersburg must please resume his seat. I put the next question.

Amanzintu...
HANSARD 25/2/86
Dr W J SNEYMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

(1) Whether the South African Police has investigated or is investigating the

bomb explosion that occurred at a shopping centre in Amanzimtoti in December 1985; if so,

- (2) whether any persons attached to the University of Natal have been questioned in this regard; if so, (a) to which faculties are they attached and (b) how many have been questioned;

- (3) whether any persons attached to this university have been arrested in terms of section 29 of the Internal Security Act, No 74 of 1982; if so, (a) to which faculties are they attached and (b) how many persons have been so arrested?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, the police investigation is in progress.
- (2) Yes.
- (a) The Medical Faculty.
- (b) Three persons.
- (3) Yes.
- (a) The Medical Faculty.
- (b) Three persons.

sons by such names were arrested during or about January 1986 in the Kwelela District of East London.

- (a) to (c) Fall away.

HANS. *Magopa* *4. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Education and Development Aid:

- (1) Whether, with reference to the reply of the Minister of Co-operation, Development and Education to Question No 20 on 23 April 1985, the matter concerning the compensation offered to persons moved from Magopa has been finalized; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that it will be finalized; if so, (i) when, (ii) what were the findings and (iii) what were the reasons for the dissatisfaction of these persons with the compensation offered to them;
- (2) whether his Department has taken any steps as a result; if not, why not; if so, what steps?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEVELOPMENT:

- (1) No.
- (a) Compensation has been paid but persons are dissatisfied and have issued summons.
- (b) The matter is *sub judice*.

- (2) Falls away.

Board of Review

*5. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) How many cases were referred in 1985 to the Board of Review in terms of the Internal Security Act, No 74 of 1982;

- (2) whether the Board recommended the withdrawal of any notices; if so, (a) how many and (b) with what result?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) 54.
- (2) No.

- (a) and (b) Fall away.

HANS. *6. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Public Works:

- (1) Whether the State has at any time granted housing concessions to public servants having first homes built; if so, what are the particulars of these concessions;

- (2) whether any public servants have at any time received these concessions in addition to subsidies on housing loans; if so, how many?

The MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS:

- (1) Yes.

The State contributes R100 for each R1 000 that a civil servant pays out of own funds in cash towards the redemption of the purchase price of a first dwelling which was purchased for personal occupation by him. The maximum amount that the State contributes in this manner is R500 per case. Civil servants that have already purchased building sites out of own funds for the erection of a first dwelling for personal occupation also come into consideration for the State contribution on the basis that the amount that has already been paid off on the building site is deemed to be a cash contribution made by the civil servant.

- (2) Yes, 699 for the period 1 January 1985 to 31 December 1985.

Whether any members of Parliament were sent overseas by his Department in 1985; if so, (a) how many, (b) what are their names, (c) which countries did they visit in each case, (d) what was the purpose of each visit and (e) what was the total cost to the State, including the cost of air travel, of these visits?

The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

The Department of Foreign Affairs did not send Members of Parliament abroad because Members of Parliament do not permit themselves to be ordered about [Interjections.] In view of *inter alia*, the disinvestment campaign pursued against South Africa in the USA in general and in the US House of Representatives and the Senate, the Department considered it advisable and in South Africa's interests to invite a limited number of Members of Parliament to visit the USA in order to

enable members to acquaint themselves at first hand with developments in the USA of significance to South Africa.

meet policy makers and opinion formers and

discuss matters concerning our bilateral interests with such persons.

- (a) 19.

- (b) Messrs A K A Abram-Mayer; S P Barnard; G S Bartlett; A Fournie; P A C Hendrickse; J H Heyns; Prof G Marais; Messrs S Pachai; B W B Page; J A Rabie; Dr J N Reddy; Messrs A Stanley; D M Streicher; G P D Terblanche; C Uys; C J van der Merwe; H E J van Rensburg; D W Watterson; L Wessels.

- (c) USA.

- (d) To

enable Members to acquaint themselves at first hand with developments in the USA of significance to South Africa.

HANS. *3. Mr H K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether two persons from the Kwelela District of East London, whose names have been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply, were arrested in or about January 1986; if so, (a) what are their names, (b) for what offence or offences were they arrested and (c) what are their respective ages?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

No. According to police records no per-

HANS. *7. Mr D J N MALCOMESS asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:

- (2) Yes, 699 for the period 1 January 1985 to 31 December 1985.

Members of Parliament sent overseas. enable Members to acquaint themselves at first hand with developments in the USA of significance to South Africa.

Allegations added to indictment

'Serious' charges against Delmas 22

STAK
26/2/86
84A

Staff Reporter

DELMAS — A number of new and "serious" allegations have been added to the already lengthy indictment against the 22 accused in the Delmas treason trial.

The men on trial include leaders of the United Democratic Front and Vaal Civic Association and members of the Azanian People's Organisation.

They pleaded not guilty to 12 charges of treason, terrorism, subversion, murder and furthering the aims of an unlawful organisation, in a trial which has already run for more than a month. Now, the State has extended the indictment, alleging that the 22 men actively contributed to spreading unrest nationwide and introducing averments of two murders, riots and arson.

Another of the new allegations is that Mr Patrick "Terror" Lekota taught people at Tumahole to manufacture and use petrol bombs and that he actively participated in a stoning incident.

Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst yesterday ruled that the amendments to the indictment were granted.

Before this ruling, Mr Arthur Chaskalson SC opposed the amendments, arguing that they called on the accused to reply to "new and serious allegations" which made it a different case to

the one they prepared for over a period of seven months before the hearing started.

He said the amendments would delay and prolong the trial.

The Rev Lord McCamel, a former chairman of the Vaal Civic Association (VCA), was yesterday called by the State to testify about the formation and aims of the VCA.

The Rev McCamel gave evidence about the VCA's campaign against the election of local councillors. He said it became clear how effective the VCA was on election day, when few people voted.

The idea was not that the VCA would take over power, but rather that the councillor system should fail, so the central government would be forced to speak directly to the community about their problems.

Asked by the judge why the VCA did not simply "take over" the community councils by electing their own candidates, the Rev McCamel said: "We did not want that system. The whole system had to be done away with." The community wanted to make its own decision on the type of body which was to represent it at the highest level.

He said the VCA was affiliated to the UDF.

The trial continues.

Mixed-race pupils barred from school

26/2/86. DISPATCH 84

Dispatch Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG — The government has refused to permit two Johannesburg children born out of a mixed marriage to attend a whites-only school in their neighbourhood.

After several appeals to the authorities, the Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Assembly, Mr Piet Clase, finally refused Alexander Roux, 8, and Francois Roux, 7, permission to attend the Malvern Primary School in Belgravia, Johannesburg.

Mr Dave Dalling (PFP

Sandton) said the deprivation of the two children from education on the basis of their race was "shocking" and revealed that the "old inhuman face of the National Party had not changed".

Mr M. A. Roux (white) and his wife Rona (coloured) live in Tucker Street, Belgravia. In terms of the law their marriage in the Catholic Church in 1980 is now valid. The Laërskool Malvern, an Afrikaans-medium school, is prepared to admit the children provided the Transvaal education authorities approve.

The education authorities said the children could be admitted only after they had been classified as "white", a decision Mr Piet Clase has endorsed.

Since the couple have been living together, they have resided in a white group area in the eastern section of Johannesburg. They now live in Belgravia on a permit issued to them in terms of the Group Areas Act.

In explaining the plight of the family to the minister, Mr Dalling

said in several letters that the nearest coloured school was 20 kilometres away from where the family lived and it was virtually impossible for the parents to provide transport for their children on a daily basis.

The children have been accepted by their neighbours as playmates, Mr Dalling said.

"Both children are presently at home while their neighbours are at school and their being deprived is causing severe psychological problems in the family," Mr Dalling said.

He told Mr Clase in his last letter: "I wonder if it has ever crossed your mind that the children are being kept at home because of the inhumanity of the personal decision taken in your department. I doubt very much whether this could happen in any other so-called Christian country."

In his refusal, Mr Clase said: "I am fully conversant with the matter and cannot find fault with the decision taken by the provincial authorities."

ARGUS 27/2/86
De Jonge
'won't be
forced from
his refuge

The Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA. — The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, has said the South African authorities will not force Dutch Mr Klaas de Jonge from his Pretoria refuge to face terrorism charges.

Mr de Jonge — who took refuge in the old Dutch embassy premises on July 19 last year — is to be charged with terrorism under the Internal Security Act. His former wife, Helena Passtoors, will face a charge of treason, alternatively terrorism, under the same Act.

Mr Botha said it was up to Mr de Jonge or the Dutch Government to make the next move: "We will not act unilaterally".

He said South Africa would stick strictly to international law and would not enter the embassy premises to seize the suspected ANC gunrunner.

However, the Dutch Government was obliged by international law to hand him over for trial and it was hoped that this would be done.

Mr Botha said he had made this standpoint clear when he held talks in Geneva with Dutch Foreign Minister, Mr Hans van den Broek, recently.

CAPL T11 27/2/86

ANC suspect

shot dead

PRETORIA. — A suspected member of the African National Congress was shot dead by police in Soweto early yesterday morning.

A police spokesman said that police "acting on information" went to a house in Soweto where they found a man on a couch.

The man stood up holding a cushion behind which he held a hand-grenade.

A policeman noticed the grenade and opened fire. The man fell on the grenade which exploded.

No police were hurt. Six men and three women were arrested. — Sapa

'Toti bomb: Zondo indicted

CAK (Tint) 24/2/86
Own Correspondent *SAU*

DURBAN. — The man accused of killing five people in the Amanzimtoti bomb blast at the Sanlam Shopping Centre on December 23 last year was indicted yesterday on five counts of murder and one of attempted murder.

Mr Andrew Sibusiso Zondo, 19, was served with his notice for trial to appear in the Supreme Court, Durban, on March 17.

Mr Zondo will be held in custody.

De Jonge to be charged

CME info
27/2/86

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801-

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Dutch national Mr Klaas de Jonge and his Belgian former wife, Miss Helene Passtoors, are to be charged in the Rand Supreme Court, the office of the Attorney-General of the Witwatersrand said yesterday.

But Mr De Jonge is not expected to leave his hideout in the former Netherlands embassy in Pretoria tomorrow to face the terrorism

charge, diplomatic and legal sources said yesterday.

Mrs Passtoors will be charged with treason, alternatively terrorism, and a second count of terrorism, while Mr De Jonge will face only a terrorism charge.

The Attorney-General of the Witwatersrand, Mr Klaus von Lieres, said yesterday all charges are in terms of Section 54 (1) of the Internal Security Act.

He said he had no comment "whatsoever to make on possible speculation whether Mr De Jonge will be available to stand his trial or not".

It was unclear whether Mrs Passtoors was still being held in a psychiatric hospital where she was transferred last month after developing severe depression in the John Vorster Square police cells.

She has been in detention since June last year.

The lawyer for both Mr De Jonge and Mrs Passtoors, Ms Kathleen Satchwell, said yesterday she knew of no change in the Dutch Government's position not to hand over Mr De Jonge.

Ms Satchwell recently returned from Europe where she held talks with Dutch and Belgian officials and legal advisers.

Mr De Jonge became the focus of a diplomatic row between Pretoria and The Hague in July last year after police pulled him out of the then Dutch embassy into which he had escaped from police custody.

He allegedly tricked the policemen into taking him to the embassy while he was pointing out certain places during investigations.

He was returned to the embassy on July 19 after the Netherlands protested, threatening to break ties with South Africa.

Mr De Jonge has been on the premises ever since — even though the embassy later moved to new premises.

'Toti trial moved to Scottburgh

OWN Correspondent

84A

27/2/86

DURBAN — The trial of the man charged with murdering the five people who died in the Amanzimtoti bomb blast was transferred to Scottburgh by a Durban judge today after an application by the State.

Mr Justice Didcott ordered that Mr Andrew Sibusiso Zondo (19) appear in the Supreme Court sitting in Scottburgh on March 17.

The reasons given by the State for wanting the trial transferred were that it would be in the interests of the security of Mr Zondo and members of the public, but the most important consideration was that there would be a free court available in Scottburgh on that date.

A composed Mr Zondo stood quietly in the dock while the judge explained to him that if his family did not wish to engage counsel, or if he did not intend defending himself, he was fully entitled to free legal representation.

Mr Justice Didcott assured Mr Zondo that counsel appointed for him would be independent and in no way connected to the police or Attorney-General's staff.

"Because this is a serious case, two advocates have indicated they are willing to act for you. The Bar Council has asked a very senior and experienced advocate, assisted by a junior, to act for you and they have said they will do so."

The judge assured Mr Zondo that he could trust both advocates to act in his interests.

Mr Zondo told the judge he understood fully what had been explained to him but that he first wished to speak to his family and find out from them if they would be able to employ the services of counsel. He said if they could not do so, he would have the counsel offered to him.

Mr Zondo has also been charged with the attempted murder of members of the public who were in the Sanlam shopping centre when the limpet mine exploded on December 23 last year.

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SA waiting for De Jonge to make move

Pretoria Bureau

The Minister of Foreign Affairs Mr Pik Botha, has said the South African authorities will not force Dutch fugitive Mr Klaas de Jonge from his Pretoria hide-out to face terrorism charges.

Mr de Jonge, who took refuge in the old Dutch embassy premises on July 19, is to be charged with terrorism under the Internal Security Act. His former wife, Helena Passtoors, will face a charge of treason, alternatively terrorism, under the same Act.

Mr Botha said it was up to Mr de Jonge or the Dutch Government to make the next move. "We will not act unilaterally".

He said South Africa would stick strictly to international law and would not enter the embassy premises to seize the suspected ANC gunrunner.

However, the Dutch Government was obliged by international law to hand him over for trial and it was hoped this would be done.

Mr Botha said he had made this clear when he held talks recently in Geneva with Dutch Foreign Minister, Mr Hans van den Broek.

The diplomatic dispute has dragged on for more than seven months since the South African Government handed Mr de Jonge back to the Dutch.

He was returned to the embassy in July after local police broke the diplomatic immunity of the premises while trying to prevent his escape.

Repeated rounds of talks at top level between the two governments have failed to bring about a solution and relations between the two countries have been strained almost to breaking point over the affair.

BUSSON 27/1/86
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De Jonge is not likely to appear

DUTCH fugitive Klaas de Jonge is not expected to leave his Netherlands embassy sanctuary in Pretoria tomorrow to face a terrorism charge jointly with his Belgian former wife, Helene Passtoors. If De Jonge fails to appear in the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court, the single charge of terrorism pending against him could be held over while Passtoors' trial proceeds to the Rand Supreme Court on April 14, legal sources said. Passtoors will be charged with treason, alternatively terrorism, and a second count of terrorism, while De Jonge will face only a terrorism charge.

Trial of De Jonge unlikely in his absence

By Sue Leeman, Pretoria Bureau

It does not appear likely that wanted Hollander Mr Klaas de Jonge will be tried in his absence should he fail to turn up in court to face a charge of terrorism.

It is still unclear whether he will leave his Dutch embassy hideout to face a charge under the Internal Security Act.

Mr de Jonge's former wife, Miss Helena Passtoors, is due to appear in the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court today on charges of treason and terrorism.

It was not clear exactly when Mr de Jonge was meant to make his first appearance, although the cases are known to be linked.

The Dutch Government is understood to be opposed to allowing Mr de Jonge to stand trial and it will probably continue to offer him sanctuary in the old embassy premises in Pretoria.

A Dutch suggestion that Mr de Jonge be tried in Holland has been turned down by South Africa.

INTERNATIONAL LAW

However, South African Foreign Affairs Minister Mr Pik Botha has promised this country will not break international law by entering Mr de Jonge's embassy sanctuary to seize him.

The Witwatersrand Attorney-General, Mr Klaus von Lieres, would not comment definitely yesterday on a possible trial "in absentia".

A tenet of criminal law was that an accused person should not be tried in his absence, he said. There were only a few minor exceptions to this rule.

Mr de Jonge's copy of the charges would probably be passed on to him by the Dutch embassy staff, Mr von Lieres said.

Bid to free unionist

The Metal and Allied Workers Union (Mawu) has launched a campaign for the immediate release from detention of the union's Transvaal branch secretary, Mr Moses Mayekiso, who was detained last week under emergency regulations.

A union spokesman said last

Cost of combatting locusts 'staggering'

By Hannes de Wet

KIMBERLEY — The cost of combatting locust plague from Upington to the western Free State is reaching staggering proportions.

Since the beginning of February the locust poison in the Free State and the Northern Cape has been in the region of R100 per day, according to Mr Koos Vermeulen, chief soil protection inspector for the area. Salaries paid to workers used in the combat against the locusts in these areas ran to R110 000 for the month of February.

These figures, Mr Vermeulen said, include the cost of fuel for the aircraft used in the combat.

The locust outbreak stretches from Upington in the West to Pietersburg in the east. He said the battle against the locusts began in October last year.

"But it was only since the beginning of February that we have combated the plague on such a large scale."

Mr Vermeulen said that some swarms were now moving into Botswana. In an effort to stop them poison was provided by South Africa.

Mr Isak Venter, assistant director of the Directorate for Soil Protection, said there were 398 combatting units in the field, of which 23 were provided by the SADF.

Insect plague likely to disappear in six weeks

By Hannes de Wet

KIMBERLEY — The locust plague in the Northern Cape and surrounding regions probably not last longer than another few weeks.

"It will be broken by the cold when it comes," said Mr Isak Venter, assistant director of the Directorate for Soil Protection.

He said locust eggs were dormant in the current conditions and needed heat and rain to become active.

Mr Koos Vermeulen, the chief soil protection officer in the Northern Cape, said about 70 per cent of the locusts were now in the Northern Cape.

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SA sets up 'buffer zone'

HARARE — South Africa, which has just won new security pledges from Botswana, is well on the way to creating an anti-guerrilla buffer zone around its borders, regional political analysts said here yesterday.

They said Pretoria's strategy was to get firm pledges from its neighbours that they would bar black nationalist guerrillas from infiltrating across the frontiers, and to threaten military or economic action if they did not.

From the south Atlantic to the Indian Ocean, only the 200 km border with Zimbabwe now remains outside the string of security pacts and consultative arrangements that Pretoria has assembled around its frontiers. Tiny Lesotho, encircled by South Africa, is also part of the system.

Last month, with a near-effortless flexing of its economic muscle, South Africa closed its borders with Lesotho, bringing its economy to a halt.

The Lesotho armed forces quickly seized power from the civilian government of the Prime Minister, Chief Leabua Jonathan, and began expelling anti-apartheid activists linked to the banned African National Congress.

The frontline between South Africa and its neigh-

bouring black-led states now looks like this:

● Mozambique and Swaziland have peace accords with Pretoria aimed at curbing ANC activities and have in the past two years expelled hundreds of ANC followers.

● Namibia is ruled and policed by South Africa.

● Zimbabwe has threatened to retaliate with its own army if subjected to force from its southern neighbour.

● Botswana is resisting pressure from Pretoria to sign a non-aggression pact with its dominant neighbour, but agreed during security talks this week to use its "best endeavours" to stop ANC fighters crossing the country.

Political analysts said that put Botswana, which has a 1 600 km border with South Africa in almost the same position as Swaziland, Mozambique and Lesotho.

A Zimbabwe University regional political scientist, said: "It is clear now that South Africa's aim is to use its military and economic power to intimidate neighbours into submission and so create a buffer zone free from guerrilla infiltration."

"The fact that Botswana agreed at all to curb ANC activity implies some admission of not having done

so in the past. When one considers recent threats of military action by South Africa against Botswana, this week's talks were a morale boost to Pretoria's increasingly aggressive and militant foreign policy."

Botswana's President Quett Masire said after the talks that the Pretoria side had declared "the presence in Botswana of the ANC in whatever guise constitutes a threat" to South Africa, which reserved the right "to defend the lives of its citizens".

He said: "They (the delegations) undertook to use their best endeavours to prevent the country (Botswana) being so used (by the ANC) and also undertook to report back to the Botswana government."

The talks took place after Pretoria issued repeated warnings to Botswana regarding ANC activities in that country. Botswana says it only gives sanctuary to refugees fleeing South Africa's apartheid policies.

Last June, South African commandos attacked the tiny Botswana capital, Gaborone, killing 12 people. Pretoria said were ANC activists. Botswana said they were civilians.

On January 31, South African President P W Botha warned Zimbabwe and Botswana to form "security councils" with Pretoria to curb ANC activities or face unspecified action. — Sapa-Reuter.

ripped through a shopping centre in Amanzimtoti in December claiming five lives and injuring 60.

There is evidence, furthermore, that the outlawed organisation may have opened a new "military front" in the eastern Cape.

'Establishment' targets

Most of the latest bombings in Natal have been aimed at "establishment" targets such as electrical sub-stations, power pylons and police vehicles. In one incident a senior security police officer was killed by a second, "booby trap" bomb planted at a sub-station.

Now police efforts to contain spreading urban terrorism have been stepped up. Several suspects, including an Indian medical student, have been rounded up. One, Andrew Zondo, a 19-year-old from KwaMashu, appeared in the Durban Magistrate's Court this week on charges connected with the Toti bombing.

Expert opinion is that the choice of Natal

for a sustained bombing campaign could be more than coincidental. There is strong evidence linking it with the deepening ideological rift between the ANC and its rival political movement, Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's Inkatha, whose support base is in KwaZulu-Natal.

A popular view is that the bombings are meant as a warning, a calculated strategy designed to demonstrate that the ANC has the capability of planting bombs in Inkatha's own backyard. It also raises questions about continued ANC infiltration despite security accords between SA and Mozambique, Swaziland and (informally) Lesotho, and about the extent of ANC cadres and arms caches already inside the country.

Whether historical enmity, has much to do with ANC attacks in Natal, or whether policing them is simply more difficult in the populous and rugged Natal region, the ANC has always enjoyed a high profile in the area. Last year there were 28 documented incidents of terrorist activity in the province — double the total for 1984 and triple that of 1983.

"If there is a deliberate motive," says Wits University political scientist, Tom Lodge, "it is the importance of demonstrating that the ANC has an impact and support in Natal."

His views are shared by Wim Booyse, a researcher at the Institute for Strategic Studies in Pretoria. Booyse says the cleavages between Inkatha and the ANC are extremely serious and are being exacerbated by the open enmity between Inkatha and the UDF and the Congress of SA Trade Unions.

A corollary of the Natal bombings, Lodge says, is that it goes a long way towards dispelling the myth that the ANC is divided along ethnic lines, that it draws its support primarily from non-Zulu speaking Xhosas while all Zulus are allied to Inkatha. "This is simply not true," he says. "The ANC enjoys wide support in Natal — among Zulus, Indians and coloureds. There are also Inkatha members who support the aims and objectives of the ANC. The divisions are simply not as great as some people perceive them to be."

According to Lodge, there are cogent historical reasons why the ANC's leadership is largely Xhosa-speaking. In the Fifties and Sixties most of the educated African elite hailed from the eastern Cape. However, Chief Albert Luthuli, a former ANC president, was Zulu.

At any rate, the deep ideological differences between Inkatha and the ANC are a reality and could be manifesting themselves in a show of force. Says Lodge: "Natal could be an area where the ANC feels it has to make the running."

A potentially more disturbing development, Lodge feels, is the recent upsurge in military, as opposed to political, activity by the ANC in the eastern and western Cape. "For the first time, Umkhonto we Sizwe (the ANC's military wing) is showing a presence in the region. There have been shoot-outs between armed terrorists and the police, and

recently a large arms cache was discovered in the township of Mdantsane."

As the ANC seems to have the propensity to "shift the action to where it wants it to be," it could, avers Lodge, signal the opening of a new front.

FIN MAIL 28/2/86
ANC INSURGENCY

Hitting Natal, E Cape

African National Congress (ANC) insurgency in Natal, which has always been high, appears to be escalating. Eight bombs have exploded in Durban alone since a blast

84A

Passtoors (S4A)
treason trial
date set (S4A)

By Inga Molzen

For a few quiet moments before being indicted to appear in the Rand Supreme Court on April 13 on charges of high treason and terrorism, Mrs Helen Passtoors (44) and her legal representative Ms Kathleen Satchwell sat together in the dock yesterday.

Mrs Passtoors' appearance in the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court yesterday followed more than seven months in solitary confinement and a period in hospital this year to receive treatment for depression.

Held under the Internal Security Act as a Section 29 detainee, Mrs Passtoors was initially denied access to her attorney. Recently permission was granted for consultation in the presence of the Security Police.

A decision on a bail application for Mrs Passtoors is expected to be heard on March 13.

Mrs Passtoors was not asked to plead to the charge of high treason, alternatively participation in terrorist activities between 1981 and June 1985.

Mr I J J Luther was on the Bench, Mr A C Human of the Attorney-General's office appeared for the State and Ms Kathleen Satchwell appeared for Mrs Passtoors and Mr de Jonge.



Klaas de Jonge ... learning Zulu.

Day in the bleak life of a fugitive

W/KA Argus 1/3/86
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Weekend Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA. — South Africa's best-known fugitive, Mr Klaas de Jonge, spends his days in his diplomatic bolthole writing, preparing his legal defence ... and learning to speak Zulu.

If the South African authorities had their way, he would have appeared in the dock in Johannesburg this week on a terrorism charge — alongside his former wife, Mrs Helena Pastoors, who is facing similar charges.

But the Dutch Government, which is sheltering him in what used to be their embassy in Pretoria, is having none of it. They have proposed that he be tried on arms smuggling charges in the Netherlands or, alternatively, that he serve whatever sentence a South African court should hand down in Holland.

Both have been rejected. So the seven-month-plus stalemate continues. And Mr de Jonge sits it out in a single room on the second floor of the Nedbank Building while a political settlement is sought.

Escape from custody

The Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, has reiterated the Government's promise not to jeopardise these efforts by storming the buildings.

The South African authorities made amends for violating Dutch diplomatic immunity last July 19 by returning Mr de Jonge to the embassy after police had seized him when he made a successful, albeit brief, escape from their custody 10 days earlier.

Plain-clothed members of the police special task force — men equally at home with aqua-lungs on their backs, dangling from parachutes or absalling down skyscrapers — patrol the corridors of the building and its foyer.

Movements of all people in and out — including the Dutch Embassy's political and economic staff who keep Mr de Jonge company by day — are reported by radio to a command post.

Wire is strung around the windows of Mr de Jonge's "suite". Steel grilles have been welded over the air-conditioning ducts into the building.

Hunched over desk

The only way out for Mr de Jonge is the fire escape and the barred main entrance to the Dutch office — both of which are guarded day and night by policemen.

Mr de Jonge spends most of his daytime hours behind a typewriter. Other occupants of the building can see him hunched over a desk.

For the rest, he exercises, reads, watches television and works on a correspondence course in Zulu.

At night, he is guarded by two Dutch military policemen. The policemen are rotated from Holland every six or seven weeks. They are there to relieve the Dutch Embassy staff from having to spend the night at the former mission.

'Noti' bomber to see his parents

CP Correspondent
A SUPREME Court judge yesterday ruled that the KwaMashu teenager who this week admitted planting the limpet mine in Amazimtoti's Sanlam Centre be allowed to consult his parents and family.
He said Andrew Sibusiso Zondo, 19 - who

had not seen his parents since his arrest four days after the blast on December 23 - should speak to his parents to discuss how he will be represented.
Zondo told a Durban magistrate during a preliminary hearing earlier this week that he did not want to be represented by anyone.

However, at his first Supreme Court appearance yesterday, he agreed that he would accept the counsel appointed for him if his parents could not afford to pay for a lawyer.
The judge told Zondo it would be "dangerous" to defend himself because he faces serious charges.
"You are a very young

man and I assume you have no legal experience. "It is difficult for someone without experience to conduct his own case. And the more serious the case, the more dangerous it is for you to do it on your own," he said.
Zondo will be tried in the Scottborough Supreme Court on March

17. The prosecutor said the South Coast venue was preferable "because of security arrangements for the accused and the general public", and because the case would be heard far sooner than if they had to wait for a vacancy in Durban.
Zondo said he wanted

to call Theminkosi Mfokeng of Lamontville - who according to him is in jail - as his witness.
The State also added a sixth charge - that of attempted murder - to the five counts of murder on which Zondo already appearing.

See Page 10

OUR SUMMER

Court waits for

De Jonge

City Press

84A

2/3/86

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DUTCH national Klaas de Jonge and his former wife, Helenie Passtoors, are to be prosecuted in the Rand Supreme Court, the Witwatersrand Attorney-General announced this week.

Passtoors is to be charged with treason, alternatively terrorism in contravention of Section 54 (1) of the Internal Security Act of 1982, and a second count of "terrorism" under the same section of the act.

De Jonge is to be charged with one count of terrorism under the same section of the act.

Passtoors is due to appear in the Johannesburg Magistrate's Court today.

The other trial will start on April 14 in the Rand

Supreme Court.

"The date was arranged in consultation with the defence," the AG said.

The AG had "no comment whatsoever to make on possible speculation whether De Jonge will be available to stand his trial or not".

De Jonge has been holed-up in the former Dutch Embassy in Pretoria since last July after becoming the subject of an international row.

He was arrested earlier last year - but escaped in July by tricking cops into taking him to the embassy

while he was pointing out certain places during investigations.

At the embassy he broke free and dashed inside.

Cops hauled him out of the embassy - but returned him after Holland protested, threatening to break ties with SA.

De Jonge has lived on the premises ever since - even though the embassy moved to new premises in Pretoria late last year. Dutch officials maintain embassy protection by staying with him in the old embassy offices. - Sapa.

Teenage 'bomber' charged

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2/3/86

By SIBUSISO MNGADI

A teenage guerilla accused of planting the Amanzimtoti limpet mine which killed five people in December, stunned the Durban Regional Court this week when he told the magistrate he would conduct his own defence because "a lawyer will just waste time".

Andrew Zondo, 19, of KwaMashu, is alleged to have murdered Willem Arrie van Wyk, Corneo Smit, Anna Shearer, Irma Bencino, and Sharon Bothma, who all died after an explosion at Durban's Sanlam Centre on December 23.

He has pleaded not guilty to five charges of murder, and says he'll conduct his own defence.

● Two Durban security branch cops appeared in the Durban Regional Court this week charged with assaulting Natal UDF vice chairman Billy Nair.

Police open fire on ANC terrorists in Guguletu after ambush tip-off

7 die in city shootout

ARGUS
3/13/86
S4A

By STEPHEN WROTTESEY, Crime Reporter
POLICE today shot dead seven terrorists in Guguletu who were planning to ambush a police vehicle.

A police spokesman said the seven were members of the African National Congress and that the shootout came after police received information that the organisation planned to attack a police vehicle in Cape Town. "Preventive measures were taken".

It is understood that a task force waited for hours near the scene of the expected ambush.

A hand-grenade was thrown and one policeman was slightly injured in the shootout. A second has a slight burn caused by shrapnel.

Police have taken possession of a loaded AK47 automatic rifle, handguns — one of them of Russian origin — and grenades.

A spokesman for the police Directorate of public relations in Pretoria said that after police stopped a vehicle at 7.20am there was a skirmish between police and the ANC members, during which a grenade was thrown and shots were fired.

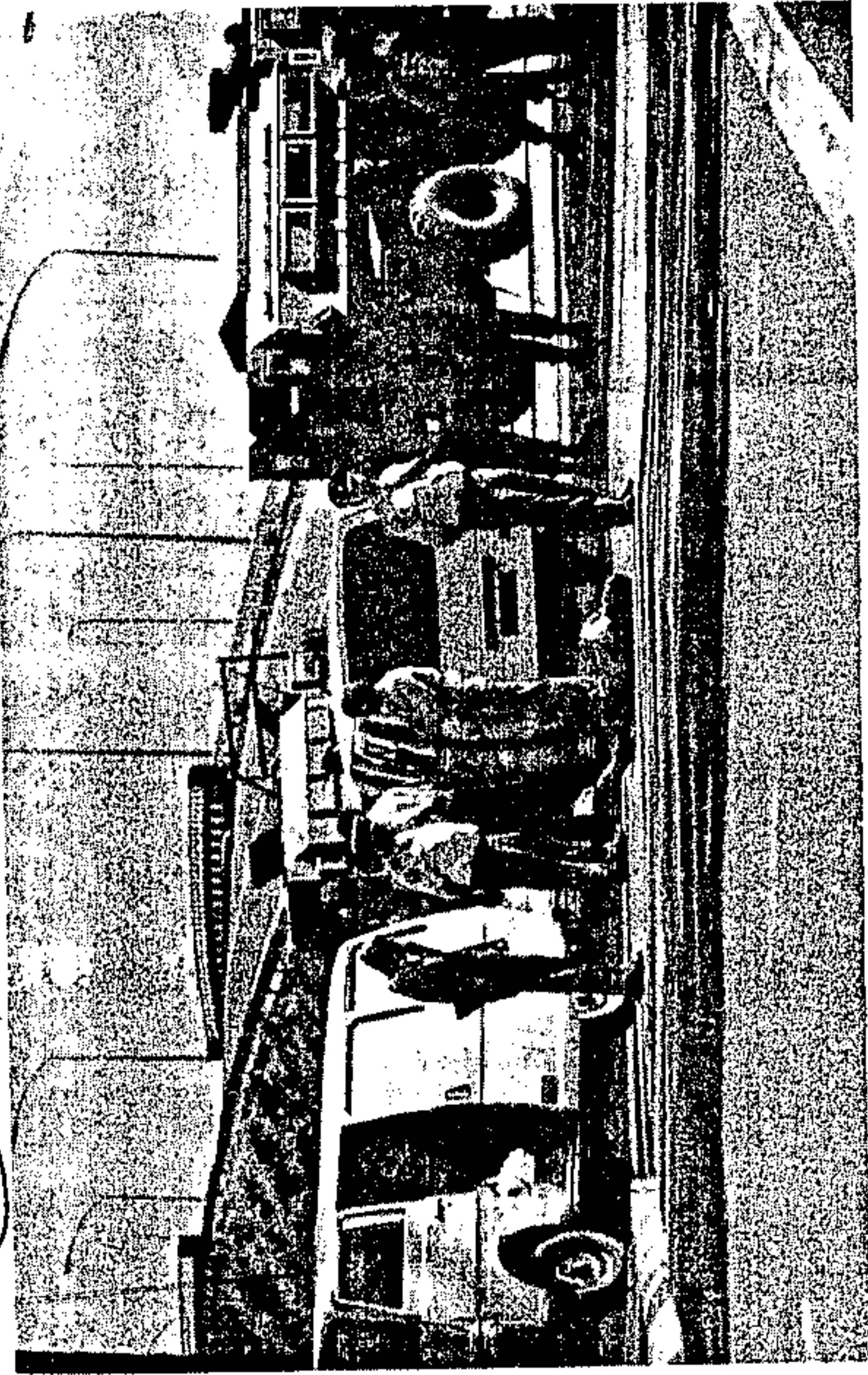
He confirmed that seven people were shot dead.

It is understood that police, tipped off, planned the operation from Friday and were ready for the expected ambush near the intersection of NY1 and NY11 in Guguletu about 3am today.

Stolen van

Shortly after 7am a panel van carrying policemen to Guguletu police station for normal duties drove past the Murray and Roberts hotel at the intersection.

This was the vehicle police expected terrorists to attack, but it is understood they arrived late and the police panel van had passed the scene when seven armed men were dropped off from a stolen panel van.



A suspected terrorist lies dead next to the vehicle, left, used in the failed attack on a police panel van, centre. Members of the task force, traffic officers and investigators work on establishing the identity of the seven men killed in the shootout. The faces and registration have been obscured on police instructions. In terms of emergency regulations The Argus was obliged to submit the photograph for police clearance.



Weapons recovered by police during this morning's shootout.

Police moved in to arrest them and a hand-grenade was thrown at a car carrying Captain Johan Kleyn of the Murder and Robbery Squad.

A shootout followed and seven men were shot dead. A policeman narrowly escaped death when bullets fired at him hit his weapon, causing shrapnel to fly off, hitting him in the face.

Died in bush

Four men died near the scene of the initial shootout and the others are understood to have died in nearby bushes.

Cape Town's top policemen went to the scene. Among them were the divisional commissioner of police, Brigadier Chris Swart, divisional inspector Brigadier M van Staden, director of criminal investigations chief Brigadier Ronnie van der Westhuizen and his deputy, Colonel Nick Ackler.

Detectives from the Murder and Robbery Squad attempted to identify the dead as more than seven armoured personnel-carriers seated off the scene.

A roadblock was set up at the NY1 entrance to Guguletu and no vehicles were allowed to pass.

At the scene the four bodies lay where they had fallen. One was next to the vehicles involved in the shootout and another lay across the road. A third was down a side street and a fourth was lying behind the vehicles.

BLOODY

4/3/86. SOWETAN (84A) (251) (275)

BATTLE

SEVEN suspected guerillas were shot dead by police in Gugulethu, Cape Town, yesterday morning.

The seven had apparently failed in their attempt to ambush a police van.

The public relations division of the SAP yesterday issued a statement by the Commissioner of Police, General Johann Coetzee, which said: "After the police had received information that the African National Congress were planning an attack on a police vehicle in Cape Town, certain precautionary measures were taken.

"At 7.20am yesterday, near the Gugulethu Station; after the police

**SOWETAN
Correspondent
and SAPA**

had stopped a vehicle with black occupants, a skirmish between the police and ANC insurgents ensued, during which a hand grenade was hurled at the police and they were fired on. In the clash seven insurgents were killed and one policeman was slightly wounded. The police seized several AK47 rifles, a number of rounds of ammunition and several pistols

Police kill 7 in Cape shootout

and hand grenades."

See picture Page 2.

A roadblock was set up at the NY1 entrance to Gugulethu and no vehicles were allowed to pass.

Police vehicles were also stationed on Settlers Way.

At the scene, four bodies lay where they had fallen. One was next to the vehicles involved in the shootout and another lay across the



GENERAL COETZEE.

road. A third was down a side street and a fourth was lying behind the vehicles.

A crowd gathered outside the police cordon and armed policemen stood guard.

the hon the Minister's reply, I should like to ask him whether he is going to take legal action against the people who perpetrated the sale of this particular product.

The MINISTER: Mr Speaker, that is not possible because it is not the responsibility of my department to issue that specific permit.

Maj R SIVE: Mr Speaker, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, does it not fall within the ambit of the Dairy Industries Control Board?

†The MINISTER: Mr Speaker, the hon member himself is not sure about the position. These are not primary products involved here, but processed products. That means that my Department does not necessarily have to issue a permit therefor.

Mr R W HARDINGHAM: Mr Speaker, further arising from the hon the Minister's reply, I should like to ask him whether his department intends taking any action to ensure that the sale of these products does not take place in the future. Is he going to take any action in regard to this particular matter?

†The MINISTER: Mr Speaker, should it fall under the jurisdiction of my Department and should it involve a threat to existing agricultural products in South Africa, then we can obviously take steps under the various schemes and we shall also do so in this case.

HANS: Q. COL. 287
4/3/86
Klaas de Jonge
*20. Mr P LIE ROUX asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

- (1) With reference to his reply to Question No 9 on 11 February 1986, what, as at the latest specified date for which figures are available, were the travelling and subsistence expenses of officials who negotiated with representatives of the Dutch Government in connection with the Klaas de Jonge case;
- (2) whether any progress had been made in connection with this matter since

his reply to the above-mentioned question; if so, what progress?

†The DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) R14 903.

(2) The Netherlands Government has been informed that a charge sheet will be furnished to Mr de Jonge through the normal diplomatic channels which has been done in the meantime.

HANS: Q. COL. 288
4/3/86
KwaDengezi, Pinetown
*21. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any incident involving members of the public and members of the South African Police took place at KwaDengezi, Pinetown, on or about 9 February 1986; if so, what (a) was the nature of and (b) were the circumstances surrounding the incident;

(2) whether any persons were killed or injured in the incident; if so, (a) how many in each case and (b) what are their names;

(3) whether an investigation has been instituted into the incident; if not, why not; if so, (a) who is in charge of the investigation and (b) when is it anticipated that a report will be submitted?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) and (b) Allegedly a police patrol on 9 February 1986 fired at six (6) Black youths, who threw stones at them.

(2) Yes.

(a) Killed 1
Injured 1

(b) Mbongeni Mgedezi
Delani Sithole

(3) Yes.

(a) A commissioned police officer.

(b) As soon as the investigation is completed the matter will be referred to the Attorney-General for a decision.

(2) Yes.

(a) Killed 1
Injured 1

(b) Zaba Basic Mazibuko
Livingstone Dladla

(3) Yes.

(a) A member of the Criminal Investigation branch of the South African Police.

(b) As soon as the investigation is completed, the matter will be referred to the Attorney-General for a decision.

HANS: Q. COL. 289
4/3/86
Chesterville, Westville
*22. Mr R M BURROWS asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether any incident involving members of the public and members of the South African Police took place at Chesterville, Westville, on or about 16 February 1986; if so, what (a) was the nature of and (b) were the circumstances surrounding the incident;

(2) whether any persons were killed or injured in the incident; if so, (a) how many in each case and (b) what are their names;

(3) whether an investigation has been instituted into the incident; if not, why not; if so, (a) who is in charge of the investigation and (b) when is it anticipated that a report will be submitted?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) and (b) During the night of 16 to 17 February 1986, petrol bombs were thrown at two private houses and a private vehicle in Chesterville. At about 03h20 on 17 February 1986, a police patrol came across about 20 Blacks where they were busy making petrol bombs. They ignored a police command to stand still, hurled a knife at the police and ran away. The patrol then fired at the fugitives with shotguns.

HANS: Q. COL. 290
4/3/86
Lebowa: Commissioner-General
*23. Mr P G SOAL asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

(1) Whether any steps were taken in respect of the Commissioner-General of Lebowa recently; if so, (a) what steps, (b) when, (c) on whose instruction and (d) why;

(2) Whether he or his Department has received any representations requesting that such steps be taken; if so, (a) when, (b) from whom and (c) what was the response thereto;

(3) whether any action is to be taken in connection with these representations; if not, why not; if so, (a) what action and (b) when?

The DEPUTY MINISTER OF DEVELOPMENT:

(1) Yes.

(a) It was decided that there will be no contact between the Lebowa Government and the Commissioner-General. This decision will be reviewed on request of the Lebowa Legislative Assembly.

(b) 14 February 1986.

84A

2 Cape Times, Tuesday, March 4, 1986

ANC man 'didn't kill police'

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Relatives of the trained African National Congress insurgent who blew himself up with a hand-grenade last week have alleged he killed two policemen first.

Relatives and witnesses yesterday claimed that Mr Cornelius Oupa Tau, 32, blew up two policemen at a house in Zola before killing himself.

But a police spokesman in Pretoria yesterday denied this, saying: "The man was blown to pieces but none of the members of the police force was killed or injured."

An earlier police report said that when the man was cornered by the police he was lying on a couch.

"He then jumped up and held a cushion to his chest, concealing the hand-grenade. He fell on to the hand-grenade and was blown up," it said.

He will be buried at the Doornkop Cemetery on Saturday at 1pm.

Government in control of unrest, PW tells US editor

The State President, Mr P W Botha, says South Africa's intelligence penetration on ANC acts and strategies is very good. NEIL LURSEN of The Argus Foreign Service reports from Washington

SOUTH African intelligence on African National Congress acts and strategies was "excellent", President P W Botha said in an interview published here.

"Our intelligence penetration is very good on this front," he said, stating repeatedly that authorities were well in control of unrest in the country.

This emerged in an interview in Cape Town on February 2 with the editor of the Washington Times, Mr Arnaud de Borchgrave, published in the newspaper today.

Asked about the ANC's links with the South African Communist Party, Mr Botha said the Soviets were careful to operate in Southern Africa through proxies of proxies: "The SACP itself sits in London where broad policy guidelines are decided. The specifics are worked out in Africa.

"Training is conducted in Angola and Tanzania. The key co-ordinating centre is Zambia. But they are

not as well organised as they would like us to believe. Our intelligence penetration is very good on this front."

Mr Botha said authorities had excellent intelligence on what the ANC was planning to do. Because they knew how the movement shifted tactics and where and how they were going to operate, they could deal with it and frequently pre-empt it.

"You only read about the ANC's successes and seldom anything about how we located an arms cache and captured the weapons or disrupted one of their operations," Mr Botha said.

On the violence in Alexandra, Mr Botha said new tactics were being employed — "but nothing we can't cope with".

'Sympathy'

He said: "I have sympathy for many of these youths who get involved in the violence because those who conduct the training convince them that this is the only way of bettering their lot.

"Most of them are not communists. The master manipulators are the ones leading the others astray."

Mr Botha said authorities had "some very serious problems" in some magisterial districts: "Conditions in these areas are propitious for instigations — unemployment, lack of proper facilities, which we are trying to rectify."

But, he said, authorities were in control in all areas.



President
P W Botha

AK605 4/3/86
**Shootout: Hunt
for hidden guns**

Crime Reporter

POLICE believe weapons used by the suspected urban guerrillas shot dead in a gunbattle in Guguletu came from a larger cache still hidden in the Western Cape.

Follow-up investigations into the shootout, which left seven armed men dead, are continuing, but it is unlikely further details will be released soon.

However, detectives believe the investigation may lead to the recovery of more arms and ammunition.

Weapons recovered include hand-grenades, an AK47 automatic rifle, a Russian-made pistol and other handguns.

The seven men were killed in a gunbattle with police at the corner of NY1 and NY111 about 7.20am yesterday.

By CHRIS BATEMAN
WITNESSES to the tail-end of yesterday's shoot-out claimed that at least one suspected guerrilla was shot and killed by police after attempting to give himself up.

The witnesses, all of whom willingly gave their names to the Cape Times, are residents at a dairy company boarding hostel which overlooks the street where the gun-fight took place.

One witness said he was downstairs when he suddenly heard "explosions and gunfire". He had run to a window to see a man lying on the ground.

They then fired three shots into him with a rifle, he claimed. The witness said a number of the suspects ran into the bush, firing back at the police with handguns. Police followed the suspects over a little rise and returned later carrying a plastic bag and a briefcase.

"For the next five minutes or so there was sporadic firing which died away to single shots. About five to 10 minutes later police vehicles closed off the entrance to Guguletu.

7 die in battle with police

By CHRIS BATEMAN



An aerial view of the shootout scene. The initial confrontation took place near the intersection of the two roads. This picture was supplied by the South African Police.

SEVEN suspected urban guerrillas were shot dead in a gunbattle with police in Guguletu early yesterday, seconds after being confronted by Peninsula Murder and Robbery Unit detectives on NY1.

Two policemen were slightly wounded, one after a hand-grenade was hurled at a police vehicle and another by flying glass.

In what appeared to be a carefully planned police operation, the detectives confronted the suspects about 7.20am soon after they alighted from a stolen mini-bus.

The suspects then fled in all directions and began firing with small arms and AK-47 assault rifles.

The grenade thrower is believed to have been the first to die from a policeman's bullet.

Immediately after the grenade explosion, police specialist force back-up vehicles drove up and a pitched gunbattle erupted, lasting about five minutes, according to one source.

Sources said the stolen mini-bus drove back towards the group of suspects after the explosion in an apparent attempt to pick them up.

However, police fire brought it to a standstill. General Johan Coetzee, the Commissioner of Police, said yesterday that the ANC had planned an attack on a police vehicle in Cape Town and that "certain

lives about 1km from the bridge at the entrance to Guguletu said he heard "a very heavy explosion" about 7.30am.

The man, who did not want to be identified, said he heard automatic-weapon fire about half a second before the explosion. "When a considerable amount of automatic rifle fire for 30 to 40 seconds"



Police inspect some of the weapons and ammunition recovered after the shootout in Guguletu yesterday. Permission had to be obtained from the police for this picture to be published.

Jeers as police wash away blood

By MALCOLM FRIED
MORE THAN 250 hostile Guguletu residents yesterday watched police using buckets of water to wash away the blood on the NY1 road in Guguletu.

The crowd began gathering about 7am, soon after seven men had been killed in a gunbat-

le with security forces. It was obvious that their sympathies were with the dead men.

As two Casspirs and three police vans crowded around the minibus in which the seven had been travelling, onlookers pressed against a cordon 40 metres up the road.

The people jeered whenever a car approached the rope barrier. "Go through, go," they shouted, mocking the policemen guarding the cordon as they turned the vehicles away.

A woman in the crowd, holding a baby and pointing to an army helicopter circling overhead, said: "They take us and put us in jail. They shoot us. What must I feel about them now?"

Another, hysterically clutching at reporters and photographers, said: "You must tell everybody what is happening here. We want all the people to know the truth."

About 10 policemen, carrying shotguns and RI rifles, stood silently by the barrier as TV crews filmed the scene, and listened to a bystander loudly saying: "Let them try it again. I do not think we will easily let them."

A policeman waved from the passenger seat of a Casspir as he drove past.

CME 7-15 4/3/88

84A 822

Picture: Nor Martin

'Anti-guerilla buffer zone' for SA

JARARE. — South Africa, which has just won new security pledges from Botswana, is well on the way to creating an anti-guerilla buffer zone around its borders, according to political analysts here.

Pretoria's strategy is to seek firm pledges from its neighbours that they will bar black nationalist guerillas from infiltrating across the frontiers, and to threaten military or economic action if they do not.

From the South Atlantic to the Indian Ocean,

only the 200km border with Zimbabwe now remains outside the string of security pacts and consultative arrangements that Pretoria has assembled around its frontiers. Tiny Lesotho, encircled by South Africa, is also part of the system.

Last month, with a near-effortless flexing of its economic muscle, South Africa closed its borders with Lesotho, bringing its economy virtually to a halt.

The armed forces quickly seized power from the civilian govern-

ment of the Prime Minister, Chief Leabua Jonathan, and began expelling anti-apartheid activists linked to the ANC.

The frontline between South Africa and its neighbouring black-led states now looks like this:

- Mozambique and Swaziland have peace accords with Pretoria aimed at curbing ANC activities and have in the past two years expelled hundreds of ANC followers.

- SWA/Namibia is

ruled and policed by South Africa.

- Zimbabwe has threatened to retaliate with its own army if subjected to force from its southern neighbour.

- Botswana is resisting pressure from Pretoria to sign a non-aggression pact, but agreed during security talks last week to use its "best endeavours" to stop ANC fighters transiting the country.

Political analysts said this put Botswana in almost the same position as Swaziland, Mozambi-

que and Lesotho.

A University of Zimbabwe regional political scientist, who asked not to be named, said: "It is clear now that South Africa's aim is to use its military and economic power to intimidate neighbours into submission and so create a buffer zone free from guerilla infiltration."

"The fact that Botswana agreed at all to curb ANC activity implies some admission of not having done so in the past." — Sapa-Reuter

Seven terrorists killed in township gunbattle

Mercury 4/2/82.
Mercury Correspondent

CAPE TOWN—A planned terrorist ambush of a police vehicle ended in a gang of seven being wiped out in a fierce gunbattle in Guguletu yesterday.

Two policemen were slightly wounded, one by a hand-grenade hurled at a police vehicle and another by flying glass.

In a carefully planned police operation, two detectives confronted the suspects soon after they had left a stolen mini-bus.

Challenged by one detective who approached the group on foot with his gun drawn, one suspect suddenly threw a grenade which bounced off the front passenger door of a police car before exploding.

The suspects then fled in all directions, firing from small arms and AK-47 assault rifles as they ran.

The grenade attacker is thought to have been the first to die in the battle.

Immediately after the grenade explosion, police special task force back-up vehicles appeared.

Sources said the stolen

mini-bus had been driven back towards the group of suspects in an apparent attempt to pick them up, but withering police fire had brought it to a standstill.

Gen Johan Coetzee, Police Commissioner, said the ANC had planned an attack on a police vehicle and 'certain precautionary measures' had been taken.

Fled

According to one source, the detectives who initiated the contact had been 'incredibly lucky' to escape with their lives because the grenade had given them only 4,5 seconds to get clear.

One of the terrorists had opened fire on the detectives from behind a tree, but one of the back-up force members had shot and killed him.

AK-47 bullets hit the rifle muzzle and magazine of ar-

other policeman in the back-up unit as he sat in his vehicle. Shards of glass hit him in the eye.

Witnesses said some of the terrorists fled across an open field towards thick bush, firing over their shoulders at policemen.

At least one collapsed in bushes, fatally wounded, they said.

Police followed the fugitives over a small hill and returned several minutes later carrying a plastic bag and a briefcase, the witnesses said.

Weapons confiscated by police are believed to include three AK-47s, two hand-grenades, two Webley pistols (.38 and .45) and a Tokarov pistol.

The pin which police said had come from the exploded grenade was seen to be of South African manufacture.

ARGUS 4/3/86

Natal blasts: Woman 'saw terror squad'

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — A riding school owner believes she saw the terror squad which last night blasted a major sub-station — blacking out farming areas between Durban and Maritzburg.

The bombers, who got through or over an electrified fence to bomb the main transformer, left a second booby-trap bomb which exploded this morning while police were searching the sub-station.

No one was injured.

Mrs Sybil Plummer said she was watching television at 9.30pm when she noticed a white car without lights driving along the dirt road past her Wynscott Stables farm.

"I live in a cul-de-sac near the sub-station. I thought someone had missed their way. It was very misty.

HEARD CAR

"After Dynasty ended I heard the car roaring back at high speed, still with the lights off. I didn't think any more about it and went to bed.

"About 20 minutes later there was a tremendous explosion. The whole sky lit up and the power went off."

A police statement said both explosives were limpet mines. The second was apparently a booby-trap which was planted on the outer fence.

Battle highlights guerilla activity

CAPE TOWN 4/3/86 (SAP)

THE shooting dead of seven alleged ANC urban guerillas in Guguletu yesterday morning has riveted attention on the dramatic development of guerilla activity in the country.

Police say they found AK-47 assault rifles, handgrenades and other weapons on the alleged guerillas.

The killings came two weeks after a blast ripped off the rear wheel of a police Casspir near Pretoria's Mamelodi township. The policemen in the vehicle were not injured in the blast, which occurred on a gravel road about 5km from a white suburb. The use by guerillas of handgren-

ades, landmines and assault weapons such as AK-47s and RPGs has increased dramatically in recent years, while the use of pure explosives has declined.

This development corresponds with a startling surge in guerilla activity in SA. Last year, 136 incidents were recorded, which amounts to 34 percent of incidents noted in the past 10 years. According to Mr Wim Booysse of Pretoria's Institute of Strategic Studies (ISS), 19 incidents were recorded last month, "far more than in the corresponding periods in previous years". Mr Booysse said an increase in ANC

military activity could be expected with that organization's higher political profile. "Political and military dimensions have to be seen together."

ISS director Professor Mike Hough said recently that there was evidence that several acts of terror — such as December's limpet mine attack on a minibus in Durban and the Amanzimtoti bomb blast — could have been carried out without ANC authorization.

At the time of the Amanzimtoti blast, an ANC spokesman said his organization could not claim responsibility because "we don't always know

what some of the people there are going to do."

Guerilla activity in the Transvaal supported the theory that Botswana had become a primary infiltration route for ANC insurgents from training bases in Angola and transit camps in Zambia.

Professor Hough said the high incidence of terror attacks in Natal indicated that the ANC had either reactivated the Mozambique/Swaziland infiltration route, or ANC personnel had fled from Lesotho into the province. — Own Correspondent and Staff Reporter

PFP interviews a witness to killing

CAPE TIMES 5/3/86
By CHRIS BATEMAN

A MEMBER of the Progressive Federal Party unrest monitoring committee, Mr Tian van der Merwe, yesterday interviewed one of three witnesses at the scene where police shot dead seven suspected guerillas in Guguletu on Monday morning.

And Captain Jan Calitz, a police liaison officer for the Western Cape, last night confirmed that the Cape Times would be subpoenaed to supply the names of the witnesses. Two of the witnesses, who claim to have seen police shoot and kill one guerilla after he had attempted to give himself up and to have seen police "finish off" another suspect lying on the ground, were again contacted yesterday. They reiterated their claims and again asked that their names be kept confidential.

The third witness could not be traced yesterday. Captain Calitz said that the reasons furnished by the reporter to the police for withholding the names were "unacceptable to us".

Mr Van der Merwe, the MP for Green Point, spent several hours at the scene of the shootout yesterday, asking questions of both the reporter and the witness.

Police yesterday declined to release the names of the men killed in the shootout.

Three AK-47 rifles, two revolvers and a Russian-made pistol were recovered by police.

CAPE TIMES 5/3/86

84A

Mothers of 'guerillas' speak

By TONY WEAVER
and ANDRÉ KOOPMAN

FAMILIES of two of the seven men shot dead by police in Guguletu early on Monday insist their sons were "not interested in politics" and were on their way to look for work when killed.

Police have said that all seven were guerillas of the African National Congress (ANC).

The first that Mrs Tsepiso Eunice Miya knew of the death of her 23-year-old son, Jabulani, was when she saw him lying dead in the street on the 6pm news on TV2.

Police have yet to contact the families of either Mr Miya or of Mr Christopher Piet, 24, who also died in the shootout.

Mrs Nomvuyo Cynthia Piet said she heard her son was dead when neighbours came to her house and said they had seen his body lying in the road outside the Murray and Roberts Hostel in NY1.

"I first went to the police station, then to the Salt River mortuary. I found Christopher there with a bullet hole through his head and blood on his face.

"Later I saw it on television, I saw my dead son on television, it was a terrible, terrible shock.

"He was not a terrorist, a freedom fighter, or anything like that. He

was born in Cape Town, he has never left Cape Town."

She said "he has never been involved in politics, he has never spoken to me about politics".

"He was working at the Good Hope Bakeries in Goodwood until he was laid off in December, and since then he has been looking for work. On Sunday night he went to my sister's house and the next I heard was that he is dead.

"Why did they do that to my son? I will never forgive them. They just shot my child, God must look after them, God will punish them for the blood of my child.

"I hope one day they can also suffer, nobody can be happy when their child is dead, never mind black or white, that has nothing to do with it."

Her husband, Hemming, is a diabetic and cannot work, and Christopher was the sole supporter of the family.

Her sister, Mrs Thokie Piet, 40, said: "On Sunday night he was normal and relaxed, he said he was going to look for a job on Monday."

Mr Piet's girlfriend, 21-year-old second-year University of the Western Cape sociology student Ms Kholeka Constance Soloshe, has a 17-month-old daughter, Lusanda, by Mr Piet, who she said was a "soccer fanatic".



Mrs Nomvuyo Piet with her granddaughter, Lusanda, holds her dead son's pass book.

"A friend told me earlier he had been shot, but I did not believe her and laughed it off. That night on television I saw my boyfriend lying on the ground and being dragged away by the police with a rope. Then I knew he was dead.

"They always say people they shoot are terrorists. He was just an ordinary person, he was not a freedom fighter.

"We never spoke about politics, I am not interested in politics, he was

only interested a little bit in politics, he was not one of what they call the comrades. We never spoke deeply about politics, only when something happened then we spoke about it."

Mrs Miya, 42, was surrounded by grieving relatives and neighbours and broke down repeatedly while talking to the Cape Times.

"Jabulani was born in Cape Town and has never been away, he was out of work and looking for a job.

"On Monday morning was the last time I saw him alive. He asked me for money so he could get a taxi to go to meet an appointment for a job and I gave him R2.

"My child never came back.

"The first I knew that he was dead was when I saw his body on the six o'clock news. The police have not been here, they have told me nothing.

"He was never a guerilla, he was never involved in any politics, they can look on their files, the police, they will not find his name, he was never arrested for politics, he never even spoke about politics."

"The story of the police is a lie. He was never involved in the ANC, the UDF, nothing. Jabulani was just a sweet boy who knew nothing about politics.

"He was the only son I had, I have four daughters. I am terribly shocked and upset, very bitter and angry, they have shot the wrong people."

● The text of this report has been telexed to Police Headquarters in Pretoria for comment. Certain allegations made by the families have been withheld pending the police reply which had not been received at the time of going to press.

Dispute over Moutse area taken to Supreme Court

PARLIAMENT — The dispute over the incorporation of the Moutse area into kwaNdebele at the beginning of this year following its earlier excision from Lebowa would not come before the House as the matter had been taken to the Supreme Court, the Speaker, Mr Johann Greeff ruled yesterday.

Mrs Helen Suzman (PFP, Houghton) has had a private member's motion on the Order Paper for a number of weeks. The motion would give two former Moutse members of the Lebowa Legislative Assembly leave to be heard at the Bar of the House to tell of their disapproval of the disputed area's incorporation into kwaNdebele.

The Speaker said he had been notified that the Lebowa Government had applied to the Supreme Court to have the proclamation incorporating Moutse into kwaNdebele declared null and void.

"I accordingly rule that as (the proclamation) is now going to be adjudicated upon by a court of law, the matter is sub judice and the honourable Member for Houghton's notice of motion ... cannot be considered by Parliament before the court has pronounced judgment."

Mr Dave Dalling (PFP, Sandton) asked if he could ask him a question on the matter.

Mr Greeff said he could see him in his chambers later. — Sapa.

De Jonge sent charge sheet

PARLIAMENT — Mr Klaas de Jonge, the Dutch fugitive wanted on terrorism charges, was supplied with a charge sheet through diplomatic channels, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr Pik Botha, said yesterday.

Replying to a question from Mr Frank le Roux (CP, Brakpan), Mr Botha said R14 903 had been spent on travelling and subsistence expenses for officials negotiating with the Dutch Government over Mr de Jonge, who has taken refuge in his country's Pretoria embassy.

"The Netherlands Government was informed that a charge sheet would be furnished to Mr de Jonge through the normal diplomatic channels," he said. — Sapa.

4 hurt in blast identified 80A

SMR 5/3/76
The two policemen and two members of the public slightly injured in yesterday's blast at John Vorster Square police headquarters in Johannesburg have been identified.

They are Captain P van Heerden and Warrant Officer ~~H~~ Vermeulen (both of whom suffered unspecified light injuries), Mr George Papathanaspoules, who had cuts on his head, and Mr A Theodopolos, who suffered cuts to his hands and an ear.

The policemen were treated at the scene of the blast. The members of the public were treated at the Johannesburg Hospital and discharged.

Police have not yet identified the device which exploded at 11:57 am in a toilet on the second floor. Nobody has yet claimed responsibility. — Crime Reporter.

CARE TRAILS 5/13/86
HQ
SAA

Police sift blast evidence

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Security police were working overtime yesterday to find out how an unidentified saboteur could have slipped a suspected bomb through the airtight security at divisional headquarters, John Vorster Square.

An explosion at 11.57am ripped through a third-floor toilet next to the vehicle branch of the CID, injuring two policemen and hurling concrete and glass on to two civilians in the street below.

The two policemen, who were treated for minor shrapnel wounds at the police station, were Captain P S van Heerden and Warrant Officer H S C A Vermeulen, a police spokesman said in Pretoria.

The civilians were treated for minor cuts.

Immediately after the blast, witnesses said, armed police were combing the surrounding buildings and streets for possible suspects and clues.

Last night police were still reluctant to admit it had been a bomb. They would only say the cause of the explosion was being investigated.

Police said that under the Police Act, no pictures of the scene of the blast may be published.

One spokesman said the CID vehicle division would have been more vulnerable to sabotage as members of the public regularly passed through the section. He added that a register of visitors was kept, and names were being checked.

Limpet mine cause of blast

PRETORIA. — A limpet mine caused the explosion which struck a toilet on the second floor of John Vorster Square police headquarters in Johannesburg on Tuesday, a spokesman for the Police Directorate of Public Relations said yesterday.

Two policemen, Captain P S van Heerden and Warrant Officer H Vermeulen, were slightly injured in the blast.

The spokesman said damage to the toilet was "fairly extensive". — Sapa

ANC show of 'military confidence'

By EBRAHIM MOOSA
Political Reporter

THE recent ANC attacks on police installations in Cape Town and Johannesburg formed part of a major offensive against the State to demonstrate the "military confidence" of the ANC's armed wing, says Dr Tom Lodge, expert on the ANC and political scientist at the University of the Witwatersrand.

Tuesday's bomb blast at John Vorster Square police station in Johannesburg and Monday's attempted guerilla attack in Guguletu in which a seven-man cadre were killed, contained definite signs of the men being attached to Umkhonto we Sizwe — the ANC's military wing, Dr Lodge said.

In an interview he said lack of information from independent sources at the scene of Monday's shootout in Guguletu — other than police sources — made it difficult to make independent conclusions.

However, Dr Lodge said, the "ANC is organizing larger groups into its military units" compared to its previous tactic of one-man sabotage operations which involved planting bombs or limpet mines.

This also meant that Umkhonto had embarked on a more "up stage" and "sophisticated" strategy since the Nkomati Accord in 1983 which restricted much its insurgency activities from Mozambique, he said.

Dr Lodge said the ANC was "anxious to demonstrate Umkhonto's military confidence and superiority" and to prove that it was a "military adversary of formidable character" by making two successive attacks in two cities.

He added that the pattern showed that Umkhonto now aimed at implementing its avowed goals to attack more "conspicuous" urban targets which included policemen and police installations in a bid to demoralize members of the security forces.

AR6as 6/3/86

84A

Funerals for two Guguletu gun battle victims next week

By DENNIS CRUYWAGEN
Staff Reporter

FUNERALS for two of the seven men killed in the Guguletu gun battle on Monday will be held on Saturday next week.

Mr Christopher Piet, 25, of NY 54, Guguletu, will be buried next Saturday. Mr Jabulani Miya, 23, of NY 21, Guguletu, will probably be buried then too, according to his father, Mr John Livingston Miya.

The men's families deny they had been members of the African National Congress, as alleged by the police.

Mr Piet's mother, Mrs Nomvuyo Piet, said: "My son was never interested in politics. He was never in trouble, detained or in jail. He has never left the Cape. He lived only for his mu-

sic. I can't accept claims that he belonged to the ANC."

Mrs Eunice Tsepiso Miya said: "Jubulani was a quiet man who was fond of his music. He has never been outside Cape Town and was never detained. He did not belong to any political organisation."

Strange

Both women said they found it strange the police had not visited their homes since the shooting. Neither woman knew what her son had been doing at the scene of the shooting.

"I don't know whether he was a passenger in that commercial vehicle shown on television or a bystander. All I know is that my son was killed," said Mrs Piet.

Mrs Miya said: "I was not at

the battle so I don't know whether he was in the car or walking past when police shot him. But he was not a member of the ANC."

Neighbours told Mrs Piet on Monday afternoon that her son had been shot.

"He left home on Sunday night and said he was going to look for work. That was the last time I saw him. I did not believe my neighbours until I saw the news on television. It was awful."

She went to Salt River mortuary on Tuesday to identify her son.

His death has caused his mother many problems.

Her husband Hermington is unemployed. Christopher was retrenched in December.

Pointing at her daughter Ntombomzi, Mrs Piet said: "He helped to support the family before he lost his job. His father is a diabetic and can't work. This poor girl's money is not enough to feed a family."

Christopher had a 17-month-old daughter Lucanda. His girlfriend, Kholeka Constance Soloshe, 21, is a second-year sociology student at the University of the Western Cape.

Mrs Miya learnt of her son's death when she watched the TV news on Monday night.

"I collapsed. I could not believe that Jubulani was dead. I last saw at 4.30am on Monday when I gave him some money to look for a job."

Her husband identified their son's body.

The bomb that changed the tone

WEEKLY M. 7/3/86

THE bomb which ripped through the third floor of John Vorster Square on Tuesday morning interrupted a meeting on the seventh floor between representatives of the Alexandra community and senior police officers.

The delegation, including members of the Progressive Federal Party, the Alexandra Civic Association and local clergy, was requesting the police, under Brigadier J R P Bekker, not to interfere with Wednesday's mass funeral for 17 unrest victims.

After the bomb blast, according to sources at the meeting, its tone changed dramatically.

"Brig Bekker went white as snow," said one source. "He said: 'Relax, my brothers. Nothing is going to happen. We are here to negotiate peacefully.'"

They said that only a few minutes before the bomb went off, injuring four people, Brig J N Erasmus, head of the Witwatersrand security police, had told Mike Beea, chairman of the Alexandra Civic Association, to sit properly in his chair.

"This is not the civic association's offices," he told Beea, as the two men glowered at each other across the table. Beea replied: "This is not an interrogation."

The last time Beea and Erasmus had met was at John Vorster Square where Erasmus supervised the interrogation of Beea who was held in solitary confinement for seven months during 1984.

The delegation was led by Peter Gardnet, a PFP Sandton councillor. Apart from five representatives from Alexandra it included PFP member Irene Menell and Martin van der Ploeg, the chairman of the Civil

The bomb-blast at John Vorster Square on Tuesday may have changed the course of the next day's mass funeral. PHILLIP VAN NIEKERK reports

Convergence Organisation.

The next interruption after the bomb was a telephone call from the Minister of Law and Order, Louis le Grange, who was closeted in his office in Cape Town with the PFP MP for Sandton, David Dalling.

Dalling says that Le Grange, telephoning only a few hours before State President PW Botha announced the lifting of the State of Emergency, was anxious to avoid conflict at the funeral.

The outcome of these developments was the lifting of the sweeping restrictions on the funeral and the removal of the Casspirs, which had been ever-present since last month's violent clashes, to the periphery of the township.

And Wednesday's funeral, attended by more than 30 000 people, went off with only a few minor incidents.

Beea, the 43-year-old former supermarket trolley salesman who abandoned a R1 200-a-month job in 1982 to dedicate himself to the "struggle", spent Tuesday evening informing the "comrades" in the township of their responsibilities to keep the peace.

By nightfall Alex was a liberated zone. All day long helpers at Beea's 8th Avenue home had diligently counted the money collected door-to-door from residents, and planned the catering and other mundane tasks for



Civic Association leader Mike Beea ... 'this is not an interrogation'

Picture: JUDA NGWENYA, Reuter

the funeral. From early evening thousands of "comrades", neckchiefs covering their faces and heads, danced down 10th Avenue towards the all-night vigil at the soccer stadium, chanting "Viva" and "Oliver Tambo".

Across the valley was another country: one could see the lights of Lombardy East twinkling.

around the stadium. Groups of "comrades", some dressed as guerrillas in brown coveralls, stood or danced around. A township poet rose to send shivers down the spines of ululating women as he emotively chanted his verses of liberation.

At one stage two alleged informers were caught with tapes in their bags and hundreds of people began running excitedly in their direction.

But the youthful marshalls, with "Alexandra massacre" emblazoned on their T-shirts, kept control of the situation and what could have been a necklace turned into a reprimand.

This was the real "comrades" funeral, attended by about 25 000 people in the darkness with no press, no foreign embassies, no VIPs.

A few streets away, in a dilapidated Anglican church hall, a lay preacher told his congregation of mainly elderly men and women about the black man's struggle for freedom in "Ah-free-ka". At three other vigils held simultaneously much the same scene was being enacted.

During the morning, the stadium, deserted after 5am, began to fill again. Police kept a low profile as more than 30 000 people crowded in to hear the speakers and pay their respects to the dead of Alex.

Transvaal Indian Congress leader Cas Coovadia said: "The peacefulness of this gathering shows exactly where the violence lies — it lies with the government of South Africa."

But it might not have been possible if not for the informal truce with the police on Tuesday afternoon — and the bomb which changed the course of the meeting.

Cape Times 7/3/16
Reporter
subpoenaed

Cape Times 7/3/16
**5 wounded in
Retreat shootout**

Staff Reporter
THE crime reporter of the Cape Times, Mr Chris Bateman, was yesterday served with a subpoena to supply police with the names of three witnesses to the shootout between police and suspected urban guerrillas in Guguletu on Monday.

The subpoena states that Mr Bateman has till next Wednesday to supply to the police the names and addresses of the witnesses he interviewed or appear before a Cape Town magistrate on that day.

Mr Bateman has since supplied police with the name of one witness after obtaining the man's consent. He faces up to five years imprisonment if he fails to supply the other two names.

● Picture, page 2

Staff Reporter
A POLICEMAN and four men were wounded when shots were exchanged between police and rival gang members fighting each other in Lavender Hill last night.

A police liaison officer for the Western Cape, Lieutenant Attie Laubscher, last night said two policemen from Steenberg, who were delivering summonses on the corner of Walton and Ebsom streets noticed six men acting suspiciously. They approached the men who ran off after firing shots at the policemen.

The policemen followed and returned the fire. One of them was wounded in the chest. One of the fleeing men, aged 21, was wounded in the stomach and arrested.

The policeman called for reinforcements and when these arrived they heard more shots fired some distance away.

After a search of the area police arrested three men with various bullet wounds.

Police took possession of a small calibre handgun. The policeman was admitted to 2 Military Hospital where he was in a satisfactory condition.

The 21-year-old suspect with the stomach wound was admitted to Victoria Hospital. His condition was last night described as serious.

The three other wounded men were also taken to Victoria Hospital.

Wounded in Retreat

Passtoors indictment: No mention of Pretoria bomb

7/2/86

WEEKLY

84A

84A

By PAT SIDLEY

THE indictment against Helene Passtoors and Klaas de Jonge makes no mention of one of the charges levelled against the pair in the media — that they helped plan the Pretoria car-bomb blast.

De Jonge and Passtoors have been charged jointly with terrorism charges in terms of the Internal Security Act, and Passtoors with treason as well, apparently on the grounds that she had been resident in the Republic between February and June, 1985 when she was arrested. She was a post-graduate student during that time.

Passtoors was kept in detention in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act between June last year and February this year when she appeared in court to face her charge.

De Jonge escaped his detention and has been in the old premises of the Dutch embassy in Pretoria since June.

He did not appear in court to face his charges and as things stand, he is unlikely to be handed over by the Dutch government to face charges under South Africa's security legislation.

During the time Passtoors was in detention, and while the two governments argued over what to do with De Jonge, South African "security sources" leaked allegations of the couple's behavior to influence public opinion on the issue.

One such claim, widely publicised in Holland, was that the couple were involved in planning the Pretoria car-bomb blast which killed nineteen people.

The indictment also makes no mention of the earlier-mooted, less-political charges under the Arms and Ammunitions Act or the Explosives Act. A warrant of arrest was issued in terms of the Explosives Act at the time De Jonge was handed back to the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria.

Allegations in the indictment include:

● Passtoors and De Jonge were members of the African National Congress (ANC);

● They established or helped establish or knew about several arms caches in various places in the Transvaal, Natal and the Eastern Cape.

● Passtoors set up a communications network for the ANC and used De Jonge, Brigitte van Leynseele (her daughter) and others to send information.

● Passtoors helped smuggle an alleged ANC member out of South Africa.

The indictment lists 81 state witnesses, one of whom was Passtoors' professor while she was a

student at the University of the Witwatersrand. Professor of Linguistics, M Aldgridge, was shocked when asked if he knew he was listed as a state witness and said he had not been questioned, approached or subpoenaed to give evidence.

Passtoors appeared on Friday, February 28 and was remanded in custody until March 14, when the Attorney-General will make known whether or not he is issuing a certificate preventing bail.

Looking well, with newly-permed short hair, she was greeted warmly by a campus friend. She waved across the court at her mother who travelled from Holland, and smiled at journalists in the press gallery.

FINAL 7/3/86

Court charged with treason.

The near convergence of the two trials — plus the alleged involvement in terrorist activities of Passtoors's ex-husband, Dutch fugitive Klaas de Jonge, who is holed up in the old section of the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria — focus attention on the role of whites in the outlawed African National Congress (ANC).

Pelser, who was jailed for seven years, was a trained member of Umkhonto we Sizwe, underground fighting wing of the ANC. He was the first trained "MK," as Umkhonto members are known, to be captured, brought to trial and convicted for more than 20 years. Passtoors and De Jonge are alleged to have undertaken reconnaissance missions on behalf of the ANC, including surveillance of the strategic Durban-Johannesburg oil pipeline, and to have hidden at least five caches of arms and explosives.

It is difficult to assess how many whites there are in the ANC and the extent of their influence. Except for its top echelons, ANC membership is secret. So too are most of its activities. Only one white, a South African Communist Party leader and MK Chief of

Staff, Joe Slovo, was elected to its 30-man executive committee at Kabwe, Zambia, last June. But the executive was mandated to nominate five additional members. Their names and skin colour are not known.

Before the Kabwe conference decision to open the executive to members of all races, the ANC national executive was exclusively black. Non-blacks did, however, serve on the now defunct Revolutionary Council, which had close ties with both the ANC national executive and Umkhonto we Sizwe.

A white, Dennis Goldberg, was sentenced to life imprisonment in the Rivonia trial of 1964 as a member of the High Command of Umkhonto we Sizwe. Slovo, another high command member, escaped just before the police net closed on the Rivonia trialists.

But it was not until 1969 at the Morogogo conference in Tanzania that the ANC decided to abolish the clause restricting its rank-and-file membership to black South Africans. The next step came in June last year at Kabwe, when the national executive was opened to all races.

Since 1969 some white members of the

Continued on page 67

THE ANC

(84A)

Whiter shade of pale

Eric Pelser had hardly been convicted for treason last week when another white — Belgian national Helena Passtoors — appeared in the Johannesburg Magistrate's

ANC have been captured and imprisoned, but not, as far as is known, white members of Umkhonto we Sizwe. In the Seventies captured ANC members included Australian Alexander Moumbaris, Irishman Sean Hoesey, and Afrikaner poet Breyten Breytenbach. In the Eighties they included English-speaking South Africans Renfrew Christie and Barbara Hogan, and their Afrikaner compatriot, Karl Niehaus, who was assisted by his fiancée, "Jansie" Lourens.

New species

But the Kabwe conference may have set the stage for the emergence of a new political species: trained white members of Umkhonto we Sizwe, of which Pelser was the forerunner. The Kabwe conference resolved that all ANC members, irrespective of function or race, should receive military training at MK camps. Although Slovo and Goldberg were members of the high command they were not actually trained with rank-and-file recruits. The new species will have rubbed shoulders with black Umkhonto we Sizwe recruits in training camps in Angola and Tanzania, and, perhaps, the Soviet Union and East Germany.

DX

yesterday.
CAPE TIMES 7/3/86

Police silent on Guguletu till inquest

Staff Reporter

THE police yesterday refused to divulge any further details of the shootout in which seven men died in NY1, Guguletu, on Monday.

Replying to 10 questions telexed to the SAP's public relations division in Pretoria on Wednesday, the SAP said: "The evidence we have available cannot be furnished to a newspaper for publication purposes.

"It will, however, be made available to the appropriate judicial officials for the inquest proceedings that are to follow into the death of these terrorists.

"If anybody is of the opinion that he has information which could be of assistance in reaching a finding at the inquest proceedings, such a person can make his affidavit available through any of the existing channels."

The questions were:

- What are the names and addresses of the seven men?
- Were they members of the African National Congress?
- If they were, where were they trained and do they have ANC code-names?

● Members of the Peninsula Murder and Robbery Squad, and not members of any anti-terrorist unit, such as the special task force, were involved in the shootout. Was there any special reason for this?

● Did any members of the group escape during the shootout?

● Is there any indication that any of those shot were not ANC members but rather bystanders caught in the cross-fire? This question is asked because family members and friends of two of the men told the Cape Times after the shootings that the men in question were not activists and had received no military training.

● Can you supply us with a detailed, chronological description of what transpired in the shootout?

● Can you give us more information on the tip-off received by police before the incident and upon which they acted, and when this tip-off was received by the police?

● Were any attempts made to capture any of the seven as prisoners?

● Have any criminal dockets been opened as a result of the deaths?

SPECIAL
10/3/86

CBS executive in SA for talks

A top CBS television network executive, Mr David Buksbaum, arrived at Jan Smuts Airport yesterday and will join three members of his company in talks with the Minister of Home Affairs, Mr Stoffel Botha, today.

Mr Bill Mutschmann, one of the network's three staff members who, on Friday, were told to leave South Africa, said that Mr Buksbaum, a CBS vice-president in charge of news coverage, "is here to observe or support at our meeting with the Minister".

He said there was no other comment as the matter was sub judice. — Sapa.

SAP
10/3/86

Pwawu workers will get rises

The Paper, Wood and Allied Workers' Union (Pwawu) has reached a wage agreement with Nampak's Printpak Gravure, which will see workers getting rises of up to R18,50 a week.

Agreement was reached last week through mediation after the union had declared a dispute in January.

A Pwawu spokesman said the union had asked for R20 a week across-the-board at the time.

The union had also demanded that May 1 and June 16 be recognised as paid holidays for employees. The spokesman said Printpak had indicated a willingness to discuss the issue.

Nine of the 74 detainees released said during a Press conference on Friday they had been tortured, assaulted and deprived of food and exercise.

Mr Sidney Molekane (24), president of the Soweto Youth Congress, who was detained on July 21 last year, alleged he was assaulted during the first three days of his detention.

He said he had been subjected to various forms of torture, including the "helicopter treat-

tened with a back of my head

Senior off

Assaults were by prison warders, officers, and I was thrown into solitary confinement in Johannesburg.

Colonel Inniss said the allegations in the channels exist and requests and

SAP
10/3/86

Murder probe 3 offer to testify

CAPE TOWN — Three witnesses to the Guguletu gun battle in which police shot and killed seven suspected urban guerillas last Monday have agreed to come forward and testify publicly at a possible murder hearing.

The murder probe began after the three claimed police had shot and killed a man after he had attempted to give himself up and had shot another man lying on the ground.

A Cape Times crime reporter, Mr Chris Bateman, will tomorrow hand police an affidavit in terms of a Section 205 subpoena served on him after the witnesses' claims were published.

The subpoena requires that Mr Bateman furnish the names and addresses of the three witnesses by Wednesday.

Police have obtained statements from two of the three witnesses, the Cape Times said.

These witnesses released Mr Bateman from his obligation not to furnish their names soon after making affidavits to the police.

A third man, traced by the Cape Times, said he was "quite prepared" to testify.

The police said a special task force was withdrawing from a counter-ambush when the guerillas were inadvertently uncovered.

SAP
10/3/86

Alleged petrol-bomber shot dead

A man who allegedly hurled a petrol bomb at a house was shot dead by police in a Cape township last night, police reported today.

A woman passerby was "slightly wounded" in the shooting, they added.

The incident took place at Bongweni, near Cookhouse, where police also found the body of a 15-year-old youth who had been hacked to death.

Police said in their morning unrest-

situation report that it was not known if the boy's death was related to unrest.

At Zwide, near Port Elizabeth, police reported various stonings and petrol-bombings of homes, cars and a school.

Four men were arrested in kwaNdebele after a car was stoned and in Soweto, three people — two men and a woman — were arrested after the stoning and petrol-bombing of a policeman's house. — Sapa.

Limpet mines seized

after police station blasts

White woman detained

Handwritten notes: 84A, 18/2/88, Mercury

PRETORIA—A white woman has been detained in connection with recent bomb blasts at police stations

A police spokesman said yesterday that the woman was being held in connection with explosions at Cambridge in East London, John Vorster Square and Hillbrow police stations in Johannesburg.

Police have taken possession of three limpet mines.

The spokesman would not reveal the identity of the woman or give details of the arrest, as this would hamper further investigations.

Last Friday night a blast, believed to have been caused by a limpet mine, occurred at the Hillbrow police station and earlier last week a blast rocked the John Vorster Square police headquarters in Johannesburg.

Police were alerted to the Hillbrow bomb by a tip-off and a bomb disposal expert exploded the device in an alley behind the police station. The blast shook nearby buildings and was heard in the city centre.

Flying glass shards

The blast at John Vorster Square blew a hole in a second-floor wall, broke windows, and sent glass shards flying for 50 metres. The blast went off in a toilet near the charge office to which the public have access.

The explosion in Cambridge, East London was caused by a limpet mine. No one has yet claimed responsibility for the explosions.

Meanwhile the police reported that four people died and seven were injured in violence at the weekend.

A young black woman died when police used shotgun fire to disperse a group of blacks who were stoning spectators at a sports stadium in Aliwal North.

A black man was killed at KwaZakele when a policeman fired at a crowd throwing petrol bombs at a house.

Two other victims, a man and a woman, were burned to death in separate incidents at Dennilton in the Northern Transvaal and at Jansenville in the Cape.

Our Cape Town correspondent reports that a security guard dog handler, Mr Claude Ras, fired five shots to disperse a gang of about 30 men after they had gathered at a bar near the Strand on Saturday. The men had threatened customers and demanded money from them, police said.

AR 6/21 10/3/86 (8/11)

Police station blasts: Woman held

The Argus Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Police are increasing vigilance at all police stations after the detention of a mystery white woman following the series of bombings at police stations.

A spokesman for police headquarters in Pretoria said the woman, aged 27, was arrested in Johannesburg on Saturday. Security police, who have been investigating police station bomb blasts since the first several weeks ago, had apparently received a tip-off which led to the arrest.

Last week a bomb went off at John Vorster Square and a limpet mine was detonated at Hillbrow police station. The woman is also being held in connection with a blast at Cambridge police station in East London on February 19.

All the blasts were caused by limpet mines placed in the women's toilets.

Police seized three limpet mines during their investigation, which has been described as "extremely sensitive".

The woman is believed to be a highly trained member of the African National Congress.

A police spokesman said today that vigilance and security at all police stations was being intensified, but they were public places and the public had to have access to them.

No decision has yet been made on when the woman will appear in court. Charges are being drawn up and the woman is being interrogated. Police would not say whether further arrests would be made.

Last Tuesday at 11.57am a blast ripped through a second-floor women's toilet next to the vehicle branch offices at John Vorster Square.

Two policemen, Captain P van Heerden and Warrant Officer H Vermeulen, and two

members of the public, Mr George Papathanaspoulos and a Mr Theodopolos, were slightly injured.

In Hillbrow several streets were cordoned off and flats and buildings evacuated before police exploded a mine in a side-street at 11.22 on Friday night. No one was injured.

Police removed the device after being tipped off and using sniffer dogs to find it.

No one was injured in the blast at Cambridge police station, but the explosion caused extensive damage.

● Shots were fired at a police Casspir near Crossroads in Cape Town on Saturday night. No one was injured.

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... can be

Witnesses Cape Times 10/2/86 8410 come forward

Staff Reporter

THREE witnesses to the Guguletu gunbattle in which police shot and killed seven suspected urban guerillas in NY1 on Monday have agreed to testify.

A murder investigation was opened after the three claimed to the Cape Times that police had shot and killed a man after he had attempted to give himself up and had shot another man lying on the ground. They had originally asked that their names not be disclosed.

Cape Times crime reporter Chris Bateman will today hand police an affidavit in terms of a Section 205 subpoena served on him after the witnesses' claims were published.

The subpoena requires that Mr Bateman furnish the names and addresses of the three witnesses by Wednesday or appear in the Magistrate's Court to answer questions. Failure to comply with Section 205 carries a maximum jail sentence of five years.

It has been reliably learnt that police have obtained statements from two of the three witnesses.

These witnesses released Mr Bateman from his obligation not to furnish their names soon after making affidavits to the police.

A third man, finally traced by the Cape Times on Friday, said he was "quite prepared" to testify.

● The Sunday newspaper Rapport said yesterday that Monday's shootout came about "by chance".

Quoting a police officer involved in the gunbattle, the report says the "terrorists" arrived late for a planned ambush of a police kombi. A police special task force was busy withdrawing from a counter-ambush when the the Murder and Robbery unit detectives inadvertently uncovered the guerillas.

'It was a hand-grenade'

Three detectives — Captain Johan Kleyn, Warrant Officer Callie Bothma and Sergeant Kat Coetzee — were about to drive off when they noticed "the group of suspects", the report says.

Captain Kleyn is quoted as saying: "As I climbed from our car I noticed one of the blacks putting his hand into his pants. The next moment he threw something at me. I could see it was a hand-grenade.

"The grenade hit the door of the car. I hit the dirt ... I was lying there with the grenade about three metres from me. I was covered with sand from the explosion and a piece of the grenade hit me in the side. Then all hell broke loose," he said.

The police had returned fire from one side of the road and the "terrorists" from the other while the three detectives were caught in the middle, the report says.

BOMBS IN

toilets: Woman arrested

CAPE TIMES
10/3/86
SAPA

Staff Reporter

AT LEAST 13 people died in incidents of unrest at the weekend and police announced yesterday that a woman had been arrested in connection with last week's bomb blast at John Vorster Square in Johannesburg.

A police spokesman declined to give any details of the arrest but said the woman was white and that she was also being held in connection with bombings in Cambridge, East London, and at the Hillbrow police station.

Police had taken possession of three limpet mines during the arrest. The woman would appear in court soon, police said.

Police told Sapa last night that the disclosure of the woman's identity would hamper their investigations.

Investigations into the limpet mine blast on Friday night at the Hillbrow police station, a blast at John Vorster Square on Tuesday and the limpet mine blast at a toilet in the Cambridge police station on February 19

were continuing, a spokesman said.

No one was injured on Friday night when the mine, found in the women's toilet at the police station, was detonated.

Police were alerted by a tip-off and a bomb-disposal expert exploded the device in an alley behind the police station.

The blast shook nearby buildings and was heard in the city centre.

On Tuesday last week, a blast rocked the John Vorster Square police headquarters in Johannesburg. Two passersby and two policemen were injured.

The blast blew a hole in a second-floor wall, broke windows and sent glass shards flying.

The blast went off in a toilet near the charge office to which the public has access. No one

has yet claimed responsibility for the blast.

Meanwhile, nine people were killed when renewed fighting flared in the Umbumbulu district south of Durban yesterday. Police arrested 130 people afterwards and took possession of a large quantity of homemade firearms.

Clash

The deaths occurred when Ndllovus and Kweilas clashed with members of the Magageni clan, but police last night said the cause of the outbreak was unknown.

In other incidents of unrest two of the deaths appear to have been the result of police action while two victims appear to have been attacked and killed as suspected informers. Eleven people were injured and 52 arrested.

According to police unrest situation reports, the only source of information on the deaths so far, all occurred on Saturday afternoon or evening.

In Dennilton in the Northern Transvaal (Moutse area), the report says: "A black female died when she was attacked by eight black men who beat her with knobkieries before setting her on fire."

In KwaZakhele near Port Elizabeth: "A black man was fatally wounded when a policeman fired shots at a group of blacks hurling petrol bombs at his house."

Stoning

In Aliwal North: "Blacks started stoning black spectators at a sports meeting. Police fired shots to disperse them and arrested six men. A black female youth was later admitted to hospital and died from a wound apparently sustained in this incident."

In Jansenville in the South-Western Districts: "A black man was killed when he was set upon and stabbed several times by other blacks before his body was set alight."

At least 11 people were injured in violence across the country. The chief targets were the homes, vehicles and persons of policemen.

Shots were fired at police in Zwide near Port Elizabeth on two occasions. Four men were arrested after one incident. Police returned fire in the second but made no arrests and received no reports of injuries.

Witnesses come forward

Staff Reporter

THREE witnesses to the Guguletu gunbattle in which police shot and killed seven suspected urban guerillas in NY1 on Monday have agreed to testify.

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A third man, finally traced by the Cape Times on Friday, said he was "quite prepared" to testify.

The Sunday newspaper Rapport said yesterday that Monday's shootout came about "by chance".

Quoting a police officer involved in the gunbattle, the report says the "terrorists" arrived late for a planned ambush of a police kombi. A police special task force was busy withdrawing from a counter-ambush when the Murder and Robbery unit detectives inadvertently uncovered the guerillas.

'It was a hand-grenade'

Three detectives — Captain Johan Kleyn, Warrant Officer Callie Bothma and Sergeant Kat Coetzee — were about to drive off when they noticed "the group of suspects", the report says.

Captain Kleyn is quoted as saying: "As I climbed from our car I noticed one of the blacks putting his hand into his pants. The next moment he threw something at me. I could see it was a hand-grenade."

"The grenade hit the door of the car. I hit the dirt ... I was lying there with the grenade about three metres from me. I was covered with sand from the explosion and a piece of the grenade hit me in the side. Then all hell broke loose," he said.

The police had returned fire from one side of the road and the "terrorists" from the other while the three detectives were caught in the middle, the report says.

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Guguletu shootout: Men not part of ANC, say relatives

By DENNIS CRUYWAGEN

RELATIVES of three of the seven men killed in a shootout with police in Guguletu last Monday have rejected police claims that they were members of the banned African Nationalist Congress.

Last week the mothers of two others shot in what police claimed was an ambush of an ANC squad planning to attack a police personnel van, denied their sons had ANC links.

Yesterday Mrs Elsie Konile, mother of Mr John Konile, 30, of New Crossroads, Mrs Maggie Mbambo, mother of Mr Themba Molifi, 30, of Nyanga Bush, and Mr Andile Govo, nephew of Mr Zola Swelani, 22, of Nyanga Bush, said their relatives had not been members of the ANC or any other political organisation.

The three men will be buried in Guguletu on Saturday.

"Not told"

Police, they said, had not told them officially of their relatives' deaths, and, in the case of Mrs Mbambo and Mr Govo, had not searched their homes.

Last week Mrs Nomvuyo Piet, of NY 54, Guguletu, and Mrs Eunice Tsepiso Miya, of NY 21, Guguletu, mothers of Mr Christopher Piet, 25, and Jubulani Miya, 23, also rejected police claims that their sons were killed while on an ANC mission.

Mrs Konile, 56, said her son, a migrant worker, had supported her and her two daughters.

"We live in the Transkei and I don't know where he was working but he sent money every week. He was a good boy and has never been in trouble with the police. As far as I know he was not a member of the ANC or any oth-

er political organisation," Mrs Konile said.

Mrs Mbamba, also a widow, said Themba had worked as a labourer for a construction company: "He was the eldest of my eight children and my breadwinner.

"Ordinary person"

"I will not believe that he was a member of the ANC. He was an ordinary person and not interested in politics."

Mrs Mbamba said her son could not have been part of the alleged ANC group as he had left home for work last Monday morning.

Mr Govo, 18, said he and Zola Swelani, who worked in Gardens as a labourer, had been like brothers. "My father is dead and he looked after my 52-year-old mother and me."

The death "came as a great shock to us because Zola was not an ANC member".

● Six of the seven men shot dead by police in Guguletu last week have been identified by police. They are: Manola Simon Mxinwa, 23, of F1028, Nyanga bush; Zola Alfred Swelani, 22, of D65H, Nyanga bush; Godfrey Jabulani Miya, 21, of 226, NY21, Guguletu; Christopher Piet, 23, of 8 NY54, Guguletu; Themba Molifi, 20, of D88, Nyanga bush; and Zabonke John Konile, 28, of KTC squatter camp.

Police said they had not identified the seventh man.

Affidavit handed to police

Staff Reporter

Cape Times 11/3/86

AN AFFIDAVIT containing the names and addresses of three witnesses to last Monday's gunbattle in Guguletu where police shot and killed seven suspected urban guerillas was yesterday handed to the Murder and Robbery Unit in Bishop Lavis by the Cape Times.

The affidavit was in terms of a section 205 subpoena served on crime reporter Chris Bateman last week. Police opened a murder docket after the Cape Times published the witnesses' claims that police shot and killed a man after he tried to give himself up and shot another man lying on the ground.

Two witnesses released Mr Bateman from his obligation not to furnish their names soon after making affidavits to the police. A third man on Friday said he was "quite prepared" to testify.

By Mike Cohen and
Mike Cadman

Ex-reporter held after blasts

Within hours of the discovery of a limpet mine in the Hillbrow police station, Security Police swooped on the home of former Johannesburg journalist Miss Marion Sparg on Saturday.

They are holding Miss Sparg following bomb blasts at the Cambridge police station in East London, John Vorster Square police headquarters and the attempted Hillbrow limpet

mine attack.

They are also questioning her about the petrol bombing of PFP offices in Johannesburg's northern suburbs in 1981.

She is being held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

This was revealed today after inquiries made to the Security Police by *The Star*.

Miss Sparg and two other journalists, Mr Arnold Geyer and Mr Damian de Lange, left South Africa shortly after the PFP offices were bombed on Republic Day 1981.

Miss Sparg completed her B Journ degree, majoring in political studies and journalism, at Rhodes University. She then worked for the *Daily*

Dispatch as a sub-editor and later joined the *Sunday Times* in Johannesburg as a junior reporter, concentrating on church matters.

Colleagues described her as a fairly quiet person who mixed with few people. They said that Miss Sparg, Mr Geyer and Mr de Lange often had intense political arguments with other re-

porters.

Miss Sparg's father, Mr Wrenford Sparg, lives in East London.

At the time, Mr Geyer admitted from Britain that he was a member of the "South African Liberation Support Cadre" and was responsible with others for the petrol bomb attacks on the PFP offices.

Miss Sparg and Mr de Lange were traced to Botswana. When quizzed by reporters they refused to comment on the PFP bombings.

Mr Geyer was allegedly a pivotal figure in the so-called South African Liberation Support Cadre which claimed responsibility for the PFP blasts.

Security Police are believed to have been looking for Miss Sparg for some time. Her family has been questioned and her whereabouts queried.

Soweto five face treason and terrorism charges

By Estelle Trengove and Jenni Tennant

Veteran anti-apartheid activist and United Democratic Front patron Mrs Albertina Sisulu was at the Rand Supreme Court yesterday when her nephew appeared with four others on charges of treason and terrorism.

The five entered the dock singing. They are appearing in connection with several incidents, including a shoot-out with police near Vereeniging, an attack on two policemen near the Jabulani police station in which a constable was killed, and two bombings of policemen's cars.

The men are Mr James Mncedise Hamilton Dubasi (28) and Mrs Sisulu's nephew, Mr Jongumuzi Sisulu (26), Mr Lumkile Happy Mkefa (21), Mr David Matsose (24) and Mr Joseph Themba Maja (25), all of Soweto.

They were not asked to plead and their appearance lasted barely 15 minutes.

ELECTRICITY PYLON DESTROYED

The State claims the men were members or supporters of the banned African National Congress and the following allegations have been made against them:

- Mr Dubasi and another member of the ANC allegedly sabotaged an electricity pylon in Mamelodi, Pretoria, causing an interruption in the power supply to large areas in and around Pretoria on August 20 1983.
- On the night of March 11 1984 Mr Dubasi, Mr Sisulu and two others allegedly tried to sabotage a railway bridge on the Golden Highway near Vereeniging. A police vehicle arrived on the scene. Shots were exchanged. The men fled into the nearby farmlands and escaped.
- In May 1984 Mr Mkefa allegedly attached a bomb to a security policeman's car. It exploded the next morning. Mr Mkefa allegedly also exploded two hand grenades.



Mrs Albertina Sisulu was mobbed by foreign Pressmen as she left the Rand Supreme Court yesterday, where her nephew faces charges of treason and terrorism.

- In mid-1984 Mr Dubasi and Mr Sisulu allegedly attached explosives to a railway pylon near New Cahanda station. The explosives were discovered by a railway worker and later defused.
- Mr Mkefa allegedly attached a bomb to the car of Detective Warrant-Officer R R Ranaka in July 1984. The car was destroyed.
- One night in July 1984 two policemen on duty at Jabulani police station went to buy a snack at a fast-food outlet. Constable N B Maphala waited in the car. Mr Dubasi, Mr Sisulu and Mr Mkefa were allegedly waiting nearby, each carrying a loaded AK-47 rifle. When Constable K S Tsotetsi returned with the food the three men allegedly opened fire and ran away. Constable Tsotetsi was killed and Constable Maphala seriously injured.

The hearing continues today.

~~600 007 / 809 (200)~~
Detainee still nameless

THE 27-year-old white woman arrested in Johannesburg in connection with a spate of police station bombings in the last three weeks is being detained under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

It is understood she was arrested before the weekend, and that police found three limpet mines hidden in her flat.

The Press Liaison Officer in Pretoria, Brigadier Jaap Venter, yesterday withheld details of the woman, stirring speculation that police are seeking others involved in supplying the explosives.

Police bar reporter from crime conferences

Staff Reporters

THE Cape Times has been effectively barred from the daily crime conference held at police headquarters in Cape Town.

This follows the publication by this newspaper of witness accounts of last Monday's gunbattle in Gugulethu where police shot and killed seven alleged ANC guerrillas.

The witnesses claim to have seen police shoot and kill one man after he had attempted to give himself up and to have seen police "finish off" another suspect lying on the ground.

Last Thursday, Cape Times crime reporter Mr Chris Bateman was informed by the Western Cape police liaison officer, Captain Jan Calitz, that he was "no longer welcome" at the daily crime con-

ference, since he did not possess a Newspaper Press Union/South African Police accredited press card.

Mr Bateman, who was also served with a Section 205 subpoena to supply the names of the Gugulethu gunbattle witnesses, had been attending the daily crime conference for almost two years.

In the latest development Colonel Jaap Venter, head of the police public relations division in Pretoria, said yesterday that since "confidential and sensitive matters" were often discussed during crime conferences, he would issue instructions for Captain Calitz to exclude in future all journalists not in possession of the NP/USAP accredited press card.

"I cannot comprehend why this should constitute a problem since it

would be a simple matter for the Cape Times to apply for accreditation for a number of its journalists," Colonel Venter said.

All local liaison officers would in future be supplied with a list of accredited journalists, he added.

Colonel Venter said he believed that police liaison officers were entitled to insist that only NP/USAP accredited journalists had access to "certain information" and that this was in keeping with the press agreement.

No Cape Times reporters have applied for the special accreditation since official clearance of journalists is seen as a form of censorship.

The executives of the Cape Times and Argus chapters of the Southern African Society of Journalists said yesterday

they were shocked at the exclusion of Mr Bateman from the SAP's daily crime conference.

"His exclusion confirms our worst fears about the issuing of special police accreditation cards.

"This means that police in the Western Cape now choose the journalists to whom they wish to give information. Not only could this put accredited journalists into the unenviable position of being regarded as confidants of the SAP, it must also cast doubt on any information being disseminated by police liaison officers."

"That Chris Bateman has apparently been denied access to crime conference because he reported serious allegations by witnesses to the Gugulethu shootings

suggests to us that the police are intent on punishing the reporter who published those allegations.

"The effective banning also flies in the face of repeated assurances by the police to the Newspaper Press Union and the SASJ that special police accreditation cards would not be used in a punitive fashion, or as a means of selecting journalists to whom they wished to give information.

"Once again it is a case of killing the messenger rather than paying attention to the message.

"The SASJ has consistently voiced its strong opposition to the system of police accreditation and congratulates Chris Bateman for executing his duties as a crime reporter with honesty and integrity."

Marion Sparg's sister held

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — A second member of the Sparg family has been detained by police in connection with the bomb blasts at John Vorster Square in Johannesburg, Cambridge police station in East London and an attempted Limpet mine attack on Hillbrow police station.

A police spokesman in Pretoria said Ms Debbie Sparg, sister of journalist Ms Marion Sparg, had been detained yesterday.

He said she was being held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

Police suspected she was either indirectly involved or had knowledge of her sister's activities. Ms Marion Sparg is also being

held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

A former journalist, she was arrested soon after the discovery of a limpet mine in the Hillbrow police station on Saturday night.

However, the head of the Security Branch, Brigadier Johan van der Merwe, said that at this stage no details of how she was arrested would be made known.

"We are trying to expedite the matter and to have her appear in court as soon as we can," he said.

Ms Sparg was brought up in East London, studied journalism at Rhodes University and graduated in 1979. She worked for the Daily Dispatch and then was employed by the Sunday Times. It was incorrectly reported yesterday that she had worked for the Rand Daily Mail and

the Sunday Express.

Ms Sparg's colleagues yesterday described her as quiet and soft-spoken.

She and two other journalists, Mr Arnold Geyer and Mr Damian de Lange, left South Africa shortly after the PFP offices in Norwood and Illovo, Johannesburg, were bombed in 1981. Her mother reported her missing to the police. She was meant to start a job with the South African Press Association but failed to turn up. She phoned her parents to say she was well but refused to reveal her whereabouts. Ms Sparg's parents were questioned at the weekend.

Mr Wreford Sparg confirmed that he and his wife had been questioned. They had allegedly not reported their daughter's presence

after she had stayed with them for three or four days last week.

"The police said we should have told them she was here," Mr Sparg said.

"I don't believe she was involved with these bombs."

Mr Sparg said his daughter was "a quiet, compassionate girl".

Another sister, Ms Judy Sparg, declined to comment. She said several telephone calls had been received by the family since reports were published about the arrest.

Police headquarters also said yesterday that they were in possession of three limpet mines of Russian origin, and other "objects" which were used as disguises.

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Police detain Marion Sparg's sister

The Argus Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Miss Debbie Sparg, sister of former journalist Miss Marion Sparg, has been detained under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

A police spokesman in Pretoria said she was being questioned in connection with the explosions and limpet mines in police stations in Johannesburg and East London.

Marion, who was detained in connection with the John Vorster Square explosion and an unexploded device in a toilet at Hillbrow police station.

Debbie is being held for her suspected "indirect involvement" or "knowledge" of the limpet-mine blasts.

Her parents said they were questioned at the weekend and threatened with detention under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

Mr Wreford Sparg said the police had told him he should have reported that his daughter Marion stayed with them for three or four days last week.

Mr Sparg said she was "a quiet, compassionate girl".

"I don't believe she was involved in these bombings."

GUGULETHU SHOOTINGS: FAMILIES DENY POLICE CLAIMS

RELATIVES of three of the seven men killed in a shoot-out with police in Gugulethu last Monday have rejected police claims that they were members of the banned African National Congress.

Last week the mothers of two others shot in what police claimed was an ambush of an ANC squad planning to attack a police personnel van, denied their sons had ANC links.

On Monday Mrs Elsie Konile, mother of Mr John Konile (30), of New Crossroads; Mrs Maggie Mbambo, mother of Mr Themba Molifi (30), of Nyanga Bush, said their relatives had not been members of the ANC or any other political organisation.

The three men will be buried in Gugulethu on Saturday.

Police, they said, had not informed them officially of their relatives' deaths, and, in the case of Mrs Mbambo and Mr Govo, not once searched their homes before or after the shootings.

Last week Mrs Nomvuyo Piet, of NY 54, Gugulethu, and Mrs Eunice Tsepiso Miya, of NY 21, Gugulethu, mothers of Christopher Piet (25) and Jabulani Piet (23), also rejected police claims that there sons were killed while on an ANC mission.

Migrant

Mrs Konile (56) said her son, a migrant worker, had supported her and her two daughters.

"We live in the Transkei and I don't know where he was working but he sent money every week. He was a good boy and has never been in trouble with the police. As far as I know he was not a member of the ANC or any other political organisation," Mrs Konile said.

She did not know what her son had been doing at the scene of the shooting.

Friends told Mrs Konile of her son's death on Friday. She arrived in the city at the weekend and identified his body on Monday.

"He had been shot in the chest several times," she said.

Mrs Mbamba, a widow like Mrs Konile, said Themba had worked as a labourer for a construction company. She did not know the

SOWETAN Correspondent

name of his employers, but "he was the eldest of my eight children and my breadwinner".

She last saw her son when he left for work last Monday morning. He did not return home that night, and, frantic with anxiety, she had gone to the mortuary the following day.

"I found his body there on Tuesday. I could not believe that the corpse I saw was my son. He had bullet wounds all over his body — in the head and chest. There were so many wounds, I was filled with sadness and despair and did not count them," she said.

Her son, she said, had not once been detained or arrested nor had her house been searched.

12/3/86
SOWETAN

Mothers of 'guerillas' call for public inquiry

By CHRIS BATEMAN
Crime Reporter

THREE mothers of the seven alleged guerillas shot dead by police in last Monday's shootout in Guguletu yesterday demanded a public inquiry to establish whether or not their sons were "terrorists".

Mrs Irene Mxinwa, 60, mother of Rastafarian Mr Simon Mandla Mxinwa, 23, denied that her son could have been a guerilla, claiming that he was a "little bit mad" and that he had been an outpatient at Valkenberg Hospital.

A Valkenberg spokesman confirmed the existence of an outpatient's card in the name of Mr Simon Mandla Mxinwa, 23, of E10 Nyanga.

Two other relatives of

Mr Mxinwa said that during a visit to the Salt River mortuary on Monday this week, mortuary staff asked them whether Mr Mxinwa had "carried guns or grenades".

The relatives said they had handed over the dead man's pass book, to be told they could retrieve it from the Department of Co-operation and Development offices in Observatory.

The dead man's brother-in-law, Mr Howard Ndlambe, said he had identified the second of two bodies shown to him as that of Mr Mxinwa.

"He had one bullet wound on the left-hand side near the temple. The police asked what kind of person he was. I told them he had been a

bit insane," Mr Ndlambe said.

Mrs Mxinwa, a part-time domestic servant for a Monte Vista family, said she first became aware of her son's malady when he was in Std 5 and his teacher had called her in to say he "could not learn".

Her son's schooling had ended that year.

"My heart is very sore. My husband passed away last year and Simon's disability pension is what really kept us going," she said.

She said she had learnt of her son's death only after a week of checking police stations and hospitals.

Mrs Maggie Mbambo,

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From page 1

55, an aunt and foster-mother of alleged urban guerilla Mr Temba Mlifi, 29, said she first knew of his death on Saturday when Salt River mortuary staff let her "check".

"I was horrified. He had several bullet wounds in the head and trunk but most bullet wounds were in the lower legs," Mrs Mbambo said.

Mrs Mbambo challenged police to "prove my son was a terrorist". "Perhaps he was. But I want to know very badly," she said.

Mrs Elsie Konile, 54, mother of alleged guerilla Mr Zabonke John Konile, 28, arrived in the Peninsula from Ciskei on Friday after hearing of her son's death.

She said she had last seen him at her home town of Endwe near Dordrecht over Christmas.

She had been too afraid to look during the mortuary visit.

All three women and relatives spoken to said the dead men had not been involved in politics and challenged police to "prove" claims that they their sons had been "terrorists".

"Police say the terror-

ists had automatic weapons. How many policemen were killed or wounded? I don't believe them," Mrs Mbambo said.

The women said police had yet to approach them officially to inform them of their sons's deaths.

In interviews a day after the shootout, families of two other alleged guerillas also insisted their sons were uninterested in politics and were looking for work when killed.

Mrs Tsepiso Miya said she first knew of the death of her 23-year-old son Jabulani when she saw him lying dead in the street on the 6pm news on TV2.

Mrs Nomvuyo Piet said neighbours came to her house to say they had seen her son's body lying in the road outside the Murray and Roberts hostel in NY1.

The family of the sixth alleged guerilla, Mr Zola Alfred Swelani, 22, could not be reached for comment yesterday.

Police have yet to release the seventh name.

Relatives, however, yesterday identified the seventh man killed in the shootout as Mr Hamilton Mahelembe, of Khayelitsha.

Bomb blasts: police detain Sparg's sister

POLICE have detained a second member of the Sparg family in connection with the bomb blasts.

These were at John Vorster Square, Johannesburg, the Cambridge police station in East London and the limpet mine attack on Hillbrow police station.

A police spokesman in Pretoria said Debbie Sparg, sister of journalist Marion Sparg, was detained yesterday.

The spokesman said Debbie Sparg was being held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

Her sister is being held under the same Act.

He said Debbie Sparg was being held

Business Day Reporters
and Own Correspondent

because police suspected she was either indirectly involved with, or had knowledge of, her sister's activities.

Meanwhile the Sparg family are remaining tight-lipped about the detentions.

Their father, Wreford Sparg, said from his Southernwood, East London, home that he was not prepared to comment on his daughters' arrests.

He said the revelations concerning Marion "are news to me" and added: "I can't tell you any more."

Another of his daughters, Judy Sparg, also declined to comment.

Marion Sparg's former colleagues yesterday described her as quiet and soft-spoken.

She matriculated from Cambridge High School in 1976 and graduated with a Bachelor of Journalism degree from Rhodes University in 1979.

Business Day reported yesterday that Sparg worked on the *Rand Daily Mail* and the *Sunday Express*. This is incorrect. She was employed at the *Daily Dispatch* in East London after which she joined the *Sunday Times* as a reporter.

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Chamber in firm stand on weapons

SDK
13/3/86

By Sheryl Raine

The Chamber of Mines says disciplinary action will be taken against any employee, whether white or black, found carrying unauthorised weapons of any nature on mine property.

In a statement released yesterday the Chamber responded to a resolution adopted by the National Union of Mineworkers (NUM), which called on the Chamber to clarify its position regarding threats by white mineworkers in Witbank to arm themselves.

The union also adopted a resolution giving the mining houses 14 days in which to force Mr Arrie Paulus, General Secretary of the Mineworkers' Union, to retract statements he allegedly made regarding white miners in Witbank being forced to arm themselves after black unrest.

"The Chamber expects the NUM to take immediate steps to discourage violence. Mine managements will not permit employees to carry weapons of any nature at work unless specifically authorised to do so," the statement said.

The statement said the Chamber deplored comments allegedly made by Mr Paulus and asked him to retract the statement attributed to him. Mr Paulus could not be contacted for comment.

Detained sisters still being questioned

Sisters Marion and Debbie Sparg, arrested this week in connection with limpet mine attacks on three police stations, are still being questioned.

Police have not excluded the possibility of further arrests.

It is not known when the sisters will appear in court. Both are being held under section 29 of the Internal Security Act and they do not have to appear in court within any stipulated time.

In addition to questions about the alleged attacks on Cambridge police station in East London, John Vorster Square police headquarters and the Hillbrow police station, Miss Marion Sparg is also being interrogated about the 1981 bombings of PFP offices in Johannesburg.

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Deadlock on De Jonge, say Dutch sources

SDK
13/3/86

The Star's Foreign News Service

THE HAGUE — Negotiations over the future of Mr Klaas de Jonge, still in the sanctuary of the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria, have reached deadlock, according to sources close to the Dutch Foreign Ministry.

This was due to South Africa's decision to charge Mr de Jonge under the Terrorism Act, said sources.

The Dutch ministry had hoped Mr de Jonge would be charged with illegal possession of arms, which would have resulted in an acceptably light sentence.

The charge under the Terrorism Act had ruled out this solution, said the sources.

Return-to-work order is lifted

SDK
13/3/86

By Mike Siluma

Three strikes involving about 3 000 metalworkers in Pretoria and the East Rand continued yesterday with one of the affected companies suspending a return-to-work ultimatum.

The electric division of Asea Electric Ltd said yesterday it had shelved the ultimatum to about 580 workers, pending urgent negotiations today.

About 900 workers at Asea's electric and cable divisions in Pretoria have been on strike since February 10. The union wants plant-level bargaining.

On the East Rand, the strike by 2 000 workers at two Haggie Rand plants entered its sixth day yesterday. Workers want wages talks and the recognition of May 1 as a paid holiday.

At G B Engineering and Pan African Shopfitters, also on the East Rand, 300 workers are still occupying two factories despite a weekend Supreme Court order. The workers oppose plans to retrench 150 men.

White River road closed

14/3/86 STAR (AA)
NELSPRUIT — The old White River/Hazyview Road via Legogotu has been closed to traffic for a week because of stone-throwing incidents.

Yesterday traffic officials put up notice boards at White River and Hazyview advising tourists to use the new Burgershall route, and to enter the Kruger National Park at Kruger Gate.

The Lowveld chief provincial inspector, Mr Jack van der Schuiff, said visitors to the park could also enter at Malelane or Crocodile Bridge at Komati-poort.

The reason for the road closure is a spate of stonethrowing by students. Unconfirmed reports say two vehicles were damaged badly on Wednesday. — Lowveld Bureau.

White River residents seek answer to growing violence

Lowveld Bureau

WHITE RIVER — Hundreds of Lowvelders, concerned about unrest in the region, last night packed the White River town hall in search of answers to the growing problem.

The meeting, arranged by a newly-formed group who call themselves the "Action for Peace Committee", drew a capacity crowd. After the election of a meeting chairman, Mr Hennie Steyn, and two secretaries — one English and one Afrikaans-speaking — the audience were informed of the objects of the gathering.

"We're here to act as mediator between the public and the authorities," Mr Steyn said.

"You let us have your questions and grievances and this committee undertakes to give you a speedy reply."

The first speaker was Dr Wim Ahlers, assistant director of the Johannesburg Planetarium who, with his daughter Michele, was attacked on a farm near White River last Sunday. Michele's fiancé, Mr Gordon Campbell, was killed in the attack by an unknown gunman.

Dr Ahlers called on people to be prepared for any situation. "Rather than think black against white, let us concentrate on peace against violence", he told the cheering crowd.

Although Mr Steyn stressed that the meeting was intended to be non-political and no argument would be allowed on religious, police, military or civil defence matters, several people asked questions about these matters.

Some of the requests made were for:

- Better security in the towns and on the roads.
- Armed security officers to accompany school-children on buses.

Nelspruit farmer Mr Ben Snyders said: "I am a ground owner and have a wife and children. All I want is to farm. I don't want to harm anyone but then I don't expect anyone to harm my family."

Another speaker said it was a poor state of affairs when 2 000 protesting pupils at Kabokweni got sympathy for breaking down fences and threatening to overrun a court of law.

● See Page 5.

14306 (84) (35)
Jailed lawyer may
WEEKLY
be struck off roll (24)

A DURBAN lawyer, convicted of treason and jailed for 20 years, could be struck off the Roll of Attorneys if a Natal Law Society application, heard this week, is successful.

Patrick Maqubela was convicted of being involved in a conspiracy in which eight bombs were planted in Durban, injuring nine people.

Police detaining Maqubela found explosives, ammunition and an AK47 rifle at his home.

Maqubela has opposed the society's action. His lawyers argued that a precedent had been set by the treatment of lawyers involved in the Jameson Raid. That conspiracy involved the storing of arms, and had caused injuries, but although the conspirators had been convicted of treason, they had not been struck off the roll.

Asked by one of the three judges why Maqubela had not "blown up pylons", rather than endanger lives, his legal team answered that Maqubela felt this "had not helped".

The society argued that Maqubela was, by virtue of his conviction "not a fit and proper person" to practise as an attorney.

Maqubela's defence said that if the court found it necessary to take some form of action against him, it should not go further than removing him from the roll for the period he served his prison sentence.

Arbus 14/3/86

Curbs on Guguletu funeral

Staff Reporter *PLA*

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SPEAKERS at tomorrow's funeral in Guguletu of the seven men killed in last week's shootout with police have been banned from criticising the Government or police action.

Flags, banners, placards, pamphlets and posters have also been banned from the ceremony and the speakers must be ordained ministers of religion in terms of a notice issued this afternoon by Wynberg magistrate Mr W P Theron.

He said he had reason to believe that public peace would be seriously endangered by the funeral.

He said the banning related to the funeral ceremony or any other gathering with the same purpose to be held in Guguletu between 10am and 3pm tomorrow.

He said: "The speakers at or during the funeral ceremony shall not at any stage, in any manner, defend, attack, criticise, propagate or discuss any form of government, any principle or policy of a government or any state or any action by the South African Police or a member of the police force.

"Only ordained ministers shall be allowed to address the persons at or during any stage of the funeral ceremony," Mr Theron said.

● Shebeen-owners in Cape Town's black townships have been urged to close from tonight until after the funerals. Mr Gladwell Kama, secretary of the Western Cape Taverners' Association, said the organisation wanted outlets to close from 8pm today until after the funeral at 4pm tomorrow.

~~BOHA~~
8 & 4
FOR MAIL

The uses of terror

In its most extreme contemporary form, the aim of terrorism is not immediately the overthrow of the State — for that takes time. Rather, terror, as a political weapon, seeks to spread more terror.

Carlos Marighela stated this position fairly well, shortly before the Brazilian authorities killed him: "It is necessary to turn political crisis into armed conflict by performing violent actions that will force those in power to transform the political position in the country into a military situation. This will alienate the masses who, from then on, will revolt against the army and the police and blame them for this state of things."

Terror tactics, therefore, are aimed at creating an unpopular rightwing backlash. Thereafter, such matters as the debasement of the currency, possible foreign military adventures, power struggles in the ruling elite — these and any number of other factors feed the revolution.

Marighela is quoted by Alistair Horne, in his monumental, and in some respects frightening, study of the Algerian bloodbath, *A Savage War of Peace*. The author comments on the guerrillas' strategy and their intention of polarising "the situation into two extreme camps and make impossible the dialogue of compromise by eradicating the 'soft centre.'"

Our centre may not be all that "soft," but, whether by

accident or design, that is the kind of situation we are increasingly finding ourselves in: polarisation. The middle ground is being eroded — and with it the chance of a negotiated settlement.

Why then does government repeatedly move in such a way as to make negotiations between black and white increasingly difficult? Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi's response to the release of the P W Botha-Slabbert tapes says it all. Which homeland leaders will Botha negotiate with, if even Inkatha — let alone the African National Congress (ANC) — won't talk in such circumstances?

And if the moderate constituency which Chief Buthelezi commands has been alienated (so soon in the political year), what of those younger Inkatha members and those who join vigilante groups that seem under no control — what will *their* response be?

Now that the immediate economic prospects are looking better than they have for some time, the danger arises of a false euphoria — partly based on the belief that the "unrest" is not political, but wholly based on such factors as unemployment, widespread destitution and the capital drought.

Certainly, the huge crowds of the unemployed may lose some of their revolutionary zeal if they have jobs again. But they *have* been politicised, and that is going to be a major issue in industrial relations for years to come. ■

Cape Times 15/93/86
841

'Guerillas' More claims

By ANTHONY JOHNSON

TWO MORE witnesses to the shooting of alleged urban guerillas in Guguletu on March 3 have told the PFP they saw a person "who appeared to be a policeman shooting a man in the head at point blank range while he was lying motionless on the ground".

These allegations come in the wake of other accounts of the incident by witnesses who told the Cape Times that police shot and killed one guerilla after he attempted to give himself up and "finished off" another suspect lying on the ground.

The latest round of allegations were made yesterday by witnesses interviewed by Mr Tian van der Merwe, MP for Green Point and the PFP's alternate spokesman on law and order.

The witnesses Mr Van der Merwe spoke to yesterday told him that the person who had shot the "motionless" guerilla "appeared to be in some position of authority because he subsequently gave instructions to others who then responded ..."

Appeal for independent investigation

Mr Van der Merwe said yesterday: "I have no reason to believe my informants were not telling the truth. I must therefore again stress how important it is that this incident be thoroughly investigated and cleared up as early as possible.

"I further appeal to the government to have some independent investigation instituted.

"The events of the last year have grievously damaged the credibility of the police and investigation of policemen is not likely to produce a result the public will accept," Mr Van der Merwe said.

● Lieutenant Attie Laubscher, a police liaison officer for the Western Cape, last night said in reaction to the allegations: "The Commissioner of Police has already made a statement in this regard and I have nothing further to add."

● The commanding officer of the Public Relations Division of the SAP in Pretoria, Brigadier Jaap Venter, said last night that the police had already made statements on the issue and were not prepared to comment any further.

See the selection now whilst it is at its very best. Many imported, local and special homemade. From 14c to R41,95.

City Sweets Claremont

Cape Times 15/3/86

Curbs on 'ANC 7' funeral in Guguletu

By TONY WEAVER

RESTRICTIONS have been imposed on today's mass funeral in Guguletu of seven alleged African National Congress guerillas killed in a shootout with police on March 3.

Speakers at the funeral have been banned from criticizing or discussing the policies of any government worldwide and have also been banned from criticizing the South African Police or its members.

No banners, posters, placards or pamphlets may be displayed or distributed during the funeral and only ordained ministers of religion are allowed to address the mourners.

These curbs have been imposed by the chief magistrate of Wynberg, Mr W P Theron.

News coverage restricted

Restrictions have also been imposed on news coverage of the funeral.

No restrictions were placed on the number of people allowed to attend the service.

Between 30 000 and 50 000 people are expected to attend the funeral, which will start at the Guguletu Stadium at 10am and then move to the Nyanga cemetery in NY108.

In a statement yesterday afternoon, Mr Theron said he had reason to believe that "public peace would be seriously endangered by a gathering, namely the funeral ceremony at the funeral of the late Mandla Simon Mxiniwa, Zola Alfred Swelani, Godfrey Jabulani Miya, Christopher Piet, Themba Mlifi, Zabonke John Konile and Themba Madiyana".

In terms of Section 46 (1) of the Internal Security Act, Mr Theron ordered that the funeral service be held between 10am and 3pm.

A candlelight vigil was held in part of Wynberg last night as "a tribute to those comrades who were killed", an organizer of the vigil said.

Meanwhile, the Western Cape Taverners Association called on all its members to close their shebeens from 8pm last night to 4pm this afternoon as a mark of respect for the seven.

Sport fixtures cancelled

And a large number of sporting bodies affiliated to the Western Province Council on Sport (Wepcos) have cancelled today's fixtures in commemoration of the seven and at the request of the United Democratic Front.

Peter Honey reports from Johannesburg that the Deputy Minister of Foreign Affairs and Information, Mr Louis Nel, gave South African newspaper groups and foreign news organizations little option but to limit the number of television and stills cameras allowed into the funeral.

Foreign media representatives said yesterday they had agreed to pool their photographic coverage of the event: only two television cameras — from CBS News and Worldwide Television News — and two stills cameras would cover the event.

Mr Nel yesterday cited the Black Administration Act of 1927 to emphasize that the government was legally entitled to bar anyone from entering black areas.

● 'Guerillas': More claims, page 2

Flags waved at Guguletu burial

n/c Argus 15/3/86 *(scribbles)* *SWA* *(scribbles)*

**DENNIS CRUYWAGEN
and ROBERT HOUWING**
Weekend Argus
Reporters

MOURNERS attending today's funeral of seven alleged African National Congress members killed in a shoot-out with police in Guguletu earlier this month waved flags and carried banners and placards.

The ANC flag, a red flag bearing the hammer and sickle of the South African Communist Party, a Cape Youth Congress banner, a Congress of South African Trades Unions banner, several placards, pamphlets and stickers were seen at the Guguletu stadium where the service was held.

Some of the banners read: "Viva Tambo, Viva Slovo", and "We won't stop fighting".

Yesterday a Wynberg magistrate, Mr W P Theron, placed restrictions on how the service should be conducted.

He prohibited the display of banners, posters, placards or pamphlets during the funeral and also prohibited speakers at the funeral from criticising or discussing the policies of any government worldwide, and banned them from criticising the South African Police or its members.

Buried today were Mr Mandla Simon Mxinwa, Mr Zola Alfred Swelani, Mr Godfrey Jabulani Miya, Mr Christopher Piet, Mr Themba Mlifi, Mr Zabonke John Konile and Mr Themba Madiyana. All the coffins were draped in ANC flags.



Picture: WILLIE DE KLERK, Weekend Argus
Coffins draped in ANC flags stand in a row at Guguletu stadium.

With the Red Flag at the helm, a crowd heads for the stadium.



The crowd had swollen to between 15 000 and 20 000 by 3 o'clock when the deadline set by Mr Theron expired. Speaker after speaker, including representatives of the United Democratic Front, the Congress of South African Trade Unions, the Release Mandela Campaign and several other civic organisations, paid tribute to the dead and attacked the Government.

Mourners lined the streets of Guguletu, as the seven coffins were carried shoulder high to the cemetery.

Mr Aubrey Mokoena, chairman of the Release Mandela Campaign, said: "One day the Botha regime will stand trial before the tribunal of our people."

"We are here to take the spear of liberation that has been dropped by these seven guerrillas. The RMC is saying that the South African Government must come down."

CAPE TOWN 17/3/86
'Explosive device' hurts man

Own Correspondent 844
JOHANNESBURG. — A man was wounded on Saturday night when an "explosive device" blew up in the parking lot at Springs railway station. After placing the bomb in the bin, he apparently ran about 10 metres across the road before collapsing on an island in the middle.

Police, who are investigating, said the bomb exploded in a rubbish bin at about 11pm. Hospital authorities refused to provide information on the suspect's condition.

The man, who allegedly placed the bomb, was taken to the Far East Rand Hospital with face and leg injuries. He is under police guard. Window panes in buildings in the vicinity were broken and a few vehicles were damaged by shrapnel when the device exploded.



Part of the huge crowd — estimated at about 30 000 — march in the funeral procession in Guguletu on Saturday.

Opp Times-Nation, four: Obed Zilwa

ANC flags at Guguletu funeral

By TONY WEAVER

SATURDAY'S funeral service for seven alleged urban guerillas saw open defiance of a magisterial order banning any political content in speeches.

An initial crowd of about 6 000 people swelled to 15 000 and then to over 30 000 — it was impossible to accurately estimate the final total — in a day which saw Guguletu become a virtual stronghold of the African National Congress.

But approached for comment yesterday afternoon, a police liaison officer for the Western Cape, Lieutenant Attie Laubscher, stated: "We observed the crowd from our police helicopter and we estimated that there were not more than 3 000 people present at any stage of the funeral. To say there were 30 000 mourners is incorrect and false."

An order published on Friday by the chief magistrate of Wynberg, Mr W Theron, that speakers had to be ministers of religion, were banned from

criticizing or discussing any form of government world-wide or the South African Police and that no banners or placards be displayed, was totally disregarded.

Casspirs, Buffels, sneeze machines and police vans cordoned off the township, but non-residents and journalists proceeding to the funeral were allowed through after being warned entry was at their "own risk".

One person who came through told of being given directions to the funeral by a policeman.

The coffins of Mr Mandla Simon Mxinwa, Mr Zola Alfred Swelani, Mr Godfrey Jabulani Miya, Mr Christopher Piet, Mr Themba Mlifi, Mr Zambonke John Konile and Mr Themba Madiyane were draped with ANC flags throughout the ceremony.

Around 4pm, as a huge crowd marched down NY108 into Old Klipfontein Road, about 2 000 members of the crowd charged a police lookout mounted on an open stretch of land near the N2 highway.

The police unit retreated to a Casspir.

It was only around 5pm, when several hundred marched singing to within about 100 metres of four Casspirs and four vans at a police roadblock on NY108, that police fired teargas.

As far as could be ascertained, no birdshot or rubber bullets were fired, and police denied a Sapa report that a man was shot in the leg by a Lavistown policeman identified as "Barnard".

The 8am police unrest report from Pretoria said yesterday that teargas was fired after police vehicles were stoned, but Lieutenant Laubscher said yesterday: "There were no stones thrown at the police. Police used minimum force by firing teargas at several hundred marchers who came within 50 metres of a police roadblock."

"Three warnings were given in Xhosa, English and Afrikaans."

● The Progressive Federal Party's

alternate spokesman on law an order and MP for Green Point, Mr Tian van der Merwe, said in a statement yesterday the "mercifully peaceful" funeral could "so easily have turned into a violent fiasco if any attempt was made to enforce the stupid restrictions imposed by the government".

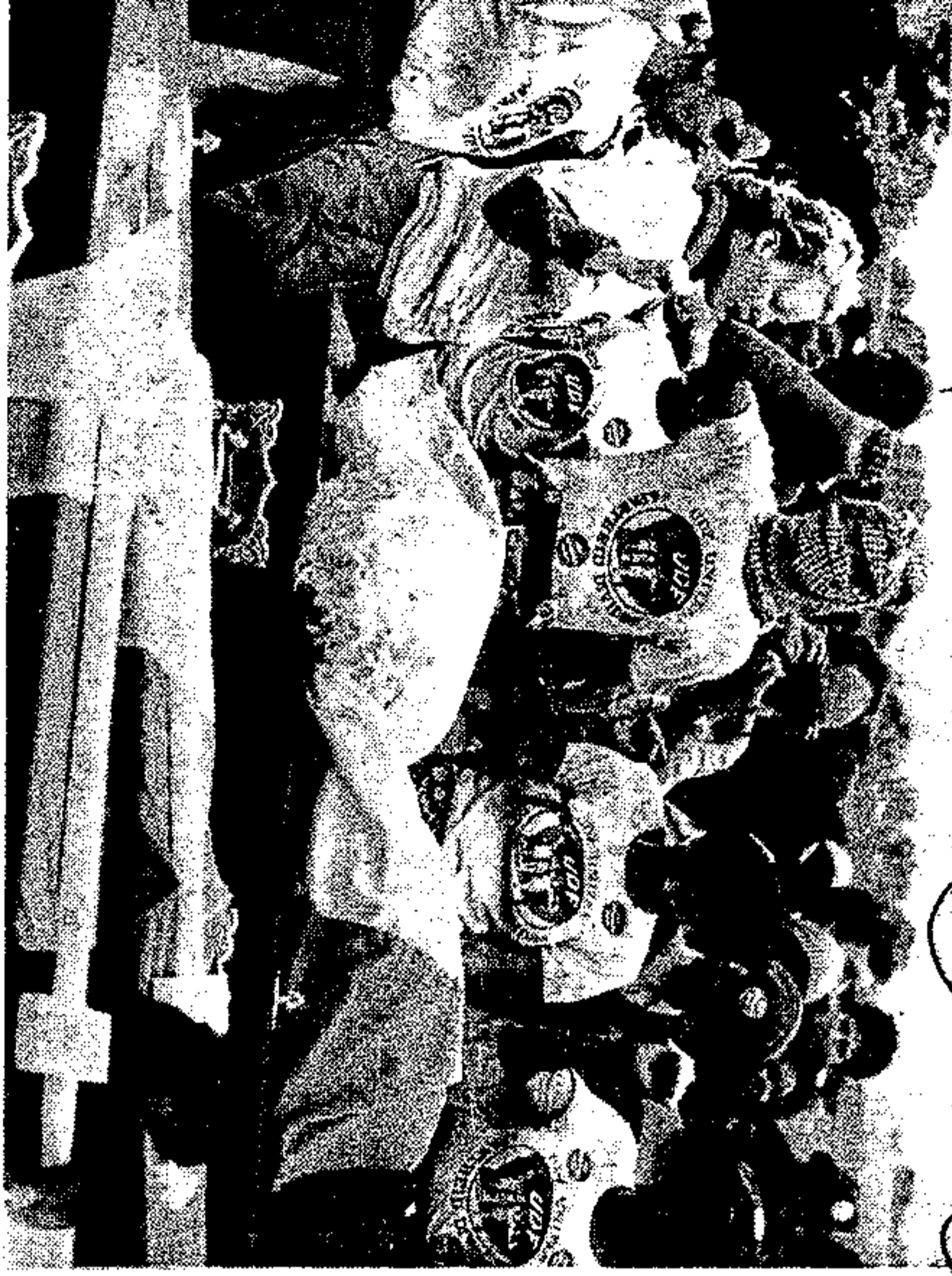
"Somewhere in the hierarchy of the police force somebody was wise enough to prevent interference in spite of the patent disregard for the very oppressive and obnoxious conditions issued in the name of the chief magistrate of Wynberg."

He said: "Mr Louis le Grange, Mr P W Botha and the whole rotten Nationalist Government must realize that they would have been responsible if further deaths occurred on Saturday, because they are finally responsible for the laws and the officials that imposed these provocative conditions."

● Chanting crowd praises ANC, another picture, page 2

rule the economy, Mr Du Plessis can only

22/10/86
RJA
22/10/86



At Saturday's mass funeral in Guguletu, a United Democratic Front guard of honour salutes the seven alleged African National Congress guerrillas shot dead by police on March 3.

Chanting crowd praises AN

Staff Reporter

IT MADE little difference to the 30 000 people that attended the funeral in Guguletu on Saturday that parents of some of the seven men killed in a shootout with police on March 3 have said their sons were not involved in politics.

Disregarding South African security laws, speakers enlized the leaders of the ANC, the South African Communist Party and the ANC's armed wing, Umkhonto we Sizwe.

The funeral procession marched under the banners of the ANC and the SACP, while posters read "Viva Tambo, Viva Slovo" (Oliver Tambo and Joe Slovo), "Viva MK

(Umkhonto we Sizwe) and "Viva ANC".

The seven were buried in a ceremony which saw possibly the largest outpouring of support for the African National Congress in Cape Town since the Defiance Campaign of the 1950s and 1960s.

More than 100 white people were present, most of them supporters of the United Democratic Front. They were given a warm reception, and cries of "Viva magabane" (long live comrades) went up as they mingled in the crowd.

A number of whites wearing UDF shirts were asked to act as a guard of honour to the dead men.

In short, Guguletu was under the control of the ANC for the day.

Marshalls wearing ANC and UDF colours maintained discipline during the 3km funeral procession.

Eventually more than 30 000 people — some estimates put the crowd at over 40 000 — ran two kilometres to the cemetery chanting "Oliver Tambo, Oliver Tambo".

Militant speeches characterized the ceremony.

Mr Aubrey Mokoena, chairman of the Release Mandela Campaign, said of the dead men: "They were not terrorists, they were democrats and freedom lovers."



A minibus speeds past a burning barricade in NY108, Guguletu, after the funeral.

Springs station mine blast: man badly hurt

STAR

84A

17/3/86

East Rand Bureau

A man was seriously hurt and several windows shattered when a limpet mine exploded in the centre of Springs on Saturday night.

A police spokesman said the mine went off in front of the railway station just before 11 pm. The bomb is believed to have been in a dustbin attached to a pole in First Street.

Several cars were damaged by shrapnel and the windows of a waiting room and the East Rand Cripple Care Association and Indian Administration Board were shattered.

HEARD LOUD BANG

The unidentified man was taken to the Far East Rand Hospital in Springs with chest, leg and facial injuries.

Mrs Louise Vorster, a resident of Petersfield, which is about 3 km from where the mine exploded, told *The Star* she heard a loud bang, but thought it was lightning.

"I've been a resident of Springs for many years and can just imagine what would have happened if that bomb had exploded during the day. It could have been a major tragedy," Mrs Vorster said.

TUESDAY, 18 MARCH 1986

Additional information: No surveys are done on 31 December 1985. Surveys are only done on the first Tuesday of March each year. The figure for 1985 was 328. From 5 March 1985 till 31 December 1985 an additional 5 secondary schools were registered.

Q *ask* *SBF*
Lenasia: irregularities
HANSWERD 18/3/86
 *25. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether the South African Police recently received any complaints and/or representations concerning alleged irregularities in the allocation of plots at Lenasia, near Johannesburg; if so, (a)(i) when and (ii) from whom were these complaints and/or representations received and (b) what was the nature thereof;
- (2) whether the alleged irregularities have been investigated; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings;
- (3) whether any action has been taken against any persons as a result of this investigation; if so, (a) what action and (b) against whom?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes.
- (a) (i) 5 February 1986.
- (ii) It is neither the custom nor the policy to reveal the names of complainants.
- (b) Alleged fraud with regard to the allotment of plots at Lenasia.
- (2) Yes, the investigation has not been completed, yet.
- (3) No.
- (a) and (b) Fall away.

Q *ask* *SBF*
Guguletu: persons killed/injured
HANSWERD 18/3/86
 *26. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) With reference to his reply to a question put in the House of Delegates on 4 March 1986 on an incident which occurred in Guguletu on 3 March 1986, involving the South African Police what was the cause of each death and injury which resulted from police action taken on that occasion;

- (2) whether the investigation into the true identities of those killed and injured has been completed; if not, (a) why not and (b) when is it anticipated that the investigation will be completed; if so, what are their names;
- (3) whether any of these persons had gunshot wounds; if so, in which parts of their bodies;

- (4) whether any of these persons attempted to surrender during this incident; if so, what action was taken by the police in response;

- (5) whether the South African Police had information that any of these persons (a) were members of the African National Congress, (b) had been trained as guerrillas and (c) were armed; if so, in respect of which of these persons in each case;

- (6) whether any weapons and ammunition were confiscated by the police in connection with this incident; if so, what specified weapons and ammunition;

- (7) whether these persons were travelling in a taxi; if not, (a) for what type of use had this vehicle been registered and (b) in whose name; if so, who is the owner of this vehicle;

- (8) whether this vehicle had been reported stolen; if so, (a) when, (b) where and (c) by whom;

- (9) what was the (a) name and (b) rank

TUESDAY, 18 MARCH 1986

of the officer in charge of the police who took this action in Guguletu;

- (10) whether any of these persons had previously been (a) detained, (b) arrested and (c) charged in terms of any security legislation; if so, (i) which persons, (ii) when and (iii) in terms of what statutory provisions in each case;

- (11) whether, prior to taking this action, the South African Police had received any information on the whereabouts of these persons; if so, (a) how, (b) when and (c) what specified information?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) The cause of each death and injuries sustained by the deceased will be explained in the various post-mortem reports. These reports are not available yet.

- (2) Yes.
 Mandela Simon Mxinwa.
 Themba Madiyana.
 Zola Alfred Swelani.
 Godfrey Jabulani Miya.
 Christopher Piet.
 Temba Mlifi.
 Zabonke John Konile.

- (3) Yes, all of them sustained gunshot wounds. The locality of the wounds were determined by the post-mortems. These reports are not available yet.

- (4) No.

- (5) (a) Yes.

- (b) Yes, as terrorists.

- (c) Yes, in respect of all the persons.

- (6) Yes.
 3 AK47 rifles.
 6 AK47 magazines.
 90 rounds AK47 ammunition.

- 1 Tokarev pistol with ammunition.
 1,45 revolver with ammunition.
 1,38 revolver with ammunition.
 1 RGD 5 handgrenade.
 1 F1 handgrenade.

- (7) No.

- (a) A private vehicle registered as a delivery van.

- (b) I do not deem it in the public interest to make known the name of the registered owner.

- (8) Yes.

- (a) 01h45 on 26 February 1986.

- (b) Guguletu.

- (c) Since the facts of the matter are the subject of criminal proceedings, I am not prepared to make known the particulars.

- (9) (a) and (b) I am not prepared to make public the particulars, except to say that it was a commissioned officer of the South African Police.

- (10) No.

- (a) to (c) Fall away.

- (11) Yes, at unknown addresses in the Old Cross Road and K T C squatter camps.

- (a) By applying of information collecting methods.

- (b) Initially on 27 February 1986 and thereafter again on 2 March 1986.

- (c) That a group of terrorists in a stolen vehicle would attack a police station and/or a bus containing members of the Force as passengers in Guguletu. Intensive attempts to trace the stolen vehicle and/or to arrest the potential attackers were not successful.

B-DAY
18/3/06 84A

Toti blast accused pleads not guilty

NINETEEN-YEAR-OLD Andrew Sibuisiso Zondo pleaded not guilty in the Scottburgh Supreme Court yesterday to five counts of murder and one of attempting to murder members of the public in December's Amanzimtoti bomb blast.

T L Skweyiya, for Zondo, said he did not wish to outline his client's defence at this stage.

The State's advocate Ross Stewart said he would lead evidence that Zondo went to the Sanlam Shopping Centre in Amanzimtoti carrying a sports bag containing a limpet mine with a detonator inserted.

Stewart said evidence would be led from survivors of the blast. —
Sapa.

Victims' father hits Toti accused

Argus
18/3/86
JLN
BZO

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — The father of a girl who died and two sons who were injured in the Amanzimtoti blast today punched the accused in the face.

The son, Mr John Bothma, had given evidence from his wheelchair in the Supreme Court, Scottburgh.

He broke down and wept as he described the bomb blast at the Sanlam Centre in which his 16-year-old sister died and he and his 13-year-old brother were badly wounded.

The accused, Mr Andrew Zondo, 19, staggered from the punch and Mr Bothma wheeled his son from the courtroom.

"CONTROL"

Mr Zondo is charged with the murder of the five people who died and with attempted murder. He has pleaded not guilty to all charges.

Mr Justice Leon told State counsel to tell Mr Bothma senior to control himself. "The accused is presumed innocent until he is proved guilty."

Mr John Bothma said that on December 23 he drove his brother Gavin and his sister Sharon to the centre.

"TERRIBLE SHOCK"

As they were leaving he felt a "terrible shock".

He found himself and Sharon lying on the ground. He heard her scream and thought: "Thank God she's OK." But she died that day.

Mr Bothma said that as a result of the injuries he could only "shuffle". He was in constant pain.

Gavin's left leg was badly injured and he had shrapnel in his eyes. He had had three operations and could see, "but very blurry".

Mr Bothma said: "It seems our lives are a total mess." His father had been worst affected.

● The alleged accomplice of Mr Zondo is to give his evidence in camera tomorrow. The trial was adjourned until then.

Witnesses recall horror of 'Toti shops bomb blast'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN—Mr Andrew Sibuisiso Zondo (19) pleaded not guilty in the Supreme Court in Scottburgh yesterday to five counts of murder and one of attempting to murder members of the public in December's Amanzimtoti bomb blast.

Mr T E Skweyiya, for Mr Zondo, did not wish to outline his client's defence at this stage.

Mr Ross Stewart, for the State, said he would lead evidence that Mr Zondo went to the Amanzimtoti Sanlam centre with an acquaintance and carrying a sports bag containing a limpet mine and detonator which was put in a rubbish bin and exploded at about 11 am.

Survivors of the blast would give evidence and there would be evidence of later acts by Mr Zondo.

The first State witness, Miss Lethea Magena, said she worked for Mr and Mrs van Wyk of Vereeniging and the family, including Marisa (5) and Willem (2), were on holiday. Willem was one of those killed.

Miss Magena said she was sent on an errand to the centre and took the children with her. Marisa went into a shop for an ice cream while she held Willem. As the little girl came out of the shop there was an explosion and something struck her foot.

'Incredible blast'

"Then something struck me in the left eye, which was destroyed immediately. I now have an artificial eye. The last I knew of Willem was when we both fell and were looking at one another.

"Willem grabbed me by the left wrist then let go. As far as I know he died right there."

She said Marisa was still suffering from her injuries.

Another witness, Mrs Lynette Lott, broke down as she told how her friend Mrs Anna Shearer sat up and called to her before dying.

The two were leaving the centre but Mrs Lott stopped to talk to a friend. Mrs Shearer walked on and there was "an incredible blast".

"Anna was lying opposite me. She sat up and called my name and then fell back."

Sobbing, Mrs Lott said she had not been able to move to help her. She believed Mrs Shearer must have died immediately because there was blood all over her mouth and nose.

Mrs Lott's right leg and arm were injured. She now has difficulty walking, despite a number of operations.

Mrs Shearer was married and the mother of an 18-month-old baby and two teenaged children.

Another witness described how he was helping his wife choose a bracelet when the bomb exploded.

Transvaaler Mr Dennis Mellors said he was standing against a dustbin with his children, niece and nephew when his wife called him into a gift shop.

After the blast he found himself turned away from the counter, crouching, and said his first instinct had been to run.

He then remembered his family and went to his wife, who was screaming.

He found his son under a pane of glass and handed him to his wife then ran to look for his daughter. She was lying on the shop floor.

They were all injured. His wife was still very shocked and had difficulty going shopping. His son had become incontinent, did not want to go to school and did not like to be among people.

(Proceeding)

Police increase security after station bombings

March 1986

230 84A

By Craig Kotze, Crime Reporter

Vigilance at all police stations is being intensified after the detention of a white woman in connection with bombs planted at John Vorster Square police headquarters and Hillbrow police station.

Police are refusing to give any information about the woman, detained at the weekend, although there is intense public interest in her identity, her political affiliations and when she will be charged. She is also being held in connection with a blast at the Cambridge police station in East London on February 19.

Police found three limpet mines in her possession. The blasts at all three police stations were caused by limpet mines placed in the toilets.

A police spokesman said today that vigilance and security at all police stations was being intensified, but police stations were public places and the public had to have access to them.

The police investigation into the bombings is continuing, a Police Public Relations Directorate spokesman said in Pretoria today.

He would not say which the woman would be named or when she would appear in court.

Last Tuesday at 11.57 am a blast ripped through a second floor toilet next to the Vehicle Branch offices at John Vorster Square.

Women's toilet

Two policemen, Captain P van Heerden and Warrant Officer H Vermeulen, and two members of the public, Mr George Papathanasopoulos and a Mr Theodopolos, were slightly injured.

Nobody was hurt on Friday when police detonated a limpet mine found in the women's toilet at Hillbrow police station.

Several streets were cordoned off and nearby buildings evacuated before police exploded the mine in a side street at 11.26 pm. Some windows broke.

No-one was injured in the blast at the Cambridge police station in East London on February 19, but the explosion caused extensive damage to the building.

84A
B.D.A. 19/3/86
Father of 3
Toti victims
hits accused

THERE was drama at the Amanzimtoti bomb blast trial yesterday when a man — who was wheeling a badly-wounded victim out of the Scottburgh Supreme Court — punched the accused in the face.

Wheelchair witness John Bothma had earlier wept as he described the bomb blast in which his sister died, and he and his brother were badly injured.

The man who threw the punch was later identified as Bothma's father. The accused, Andrew Zondo, 19, staggered back and Bothma continued to wheel the witness from the courtroom.

Zondo has pleaded not guilty to five counts of murder and one of attempting to murder members of the public.

Mr Justice Leon told State counsel to tell Bothma he must control himself. He said no one was to touch the accused during the trial.

Mr Justice Leon also said he had been informed that a member of the public was heard to say: "Kill him." He warned that anyone making remarks of that sort would be removed from the court.

John Bothma gave evidence that his family went on holiday to Amanzimtoti regularly. On the morning of December 23, he drove his brother, Gavin, 13, and his sister, Sharon, 16, to the Sanlam shopping centre where they spent an hour.

As they were leaving he felt a terrible shock going through him, like an electric shock. He found himself lying on the ground. Sharon was also on the ground but at first he could not see Gavin.

He heard Sharon scream and thought: "Thank God, she is OK". He said Sharon died later that day.

Bothma said that as a result of the injuries to his legs, he could now only "shuffle, that is about all". He said he was in constant pain.

Gavin's left leg was badly injured and he had shrapnel in his eyes. He had had three operations on one eye and was to have another.

The hearing continues today.

Now for
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SPAR 19/3/86

~~84A~~ 84A

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'Toti blast accused punched in court

Own Correspondent

SCOTTBURGH — There was drama in the Circuit Court yesterday during the Amamzimtoti bomb trial when a man who was wheeling a badly wounded blast victim out of court after he had given evidence punched the accused in the face.

The wheelchair witness, Mr Willem Bothma, had earlier wept as he described the blast, in which his sister died and he and his brother were wounded.

The man who threw the punch was later identified as Mr Bothma's father.

The accused, Mr Andrew Zondo (19), staggered back, and Mr Bothma continued to wheel the witness from the courtroom.

The judge, Mr Justice Leon, asked what had happened.

He told the State counsel to tell Mr Bothma to control himself.

"As far as the accused is concerned, he is presumed to be innocent until he is proved guilty. No one is to touch the accused or lay hands on him during

this trial."

The judge said he had been informed that a member of the public had been heard saying "Kill him". He warned that anyone making such remarks would be removed from court.

In his evidence, Mr John Bothma testified that his family went to Amanzimtoti on holiday quite regularly.

On the morning of December 23 he drove his brother Gavin (13) and his sister Sharon (16) to the Sanlam Centre, where they spent about an hour buying presents.

As they were leaving, he felt a terrible shock go through his body, like an electric shock.

He found himself lying on the ground next to Sharon.

He heard her scream, and thought: "Thank God, she is all right." But she died later that day.

Mr Bothma said that as a result of the injuries to his legs he could now only "shuffle along" and was in constant pain.

The hearing continues.

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Man punches accused in bombing trial

CALL TIME 19/3/76
844

SCOTTBURGH. — There was drama yesterday in the Supreme Court here when a man wheeling a wounded victim of the Amanzimtoti bomb blast out of court punched the accused in the face.

The wheelchair witness, Mr John Bothma, had earlier broken down and wept as he described the bomb blast in which his sister died and he and his brother were badly wounded.

The man who threw the punch was later identified as Mr Bothma's father. The accused, Mr Andrew Zondo, 19, staggered back and Mr Bothma continued to wheel the witness out of the court.

The judge, Mr Justice Leon, said: "No one is to touch the accused or lay hands on him during this trial."

Earlier, Mr John Bothma broke down after being asked the effect of the bomb blast on his family.

He said: "Our lives are

a total mess. Nothing is the same."

His father had been worst affected.

Mr Bothma said his family often went on holiday to Amanzimtoti.

On the morning of December 23 he drove his brother Gavin, 13, and his sister Sharon, 16, to the Sanlam shopping centre to buy presents.

As they were leaving he felt a terrible shock going through him and found himself lying on the ground.

Sharon died later that day.

Mr Bothma said that as a result of the injuries to his legs, he could now only "shuffle, that is about all". He said he was in constant pain.

Gavin's left leg was badly injured and he had shrapnel in his eyes.

He had had three operations on one eye and was to have another.

Then he would have shrapnel removed from the other eye. His brother could see "but

very blurry". — Sapa

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Police warned twice of terror attack in Guguletu: Le Grange

Political Correspondent

THE Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, gave details in Parliament of the shoot-out in Guguletu on March 4 in which seven men were killed by police.

In answer to questions by Mr Tian van der Merwe (PFP Green Point) Mr le Grange said yesterday those killed were Mandla Simon Mxinwa, Themba Madiyana, Zola Alfred Swelani, Godfrey Jabulani Miya, Christopher Piet, Temba Mlifi and Zabonke John Konile.

Gunshot wounds

All had gunshot wounds and the cause of death would be explained in post-mortem reports not yet available.

Police received information about them on February 27 and again on March 2.

The police were told a group of terrorists in a stolen vehicle would attack a police station and/or a bus carrying policemen in Guguletu. Attempts to trace the stolen vehicle (a delivery van) and to arrest the potential attackers were unsuccessful.

The police had information that all were members of the African National Congress and had all been trained as terrorists.



Mr Louis le Grange

The police confiscated three AK47 rifles and six magazines, 90 rounds of AK47 ammunition, one Tokarev pistol with ammunition, one 0,45 revolver with ammunition, one 0,38' revolver with ammunition, one RGD5 hand-grenade and one F1 hand-grenade.

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A

Alleged police station bomber's sister freed

The Argus Correspondent

Argus 20/3/68 Sup
29

JOHANNESBURG. — Security police have released Miss Debbie Sparg, sister of alleged police station bomber Miss Marion Sparg.

She was held under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

She was detained shortly after her sister was arrested in connection with limpet mines at police stations at Cambridge, East London, Hillbrow and John Vorster Square.

Police are also holding a man in connection with the bombings. He has been identified as Mr Stephen Marais.

Mr Marais, according to police, was detained in Aliwal North shortly after the Hillbrow blast on March 7.

Mr Marais is also being held in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

Police have still not said when Miss Marion Sparg and Mr Marais would appear in court.

11605 20/3/80 (844)
321

Don't touch, says judge in Toti bomb trial

The Argus Correspondent

SCOTTBURGH. — Mr Justice Leon today warned that he would deal swiftly and severely with anyone who tried to touch Mr Andrew Zondo, the accused in the Amanzimtoti bomb trial.

The judge said this at the start of proceedings.

Mr Zondo, 19, has pleaded not guilty to charges of murdering the five people who died in the blast at the Sanlan shopping centre on December 23 and to attempted murder.

Mr Justice Leon said there were two incidents two days ago — one he did not see and the other he did not hear.

A member of the public struck Mr Zondo, apparently in the face, and another person tried to encourage someone to commit violence on the accused by saying "Kill him".

"COURT WILL DECIDE"

Mr Justice Leon said this would not be tolerated.

"This is a court of law and this court will decide if the accused is guilty or innocent. It alone will decide what punishment he will receive."

A Maritzburg psychiatrist, Dr Alan Trengrove-Jones, said in evidence he believed it would be a waste of time to send Mr Zondo for mental observation.

He believed that at present Mr Zondo was not mentally disordered.

"DEPRESSED"

Mr Zondo was depressed but this was consistent with his circumstances.

The psychiatrist was called to give evidence by the State, which is opposing an application by the defence to have Mr Zondo sent for mental observation.

The doctor said that in the hour that he had interviewed Mr Zondo he had found him co-operative, with a clear level of consciousness.

The judge refused the application for Mr Zondo to be sent for mental observation.

He asked Dr Trengrove-Jones to remain in attendance for the rest of the trial because it might be necessary to reconsider the question later.

The judge adjourned the case until Monday.

Second blast rocks Springs

MS 4-5
20/3/86

84A

The Argus Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — A bomb blast has rocked Springs for the second time in five days.

The explosion was at the New Apostolic Church in Second Street, Geduld, a residential area, just before 9pm yesterday.

It is believed the bomb was planted next to a wall surrounding the entrance.

No one was injured.

Five days ago a limpet mine exploded at Springs railway station and a man was seriously injured.

2nd bomb blast in Springs

20/3/81

STAR

84A

A bomb blast hit Springs for the second time in five days last night.

The explosion happened at the New Apostolic Church in Second Street, Geduld, just before 9 pm. It is believed the bomb was planted on the inside of a wall at the church entrance.

No one was injured in the blast and only slight damage was caused to the building. Several windows and plaster in the church were damaged. A few houses in the vicinity also had windows shattered.

Last night explosives experts combed the area, trying to identify what type of bomb was used.

Five days ago a limpet mine exploded at the Springs Railway Station.

Psychiatric evidence to be led today

84A

'Accomplice' says he expected 'Toti bomb to destroy building

DURBAN — A witness told the Supreme Court in Scottburgh yesterday that when a bomb was planted in an Amanzimtoti shopping centre he thought many people would die and the building collapse.

The man, who may be identified only as Mr X, was testifying at the trial of Mr Andrew Sibuisiso Zondo (19), who is appearing on five counts of murder and one count of attempted murder.

He has pleaded not guilty to the charges before Mr Justice Leon and two assessors.

Before the trial resumed yesterday, Mr Justice Leon ordered that allegations by Mr Zondo that he had been assaulted in prison be investigated immediately and a personal report made to him.

The judge also said he had not witnessed an attack on Mr Zondo this week, but if he had he would have had the culprit arrested.

Mr X, who claimed that he

accompanied Mr Zondo to the Amanzimtoti shopping centre, said there were many people in the arcade, mostly white, at the time the bomb was planted.

He said he had been told by Mr Zondo that the bomb was to be in retaliation "on behalf of our brothers who had been attacked by the SADF in Lesotho".

Mr X said he met Mr Zondo at the beginning of December and knew him as Sakhile.

Mr Zondo taught him about hand grenades and limpet mines, he told the court.

SLOW WALK

He said that on December 23 Mr Zondo told him he had received a message from higher authorities and that they had to act within four days.

He asked him to fetch a limpet mine which he (Mr X) had hidden. He fetched it and Mr Zondo unwrapped it in a bedroom.

Mr X said they arrived at

Amanzimtoti in a taxi and after eating some food from the top of a rubbish bin in an arcade Mr Zondo put some papers into it. There was a sound of a stone hitting against metal.

He said Mr Zondo then asked him to walk slowly out of the arcade, and said that once they were outside they should leave quickly.

Mr X said he and Mr Zondo parted company at Isipingo, but they met again the same day.

He said Mr Zondo asked him if he had heard what had happened at Amanzimtoti and when he replied that he had, he said that only four people had died there as against nine "brothers" in Lesotho.

Mr Zondo's counsel, Mr Skweyiya, reserved his cross-examination of Mr X and renewed his application for Mr Zondo to be sent for mental observation.

He said he had been unable to get proper instructions from the

accused.

Mr Ross Stuart, for the State, objected to the application and said that the mental state of the accused might be different today to what it was at the time of the offence.

The defence called Dr Donald Mazibuko, a district surgeon for Umbumbulu, and the accused's father, the Rev Aset Zondo of kwaMashu, to testify.

UNDER STRAIN

The Rev Zondo told the court that his son had been mentally deranged in 1983 and he had taken him to a doctor.

The father said Mr Zondo disappeared in 1983 — that was the last time he had seen him.

Mr Zondo said his son was under strain, and although he was reluctant to leave home he was under great pressure.

Psychiatric evidence will be led today so that the judge can decide whether Mr Zondo should be sent for observation. — Sapa.

Zondo claims jail assault

MR JUSTICE Leon yesterday ordered that claims by the man allegedly responsible for the Amanzimtoti bomb blast, that he had been assaulted in prison, should be investigated urgently and a personal report made to him.

He added that if the assaults were happening steps would have to be taken so they did not occur again.

He is presiding at the trial of Andrew Zondo, 19, in a Supreme Court sitting in Scottburgh.

Zondo has pleaded not guilty to murdering five people who died in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 last year.

He has also pleaded not guilty to attempting to murder members of the

public who were in the shopping centre.

Defence counsel yesterday applied for Zondo to be sent for mental observation.

After an adjournment to consider the matter, Judge Leon said it seemed to him to be better from his point of view, and from the point of view of any psychiatrist who might examine Zondo, that there should be some evidence led on what the accused did and said at the time of the alleged offence.

He ruled accordingly.

The bomb was to be in retaliation "on behalf of our brothers who had been shot by the SADF in Lesotho", a witness, who may not be identified, said.

He said he was told this by Zondo. The trial continues. — Sapa.

STAR 84A
21/3/86

Three injured in petrol bomb attacks

Three people were injured when several Atteridgeville homes were petrol-bombed yesterday morning and today, police said.

They said five houses had been petrol-bombed and that minimal damage was caused.

However, residents said seven houses were petrol-bombed and that no injuries had been reported.

A Saulsville/Atteridgeville Youth Organisation spokesman said he believed the attacks were directed at the homes of several political activists.

He said three youths were injured in an attack on the home of Mr Ephraim Motlana of Kudu Street early this morning. —
Pretoria Bureau.

Seven killed in Guguletu violence

Argus
FEB 12/86
6414



Pictures: DOUG PITHEY, The Argus

Aftermath of a night of violence: Guguletu residents survey a burnt-out minibus, destroyed early today.



The gutted remains of a house destroyed by fire during the night.

By **STEPHEN WROTTESELEY**, Crime Reporter

SEVEN men have been murdered in Guguletu and New Crossroads, bringing the death toll in the area to nine within 36 hours.

Police are trying today to establish if there were political motives for the latest deaths.

They are also investigating whether they were killed by the group responsible for Wednesday night's two deaths or whether they died in revenge killings.

The seven bodies were found early today after a night in which "comrades" and "fathers" apparently set out to settle differences following the death of Mr James Mehlala, 56, and Mr Venfolo Sitwayi, 38.

The two were stoned, hacked and burnt near their New Crossroads homes.

"Battles"

It has been claimed that Mr Mehlala was killed by "comrades".

Mr Sitwayi and Mr Mehlala were chairman and deputy-chairman of the New Crossroads Committee.

Police said they had no knowledge of running battles between the two groups but said that just before midnight a house in Damara Street, New Crossroads, was set alight and a mobile shop nearby was looted.

The seven bodies were found by police patrols between 4am and 4.30am today. The men were aged from 35 to 45.

Pangas

Three were found in NY78, Guguletu, two in Koornhof Street, New Crossroads, and two in Nontulo Street, New Crossroads, police said.

All had been killed with "sharp objects", which police believe may have been pangas.

The bodies had not been defiled, as had been the case with the bodies of Mr Mehlala and Mr Sitwayi.

They were lying in the streets and on pavements. It seems that they were attacked by a roaming crowd.

Petrol bomb

Unrest broke out in parts of the Guguletu and Crossroads complex yesterday afternoon.

Police said that at 2.15pm a petrol bomb was thrown at a police vehicle on patrol in NY2, Guguletu.

Between 2pm yesterday and 3am today there were six reported instances of stone-throwing in NY108, Guguletu, and areas of Crossroads and New Crossroads.

When a Casspir was attacked at 9.15pm yesterday tearsmoke was used by police to disperse a crowd of about 200. There were no injuries, police said.

• More unrest reports, Page 2.

Questions over Cape Times reporter

By EBRAHIM MOOSA
Political Reporter

QUESTIONS have been raised in Parliament regarding the barring of the Cape Times crime reporter, Mr Chris Bateman, from police press conferences on crime.

Mr Dave Dalling, the PFP media spokesman and MP for Sandton, in written questions, has asked the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, for details.

The questions aim at seeking clarity on whether the steps taken against the reporter were in terms of the agreement reached between the South African Police and the Newspaper Press Union.

After reporting eyewitness accounts of the shootout between police and seven alleged ANC guerillas in Langa on March 3, Mr Bateman was subpoenaed to provide the names of his sources to the police. The subpoena was later withdrawn.

Subsequently Mr Bateman was informed by the police that he could no longer attend the routine conferences since he did not have the required special police accreditation.

The minister is scheduled to reply to the questions on April 8.

● The Southern African Society of Journalists yesterday expressed "concern". A statement to Sapa said: "We believe that this is a punitive measure against Mr Bateman and the Cape Times and undermines all the assurances given that special police accreditation will not be used to restrict the flow of information to the press."

IN BRIEF

Japan aiding blacks

JAPAN's decision to start a scholarship fund for black SA students, in the wake of that country's decision last year to impose limited economic sanctions against SA, is described by a Japanese official as showing Japan's commitment to evolutionary change in SA.

The fund, worth more than R1m, was formed last month.

The first scholarships from the fund, worth R9 000, will be awarded to two black SA university students this year.

Japan has arranged for two other SA blacks to visit Japan next week to familiarise themselves with Japanese culture, politics and economics.

Cameraman robbed

CAMERA and video equipment worth about R65 000 was stolen from the car of Visnews cameraman and correspondent Jimi Matthews while he was on an assignment in Athlone, Cape Town. The theft occurred on Wednesday afternoon in the Athlone shopping area.

Freer broadcasting

BRUSSELS — A move to scrap national controls over broadcasting throughout the European Community and allow TV viewers the choice of programmes from any EC country has been launched.

THE vital importance of blacks' rising buying-power to the red meat industry was stressed yesterday by Meat Board deputy GM Frans Pieterse.

He told the annual congress of the SA Feedlot Association in Johannesburg that whites remained 16th on the list of the world's biggest meat eaters.

However, by the year 2 000 the black population would consume 68% of available food compared with the current 48%.

Blacks' economic activity and urbanisation were increasing

Act aimed at countering 'terrorism'

Botswana unveils new security laws

GABORONE — Botswana unveiled tough legislation to combat "acts of terrorism and sabotage" yesterday.

The National Security Act 1986, published in the *Government Gazette*, will be debated during the current session of parliament and is expected to be passed without opposition.

In a memorandum released with the legislation, Presidential Affairs Minister Ponatshego Kedikilwe referred to four incidents of "terrorism" in Botswana last year:

□ The blowing up of a house in the Gaborone suburb of Jinja in February;

□ The death of an SA refugee in a car bomb blast near the town centre in April;

□ A raid by SA commandos on Gaborone in June;

□ A bomb blast in the village of Mochudi, 40km north of Gaborone, last October.

"In the light of these terrorist

activities, the government has decided to introduce legislation to combat these acts of terrorism and sabotage," he said.

The Act provides law enforcement officers with extensive powers, including arrest without warrant, and jail terms of up to 30 years.

It states: "It shall not be necessary, on a prosecution under this Act, to show that the accused person was guilty of any particular act." It says a person may be convicted "from the circumstances of the case, or his conduct, or his known character as proved, if it appears his purpose was a purpose prejudicial to the safety or interests of Botswana".

SA said the commando raid on Gaborone last year, in which 12 people were killed, was directed at active members of the ANC seeking the violent overthrow of the SA government.

Botswana said the victims were innocent civilians. Sapa-Reuter.

Meat Board pins hope on black consumers

GERALD REILLY

with rising educational levels.

And their earnings would continue to increase.

Referring to the drastic decline in red meat consumption, Pieterse said there was, nevertheless, a bright future for the

industry "especially with the eating habits of the black giant, which is only just waking up as far as red meat consumption is concerned".

Pieterse said the major increase in disposable incomes was forecast for the black sector.

December sales hit 5-year low

RETAIL sales for December last year hit a five-year low, according to the latest Central Statistical Services release.

"Only in the case of furniture dealers did real sales maintain the same level as for December 1984," says the report.

Total sales for December 1984 were measured at R2,44bn with a rise to R2,55bn for December 1985 on current prices. At a constant 1980 pricing, the 1984 figure reads R1,44bn, compared with R1,29bn for December 1985.

At current prices, six of the 13 business categories measured showed a rise.

They were: Grocers and other foodstuff dealers, up 9,9%; chemists, up 10,4%; general department stores, up 4%; general dealers up 8,9%; dealers in miscellaneous goods, up 7,8%; and dealers in furniture and household requisites, up 21%.

The most noticeable drops in sales were a 16,1% fall in the sports and entertainment requisites category; 9,5% down in the jewellery trade; 8,7% drop in book stores and stationers and 8,4% down in clothing, footwear and textiles.

"This increase, which is expected to be four times the rate of that for whites, will bring total consumption to the same level as whites by the end of the century."

Pieterse said the Meat Board was now exploiting the market potential, and was promoting campaigns "to bring red meat within reach of the black consumer".

However, the board's total strategy was to win back white, black, coloured and Asian consumers.

'Toti court: Microcosm of SA tensions

By CARMEL RICKARD
in Durban

MANY of the tensions and divisions in South Africa are being played out in the Scottburgh Circuit Court, where Andrew Sibusiso Zondo is standing trial for planting a limpet mine in Amanzimtoti last Christmas.

Five people died in the blast and scores more were injured.

As they gave evidence, survivors of the blast spoke movingly about the effect on their lives of the explosion and the wounds they sustained.

Several of them broke down and wept uncontrollably as they recalled the incident.

The father of a girl killed in the blast was so overcome that, as he wheeled his son — confined to a wheelchair since the explosion — from the court, he lunged at Zondo and punched him on the head.

Zondo jumped backwards to avoid the attack and narrowly missed falling down the stairs to the cells. During the rumpus a white man in the public gallery, referring to Zondo, yelled, "Kill him".

The following day, in stark contrast, Zondo's father, the Reverend Aiken Zondo, gave evidence about his son's mental condition.

He said he had been "mentally deranged" in 1983 after he was picked up by police.

His son was under a lot of strain after he joined a "certain organisation" and disappeared at the start of his matric year.

His father said the family had some idea that he was planning to "leave home."

"We tried almost every day to change his mind. He did not want to go away. He did well at school.

"He phoned to say good-bye to his mother the day before he left. He was crying and shedding tears. The next day he phoned and I spoke to him. He was crying tears and said he hoped he would come back."

The next time the family had contact with him was after he had been charged and was being held in custody.

The chief state witness — who may not be named — told the court that the Toti bomb had been planned in retaliation for a Lesotho shooting incident, allegedly by South Africans, which claimed nine lives earlier in December.

He said he did not know the exact source of the order that the retaliation should come "within four days", but he believed it was from Umkhonto we Sizwe, the ANC's military wing.

The witness said that the two of them had taken the limpet mine to Amanzimtoti in a sports bag. At the centre, they had bought cakes and soft drinks which they had eaten off the top of a rubbish bin in the arcade.

When they had finished, Zondo had put the food papers into the sports bag, then taken "these things" out and dropped them into the bin.

He said he did not see exactly what he had put inside the bin, but had heard a sound "like a stone hitting against metal".

Asked what he thought would happen as a result of their action, the witness said: "I thought that when the bomb detonated people would die and the building would collapse."

That afternoon the two had discussed the news of the blast.

Mr X said: "He told me that our brothers hit in Lesotho were nine, but at Amanzimtoti there were only four dead. He seemed dissatisfied with the news."

A feature of the trial has been the tight security — the strictest yet seen at such a case in Natal.

This could explain the lack of the usual symbols seen in political trials. There are virtually no black people apart from police-attending-the-case. No-one stands as the accused is brought in, or sings while waiting for the hearing to start.

There have also been allegations of assaults on Zondo by Scottburgh jail warders. These complaints were brought to the attention of the judge by Zondo's defence counsel and Justice Ray Leon has ordered an urgent investigation.



At the New Brighton funeral of seven alleged ANC members, three white women in UDF T-shirts join mourners at the graveside in clenched fist salutes. The coffins are draped in ANC flags
Picture: ADIL BRADLOW

Now white schools call for mixing

By MOIRA LEVY
Cape Town.

A QUIET revolution is slowly taking place in white education in the Western Cape. Parents and teachers at a growing number of schools are adding their voices to a call to open schools to pupils of all races.

This follows a decision last month by parents at Cape Town's prestigious SACS College to welcome all pupils irrespective of race.

And this week organised teachers in Education for an Aware South Africa (Edasa) circulated a petition among pupils, staff and parents at several Cape Town high schools demanding "open schools in an open society".

Teachers are to stage placard demonstrations on several main roads today.

Pamphlets demanding that schools be opened to all races, and highlighting the national education crisis, have been distributed to schools and homes throughout the white suburbs.

An Edasa official said school committees at an unspecified number of schools were presently debating opening their doors to all pupils.

She said that she knew of at least four schools that had received calls from concerned parents living in other group areas requesting that their children be admitted, in the wake of last year's class boycott.

"But there is no point talking about opening schools without the Group Areas Act being abolished. For a start you simply cannot separate education and politics," she said.

Schoolteacher Gareth Rossiter, who is a member of the Edasa co-ordinating committee, said Edasa calls for the opening of schools and the abolition of all apartheid legislation that "blocks the vision of a normal and democratic education system".

"Edasa stresses the need for all who share a vision of an open society to assert our right to work towards a nonracial democratic system," Rossiter said.

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Limpet mines were used

60 DAY 21/3/86 84A
ANN PALMER

LIMPET mines were used in three bomb-related incidents on the East Rand in the past six days.

However, a police spokesman said yesterday he could not confirm that they were investigating a link between the incidents.

At 11pm on Saturday, a limpet mine exploded in a rubbish bin outside the Springs railway station. Four vehicles were damaged and windows in surrounding buildings were shattered.

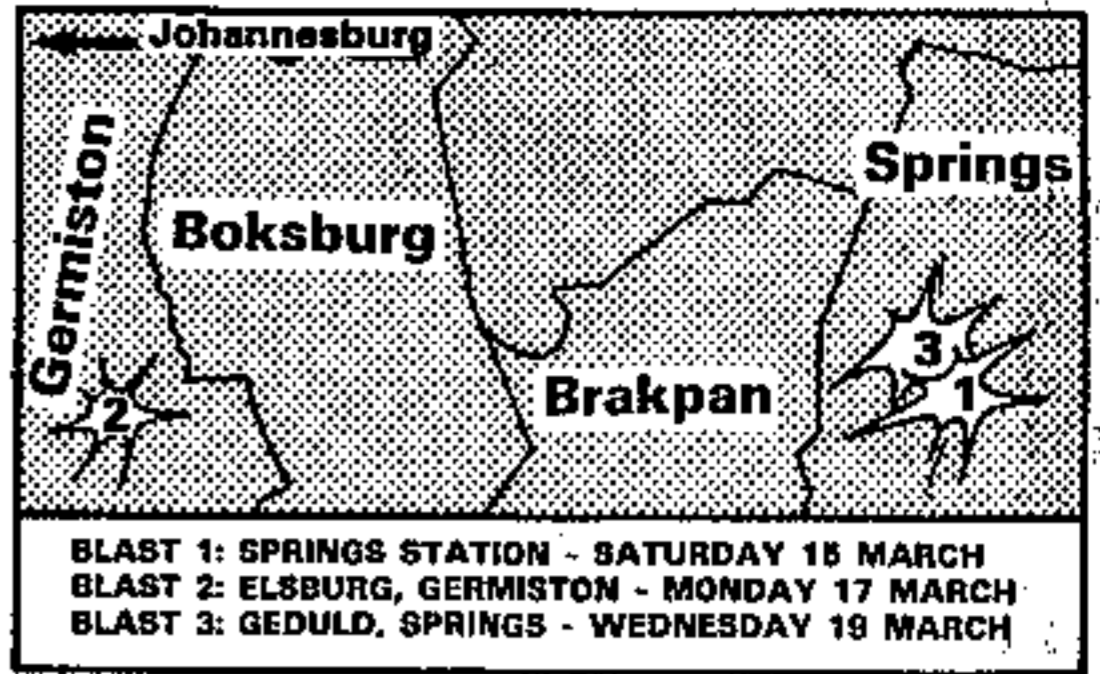
A black man, who was seriously injured when the mine went off, is

still in hospital under police guard. Police are investigating the possibility that he might be connected with the explosion.

At 2,30pm on Monday, a mini limpet mine was discovered at the Elsburg Afrikaans High School, near Germiston. It was in a plastic shopping bag. Police detonated the mine.

Nobody has been arrested in connection with this incident.

An explosion blasted a gaping hole



in an outside wall of the New Apostolic Church in Geduld, outside Springs, on Wednesday night shortly after worshippers left an evening service.

The spokesman confirmed that a limpet mine had been used but said no arrests had been made.

Three limpet mine blasts

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Limpet mines were used in three East Rand bomb-related incidents in the past six days.

A police spokesman yesterday said he could not confirm that police were investigating a link between the incidents.

● On Saturday at 11pm a limpet mine exploded in a rubbish bin outside the Springs railway station.

● On Monday at 2.30pm a mini limpet mine was found at the Elsburg Afrikaans High School, near Germiston, in a bag by a cafe owner. Police detonated it.

● An explosion blasted a hole in a wall of the New Apostolic Church in Geduld, outside Springs, on Wednesday.

Judge warns public in Toti bomb trial

CAP TINTS 20/3/88 (84A) 327

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Mr Justice Leon yesterday refused an application in the Scottburgh Supreme Court for the accused in the Amanzimtoti bomb blast trial to be sent for mental observation.

He gave his decision after the State called a senior psychiatrist at Midlands Hospital, Dr Trengrove Jones, who said he believed it would be a waste of time to send Mr Andrew Sibuisiso Zondo, 19, who is appearing on five counts of murder and one count of attempted murder, for observation.

Mr Zondo has pleaded not guilty.

Mr Justice Leon, however, asked Dr Jones to remain in court for the rest of the trial because it might be necessary to reconsider the position later.

Earlier, the judge warned that the accused should not be touched or molested by any member of the public.

He said the striking of the accused by a man in court and remarks encouraging people to "kill the accused" would not be tolerated.

Dr Jones and two other witnesses were called by the State to give evidence on whether they had difficulty in communicating with the accused.

They were called after Mr T L Skweyiya, for Mr Zondo, renewed his application for his client to be sent for observation.

Dr Jones said he had consulted with Mr Zondo for more than an hour and had found him to be in good health.

He said he appeared tired and depressed and in his opinion it was not due to any mental illness.

He said Mr Zondo was very co-operative and although he was emotional he had no difficulty in communicating with him.

Dr Jones said he believed it would be waste of time sending Mr Zondo for mental observation.

Captain Alexander Wood said he also had no difficulty in communicating with Mr Zondo when he questioned him at the Scottburgh police station from January 6 to February 24.

He said Mr Zondo appeared to be worried and had told him that "they are going to hang me".

Too late for classification

BIRTHS

BENEKE. — To Richard and Robyn (nee Stacey), a daughter Catherine, sister for Graham, born at Mowbray Maternity Hospital on March 19. We praise God for this new life and thank doctors and staff for their care.

Police name ANC suspect killed in Katlehong clash

March 1986

84A

Crime Reporter

Police shot dead a man believed to be an African National Congress terrorist linked with recent limpet mine blasts on the East Rand in Katlehong township, near Germiston, this week after he threw a hand-grenade at them.

Another man who fled from the scene is being hunted by police.

The dead man has been identified as Mr Samuel Segola, who used the Umkhonto We Sizwe alias of Elias Banda. The fugitive has been named as Mr Roland Mlapy, alias "Clement", police said.

Mr Mlapy is also suspected to be involved in the East Rand bombings.

The grenade thrown at police failed to explode, a police spokesman in Pretoria said today.

Three Russian AKMS rifles with six loaded magazines, a revolver, grenade fuses and limpet and mini-limpet mines were seized from a house in the

township, police said. They said material found in a rucksack at the house was similar to that used in the explosions.

In a statement, police said the shooting was a sequel to a tipoff received from people in Katlehong. The dead terrorist had received training outside South Africa, police added.

A large number of nuts and bolts for attachment to limpet mines to increase the shrapnel effect of a blast were also seized, they said.

The dead man's involvement with recent blasts in Springs was still being investigated, the spokesman said.

On Saturday March 15, a man was slightly injured when a limpet mine exploded at Springs Station. Two days later a mini-limpet mine was rendered harmless by police at an Elsburg cafe.

Another two days after that a limpet mine exploded near a church in Springs. No one was injured.

'Toti trial: Judge says no to plea for mental observation

STAR

84A

211386

SCOTTBURGH — Mr Justice R N Leon yesterday refused an application for Mr Andrew Sibuisiso Zondo (19), accused in the Amanzimtoti blast trial, to be sent for mental observation.

Mr Zondo is accused of five murders and one attempted murder and has pleaded not guilty.

The judge gave his decision in the Supreme Court, sitting in Scottburgh, after the State called a senior psychiatrist at Midlands Hospital, Dr A Trengrove-Jones, who believed it would be a waste of time to send the youth for observation.

However, the judge asked the doctor to remain in court for the rest of the trial in case the position had to be re-considered.

Earlier, the judge warned that the accused should not be touched or molested by anybody. He said the striking of the accused by a man in court and remarks encouraging people to "kill the accused" would not be tolerated.

The State called Dr Trengrove-Jones and two other witnesses to testify on whether they had difficulty communicating with the accused after Mr T L Skweyiya, for the defence, renewed his application for Mr Zondo to be sent for observation.

The doctor said he had spoken to Mr

Zondo for more than an hour and found him to be in good health. He seemed tired and depressed but this did not seem to be due to any mental illness.

Mr Zondo was emotional but very co-operative and not hard to communicate with.

A police officer, Captain Alexander Wood, also said he had no difficulty in communicating with Mr Zondo when he questioned him at Scottburgh police station from January 6 to February 24.

He had seemed worried and had said: "They are going to hang me."

SEVERELY PREJUDICED

After Mr Justice Leon refused the application, Mr Skweyiya asked for the trial to be postponed until after Easter so senior counsel could be engaged.

This was refused after Mr Ross Stuart, for the State, said Mr X, the man who allegedly accompanied Mr Zondo on the day the bomb was planted, would be severely prejudiced if he had to wait some weeks before being cross-examined.

Mr Justice Leon postponed the trial until Monday and asked Mr Skweyiya to engage a senior counsel. If he was unable to get one by then he would have to proceed on his own. — Sapa.

STAR 2/3/96

A massive petrol-bomb offensive against Soweto policemen and their families was thwarted in the nick of time when police swooped on groups of youths and seized 55 of the bombs.

At least one youth was killed and two 14-year-olds were wounded by police in clashes during follow-up operations. Ten youths were arrested, including the two wounded, said a police spokesman.

The wounded youths are being treated under police guard at the Baragwanath Hospital, police said.

Police also saved the 14-year-

Large-scale attacks on police thwarted

old sister of a black policeman from a "necklace" death when they rescued her from youths.

Acting on tipoffs, police on Wednesday surprised a 250-strong group of youths in Orlando and seized 47 ready-made bombs — only hours before the attacks were due to have taken place. Four youths were arrested.

Another eight bombs were seized by police later in the day and 28 empty bottles, allegedly to be used in petrol bombs, were found, said Major General Jan Coetzee, Divisional Commissioner of Police in Soweto, today.

"A bloodbath was prevented with grace from above," he said. The attacks were due to have taken place on the homes and

families of black policemen in Diepmeadow, Orlando, Diepkloof and Dobsonville, the general said.

Later police received further information and in follow-up operations confronted a 300-strong group of youths in Diepkloof.

Teargas was used to disperse the group and a further eight petrol-bombs were seized.

A youth hurled a petrol-bomb at police and one shot was fired by the police.

The body of a youth was later found in the vicinity of the clash. He has not yet been identified.

Broker recommends war-risks insurance cover

WAR exclusions may in future be used by some insurers to repudiate claims under personal accident policies for death or injury resulting from guerrilla activity.

"At the moment, insurers are still likely to pay for claims resulting from, say, a land-mine explosion, but in view of the hard state of the insurance market, this position could change quite rapidly," says Jannie du Plessis, senior di-

Business Day Reporter

rector of insurance broker PFI Northern Transvaal. ^{21/3/86} _{RDM}

Recent incidents of rural terrorism in the northern border areas have increased the risk exposures which previously applied largely to urban situations.

"There are still possibilities that injury or death cover under stan-

dard personal accident policies will soon no longer apply, or that claims will be rejected under war exclusions. To be absolutely safe, war-risks cover should be taken out," says Du Plessis.

^{84A} "This cover is available at little extra premium. It is particularly pertinent for farming communities and people who travel regularly in or through exposed areas."

B DAY
21/3/86 *84A*
Judge warns public not to touch Toti accused Zondo

MR JUSTICE LEON warned yesterday that he would deal swiftly, summarily and severely with any member of the public who tried to touch alleged Amanzimtoti bomber Andrew Zondo.

He said this in a statement at the start of the trial in Scottburgh yesterday.

Zondo, 19, has pleaded not guilty to murdering the five people who died in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre on December 23 last year.

He has also pleaded not guilty to attempting to murder members of the public who were there at the time.

Mr Justice Leon said there had been two incidents two days ago — one he did not witness and the other he did not hear.

In the first, a member of the public apparently struck Zondo in the face, while in the second a member of the public tried to encourage another to commit violence on the accused by saying "Kill him."

"This is a court of law and this court will decide if the accused is guilty or innocent, and this court alone will decide what punishment he will receive," the judge said.

Maritzburg psychiatrist Dr Alan Trengrove-Jones said he believed it was a waste of time sending Zondo for mental observation. It was his opinion that at present Zondo was not suffering from a mental disorder.

He said it was impossible for any psychiatrist to comment on Zondo's mental state on December 23 without having all the evidence that had been led in court.

The psychiatrist was called to give evidence by the State, which was opposing an application by the defence to have Zondo sent for mental observation. The doctor said that in the hour he had interviewed Zondo, he had found him cooperative with a clear level of consciousness.

Mr Justice Leon refused the application for Zondo to be sent for mental observation. The judge said, however, that he had asked Trengrove-Jones to remain in attendance for the rest of the trial because it might be necessary to reconsider the question at a later stage.

The trial was adjourned until Monday to allow the defence time to engage senior counsel. — Sapa.

Bomb hit off pylon with a pick'

The Rand Supreme Court yesterday heard how a railway worker found an explosive device attached to an overhead pylon and hit it off with a pick.

Mr Andries Gumbe told the court he found the device attached to an overhead pylon on the railway line near the New Canada Station.

A railway signalman told the court he saw the device lying on the ground on July 18 1984,

and notified the police.

Lieutenant Colonel Desmond D Keyter said the device, which had not exploded, was made up of materials of Russian origin.

The men were testifying in the trial of five men who have been charged with treason and charges under the Internal Security and Terrorism acts.

Mr Hamilton Mncedisi Dubasi (28), Mr Jongumu-

zi Sisulu (26), Mr Lumkile Happy Mkefa (21), Mr David Matsose (24) and Mr Joseph Themba Maja (25), all of Soweto, have pleaded not guilty.

The court also heard how a policeman's car, which was parked inside the premises of the single-quarters of the Jabulani Police Station barracks, was reduced to a burnt-out wreck by an explosion.

The hearing was postponed to April 1.

Court probes 'assaults' on Zondo

CP Correspondent

Toti bomb 'planted to avenge the 9 who died in Lesotho'

WEEKLY M
84A
23/3/86

IN this week's sensational trial of the man charged with planting a bomb at Amanzimtoti last Christmas:

● An alleged accomplice of accused Andries Sibusiso Zondo said the bombing was in retaliation to the SA Defence Force's raid into Lesotho.

● The father of a girl who died in the blast punched Zondo on the head as he walked past the dock.

● The judge ordered an immediate inquiry into claims that Zondo is being assaulted by jailers at Scottburgh prison.

● Zondo's father, Rev Aiken Zondo, said his son became "mentally deranged" after being held by cops in 1983.

● An explosive expert said many more would have died if the bomb was placed higher in the bin.

There was unprecedented security - cops with semi-automatic weapons stood every few metres in the corridors of the Scottburgh Magistrate's Court where the Supreme Court is sitting.

The newspaper-wrapped limpet mine which detonated two days before Christmas killed five people and left dozens more hurt.

Zondo admitted he put the bomb in a rubbish bin at the shopping centre - but says he did not mean to kill anyone. He intended "to blow up the SA Airways offices".

During evidence by State witnesses hurt in the explosion, a Vereeniging domestic worker - who lost the sight in her left eye during the blast - told how

her employers' two-year-old child was killed in her arms.

Lethia Magena said: "The last I knew of little Willem was when we both fell down and looked at one another. He grabbed me by the left wrist.

"Then he let go and his eyeballs turned. As far as I know he died right there where we fell."

Magena had severe burns on her chest and her foot was badly injured.

A cleaner at the shopping centre, Letta Mkhathini, limped into court wearing a brace on her right leg. She said she still couldn't walk properly and had nearly lost her leg. She has not yet been officially discharged from hospital.

A Toti resident told the

court the town had changed from a happy, friendly place into a community where everyone lives in fear.

Anna Hogan pulled up her skirt to show the judge and his assessors huge leg wounds. Her eldest daughter, expecting triplets in June, could lose her unborn babies because of the blast, she said.

John Botma, 22, gave his evidence from a wheelchair, saying he could only "shuffle along". His younger brother was badly hurt in the blast and could hardly see. His sister died.

Weeping uncontrollably he said: "My father has taken it worse. He spends the whole day talking to

photographs of my sister.

"My nerves are shattered. I cry if there is any sudden noise. Our lives are a total mess."

As his father wheeled him out past the dock, he suddenly leapt at Zondo and punched him on the face. The 19-year-old Kwamashu youth sprang back and almost fell down the steep steps to the cells. A white man in the gallery screamed "kill him".

Commenting on the incident afterwards, the judge said he had been writing at the moment it happened. If he had seen it himself, he would have ordered the man's immediate arrest.

He ordered an urgent inquiry into allegations that

stocked the Zondo search 21 be- ally, Internation- the Elimina- Discrimina-

"The is to give a matter later - on not to - the name of Judge ie world, as po-

A se on a funeral said tpg 21 people. reveng march 21, 1986: SADFanga residents which of removal to killed. uhle - the local

He icil goes to court taughtce 500 families to han- explosid its neighbour- he hac hips may enter sotho th thousands of venge

They carried the limpet mine in a sports bag to the shopping centre where they bought cool drinks and cakes. After they had eaten, Zondo bundled the papers into the bag and from there into the bin, he said.

The witness said he did not see exactly what was put into the bin, but he heard a sound, "like a stone hitting metal".

He said he thought that "when the bomb detonated, people would die and the building would collapse".

Later that day the two discussed the blast. "Zondo told me that our brothers hit in Lesotho were nine but at Amanzimtoti there were only four dead. He seemed dissatisfied with the news," the secret witness said.

New East Rand blast probed

A report is being compiled which will establish what type of explosive was used in a blast which occurred in central Alberton, on the East Rand, at lunchtime yesterday.

The blast in Jubilee Street damaged two parked cars. Police said the device was apparently planted in rubble.

Nobody was injured.

East Rand police are also investigating an explosion last Wednesday at an Apostolic church in Springs.

Last Monday, police detonated a small limpet mine found at a cafe in Elsburg, Germiston. — East Rand Bureau.

Policeman dies in kwaNdebele

A policeman died after being attacked by a mob in kwaNdebele last night, a police spokesman said this morning.

He said two policemen on their way to the police station at Dennilton, kwaNdebele, were confronted by a mob. One was dragged away by the mob while the other managed to escape.

The kidnapped man's body was later found in Dennilton.

In other incidents of overnight unrest, police reported violence in the Border area, at Atteridgeville near Pretoria, at Galeshewe near Kimberley, and at Aliwal North in the Cape Province.

The spokesman said that in the township near Blouwater in the Border area, police used teargas and rifles to disperse a mob.

While at Galeshewe near Kimberley, three people were injured when a home was set alight. In another incident, a home was damaged by a petrol bomb.

And in Atteridgeville near Pretoria, a home was slightly damaged by a petrol bomb. At Qukatole near Aliwal North, police used a round of birdshot to disperse a mob that gathered illegally. No injuries were reported.

The spokesman said that in Soweto freight valued at R10 000 was stolen from a delivery vehicle yesterday afternoon and a home was petrol-bombed causing damage estimated at R10 000.

In the Eastern Province in kwaZakhele, near Port Elizabeth, the Tsume Primary School was petrol-bombed. Minimal damage was caused.

And on the East Rand, a light explosion took place in Jubilee Street, Alberton. Slight damage was done to a car. — Sapa

Petrol bombs used in attack on convent

A convent in the Krugersdorp township of Kagiso was petrol-bombed early today.

One of three petrol bombs crashed through the window of a bedroom where one of the three resident sisters was sleeping, setting the curtains alight, said Sister Bernard Ncube of the Convent of Our Lady.

The blaze was put out without anyone being hurt.

Sister Bernard, president of the Federation of Transvaal Women, is a national figure in the anti-apartheid struggle.

She and a fellow member of Our Lady at Kagiso, Sister Christine Obotseng, have been repeatedly taken into custody.

Sister Bernard said the attack occurred at about 1 am. None of the sisters had seen those responsible.

"The only vehicle roaming the area at the time was a bus."

The bombing came two days after the Government's announcement that Krugersdorp's older township, Munsieville, would not be removed despite demands from thousands of whites.

Man dies in N-Tvl shooting incident

A man was killed and another seriously injured in a shooting incident at Naboomspruit at the weekend.

Police said Mr. Richard van Wyk (45) of Palala near Naboomspruit was shot dead when his R1 rifle went off during a police chase after an incident on De Hoop Farm during which Mr Willie Nortje sustained a bullet wound in the stomach.

847
Adjourned

**Toti trial
awaits SC**

B. Day 25/3/86
THE trial of Andrew Zondo, who is alleged to have planted the Amanzimtoti bomb, was adjourned until April 1 by the Scottburgh Supreme Court yesterday.

Mr Justice Leon ordered the adjournment to enable Zondo's attorneys to engage senior counsel.

The application for the adjournment was opposed by prosecutor Ross Stuart.

He said it was grossly unfair that state witness X, who had already given evidence in chief, should have to wait to be cross-examined.

The judge agreed it was a highly unsatisfactory situation.

He felt it might be erring in generosity in granting the application, but said it was a serious case.

He said Roy Allaway, the senior counsel who would be available on April 1 to take the case, was an eminent advocate with great experience in criminal matters.

He added it was the last time an adjournment would be granted.

Zondo has pleaded not guilty to murdering five people who died in the bomb blast in the Sanlam Centre, Amanzimtoti, last December 23.

He has also pleaded not guilty to attempted murder. — Sapa.

CAP 1115 25/3/86

Alberton blast

PRETORIA (S.A.) A home-made explosive device exploded in central Alberton on Sunday, damaging three cars and the roof of a restaurant.

No one was hurt.

A police spokesman yesterday said the blast occurred among road-works rubble.

Cape Times 26/3/86

Suspected ANC man shot by E Rand SAP

SJA
Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — An alleged African National Congress (ANC) insurgent was shot dead yesterday after he apparently attempted to throw a handgrenade at police from the grounds of a house in Katlehong, near Germiston.

Police said they had gone to the house as a result of information supplied by blacks in the area, and the man, whom they would not name, was killed when he stormed police with a Soviet-made handgrenade.

A police spokesman in

Pretoria said they suspected the man was responsible for planting the limpet mine in a Springs church on Wednesday night and the mine found outside a cafe in the town the same week.

A cache of weapons, including two AK-47 rifles, six rounds of ammunition and two bags containing nuts and bolts, apparently fitted to limpet mines as additional shrapnel, were found in the house.

Permission to take photographs of the equipment has been refused by the security branch of the SAP.

DIANNA GAMES
and Sapa

A SUSPECTED African National Congress (ANC) insurgent was shot dead by police yesterday after he attempted to throw a hand grenade at them.

The incident occurred at a house in Katlehong, near Germiston.

The SAP Directorate of Public Relations in Pretoria said they suspected the man planted the limpet mine in a Springs church last Wednesday and the mine found outside a cafe in the town last week.

A cache of weapons was found in the house. It included two AK-47 rifles, six rounds of ammunition and two bags containing nuts and bolts,

Arms cache found after police kill ANC suspect

apparently fitted to limpet mines as additional shrapnel.

Permission to take pictures of the equipment has been refused by the Security Police as the matter is still under investigation.

In other incidents of unrest, police reported that a man was shot dead in Walmer, Port Elizabeth, on Monday night after he and another man were seen inside a bottle store.

Police said yesterday petrol bombs

and a hammer were found on the dead man. The other man escaped.

In other incidents of unrest in Port Elizabeth, police vehicles were slightly damaged when they were petrol-bombed in Walmer and Kwazakhele.

A post office in Zwide, near Port Elizabeth, was badly damaged by petrol bombs when a mob was dispersed by police using shotgun fire on Monday night.

SJA
TUESDAY 26/3/85 (84A)

Dead ANC man linked to Springs limpet mine blasts

STAR (15) (84A)
26/3/86

Crime Reporter

Police shot dead an African National Congress terrorist — thought to be linked with recent limpet mine blasts on the East Rand — in Katlehong township, near Germiston, on Monday.

The man flung a handgrenade at police but it failed to explode because the pin had not been properly pulled, a police spokesman said today. A number of Russian AKMS rifles and ammunition were seized.

Police said the shooting fol-

lowed a tipoff. The dead man's involvement with recent blasts in Springs was still being investigated.

On March 15 a man was slightly injured when a limpet mine exploded at Springs station. Two days later a mini-limpet mine was found outside an Elsburg cafe. Two days after that churchgoers at the Apostolic Faith Mission church in 2nd Avenue, Geduld, Springs, escaped death after a limpet mine exploded near the church.

De Jonge diary read published in Holland

The Star's Foreign News Service

AMSTERDAM — Newspapers here have published parts of a diary said to have been written by 48-year-old Dutch anthropologist Mr Klaas de Jonge, who has been sheltering in the old Dutch Embassy offices in Pretoria for many months.

The extracts, part of which were also read out yesterday on the Socialist Broadcasting Corporation VARA, were sent to Mr de Jonge's relatives in Holland.

Mr de Jonge wrote that his morale was still undented "because I have the feeling I am supporting the good side".

He said although the South African Police used many tricks to put him under heavy mental pressure, he was never tortured during his 26-day detention in John Vorster Square security police headquarters in Johannesburg last year.

In extracts read out on a VARA programme, Mr de Jonge said the security policemen had put him under pressure by telling lies about the fate of his daughter Brigitte and his ex-wife Helene Pastoors.

Of his situation in the Embassy, he said: "To my great joy I keep an estimated 30 policemen busy on a round-the-clock scheme."

A police spokesman in Pretoria, Major Steve van Rooyen, today said: "The SAP deny anybody in detention is tortured in any way whatsoever — whether mental or physical."

Gas research to cost R21-m

Political Staff

CAPE TOWN — Viability studies in the sea and seismic surveys — the next phase of the Mossel Bay gas extraction and conversion project — will cost R21,3 million this year, says Mr D R Vorster, chairman of the Central Energy Fund.

Mr Vorster said several contractors had been invited to make offers for the concept design and the project management of the development at sea.

He said EMSO (Pty) Ltd, a member of the Murray and Roberts Group, had now been invited to open final negotiations with Soekor with a view to signing a contract.

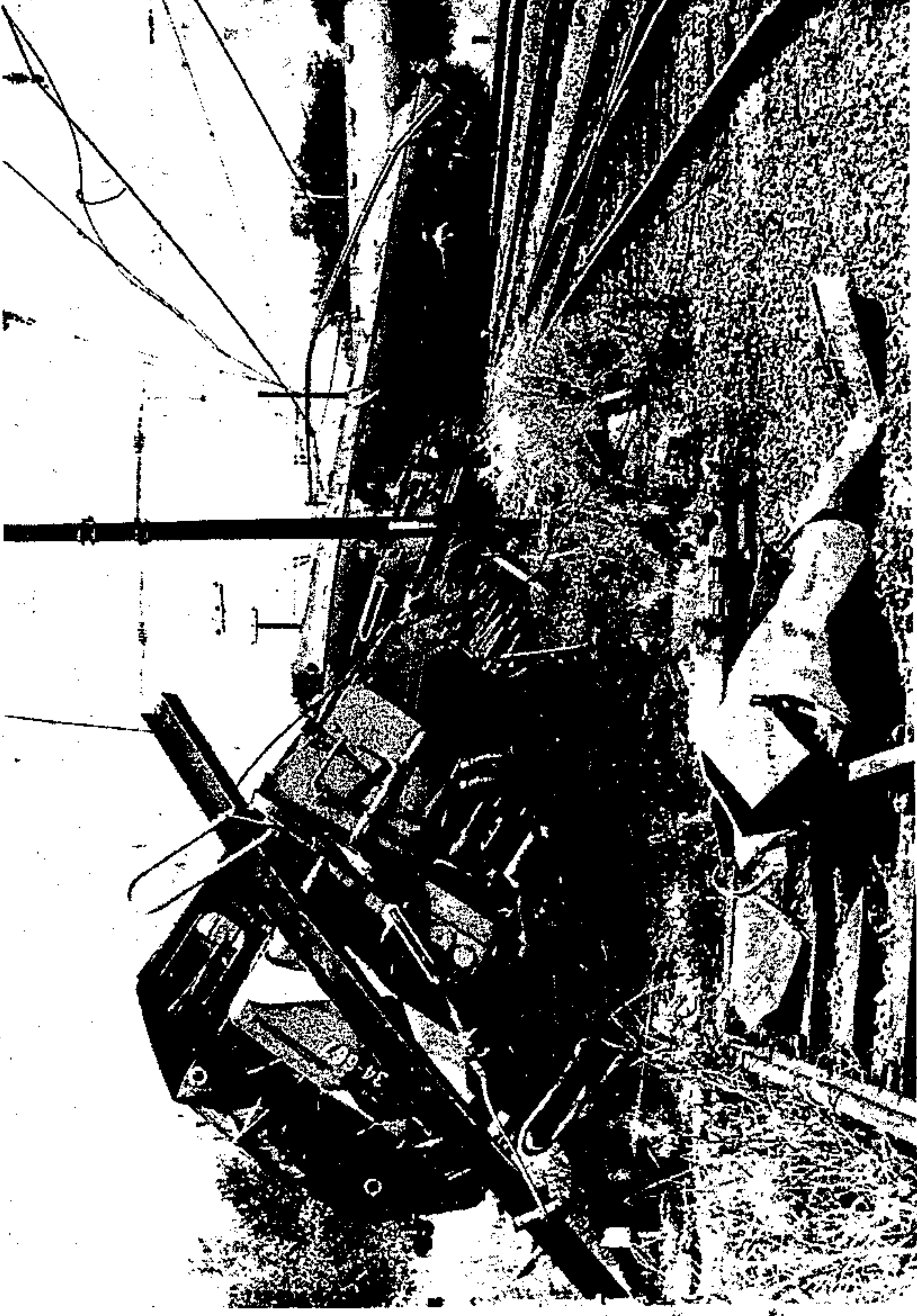
It would take a year to collect data on design and the most economic development possibilities, he added.

Train smash — sabotage?

29/3/86



SIN BRIEF
neral in Maputo
 Secretary general of the South African Communist Party has been moved from Mozambique after Pretoria impositions on the ceremony, his day. Mr Moses Mabhida died of a heart attack on the morning of March 8 in Maputo, where he had been in the United Democratic Party. The announcement was given by the funeral director to relatives and friends would be held at Edengate in Natal. Mr Mabhida was a prominent leader of the anti-apartheid struggle.



The cabin of the driver's locomotive unit which ploughed through 20 m of dust, pulling two similar cars and five passenger coaches into a mangled mass of steel in which 16 people died and at least 49 were injured.

By Duncan Guy and Bart Marfnovich

Sixteen people were killed and scores injured when a passenger train carrying Zionist Christian Church worshippers to Pietersburg was derailed in what could have been sabotage.

Three locomotives and five passenger coaches left the Pretoria-Pietersburg track at a switching point near Bon Accord station, 10 km from Pretoria.

Although senior Railway policemen would not confirm it was sabotage, they said the possibility was being investigated at top level. A commission of inquiry into the crash has been launched by Railway Police investigators and the South African Transport Services.

The train was one of several special trains laid on by SATS to ferry some of the expected 2 million ZOC members to Morija for the Easter weekend.

Earlier this week The Star reported speculation that fewer ZOC members than last year would make the trip because of threats of violence from political activists who accused church members of not being committed to the struggle for liberation in South Africa.

Last year a huge assembly at Zion City Morija at Boyne near Pietersburg was addressed by President Botha who was given prolonged applause.

When ZOC members returned to the townships, they were attacked. At Alexandra the worst violence recorded was between political activists and ZOC members.

This year the church invited Mr Plik Botha to address them but he declined because of other commitments.

Three bodies were found trapped in the wreckage of the most seriously damaged coach hours after everyone else in the "relatively full" train had been evacuated.

Twelve ambulances were used to ferry injured to the HF Verwoerd Hospital in Pretoria. A hospital spokesman said 49 people had been treated and later transferred to Kalefong Hospital. The train driver, a Mr Van der Bijl, was uninjured. His assistant was treated in the HF Verwoerd Hospital.

Fire fighters sprayed foam on the track and coaches to prevent the possibility of fire.

The acting Commissioner of the Railway Police, General P M du Plessis, went to the derailment to inspect the wreckage.

Brigadier Adriaan Jacobs, assistant Railway Police commissioner in charge of security, said yesterday that the possibility of an act of sabotage causing the derailment "could not be ruled out".

Survivors said the first indication of something wrong on their trip was when the train started to sway and clouds of dust poured into the coaches, putting them into complete darkness — and then there was a sharp braking.

"We were travelling quite fast. After the braking, there were loud screams and the train fell over," said

To Page 2



late survivors discuss the salvage of their possessions with a South African Transport employee after hearing they had to wait until Monday before receiving them.



Two passenger cars mounted on a locomotive unit — inside the car on the left three bodies were trapped for hours after others were evacuated.

29/3/80 S.A.P.C. SATS

Passengers describe train smash carnage

● From Page 1

Mr Osborn Pooc, a stage actor from Pretoria. "I saw people I knew dying. The passengers all picked up pieces of people and took them out of the wreck, but the ambulances only arrived about 35 minutes later."

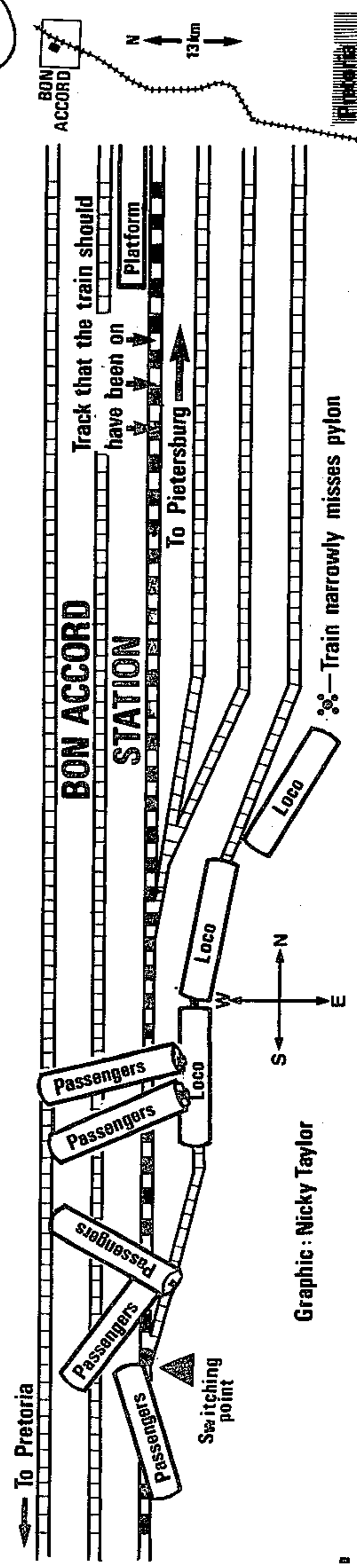
Mrs Josephine Pasha, a home-bound student, said screaming people tried to climb out the windows while the train was still moving.

"The sight of bodies and badly injured people was terrible," she said. "I saw a mother and children who were dead or very badly injured."

Three front locomotives toppled onto their sides on the right-hand side of the track — the last one with the ends of two passenger coaches twisted in a mess across six tracks. Behind them were other detailed coaches.

The locomotive units had ploughed about 20 m before the front one stopped short of a pylon carrying electric wires.

Passengers were unhappy that Railways Police had forbidden them to gather their possessions while the injured were helped and the dead removed.



Graphic: Nicky Taylor

"They said we had to leave our stuff behind and claim it on Monday so it could be 'properly identified'," said Mr Pooc.

"They stopped us from salvaging our things while the accident was still happening, you could say."

"Some people lost reference books. They live in Pretoria, Potgietersrus, Messina and elsewhere. It was difficult for them to get them back."

rested after allegedly inciting the survivors after the accident.

South African Transport Services (SATS) officials believe the train left the line between two junction points. They said it should have passed Bon Accord Station on a track adjacent to the platform.

The front locomotives landed two tracks away from the line leading to the platform.

SATS assistant chief manager of operations in Pre-

toria, Mr Japie Radyn, said an inquiry would be held into the cause of the accident.

Mr Hendrik Schoeman, Minister of Transport, has expressed his condolences to the families and friends of the victims of the disaster.

"I want to express my condolences and sympathy to the families and friends of those people who were killed and wish a speedy recovery to the injured," he said.

Disaster toll now 10 dead, 95 hurt

31/3/86
By Craig Kotze,
Crime Reporter

84A

Railways police have confirmed that the death toll after Friday's train derailment at Bon Accord Station was 10, and not 16 as initially reported.

The total number of injured, initially reported as 30, has increased to 95, a railways police spokesman said.

He said confusion at the scene of the accident had led to 16 being reported dead but added that the authorities were now satisfied the actual total was 10 — four children, four women and two men.

The derailed train was one of 16 ferrying Zion Christian Church members to their annual meeting at Moria, outside Pietersburg.

The increase in the number of injured came about because many people, who at first thought they were unhurt, returned to hospital for treatment, he said.

An eyewitness to the derailment will appear in a Pretoria court tomorrow on a charge relating to the Internal Security Act.

He would apparently face charges in connection with "intimidation", Brigadier Frans Loots of the Northern Transvaal Railways Police said yesterday.

The man allegedly said the accident was the fault of the South African Transport Services.

Sabotage was at first suspected but this was later ruled out by explosives experts. A Transport Services board of inquiry has been set up.

GUERRILLA ACTIVITIES

1986

APRIL - JUNE

Toti bomb blast: *AR 6/1/86* 'A tragedy of SA *(84A)* society' *(84A)*

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — The planting of the Amanzimtoti bomb was an act that encapsulated the tragedy of South African society.

This was said by Mr D Kuny SC, counsel for convicted Amanzimtoti bomber, Andrew Zondo 19, arguing for the finding of extenuating circumstances.

Zondo was found guilty by Mr Justice Leon yesterday of murdering the five people who died in the Amanzimtoti bomb blast on December 23 last year.

Mr Kuny said Zondo was a young man still in his teens and had all the promise that his intelligence, sensitivity and enthusiasm for life gave him.

CONTRADICTION

He said it was a peculiar contradiction of this country that every young white man was obliged to undergo military training while black youths who went and did military training ended up in court, charged and being sent to jail.

Zondo, he said, had first gone to Swaziland where he was encouraged by the ANC to come back and continue his education.

He would have done so but for the fact that he was arrested and put in the invidious position of being forced to agree to give away certain colleagues, which was the condition on which he was released.

Mr Kuny said Zondo had felt he had no alternative but to leave the country.

He had left the country to further his education and had intended doing so until the fatal day when the SADF raid into Mozambique took place and caused the death of seven civilians.

NO ALTERNATIVE

Mr Kuny said this caused Zondo to feel he had no alternative but to become a soldier of the ANC.

Mr Ross Stuart, for the State, said it was a crime against society as a whole. It was not a spur of the moment act.

What sort of man could enter a crowded shopping centre, he asked, with a bag of death?

Mr Stuart said only an inherently evil mind could have tak-

(Turn to Page 3, col 7)

The Argus, Wed

AR 6/1/86 (84A)

Bomb blast. SA tragedy

Continued from Page 1

en the steps up the passage to place the bomb in the bin.

Professor Fatima Meer of Natal University, an authority on socio-political forces in black townships said Zondo had been brought up within the ambit of Bantu authorities and education designed to keep Africans servile and to retain a state of subordination between black and white.

MODERN GOALS

Giving evidence on extenuation for the defence, Professor Meer explained that within the last 10 or more years the contradictions at work in black society had been unfolding.

On the one hand one there was Bantu education and on the other black people being exposed to modern goals and aspirations with their increased expectations caused by the economic forces and demands of an industrial society.

Professor Meer said that in talking to Zondo she found that he had become permeated with this sense of contradiction at a very early stage.

His parents, who were highly religious, had been silenced into complacency of the status quo by the events of 1960.

(Proceeding.)

ZONDO

FOUND

GUILTY

SOKWETANO 2/4/86

SAPA
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^{SIBUSISO}
ANDREW SIBISO ZONDO (19) was yesterday found guilty by Mr Justice R N Leon of murdering the five people who died from their injuries in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 last year.

He was also found guilty of attempting to murder members of the public who were there at the time.

Zondo had pleaded not guilty in the Supreme Court sitting in Scottburgh.

The trial resumed yesterday after being adjourned to allow the defence to obtain senior counsel.

Mr D Kuny, SC, now appeared for Mr Zondo, assisted by Mr T L Skweyiya.

Five died in 'Toti blast'

At the end of the State's case yesterday, Mr Kuny closed his client's case without leading any evidence.

The State closed its case at the conclusion of Mr Kuny's cross-examination of Mr X, an accomplice of Zondo.

In his judgment, Mr Justice Leon said what

began for so many as a happy day ended in a dire, appalling tragedy in which five people lost their lives and many others were injured, some seriously, physically and psychologically.

He said at about 11am an explosion occurred in the crowded shopping centre that

shattered glass in the near vicinity and shattered peoples' lives.

It was two days before Christmas, he said, and no doubt many members of the public were doing their last-minute shopping.

The judge said Mr Ross Stuart, who appeared for the State, called a large number of witnesses whose evidence was not called into question by the defence.

From that evidence and from the admission before the court it was established beyond any question that a limpet mine placed in a refuse bin caused the explosion. — Sapa.

Zondo guilty of murdering 5 in blast

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Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Andrew Sibiso Zondo was found guilty by Mr Justice Leon yesterday of murdering the five people who died in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 last year.

Giving evidence in mitigation in the Supreme Court here, the 19-year-old man said after planting the limpet mine in a bin in front of the SAA office he tried to alert the shopping centre but failed to find an unoccupied telephone booth at a nearby post office.

After waiting 15 minutes he decided against making the call, fearing, he said, that if he called at that late stage more people would have been killed because they would have panicked and rushed through the arcade where the mine had been placed.

Zondo said he grew up in Kwamashu and in 1980 was in conflict with the police during a

school boycott. From that day he looked on the police as the enemy.

In 1981 he was recruited by the ANC.

The Freedom Charter appealed to him because it said South Africa belonged to all and not only to whites.

Zondo said he went to Swaziland in 1982 and spent two weeks with the ANC before returning to Durban.

He was arrested by the police in January 1983, but escaped after he was released on the pretence that he would help the police in arresting two of his friends.

Zondo said he believed police had found his autobiography during an SADF raid on an ANC base in Swaziland. This led to his arrest.

He was in Maputo in May 1983 when the SADF bombed several buildings, killing seven people, including children. He believed the raid was in retaliation for the bombing in Church Street, Pretoria. After the attack he concluded violence was the only way to improve the lives of blacks.

He was sent to Durban in 1985, where he trained eight men and received instructions from a Luloma Tallman.

On December 20 Tallman told him that because of the SADF attack on Lesotho he should retaliate.

He said he would have placed the bomb on the Saturday afternoon or Sunday while the centre was free of people, but he was unable to find his accomplice, "Mr X", to obtain the mine.

Asked by the judge why he had not gone to the centre at night, Zondo said Amanzimtoti was a white area and he would have been vulnerable to arrest.

Zondo said after the bombing he felt sorry for the people killed and injured and decided to stay in the country to face the consequences.

He told the court it was not ANC policy to hit civilian targets and his action had destroyed its reputation.

'I'm guilty'

He said the attack on him by prison warders and a victim's father had given him some relief.

"I am guilty and I have told my father that many people lost their lives in the Amanzimtoti blast and if he lost me he should not cry because I was the cause of the blast."

Mr Ross Stuart appeared for the State. Mr Denis Kuny SC appeared for Zondo. The trial continues today.



PICK-
OF THE CROP
SPECIALS

LARGE SWEET
MELONS

TAX FREE

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EACH

WINTER & BLACK

BUSINESS 21/1/86 (33) 84A

Man guilty of Toti deaths

ANDREW SIBISO ZONDO, 19, was found guilty yesterday of murdering the five people who died from injuries suffered in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 last year.

He was also found guilty by Mr Justice R N Leon of attempting to murder other members of the public present at that time.

Zondo had previously pleaded not guilty in the Supreme Court sitting in Scottburgh. The trial resumed yesterday after adjourning to allow the defence to obtain senior counsel.

At the end of the State's case yesterday, D Kuy, SC, appearing for Zondo, closed his client's case without leading evidence.

In his judgment, Mr Justice Leon said of the bomb blast that what began for so many as a happy day ended in a "dire, appalling tragedy".

He said the State called a large number of witnesses whose evidence was not called into question by the defence.

It was established beyond any question that a limpet mine placed in a refuse bin caused the explosion.

The judge read from a statement which Zondo made to a magistrate, in which he said he wanted to say that the person who planted the bomb at Amanzimtoti was himself.

The judge said it was beyond all question that Zondo was guilty as charged, and that was the unanimous judgment of the court. The hearing continues. — Sapa.

'Toti blast: Zondo found guilty of murder

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Andrew Sibiso Zondo (19), was found guilty by Mr Justice Leon yesterday of murdering the five people who died from their injuries in the bomb blast at the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 last year.

He was also convicted of attempting to murder members of the public who were there at the time.

Zondo had pleaded not guilty in the Supreme Court sitting in Scottburgh.

At the end of the State case yesterday, Mr D Kuny SC, appearing for Zondo, closed his client's case without leading any evidence. The State closed its case at the conclusion of Mr Kuny's cross-examination of Mr X, an accomplice of Zondo whose identity may not be revealed.

SHATTERED LIVES

In his judgment, Mr Justice Leon said what began for so many as a happy day ended in an appalling tragedy in which five people lost their lives and many others were injured, some seriously, physically and psychologically.

He said at about 11 am an explosion occurred in the crowded shopping centre which shattered glass in the near vicinity and shattered peoples' lives. It was two days before Christmas, he said, and no doubt many members of the public were doing their last-minute shopping.

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From evidence before the court and from the admission it was established beyond any question that a limpet mine placed in a refuse bin caused the explosion.

EXPECTED TO KILL

Mr Justice Leon read from a statement which Zondo made to a magistrate. In the statement Zondo said he wanted to say that the person who planted the bomb at Amanzimtoti was himself.

The judge said that when Zondo appeared before a magistrate a second time, he elected to make a statement in which he said he planted the bomb in a bin in front of the SAA office in the centre and it was intended to blast the office and not kill people.

The judge said the court unanimously accepted the evidence given by Zondo's accomplice, Mr X, while at the same time being aware of the dangers of an accomplice as a witness.

He said the court thought that he had replied well to questions and his evidence had the ring of truth to it.

He had been cross-examined by someone of great competence and had emerged unscathed.

The judge said it was clear that Zondo had got the accomplice to obtain the limpet mine. It was taken to Sanlam Centre and placed in a refuse bin by Zondo and detonated off in a half-hour, which it duly did. It was expected to kill people.

Defiant 'Toti bomber sentenced to death for five murders

STAK

3/4/86
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DURBAN — Amanzimtoti shopping-centre bomber Andrew Zondo gave the black power salute and shouted "Amandla" immediately after he was sentenced to death five times for five murders yesterday.

Zondo (19), was also sentenced in the Scottburgh Supreme Court to 10 years' imprisonment for attempted murder.

Before Mr Justice R N Leon passed sentence on the attempted murder charge, Zondo stormed out of the dock to the cells. The sentence was passed in his absence.

Asked by the judge if he had anything to say before sentence was passed, Zondo said: "To the people who lost their friends, chil-

dren and family members in the blast, I am sorry."

He added he also wished that South Africa remained friendly with its neighbouring countries.

An application by the defence for leave to appeal against the death sentence was refused.

The court found there were no extenuating circumstances.

Mr Justice Leon said the story Zondo had given that he had gone to the post office to telephone the shopping centre so it could be evacuated was preposterous.

He said the court accepted the evidence of Zondo's accomplice as true and rejected that portion of Zondo's evidence where there was a conflict.

Mr Justice Leon said he had

found Zondo had deliberately selected a spot in a crowded shopping centre to place the bomb two days before Christmas.

He could have chosen another target or he could have gone to the shopping centre in the early morning or at night when it was free of people, he said.

Mr Justice Leon said the court had to look at the broad background of society and of Zondo.

"We live (in) a divided and deeply-troubled society and most of the power and privileges are in the hands of the whites while the black community was less powerful and less affluent," he said.

He said Zondo had told the

court he had not intended to kill civilians while his accomplice's version was that the murders had been premeditated because he (Zondo) had expressed a sense of satisfaction after the bombing.

Under cross-examination earlier by Mr Ross Stuart, for the State, of how he felt about violence now, Zondo replied he held a different view.

He said he no longer believed violence was the only way to help black people in South Africa and also to bring about change in the country.

He said he joined the ANC of his own free will and even though his father had tried to talk him out of joining the organisation he left the country.

Zondo said he would not have hesitated in placing the bomb at the Sanlam Centre if it meant killing policemen.

SENT TO CAMPS

He said ANC members were properly disciplined and those who defied instructions were punished. They were sent to camps and were not allowed to return to South Africa.

Professor Fatima Meer, a sociologist at Natal University, who gave evidence on behalf of Zondo, told the court Zondo had grown up within the ambit of "bantú" authorities and education which was spelled out by a former South African Prime Minister, the late Dr Verwoerd, as being designed to retain a state of subordination between black and white.

She said in the last 10 years bantú education and black people were exposed to modern goals.

TRAINING

Professor Meer said the ANC organised scholarships all over the world and it had two well-rated academic schools.

Mr Denis Kony, SC, for Zondo, argued that a peculiar contradiction of this country was that every white youth was obliged to do military training while black youths who went and did such training ended up being sent to jail.

Mr Justice Leon granted Zondo's accomplice, Mr X, indemnity from prosecution. — Sapa.

De Jonge publicity upsets Dutch MP

The Star's Foreign
News Service

THE HAGUE — A Dutch Liberal MP has asked Foreign Minister Mr Hans van den Broek to prevent a repetition of "harmful publicity" about Mr Klaas de Jonge who is sheltering in the Netherlands Embassy in Pretoria.

This follows extensive publicity given in the Dutch media to extracts from a diary which Mr de Jonge is keeping.

In the extracts, Mr de Jonge lashes out at the South African security police who arrested and detained him.

The MP, Mr Weisglas, claims that Mr de Jonge "arranged" interviews and pictures at a time when both South Africa and Holland were conducting "silent diplomacy" in serious efforts to solve the problem of his future.

But observers in The Hague say it will be difficult, if not impossible, for Mr van den Broek to do prevent publicity as this would mean denying Mr de Jonge the right to send letters or make telephone calls.

ANC salute as Toti bomber gets death

(SAA)

(SAA)

E. Post 3/4/88.

Post Correspondent

DURBAN — Black detectives played a major part in the arrest of Andrew Zondo, 19, who was yesterday sentenced to death five times by the Scottburgh Circuit Court for the murder of five people. He placed a bomb in the Sanlam Centre, Amamzimtoti, on December 23, last year.

Just before being sentenced to death Zondo said he was sorry for killing the people in the bomb blast and was sorry for injuring others.

But after sentence was passed he gave the ANC

clenched fist salute and shouted "Amandla" (power to the nation).

Zondo was also sentenced to 10 years imprisonment for attempted murder.

Senior security police officers told the Evening Post during the trial that Zondo, who was arrested four days after the blast, was making arrangements to slip out of South Africa to Swaziland. He was intercepted by black detectives at Lamontville and put up a terrific struggle when the police confronted him.

In his lengthy judgment

Mr Justice Leon, who sat with two assessors, said that the court could find no extenuating circumstances. The court felt that Zondo was a liar, he was an evasive witness and told deliberate untruths.

There was no doubt in the court's mind that the bomb blast had been premeditated and that it was a "ghastly crime against society".

He said the bomb had been planted at a time when the shopping centre was crowded with people of all colours and numer-

ous children.

Mr Justice Leon also said the court took into full account that Zondo was a product of a "divided society" and he felt strongly about "injustices" against the black man in South Africa.

The defence had tried to say that Zondo because of his youth may have been immature. But the facts were that he had shown maturity from the age of 16 when he underwent training for the ANC in several foreign countries.

Zondo's father, the Rev A Zondo, of the African

Evangelical Church, was not in court when his son was sentenced to death yesterday afternoon.

But earlier in the trial, when he was called to give evidence on his son's behalf, he told the Evening Post: "This is a terrible heartbreak for us. We did our best to try and dissuade him from joining the ANC but it did not help.

"As Christians we are opposed to violence. Andrew was a bright boy and he could have obtained a bursary to go to university but he decided against it."

Toti bomber admits to second thoughts

Zondo sees other ways for blacks

Bus. Day 3/4/86

84A

CONVICTED Amanzimtoti bomber Andrew Zondo said yesterday violence was not the way to help blacks.

He told the Scottburgh Supreme Court he was now convinced there were other methods of achieving change.

Zondo, 19, was found guilty by Mr Justice R N Leon on Tuesday of murdering five people in the December 23 Sanlam Centre blast.

During evidence concerning extenuating circumstances, Zondo said African National Congress members failing to carry out orders were strictly punished.

He said they were sent to camps and not allowed to come back to SA.

Zondo said he had defied instructions and taken the risk of injuring (rather than killing) people at the busy Amanzimtoti shopping centre at the height of the holiday season.

He said his teacher had arranged an IBM bursary for him to study computer science at Natal University if he matriculated.

Professor Fatima Meer said she met Zondo for the first time on Friday when she had spoken to him for four hours.

She said Zondo grew up totally within the ambit of bantu authorities and education — designed to keep blacks servile.

Meer said Zondo had become permeated with a sense of contradiction at a very early stage. His parents, who were

highly religious, had been silenced into complacency.

Defence counsel D Kuny, SC, arguing for the finding of extenuating circumstances, said planting the bomb was unfortunately an act that encapsulated the tragedy of South African society.

Zondo was still in his teens and had all the promise that his intelligence, sensitivity and enthusiasm for life gave.

Zondo had first gone to Swaziland where he was encouraged by the ANC to come back and continue his education. He would have done so but for the fact that he was arrested and put in the invidious position of being forced to agree to give away certain colleagues.

Kuny said Zondo had felt he had no alternative but to leave the country. Continuing matric and going to university had no longer been an option open to him.

Kuny said the bomb had not been planted out of greed or to seek personal gain. Zondo had rather been driven by frustration, anger and bitterness.

State prosecutor Ross Stuart said it was a crime against society as a whole and not a spur-of-the moment act.

What sort of man could enter a crowded shopping centre, he asked, with a bag of death?

Stuart said only an inherently evil mind could have taken the steps up the passage to place the bomb in the bin.

The hearing continues. — Sapa.

Death for Zondo

CAC Tim F

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Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Amanzimtoti bomber Andrew Zondo gave the black power salute and shouted "Amandla" immediately after he was sentenced to death five times for five murders.

Zondo, 19, was also sentenced in the Scottburgh Supreme Court yesterday to 10 years' imprisonment for attempted murder.

Before Mr Justice Leon passed sentence on the attempted-murder charge, Zondo stormed out of the dock to the cells. This sentence was passed in his absence.

Asked by the judge if he had anything to say before sentence was passed, Zondo said: "To the people who lost their friends, children and family members in the blast, I am sorry."

He added that he also wished for South Africa to remain friendly with its neighbours.

An application by the defence for leave to appeal against the death sentence was refused.

Telephone

The court found that there were no extenuating circumstances.

Mr Justice Leon said Zondo's account of how he had gone to the post office to telephone the shopping centre so that it could be evacuated was preposterous.

He said the court accepted the evidence of

He said Zondo had told the court that he had not intended to kill civilians. However, his accomplice's version was that the murders had been premeditated because Zondo had expressed a sense of satisfaction after the bombing.

Mr Justice Leon said the court had given due regard to all the facts and he had found that Zondo had deliberately selected a spot in a crowded shopping centre to place the bomb two days before Christmas.

Background

He could have chosen another target or he could have gone to the shopping centre in the early morning or at night when there were no people, the judge said.

Mr Justice Leon said the court had to look at the broad background of society and of Zondo.

"We live in a divided and deeply troubled society and most of the power and privileges are in the hands of the whites while the black community is less powerful and less affluent," he said.

plied that he held a different view.

He said he no longer believed that violence was the only way to help black people in South Africa and to bring about change in the country.

Policemen

He said he joined the ANC of his own free will and even though his father had tried to talk him out of joining the organization he had left the country.

Zondo said he would not have hesitated in placing the bomb at the Sanlam Centre if it meant killing policemen.

He said ANC members were properly disciplined and those who defied instructions were punished. They were sent to camps and were not allowed to return to South Africa.

Professor Fatima Meer, a sociologist at Natal University, who gave evidence on behalf of Zondo, told the court that Zondo had grown up within the ambit of "Bantu" authorities and education which had been spelled out by a

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Exposed

She said that in the last 10 years the contradictions inherent in such a philosophy had been unfolding. On the one hand there was Bantu education and on the other blacks were exposed to modern aspirations with their increased expectations being caused by economic forces and the demands of an industrial society.

Professor Meer said the ANC organized scholarships all over the world and it had two well-rated academic schools, including one in Tanzania.

Mr Denis Kuny, SC, for Zondo, argued that a peculiar contradiction of this country was that every white youth was obliged to do military training while black youths who did so ended up in court and were sent to jail.

He said the bomb had not been planted out of greed or a search for personal gain at the expense of others. Zondo had rather been driven out of frustration, anger, bitterness and the conflicts he had been exposed to and grown up in.

Mr Justice Leon granted Zondo's accomplice, Mr X, indemnity from prosecution.

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Talk to ANC, says Toti victim's father



Flashback: Police sift through the wreckage after the Amanzimtoti bomb blast.

Argus 3/4/86 376

Zondo given five death sentences

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Amanzimtoti bomber Andrew Subisiso Zondo raised a clenched fist, shouted "amandla" and rushed from the dock to the cells after receiving five death sentences for the murder of the people who died in the blast.

Zondo, 19, yesterday left the dock before hearing the judge pass a 10-year prison sentence on him for the attempted murder of other shoppers in the Sanlam Centre.

Before passing sentence Mr Justice Leon asked Zondo if he wished to say anything.

"FRIENDLY"

Zondo said he was sorry for those who had lost their friends, "kids" and families in the limpet mine explosion.

"I also wish my country to be friendly to neighbouring countries," he said.

The court found there were no extenuating circumstances.

Mr Justice Leon said South Africa was a deeply divided and troubled country.

Zondo had been one of the thousands of black youths who left the country to take up arms and had been vulnerable in adolescence to pressures put on him.

He said Zondo's experiences had no doubt played a significant part in his joining the African National Congress.

The placing of the bomb had not been an act done for any personal gain.

Mr Justice Leon said Zondo had seen it as a way of serving his own people.

Dealing with the conflicting evidence of Zondo and his accomplice, Mr X, the judge

The Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA. — A Pretoria man whose son was killed in the Amanzimtoti bomb blast still believes the South African Government and the African National Congress should start talking.

Mr Johan Smit, a Villeria businessman, has one condition: that the ANC should renounce violence.

If the organisation had the support of the majority it did not need violence as a power base during any negotiations, he said.

Mr Smit's eight-year-old son Cornio was killed after he persuaded his grandfather to stop at the Sanlam Shopping Centre in Amanzimtoti on December 23 so that he could buy Christmas presents for his family.

His grandmother, Mrs Anna Smit, was also caught in the blast and doctors are waiting for her muscles to strengthen before operating to correct her badly injured foot.

"Not vengeful"

Mr Smit said he did not feel vengeful towards the 19-year-old Andrew Zondo, who was sentenced to death yesterday for the murder of the five who died.

For him the matter ended with the tragic death of his son, and it was now in God's hands.

"The young man who has received the death sentence must have known that people would be killed and I don't think he should have wanted violence," Mr Smit said.

During the trial Zondo admitted he was an ANC member and that he had planted the bomb at the shopping centre.

Mr Smit believes that negotiations between the Government and the ANC are a priority. South Africa did not need a foreign referee in any negotiations, he said. Both sides had to recognise each other and "act as adults".

But it appeared that both were too stubborn, he added.

No leave to appeal against 5 death sentences

ZONDO TO HANG FOR 'TOTI DEATHS

SOKIETAN

(SAA) 3/4/86

ANDREW Zondo (19) has received the death sentence five times over after being convicted of murder following the Amanzimtoti bomb blast which claimed the lives of five people in December last year.

Zondo received an additional 10-year sentence for attempted murder.

When sentence was passed, Zondo gave the African National Congress salute and then dashed from the courtroom. He was re-arrested shortly afterwards.

The judge has refused Zondo leave to appeal.

The planting of the Amanzimtoti bomb was unfortunately an act that

Sapa and Own Correspondent

encapsulated the tragedy of South African society.

This was said by Zondo's counsel, Mr D Kuny, SC, arguing for the finding of extenuating circumstances.

Mr Kuny said Zondo was a young man still in his teens and had all the promise that his intelligence, sensitivity and enthusiasm for life gave him.

He said it was a peculiar contradiction of this country that every young white man was obliged to undergo military training while black youths who went and did military training ended up in court, charged and being sent to jail.

Mr Kuny said the bomb had not been planted out of greed or seeking personal gain at the expense of others. Zondo had rather been driven out of frustration, anger, bitterness and the conflicts he had been exposed to and grown up in.

Mr Ross Stuart, for the State, said it was a crime against society as a whole.

Mr Stuart said only an inherently evil mind could have taken the steps up the passage to place the bomb in the bin.

Earlier a Maritzburg psychiatrist, Dr Alan Trengrove-Jones, who was called by the State and asked by the judge to observe Zondo throughout the trial, gave evidence.

Dr Trengrove-Jones said that looking at Zondo's circumstances, one had to take into consideration certain experiences he had had, such as his arrest and being placed in a conflict situation between the authorities and his commitment to his own peer group.

The spiral of blood that led to Toti

TWO SADF raids into neighbouring countries proved fatal turning points in the life of Andrew Sibusiso Zondo, sentenced to death for the Amanzimtoti bombing last Christmas.

At the end of a three-week trial, Judge Raymond Leon ruled on Wednesday there were no extenuating circumstances, and passed the death sentence for each of the five murder counts on which Zondo had been found guilty.

In evidence given by Zondo and Natal University sociology professor Fatima Meer, it emerged that several actions by South African security forces had been crucial in his development.

And in his summing up of the defence's argument that there were extenuating circumstances, Denis Kony, SC, said the "tragic events" of December 23 encapsulated the "tragedy of South African society".

He said it was a reflection of South African society for a young man of Zondo's obvious intelligence to be driven to leaving the country and taking up arms against "the white regime of the country" and ultimately committing "this terrible act". But he stressed this was done "out of anger for what he perceived as unjust action by the SADF in Maputo and Maseru, which he saw as completely unjustifiable".

According to Zondo, one of his earliest political experiences had been an unprovoked police attack with teargas and batons on a prayer assembly at his KwaMashu school.

"It made me ask myself why it had happened. From that day on, whenever I looked at police I would see them as an enemy."

He was later recruited into the ANC and in 1982 left the country hoping to finish his schooling at an ANC institution. He found the ANC in Swaziland had other plans and they sent him back, saying "there was work for (him) to do in South Africa".

Soon after he returned to South Africa police arrested him — they knew he was a member of the ANC from papers they had found in a raid on ANC bases in Swaziland — and they said they would release him only if he helped trap two fellow ANC members.

At first he refused, but after his parents were brought in to help pressurise him, he agreed. After his release he left the country again, deciding he could not betray his friends.

On his way to a school in Tanzania, he stopped in Maputo. There he experienced first-hand the effects of the 1983 SADF air raid on Matola.

This was a turning point and he decided to forget about completing his matric and instead to join the ANC's military wing Umkhonto we Sizwe.

"From what had happened that day it seemed there was no chance to

~~The man sentenced to hang for the Toti bomb blast told the court of the incidents that changed his life. CARMEL RICKARD reports~~

improve the life of blacks in South Africa except through violence," he said. "This meant I had to fight against the South African government with arms. As far as I am concerned the people with whom I had to fight were soldiers, police and other people connected with the government."

After two years' military training in Angola he returned to South Africa late last year.

Soon after he arrived there was another SADF raid, this time on Maseru where nine people were killed.

His ANC handler brought this news and informed him he had "four days to retaliate". Two days before Christmas, Zondo dumped a limpet mine into a rubbish bin at the packed Toti Sanlam shopping centre. Five people were killed and scores more injured.

Zondo's was the first trial of a new kind of ANC guerrilla — so far only described by analysts and warned of by politicians — young people not prepared to obey the ANC principles of avoiding "soft targets".

Zondo said on several occasions that he knew this principle well and that he had been taught "rather to expose myself than to harm civilians".

Nevertheless, he chose a target in a busy shopping centre where civilians would be killed indiscriminately, and it was this, the judge said, which had weighed most heavily against him.

Zondo claimed he had planned to telephone the centre immediately after planting the mine, warning that the place should be evacuated. He had not done so because all the phone booths at the Post Office had been busy.

The judge rejected this evidence, saying the claim was "preposterous".

The judge said he had taken into account that Zondo was motivated by no baser reason such as greed or self-aggrandisement, but because it was the way to serve his people.

On several occasions Zondo spoke about his remorse and this was not questioned by the judge or prosecution.

He said that if he could find a way of giving part of his flesh to those who had suffered through the blast, he would do so. He also said when he realised what he had done, he "wanted to die".

Just before the judge passed the death sentence on him, Zondo made his last remarks. He said, "I wish to say this to the people who might have lost their friends, and kids and families. I say that I am sorry. Next thing I wish is that my country be friendly to its neighbouring countries."

AMANZIMTOTI bomber Sibusiso Andrew Zondo's family - already distraught at the five death sentences the young man received this week - are now living in fear of a possible right-wing attack on their home.

The family received several threats during Zondo's trial.

Zondo, 20, was sentenced to death five times and also received ten years imprisonment.

Zondo was punched in the face by witness John Bothma's father in front of the judge last month.

His family stopped attending the hearing after the incident - and his father, Rev Aket Zondo of the African Evangelical Church, only went to court after being subpoenaed.

Zondo family members say the families of the victims of the blast were "arrogant and threatening" towards them during the trial.

They say they overheard remarks such as "Kill him and the whole family" during the trial.

The remark prompted Judge Leon to intervene -

The pain isn't over for the Zondo family

by threatening to throw out anyone who made such remarks.

During the hearing, Zondo told the judge he was assaulted by warders "for no reason".

But the Zondo family's problems did not end with the threats they received in court - they were told they would "pay" after the trial.

They said the area they lived in and their daily trip to the court made them vulnerable to attacks.

Family sources said they had decided to stop attending the trial after speaking to several people - including their lawyer, Beka Shezi.

They said their feeling of insecurity and their con-

stant fear of reprisal had made neighbours and local youths keep a constant watch on the churchyard in which they lived.

There are constant security patrols in the area.

When City Press visited the family this week Zondo's mother broke down. Family members said it was the second time she had broken down since the sentence was passed.

Friends of the family said Rev Zondo had to be excused from a service this week because he was too distraught to conduct it.

But youths in the area continued the service and prayed for Zondo, who was once a close friend of theirs.

say. Zondo - who knew he was to be condemned to death because the judge had ruled there were no extenuating circumstances - then gave his last message.

Standing straight, and speaking clearly to the court, he said: "I wish to say this to the people who might have lost their friends, and kids and families. I say that I am sorry. Next thing I wish is that my country be friendly to its neighbouring countries."

The judge then repeated the fatal words five times and added: "And may God have mercy on you."

Zondo shouted "Amanda" and immediately left the dock for the cells below court. He did not hear the judge go on to sentence him to a further ten years for the sixth count - attempted murder.

His lawyer asked for leave to appeal, but it was refused.

Before passing sentence the judge said he had taken everything into account before making up his mind.

★ See Page 2

CITY P. 8/11/88 84A

Massive police presence at burial

Cape Times 7/4/86

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Staff Reporter

A "MASSIVE" police presence greeted a relatively small crowd of about 1 500 mourners at Saturday's funeral in Nyanga of three people killed by police fire last month.

According to reporters and TV crews covering the funeral of Mr Bongani Dastille, 22, Mr Eric Heynes, 31, and 15-year-old Thabane Maphalama, all of Nyanga, numerous armoured vehicles were placed along the route of the funeral procession with at least five Casspirs inside the main Guguletu cemetery where the dead were buried.

And according to a spokesman for the Mahlabi Funeral Service, where the bodies of the three were prepared for burial, police visited the home of one of the directors of the undertakers in the early hours of Saturday morning to "inform us that it was illegal to take the bodies to an open-air funeral".

The spokesman, who asked not to be named, said police "special branch" officers, under the command of a colonel, had visited the director's house about 1am on Saturday.

The police had wanted

the director to sign papers applying for permission to transport the bodies to the funeral, but he had refused, said the spokesman.

About 11am on Saturday, shortly after people began gathering in the Nyanga stadium where the funeral was to take place, police instructed mourners to disperse as the gathering was illegal.

The funeral then moved to a nearby tent used by the Full Gospel Church of the Rev Mpinga.

Photographer

After the service the procession of about 1 000 to 1 500 mourners began to move on foot along NY5 towards the cemetery in NY108, but was diverted by police.

At the cemetery Buffels, police vans and Casspirs lined the road, while more armed police in Casspirs and on foot overlooked the cemetery from a nearby rise.

Cape Times photographer Mr Obed Zilwa was instructed at the cemetery by police liaison officer Lieutenant Attie Laubscher to leave the area "for your own protection".

No incidents were reported by police during or following the funeral.

Police declined to comment to the Cape Times on any aspect of the funeral.

But a police spokesman told Sapa last night that the system of imposing wide-ranging restrictions on the funerals of unrest victims "proved successful" at funerals in Alexandra near Johannesburg and Nyanga.

"The funeral of the three (at Nyanga) proceeded in an orderly way and even after the funeral no incidents were reported," the spokesman said.

In Alexandra, where one person was buried, police also imposed a tight clamp on the funeral service.

The service was held in a church after an open-air service had been banned.

"After the proceedings the police continued to maintain a high profile in order to ensure that those returning home did so orderly," the spokesman said.

"The decision to act in this manner was taken after law and order was openly ignored at a number of funerals in the past."

Advertisement

Parents angry as blast victims appear in court

S.P.A.

7/4/86

84A
600
131

The parents of seven youths injured in grenade blasts in the East Rand last year, are angry with the authorities after their children appeared in court at short notice and they could not attend the hearing last week.

The seven are being charged with six counts of attempted murder and two counts of terrorism.

They were detained in hospital minutes after the blasts on June 26 last year. They appeared in court for the first time on March 26.

According to a spokesman for the Duduza Students' Representative Council, police did not inform their parents and notified the youths's lawyers only three hours before they were to appear in court. As a result, their parents could not attend the hearing.

The spokesman condemned the police action, saying the parents could

have had a chance to see their children for the first time after months of detention.

Their lawyer, Mr Krish Naidoo, said only parents of one victim managed to attend the formal remand. The case has been postponed to April 9.

According to Mr Naidoo, the youths have been in detention since June last year and after the state of emergency was lifted, they became awaiting-trial prisoners.

The seven, all of whom sustained serious injuries during last year's mysterious grenade blasts in Duduza (Nigel), Tsakane (Brakpan) and Kwa-Thema, are Mr Joseph Mazibuko (18), Mr John Mlangeni (21) Mr Samuel Lekhatsa (18) Mr Humphrey Tshabalala (18) and a minor, all of Duduza, and Mr Hosea Lengosane (19) and Mr Cedric Dladla (18), of Tsakane near Brakpan.

Guguletu shoot-out: New call for probe

CPM Time 9/4/86
S.A.
J.D.

SALDRU
SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS
U.C.T.

By BARRY STREEK

THE information given by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, and the police about the shooting of seven alleged ANC guerillas in Guguletu last month was "very suspect", the Progressive Federal Party said last night.

"I now believe an independent inquiry into the incident is vitally necessary," Mr Tian van der Merwe, MP for Green Point, said.

He was reacting to the replies given to him in the House of Assembly yesterday by Mr Le Grange.

In his reply, Mr Le Grange said:

● One or more people fled from the scene when the shoot-out began but the identity of these people had not been established. The police had not received any information whether this person or people were members of the ANC;

● All seven of the al-

leged guerillas had gunshot wounds in the head, but he was not prepared to give further details of their wounds;

● The police had information on when the seven became members of the ANC and what formation of the ANC they belonged to;

● Some of them had been trained in South Africa and others had been trained "abroad" between May and December last year;

● They had been trained by the ANC but "it was neither the policy nor the custom to make known" information about the nature of their training;

● The police had not

received information about the number of people who would be involved in the proposed attack on the Guguletu police station.

Mr Van der Merwe said the independent inquiry should establish whether any innocent people were killed in the incident and "whether certain policemen exceeded the limits of self-defence and even the far-reaching powers given them in terms of the Criminal Procedure Act, to 'finish off' certain wounded persons, as alleged by a number of witnesses".

'Vague'

The inquiry should also establish whether the people who allegedly participated in the events were trained as guerillas, and if so, when and where this took place.

"In regard to the training aspect, I find the answers given by the minister to be particularly unsatisfactory and vague.

"They have now admitted that people have escaped and I find it curious that they have fairly detailed information about the people that were shot dead — for instance, that they were ANC members, that they were trained guerillas and that they were armed — but that they seem to have no information about the people

Matie arrested over camouflage trousers

Staff Reporter

THE editor of the Matie rag magazine, Mr Dawid van der Merwe, was arrested in Stellenbosch yesterday and kept in jail overnight for wearing a pair of camouflage trousers.

Mr Van der Merwe, a third-year engineering student, was wearing a pair of "Rhodesian bush pants", given to him by a friend, according to a student sharing a flat with him.

The student said three detectives searched Mr Van der Merwe's room after his arrest. Asked if they had a warrant to do so, the policemen said they did not need one if they had "reasonable grounds" to believe "a crime" had been committed.

Mr Van der Merwe was told to remove a gold stud from his ear while they searched the flat.

The policemen confiscated a revolver and a set of comics, drawn by Mr Van der Merwe, which urged students to "question what is happening to them".

The policemen refused bail for Mr Van der Merwe.

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"They have now admitted that people have escaped and I find it curious that they have fairly detailed information about the people that were shot dead — for instance, that they were ANC members, that they were trained guerillas and that they were armed — but that they seem to have no information about the people who escaped.

"Logically, this seems to suggest that they only had that information after the seven were killed.

'Worrying'

"I find it a very worrying revelation that all seven were shot in the head particularly as this seems to tie in with the allegations that some of the dead were 'finished off' by being shot in the head at point-blank range while they were already lying motionless on the ground.

"In a previous question, the minister told me that none of these people had been detained before.

"He now says some of them were trained in South Africa. If this is the case, how is it possible that the police did not pick them up, particularly as they claimed to know all about them — when they joined the ANC and what formations of the ANC they belonged to".

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Mr Van der Merwe was told to remove a gold stud from his ear while they searched the flat.

The policemen confiscated a revolver and a set of comics, drawn by Mr Van der Merwe, which urged students to "question what is happening to them".

The policemen refused bail for Mr Van der Merwe, saying that he had to spend the night in jail.

● A Boland police liaison officer, Major Frank Alton, declined to comment.



**PICK-
OF-THE-CROP
SPECIALS**

GEM SQUASH

39c

PER KG

TAX FREE

HUBBARD SQUASH

Middelburg (Transvaal)
Secunda
Standerton
Wakkerstrom
Ernelo

HAN SWARD London: national convention
8/4/86: 8/4/86
*24. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

- (1) Whether he or any members of his Department intend attending a so-called provisional national convention of leading South African political leaders which is to be held in London soon; if so, why;
- (2) whether his Department is involved with arrangements for South African politicians to attend this convention; if so, (a) why and (b) who are the politicians;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the Government's standpoint in this connection?

THE DEPUTY MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

- (1) No, as far as I am aware, no so-called provisional national convention of leading South African politicians was held in London. Rumours to that effect were pure newspaper speculation and were confused with a conference organised by the Wilton Park Conference Centre on the theme "South Africa in Crisis" and which ultimately was cancelled and replaced according to reports by an informal exchange of views. Neither myself nor members of my Department were invited to the conference.
- (2) No.
- (3) No, it is not proper or customary for the Government to take a stand on unfounded newspaper speculation.

Belfast
Bethal
Volksrust
Piet Retief
Carolina

HAN SWARD 8/4/86 8/4/86
*25. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 26 on 18 March 1986, any person escaped capture in Guguletu on 3 March 1986; if so, what were the circumstances surrounding this escape;
- (2) whether the identity of this person has been established; if so, who is this person;
- (3) whether the police received any information that this person (a) was a member of the African National Congress, (b) had received any military training and (c) was armed; if so, (i) what information and (ii) when;
- (4) whether this person has since been apprehended; if so, (a) when and (b) where;
- (5) whether the post-mortem reports on the persons killed on this occasion have now been completed; if not, why not; if so, what was the cause of death in respect of each such person;
- (6) whether any of the persons killed had gunshot wounds in the head; if so, (a) how many and (b) what was the (i) nature and (ii) extent of these head wounds;
- (7) whether the police had any (a) information on when these persons became members of the African National Congress, (b) knowledge of which part or formation of the African National Congress they belonged to and (c) access to records of the membership of these persons of the African National Congress; if so, (i)

what is the nature of this information, (ii) to which formations of the African National Congress did they belong, (iii) what records did the police have access to and (iv) where did they gain access to these records;

- (8) with reference to paragraph 5 (b) of his reply to the above-mentioned question, (a) where did the training of these persons as terrorists take place, (b) what were the dates of this training, (c) who conducted the training and (d) what is the nature of the evidence in the possession of the police that these persons received such training;
- (9) whether the police received any information on the number of persons who would be involved in the proposed attack on a police station, as referred to in paragraph 11 (c) of his reply to the above-mentioned question; if so, how many persons were there to be in this group?

†THE MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, when the shoot-out began, a person or persons fled from the scene.
- (2) No, investigation to determine without doubt his or their identity, is continuing.
- (3) No.
- (4) No.
- (a) and (b) Fall away.
- (5) Yes, according to the finding of the post-mortems the cause of death with regard to each of the persons is attributed to gunshot wounds.
- (6) Yes.
- (a) All the deceased.

(b) (i) and (ii) Until the inquest has taken place, I am not prepared to furnish the detail of the wounds.

- (7) (a) Yes.
- (b) Yes.
- (c) No.
- (i) to (iv) Fall away.
- (8) (a) Some in the RSA and others abroad.
- (b) During the period May 1985 until December 1985.
- (c) The African National Congress.
- (d) It is neither the policy nor the custom to make known such information.
- (9) No.

Kabokweni magistrate's court
HAN SWARD 8/4/86
*26. Mr S S VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Justice:

- (1) Whether any officials attached to his Department were witnesses to an incident at the Kabokweni magistrate's court near White River on or about 11 March 1986; if so, (a) what officials and (b) what was the nature of the incident;
- (2) whether a crowd of persons was present at the court on that date; if so,
- (3) whether any court proceedings were interrupted as a result of the presence of this crowd; if so, in what manner;
- (4) whether any officials attached to his Department took any action in regard to this crowd (a) as a result of court proceedings having been interrupted and/or (b) for any other specified reasons; if so, (i) who, (ii) what action and (iii) with what result?

Riddle of Libyans with 'SA passports'

ARGUS

9/4/86

84A

Argus Africa News Service

HARARE. — A mystery group from Libya tried to board a Harare-bound aircraft in Athens at the weekend using false South African passports.

The bizarre incident on Saturday has generated intensive investigations by the authorities in at least four countries.

They are believed to be examining a number of theories — including the possibility that this was an attempt by Libyans or ANC members to enter South Africa to commit acts of insurgency.

Another possibility initially examined but now discounted is that the group planned to attack the United States embassies in Harare or Pretoria.

American diplomatic offices have been on special alert for attacks by Libyans since the confrontations in the Gulf of Sidra last month that resulted in several Libyan patrol boats being sunk by carrier-based US aircraft.

Suspicious

The group who tried to board the Air Zimbabwe flight at Athens on Saturday were turned away because airport authorities became suspicious of their passports, according to sources.

They were not detained, however, and are believed to have returned to Libya. Full details of the incident have not yet become available.

It is not clear whether or not those in the group were, in fact, Libyans.

In the meantime several aspects are puzzling authorities. Chief among these is the purpose of the mystery group in trying to board the Air Zimbabwe flight.

The flight leaves Athens at 10.30pm SA time and flies non-stop to Harare, arriving at 5.20am SA time on Sunday.

Non-stop flight

It appears unlikely — though not impossible — that they planned to hijack the aircraft, because if they were Libyans they would presumably avoid attacking a Zimbabwe aircraft for fear of angering the Harare Government, with which Libya maintains friendly relations. Libya has a diplomatic mission in Harare.

As the flight is non-stop to Harare the group could not have planned to get off elsewhere.

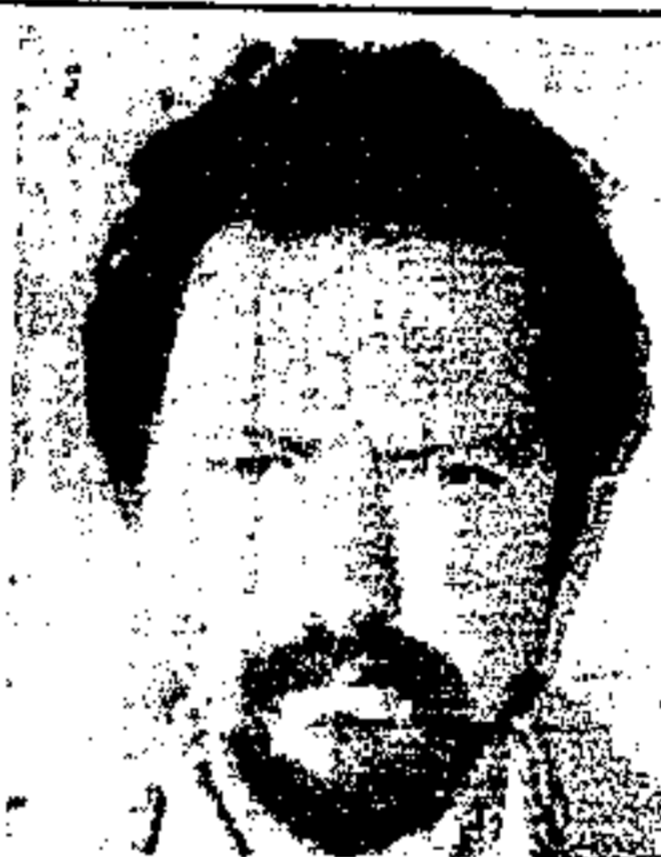
With South African passports they would in any case have been barred from entering most African countries.

Even Zimbabwe would not have allowed them in without visas and it is not known whether or not they had them.

However, as transit passengers to South Africa they would have been allowed to remain in the transit lounge at Harare Airport until they boarded a connecting flight.



Mr David Goslin



Mr Stewart Goslin

Owner's son on way to get Alter Ego back

Yachting Reporter

CIVIL proceedings are under way to attach the Cape Town yacht Alter Ego in Grenada in the West Indies where it was spotted at a marina.

A lawyer acting for owner Mr Nelson Girdlestone confirmed that solicitors in Grenada had been instructed to secure the yacht pending repossession.

Mr Girdlestone's son Charles is on his way to Grenada with the necessary documents and certificates to claim the boat.

Mrs Maureen Girdlestone said last night her husband would institute proceedings for damages against the Goslin brothers, Stewart and David, who sailed the yacht from Cape Town to the West Indies after "buying" it with an allegedly forged cheque for R210 000.

Leaflets describing the yacht which were circulated around the world offered a "substantial reward" for information leading to its recovery and Mrs Girdlestone confirmed that the reward would be paid to Mr Slim Evans, the marina owner.

The legal position regarding the Goslin brothers is unclear.

There is no extradition agreement between Grenada and South Africa and they were travelling on Irish passports which they obtained in December on the strength of having an Irish grandfather.

Their mother is in Johannesburg with a third brother and is believed to be seriously ill.

Fire at school

ARGUS 9/4/86 12.76
The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — The headmaster's at the Bantuvokani Higher P School in Lamontville was set by arsonists and a 13-year-old girl shot during police action school yesterday has died in b police said today.

Prudence Mngadi, a pupil school, was allegedly shot in th during a clash between pupils lice.

She died at the King Edward Hospital in Durban.

A spokesman for the hospit several other schoolchildren ha

SA's best frogs sought f

By ANTHONY DOMAN
Staff Reporter

IF you're well-built, especially in the thighs, and fancy yourself as a potential world champion long-jumper, you could be just what Chris Kapp of George needs.

But there are two conditions: you must be between 7,5 and 10cm tall (or long) and you have to be a frog.

Mr Kapp, a qualified paddajoggie (frog trainer) is looking for fresh tal-

ent for the world frog Olym event takes place on May mining town of Angels Car United States.

And in November the fro to Elsburg, home of South frog guru Mr Piem Fourie, er big jump-off.

South Africa's distance cl 4cm middleweight Beeld, se record of 12,1m in 1978. But

Police investigate Cape Times reports

Staff Reporter

POLICE yesterday launched a Police Act investigation into reports written by two Cape Times reporters and warned the news editor that a subpoena would be served on her unless she supplied police with an affidavit.

The investigation is in terms of Section 27b of the Police Act which prohibits the publication of untrue matter regarding security forces without having reasonable grounds. The maximum penalty on conviction carries a R10 000 fine or five years' imprisonment or both.

Major Quinton Visser, head of the Peninsula Murder and Robbery Unit, delivered copies of possible charges which may be put to reporters Chris Bateman and Tony Weaver before interviewing the news editor Ms Jane Arbous.

According to the documents served

on Mr Bateman and Mr Weaver, the investigation relates to publication by the Cape Times of accounts by witnesses to the March 3 shoot-out between police and suspected guerillas in Guguletu, a subsequent interview granted to the BBC by Mr Weaver, and a March 12 Cape Times follow-up report on the original shoot-out.

Sworn affidavits backing the published accounts are in the possession of the Cape Times.

Mr Weaver was also formally warned that he faces an additional possible charge under the Criminal Procedure Act (neglecting to assist with an arrest when asked to do so) in connection with an incident in Long Street on February 26 this year.

Ms Arbous was told by Major Visser that the affidavit required of her was related to any changes made to stories prior to publication.

Guguletu shootout: Le Grange questioned

ARGUS

2/4/86

~~2/4/86~~
DHT

Political Correspondent

THE circumstances of the shootout in Guguletu on March 3 in which seven men were killed are to be investigated further in Parliament following answers by the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, which have been described as unsatisfactory by the Opposition.

Mr Tian van der Merwe, Progressive Federal Party MP for Green Point, who put the questions, said the public had a right to know more — especially as the Minister was alleging that people were now also receiving African National Congress training inside the country.

Fled the scene

There were also the suspicious circumstances of all seven being shot in the head and no one being taken prisoner.

Mr le Grange said in the Assembly that one or more people fled the scene of the shootout.

Investigations to determine the identity of the person or persons who fled were continuing, he added.

The police had information that the seven men were members of the ANC who had received training in South Africa and abroad from May to December last year.

Head wounds

All had gunshot wounds in the head, according to post-mortem examinations, but until the inquest was completed, Mr le Grange said, he would not furnish details of the wounds.

Mr van der Merwe said he would be putting further questions as there were still suspicious circumstances about the shootout.

The fact that all seven had head wounds could tally with allegations that some were "finished off" after the initial shooting.

He said it was also suspicious that all had been killed while one would have expected attempts be made to capture some of them in an effort to obtain information.

9/4/86
TUESDAY 7:01 84A
**Marion Sparg has
still to be charged**

MARION SPARG, detained after the bomb explosion at John Vorster Square police headquarters earlier this year, had not been charged, Minister of Law and Order Louis le Grange said in the Assembly yesterday.

Replying to a question from Helen Suzman (Progressive Federal Party, Houghton), Le Grange said Sparg was being held at John Vorster Square in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act.

She had not asked to see a lawyer or priest.

SAA
Cape Times 10/14/86

Man dies, four hurt in station toilet blast

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. -- A man was killed and four were slightly injured yesterday when a bomb ripped through a men's public toilet near the Braamfontein railway station.

The bomb exploded just after 1pm on the corner of Smit and Solomon streets.

Police last night could not say whether the man had been killed while priming the bomb.

His badly mutilated body was dragged by rope from the toilet and was taken to the city mortuary.

The injured -- Mr Arohm Boete, Mr Frans Chauke, Mr Naddeni Bala and Mr Phineas Majoue -- were rushed to the Hillbrow Hospital where they were treated and discharged.

Police would not say what type of explosive device was used but it is likely that a small limpet mine was involved.

For about two hours after the blast, detectives combed through the debris of the building and the surrounding area for clues.

Eyewitness Mr Giovan Ramjee said

one of the injured men jumped out of the window of the toilet soon after the bomb exploded.

Mr Ramjee, who owns a nearby shop, said: "Three men staggered out of the entrance. They looked blown and dazed."

He said he did not go inside the toilet as he had been warned that there might another bomb.

"Minutes later the ambulances arrived," Mr Ramjee said.

Mr Leonard Kirsch said he was in a shop opposite the toilet when the bomb exploded.

"I looked across at the toilet and it was covered in smoke. Three men came out looking very confused. I then turned away and telephoned the emergency services."

The area surrounding the toilet was cordoned off shortly after the explosion as scores of onlookers gathered. The heavy traffic on Smit Street was redirected into Solomon Street by traffic officers.

Extensive damage was caused to the roof of the building and shop windows opposite were shattered.

Business 8, 9	Court Roll 8	Motors 16	Sport 16-18
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Classified 10-14	Editorials 6	Racing 15	Weather 2
Column 15	Focus 5	Radio 11	Women's 5
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Phone 24-2233 (Monday to Friday) Cape Times, Box 11, Cape Town (Registered at the GPO as a newspaper)



Blast kills man and injures four

300 DAY 10/9/86 84A

AN EXPLOSION — believed to have been caused by a limpet mine — ripped through a public toilet near the Braamfontein railway station yesterday, killing one man and injuring four others.

The blast took place just after 1pm on the corner of Smit and Solomon streets in Vrededorp, Johannesburg.

Police said last night they could not confirm that the man who died in the blast had been priming the bomb.

Police brought a mutilated body from the blood-spattered toilet.

The body was taken to the city mortuary.

The injured — Arohm Boete, of Bagley Avenue, Bryanston, Frans Chauke, a Brixton cemetery worker, Naddeni Bala, of Selby Compound, and Phineas Majoue, of Owl Street, Auckland Park — were treated at the Hillbrow Hospital.

Police would not specify the type of explosive device involved, but it is suspected that a small limpet mine was used.

For about two hours after the blast, detectives sifted through debris of the building and surrounding area for clues.

Eyewitness Giovan Ramjee said one of the injured men had jumped out of the

ANN PALMER

window of the toilet shortly after the bomb exploded.

Ramjee, who owns a nearby shop, said: "Three men staggered out of the entrance. They looked dazed.

"When I approached them, they did not look as if they had been injured, but blood started pouring from their heads as I asked them if there was anybody else inside."

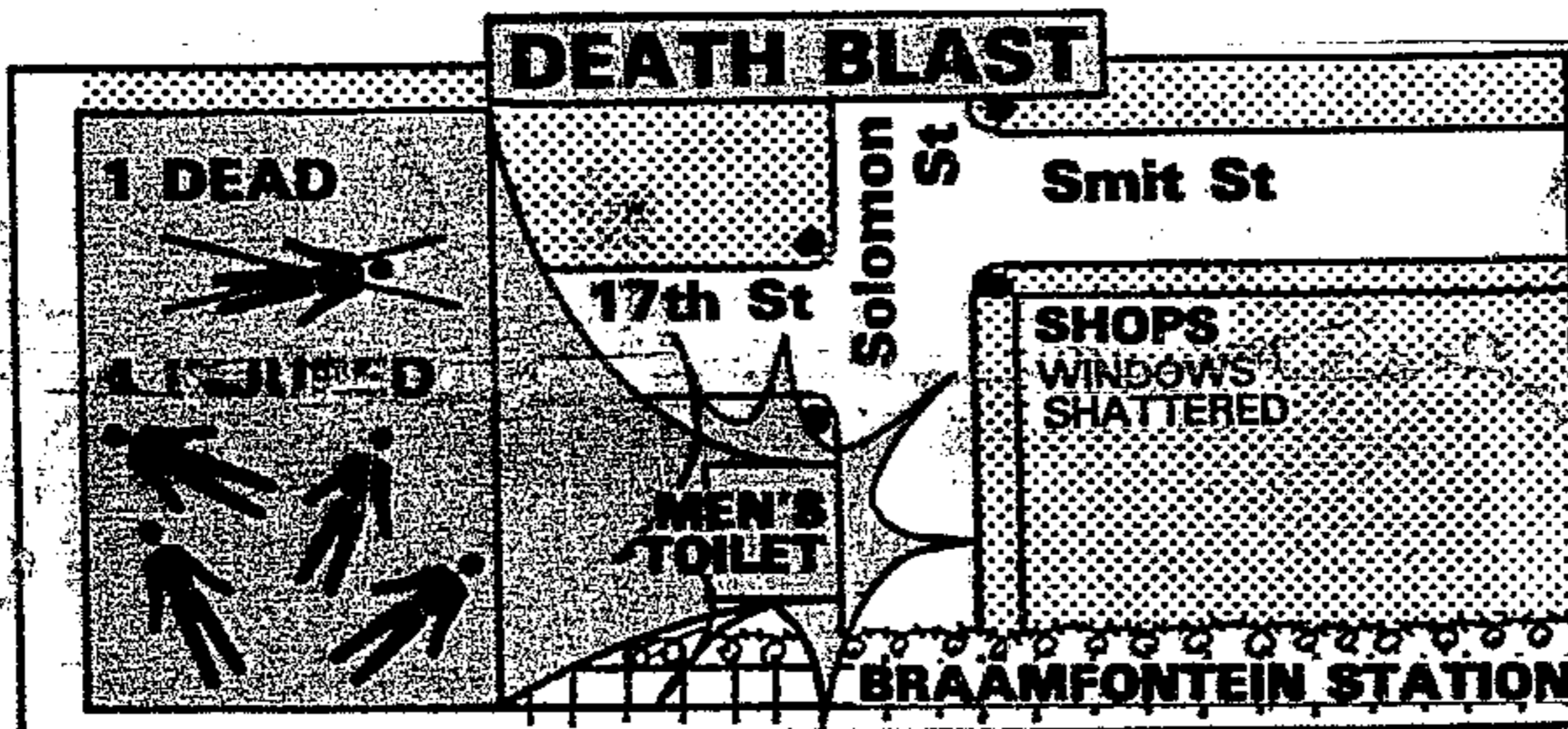
Ramjee said he did not go inside the toilet as he had been warned that there might be another bomb in the building.

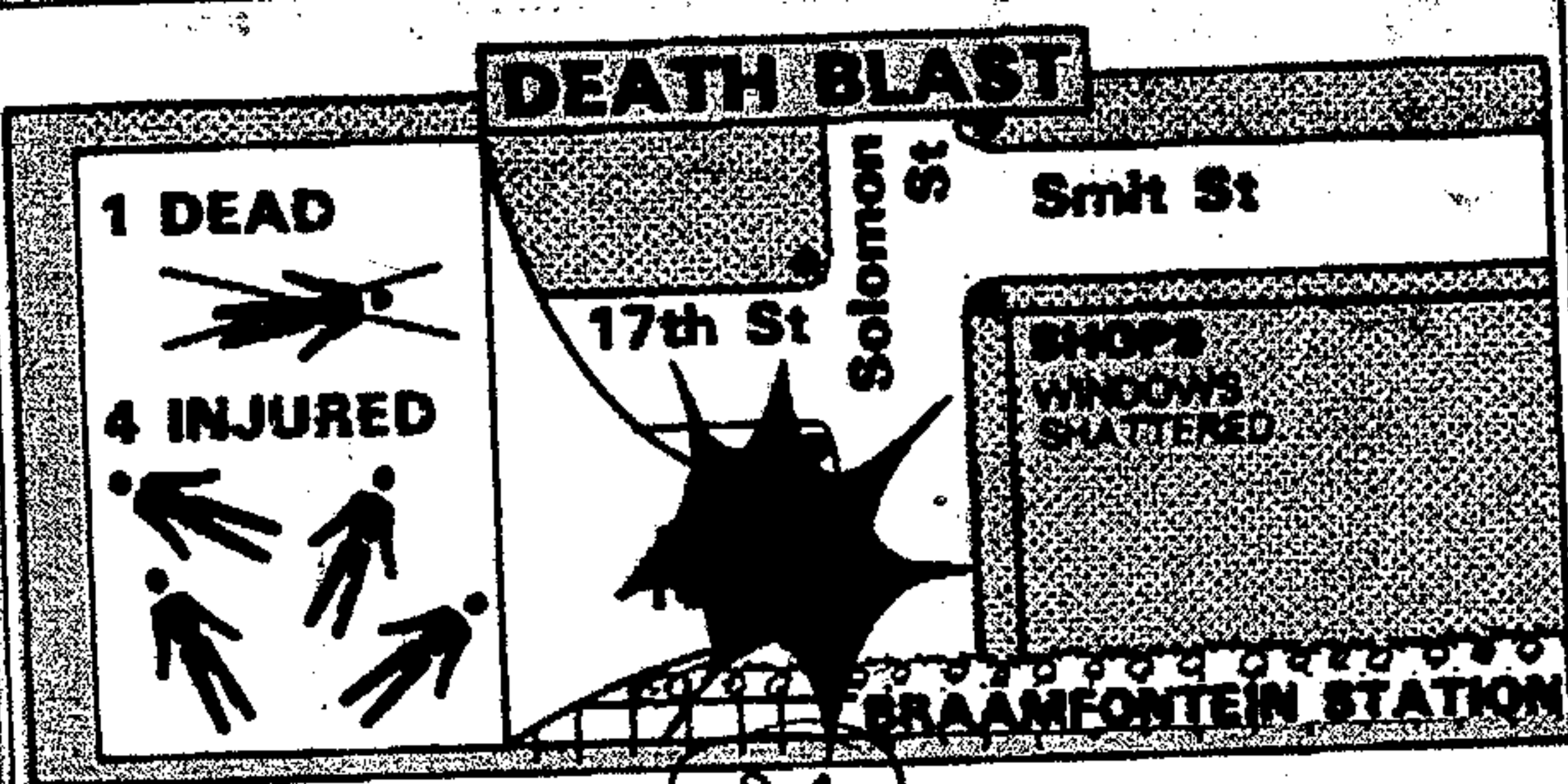
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Man dies, four hurt in station toilet blast

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Newspaper photo

SAF Times 10/4/86

PAC hit men, had death list'

Political Correspondent

THE names of the black leaders on the "death list" of the Libyan-trained PAC assassination squad arrested over the Easter weekend "will probably never be revealed", police sources said yesterday.

Government sources were guarded yesterday on whether Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi and other homeland leaders were prime targets of the two arrested Pan-Africanist Congress hit men.

The Deputy Minister of Information, Mr Louis Nel, said the government was aware of the identity of some of black leaders the guerillas had been sent to "eliminate" but he declined to give their names.

Mr Nel said yesterday the two arrested men were part of group of 150 PAC guerillas who received political and military training in 1982 in Libya.

'Another group of 107'

In addition, the government had information that another group of 107 PAC guerillas had undergone military training in Libya "as far back as 1976".

Questioned on whether the government knew if any of the remaining 148 (of the group of 150) were in South Africa, Mr Nel said he knew that "some" PAC guerillas were in the country "but I cannot say what the exact factual situation is".

The minister would not say where in South Africa the two PAC members had been arrested. Asked when they had entered South Africa, he said the guerillas were still being questioned by the police.

Mr Nel said he did not have any information on whether those arrested over Easter were in any way linked to a mysterious group, believed to be Libyans, who tried to board a Harare-bound aircraft at Athens at the weekend using false SA passports.

Yesterday's disclosures on PAC training and military activity came as a surprise as the armed struggle against South Africa has been dominated by the ANC for several years now.

● According to the annual SAP report published yesterday, the number of acts of terrorism rose from 56 in 1983-84 to 86 in 1984-85. During these two periods the percentage of cases solved declined from 71,4 to 53,5 percent.

The report said organizations such as the ANC, the SACP and, "to a lesser degree", the PAC were "prominent in this threat to the State".

Legal access allowed, but . . .

Bail blocked for seven injured in grenade blasts

10/4/86. STAR

84A

By Jo-Anne Collinge

The Attorney-General has issued certificates preventing bail being granted to six men and a youth who have spent nine months detained incommunicado after being injured in hand grenade blasts on the East Rand.

The seven, who face six counts of attempted murder and two counts of terrorism, were whisked through court in Springs yesterday while their parents waited in the corridors, unaware that the lightning appearance had taken place.

WAVING ARMS

It was the second time the group had appeared in court — and the second occasion on which families failed to gain access to them.

The only glimpse the parents got of the children they last saw nine months ago was that of arms waving through the bars of the police van taking them from court back to Modderbee Prison.

Two of the group each lost an arm in explosions in Duduza and Tsakane on June 25/6. Others had fingers blown off and suffered shrapnel wounds in the blasts, which claimed seven lives, relatives say.

The case has been referred to the Pretoria Supreme Court for trial on June 2.

In contrast to the period they were detained under section 29 of the Internal Security Act, the group now have visiting rights and the right to consult lawyers.

But the issuing of an Attorney-General's certificate preventing a bail hearing means that they will probably remain in custody for the duration of the trial.

The accused are: Mr Cedric Dladla (18) and Mr Hosea Lengosane (19) of Tsakane, and Mr Joseph Mazibuko (18), Mr John Mlangeni (21), Mr Samuel Lekhatsa (18), Mr Humphrey Tshabalala (18), and a minor, all of Duduza.

Man says Lekoa councillors looked after own interests

Pretoria Bureau

A Lekoa community councillor yesterday told the Delmas treason trial that his fellow councillors looked after their own interests at the expense of those of the community.

Mr Sebeho Petrus Mohajane, who represented Ward 16 in Sebokeng during 1984, said the failure by the Lekoa Town Council to increase the rents for business premises and their decision to sell the liquor outlets pointed to that.

And he said his attempt during the budget debate in June 1984 to protest against the decision not to increase rents for business sites was overruled by the mayor.

Mr Mohajane said he was also opposed to the council's decision to sell the liquor outlets to private individuals. Many of them were councillors. He said it would have been far more beneficial to the community to have

retained the liquor outlets and used the profits to provide facilities, instead of increasing rents.

He also told the court of his battle against illegal convictions. He said people were often unnecessarily evicted from their homes so that some councillors could obtain the premises for their families. Others accepted bribes to obtain accommodation.

DIED

In another development in the trial yesterday, one of the accused, Mr Morake Petrus Mokoena (47), of Evaton, applied for bail to attend his mother's funeral. His mother died at the weekend. Mr Mokoena has been behind bars for about 18 months.

Lekoa mayor Mr Esau Chaka Mahlatsi was the 23rd witness to be called by the State in the mammoth treason trial of 22 men, mostly members of the United Democratic Front.

All 22 have pleaded not guilty to the main charge of treason and alternative charges of terrorism, subversion and murder. Most of the charges relate to the unrest which broke out in the Vaal Triangle on September 3 1984.

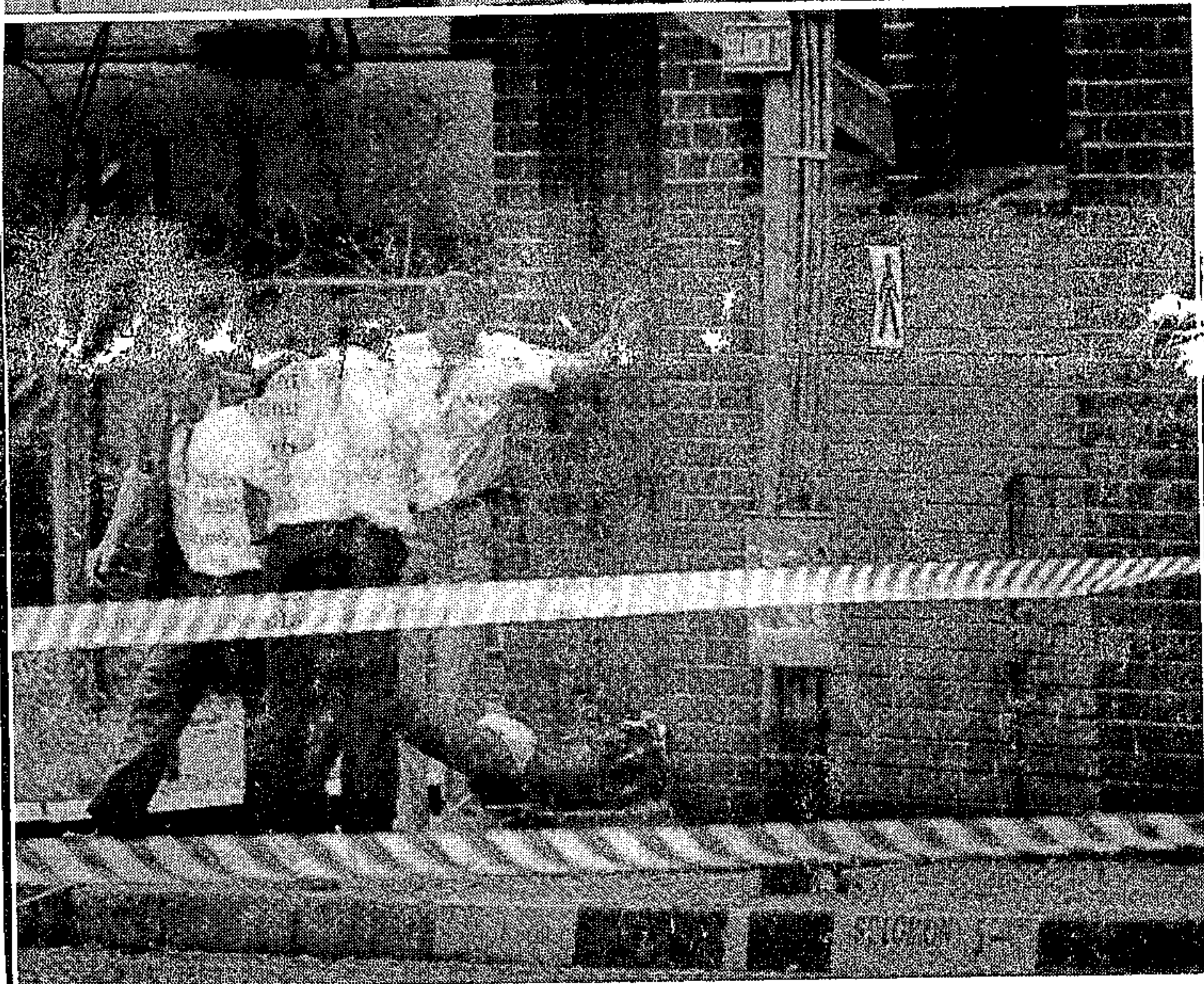
Mr Mahlatsi told the court he was elected to the council in November 1983. He represented Ward 13 in Sebokeng.

Shortly after he was elected mayor, he addressed several meetings in the Vaal Triangle townships explaining the functions and powers of the council.

He said his constituents appeared happy with the news of the rent increases. The rents had gone up to meet the demands for facilities from the residents. They were originally expected to rise by R11 or more, but money was received from the development board. Rents were finally increased by R5,90.

The trial continues.

Toilet blast aftermath



Security staff battle to remove the mutilated body of a man from the Braamfontein station toilet which was wrecked by an explosion yesterday. ● Pictures by David Sandison.

Own bomb may have killed man

SPAR Crime Staff *84A*
Police are investigating the possibility that the man killed in a blast at Johannesburg's Braamfontein railway station yesterday was blown up by his own bomb.

The explosion, caused by a mini-limpet mine, left one dead and four injured.

The blast rocked a toilet used by commuters at about 1.20 pm.

The injured men — Mr Aaron Buti (37), Mr Frans Chaiké (45), Mr Ndabeni Bala (39), and Mr Phineas Majose (48) — were discharged from the Hillbrow Hospital after treatment.

A police spokesman said identification of the body would be very difficult as the top half had been completely blown away. It was obvious the man had been very close to the mine when it exploded.

No one has claimed responsibility for the blast. Police are investigating "every possibility", including that the man intended planting the bomb.

The station is on the corner of 17th and Solomon streets, Vrededorp, a few minutes' drive from the Johannesburg city centre.

A shopkeeper close to the station, Mr Jivan Ramjee, said he heard a loud explosion from the station.

"I saw four men leaving the toilet. They were all dazed and bleeding," he said.

Police and ambulance officials arrived within five minutes of the blast.

Police later recovered a badly mutilated body from the bombed-out toilet.

Scores of onlookers gathered near the blast and traffic became congested as police directed motorists away from the area.

● The last bomb attacks on the Reef were in Springs and Germiston on the East Rand last month. Four vehicles were damaged when a limpet mine went off in a rubbish bin in Springs and in a separate incident in the town a gaping hole was blasted in the wall of a church.

Argus 10/4/86
**'Man killed
in blast may
be bomber'**

The Argus Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Police forensic experts have not yet been able to determine whether the man killed in a minilimpet mine explosion in Braamfontein had the bomb in his possession or was an innocent victim.

The explosion rocked a public toilet near the railway station at 1.20pm, killing the man and injuring four others.

The injured — Mr Aaron Buti, 37, Mr Frans Chaike, 45, Mr Ndabeni Bala, 39, and Mr Phineas Majose, 48, — were taken to Hillbrow Hospital and discharged after treatment.

BLOWN AWAY

A police spokesman said identification of the body would be very difficult as the top half had been completely blown away.

But it was obvious that he had been very close to the mine when it exploded.

Le Grange attacks Cape Times

CNT. TIAN
11/4/86

By ANTHONY JOHNSON

Political Correspondent
HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

— The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, charged yesterday that the Cape Times had become a mouthpiece of the UDF and the ANC.

In a wide-ranging attack during the budget debate, Mr le Grange also alleged that:

- The Editor hoped the government would close down the newspaper so that he could put the blame for its death on the State.

- The Editor had lost control of his staff.

- The newspaper was fast losing readership and credibility, and that its future hung in the balance.

- The newspaper was in "dire financial straits".

- The newspaper was responsible for "slandrous and biased" at-

that he could put the blame for its death on the State will never materialize.

"He is closing it down himself because he has lost control over his staff.

"They prescribe to him — for instance, whether to abide by a long-standing agreement between the SAP and the Newspaper Press Union, and he has no say over the matter.

"Even as far as accreditation of his staff is concerned he has no power."

Rifles

Mr Le Grange asked whether the Editor knew that that one of the Cape Times' reporters, Mr Tony Weaver, had given an interview to the BBC following the Guguletu incident last month.

"In this interview, he told millions of listeners that, according to witnesses they spoke to the

THE Editor of the Cape Times, Mr A H Heard, said last night: "I suggest that the minister should have the courage to repeat his allegations outside of Parliament where he does not enjoy parliamentary protection against legal action."

tacks on the government and the SAP.

Mr Le Grange said the Cape Times was "in trouble" with its readers over its handling of the shootout between the police and alleged guerrillas in Guguletu on March 3.

"(The newspaper) knows that it is fast losing readership and credibility and that the future of the Cape Times hangs in the balance.

"It is no secret that the Cape Times is in dire financial straits.

"It even raised its price by 20 percent to 50 cents in the hope of staying alive but unless it drastically changes its slandrous and biased attacks on the Government and in particular the South African Police, it will continue to drive away its advertisers," he said.

Mr Le Grange said the Cape Times would follow the same path as the Rand Daily Mail and the Sunday Express (which closed down last year).

"I would like to tell the Editor that his hopes of the government closing down his newspaper so

seven dead terrorists were not only innocent — some of whom were on their way to a shop or to seek work — but that the police had actually planted the weapons on them because they had killed innocent people and were trying to make out that they were terrorists," he said.

"Isn't it also quite strange that they (the alleged guerrillas) were buried under the Communist flag and with ANC colours draped over their coffins?" Mr le Grange asked.

"It is shocking that such a slanted and biased message can be relayed overseas by a staff member of a newspaper claiming to regard its duty is to correctly and fairly inform its readers."

Mr Le Grange said he had "many examples of slanted and biased reporting" in the Cape Times of recent months and "it leaves much doubt as to what its intentions are".

He said the newspaper

A
From page 1
had recently "claimed" that more than 30 000 people had attended a funeral of the "seven terrorists" and that they turned Guguletu "into virtual ANC stronghold".

However, aerial photographs showed that at "no stage" were more than 3 000 to 4 000 people present.

"Unfortunately this newspaper, which has had a proud record for over a century, is now hopelessly failing its readers and has become the mouthpiece of the UDF and the ANC."

Referring to reports on the Guguletu shoot-out, the Minister said the Cape Times had been in trouble over this matter "right from the beginning".

In spite of the fact that of the shootings were the subject of a judicial inquiry in which all the relevant facts and evidence would be tested in

an open court, Mr Le Grange said he had made every effort to provide Mr Tian van der Merwe (PFP Green Point) with the details.

However, Mr Van der Merwe "still went to the Cape Times and made stinging allegations that the matter was 'very suspect'."

"I am not the least surprised that the honourable member raised the questions in House and I am not surprised either at the splash coverage the Cape Times gave on its front page to the honourable member's views," he said.

Mr Le Grange said he would not be surprised if the questions raised "were actually compiled by the Cape Times".

● Mr Weaver said last night: "The minister's creative interpretation of the BBC interview casts a serious slur on my professional integrity and I challenge him to repeat the allegations outside Parliament so I can sue him for libel."

Four soldiers charged with grenade deaths

11/4/86 WEEKLY M

84A

By RUTH BECKER

FOUR SADF members have been charged with the murder of six youths who died in a hand grenade attack, highlighting ongoing conflict in the north-eastern Transvaal that has claimed more than 20 lives in the last month.

The murder charges emerged yesterday as two more hand grenade attacks took place in the area — this time aimed at the houses of political activists.

Smouldering conflict between anti-government organisations and Lebowa homeland authorities has in the last month created what residents describe as a "war zone".

The four soldiers appeared in the Lulekani Magistrate's Court on Wednesday on charges of murder. The case was remanded until April 23 and the accused were held in custody.

No names were available yesterday.

The charges arise from an incident on March 28, when an explosion at a Lulekani shebeen killed six teenagers and fatally injured another. The seven victims will be buried tomorrow.

Yesterday's hand grenade attacks took place in Mankweng, near Pietersburg, between 1 and 2am.

Three people are believed to have been detained after the attacks, reportedly while assisting the victims' families. They include Elleck Nchabeleng, an organiser for the Sekhukhuleni Youth Organisation and France Mohlala, president of the Mankweng Youth Congress.

Joyce Mabudafhasi, a United Democratic Front executive member in the Northern Transvaal, is in intensive care in Pietersburg Hospital after a hand grenade was thrown through her bedroom window.

Her son, who lives at the back of the house, said he heard a loud explosion. He ran inside to find his mother "bleeding all over, with shrapnel wounds all over her body". She told him she had been in bed when she saw a flashlight in the garden. When she went to the window, a grenade was thrown at her.

Four other people in the room sustained minor injuries.

In the second incident, a grenade was thrown into the shack of Ernest

● To PAGE 2



Soldiers charged with grenade deaths

WEEKLY MAIL 11/4/86 84A

Mokaba. He was wounded on his head and back and the shack was badly damaged.

It is believed the attack was aimed at his brother, Peter Mokaba, an ex-Robben Island prisoner recently released from detention.

These are the latest in a spate of incidents in the area, including:

- A hand grenade attack that gutted the reception area of a hotel owned by a UDF supporter in Namakgale, also near Phalaborwa.

- Death threats to UDF activists and the distribution of anti-UDF pamphlets in Seshego, near Pietersburg and Lulekani.

As a result of the conflict, dozens of young activists from the towns of Apel and Phokanwe have taken to the mountains, claiming that they are being continually harassed by the police.

And Lebowa MPs from the area are under enormous pressure to resign. Two have already done so and others are expected to follow.

These incidents have been pieced together from accounts given by local

● From PAGE 1

UDF youth activists. It is certain that there have been other incidents affecting a full spectrum of opponents of the homeland government.

The spark has differed from one village to another, but all have involved Lebowa police action and fanned the hostility of many youths towards homeland authorities.

Lebowa police have been breaking up almost all meetings in the area — leading to numerous arrests, detentions and charges of public violence.

In addition, activists from Seshego describe harassment from a group calling itself the "A-Team", who "drive around in Kombis, masquerading as comrades or taxi drivers.

"They pick you up and talk politics. If you respond, they stop the Kombi and beat you up," one activist said.

But recently, attacks on activists reached a new scale. On Sunday, March 23 one person died when a hand grenade was thrown at a hotel belonging to Jackson Mogudi, head of

the Namakgale Crisis Committee. It was known that youths often went to his hotel, according to a resident.

This attack came shortly after a soldier died in a confrontation with youths in Namakgale, according to residents. However, the SADF said yesterday they have no knowledge of such a death.

Residents have pointed fingers at soldiers from an SADF camp near Phalaborwa, but add that they believe the soldiers come from "other areas". They speak Shangaan and Portuguese and drive non-Lebowa cars.

Asked yesterday to comment on this, an SADF spokesman said: "What we have got is soldiers. What language they speak is irrelevant. Anyone can join the SADF as long as they fit the normal requirements."

Activists allege that soldiers are interfering with the fabric of community life. "The women are falling in love with them because they have lots of money and drive these flashy cars," one said.

- Lebowa police said yesterday they were not available for comment.

An angry voice from

AMBASSADE DER NEDERLANDEN

POLITIEKE AFDELING
&
ECONOMISCHE AFDELING

WEEKLY MAIL
11/4/86



De Jonge at the door ... at 6.30 am every morning the police shout out: 'Klaas, Klaas, are you awake?'

DE JONGE: FIRST SA INTERVIEW

If the South African police had their way, the smiling man at right would be in the dock on Monday, alongside his ex-wife. Klaas De Jonge, who slipped out of police clutches last year to take refuge in the Dutch embassy in Pretoria, has decided not to defend charges under the Internal Security Act. His ex-wife, Helene Passtoors, will stand trial on her own. No South African newspaper has gained access to De Jonge before. Here we present for the first time the opinions — and the pictures — of the man who has embarrassed the governments of two countries.

Interviewed by PAT SIDLEY



Initial press reports about De Jonge, attributed only to "security sources", had linked him and Passtoors to the bombing. But no reference to this incident appears in the 48-page indictment.

De Jonge quoted this as one of the many occasions where, he claimed, public opinion was manipulated through the press, both in South Africa and in Holland.

"They said I had links with the PLO, the KGB and IRA and that everybody was looking for me in different countries. It's rubbish," he said.

"I know the function the writing has. It mobilises a lot of sentiment against the total onslaught that I am supposed to be part of.

"It's all communist-oriented propaganda — people from outside killing innocent people inside, blacks, women, children, and now you have some of these stupid Dutchmen doing this too," he said, launching into an attack on the Dutch press.

"Here in South Africa I don't mind (a bad press) too much, because if you even criticise, they think you are a communist, and very soon after you are a terrorist. I was much more disappointed at the role of the press in Holland," De Jonge said.

to bring him to court — from their point of view. But that did not mean he had to accept it.

"I think the whole thing has been prejudged already, by the way the press was manipulated, and I don't feel much for participating in a distorted legal system," he said.

He said he was reluctant to be charged with "non-political" crimes. He had been held under the security laws and considered himself a political prisoner.

"Section 29 (of the Internal Security Act under which he was detained) is not a law of a law-abiding country. It is an apartheid law which defends that system. These laws are seen as anti-democratic and a flagrant violation of the purpose and principles of the Charter for Human Rights. I have a very critical view of your laws," he

said. To him, the South African government was a terrorist government.

"I get fed up with the whole discussion about violence and I don't think it's useful ... I say this government is violent.

"I don't think in international discussions they accentuate enough the whole history of how liberation movements were forced to resort to a certain limited form of violence, but directed towards strategic aims and military objects ... not innocent people.

"But you have to ask yourself, who are the innocent people here? I read that six out of 10 of you (South Africans) have guns ... I don't think your judges are innocent defending this racist regime and I don't think the

farmers at the borders are innocent with their territorial army organisations.

"So not all civilians here are innocent and ... aren't you also voting for the system partly?"

"They tell me a lot of soldiers don't want to fight, but it is their responsibility if they join the army. They are part of the apartheid structure. They are defending it and fighting for it, not only inside South Africa, but also outside South Africa. So even if they are against it themselves, they are still part of the whole system."

Despite this argument, he quotes the ANC's Oliver Tambo saying the Pretoria car bomb blast, which killed 19 people, was a mistake.

'I WANTED TO SHOW THEM THEY WERE NOT AS GOOD AS THEY THOUGHT'

KLAAS DE JONGE decided to escape from the Security Police and take refuge in the Dutch Embassy because of "the arrogance of the South African Police".

"I hated it," he told Weekly Mail. "They were so clever. I was angry with them for several reasons. I wanted to show them they were not as good as they thought they were."

The police had told him that Helene Passtoors, his former wife, had been detained before this had actually taken place — "and I worried like hell."

They had also told him that Passtoors' daughter, Brigitte, was also in prison and that she had tried to commit suicide.

(Passtoors was detained about three days after De Jonge, after she had put her daughter on a plane bound for Zimbabwe.)

Angered by the police, he decided to escape to the embassy. He took police

to the Nedbank building, saying he wanted to show them something on the second floor. He knew the embassy entrance was on the first floor.

"I didn't know if it would succeed or not. But I gave myself a fair chance. I was very social with the people around me — two Security Policemen and a detective from Johannesburg.

"I was very tense when we got here (the embassy). In front of the building they took a photograph, and I saw the blue shield of the Dutch embassy. I was so damned afraid they would see it. Then we went inside the entrance and they wanted to wait for the lifts. I saw at the right side "Dutch Embassy" and at the left side a second shield.

"I said to them: 'Oh, gee, no, let's go on and not wait. It's the second floor so we can take the staircase.' We went up and at the beginning of the first floor I started running. I heard them screaming."

He expected the policemen might shoot, but they had not realised they were at the Dutch Embassy.

"I was in before they realised what was happening," De Jonge said.

One policeman tackled him — he was in leg irons — and started dragging him out. De Jonge shouted: "Help me. I'm a political prisoner, Klaas de Jonge."

An embassy official appeared, but De Jonge was taken back to prison in Johannesburg. Only after protests from the Dutch government was he returned to the embassy.

"My point was to tell everybody that I was in prison and that I was a political prisoner and that the police were not clever enough to see what I was doing. That was tremendously important for me.

"I was amused at the rumpus I caused. But sometimes it made me angry to read some of the bullshit

stories about me."

He knew nothing about the embassy's protests. Police simply told him he was to be handed back there.

A room had been fixed up for him and he felt welcome there, he said.

De Jonge said he believed the behaviour of the Dutch government had been correct.

"The moment they realised the police had taken me away, they asked me back and they got me back, and afterwards they decided not to hand me over.

"The members of the embassy staff were quite understanding in the sense that even if they didn't quite agree with my views, they were sympathetic towards me."

But life in the embassy has been something of a trial, with the police task force outside waking him up at odd hours and the fact that he could not move outside freely and was

IN his first interview from his hide-out in the Dutch Embassy, Pretoria, fugitive Klaas de Jonge, charged under the Internal Security Act with terrorism, claimed to Weekly Mail: "It is the South African government which is the terrorist. Not I."

And, he added, in an exclusive interview from the embassy's premises in the Nedbank building, he did not believe he would get a fair trial in South Africa — although there would be a pretence of one.

Because of these views he has refused to appear in court with his former wife Helene Passtoors, whose treason trial is scheduled to start in the Pretoria Supreme Court on Monday. And he may not be tried in absentia. He would have to face his charges and plead, and if found guilty would face a life sentence, or even death.

"I don't think South Africa's legal system is a democratic one. It defends the racist regime and the privileges of the group in power. I don't think the South African legal system has the right to try anybody, because it is the legal system linked to one group," De Jonge said.

The interview took place at the end of last year, when De Jonge had already spent several months in hiding from the police whom he eluded in July last year to seek refuge in the Dutch Embassy.

De Jonge, an anthropologist-sociologist-demographer, and Passtoors were arrested in June. After taking refuge in the embassy he was dragged out by police, who violated the embassy's diplomatic immunity. He was handed back only after strong representations to the South African government.

Weekly Mail had asked De Jonge for his views on terrorism, South African laws and public and press reaction to his case. But he also spoke — in fluent English — of how he, a Dutchman, became interested in South Africa, how he plotted to escape from the police because of their "arrogance" and how he spent his days in the embassy.

He was not a hero, he said. But neither was he a terrorist — and this image irritated him.

"Who is the South African government to talk about violence? They use it regularly. In the Emergency we saw people killed, we see torture institutionalised in prisons. So who is violent, who are the terrorists?"

South Africa, he said, had the right

inside the Embassy



Barbed wire at the window: escape from one prison cell to another



Instant kitchen: De Jonge's lawyer provided the cooker

KLAAS de Jonge's path to detention in a South African prison and refuge in the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria began in Mozambique when he witnessed the aftermath of the SADF raid on Matola.

Asked how he, a Dutchman, came to be involved in South Africa, he said: "I was confronted with the South African apartheid regime in Mozambique. I came 10 days after the Matola attack.

"I saw what the MNR did in the villages. I met people who were tortured. That makes me a foreigner?"

"I'm of the generation of the sixties. We demonstrated about Vietnam. I read about the apartheid system and I think it's really one of the worst you can imagine — legalising this difference built on race.

"I was always against it — but in Mozambique I got to know it better. I was working there and I saw how your country (South Africa) destabilised at my work; South Africans killed Ruth First whom I held in very high esteem. She worked at the university at the institute where I worked.

"I met people who came through Mozambique ... South African refugees who were tortured.

"I read more than I had before and got so fed up with this (South African) government and its destabilising actions that I thought if there was a possibility to do something about it, I would not say no.

"I wanted to do something. If you believe in things you can't always stay on the periphery, always studying and analysing it. At a certain moment, you have no other choice. I think I had no other choice than to do something I believed in."

De Jonge likens this interest in a "foreign country" to the reasons

The path from Matola to Pretoria

people from all over the world went off to fight in the Spanish Civil War.

"It was not because they were pro-Spanish culture or anything or because they wanted to spend time in Spain, but because they thought in 1937 that their (Spanish) fascism was attacking all kinds of beliefs they stood for, and they felt concerned for what could happen in their own country as it did afterwards — in France, Germany, everywhere.

"For the same reasons, I hate racism. I hate it in Holland, I see it there too and I attack it there too. And I attack it here too.

"It is not only racism, but the whole system of exploitation: of cheap labour and everything else concerned. It's more than only a battle against racism. It's a battle against the whole exploitative system."

De Jonge came from a "social democratic kind of family". He hardly knew his real father, but his stepfather was a painter and a teacher; his mother was an artist.

He had what he describes as a "normal schooling" which he hated and only a spell in the army made him believe university would not be so bad.

He studied sociology there during the 1960's and developed a political consciousness and — through meetings — an interest in the continent.

He did not belong to any political groups, although he participated in the political life of the times. And despite newspaper claims to the contrary, he was not an associate of the French student leader Danny Cohn-Bendit.

He took a job at the African Studies Centre in Leiden and later travelled to Africa. He came to Mozambique after meeting his wife, Helene Passtoors, a linguist specialising in Bantu languages who was about to take a job at the university in Maputo.

"I got very involved very quickly with what was going on in Mozambique. I was very impressed with the university centre where Ruth First worked and with the way they worked."

Distressed at the behaviour of the Mozambique government in signing the Nkomati Accord and the break-up of his marriage, he decided to go to Zimbabwe.

He was given a rude reminder of his feelings about South Africa. The MNR attacked four cars along the Mozambique/Swaziland road an hour after he and his eldest son had driven along it. "Twelve people were killed, one of them a girlfriend of my son," he said.

In Zimbabwe, he taught at an English high school.

De Jonge will not discuss the period of time dealt with in the state's charges against him. However, he had applied for, and been granted a job at the University of Bophuthatswana. He was on his way out of South Africa when he was arrested by Security Police and detained on suspicion of setting up arms caches for the ANC.

His sons, aged 18 and 15, are both in Holland. His parents live in retirement in Austria. They have, he says, reacted very well to his situation. They were very supportive although "they probably did not understand all that was going on".

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completely reliant on others.

His day started, he said, when police outside began calling at 6.30am: "Klaas, Klaas, are you awake?"

They wanted to see his face, he said. They had a kind of deal. He showed his face and they didn't make a noise during the night any more.

He started the day — and ended it — with Canadian Air Force 11-minute exercises. Then he had a cup of coffee and a hot-water wash in the toilet. There is no bath or shower. Then he had breakfast, bread and yogurt and more coffee and started reading newspapers which the embassy staff brought him.

He spent the day, he said, talking to them, reading or writing, making his lunch.

"Sometimes I receive letters (an understatement, as he apparently receives a huge amount of mail) and I write a lot. I read books about prison

and novels."

His novel selection is broad and includes Tolstoy and Len Deighton. He has read Breyten Breytenbach's "True Confessions of an Albino Terrorist", but did not like it much.

"He's so damned proud of himself ...

He's very egocentric. That everybody becomes in prison. I felt the same already even after three or four weeks. But at the same time he's so very much in favour of himself. Sometimes I think he's a great author, but I distrust this book."

In the evening he made his dinner, he said, mainly vegetables and meat. His lawyer, Kathleen Satchwell, gave him a cooker and grill. He watched television, although "in general the level is lousy" and went to bed about midnight, he said, until the police shouted his alarm call the next morning.

State witness

admits to altered tapes

By TONY OOSTHUIZEN,
Pietermaritzburg

A RECORDING of statements made by an alleged co-conspirator of the four treason trialists on trial in the Pietermaritzburg Supreme Court contains "portions where changes had been made" to the recording, including an "obvious interruption", the court was told this week.

An expert state witness, Colonel Leendert Jansen, made these admissions this week after defence advocate Clifford Mailer played a portion of the tape in court and alleged that the recording had been edited in "interesting" places.

The "Lesotho tape" referred to was allegedly found by South African raiders during a "pre-emptive strike" into Lesotho in 1982.

Mailer said it was interesting that the interruption in the recording came at a time when the alleged co-conspirator, answering questions by an interviewer, denied any knowledge of African National Congress meetings.

The transcript read:

"(Question) So, because he said there were a number of meetings here. But that was mostly ANC business then?"

"(Answer) No, I don't know anything about ANC meetings ... (break in recording or piece recorded over)."

The State alleges in the indictment that the tape contains statements by a person in Lesotho with whom the accused — Thozamile Gqweta, Sisa Njikelana, Samuel Kikine and Isaac Ngcobo — had conspired to overthrow the government through violence.

Jansen, a Doctor of Science, agreed that the recording had portions where changes had been made and said that he had "ill considered" his decision that the recording was original and had not been tampered with.

Earlier, during his evidence, Jansen said he had examined all the tapes being used as evidence in the trial and had found that "there had been no attempt to edit them".

Police surprise fleeing arsonists

Petrol bomber shot dead in school attack

11/4/86 BUSDAM
84A
10/5/81

A MAN was shot dead by police early yesterday as he fled with five others after a petrol-bombing at a technical high school in Randfontein.

It was the second incident of petrol bombing on the West Rand in less than 24 hours.

On Wednesday at 7.45pm, a petrol bomb was hurled at a disused building at the Golden Old Age Village, in Sivewright Street, Krugersdorp.

No-one was injured but the building was slightly damaged.

A police spokesman said the man was killed after he and accomplices were surprised at the Jan Viljoen Technical High School, in Main Road, Randfontein.

"The men had thrown a petrol bomb at the high school's tuckshop when police arrived on the scene. The bomb exploded and caused slight damage to the building.

"When the men spotted the police, they fled. Police fired shots at the fleeing men and one man fell to the ground."

The spokesman said the men had thrown away at least eight petrol

ANN PALMER
and THELMA TUCH

bombs as they ran away.

Police are investigating both incidents but no arrests have been made.

Two Northern Transvaal activists were yesterday admitted to the Pietersburg hospital with shrapnel wounds after petrol bomb and hand-grenade attacks on their homes.

A hand-grenade was thrown into the Manqweng township home of Joyce Mabudafasi, secretary of the United Democratic Front branch in the Northern Transvaal and a member of the National Education Crisis Committee.

She sustained wounds to her face, neck, arms and chest and is in a satisfactory condition at the Pietersburg Hospital.

In another incident in Manqweng, a hand-grenade was hurled into the home of Peter Bokaba who was recently released from detention.

Mokabe was not at home but his younger brother was injured.

Shrapnel was removed from his body and he was discharged from hospital.

844A
[Handwritten scribbles]

Man shot dead in petrol bomb raid

Own Correspondent
JOHANNESBURG. — A man was shot dead by police early yesterday morning as he fled with five others after a petrol bomb attack at a technical high school in Randfontein.

This was the second incident in less than 24 hours of petrol bombing on the West Rand.

Surprised

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Police are investigating both incidents, but no arrests have been made.

● Pupils at two Randfontein schools burned text books they described as "inferior" and defied pleas by their school principals, Sapa's correspondent reports.

Eyewitnesses said pupils from Phahama and Abby Phokompe high schools burned the

books after they were issued by teachers.

● Two Northern Transvaal activists were yesterday admitted to the Pietersburg hospital with shrapnel wounds after petrol bomb and hand-grenade attacks on their homes, reports **Thelma Tuch.**

A hand grenade was thrown into the Manqweng township home of Joyce Mabudafasi, secretary of the UDF branch in the Northern Transvaal and a member of the National Education Crisis Committee.

She had wounds on her face, neck, arms and chest, and is under observation in the intensive care unit of the hospital, according to a doctor at the hospital.

In another incident in the same township, a hand grenade was hurled into the home of Mr Peter Mokaba, who was released three weeks ago from detention under Section 28 of the Internal Security Act.

Mr Mokaba was not at home, but his younger brother was slightly injured.

State witness admits to altered tapes

WEEKLY MAIL

By TONY OOSTHUIZEN,
Pietermaritzburg

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Reporter Weaver's BBC interviews in full

Staff Reporter

IN PARLIAMENT on Thursday, the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, made unfounded allegations against Cape Times reporter Tony Weaver based on a selective interpretation of a BBC interview with Mr Weaver on March 4.

The Cape Times hereby releases the full transcripts of the March 4 BBC interview mentioned by Mr Le Grange, as well as a BBC interview on the same subject the previous day.

Referring to the March 4 interview, Mr Le Grange said in Parliament:

"In this interview, he (Mr Weaver) told millions of listeners that according to witnesses they spoke to, the seven dead terrorists were not only innocent — some of whom were on their way to a shop or to seek work — but that the police had actually planted the weapons on them because they had killed innocent people and were trying to make out that they were terrorists.

"It is shocking that such a slanted and biased message can be relayed overseas by a staff member of a newspaper claiming to regard its duty is to correctly and fairly inform its readers." Mr Le Grange said.

Section 27 (b)

Mr Weaver has also been formally warned that he faces possible charges under Section 27 (b) of the Police Act — which carries a maximum fine of R10 000 or a jail term of five years or both — for this interview and for further reporting in the Cape Times on the shootout.

Cape Times crime reporter Mr Chris Bateman also faces similar possible charges for his coverage of the shootout.

It is clear from the transcript that Mr Weaver was merely conveying the views of family members on the shootout, he stressed that the Cape Times had "no proof" of the allegations, and at no stage did he state as a matter of fact that weapons had been planted or that the seven men were innocent.

At no stage was anybody quoted as saying any of the men were "on their way to a shop" and in the first interview with the BBC he stated clearly that a handgrenade had been thrown at the police and that at least some of the group of seven had returned the police fire.

The following is the transcript of the two interviews:

March 3, 1986: BBC INTRODUCTION: "South African police claim that they have shot dead seven members of the banned African National Congress, ANC. The incident took place in the township of Guguletu, near Cape Town. Police claim the shootout arose out of an alleged ANC ambush on a police vehicle. Julian Borger asked Tony Weaver of the Cape Times what exactly had happened."

WEAVER: "At this stage details are still fairly unclear. The official police version of what happened is that at twenty past seven, South African time, this morning, near the Guguletu police station — Guguletu is a black township just outside Cape Town — they stopped a vehicle with seven people inside.

"They say that they had information that the vehicle was on its way to attack another police vehicle and that the vehicle contained ANC guerillas.

"Police say that there was a skirmish between them and the guerillas and that a handgrenade was thrown at the police, that shots were fired at the police.

An ambush situation

"The information we have so far is that the police opened fire, that it was actually an ambush situation, they obviously opened fire with a fair number of rifles, handguns, and that seven guerillas were killed and a policeman slightly wounded.

"Police say that they have seized a number of Kalashnikov AK-47 rifles, a number of rounds of ammunition, and several pistols and handgrenades.

"Further than that we do not have a great deal of information at this stage."

BORGER: "Are there any independent eye-witness reports, and do they confirm the police reports?"

WEAVER: "They are still being checked out at this stage, we don't yet have full details on the eye-witness accounts. Police sealed off the area and would not allow the press in at all, they refused the press ad-

mission to the area, they refused us permission to take pictures.

"Some pictures were taken, and these have to be cleared by the police before we can publish them.

"At this stage police are only allowing publication of official police photographs."

BORGER: "Now, police are saying this was an ANC operation. How did they know this?"

WEAVER: "They claim that they were acting on information received. At this stage obviously we can only go on what the police are saying and there is no clarity, no independent confirmation, that the seven were in fact ANC guerillas." (Ends).

Follow-up interview with the BBC, March 4, 1986:

BBC INTRODUCTION: "There is controversy in South Africa over how seven young blacks were killed by police yesterday in the township of Guguletu near Cape Town. The police version is that they were armed members of the banned ANC, that they were preparing to ambush a police vehicle and that they were killed in a shootout. But some people in Guguletu disagree strongly with the police account. Tony Weaver of the Cape Times has been into Guguletu this afternoon. Julian Borger asked him what he'd heard."

WEAVER: "We spoke to the family of Christopher Piet, who is 24 years old, and Jabulani Miya, who is 23 years old. The families of both insist that neither of them have ever been involved in politics of any sort, that they were both on their way to try and find work — they were unemployed — and that both men had never been involved in any kind of ANC activity, and not even activity of any political grouping in South Africa."

BORGER: "Now the police say that the seven men in the van were armed. What do their parents have to say about that?"

WEAVER: "The mother of Jabulani Miya says that her feeling about it is that the weapons were planted on them after the shooting. She is extremely upset, as one can understand, the first thing she found out about her son's death was when she saw his body on television at 8 o'clock.

"The mother and aunt of the other man, of Christopher Piet, were told by friends that there had been a shootout, they then went to the mortuary, and found his body there with a bullet through the head.

"They both of them say, to quote from the mother: 'He was just an ordinary person, he was not a freedom fighter'."

BORGER: "What do the parents believe happened to their children?"

WEAVER: "Both sets of parents believe — they are obviously extremely bitter about what has happened — they believe that their sons were set up, the whole thing was a setup, this was their feeling and obviously we have no proof of that. Their feeling is that somehow or other the police shot their sons and then planted the weapons on them and are now claiming that their sons were guerillas to justify the fact that they were shot dead."

BORGER: "Have you had any independent eye-witness reports of the ambush, and are they compatible with the police story?"

WEAVER: "We do have three independent eye-witness reports of the ambush, they are compatible to an extent. Three of the witnesses say however that two of the men killed, we have not yet been able to establish which ones, were shot in cold blood. One witness said he ran to a window when he heard gunfire and explosions, and he saw a man lying on the ground, on the pavement, across the road from him. Then, he said, quote, 'one policeman just walked up to him and shot him in the head'."

"Then another man said one of the men who had been in the vehicle was walking towards the police with his hands raised above his head, when shots were fired and he collapsed.

"A third witness said he saw police grab a man, take a pistol from the man's belt, knee him in the stomach and then punch him to the ground. And then, quote, 'a policeman some distance away said that they should shoot him. They then fired three shots into him with a rifle', the man said." (ends).

● In response to Mr Le Grange's attack, Mr Weaver said: "The minister's creative interpretation of the BBC interview casts a serious slur on my professional integrity and I challenge him to repeat the allegations outside Parliament so I can sue him for libel."

Sergeant describes bugging Passtoors

SPM 15/4/86 200
84A

By Jenni Tennant

A security policeman described in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday how he listened to a conversation between Ms Helene Passtoors and an alleged member of the African National Congress on a listening device in a Durban hotel room.

Detective Sergeant H du M Pitout said on June 17 last year he had placed listening apparatus in a Durban hotel where Ms Passtoors had booked a room.

The sergeant then kept a watch at Louis Botha Airport and saw a man who he knew as Ismail Ebrahim, meet Ms Passtoors at the airport.

"I listened to them talking on the apparatus. Ms Passtoors did most of the talking and the man mostly listened."

Plan discussed

The sergeant said a plan was discussed and Ms Passtoors had explained to the man how to flee the country through Border Gate/Lebombo to Swaziland.

Tapes were made of the conversation, he said.

Ms Passtoors (44) has pleaded not guilty to treason and terrorism and to alternative charges of terrorism and participating in terroristic activities.

Earlier Mr Justice T T Spoelstra, presiding, ordered that the trials of Ms Passtoors and her former husband, Mr Klaas de Jonge (49), who are Dutch citizens, be separated. Mr de Jonge's trial was postponed indefinitely.

Mr de Jonge has been holed up in the former Netherlands Embassy building in Pretoria for the past nine months.

The trial was attended Ms Passtoors' mother and by representatives of the Netherlands and Belgian Consulates and a representative of the International Commission of Jurists.

Sergea Pitout described how on June 23 he had kept Ms Passtoors under observation and had seen her pick up Mr de Jonge.

Twice during the evening they drove to an open piece of land in Halfway House, he said.

"I realised there was something fishy. Mr de Jonge went to his car a few times and took something from the boot."

After they left the area, the sergeant went to inspect a mound behind which he had seen them standing.

"I carefully removed some soft soil and found a black plastic bag," he said. He loosened it and found demolition charges.

Earlier, a statement in which certain admissions were made by Ms Passtoors was handed into court by her legal representative.

In it she said she was a supporter of the ANC and that had she learnt secret codes for the purpose of communicating secretly with the ANC.

Ms Passtoors also admitted scouting an area in the Eastern Transvaal code-named "Mango" to find a suitable route for an alleged ANC member, Mr Ismail Ebrahim, to leave South Africa.

But Mr Ebrahim did not leave the republic using the route, she said.

She also said she had knowledge of arms caches and had pointed out these caches to the police after her detention.

She said she was a doctorate student, but denied she had registered as a student as a cover for activities on behalf of the ANC.

Ms Passtoors denied she owed allegiance to the State by virtue of her residence in South Africa. The hearing continues.

Mr K von Lieres SC, assisted by Mr G Gertsch, appeared for the State. Mr D Kuy SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton and instructed by Miss K Satchwell, appeared for Ms Passtoors.

15/11/86
TUESDAY

84A

Dutch woman denies treason

Passtoors owns up to contact with the ANC

DUTCH citizen Helene Passtoors admitted yesterday she performed certain acts as a result of her association and support of the banned African National Congress.



● PASSTOORS

In a statement read to the Johannesburg Supreme Court by her legal representative, Denis Kuy, SC, Passtoors described how she had developed a relationship with an ANC member and helped him find a suitable escape route out of SA.

The 44-year-old Dutch mother of four pleaded not guilty to two charges of treason and alternative charges of terrorism. She pleaded not guilty to a second charge of terrorism, alternatively of participating in terroristic activities.

Klaas de Jonge, her former husband and co-accused in terms of the indictment, did not appear in court and is still under the diplomatic protection of the Netherlands embassy in Pretoria.

During argument yesterday, Witwatersrand Attorney-General Klaus von Lieres und Wilkau applied for a warrant to have De Jonge arrested. The application was later abandoned.

DOMINIQUE GILBERT

The court also heard that the serving of the indictment — destined for De Jonge — by a Foreign Affairs Department official on a representative of the Netherlands embassy was improper.

The judge found there was, in effect, no serving of an indictment on De Jonge.

After legal argument, Justice T T Spoelstra ordered that the trials be separated. De Jonge will be tried when the State is able to bring him to court.

Passtoors, who was an employee of the Dutch Foreign Affairs Department and a doctoral student in African linguistics at Witwatersrand University at the time of her arrest on June 28, said she met Ebrahim Ismail Ebrahim while living in Maputo. He was an SA refugee and ANC member.

She admitted that she communicated with the ANC, applied for post office boxes which facilitated communications for the ANC, learnt secret codes to communicate secretly with the ANC, and was in possession of two spanners designed for use on a limpet mine.

She also admitted she had knowledge of four ANC arms caches.

The hearing continues today.

84A
47A
49
Dutch woman denies treason

Passtoors owns up to contact with the ANC

BUS DAY 15/4/88

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The hearing continues today.

Treason accused had five passports, court told

Dutch Govt link with Passtoors is revealed

By Jenni Tennant

Five passports in the name of Miss Helene Passtoors — three Belgian and two Dutch — were handed into the Rand Supreme Court yesterday as evidence in her trial.

One was an official Dutch Government service passport and another was cancelled. Also handed to the court were financial statements and an employment agreement between Miss Passtoors and the Netherlands Department of International Co-operation, dated December 1980.

The passports and other documents were taken from her Bellevue East home after her arrest.

Major C J A Victor, of the Johannesburg Security Police, said he had searched Ms Passtoors's Bellevue East residence after she was arrested on June 28 last year.

ARMS CACHE

He found financial records and statements in a box in the house, he said.

One bank account from Swaziland was in the name of K de Jonge, Major Victor told the court.

Debit notes in Miss Passtoors's name showing payments had been made to an organisation called "Boycott Outspan" Action and to an anti-apartheid movement in Amsterdam were also handed into court.

Major Victor was giving evidence in the trial of Miss Passtoors (44), who has pleaded not guilty to

charges of treason and terrorism.

Earlier Brigadier G N Erasmus, commanding officer of the Johannesburg security branch, described what was found in a hidden compartment in a car driven by Mr Klaas de Jonge, the former husband of Miss Passtoors, when he was arrested on June 28 last year.

Found in the compartment, which was behind the back seat, were a radio, three brown envelopes, a pistol and crumpled brown paper.

A document headed "Mango", which described a specific area, photographs and three topographical maps of Barberton, Mbabane and Vryheid was also found in the car, the brigadier said.

Personal documents and receipts of Mr de Jonge were found in a leather bag taken from the car. A brown wallet was also found in the bag.

In it were found handwritten notes and a sketch which showed the way to an arms cache at Halfway House, Brigadier Erasmus said.

Evidence was also given on forensic tests carried out by the police forensic department in Pretoria on some items removed from the car.

Lieutenant J B Laurens told how he found that the brown paper had been in contact with explosives, which were used in demolition.

Appearances: Mr Justice T T Spoelstra is on the Bench. Mr K von Lieres SC, assisted by Mr G Gertsch, appeared for the State. Mr D Kuny SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton and instructed by K Satchwell, appeared for Miss Passtoors.

Police commander tells how Vaal violence began

Michael Tisson and policemen's lives were being threatened in another area.

DELMAS — Brigadier Gerrit Viljoen, who was in charge of the police force in the Vaal Triangle on the day in 1984 when the five townships erupted in protest, told a Circuit Court yesterday that minutes before his vehicle was stoned a large group of youths chanted: "Oliver Tambo, Tambo, Tambo".

He also told the court, in which 22 men are facing charges of treason, that the youths raised their fists in Black Power salutes while chanting the name. (Oliver Tambo is president of the African National Congress.)

Brigadier Viljoen said he went to the Vaal Triangle after receiving a report about pending trouble. He mobilised riot squad units in Krugersdorp and Roodepoort.

A residents' meeting in the Vaal Triangle had called for a stayaway from work the next day.

Brigadier Viljoen said he was in charge of "a task force of 116 whites and 97 non-whites, and deployed them to the different townships.

"It was quiet during the night," he said, "but at about 6 am I got a report of stone-throwing at buses and police vehicles in Sebokeng. At 6.05 am I heard over the radio from Sharpeville that heavy attacks were taking place against police vehicles and buses. I was asked to get the buses out of the area.

"At about 6.20 am I heard a report that buses were being heavily attacked,

"On arrival in Sharpeville, the main road, Seiso Street, was blocked with a variety of things. There were scrap cars, dirtbins, large stones and rubble strewn across the road.

"I noticed that other streets were blocked in a similar manner. I decided to handle the situation in Sharpeville myself, although I had earlier put another policeman in charge there.

"I gave orders for the side streets to be patrolled. I saw groups of people further down Seiso Street. Some groups were 30 to 50 people, others were between 200 and 300.

STRUCK WITH STONES

"When I came closer I heard them shouting and making a noise. The Black Power fist salute was evident all over. The groups were shouting different things. While one group shouted 'Amandla', another answered 'Awethu'.

"As we came within striking distance we were hit with stones. There were only two of us in the police van at the time and we fired teargas and rubber bullets to disperse the crowds.

"Further down Seiso Street, I saw a police van which had also been attacked. Its windscreen was smashed out. I ordered the policemen to go the edge of the township and await further orders. By that time the bus service had been withdrawn."

The hearing continues.

Court told of explosives traces in De Jonge's car

14486 BUJDAY 8 4 19

LIAM EGAN

A FORENSIC expert told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday that traces of explosive were found in a motor vehicle alleged to have belonged to Dutch fugitive, Klaas de Jonge.

Lieutenant Johannes Laurens told the court that a bundle of brown wrapping paper delivered to him at the SAP forensic laboratories in Pretoria last June was found to contain particles of RDX explosive.

He said in reply to a question from state prosecutor Klaus von Lieres und Wilkau that the type of explosive found on the brown wrapping paper was consistent with that used in a majority of demolition mines.

At Monday's hearing Helene Passtoors, 44,

pleaded not guilty before Mr Justice T T Spoelstra to charges of treason, or alternatively terrorism, as well as a second charge of terrorism, or alternatively participating in terroristic activities.

Her former husband and co-accused in terms of the indictment, Klaas de Jonge, remains under the diplomatic protection of the Netherlands embassy in Pretoria and has not appeared in court.

It transpired from yesterday's testimony of Johannesburg security policeman Detective Danie Joubert that the brown wrapping

paper was among the contents discovered in a brown Peugeot sedan driven by De Jonge at the time of his arrest.

A divisional head of the Security Police at John Vorster Square, Brigadier Gerh ard Erasmus, testified at yesterday's hearing he had taken possession of the vehicle at Zeerust after De Jonge's arrest.

He told the court he believed hand-written notes found in the vehicle "clearly related to the Halfway House arms cache".

Evidence relating to the establishment of an arms cache near Halfway House by Passtoors and De Jonge was led at Monday's hearing.

The trial continues today.

CAPE TOWN 16/4/86

Transkei police kill 'terrorist'

UMTATA. — Transkei police have shot and killed a suspected terrorist and detained two others after cornering them at a roadblock.

This was announced by the Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, at the closing of the Transkei National Independence Party's congress here yesterday.

Chief Matanzima, who is also the Minister of Police and Defence, did not say when or where the incident occurred, other than that police had been manning roadblocks throughout Transkei during the past three days.

He said that after the driver of the vehicle carrying the suspected terrorists saw the roadblock, he "quickly turned around and drove back in the direction from where he had come".

The police gave chase and as they closed in on the vehicle the car stopped and the occupants tried to flee on foot.

The police arrested a

woman and a man, but the third occupant ran to a ditch and opened fire on the police.

Police returned the fire and the man was killed, Chief Matanzima said.

The man had been armed with an AK-47 rifle and five magazines of ammunition.

Chief Matanzima commended the policemen who made the arrests. "We have not established everything, but the two who have been arrested, especially the woman, will tell us all, as she has started singing during interrogation by the police," he said.

The Prime Minister warned Transkeians to be alert and to inform the police immediately if they came across "a suspicious-looking person".

He also sounded a warning to "unreliable chiefs and headmen in Transkei" that they were being watched and said "they must stop criminal and subversive elements who want to disrupt orderly, peaceful life in

Transkei". — Sapa

Annexure B

Year	Quarries and Salt Works					
	Mines	Whites	Asians	Coloureds	Blacks	Total
1976	538	1 618	260	1 209	14 232	17 319
1977	475	1 858	253	1 277	13 489	16 877
1978	404	1 865	252	1 428	13 336	16 881
1979	476	1 834	270	1 720	13 438	17 262
1980	495	1 831	278	1 422	14 327	17 858
1981	513	1 840	257	1 365	14 132	17 594
1982	469	1 839	241	1 472	13 436	16 988
1983	489	1 808	234	1 391	12 476	15 909
1984	521	1 867	221	1 417	12 659	16 164
1985	545	1 849	221	1 415	12 433	15 918

Revenue received from Mines per Financial Year

ANNEXURE C

Income Tax	1984/85	1983/84	1982/83	1981/82	1980/81
Coal mines	75 290 213	62 338 595	124 440 038	45 175 761	47 051 804
Copper mines	30 473 687	9 832 323	5 365 384	3 546 275	24 889 205
Diamond mines	540 661	980 345	3 825 147	-8 300 574	38 625 802
Gold mines	1 598 923 241	1 700 965 179	1 278 171 037	1 542 125 426	2 794 756 027
Iron ore mines	679 981	735 818	53 207	6 093 070	-26 425
Manganese mines	8 264 209	8 761 151	25 261 923	-4 074 885	13 152 751
Tin mines	917 406	3 532 625	2 399 735	2 494 583	3 674 974
Other mines (platinum included)	108 216 766	65 550 342	38 723 818	59 932 379	84 237 439
Non-mine tax	609 141 040	694 246 762	590 951 786	497 881 501	505 933 512
Revenue from mining leases					
Gold mines	374 871 146	520 628 369	367 856 170	589 157 623	838 195 072
Diamond mines	952 590	9 796 379	373 924	4 238 414	18 456 561
Other mines	5 913 927	6 295 531	5 965 783	18 982 773	23 565 081
Other revenue					
Diamond export duty	41 364 741	39 643 573	33 328 824	24 920 168	24 797 439

Source: Commissioner for Inland Revenue.

17/4/86
 HANSEN
 562. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Justice:

How many persons charged with offences relating to sabotage were (a)(i) acquitted, (ii) convicted of sabotage, and (iii) convicted of lesser offences, in 1985 and (b) still awaiting trial at the end of 1985?

The given statistics are in respect of persons charged with the offence of sabotage:

- (a) (i) 11.
- (ii) 3.
- (iii) 1.
- (b) 7.

The MINISTER OF JUSTICE:

Duncan Village: revenue

689. Mr E K MOORCROFT asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:

- (1) (a) What was the total revenue generated through all channels for the Black township of Duncan Village, East London, in respect of the 1984-85 financial year, (b) in what manner was each specified amount of this revenue generated and (c) what was the total expenditure on (i) administration, (ii) development schemes and
- (2) how much of this amount was spent on (a) the building and/or renovation of housing, (b) the building and/or maintenance of roads and drains, (c) the provision of electricity, including street lights, (d) refuse removal and (e) other specified amenities and services;
- (3) whether any other development schemes were undertaken; if so, (a) what schemes and (b) at what cost?

The MINISTER OF CONSTITUTIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND PLANNING:

Black township: Duncan Village, East London

(1) (a) Total revenue	R 1 396 688
(b) Service charges	796 258
House rent	50 323
Lodger fees	61 305
Tax	13 904
Cemetery fees	6 400
Rent: Post Office	1 452
Shops	7 328
Crèche	1 122
Halls	1 664
Admission fees	754
Compound fees	9 798
Sundries	354
Hostel fees	424 960
Debtors: Redemption	14 844
Interest	6 222
Total	R1 396 688

(c) Total expenditure:

(i) Administration:	
Salaries	551 721
Contributions: Pension Fund	58 817
Unemployment Insurance Fund	1 500
Bonuses	40 311
Workmen's Compensation	3 501
Printing and stationery	4 020
Uniforms and protective clothing	5 783

Coded note read at Passtoors trial

By Jenni Tennant

A note in code, said to have been found in the boot of a car owned by Mr Klaas de Jonge and allegedly containing the names of high-ranking African National Congress contacts, was read in the Rand Supreme Court trial of Miss Helene Passtoors yesterday.

Miss Passtoors (44), former wife of Mr de Jonge, has pleaded not guilty to a charge of treason and terrorism.

The note was alleged to be a transcript of a three-line typed report which was handed in to court earlier this week. The coded note was among the items allegedly found in Mr de Jonge's car when it was searched by Security Police after his arrest on June 23 last year.

The note read: "Inform Mac or Zuma: Zac and Y Mohamed will be in London two days July six to eight they must be seen by PHQ Ahmed."

Brigadier Hermanus N Stadler, head of the intelligence section of the Security Police, gave brief autobiographies of the names in the note.

The brigadier said that "Mac" referred to a person known as Mr Mac Maharaj who represented the ANC in Zimbabwe and was a member of the ANC's steering committee.

He said that "Zuma" was apparently Mr Gedleya Hlekisa who was also known as "Jacob".

"As far as I know, in 1985 he was the chief ANC representative in Maputo," the brigadier said.

"Zuma" was also allegedly linked to the ANC's department of information and propaganda and was a member of the steering committee, the court heard.

Brigadier Stadler said "Ahmed" was the Umkhonto we Sizwe name of someone he knew as Ebrahim Ismail.

The three men had been jailed at different times and had left South Africa unlawfully, the brigadier told the court.

When asked about the names "Zac" and "Y Mohamed" the brigadier told the court that the names were of an advocate and an attorney who were involved in the Maritzburg treason trial — Mr Zac Yacoob and Mr Y Mohamed.

PHQ stood for political headquarters, he said.

Mr D Kuny, SC, appearing for Miss Passtoors, asked that the cross-examination of Brigadier Stadler be postponed as time was needed to study his evidence.

The hearing continues.

Appearances: Mr Justice T T Spoelstra is on the Bench. Mr K von Lieres, SC, assisted by Mr G Gertsch, appeared for the State. Mr D Kuny, SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton and instructed by K Satchwell, appeared for Miss Passtoors.

STAR 17/4/86

24A

17/11/80 BUS DAY

LIAM EGAN

Court told of coded message

THE Rand Supreme Court heard yesterday how a coded message, alleged to have been found in a vehicle driven by Dutch fugitive Klaas de Jonge, was decoded to reveal the names of two high-ranking members of the ANC.

The evidence was led at the trial of his former wife, Helene Passtoors, who faces a charge of treason, alternatively terrorism.

The head of the Intelligence branch of the security police, Brigadier H

LIAM EGAN

Stedler, said Satharan Ratha, alias Mac Maharaj, and Gedleyah Lekusa, alias Zuma, were referred to in the message as Mac and Zuma.

He added, in reply to a question from State prosecutor Klaus von Lieres, that Ratha and Lekusa were London-based members of the ANC executive committee who had fled SA after serving jail terms for subversive activities.

The message read to the court by Von Lieres was signed by Moosa Ahmed. It said Mac or Zuma should be informed that Zac and Y Mohamed would be in London from July 6 to 8.

Stedler said Ahmed was the alias for Ismail Ebrahim, a member of the ANC high command in London. Zac and Y Mohammed were identified as Zac Yacoob and Y Mohamed, two SA advocates who had defended treason trialists.

The hearing continues.

17/10/86

'Accused defied funeral curbs

STOP

85

84A

By Michael Tissong

DELMAS — Photographs showing treason accused Mr Patrick Mabuya Baleka in the forefront of a funeral procession which turned to violence, were handed in to a Circuit Court judge yesterday.

Brigadier Gerrit Viljoen, who was in charge of the police force in the Vaal Triangle when the five townships erupted in protest in 1984, said Mr Baleka featured prominently at the funeral.

Mr Baleka, a member of the Azanian National Youth Unity, is standing trial with 21 people on charges of treason and alternative charges of murder, subversion and terrorism. They have all pleaded not guilty.

Brigadier Viljoen said the funeral on September 23 1984 was restricted by a magistrate who said there should be no political slogans or songs, mourners should travel in vehicles and no banners should be displayed.

Brigadier Viljoen said he noticed Mr Baleka featured prominently in the gathering of people outside the church.

He said: "I told the priest of the restrictions, but the slogans, Black Power fists and singing went on.

"The mourners also walked to the graveside. At the graveside Mr Baleka and groups of other blacks were blatantly breaking all the restrictions imposed on the funeral.

RUBBER BULLETS

"I decided this noisy and unruly crowd could not be let loose on the community. I ordered the police to surround the people and make arrests.

"People ran in all directions and some climbed into buses while others stoned the police.

"Only the necessary violence was used to quell the crowd. We used rubber bullets, teargas and sjamboks and 570 people were arrested. Mr Baleka was among them."

Brigadier Viljoen also described how he ordered policemen to shoot people who were inciting others during demonstrations.

The hearing continues.

ARGUS 17/4/86
Bomb rocks
PM's HQ
in Transkei

The Argus Correspondent

UMTATA. — A bomb blast shattered the 12th floor of the Botha Sigcau government building today, injuring several people.

The floor houses Transkei Defence Force personnel and the offices of the Prime Minister.

There has been no official confirmation yet of the explosion, the second in Umtata in nine months.

The blast was on the eve of Chief Sabata Dalyindybo's funeral.

Yesterday a Zambian chartered plane carrying the body of the self-exiled Chief Sabata, king of the Tembu clan in Transkei and a senior member of the banned African National Congress, arrived at the K D Matanzima Airport here.

Chief Sabata, to be buried on Sunday, died of diabetes in a Zambian hospital a week ago. He was 58.

He left Transkei in 1980 after he was convicted in a circuit court at Port St John's of impairing the dignity of the ex-President Kaizer Matanzima. He was fined R700 or 18 months' imprisonment.

After the plane touched down members of the public, including the only newsman, The Argus Correspondent, were ordered to leave the airport building.

Talks lasting well over two hours were held between the Zambian party and the police chiefs in the VIP lounge before the coffin was allowed to leave the premises.

17/4/86 (SAP)

Arsonists hit sixth school

DURBAN — In the sixth attack aimed at a Durban educational institution this year, arsonists tried to set fire to the Brettonwood High School in Umbilo, Durban.

A slogan, "ANC Reject Apartheid Education", was spray-painted on the school hall. Police said 14 chairs were set alight in yesterday's attempt to burn down the hall. — Sapa.

84A

Parliament and Politics

Hit-squad men 'from W Cape'

By **EBRAHIM MOOSA**
Political Reporter

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.
— A Libyan-trained hit-squad with a "hit-list" of prominent black leaders who were intercepted at Athens airport last week consisted largely of Muslims from the Western Cape, the State President, Mr P W Botha, charged yesterday.

Mr Botha said the 12 South African citizens — "nine from the Western Cape, one from Guguletu, one from East London and one from Johannesburg" — attempted to board a flight to Harare. Nine of the men had South African passports, while three had travel documents issued in Tanzania, Zimbabwe and Botswana.

Proof

Mr Botha said he had documentary proof of the reports and offered to make it available to Opposition leaders.

Introducing his Budget vote to Parliament, Mr Botha referred to the recent US bombing of Libya and linked Colonel Muammar Gaddafi's government and the Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO) with the banned African National Congress (ANC) and Pan Africanist Congress (PAC).

Mr Botha said the large Muslim community in South Africa enjoyed "complete freedom of

religion" and described them as "respected citizens".

"However, a small group has emerged within this community who, under the influence of Libya and Iran and with funding from those quarters, have committed themselves, with the ANC and PAC, to terror and violence.

"The Athens group consists largely of members of this faction,



while the rest of that group have ANC and or PAC connections," Mr Botha said.

Intelligence reports indicated that South African terrorist groups would apply "the Gaddafi/PLO style of terrorism" inside South Africa and abroad and would sometimes operate in conjunction with "international terrorist groups".

The Athens group was only one of the hit squads which had orders to return to Harare for

further instructions and equipment.

Mr Botha said the ANC and PAC conferred regularly with PLO leaders, adding that the ANC president, Mr Oliver Tambo, visited Lebanon in 1980 at the invitation of the PLO.

Mr Botha said the ANC secretary-general and South African Communist Party member, Mr Alfred Nzo, visited Moscow frequently and addressed the 27th Congress of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union a few weeks ago.

"The deceitful plans of the SACP are apparent from ANC conversations conducted with safarigoers to Lusaka. Dialogue is being encouraged with the objective of enhancing the image of the ANC while undermining the power bases of the government, particularly among whites."

'Wiser'

He asked those persons who had met with the ANC whether they "became much wiser and if they obtained satisfactory answers to questions such as who in the ANC are communists and what hold the SACP actually has".

"I can put it plainly that the government has never said that all ANC members are communists. As a matter of fact, it is clear that there are confirmed black nationalists within the ANC who are not aware that they are being manipulated by hardened communists," Mr Botha said.

He added that South African churchmen — "owing to their sense of justice and their striving for peace and reconciliation" — were extremely vulnerable.

CAPE TIMES 18/4/86

Blast rocks Transkei Government building

UMTATA. — A bomb blast rocked the 12-storey Botha Sigcau administrative building here early yesterday morning seriously injuring a number of people and showering the sidewalk with splinters of glass.

The Transkei Prime Minister, Chief George Matanzima, told the National Assembly that four people had been injured — one seriously.

He said four offices were extensively damaged while the third and fourth floors were slightly affected by the explosion.

The type of explosive used and its origin had not yet been determined.

The blast on the fifth floor, which houses the Department of Interior, damaged the offices and shattered window panes.

Hundreds of office workers and cleaners were told to go home for the day, according to a police officer at the scene of the blast, so that members of the bomb squad could search the building.

The fire brigade said they were called to the fifth floor about 7.59am and arrived there as hundreds of office workers were spilling out of the building through fire escapes and the main entrances.

Within minutes police cordoned off the streets round the building and the explosives experts arrived to search for more bombs.

The Commissioner of Police, General R S Mantanga, and the head of the security police, General Leonard Kawe, could not be reached for comment as they were in meetings.

Those injured were rushed to Umtata Hospital. Some were treated and discharged while a senior clerk with a severely injured leg was reported to be still undergoing surgery.

'Shudder to think'

Chief Matanzima told the National Assembly that he had always warned that the perpetrators of such violent acts were already inside the country and that everybody should be on the lookout for suspicious characters.

"I shudder to think what would have happened had the bomb gone off after 8 o'clock when hundreds of people would have been in their offices.

"We do not know who planted the bomb, but it would not be difficult to guess who is responsible as we already know the people responsible for such acts," he said. — Sapa

3 TALK 18/4/80

Passtoors admits learning ANC codes

By Jenni Tennant

Treason accused Miss Helene Passtoors was instructed by members of the African National Congress in the use of secret codes to be used when communicating with the organisation, the Rand Supreme Court heard yesterday.

This was one of several additional admissions in a statement handed into court on her behalf.

Miss Passtoors also admitted that several documents which were handed into court earlier this week were typed on a typewriter found in her Bellevue East residence after her arrest on June 28 last year.

Certain instructions

One of the documents apparently referred to was a typed note headed "Mango" which was allegedly found in a brown envelope in a hidden compartment in a car driven by Mr Klaas de Jonge when he was arrested on June 23 last year.

Miss Passtoors admitted she had typed on the typewriter certain further instructions in regard to "Mango" which were lifted by the police at her home from a piece of carbon paper.

On Monday Miss Passtoors admitted in a state-

ment that she had scouted an area in the Eastern Transvaal which she code-named "Mango" and prepared notes on it in code, which had been correctly decoded by the police.

In the statement Miss Passtoors said she had agreed to assist an ANC member in finding a suitable route to leave South Africa. He did not leave the country by the route described in the document, she said.

Miss Passtoors, the former wife of Mr de Jonge, has pleaded not guilty to treason and terrorism.

A policeman, Lieutenant A E Smith, told the court Miss Passtoors had pointed out certain places to him after her arrest.

This was not contested by Miss Passtoors. Earlier this week in a statement Miss Passtoors said she had knowledge of some arms caches and had pointed them out to the police.

Photographs were handed into court showing areas which were pointed out. These included two areas in Muldersdrif and in the Komatipoort district.

Yesterday Detective Warrant Officer J Raven told the court how he had decoded a series of numerical figures from documents he was given.

He received a map of Barber-ton and two typed sheets headed "Mango" which he managed to decode.

The decoded sheets allegedly referred to two possible routes out of South Africa.

Mr de Jonge also allegedly pointed out certain areas to the police after his arrest, the court heard yesterday.

These sites allegedly pointed out by Mr de Jonge included pumpstations at Quaggasnek, Scheepersnek and Mahlabatini, in Natal, and caches in the Transvaal.

The hearing continues.

Handwritten scribbles and the number 84A in a circle.

1800s. 200 DAY (8410)

Court told of limpet mines

LIAM EGAN

THE Rand Supreme Court heard yesterday how Helene Passtoors had led police to concealed limpet mines in the Muldersdrift area, near Krugersdorp.

Lieutenant Albertus Smith said he had accompanied Passtoors last July to where an unspecified number of mines lay under a wrecked car.

A security policeman said that last October Passtoors, facing charges of high treason, alternatively terrorism, had shown him a type of spanner used exclusively to prime limpet mines.

Jacobus van der Merwe said Passtoors had produced two spanners from a filing cabinet stored with other of her possessions at John Vorster Square after her arrest.

Passtoors' former husband, Klaas de Jonge, was alleged at yesterday's hearing to have revealed the presence of limpet mines at two locations to a security policeman last July.

De Jonge was indicted with Passtoors on the same charges, but remains under protection of the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria and has not appeared in court.

Captain Barend Dippenaar said that 26 limpet mines were uncovered in the presence of De Jonge near Muldersdrift and an unspecified number uncovered later on the same day near Bapsfontein.

The hearing continues.

8/4/86 weekly M

Religious poet was blast victim

THE man killed in the Braamfontein, Johannesburg toilet blast a week ago will be buried at the Avalon Cemetery tomorrow.

8/4/86

He has been identified as Abie Rapoo, a 23-year-old actor and poet attached to the Khuvangano Cultural Group in Soweto.

Shortly after the blast police indicated that they were investigating the possibility that the man was blown up by his own bomb.

Rapoo's family have dismissed this, saying he was not attached to any political group and had never been out of the country.

"On the day of the blast he left, saying somebody had told him about the possibility of an employment opportunity somewhere in town," a family member said.

Rapoo was a member of a religious sect who had shown no political inclination. "We believe he was on his way to the Institute of Contextual Theology when he went into the toilet."

CMTL Tunis 19/4/80

SA bid to undermine ANC 'prestige'

**Own Correspondent
PORT ELIZABETH.** — The ANC yesterday accused the State President of telling "deliberate untruths about the ANC" to prepare the ground for strikes against independent Southern African states. In a statement reacting to a speech Mr P W Botha made in Parliament on Thursday, the ANC denied from Lusaka that any of its members had

received training in Libya or that it had any plans to carry out acts of terrorism. Mr Botha's remarks were an attempt to "undermine the influence and prestige that our movement enjoys and to prepare for further acts of aggression against the independent states in our region", the statement said. "He wants to repeat in Southern Africa the rep-

rehensible act of aggression that the Reagan administration recently carried out against Libya. The terrorist is the Botha regime. "Contrary to what he (Mr Botha) said, the ANC has not changed its strategy and has no plans, in any shape or form, to carry out acts of terrorism. There are no ANC cadres trained in Libya to embark on this or any other campaign."

● The Pan Africanist Congress (PAC) receives political, moral and material support from Libya, as it does from other members of the Organization of African Unity (OAU.) This was said in New York this week by Mr Lesaoana Makhanda, the deputy chief representative of the PAC at the United Nations. Mr Mahanda also said that the PAC had no

office in Tripoli. He expressed his organization's condemnation of the American attack on Libya. He said he knew of no conference which had been planned for South African guerilla movements in Libya within the next few weeks. He claimed that if there had been such a meeting on the cards, he would almost certainly have known about it.

Each morning it's a slow walk — to the dock

By Jenni Tennant

Every morning, just before 10 am, Helene Therese Judith Marie Passtoors walks slowly into the dock of Court No 2F from the cell block below the Rand Supreme Court, hugs her mother, and sits down to listen to evidence against her.

She was originally accused No 1 in the present treason trial, which is expected to last another two weeks. But after the non-appearance of her co-accused and former husband, Mr Klaas de Jonge — who is still taking refuge in the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria — she is now just "the accused".

Yesterday was a special day for Miss Passtoors. Three of her four children from her first marriage, which according to court documents ended in divorce shortly before she met Mr de Jonge, came to visit her.

The judge gave special permission for the children — Philippe (15), Fabrice (13) and 11-year-old Yves van Leynseele — to sit in the court to be near her.

According to documents handed in at the start of the trial, Miss Passtoors was born in Eindhoven, Holland, in 1942 and educated at a convent boarding school.

In 1964 she went to the United States, where she worked for two years. There she met her first husband, anthropology student Mr Pierre

van Leynseele. They married in 1966.

In 1967 they went to live in Zaire, where she studied at the National University of Zaire in Kinshasa. They lived there for about six years.

In 1975 she worked as an assistant in the department of African Linguistics of the University of Leiden, Holland, and continued studying. She later became a lecturer until 1980.

She was separated from her husband in 1979 and they were divorced a year later.

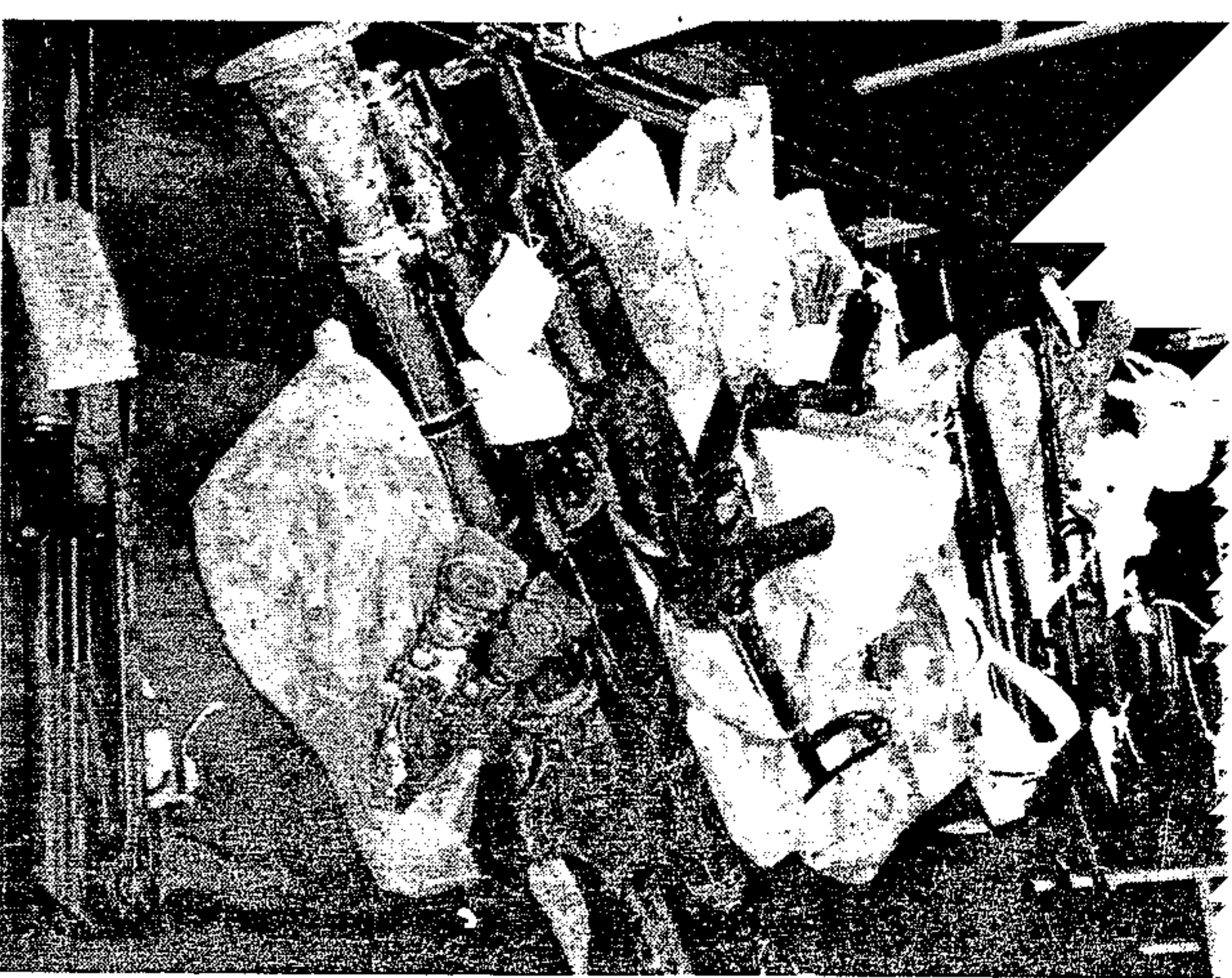
During 1979 she met Mr de Jonge, who was also working at the University of Leiden in the African Study Centre, and they married in 1980.

In 1981 Miss Passtoors took up a lecturing post at the Eduardo Mondlane University in Maputo. The couple separated in 1983 and were divorced in Holland on March 26 last year.

In 1984 she formed a relationship with a South African refugee whom she admitted in the court documents, was a member of the African National Congress. In February 1985 she moved to Johannesburg, where she registered for a doctorate in African Linguistics at the University of the Witwatersrand.

"I don't think anyone in the world could question Miss Passtoors's credentials as a linguist," Professor M V Aldridge, head of the linguistics department at Wits, said in evidence this week.

But just four months after starting her studies she was arrested . . .



Court exhibits in the treason and terrorism trial of Miss Helene Passtoors. The trial is being heard in the Rand Supreme Court.

Radio was trigger for bomb, court told

A modified radio set, apparently capable of setting off a bomb, was one of the exhibits handed into the Rand Supreme Court yesterday at the trial of Miss Helene Passtoors who has pleaded not guilty to charges of treason and terrorism.

A technical expert, Captain T P McKellar, told the court that he was given certain items including the portable radio, a receiver, a battery charger and an antenna.

Captain McKellar said the radio was no longer a standard FM/AM radio. Inside was a transmitter.

After inspecting the apparatus,

us, he concluded that it had been specially assembled to set off explosives.

Lieutenant C A Zeelie, of the Johannesburg Security Branch, said that, on June 23 last year, he was called to Halfway House, near Chloorkop, where a black plastic bag was unearthed. The bag was replaced and he returned to the site on the next day.

Lieutenant Zeelie said that, in the black plastic bag, he found demolition charges of Russian origin, electric detonators, mechanical detonators, a portable radio, a radio signal receiver, a battery charger and a radio antenna.

Some of the items — including the radio and receiver — were eventually handed to Captain McKellar.

The lieutenant said that, in Bapsfontein, he found a black plastic bag in the ground. In it were two Russian-made limpet mines. Nearby, covered by leaves, he found a detonator.

On June 27 he found various items, including eight limpet mines, 18 mini-limpet mines and several limpet-mine detonators, at Muldersdrift, he said.

It was alleged that Mr Klaas

de Jonge pointed out the site.

Mr Justice T T Spoelstra adjourned the hearing early to allow Miss Passtoors to see her children.

When the court was open after 2 pm, Miss Passtoors climbed the stairs to the dock and gave a cry of pleasure when she saw her three sons.

After an emotional reunion — the children arrived from the Netherlands yesterday afternoon — Mr D Kuny, SC, for Ms Passtoors, asked the court whether the children could remain in court to listen to the hearing. This was allowed. The hearing continues.

Landmine blasts in Eastern ^{Argus} Transvaal: 3 hurt ^{21/4/86}

The Argus Correspondent PLA

PRETORIA. — Three people were injured, two seriously, in two landmine blasts in the Eastern Transvaal today.

Police said a taxi-driver, Mr Ben Nduli, and his passenger, Mr Jan Moshulone, were injured when their vehicle set off a landmine on the dirt road between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer at 8am.

Mr Nduli's body was lacerated and Mr Moshulone's legs were crushed.

In a second explosion, at 10.35am on Vlakfontein Farm in the Breyten district, a tractor driver, Mr Simon Makwanzi, was slightly injured when his tractor set off a landmine.

Brigadier doesn't know if he kicked accused

By Michael Tissong

DELMAS — The policeman in charge of the riot units in the Vaa! Triangle during the unrest in 1984, Brigadier G Viljoen, declined to deny in a Circuit Court that he kicked one of the men facing a treason charge.

Under cross-examination by Mr George Bizos, Brigadier Viljoen said Mr Patrick Baleka was exciting the people at a funeral in September 1984 and was arrested.

Brigadier Viljoen said Mr Baleka was "unruly at the church and at the graveyard."

Mr Baleka is standing trial with 21 other people on charges of high treason and alternative charges of murder, subversion and terrorism. They have all pleaded not guilty.

Mr Bizos put it to Brigadier Viljoen that he kicked Mr Baleka on the chest after Mr Baleka was arrested. Brigadier Viljoen replied: "I do not know that; I cannot remember."

RECOLLECTION

Mr Bizos said: "He was on his haunches at the time."

However, Brigadier Viljoen said: "I have no recollection of this."

Mr Bizos then replied: "I cannot understand that such an incident could have taken place and you are not sure. When I heard this from Mr Baleka, that you did this, I thought 'well...' and now you are doubtful about it. You are in no position to deny the evidence. If this took place, it took place in the presence of your juniors?"

Brigadier Viljoen agreed. Mr Bizos asked: "What example is this to them?"

Brigadier Viljoen said he didn't know whether the incident took place but Mr Bizos proposed he would have denied it immediately if it had not taken place.

Mr Bizos also told the court there were many cases of undisciplined behaviour by the police including an incident in which a Rastafarian's dreadlocks were cut off by a policeman with a knife as punishment. He was also stabbed.

Mr Bizos said many people were beaten up indiscriminately and many arrested for no apparent reason.

Brigadier Viljoen said there were cases of assault being investigated.

He said he had heard of a murder case in which a child was shot dead by a policeman.

Mr Bizos presented the Van der Walt Report on the 1984 Vaal Triangle unrest to the court and said some of Brigadier Viljoen's evidence contradicted the findings of the commission.

SATISFIED

He read a passage in which Professor Tjaart van der Walt said that no-one had a good word to say about the council's administration of the township.

When asked to comment on the paragraph, Brigadier Viljoen said there were people in the Lekoa area who were satisfied with the way the administration was being handled.

(Proceeding).

22/11/85's TAP
SAP

Police sweep E Transvaal after blasts injure 3

Farmers on the alert for more landmines

BUS DAY
22/4/86
84A

ANN PALMER

FARMERS in the Breyten district of the Eastern Transvaal are on the alert for landmines after two separate blasts injured three men yesterday morning.

The dirt roads on which the blasts occurred have been sealed off by police while all other farm roads are being swept by the Special Task Force.

By late yesterday no more mines had been uncovered.

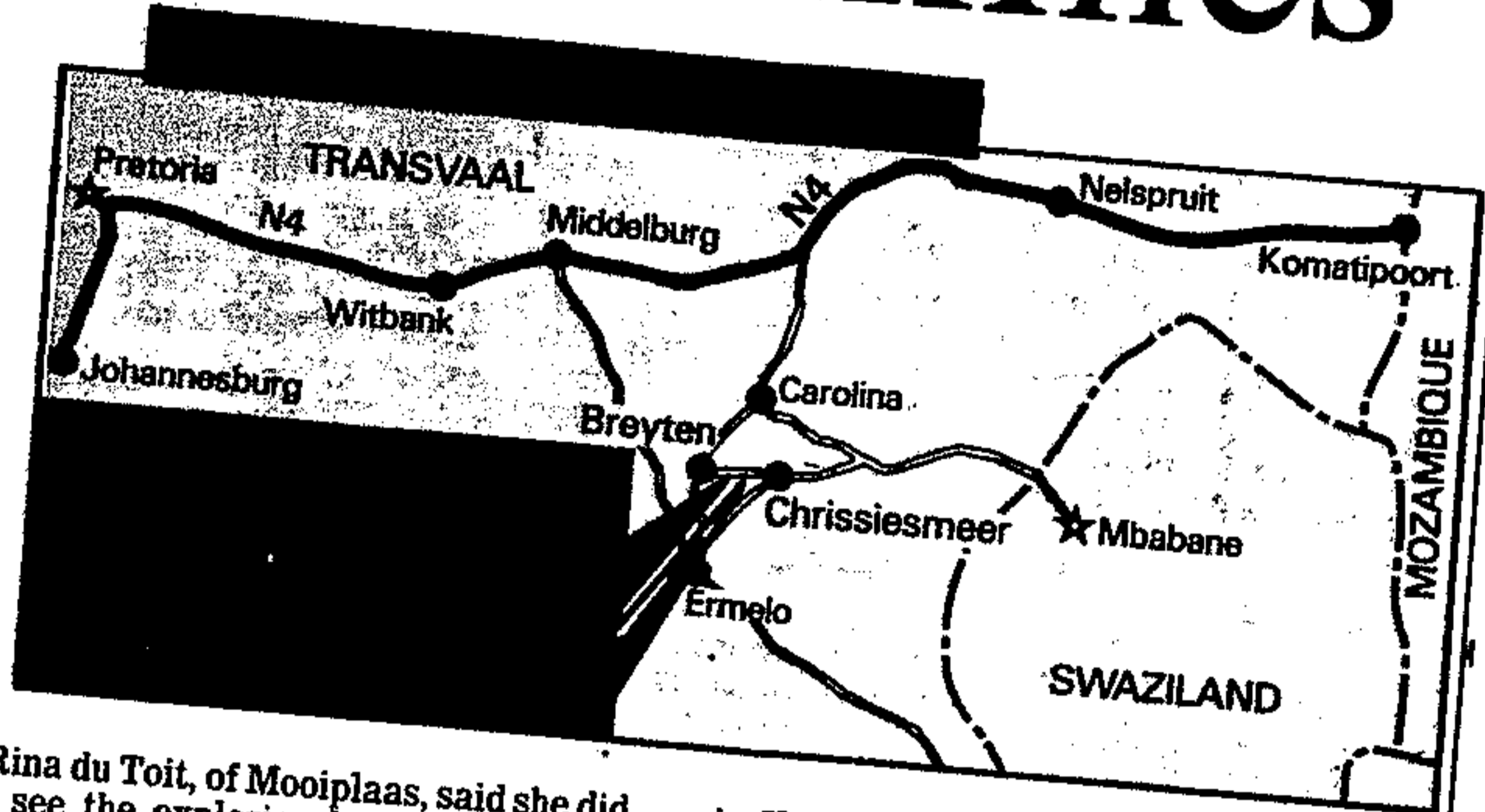
Breyten's acting town clerk, Leon Lombaard, said about 80 policemen and soldiers began a sweep of the entire area yesterday afternoon.

Lombaard said farmers had been asked not to panic and that the situation was under control.

"They have also been asked to be on the lookout and report anything out of the ordinary to authorities."

Police have set up road blocks on all roads into the Breyten area to search cars.

In the first incident yesterday morning, taxi driver Ben Nduli and his passenger, Jan Moshulone, were seriously injured when the car detonated a landmine on the road behind Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.



Rina du Toit, of Mooiplaas, said she did not see the explosion but heard a loud bang when the mine exploded.

"When we got to the scene, the front of the car was completely torn apart and the two men were lying in the car," she said.

Nduli suffered lacerations to the body while Moshulone's legs were crushed in the blast, which destroyed the taxi.

The two men were rushed to the Ermelo Hospital for treatment before being flown by helicopter to Tembisa Hospital

in Kempton Park.

Nduli's condition was described by a hospital spokesman as satisfactory, but Moshulone's condition is critical.

The second explosion occurred on Vlakfontein farm in the Breyten district. Simon Makwanzi, a tractor driver, received slight injuries to his right leg, face and eye when the tractor detonated the mine.

The farmer's son, Jan de Villiers, said

● To Page 2 →

Farmers on the lookout

22/4/86
84A
BUS DAY

his mother was standing on the stoep of the farm house when the blast occurred.

"The tractor was about 200m from the farm house when it went up in the air."

"The tractor is a write-off."

Makwanzi was also transferred from the Ermelo Hospital to Tembisa Hospital, where his condition is satisfactory.

It is suspected the mine was planted on Sunday night, when a woman noticed a yellow car on the 500m dirt road leading from the Vlakfontein farmhouse to the tarred road.

De Villiers said: "My father had driven over the spot four times in the day, first to check on the sheep and then to deliver milk."

He said local farmers would now approach the police and SADF for security advice.

There had been unrest in Breyten recently, De Villiers said.

"But in the meantime we will carry on farming. We must."

← ● From Page 1

22/4/86 BUD DAY

S.A.A.

Passtoors-ANC links alleged

LIAM EGAN

A SECURITY policeman told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday that he had seen and photographed Helene Passtoors at Durban's Louis Botha airport last year in the company of a high-ranking ANC member.

Passtoors (44) has pleaded not guilty before Mr Justice Tjebbe Spoelstra to a charge of treason or, alternatively, terrorism; as well as a second charge of terrorism or, alternatively, participating in terroristic activities.

Lieutenant Robert Shaw said he had first noticed Passtoors with Ismail Ebrahim, a London-based

member of the ANC high command, while they were travelling towards the airport on June 17.

He said he had sighted them while under instructions to observe Ebrahim for suspected contravention of a banning order confining him, after release from a 15-year jail sentence for sabotage, to the Durban magisterial district.

Another Durban-based security policeman testified to finding a substantial arms cache at Amanzimtoti after acting on the instructions of a Johannesburg-based

policeman who was investigating the case against Dutch fugitive Klaas de Jonge.

Major Cornelius Botha said he had unearthed two RPG-7 projectile launchers, 10 RPG-7 projectiles, nine limpet mines, two AK-47 rifles, four pistols, 10 hand grenades and an assortment of bullets from a vacant plot next to Riverside Way, Amanzimtoti, in June.

A Vryheid-based security policeman said Passtoors and De Jonge had indicated to him the location of an empty arms cache near the Umfolozi game reserve.

But if you've got time to spare, there are



Miss Helene Passtoors . . . has pleaded not guilty to charges of treason and terrorism but has admitted knowing about arms caches.

STAN

22/4/86

84A

Passtoors knew about arms cache in Amanzimtoti — major

By Jenni Tennant

Treason-accused Miss Helene Passtoors knew the whereabouts of an arms cache which was found to contain 10 rocket projectiles, two rocket launchers and other weapons, the Rand Supreme Court heard yesterday.

Major MC Botha, of the Durban Security Police, told the court how he found a store of weapons in Amanzimtoti last June 7 after receiving information from Pretoria.

Several weapons — including 10 RPG7 projectiles, 10 RPG7 charges, two RPG7 launchers, nine limpet mines, two AKMS assault rifles, 10 hand grenades and luger pistols — were unearthed by the police in a vacant lot in Riverside Road, Amanzimtoti.

Miss Passtoors, who has pleaded not guilty to charges of treason and terrorism, admitted last week to knowing the whereabouts of some arms caches, in-

cluding Riverside Road, but denied knowing what weapons they contained.

Major Botha said last July 16 Mr Klaas de Jonge, Miss Passtoors' former husband, allegedly indicated a site to another policeman, Captain G I du Preez.

FOLLOWED

He followed the policemen and Mr de Jonge to the area, and was later shown the site by Captain du Preez. It was the same place where the weapons had been found the previous month.

Another security policeman, Captain S J Weyers, said he had followed a lieutenant and Miss Passtoors to the same place.

Both Miss Passtoors and Mr de Jonge also allegedly pointed out places near the Umfolozi game reserve and the Natal pumping stations at Mhlabatini and Scheepersnek.

Vryheid Warrant Officer

J F E Brase said Scheepersnek had been subject to a sabotage attempt in 1982.

And he said on March 23 1983, he had unearthed weapons in two caches near the Umfolozi game reserve.

Weapons were found in a water furrow along Ulundi-Umfolozi road near the Umfolozi game reserve and in a dry gully on the game reserve's boundary.

Warrant Officer Brase said that last July 10 he saw Miss Passtoors point out the two areas to another policeman. She also allegedly pointed out the Mhlabatini and Scheepersnek pumping stations.

Then on July 17 Mr de Jonge allegedly showed another policeman the same places.

Earlier yesterday Lieutenant C A Zeelie described how during July last year he unearthed two arms caches — one in Muldersdrift and one in Mamelodi.

The hearing continues.

CAPL Milk 22/4/86

Three hurt in landmine 84A blasts in E Tvl

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Farmers near Breyten in the Eastern Transvaal are on the alert for landmines after two separate blasts injured three men yesterday morning.

The dirt roads on which the blasts occurred were sealed off by police while all other farm roads were being combed by the Special Task Force.

By late yesterday no more mines had been found.

Breyten's acting town clerk, Mr Leon Lombaard, said about 80 policemen and soldiers began a sweep of the entire area yesterday afternoon.

Police have set up roadblocks on all roads into the Breyten area to search cars.

In the first incident yesterday morning, taxi driver Mr Ben Nduli and his passenger, Mr Jan Moshulone, were seriously injured when the car detonated a landmine on the road behind Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.

'Legs were crushed in blast'

Mr Nduli suffered lacerations to the body while Moshulone's legs were crushed in the blast, which destroyed the taxi.

The two men were rushed to the Ermelo Hospital for treatment before being flown by helicopter to Tembisa Hospital near Kempton Park.

Mr Nduli's condition was described by a hospital spokesman as satisfactory, but Mr Moshulone's is critical.

The second explosion occurred on the farm Vlakfontein.

Mr Simon Makwanzi, a tractor driver, received slight injuries to his right leg, face and eye when the tractor detonated the mine.

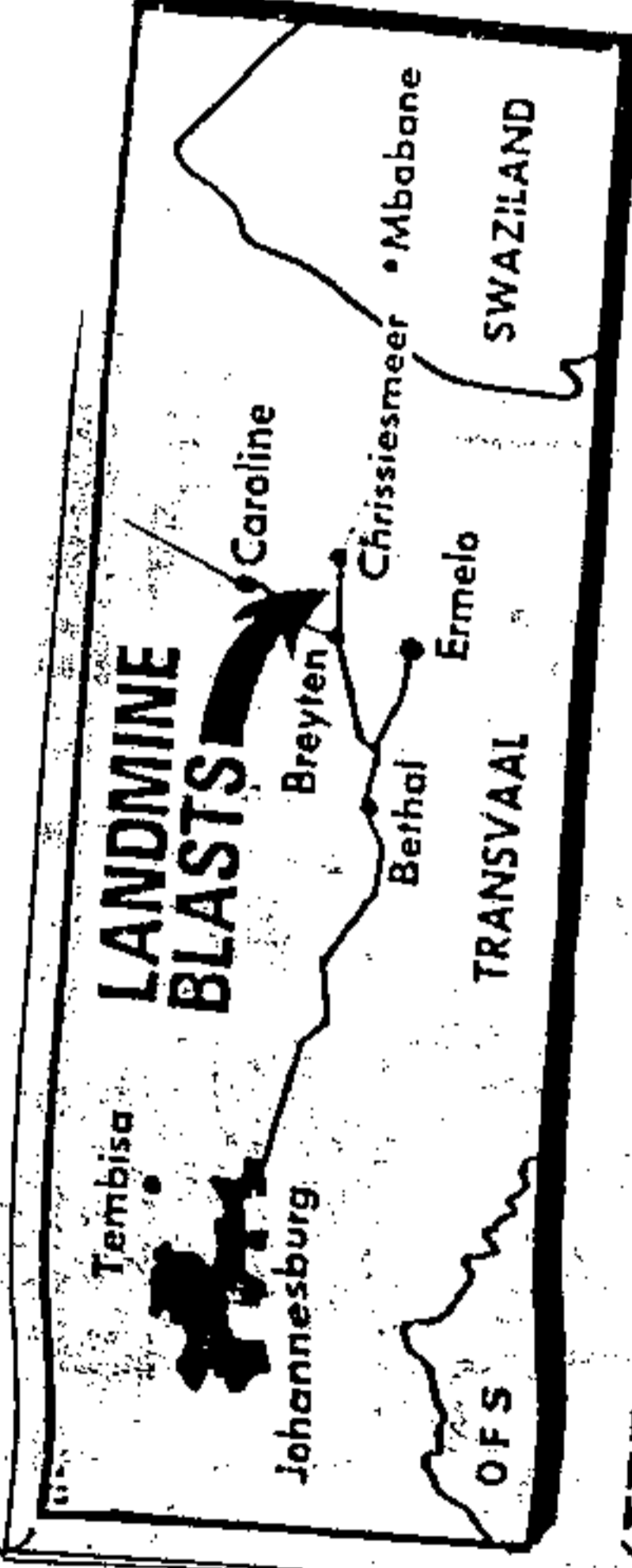
Mr Makwanzi was also transferred from the Ermelo Hospital to Tembisa Hospital, where his condition is satisfactory.

It is suspected that this mine was planted on Sunday night, when a woman noticed a yellow car on the dirt road leading from the Vlakfontein farmhouse to the tarred road.

The farmer's son, Mr Jan de Villiers, said: "My father had driven over the spot four times in the day, first to check on the sheep and then to deliver milk."

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'We never thought this could happen in Breyten'

The Argus Correspondent

BREYTEN. — The inhabitants of Breyten, a tiny hamlet in the Eastern Transvaal, are shocked by yesterday's two landmine explosions.

Miss Elsabie de Villiers, daughter of 68-year-old Mr Jannie de Villiers, said her father is still dazed by his escape.

He had driven over the spot four times where a landmine was later detonated by a tractor.

"He is not a healthy person and this has just aggravated matters," she said.

Mr Leon Lombard, Breyten's

acting-Town Clerk, said townsfolk were quick to offer help.

"People from all walks of life — determined to get at the culprits — offered assistance to the police and civil defence.

"We never thought this could happen in a little place like Breyten and it just goes to show that all South Africans should be on guard 24 hours a day," Mr Lombard said.

Mrs Rina du Toit of Mooiplaas Farm, who heard one of the explosions, said she had always felt safe in a small town.

"Now I will not feel safe until those responsible are found and brought to justice."

Police, roads after

ARMS 22/4/86

The Argus Correspondent
PRETORIA. — A huge security dragnet of police and troops has been thrown round the Ermelo area, where two landmine explosions yesterday seriously injured three men.

Roads have been sealed off and are being swept for mines. Dogs trained in tracking down explosives are being used and the Defence Force has supplied a helicopter.

Security forces are combing the area and are following footprints found near the site of the first blast.

A police spokesman said every available clue was being followed and statements were being taken from witnesses. However, by early today no arrests had been made.

First time

The explosions bring the number of landmine blasts in the Transvaal's border farming areas in recent months to 11. But it is the first time that the Eastern Transvaal has been the scene of such a blast.

Police say they believe the attacks were by ANC insurgents "in line with the ANC's stated policy of going for soft targets".

In the first incident a taxi with two occupants detonated a mine on the road between Chrissiesmeer and Breyten at about 8am.

Blown off

The driver, Mr Ben Ndluli of Breyten, was badly lacerated and his passenger, Mr Jan Moshuloane, of Dennilton, had part of one leg blown off and the other injured.

They were taken to Ermelo Hospital before being taken by helicopter to Tembisa Hospital on the East Rand. Mr Moshuloane is still in a serious condition in intensive care, but Mr Ndluli's condition is described as satisfactory.

The second blast happened only kilometres away on Vlaktefontein Farm near Breyten, when a tractor detonated another mine.

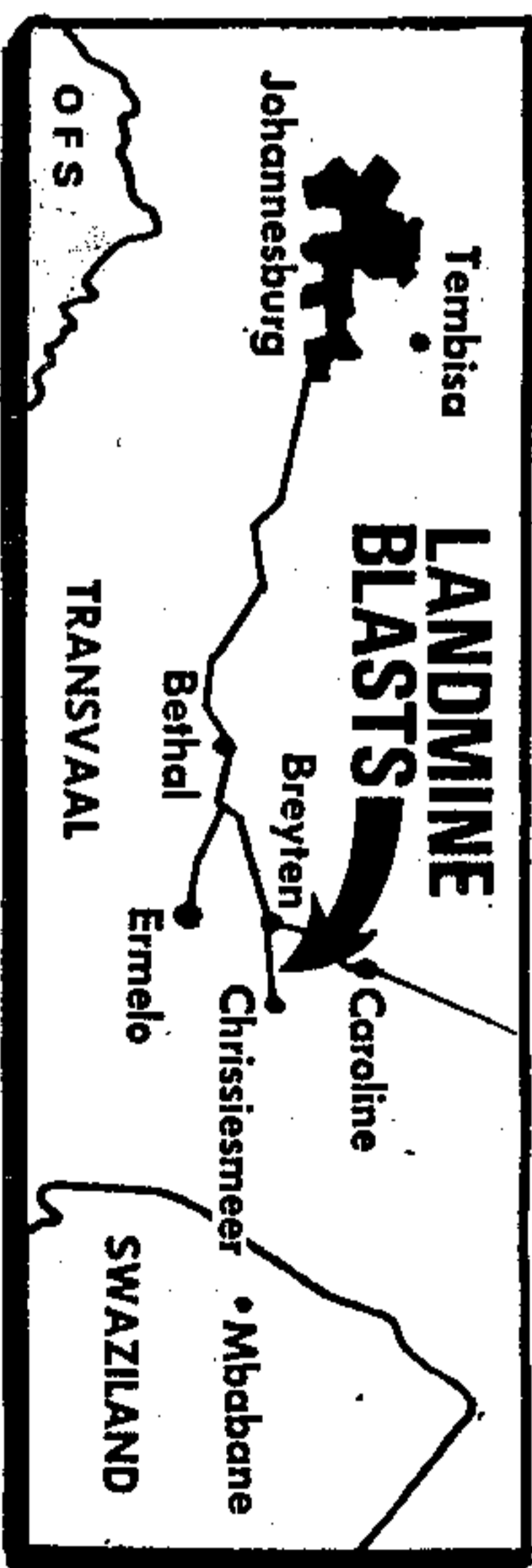
The driver, Mr Simon Makwanazi, injured his right leg, face and eye. He is also in Tembisa Hospital but his condition is described as "reasonable".

Roads being swept for more mines

Dragnet is

thrown around Ermelo

SNAP 22/1/86
(84A)



By Sue Leeman and Kym Hamilton,
Pretoria Bureau

Police say they believe the attacks were carried out by ANC members "in line with the ANC's stated policy of going for soft targets".

In the first incident, at about 8 am, a taxi with two occupants detonated a mine on the road between Chrissiesmeer and Breyten.

The driver, Mr Ben Ndluli of Breyten, was badly lacerated.

His passenger, Mr Jan Moshuloane of Dennilton, had part of a leg blown away.

They were taken to Ermelo Hospital before being flown by helicopter to Tembisa Hospital on the East Rand.

Mr Moshuloane is still in a serious condition in intensive care, but Mr Ndluli's condition is described as satisfactory.

The second blast happened only kilometres away on Vlakfontein farm near Breyten, when a tractor detonated another mine.

Tractor driver Mr Simon Makwanazi received injuries to his right leg, face and an eye.

He is also in Tembisa Hospital. His condition is described as reasonable.

An spokesman for the SADF said it was trying to do everything possible to help keep the roads clear and sweep for mines.

A huge security dragnet by police and members of the South African Defence Force has been thrown over the Ermelo area, where three people were injured yesterday in two landmine explosions.

Roads have been sealed off and are being swept to see if there are any more mines. Dogs trained for sniffing out explosives are also being used.

The area is being combed for clues, and security forces are following footprints found near the site of the first blast.

A police spokesman said every available clue was being followed up. Statements are being taken from witnesses.

The explosions bring the number of landmine blasts in Transvaal border farming areas in recent months to 11.

But it is the first time the Eastern Transvaal has been the target.

Bus drivers 'missed death' by 30 seconds in casino blast

AKW/S
22/1/86
Suff

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — A bus driver, Mr Gerrie van Rensburg of Durban, says he missed death by 30 seconds in the Wild Coast casino limpet mine blast.

Yesterday he described how he and another South African Transport Services driver, Mr Fritz Barnard, had just walked from the mens' toilets when the explosion showered them with debris and glass.

But the enduring memory of the blast, he said, will be the sound of frantic people screaming for their families.

"Lucky to be alive

"I knew it was a bomb straight away," he said. "I was with Fritz, we were cut and bumped in the blast which we caught from behind. We are lucky to be alive. If we had been a few second longer in the toilet we would have got it.

"The noise after the blast was dreadful. Among all the smoke and broken glass people were desperate to find their kids — husbands searching for their wives. For a moment it was just shouting and screaming.

"We had been down for the day taking a party of professional men for a meeting. Then they had dinner and a short time on the machines.

"We were getting ready to head back to Durban when the mine went off.

"Luckily none of our passengers were hurt.

Man held for Transvaal blasts: Arms cache found

The Argus Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — An arms cache containing landmines, AK-47 assault rifles, limpet mines and ammunition has been found on the Reef — while in the Eastern Transvaal police today detained a man in connection with two landmine blasts near Breyten yesterday.

Three people were hurt in the landmine explosions.

As a dragnet was thrown over the Breyten area today police confirmed a large arms cache had been uncovered on the West Rand.

The cache was found by accident yesterday afternoon in the exclusive Roodepoort suburb of Constantia Kloof.

A Parks Department employee was trimming pavement lawns off Christiaan de Wet Road when he saw a mysterious-looking sack buried in a shallow hole near a wall.

Police threw a cordon round the area.

The cache, according to a spokesman for police headquarters in Pretoria, included:

- Two Russian-made landmines similar to those detonated in the Eastern Transvaal yesterday.

- 10 limpet mines.
- Three mini-limpet mines.
- Four AK-47 rifles.
- 16 loaded AK-47 magazines.
- Camouflage clothing and camping equipment.

Three men are believed to have been detained briefly for questioning and released.

In the Eastern Transvaal, roads have been sealed off and the area is being searched following yesterday's blasts.

The first mine was detonated by a taxi on the Breyten-Crissiesmeer road at 8am. The driver, Mr Ben Ndluli, of Brey-

(Turn to Page 3, col 8)

Blasts: 1 held

Continued from Page 1

ten, and his passenger, Mr Jan Moshuloane, of Dennilton, were injured.

The two men were rushed to Ermelo Hospital before being taken by helicopter to Tembisa Hospital on the East Rand. Mr Moshuloane is in a serious condition. Mr Ndluli's condition is described as satisfactory.

The second explosion was on Vlaktefontein Farm, which is owned by Mr Jannie de Villiers, blew up a tractor injuring the driver, Mr Simon Makaanzi.

Mr James de Villiers, son of Mr Jannie de Villiers, said: "The police informed me they have taken the owner of a yellow car into custody to question him about the two explosions."

The area is being combed for clues and security forces are following footprints found near the site of the first blast.

Video shown of police assaults

By Duncan Guy

DELMAS — A video showing police assaulting people returning from a mass funeral in Evaton in September 1984 was yesterday screened before a Circuit Court in which 22 people, including United Democratic Front (UDF) and Azanian Peoples Organisation leaders, have pleaded not guilty to high treason.

Cross-examining, Mr S Bizos, for the 22, asked Brigadier Gerrit Viljoen, in charge of police operations in the Vaal Triangle at the time, if he was sure of his denials that police had acted unlawfully.

Mr Bizos submitted that, on the film, mourners were neither throwing stones nor behaving dangerously, but police were nevertheless sjambokking people and arresting them violently.

Brigadier Viljoen said that, although it had not appeared on the film, stone throwing had taken place. He had allowed his men to use some violence because of the circumstances they were under.

Other scenes on the screen were of:

- An arrested mourner being assaulted by a police-

man who came running into the picture from nearby.

- Police kicking people thrown to the ground.
- A single policeman who was initially talking to mourners standing on top of a bus, but when joined by another policeman, starting assaulting them.

The brigadier, admitting the film was of an incident at which he had been present, said that, when talking over a loud hailer as seen on the film, he had been instructing his men to calm down.

Father sick

Mr Bizos challenged evidence by Brigadier Viljoen that, at another funeral following the unrest, a man, pointed out as the father of the deceased Joseph Sithole, had told him that he had not wished to be associated with his son's funeral.

"His father was sick on the day," Mr Bizos said.

Other police State witnesses testified about facing crowds of up to 1 000 on September 3 using dustbins lids as shields and attacking with stones and bottles.

Warrant Officer Ettiene Coetzee said his vehicle had broken down about 1 am on September 3 in Baphong Township. He and another policeman had been faced by a crowd of about 400 chanting death threats and shouting "Viva Mandela, Viva ANC, Viva Oliver Tambo, Viva UDF." They had warned the mob off with teargas and rubber bullets.

Battles between mobs and police had ensued after daybreak as police made their way through the crowded streets of nearby Sharpeville.

Police spent the day attending to councillors' premises which had been set alight and looted.

Warrant Officer Coetzee and Sergeant Lourens Riekert spoke of an activist being shot dead when a police vehicle was petrol-bombed.

Police retaliated using birdshot. They said they saw people wearing UDF and Congress of South African Students T-shirts leading and inciting the crowds.

Cross-examined, Sergeant Riekert said that four weeks ago — 18 months afterwards — he had referred to the shirts for the first time in a statement.

84A

STAR 23/4/86

Manhunt continues after arms cache find

By Karen Bowes,
West Rand Bureau

The police search for the insurgents responsible for hiding what is believed to be the largest arms cache found in a white residential area continues today after the discovery of 30 kg of arms and ammunition in Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort.

The arms include landmines, limpet mines and handgrenades of Russian origin.

The discovery was made shortly after 3 pm on Monday when a worker stumbled over a khaki ammunition bag.

He handed the bag to his employer, who recognised it as military with Russian lettering on it.

Closer investigation by police led to the uncovering of the cache about 7m from Christiaan de Wet Road, one of the main access routes between Roodepoort and Randburg and about 10m from a concrete wall surrounding the nearest house, owned by Mr S P Assad, in Pauline Street.

COVERED

The cache had been covered with vegetation and debris, rather than buried.

The top layer lay close to the surface of the ground in a trench surrounded by dense bush and trees.

Each of the items had been carefully wrapped in plastic.

There were two Russian landmines with detonators, 10 SPM-2 Russian limpet mines and their detonators, three 158 mini limpet mines, four fold-up AKM guns, 16 loaded magazines of ammunition, three ammunition bags, two gun slings, nine handgrenades and a tin of handgrenade detonators.

A large security force contingent cordoned off the area soon after the discovery and began combing the koppies.

A police spokesman said yesterday no arrests have been made and the search was continuing.

Blacks feel uncomfortable in white wards — Kirstein

By Joe Openshaw, Medical Reporter

Apartheid was reinforced at the Johannesburg Hospital this week when Mr Daan Kirstein, director of Transvaal Hospital Services, ordered separate wards for black and white patients in the restructured heart unit.

Mr Kirstein told *The Star* yesterday the segregation of races had nothing to do with politics, but was in the interests of providing patients with the best possible hospital service.

"I visited the heart unit last week and formed the opinion blacks are uncomfortable among whites and more at ease among their own. The same applies to white patients," said Mr Kirstein.

"We're looking for trouble if we mix patients — they are happier segregated," said Mr Kirstein.

The anomaly now exists at the Johannesburg Hospital where patients in the heart unit are segregated, but are being attended by the same doctors and black and white nurses.

Doctors at the hospital told *The Star* they were disappointed and angry over this "needless perpetuation of apartheid".

Medunsa still empty as student body 'obeys rule'

The campus of the troubled Medical University of South Africa (Medunsa) was still empty early today as hopes that students will be able to complete the 1986 academic programme fade.

It is still not clear if the Students Representative Council will meet with the rector, Professor Leon Taljaard, who yesterday said his doors were open for talks.

Yesterday 850 students who had signed an undertaking to abide by university rules left the campus in compliance with an ultimatum that they return to lectures or leave residences.

Students have been boycotting lectures for about four weeks in protest against a Pretoria Supreme Court decision re-instating two white students.

Since then one of the students, Mr Darryl Wilke has cancelled his registration.

The other, Mr Pieter Kruger, was among the undergraduates who signed the undertaking to return to class.

The relocation of the JG Strijdom and Baragwanath cardiac units — with their individual doctors, back-up technicians and nurses — began early this year and the "new" unit was hailed as the centre for desegregated heart operations.

Since last year 90 black nurses from Baragwanath have been moved to Johannesburg Hospital and are used where the need is greatest.

According to Dr Reginald Broekmann, their integration has been problem-free.

He confirmed that the white and black patients have been segregated.

Dr Broekmann said black patients, who needed treatment only available at the Johannesburg Hospital, shared wards with whites in other sections of the hospital.

Mr Kirstein said he was not aware of any blacks sharing wards with whites and the official instructions was that, wherever possible, blacks should be separated by being placed in single wards.

Mr Irene Menell, the PFP spokesman in the Provincial Council said last night: "The segregation of patients in the Johannesburg Hospital heart unit has nothing to do with health care, it has to do with the reinforcing of prejudices, which in most cases are not there."

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SKA
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Minister refuses to give answers

By BARRY STREEK

THE Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, yesterday refused further questions in Parliament about the shooting of seven alleged ANC guerillas in Guguletu last month.

Mr Le Grange told Mr Tian van der Merwe (PFP, Green Point) that as each of the seven people shot and killed by the police in Guguletu on March 3 would be the subject of an inquest in the near future, "I am not prepared to be subjected to cross-examination on this matter in this House".

In his questions, Mr Van der Merwe asked whether any of the people who escaped capture in Guguletu had since been captured and whether their identities had been established.

He asked whether the inquests had taken place and if this was the case he wanted to know the nature of the head wounds sustained by the seven people.

He also asked when the seven became members of the ANC, to which formations they belonged, where and when they were trained both inside and outside South Africa, whether any action had been taken against the training centres in South Africa, and whether any information or allegations had been received that any of the seven people had been involved in previous attacks on the police.



Cape Town's specialist running doctor, Dr Tim of triathlons and will compete in the tough Godfrey Mocke (left), a long-distance swimmer which is contested over a 3,2km surf swim marat.

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told
Mr Cunningham added

CAPE TOWN

Sweep uncovers 4 landmines

CAPE TIMES
23/4/86
JKA

Own Correspondent
JOHANNESBURG. — Four more landmines were uncovered yesterday in a sweep by the police and defence force of the Breyten area of the Eastern Transvaal.

According to Breyten's acting town clerk, Mr Leon Lombaard, the landmines were uncovered on dirt farm roads in the area between Breyton and Hendrina.

"The authorities defused the mines as they were discovered," Mr Lombaard said.

However, a spokesman for the police directorate in Pretoria said they would not confirm that more landmines had been discovered.

Farmers in the area are taking extreme care when travelling on the dirt roads, in the wake of two landmine blasts which injured three men on Monday, said Mr Lombaard.

Injured

"The farmers are not travelling on the roads at night and are on the lookout for any bumps in the roads which might indicate a landmine."

In one explosion on Monday, Mr Ben Nduli and Mr Jan Moshuloane were seriously injured when the taxi in which they were travelling detonated a landmine on a farm road above Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.

Tractor driver Mr Simon Makawanzi suf-

fered injuries to his right leg, face and eye when his tractor went over a landmine in a second incident.

The police spokesman said reports that a man had been detained in connection with Monday's explosions were not true.

A spokesman for Tembisa Hospital said yesterday that Mr Moshuloane's condition was still serious and he was in the intensive-care unit at the hospital.

The conditions of two other victims, Mr Nduli and Mr Makawanzi, were described as satisfactory.

Limpet mines

Meanwhile, West Rand police found a arms cache containing Russian-made explosives and rifles in Constantia Kloof — an exclusive suburb of Roodepoort — on Monday.

A police spokesman said the cache contained two landmines, ten limpet mines, three mini-limpet mines and four AKM rifles with 16 full magazines.

The cache was discovered in a veld off Christiaan de Wet Road after 3pm. It was uncovered when a Parks Department worker, who was trimming pavement lawns, spotted a sack buried in a shallow hole near a garden wall.

The spokesman said no arrests had been made in connection with the arms cache.

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April 27. Mr
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Man tells of being 'hung from building'

By YVETTE VAN BREDA
Court Reporter

A GUGULETU man who alleged that he was suspended by his feet from the fifth floor of the South African Police building in Paarl, yesterday pleaded not guilty in Cape Town Regional Court to a charge of harbouring terrorists.

Mr Ntozelizwe Thomas Talakumeni, 27, pleaded not guilty to contravening the Internal Security Act by harbouring trained terrorists between April 1 and June 19 last year. They have been connected with a grenade attack on the home of Mr Luwellyn Landers, Labour Party MP in the House of Representatives.

Mr Talakumeni told the court that he had been assaulted by police in a security police office and made to hang, head down, from the fifth floor of the building, while two policemen held his feet and told him they were "showing him Paarl for the last time".

He said he had been promised release if he made a statement to a magistrate but "had been told what to say to the magistrate". He had also "been told that he was a member of the African National Congress", although he denied it.

Mr Talakumeni's family had been arrested and when he went to inquire about them, he too had been arrested. He said he had been questioned from 10pm on June 19 to the next day. He had been held in solitary con-

finement, under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act, and had had no legal representation until September 17, when he first appeared in court.

Two policemen, Colonel J L Griebenaus and Warrant Officer S van der Merwe, denied all the allegations.

Placing of limpet mines

The State alleges that he harboured a man connected with a grenade attack on the Langa police station and the placing of limpet mines or further grenade attacks on the homes of Mr Luwellyn Landers, Mr Fred Peters, LP MP, and community councillors Mr John Bolise, Mrs Elfie Shwalane and Mr Roland Njoli, between April 1 and June 19 last year.

Mr Talakumeni is alleged to have unlawfully helped or harboured Joseph Majoli and Glenville George Peters, while he was aware that they intended to or had committed acts of subversion.

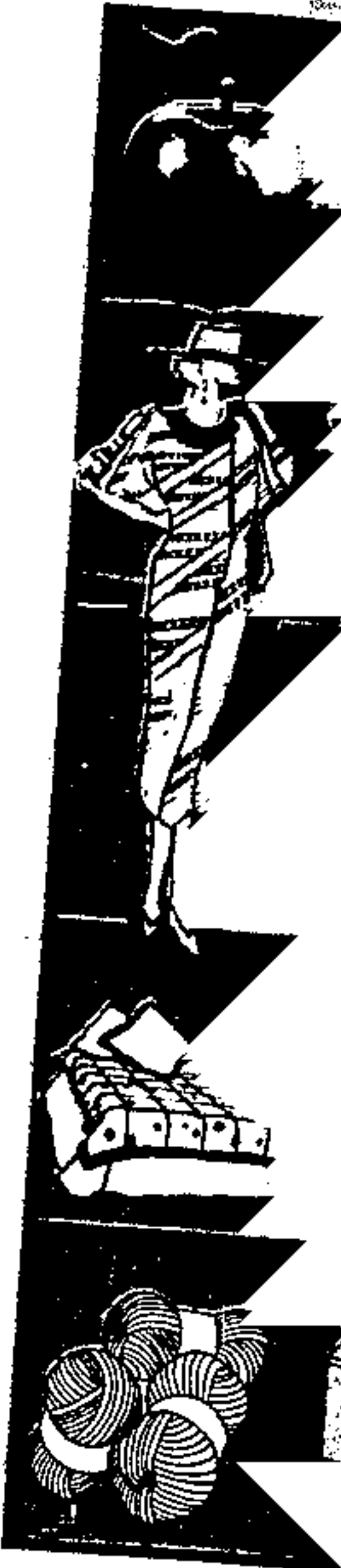
It is further alleged that he failed to report their presence, transported them, gave them food and allowed them free access to his home.

The State also alleged that he had been instructed in the operation of a weapon.

The hearing is proceeding and Mr Talakumeni was remanded.

Mr M J Langenhoven was the magistrate. Mr W Viljoen of the Attorney-General's office appeared for the State. Mr A M Omar instructed by Mr R Vassan represented Mr Talakumeni.

WHY



Only an old 844 habit saved farmer (68) 577 23/48 from death

By Hannes de Wet

"Just this far, that's how close I was to death."

Mr Jannie de Villiers (68) looks at his hands and shakes his head. "I can't believe it, only six inches."

"We looked at the tyre tracks after the explosion and took measurements. I drove over the spot four times, missing it only by inches."

Only an old habit saved him from being the victim of the landmine which was detonated about 100 m from his front door on his farm Vlakfontein near Breyten.

"I don't know why, but I always drive on the western side of the dirt road leading to the house. That's why I missed the thing."

"The thing" has not thrown him into a panic. He can even joke about it.

"I think I must buy myself a helicopter or something. Or maybe I should travel on foot in future so that I can avoid the roads."

His wife who saw from the front veranda how the landmine blew up a tractor, injuring the driver, said she was "a bit upset" on Monday.

"The bang was frightening, something that you can't describe to somebody else. You know, the sergeant said it was the first time that a landmine exploded so close to a house."

But yesterday she was talking calmly of how she and her husband were planning to stay, keeping things going.

Their son James, now working on the Reef, will start farming on Vlakfontein in September, she explains.

Her husband takes you outside to the wreckage of the tractor, telling you that the one front wheel of the tractor is still missing.

No, he doesn't know why they chose his farm.

"I have only three black labourers — the driver and the two who were sitting on the trailer behind the tractor. I can't figure this out."

A car draws up to the house and this prompts Mr de Villiers to tell you how the phone didn't stop ringing on Monday and about the constant stream of visitors.

His smile has the slightest hint of cynicism: "Just like a funeral..."



Mr Piet Sibayoni and his son, the two men who sat on the trailer behind the tractor which detonated the landmine on the farm Vlakfontein, with Mr Jannie de Villiers.

Breyten residents are in two minds

By Hannes de Wet

Breyten residents were yesterday still not sure whether they should be brave or scared after Monday's two landmine explosions a few kilometres away.

Mr M Gomes said: "Yes, we are worried. But then we shouldn't allow these things to scare us away. Yet, the thought that this could happen again makes one wonder."

Mrs Ria Els took a more fatalistic view of the situation.

She said: "What is the use of being afraid? That is not going to help you escape being the victim of a landmine. If it hits you, it hits you."

"But the fact that we are only about 100 km from the Swaziland border, is a bit worrying."

HYSTERICAL WITH FEAR

She told of a woman friend who was "hysterical with fear" on Monday adding that the friend lived alone and "frantically pleaded that I stay the night with her".

Local butcher Mr Louwtjie Bekker said most of the town's 300 residents expected Chrissiesmeer, closer to the border, to be the first target.

He said: "You know how it is, one always thinks that it will happen somewhere else. The fact that it happened here was a shock. I also live on a farm. One can't help worrying."

"I guess we will just have to be more careful in the future."

Others residents were clearly edgy about the situation.

A furniture store manager responded angrily to questions: "I have nothing to say to you. The police held an emergency meeting last night and we have the fullest confidence in them. I don't want to talk about the matter."

Four more mines found in sweep

BUS DAY

84A

23/4/86

ANN PALMER

FOUR more landmines were uncovered yesterday in a police and army sweep of the Breyten area in the Eastern Transvaal.

According to Breyten acting town clerk Leon Lombaard the landmines were uncovered on farm dirt roads in the area between Breyton and Hendrina.

"The authorities defused the mines as they were discovered," he said.

A spokesman for the Police Public Relations Directorate in Pretoria said police would not confirm that more landmines had been discovered.

Farmers in the area are taking extreme care on dirt roads in the wake of two landmine blasts which injured three men on Monday, said Lombaard.

"The farmers are not travelling on the roads at night and are on the lookout for any bumps in the roads which might indicate a landmine."

In one explosion Ben Nduli and Jan Moshuloane were seriously injured when the taxi in which they were travelling detonated a landmine on a farm road near Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.

Tractor driver Simon Makawanzi suffered injuries to his face and right leg when his tractor went over a landmine.

The police spokesman said reports

that a man had been detained in connection with Monday's explosions were not true but the blasts were still being investigated.

A Tembisa Hospital spokesman said yesterday that Moshuloane's condition was still serious and he was in the intensive care unit.

The conditions of the two other victims were described as satisfactory.

West Rand police found an arms cache containing Russian-made explosives and rifles in Constantia Kloof, an exclusive suburb of Roodepoort, on Monday.

A police spokesman said the cache contained two landmines, 10 limpet mines, three mini-limpet mines and four AKM rifles with 16 full magazines.

It was discovered in veld off Christiaan De Wet Road after 3pm by a parks department worker trimming pavement lawns. He spotted a sack in a shallow hole near a garden wall.

The area between Pauline and Jim Fouche roads, in the suburb, was cordoned off on Monday night as police and soldiers moved in.

The spokesman said no arrests had been made in connection with the arms cache.

Ex-ANC man tells of meeting Passtoors

By Jenni Tennant

A former member of the African National Congress — referred to as "Mr Z" — told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday that he had seen Miss Helene Passtoors, accused of treason, while he was with the organisation.

Testifying behind closed doors, he told the court he had also seen Miss Passtoors's former husband, Mr Klaas de Jonge — but both had used different names.

He had later identified the two from photographs shown to him by the police.

Mr Z, who deserted from the ANC, told the court how he became involved with the organisation and underwent training in Angola.

He also identified high-ranking members of the ANC from photographs shown to him in court.

He said he had been trained in the use of various weapons and explosives.

PSEUDONYM

Earlier yesterday Mr Justice T T Spoelstra ordered that Mr Z give evidence behind closed doors and that only those who authorised to remain in court could hear it.

The Attorney-General, Mr K von Lieres, SC, brought the application, saying the witness could not testify in open court because he feared for his safety.

Mr D Kuny, SC, for Miss Passtoors, opposed the application.

The judge also ruled that the witness could use a pseudonym in court and should not be identified in any way.

Accredited members of the media and two legal observers were permitted to remain in the courtroom while Mr Z gave evidence.

Later the judge allowed representatives from the Netherlands and Belgian consulates to attend the hearing.

Miss Passtoors, who holds dual nationality, has pleaded not guilty to treason and terrorism.

Mr Justice Spoelstra ordered that evidence could be published provided it did not disclose Mr Z's identity.

The hearing continues.

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Policeman causes stir in Vaal treason trial

By Michael Tissong

DELMAS — A policeman caused a stir in the Circuit Court here yesterday when he said he saw groups of rioting youths in the Vaal Triangle in 1984 wearing T-shirts with the word he pronounced as "koza".

Twenty-two men from various organisations in the Vaal Triangle, including Cosas (Congress of South African Students), face charges of high treason and alternative charges of murder, subversion and terrorism. They have all pleaded not guilty.

American citizens

After several policemen had told the court they saw people wearing Cosas T-shirts, Mr George Bizos, representing the men, asked Sergeant Pieter Prinsloo how to spell the word he saw on the youths' chests.

Sergeant Prinsloo replied: "It starts with an 'x' or a 'c'. I am not sure which."

Mr Bizos: "And what follows this 'x' or 'c'?"

Sergeant Prinsloo said he was not sure.

Laughter broke out when Mr Bizos asked where the "koza" people were from and Sergeant Prinsloo replied that they were from the Ciskei or Transkei.

Among the observers in the court were the former leader of the Opposition, Dr Van Zyl Slabbert, former *Rand Daily Mail* editor Mr Alistair Sparks, members of the Black Sash, a representative of the American Embassy and visiting American citizens.

Sergeant Prinsloo said there was widespread chaos in Sebokeng on the day the unrest broke out.

"There were large groups of people in the streets shouting 'Viva Mandela', 'Viva Africa' and 'SAP

honde'. I was driving a Mercedes Benz bus, but I could not travel down some of the barricaded streets.

"We were attacked with stones when we stopped.

"An object came flying through my window and struck me on my throat. My 'Adam's apple' was bent inwards and I had to later undergo an operation in hospital for the injury."

Captain Daniel Keyter told the court that he was attacked by a group of youths as he patrolled the township.

"It took place like a planned attack. We did not provoke them," he said.

An Orange Vaal Development Board inspector, Mr Cornelius Schlebush, said while he was riding in a bus, it was attacked by youths using stones and pieces of iron.

"I fired one shot over their heads with a shotgun, but they carried on attacking us.

"I shot at them and they scattered. I saw a man lying on the ground. The police later came and took him away."

● The men on trial are: Mr Patrick Mabuya Baleka, Mr Oupa Hlomuka, the Rev Teboho Geoffrey Moselane, Mr Mohapi Lazarus More, Mr Gcinumuzi Petrus Malindi, Mr Morake Petrus Mokoena, Mr Tsietsi David Mphuthi, Mr Naphtali Mbuti Nkopane, Mr Tebello Ephraim Ramakgula, Mr Bavumile Herbert Vilakazi, Mr Sekwati John Mokoena, Mr Mkhambi Amos Malindi, Mr Simon Tseko Nkoli, Mr Pelamotse Jerry Tihopane, Mr Serame Jacob Hlanyane, Mr Thomas Madikwe Manthatha, Mr Hlabeng Sam Matlole, Mr Maxala Simon Vilakazi, Mr Popo Simon Molefe, Mr Mosiuoa Gerard Patrick Lekota, Mr Moses Mabokela Chikane and Mr Thabiso Andrew Ratsoma.

Loss of memory claimed

A FORMER ANC member told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday he could not remember whether a handgrenade or handgrenades were found in his possession at the time of his arrest.

The state witness, who may not be identified, was replying to cross-examination by advocate Denis Kuny, SC, for Helene Passtoors, 44, who has pleaded not guilty to charges of treason and terrorism.

His testimony to Mr Justice Van Dijkhof earlier this year revealed

BARRY STREEK

that he was carrying handgrenades, an AK47 rifle and a pistol at the time of his arrest.

He claimed loss of memory when asked by Kuny why he had admitted during his testimony on Wednesday to carrying only a pistol in his luggage when arrested.

He admitted at yesterday's hearing, however, possessing "one handgrenade maybe", but denied that he was carrying an AK 47 rifle at the time of his arrest.

The hearing continues today.

Nchabeleng will be buried today

THE family of Peter Nchabeleng — the United Democratic Front leader who died while in detention in Lebowa recently — has decided against holding their own autopsy to determine the cause of his death.

Nchabeleng will be buried in Sekhukhuneland tomorrow.

□ A pathologist will be appointed by the Lebowa government to compile a reconstruction report on the remains of the 36 charred bodies found on mountains surrounding Phasha-Nkoana and Apel.

day

sunrise news

Pilot describes flight over troubled townships

SPAR

I saw the world explode, major tells treason trial

84A

By Kym Hamilton, Pretoria Bureau

A pilot who flew reconnaissance flights over the troubled Vaal Triangle townships on September 3 1984 described to the Delmas treason trial yesterday how he saw "the world explode" at about 8 am.

Major Johannes Adriaan Krause, of Sasolburg, testified he was called out on the morning of September 3 and immediately took off in a light aircraft.

He flew reconnaissance flights over the five townships until about 8.40 am. During that time he noticed many people were in the streets. He said several were throwing stones at houses and vehicles, including police vehicles.

As he flew from Boipatong to Evaton he gradually noticed the crowds increase in size until some in Sharpeville numbered between 500 to 600.

Major Krause said he reached Sharpeville at about 7.40 am and saw several burnt-out vehicles in the streets. In Sebokeng he saw two houses burning.

At about 8 am the unrest exploded, he said. This was indicated by the increased activity of the radio he was using to report back his observations to security forces on the ground. He also noticed large crowds moving through the streets towards the administration offices. He said it was then that everything blew up.

All 22 accused have pleaded not guilty to charges of high treason, murder, subversion and terrorism.

During cross-examination he said he had taken photographs during the flights and admitted none of those taken between 7 am and 8.30 am showed big crowds or any violence.

In reply to a question from Mr George Bizos (SC), for the defence, Major Krause said he was not confusing the days when he had told the court the administration building in Boipatong had been burnt down prior to his first flight on Monday September 3. Mr Bizos put it to him the building was set alight only after 10.30 am.

The trial continues on Monday.

State witness

‘could not
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have seen

Passtoors

Miss Helene Passtoors — on trial in the Rand Supreme Court for treason — was not in a foreign country at the time a former member of the African National Congress allegedly saw her there, it was claimed yesterday.

This was said by Mr D Kuny SC, appearing for Miss Passtoors, during cross-examination of a State witness, Mr Z.

Mr Z is protected from identification by a court order.

Asked by Mr Kuny whether he was sure he had seen Miss Passtoors with Mr Klaas de Jonge, Mr Z replied he had no doubt he had seen her.

Mr Kuny said Miss Passtoors had not been in the particular country at the time he was supposed to have seen her.

Earlier this week Mr Z told the court he had seen Miss Passtoors and her former husband Mr de Jonge — who had used different names — while he was still a member of the ANC.

The doors of the court were later opened to the public.

ITEMS TAKEN

Items taken by the police from Miss Passtoors's house after her arrest last year were identified by the investigating officer, Warrant Officer N J Deetlefs.

He said a Belgian passport used by Miss Passtoors had no corresponding entry and exit stamps from another country although there was a Swaziland exit stamp and later an entry stamp.

The hearing continues on Monday.

● Mr Justice T T Spoelstra is on the Bench. Mr K von Lieres SC, assisted by Mr G Gertsch, appeared for the State. Mr D Kuny SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton, appeared for Miss Passtoors.

CAPE TOWN 26/4/86

844

Grenade injured police — witness

Court Reporter

A POLICEMAN told Cape Town Regional Court yesterday that a man escaped the police after throwing a handgrenade and firing shots at them, injuring three policemen.

Colonel Johannes Griebenauw, of the security police, was giving evidence in the trial of Mr Ntozizwe Thomas Talakumeni, 27, of Guguletu.

The explosion was one of a series of handgrenade attacks in the Peninsula which began on June 12 last year with a blast which seriously injured a deputy minister of the House of Representatives, Mr Luwelyn Landers.

Mr Talakumeni is charged with harbouring two alleged terrorists, Mr Joseph Mayoli, alias Temba Hector, and Mr Glenville George Peters, alias John, from April 1 to June 19 last year. The State alleges he had provided them with transport, accommodation, food and a radio and had failed to report them to the police or had reported them too late.

Colonel Griebenauw told the court that he and a police informer, Mr X, and other security police officers had entered Guguletu in a combi one night in June and had spotted Temba Hector.

They had passed him, turned around, and then, according to a prearranged plan, had jumped out of the combi and tried to catch him.

Temba Hector had fled, throwing a handgrenade at them which seriously injured three policemen. He had jumped over a fence, drawn a pistol and fired shots before escaping.

Colonel Griebenauw said that he was now somewhere in Lesotho.

He said that later that night, after a series of arrests in the townships, Mr X had pointed out Mr Talakumeni and his brother, Titus, as "having been in Lesotho with members of the ANC". He said Mr X had also identified photographs of Temba Hector and Glenville Peters.

Mr M J Langenhoven was the magistrate. Mr W Viljoen appeared for the State. Mr A M Omar, instructed by Mr R Vassan, represented Mr Talakumeni.

'Protected' guerilla holds 200 cops at bay

By MONO BADELA

AN UNKNOWN guerilla held about 200 heavily-armed cops at bay for almost 30 minutes during a shootout in the heart of Alexandra township this week, wounding at least one cop.

Hidden among a crowd of about 10 000 residents, the guerilla rattled off shots at a police patrol.

Constable GC Terblanche was hit in the stomach by a round fired from an AK47 assault rifle.

And as far as *City Press* could establish, the guerilla withdrew unharmed.

Surrounded by defiant residents, the guerilla held a mini-army of cops in Caspers, "Mellow Yellow" buses, trucks and Land Rovers at bay, firing from behind a barricade of burning tyres.

The police eventually retreated and held fire for almost an hour, probably fearing more gunfire from the guerilla.

The injured policeman was whisked away in a Rover and was reported to be fighting for his life after an emergency operation.

The township was still simmering yesterday, although it was not certain how many people had been killed or wounded.

The dramatic shootout - filmed by camera crews from the foreign media - was the climax of two days of death and destruction in Alex, which was torn apart by violence in the "Six-Day War" only two months ago.

Marauding gangs attacked the homes of several anti-apartheid activists on Tuesday night, setting their homes alight and killing members of the Alexandra Action Committee.

The police have been accused of involvement in the attacks - and a police spokesman confirmed that these accusations were "being investigated".

At least eight people are believed to have been killed on Tuesday, the first night of unrest.

Another 17-year-old youth was gunned down by police on Wednesday afternoon when the cops fired bullets and teargas at

groups of angry people who took to the streets.

Residents stayed away from work on Wednesday, and 45 000 residents attended a mass meeting at the stadium to assess the damage caused by what they called "the bandits".

They reaffirmed their decision not to pay rent and to continue with their three-day-old consumer boycott.

They also repeated their call for all policemen to leave the area.

Activist Billy Ace Hlongwane of 55 2nd Avenue was reported shot dead in an attack on his home, and his body thrown into his burning house - headquarters of the Alex Action Committee.

Another victim was 28-year-old Collin Ntoha, shot dead.

Among those whose homes were damaged are:

- Alexandra Action Committee member and trade unionist Moses Mayekiso.
- Action committee member Linda Twala, whose home in 17th Avenue was



COLLIN NTOHLA

Died in attack on activists

guffed.

- Alex Residents' Association chairman Mike Beca. Beca's 67-year-old mother and his wife were attacked.

Eyewitnesses said attackers were heard saying: "You are the dogs who do not want the police."

Residents also alleged that the "bandits" were backed by three Hippos.

On Wednesday night, residents could still hear gunfire and sections of the township were without power.

- Meanwhile the Congress of SA Trade Unions has warned "those who are perpetrating these barbaric acts" that it will deal with them severely.

It said people were being provoked to justify certain "barbaric actions".

"We see this as an open challenge - a declaration of war on the people".

The United Democratic Front also condemned "the strongarm tactics of the police and their surrogates in Alex", saying: "The people of Alex won't be fooled by police denials."

"It is a misguided notion to think that violence against our organisations and activists is a solution to apartheid's problems," the UDF said.

51 29/9/84

Tutu at Delmas treason trial

Staff Reporter

DELMAS — Anglican Archbishop-elect Desmond Tutu yesterday took a break from his punishing schedule to spend some time at the Delmas treason trial.

The 22 accused were delighted to see the bishop in the public gallery and during the tea adjournment, the court was buzzing as everyone caught up with the latest news on his appointment.

Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst refused an application by the State for the case to be adjourned to May 1 for witnesses still to be consulted.

Several State witnesses yesterday described events around September 3 1984.

Mrs Nomakhosanza Mgcina, wife of a community councillor, Mr John Mgcina, said that while her husband was at a meeting on August 29 1984, she heard a crowd of people approach her house in Boipalong. They were singing political songs and she and her children fled from her home. They hid behind a neighbour's chicken coop. She saw the crowd break the windows of her home and tear down the curtains.

STONES

Mr Michael Buti Sekobane, the brother of a councillor, described looking after his brother's family at their Sharpeville home on September 3 when he was woken at about 7 am by people throwing stones at the house.

He phoned the police twice before they arrived.

Mrs Gertrude Nkhiwani, wife of community councillor Mr Michael Nkhiwani, also told of the attack by youths on her home in Zone 7, Sebokeng. She said she fled with her children on September 3 when she saw the crowd approach. From her refuge in a neighbour's home she watched as they set her house alight.

All 22 men have pleaded not guilty to the main charge of conspiring to overthrow the State and alternative charges of murder, subversion and terrorism.

The hearing continues.

29/4/86 STAR

Private who discovered mine was ignored, court told

Man is found guilty of bombing SADF offices

341A



A Soweto man was found guilty in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday of terrorism for bombing offices of the South African Defence Force (SADF) in Johannesburg last year.

Isaac Thulane Mabaso (24), of Naledi, Soweto, had pleaded guilty to the charge before Mr Justice S W McCreath.

The explosion caused more than R504 000 in damage to Nedbank East City and a loss of R32 000 in rental.

Captain Heather Cullis, of the SADF medical corps, which had an office on the first floor, told the court when the limpet mine was discovered by a Private Kinnear, he was ignored "because he tended to fabricate a lot".

She said: "When Corporal Morebisi, a black serviceman, told us it was a bomb, we start-

ed evacuating people from the building. The medics ran to the top floor to tell people to get out of the building.

"I heard someone in the men's toilet and when I went there to warn him to get out, the bomb went off".

Lance Corporal Malcolm Levitt, a welfare clerk, said he and Private Kinnear opened the box which contained the bomb after they found it near the steps.

He said: "We notified other people so that the building could be evacuated. While I was on the ground floor stopping people from entering the building, the bomb went off. It was a hell of a loud bang and dust came down the fire escape. People were still coming out of the building at the time."

Ms Lizette Scheepers, who worked on the 18th floor, said she was running down the steps when the bomb went off. She

said: "Cement and bricks fell on us. I lost consciousness. When I came to, my right shoulder was dislocated, my body had scratches all over and there were cuts on my head. I still do not have full use of my arm".

Sergeant Petrus Visser, under whom Mabaso worked as a cleaner, said Mabaso earned R100 a month. He also said Mabaso continued working for the SADF after the explosion.

Mabaso's legal representative, Mr Eric Dane, handed in a statement in which Mabaso admitted he had placed the bomb in the End Street building.

Mabaso said in April last year he met a friend, Caswell, with whom he once worked in a restaurant in 1980.

Caswell, a member of the African National Congress, introduced Mabaso to three other ANC members and they discus-

sed with him the possibility of placing the bomb at the SADF offices in the building.

Mabaso was employed by the SADF. Mabaso told Caswell he had easy access to the building because of his identification card.

On May 28 at about 2 pm Caswell and Mabaso went into the building with the bomb concealed in a shoebox inside a plastic bag.

Mabaso placed the bomb next to a door on the first floor and Caswell set the device to go off at 3 pm and they left the building.

According to the indictment, the bomb substantially damaged the building and injured several people.

On the basis of the admission, the judge found Mabaso guilty. After his judgment, Mr Justice McCreath conducted an inspection of the building.

Struthers gets 15 years' jail

A young Boksburg man was sentenced to an effective 15 years' imprisonment by a Rand Supreme Court judge yesterday for the murder and rape of a 40-year-old woman last year.

James Nornell Struthers (21), address given as Crossberry Street, Van Dyk Park, was last week found guilty of murder with extenuating circumstances, and of rape.

Struthers was given concurrent sentences of 15 years' jail for murder and nine years' for rape.

Three youths charged with Struthers were found not guilty and discharged by Mr Justice D van Zyl on Friday.

The four had pleaded not guilty to charges of raping and murdering Mrs Naomi May Wood.

The court heard that on April 20 Struthers forced Mrs Wood into schoolgrounds where he attacked her and hit her several times with a stone.

Argument today in Passtoors trial

The defence team in the Rand Supreme Court trial of Miss Helene Passtoors closed its case yesterday without leading any evidence.

Miss Passtoors has pleaded not guilty before Mr Justice T T Spoelstra to charges of treason and terrorism.

The State closed its case earlier yesterday.

The hearing continues today when argument will begin.

Cape Times 29/4/86
84A

Police capture terror weapons

Political Staff

TWO Maritzburg detectives captured a mobile arsenal of terror weapons near the city on Sunday night after a gunbattle in which one suspect was killed and another wounded.

Mr Louis le Grange, the Minister of Law and Order, released the first details of the haul — which included limpet mines and demolition charges — in the House of Delegates yesterday afternoon and said the incident showed the serious situation facing South Africa.

He said the two detectives, Sergeant R Nxumalo and a Constable Dorasamy, had stopped at a car in Edendale where two black men were "doing something" in the boot.

The men slammed the boot closed as the police

approached, but they noticed a brown sack containing AK-47 ammunition next to the car.

They ordered the men to lie down next to the car, but as Constable Dorasamy was contacting radio control the men made a bid for freedom. One was shot dead and the other fled into long grass at the side of the road. He was later found, wounded, and taken to hospital.

Mr Le Grange said among the weapons captured were six limpet mines, two demolition charges, a reel of detonating fuse, nine detonators, 17 containers with lead lugs for limpet mines and 90 rounds of AK-47 ammunition.

A senior police spokesman said yesterday it appeared that preparations were being made to lay the mines.

ANC claimed responsibility for bomb — editor

The day after the bomb blast at South African Defence Force offices in Johannesburg last year, the African National Congress claimed responsibility for the attack, the editor of the South African Press Association (Sapa), Mr Edwin Linington, told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday.

Mr Linington said he received a telex message from the Reuter news agency concerning the claim by an ANC representative.

A Soweto man, Isaac Thulane Mabaso (24), of Naledi, has been convicted of terrorism for taking part in the limpet mine blast in the SADF offices in the Nedbank building in End Street. Mabaso, who was employed by the SADF at the time, pleaded guilty.

Liberation war

Mr Linington said according to the report an ANC spokesman claimed a unit of the ANC's military wing, Umkonto We Sizwe, carried out the attack. He said: "The report said the blast was 'only the beginning and part of a general escalation of the liberation war'."

Mabaso's legal representative, Mr Eric Dane, objected to the admissibility of the report to the court.

He said: "There is no admission Mabaso was a member or an active supporter of the ANC. That he was an accomplice to Caswell, an ANC member,

does not mean he was an active supporter of the ANC".

Speaking on the admissibility of the report the prosecutor, Mr Etienne du Toit, said Reuter and Sapa were acting on behalf of the ANC in distributing the claim.

He said: "The claim itself comes from the ANC. It was disseminated through Sapa and Reuter by the ANC. I say the ANC used Reuter and Sapa to publish its Press release on its behalf because the ANC spokesman went to a Reuter correspondent to make the claim".

Responding, the judge, Mr Justice SW McCreath said: "I have difficulty in accepting a news agency can be said to be publishing or issuing a report on behalf of a particular organisation which claims responsibility for having perpetrated a certain act".

Mr Dane said it "was a ridiculous submission to say Reuter issued the story on behalf of the ANC. This makes newspapers the agents of the ANC for distributing any information in which the ANC makes claims".

The judge adjourned the case to do research on the admissibility of the story.

Earlier, an explosives expert, Lieutenant Charles Zeelie, told the court if he had not taken the wrong route to the building after being alerted to the presence of the bomb, he would have been killed.

Father identifies victim of shoot-out

ARGUS 20/1/86
By DENNIS CRUYWAGEN

Staff Reporter (S.H.)
A PAARL father has discovered that his son was among the seven alleged members of the ANC killed in a shoot-out with police in Guguletu — nearly two months after the incident.

An eighth man, buried with six victims of the shoot-out, was killed in an unrelated incident.

The police directorate of public relations yesterday confirmed that Samuel Mjobo, 23, was one of the seven killed on March 3.

A spokesman for the directorate said that Mr Themba Madiyana, one of the seven buried in a mass funeral in Guguletu on March 15, did not die on March 3.

"He was killed in another confrontation with police," the spokesman said.

Mr John Mjobo said police told him only last Wednesday, almost two months after the shootings, that his son's body was in the State mortuary at Salt River.

"I have no proof that my son was killed by the police. But the men shot dead were my son's friends," Mr Mjobo said.

Before the shootings police had been looking for his son in connection with the disappearance of two rifles from a temporary police station in Mbekweni.

Fearing that his son would be arrested in Guguletu, Mr Mjobo did not report his disappearance.

He did not see his son's body when he went to the mortuary.

"Staff at the mortuary showed me a photograph of him. I saw the body at a Paarl undertaker's the following day. He had been shot through the mouth. His teeth and lips were missing."

Mr Mjobo denied that his son was a member of the ANC.

"As far as I know he was not interested in politics, nor has he ever left the Western Cape to my knowledge. He had no criminal record."

● The police directorate spokesman added that Mr Mjobo had been shown a body on his first visit to the mortuary but could not identify it because the face was "shot up".

STAR 30/4/86

84A

Passtoors 'made her home here'

By Jenni Tennant

Miss Helene Passtoors was an important cog in the wheel of the African National Congress, the State submitted in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday.

Miss Passtoors (44) has pleaded not guilty to treason and to alternative charges of terrorism. The State and defence closed their cases on Monday.

Witwatersrand Attorney-General Mr K von Lieres SC during argument yesterday dealt with the question of whether Miss Passtoors owed allegiance to South Africa.

PERMANENT RESIDENCE

"Miss Passtoors's decision to obtain residence in Johannesburg was a ruthlessly calculated one.

"She was a PhD student. Behind the scenes she would promote the policy of the ANC," he said.

Miss Passtoors had registered for a doctorate at the University of the Witwatersrand and she had declared her intention to apply for permanent residence.

It was clear she considered Johannesburg as her

base.

"There is little doubt she established her home here and from her writings, she foresaw her residence as being of some considerable length," said Mr von Lieres.

An adverse inference could be drawn from the fact that she chose not to testify, he argued.

Miss Passtoors had possessed knowledge of where numerous arms caches were to be found. She must have had a high security clearance with the ANC or had established the caches herself, the Attorney-General said.

She had pointed out six arms caches to the police after her arrest, containing items such as 35 demolition charges, 62 slabs of TNT, 53 detonators, 75 limpet mines and 11 firearms. Most of the items were of foreign origin.

The hearing continues.

Appearances: Mr Justice T T Spoelstra is on the Bench. Mr von Lieres is assisted by Mr G Gertsch. Mr D Kuy SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton, appears for Miss Passtoors.

CAPE TIMES 1/3/86

'Hit list' by SA right-wing organization

By ANTHONY JOHNSON
Political Correspondent

A MILITANT right-wing organization has drawn up a "hit list" aimed at eliminating 66 prominent black and white leaders on the left of the political spectrum in South Africa.

The existence of the list — drawn up by a shadowy group calling itself the "Anti-Communist Anti-Terrorist Resistance Movement" (AARM) — was disclosed by Mrs Helen Suzman in Parliament yesterday.

Holding up a large envelope, Mrs Suzman said she had received "a dangerous document" containing the hit list. She said she would be forwarding it to the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange.

A copy of the list was last night handed to the Commissioner of Police, General Johan Coetzee.

An "operation guide" circulated by the movement cites one of the duties of members as compiling lists of "suspects, UDF members, ANC members etc".

Members given a 'combat name'

According to the literature circulated by AARM to potential recruits, members will be given a "combat name" to protect their real identity against "possible inside enemy informers".

Recruits are told: "You must be an 'accepted person' amongst the locals in your area. In this type of war you must be able to 'disappear' amongst the locals after operations.

"If the locals like you, they will tend to protect you ... if they dislike you, they would be more prone to uncover your disguise and hand you over to the enemy," the document says.

The document reminds prospective members that "this is a lifelong thing" that required "a lot of sacrifice".

"Race, previous status, age and skin colour play no part in selection, in training nor in operation."

Mrs Suzman said last night: "I am inclined to take this very seriously, particularly in view of the current spate of violence pervading the country. This bunch of right-wing English-speaking thugs has got to be stopped."

CAPE TIMES 1/3/86

Blast at Mowbray station

Staff Reporters

A BLAST shortly before midnight last night demolished a section of Mowbray railway station.

Residents phoned the Cape Times to say a blast shook homes at 11.43pm. They reported that debris from the explosion, which destroyed a toilet and a section of a waiting room, was strewn on all sides of the track.

Early today it was not clear whether anyone had been injured in the blast.

Members of South African Police, Railway Police, fire-brigade and several ambulances and rescue workers rushed to the station.

Police with sniffer dogs searched for explosive devices.

A resident said he saw debris strewn on both sides of the tracks. He said police had cordoned off the area.

An ambulance spokesman early this morning reported they had been requested to stand by but had not yet received any indication if anyone had been injured in the blast.

A Cape Times team were ordered by police to leave the area for their own safety.

I was forced to lie, says witness

STAK 1/5/86

84A

Staff Reporter

DELMAS — A State witness in a treason trial said yesterday she had been forced by police to make an untrue statement and had also given false evidence in court.

The witness, who cannot be identified, also claimed in February this year the Transvaal deputy attorney-general, Mr P B Jacobs, told her she would go to jail if she did not give evidence in accordance with her statement.

The State witness made allegations in the Delmas Circuit Court on Tuesday that UDF publicity secretary, Mr Patrick "Terror" Lekota, had taught her and fellow pupils how to make petrol bombs.

Yesterday she said these allegations were untrue and she had never seen Mr Lekota before this week's hearing.

When Mr George Bizos SC, for the defence, asked her how she managed to identify Mr Lekota in court, she said a police officer, Captain P Botes had told her Mr Lekota had a front tooth missing.

PHOTOGRAPHS

She said: "I saw Mr Lekota smiling when I entered court and noticed he had a front tooth missing".

Mr Lekota is among 22 men facing charges of treason and alternative charges of terrorism, subversion and murder pertaining to unrest since the Vaal Triangle riots in 1984.

The woman told the court she was arrested several times for public violence and on one occasion was shown photographs and asked to identify Mr Lekota. She said she did not know him.

She claimed she was beaten with sjamboks during interrogation. When she denied knowing Mr Lekota, she was told she would be hit if she did not "tell the truth".

She said: "I was forced to say things to protect myself from being hit".

She then signed a statement alleging Mr Lekota's involvement as well as her own participation in unrest incidents.

Yesterday she said all the information about Mr Lekota in the statement was false.

The hearing continues.

Mowbray station toilet blasted

Own Correspondent

CAPE TOWN — An explosion destroyed the public toilet at Mowbray station last night.

No injuries or deaths were caused.

A railway police spokesman at the scene declined to comment but it is believed that police are investigating the probability that the blast, which happened just before midnight, was caused by a limpet mine.

The explosion scattered debris over a wide area, destroyed a wall of the toilet and was heard in Claremont.

It was the first major bomb explosion in Cape Town for some years although at least one limpet mine has been found primed and placed on its target.

Police were told by a witness that a group of people were seen running away from the scene soon afterwards.

Investigations at the toilet continued well into the early hours of the morning.



The Mowbray station toilet destroyed by the blast.

Death threat after explosion

Bomber was paid R250 by ANC man

11/5/86
SMR
84A

Isaac Thulane Mabaso (24), the Soweto man who helped place a bomb outside South African Defence Force (SADF) offices in Johannesburg in May last year, told the Rand Supreme Court yesterday that he was given R250 by an African National Congress (ANC) member before the blast.

Mabaso, who was convicted of terrorism after pleading guilty to the charge, worked for the SADF at the time.

Mabaso said: "The day before the explosion, I met the ANC member I knew as 'Caswell' after work in Noord Street. I told him that I had to rush to catch the train with my girlfriend. He gave me R5 to take a taxi and R10 to buy cold drinks.

"He asked me if I needed more money and I said R20 would be fine. He said I should see him at lunchtime the following day and he would give me the money.

"The next day I met him and his three friends — John, Mike and Simon. Caswell gave me R250. I protested. I said it was too much because I would not be able to pay him back but he told me not to worry about paying him back.

'Did not realise what they were up to'

"Caswell told me that he wanted to place a limpet mine in the Nedbank building. I got a fright and told him that people would die if he placed the bomb there. It never occurred to me before then what they were up to.

"Caswell said I should not worry because the bomb would go off at night when the building was empty. He said he wanted to put the bomb in the offices of a school on the third floor because he wanted to make the Government suffer for making black people suffer.

"We got into a BMW and drove to the building. I was given a plastic bag to carry with a shoe box inside. On the first floor where the SADF medics were, he stopped me and opened the door leading to the stairwell. He said I should put the box down.

"He pushed me. Caswell fiddled with the limpet mine. I do not know what he was doing. We left the building.

"When we were in the car, Caswell took out a firearm and pointed it at me. He said that if I should tell anybody what we did he would kill me and the people I lived with in Naledi.

"I got out of the car. On my way to Doornfontein station I saw people running out of the building and I heard an explosion. I was very disturbed at the time because Caswell, whom I had known as a friend, had threatened to kill me.

"I never saw Caswell or any of the other men again. I felt sorry about the incident because people got injured."

Grenade in bed: Principal, wife hurt

The Argus Correspondent
 DURBAN. — A school principal and his wife from Durban's Wentworth area are in a serious condition in hospital after a hand-grenade was hurled on their bed early today.

Police said Mr Peter Klein and his wife Brenda were asleep at their home in Ogle Road, Wentworth, when two grenades were thrown at their house. One landed on the corner of the bed in which the couple were sleeping and the other dropped outside the house.

The couple's son Warren, who was sleeping in the next room, said the loud explosion woke him at 2.45am.

SHATTER

"There was this loud explosion and suddenly windows began to shatter. I ran to my parents' room and my father had a nasty cut on his forehead. My mother was severely injured and had cuts on both her legs. Both were covered in blood," said Warren.

"One of the grenades landed on the bed they were sleeping on and other landed outside the bedroom."

He said that he could not understand the attack on his family as his father was well-liked.

SHRAPNEL

Extensive damage has been done to the house.

Mr Klein has been the principal of Wentworth State Primary School for the past eight years.

A spokesman for Addington Hospital said Mrs Klein had had surgery to remove shrapnel.

● Unrest reports — Page 7.

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 Johannesburg, Germiston and Klerksdorp.
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Footnotes

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Parties
 Employer Organisation : Dairy Industry Employer's
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 DAIRY INDUSTRY, REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

Cape Times 15/6

Blast at Mowbray station

Staff Reporters

A BLAST shortly before midnight last night demolished a section of Mowbray railway station.

Residents phoned the Cape Times to say a blast shook homes at 11.43pm. They reported that debris from the explosion, which destroyed a toilet and a section of a waiting room, was strewn on all sides of the track.

Early today it was not clear whether anyone had been injured in the blast.

Members of South African Police, Railway Police, fire-brigade and several ambulances and rescue workers rushed to the station.

Police with sniffer dogs searched for explosive devices.

A resident said he saw debris strewn on both sides of the tracks. He said police had cordoned off the area.

An ambulance spokesman early this morning reported they had been requested to stand by but had not yet received any indication if anyone had been injured in the blast.

A Cape Times team were ordered by police to leave the area for their own safety.

MOWBRAY STATION BOMB BLAST

FIRST BOMB

A busy bus route runs past the station but no vehicles

It was the first major bomb explosion in Cape Town for several years, although at least one primed limpet mine has been found.

Immediately after the blast, members of the fire brigade, ambulance service, traffic department, railway police and police went to the scene.

The area was cordoned off while investigators searched for delayed action devices.

Police were told by a witness, who had been in the station subway when the bomb went off, that a group of people were seen running away from the scene soon afterwards.

They may have vital evidence and police have asked them to contact their nearest police station.

The smell of cordite hung around the station.

Onlookers, many of whom had been awakened by the blast, were kept well back by the police cordon around Long Street, near the damaged toilet. The toilet is on the Cape Town side of the line and parallel to the stopping point for third-class coaches.

Debris littered both platforms and the railway line.

"DEAFENING"

Mr JWA Butler, who lives in a double-storey house in Long Street, about 40m from the explosion, showed reporters a large chunk of the toilet roof which landed in his garden.

He said he had just got into bed when he heard a "deafening blast" which rocked the house and showered debris on the roof.

"The police were here in a couple of minutes."

Another occupant of the house, Ms Nora Davies, said the incident was "very scary".

"I thought there had been a bus crash or something, but then I saw a big cloud of smoke coming up off the platform."

Mr J Jordan, who lives in a flat about 100m from the station, said he fell off his couch when the bomb went off.



Pictures: PETER STANFORD, The Argus

Police search through debris at Mowbray station for clues to the cause of the blast which demolished a toilet late last night. — More pictures on Page 10.

Police suspect limpet mine was used

By STEPHEN WROTTESELY and ROBERT HOUWING
Staff Reporters

A BOMB at the Mowbray station destroyed the public toilet and scattered debris over a wide area.

The explosion shattered the night silence shortly before midnight last night, its impact being felt in houses at least 500m away.

A Railway Police spokesman at the scene would not comment, but it is believed that police are investigating the probability that the blast was caused by a limpet mine.

There were no injuries or deaths.



Miss Nora Davies next to her bedroom window. Her house is 40m from the station.



Mr JWA Butler holds a section of the toilet roof which was blown off in the blast.

The 22 in the dock: A who's who list

WEEKLY MAIL
BY JO-ANN BEKKER

THE 22 men on trial in Delmas for treason range from a 21-year-old time-keeper to a 61-year-old dry-cleaning agent, a wood and poultry merchant, several community workers, an Anglican priest. Organisations in which they have held office include the United Democratic Front, the Azanian People's Organisation, civic groups and community councils. They are listed in the order in which they appear on the charge sheet.

PATRICK MABUYA BALEKA, 26, is an unmarried Soweto man who worked as an insurance representative until his detention in September 1984.

OUPA JON HLOMOKA, 33, of Sebokeng, is a member of the Azanian People's Organisation, and was employed as an insurance consultant and salesman before his detention in September 1984. He is married with two children, aged six and three, and says his extended family cannot make ends meet without his earnings.

TEBOGO GEOFFREY MOSELANE, 40, is a senior priest in the Anglican Church and has run the Sharpeville parish since 1980. He is married with three sons, ranging in age from 12 to four years. He has been in jail since October 21, 1984.

MOHAPI LAZARUS MORE, 26, of Sebokeng, worked as a literacy teacher for the Learn and Teach organisation until his detention in September 1984. He and his partner have a two-year-old child; he helps support his extended family.

Formerly a goalkeeper for Sharpeville's Pirates Football Club, More was shot on September 4, 1984. The bullet was recently removed.

GCINUMUZI PETRUS MALINDI, 25, a clerk, and his brother, **AMOS**, another of the Delmas trialists (see below), supported their Sebokeng family of nine until their incarceration in September 1984. Since their detention, their ailing father has been forced to find work.

Petrus Malindi is the leader of the Evaton Baptist Church's Youth Committee.

MORAKE PETRUS MOKOENA, 48, owner of an Evaton café called the "West End Restaurant", is married, with six children ranging in age from four to 19. He is the sole support of his 71-year-old mother and his large family.

He has been in detention since December 1984.

TSIETSI DAVID MPHUTHI, 47, an unmarried Sebokeng man, supports his 12-year-old daughter and his elderly mother by selling wood and poultry. He joined the Vaal Civic Association because of rent increases



The defence team's advocate George Bizos, SC ... state witness turned under cross-examination.

in September 1984. He was detained in October 1984.

NAPHTALI MBUTI NKOPANE, 41, a stock controller in a Vereeniging furniture company, is the sole breadwinner in his Sebokeng family, supporting his wife, three children aged from 13 to 17, and other relatives. He has been a member of the Vaal Civic Association since its formation in 1983. He has been in jail since November 1984.

TEBELLO EPHRAIM RAMAKGULA, 36, of Sebokeng, was employed as an electrician by Putco Turffontein before his detention in November 1984. He is married with four sons and is the sole breadwinner in the extended family.

BAVUMILE HERBERT VILAKAZI, 30, lives in Sebokeng and supports his wife, their son, and his mother. Before he was detained in December 1984, Vilakazi was employed by the Urban Training Project as an area educator in the Vaal Triangle.

SEKWATI JOHN MOKOENA of Boipatong is divorced and supports his parents and siblings. He was secretary of the Boipatong Civic Association when he was detained in November 1984. He complains of headaches and stomach cramps in detention.

MKHAMBI AMOS MALINDI, 21, the brother of fellow trialist Petrus Malindi, is engaged to the mother of his baby and lives in Sebokeng. He was secretary of the Vaal Youth Congress Steering Committee and worked at the Letabo Power Station as a time-keeper until he was detained in November 23, 1984.

SIMON TSEKO NKOLI, 27, a single Sebokeng man, assists in supporting his unemployed brother and two half-sisters. He was the coordinator of the SA Institute of Race

Relations' education project until his detention on September 23, 1984.

While in jail he has been hospitalised and treated for clinical depression on two occasions.

PELAMOTSE JERRY TLHOPANE, 27, of Sebokeng, supported his mother and two sisters by working as a part-time sales agent for a picture framer's firm. His attempts to pass his matric at Damelin College in Johannesburg were interrupted by his detention in October 1984.

SERAME JACOB HLANYANE, 38, is the treasurer of Zone 3 area committee of the Vaal Civic Association. A Sebokeng resident, he works as an electrician and supports his wife, two children aged eight and six, and three children from a previous marriage, ranging in age from seven to 15.

He was detained in December 1984 and has developed asthma in detention.

THOMAS MADIKWE MANTHATA, 46, of Soweto, is a field worker for the South African Council of Churches in the Justice and Society Division and a former secretary of the Soweto Civic Association. He is married with three children ranging in age from two to nine years.

Manthata suffers from glaucoma, a buildup of pressure inside the eyeballs. Since being detained in February last year, he has developed a skin ailment.

HLABENG SAM MATLOLE, 61, of Sebokeng, worked as an agent for a dry-cleaning firm before his detention in February 1985. He is the sole support of his wife and their five children who range in age from 15 to four years.

He is a committee member of one of the Vaal Civic Association's area committees.

MAXALA SIMON VILAKAZI, 25, was employed by the SA Committee for Higher Education (Sached) as a dispatch clerk until his detention in April 1985. A Sebokeng resident, Vilakazi is engaged to the mother of his young child and supports his sickly mother and their extended family.

POPO SIMON MOLEFE, 34, is the national general secretary of the United Democratic Front.

A Soweto resident who is married with three children, Molefe was detained in April last year. His youngest child was born shortly after his detention.

MOSIUOA GERARD PATRICK ("TERROR") LEKOTA, 37, a former political prisoner, is the UDF's national publicity secretary, and played a prominent role in the formation and development of the organisation. He was detained in April 1985.

His wife and three children live in Durban. The designation "Terror" is derived from Lekota's prowess on the soccer field.

MOSES MABOKELA CHIKANE, of Mamelodi, worked as an official at the Community Resource and Information Centre in Johannesburg, which trains officials of community organisations in administrative and other skills, until his detention last August. He is married with two young children and also supports his widowed mother and their extended family.

THABISO ANDREW RATSOMO, 27, an unmarried Sebokeng man, was studying journalism at Rhodes University when he was detained last April. At the time he was president of the university's Black Students Movement. Between October 1983 and January 1984, he was treasurer of the Vaal Civic Association.

ANC songs in court as Passtoors convicted of treason

By PAT SIDLEY

HELENE PASSTOORS, convicted yesterday of treason, said she found it no less strange for a foreigner like herself to work for the African National Congress "than Americans or South Africans coming to liberate my parents in my country" in World War II.

Passtoors, wearing the green, black and gold colours of the ANC, was speaking in mitigation of sentence shortly after being found guilty of treason and not guilty of terrorism.

Her acquittal on the secondary charges was greeted favourably by Passtoors and her lawyers, one of whom told the judge it was "delightful".

Twice during the day — after judgement was pronounced and after her evidence in mitigation — spectators in the packed court broke spontaneously into ANC songs.

The Rand Supreme Court heard Passtoors describe her early years in Holland during the war, her experience of colonialism, poverty and corruption in Zaire and her arrival in Mozambique shortly after the SA Defence Force raid on Mafola.

On her youth, she said that talk of Nazism and the resistance dominated her memory. "The point made by adults was that we should know and understand how we were liberated from the evil, we should know it should never, never happen again," she said.

On her life in Mozambique, she said: "We were living in a war situation where the threat was South Africa."

She had known exiled ANC members at Maputo University and when the ANC called on her to work for them she believed very strongly that it was her duty to do so.

Asked whether she had not considered her four young children, she said she had, but not in the obvious way. "I owed it to my children. My children were born here (in Africa). They saw the things I saw, the poverty, the inequality and they lived in a relatively privileged position. The time would come when they would say 'Mama, it's nice you say all this, but what have you actually done?'"

Earlier, Justice TT Spoelstra found that Passtoors was guilty of treason,

● To PAGE 2

Passtoors is guilty

● From PAGE 1

even though she was not a South African citizen, because the nature of her residence in Johannesburg was such that she owed allegiance to South Africa.

Spoelstra dismissed the argument by the Attorney-General, Klaus von Lieres, that Passtoors was also guilty of the second terrorism charge even though some of her acts may have been committed outside the country or before she came to live here.

He said the law was ambiguous on this point, but to interpret it the way the attorney general wanted would lead to absurdities in which an act committed "a decade or a century ago" outside South Africa would suddenly become a crime because the person came to live in the Republic.

Spoelstra also ruled that he would "totally disregard" the evidence given by the secret state witness "Mr Z". It was dangerous to place any reliance on this witness.

Spoelstra said the state had proved its argument that Passtoors was a member of the ANC and not simply an associate and supporter, as she had claimed. It had not proven charges that she had undertaken reconnaissance of sites for sabotage. He inferred that the establishment of caches was done for the ANC, but said that he did not believe the evidence justified the state's claim that Passtoors had helped "smuggle, import or convey" weapons.

Evidence in mitigation continues today and sentencing is likely to take place early next week.

TRIAL FOR TREASON. THIS WEEK, THE MARATHON TRIAL TOOK A DRAMATIC TURN ...



The first and only picture of all the Delmas treason trialists, taken this week after a lengthy battle for permission from the judge, the local chief magistrate and the district commissioner of police. Back row, left to right: Moses Chikane, Naphtali Nkopane, Thomas Manthata, Tsietsi Mphuthi, Geoffrey Mosefane, Patrick Baleka, Petrus Mokoena, Lazarus More. Middle row: Sam Matlole, Bavumile Vilakazi, "Terror" Lekota, Gcinumuzi Mallindi, Serame Hlanyane. Thabiso Ratsomo, Sekwati Mokoena. Front row: Jerry Tihopane, Simon Vilakazi, Oupa Hlomoka, Popo Molete, Amos Malindi, Ephraim Ramakgula, Simon Nkoli. Picture: Gisela Wultsohn, Afrapix

About-face from a key State witness

The little-publicised treason trial of 22 men at Delmas took a surprise turn this week when a young state witness said that she fabricated her evidence after being sjambokked in detention. JO-ANN BEKKER reports

THE evidence *in camera* of a key state witness in the Delmas treason trial was dismissed this week after the witness, a young woman, admitted she had invented it to satisfy interrogators who had assaulted her in detention. The witness said she had been threatened on Monday with prolonged imprisonment if she departed from her written statement in court on the following day. Under cross-examination, she identified deputy attorney general PB Jacobs, who is heading the state's legal team in the Delmas trial, as the person who made the threat.

The dramatic event was the latest development in the marathon trial of 22 men accused of treason.

The court has examined video footage of police action during the September 1984 uprising in the Vaal Triangle; it has considered several bail applications; and the presiding judge, Justice K van Dijkhorst, sitting with two assessors, has even questioned the direction the state's case is taking.

Hundreds of office bearers in United Democratic Front affiliates have been listed as co-conspirators with the 22 treason trialists, accused of having conspired with the UDF, the African National Congress and SA Communist Party to bring about the downfall of black local government.

Before she retracted her evidence on Wednesday, the state witness — a young woman from Parys' Tumahole township who may not be identified — told the court that one of the accused, Patrick "Terror" Lekota, and others had taught a group of Tumahole residents how to make petrol bombs.

Under cross-examination, however, she said she had signed a statement containing this evidence only after being sjambokked and interrogated in

A JUDGE'S OWN NOTES ON POLICE ACTIVITIES

NOTES made by a judge while watching video footage shown by lawyers for the treason trialists in Delmas throw a remarkable light on police action during the September 1984 unrest.

Lawyers submitted the film to support their contention that violence after a mass funeral in Evaton was the result of police action.

What follows is presiding judge Justice J van Dijkhorst's record of the video footage:

A group of people are seen running to the side of the road — presumably trying to get away from their bus which has been stopped. One of the Hippos veers right to cut them off.

The cameraman then records the following incidents:

- Police sjambokking through windows — no obvious reason.
- The Brigadier (G Viljoen,

detention by nine policemen.

Lekota was not known to her, she said, when she was arrested in 1984.

"...They said they were going to hit me and that I must tell the truth about Terror Lekota. I repeated 'I do not know Terror Lekota' to which they said 'How does it happen you don't know him, being a comrade?' I said 'It doesn't help to make me say I know a person I do not know... I do not know this person... But on their forcing me to say things about Terror Lekota which are not true, in fact things I have said about Terror Lekota here are not true.'"

"I did not know Mr Lekota" at all yesterday before ... (they) described to me what he looks like, that he does not have one tooth in the front. That is all that was explained to me."

The witness said she identified Lekota in court solely on the basis of the missing front tooth.

"When I came in here I noticed Mr Lekota smiling," she said, "and I noticed that he has a tooth missing."

The trial is likely to drag on for

months as the state changes the focus of its attention from the Vaal Triangle to unrest in 31 other areas around the country.

in charge of riot control in the Vaal during September 1984) is seen, his back facing the camera; he is waving his arms and presumably says something to the police sjambokking at the windows because they stop. He then turns and walks out of view, at which stage police continue sjambokking at the windows.

● A person is then struck in the face by a policeman.

● A policeman is seen sjambokking perhaps three people in the top of the bus. They talk to him and he stops. However, when he sees another policeman climbing up he suddenly starts sjambokking again.

● You then see a person being kicked on the ground.

● You then see a youth running away, jumping over a fence and being hauled back.

● You then see the aforesaid two policemen on top of the bus forcing a person off the top and taking a swipe at his hands with batons as he is about to drop.

● You then see a person in grey pants and a white shirt in the custody of a policeman. A black policeman comes up and starts to assault him.

● You then see the Colonel on the top of the Land Rover. His smile is questionable.

● You again see the person in the grey pants and white shirt being taken to where a number of people have been grouped on the side of the road, seated. On his way you see him being struck on the head by the butt of the rifle. On reaching the group he is tripped and almost immediately thereafter he is again struck by a baton.

What did this poor fellow do to deserve all this attention?

At the same time, there appears to be little clarity as to what the hearing is about. Admissibility of evidence is a frequently-raised question.

CAREWAYS CHILDREN'S CENTRE

requires

Full-time Director/ Assistant Director

- Youthful person 25-40 years
- Experienced in working with children and families
- Administrative skills
- Committed Christian and church member
- Professional training in related fields of social work, education, psychology
- A strong recommendation

Careways is an after-school care project of Civic Centre Methodist Church caring for children of the inner-city.



UDF CALL TO WHITES Violence - Why?

SPEAKERS:

Father Albert Nolan
Gugile Nkwinti
(a Port Alfred community leader)
and
A Krugersdorp resident

8.00pm, Tuesday 6, at St Martins-in-the-Field

Squeals and grunts in the court

By PAT SIDLEY

THE SQUEALS and grunts of a baby shattered the formality of the Rand Supreme Court this week, leaving spectators as well as some policemen helpless with laughter.

It was laughter well needed to break through the pathos centred on the presence of the baby itself. Shona, aged seven months, is the child of Brigitte van Leynseele, the 18-year-old daughter of Helene Passtoors who is standing trial for treason and terrorism.

Earlier in the month, Passtoors' three young sons arrived to sit with their mother through the trial. But because the state named Brigitte in its indictment, there were fears Passtoors' daughter would be prosecuted.

Nevertheless, she arrived this week from Holland with her baby, after family and friends had been assured she would not be prosecuted.

It was the first time Passtoors had seen her daughter since she was arrested in June last year, and the first time she had seen her granddaughter,

who was born while Passtoors was in solitary confinement.

The news had been broken to her of the birth of her granddaughter by Detective Warrant Officer Nick Deetlefs, who asked in court to be able to see the baby at close quarters. The baby, tired from spending a day travelling from Europe, pulled away — causing Deetlefs, a Security Policeman, some visible discomfort.

No-one could have failed to have been moved by the sight of the four generations of women in court: Passtoors's mother, Judith; Passtoors, Brigitte and Shona, all in close communication and contact.

It contrasted sharply with the picture presented earlier in the week by attorney general Klaus von Lieres: that Passtoors was an important "cog in the ANC wheel" and that she was

ruthlessly "calculating" in her intention to commit treason.

Von Lieres' argument this week was short-lived; the court was forced to adjourn because the attorney general had contracted mumps.

But he had managed by the time he took ill to put to the court argument that Passtoors used her university career as a screen for her ANC activities; that as a foreigner who lived in the country and had asked for permanent residence, she could and had committed treason; that even the knowledge of arms caches was an act of treason, because she had not informed the authorities of them; and that her knowledge of the caches implied a high security clearance from the ANC — unless she had actually established them.

AKGAS 3/5/86

PAARL

Paarl funeral for 'ANC' man banned

By CLARE HARPER
and CHRIS BATEMAN

TODAY'S planned funeral of Mr Zandisile "Sammy" Mjobo, one of the seven alleged ANC guerillas killed in a shootout with police in Guguletu in March, has been banned.

The Chief Magistrate of Paarl, Mr J T P Swart, has ordered the funeral restricted to a weekday or public holiday in terms of the Internal Security Act.

Mr John Mjobo discovered only last week that

his son was among the seven killed in the shootout. The other six and a seventh man, who police now say died in an unrelated unrest incident two days before the March 3 shootout, were buried in Guguletu on March 17.

The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, has told Parliament that all seven killed in the shootout were trained members of the ANC and identified the seventh man as a Mr Themba Madiyana.

In a telex to Sapa yesterday police said that Mr Mjobo was definitely killed in the shootout but that he was known to his friends and to police as Mr Themba Madiyana. Friends had "tentatively" identified him as such the day after the shootout.

Police however had believed that he could also have had another name as it was practice for ANC terrorists to have various identities. The police "tried in vain" to trace the next-of-kin to positively identify him.

'Prints'

"As a result the body was not released for burial together with the other six. On March 7, 1986, fingerprints and photos of the dead man were sent to police headquarters.

"He was at that stage still known as Mr Madiyana as that was the identity given to him by the ANC and the name by which he was known to the police because of his ANC involvement."

On April 22 police headquarters established his real identity by means of fingerprints as that of Mr Zandisile Mjobo and his next of kin were then traced and informed of his death.

Mr Tian van der Merwe, PFP MP for Green Point, said the disclosure by police that one of the seven was incorrectly identified was "astounding" and had serious implications.

CAPE TIMES 3/5/86
18 years jail for limpet mine blast

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — A former SADF member was yesterday sentenced in the Rand Supreme Court to 18 years' imprisonment for exploding a limpet mine in Johannesburg's Nedbank City building last year.

Isaac Thulane Mabaso, 24, was earlier convicted of terrorism by Mr Justice S W McCreath after he had admitted in court to planting the Russian-made mine on June 28.

Mabaso had testified that although he was not a member of the African National Congress he had planted the mine on the instructions of three ANC members who had befriended him some weeks before.

The judge said it was the duty of the court to impose a long prison sentence on Mabaso for endangering many lives by his action and extensively damaging the building.

He added that sen-

tence had to be severe enough to reflect to the community the severity of the crime "the frequency of which in recent years has increased substantially".

While he accepted that Mabaso was under the influence of an older man when he planted the mine, Mr Justice McCreath said there was no evidence that Mabaso had been coerced.

The judge said he could not accept Mabaso's testimony that he had agreed to act as an accomplice to the crime only if the mine was planted away from the first storey.

"It is clear from the evidence before the court that in view of his SADF membership Mabaso knew he was needed by his accomplices to gain access to the first storey."

The first storey housed the offices of the SADF Medical Corps as well as a welfare and pensions department.

ONE KILLED AND TWO INJURED AS GUNMEN SNATCH WC

AK-47 hospital

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Armed terrorists disguised as doctors stormed into a hospital and grabbed a seriously injured comrade in a gunfight which left at least one bystander dead.

The attack came just before 9pm last night at Maritzburg's Edendale Hospital. The gunmen — police today said there were between two and seven with AK-47 rifles — took the seriously injured man, a suspected African National Congress member, from his bed and wheeled him away on a trolley to a getaway car.

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The snatch took place when the hospital was packed with visitors.

Police said the terrorists came into the hospital with guns and ammunition hidden under white doctors' coats.

As they came down the corridor into the intensive care unit, they pulled out the rifles and opened fire, spraying walls and ceilings with bullets.

Wrecked

Two policemen guarding the suspected ANC man returned fire. They were injured when their bullets ricocheted off the walls. Neither was badly hurt but they held their fire for fear of injuring patients and visitors.

Early reports said two visitors were caught in the fire and fatally injured. Police now say one person died and two others were wounded.

Expensive equipment in the unit was wrecked during the shooting.

Within minutes scores of police cordoned off the area and started a street by street search with tracker dogs.

The 22-year-old man who was snatched had been detained after a police patrol allegedly found him and another man with weapons in the boot of their car at Edendale a week ago.

When the two men tried to run away one was shot dead and the other seriously wounded in the stomach.

Vital drips

In the boot of the car the police found AK-47 rifles, ammunition, limpet mines, fuses and demolition charges.

The injured man has since had two operations and was in a serious condition when he was taken.

It is feared he might not survive: the men who grabbed him from his bed pulled out the vital drips and threw them away.

The chief medical superintendent of Edendale Hospital, Dr Peter Evans, confirmed today that Mr Mlungisi Buthelezi, 20, the son of a nurse, had been shot dead.

Bystanders Mr N Nkabinde, 18, and Mr S Shange, 17, were shot in the legs. They are in a satisfactory condition after surgery last night.

According to Dr Evans, the raiders burst into the intensive care unit after coming up stairs from a back entrance. They had cut a hole in a boundary fence on the southern side of the hospital.

Alert

They wheeled the prisoner out the same way.

Dr Evans said today that hospital authorities had been tightening up security and would continue to do so. Visitors were being searched.

Police throughout Natal were put on alert for the terrorist group.

Minister of Law and Order Mr Louis le Grange today described the attack as further proof of the "determination and callousness of ANC gangsterism".

He said: "Its members have no respect for human life and kill in cold blood to further their own aims. No respectable government can negotiate about reform with people like this."

Grenade blast injures two

CAPE TOWN 5/5/80 Staff Reporter

TWO women received minor injuries in a hand-grenade explosion in Crossroads early yesterday morning.

The incident was confirmed by police in yesterday morning's unrest report to Sapa.

The blast occurred after a hand-grenade was thrown between two shacks in the township.

According to the police, the women were only slightly injured.

The hand-grenade was thrown by "unknown people", the report said.

No arrests were made.

POLICE ARREST EIGHT ON TERROR CHARGES

ARCS
5/5/86

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By STEPHEN WROTTESELEY
Crime Reporter

EIGHT people — including a couple alleged to have been trained by the African National Congress — have been arrested in the Peninsula in connection with terrorism charges.

A large quantity of arms, ammunition and explosives has been seized by the police security branch.

Investigations into the charges started about two weeks ago. Security police are now investigating the possibility that some of those held are linked with attacks in the Peninsula.

The couple arrested are from Crossroads, three other people are from Langa, two from Mitchell's Plain and one from Wynberg. They are aged between 25 and 34.

Police said today they had confiscated an AK-47 rifle with four magazines, a pistol and three magazines, a hand-grenade, a mini limpet mine, explosives and detonators which were hidden in bushes near the home of one of those arrested.

5/5/86
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'ANC permits needed'

Steelpoort farmers wanting to enter the Sekhukhuneland area of the Northern Transvaal, where most of their black workers live, are being advised by the workers to buy an "ANC permit" — at R1 000 a year.

Mr Christo Louw of Steelpoort explains: "Most of our farm workers live in villages across the border, the Steelpoort river. I send a lorry with one of my black drivers every day to transport them to work.

"A week or two ago I received news that 'they' had grabbed my lorry and were going to keep it there. When I wanted to go and get the vehicle my black workers told me that I would need an ANC permit — otherwise it would not be safe to enter the area.

"This permit costs R1 000 a year."

Mr Louw didn't buy the permit. He made "another plan" to get his lorry back, he said. "But we suspect that there is at least one farmer who does have such a permit."

By Hannes de Wet

Life changed suddenly for farmers in the Steelpoort valley in North-Eastern Transvaal.

Yes, many asked them in the past how they could live so close to a black homeland. The Steelpoort farmers only smiled. They were getting along quite nicely with their neighbours in Lebowa, thank you.

Until about three months ago. Then petrol bombs came, and the necklaces, the ANC pamphlets, the threats and the restlessness among their own black workers.

Cape Times 6/5/86

Shootout in hospital ward

Own Correspondent
MARITZBURG. — At least two armed men shot their way into the intensive-care ward of a hospital here, killing one man and injuring four others, when they abducted an injured comrade on Sunday night.

The men, allegedly African National Congress members disguised as doctors, pulled guns from under their coats as they entered the ward where the injured man was being treated under police guard.

The dead man has been identified as Mr Mlungisi Buthelezi, 20, son of a nurse, Mrs Magdalena Buthelezi.

Two police guards and two visitors were wounded, none of them seriously, according to hospital officials. Their names were not released.

Police yesterday said the injured man was Mr Gordon Christopher Webster, 23, also known as Steven Mkhize, who had been recovering from surgery for a bullet wound in the hospital's intensive-care unit.

Police said Mr Webster was well built, 1,76m tall with brown eyes and curly black hair.

Last night police offered a R2 000 reward for information leading to the arrest of the men.

Dr Peter Evans, chief medical superintendent at Edendale, said it was impossible to say whether the patient would still be alive after his ordeal.

Mr Webster was wounded on April 27 in a shootout with police in Edendale.

'Bombs'

Another man was killed in the clash and police said they found Soviet-made arms, ammunition and bombs in the trunk of their car.

The abducted patient was wheeled through the hospital complex on a trolley along a windy passage to a security fence about 300m from the ICU. Intravenous feeding tubes and blood transfusion apparatus were torn from the man and left near the fence.

The overturned trolley was still lying near the fence yesterday.

A massive police search was launched soon after the incident but by late last night no arrests had been made.

The Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, last night said the incident was "yet more proof of the determination and callousness of the ANC gangsters who have no respect for human life and who kill in cold blood".

Cape Times 6/5/86

Bug found at ECC meeting

By RIAAN SMIT

STELLENBOSCH. — An electronic listening device was discovered in the hall where an End Conscription Campaign branch was launched here last night.

The device is in the possession of the Cape Times.

About 80 people attended the inaugural meeting of the ECC branch in the Coachman's Cottage.

The device was discovered when ECC members took down banners and posters.

MA philosophy student Mr Christo Nel was elected chairman of the branch.

Sandwiches blown up

Staff Reporter

MEMBERS of Cape Town's police bomb-disposal unit yesterday morning destroyed a briefcase and its contents — sandwiches and papers — found near the Divisional Council building in Wale Street.

A Divco spokesman said security guards had reported the "suspicious-looking" briefcase to police, who used explosives to dispose of it.

"The person left it there and went to his office thinking he would be only a few minutes, but he was delayed and when he came back his briefcase was gone."

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TOMORROW
Midweek
Property

CAT TIME 6/5/86

Shootout in hospital ward

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Own Correspondent

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8 ANC suspects held, cache found

Can. Times 4/5/86

POLICE in the Cape Peninsula have found an arms cache and arrested eight ANC suspects — seven men and a woman.

Confirming this yesterday, Lieutenant Attie Laubscher of the police liaison department said a team of detectives from Guguletu, acting on information, went to a house in Old Crossroads about 10 days ago.

They arrested a 26-year-old man and his 26-year-old common-law wife.

Further investigations resulted in the arrests of three more men, aged 25, 31 and 34, of Crossroads and Langa. Shortly afterwards, three men aged 26, 30, and 31, from Mitchells Plain and Wyn-

berg, were arrested. The man arrested in Old Crossroads had undergone overseas ANC training, while the rest were all trained locally.

The police seized two limpet mines, a hand-grenade, an AK-47 rifle with four full magazines, a Makarov pistol with full magazines, a Star 9mm pistol, various detonators, 50 grams of TNT, a large amount of cash, banned literature, and cleaning materials for various weapons.

Lieutenant Laubscher confirmed that "some" of the eight were teachers at Peninsula schools but declined to give more details and said they would appear in court "soon". — Sapa

Business Day

6/5/86

SA-1

BUSINESS

Eight arrested as police find a large arms cache

was arrested on Friday in Mitchell's Plain.

A police spokesman said the cache included a hand-grenade, a limpet mine, a mini limpet mine, 100g of TNT and some detonators. Most of the cache was hidden in bushes near the home of one of those arrested.

Police said they had also confiscated communist documents, R1 250 and two forged passports. A police source

said the seizure was a breakthrough.

In another incident, Cape Town's police bomb disposal unit on Sunday morning "disposed of" a briefcase filled with paper which was found in the parking area of the divisional council building in Wale Street in the city.

At least six schools, in Bonteheuwel and Belhar, in the Cape were closed for the day in the Cape Peninsula yesterday morning after incidents of

EIGHT people — including a man allegedly trained by the African National Congress — have been arrested in the Cape Peninsula in connection with terrorism.

Arms, ammunition and explosives — the largest cache found in the Peninsula for three years — have been seized by the Security Branch.

They are investigating possible links between the eight people and attacks around the Peninsula, including the bombing of Mowbray station last Thursday.

Police first arrested a couple in Crossroads. Then five more people — three from Langa, one from Mitchell's Plain and one from Wynberg — were arrested. The eighth person

arson.

In Port Elizabeth, police report that a black policeman shot and killed a man, and wounded a woman in Kwazakele at the weekend.

The spokesman also said the policeman was stoned by about 100 people while stepping from a bus.

□ In another unrest report, police said a mob stoned a black policeman in Kwazakele, outside Port Elizabeth, who fired shots at his attackers, killing one man and wounding another. A third man was arrested.

And in a third incident in New Brighton on Saturday, police reported that they were fired on by "unknown gunmen" and returned the fire, but no reports of injuries were received.

ber of the Police Force; if so, (a) when and (b) what was the nature of the charges or complaint;

- (2) whether this matter has been investigated by the police; if not, why not; if so, (a) what is the (i) name and (ii) rank of the policeman involved and (b) what progress has been made in this investigation;
- (3) whether any departmental steps have been or are to be taken against the policeman concerned; if not, why not; if so, what steps;
- (4) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) 9 April 1986.

(b) Alleged assault.

(2) Yes.

(a) (i) and (ii) I do not deem it in the interest of anyone to make known the name of the member, except to say that he is a detective sergeant.

(b) The investigation has not been completed yet.

(3) Before deciding on departmental steps, the criminal aspect must first be completed.

(4) No.

6/5/86 G. B. D. McINTOSH
Transmed
17. Mr D J N MALLON asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether past employees of the South African Transport Services are required to have worked for the South African Transport Services and to have been members of Transmed for

a specific period in order to remain members of Transmed once they have left the employ of the South African Transport Services; if so, what is that period;

(2) whether, during the latest specified period of five years for which information is available, any South African Transport Services employees were allowed to continue as members of Transmed despite not having been employed by the South African Transport Services for the necessary qualifying period; if so, (a) how many, (b) what were the circumstances of each case and (c) who took the decision in this regard?

The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) Only employees who retire on account of age limit, reduction in or reorganisation of staff, severe bodily injury, permanent ill-health or physical disability not occasioned by their own default, or are retired in terms of section 11 or 14 of the Conditions of Employment (South African Transport Services) Act, 1983 remain members of Transmed, provided they have completed at least 10 years' continuous service.

However, employees who (a) sustained 100 per cent permanent disablement in an accident arising out of and in the course of their employment and are retired on account thereof or (b) are retired on account of wounds or illness sustained in or as a result of military service in the South African Defence Force, provided they receive compensation in terms of any act regarding military pensions, will remain members of Transmed irrespective of their period of service.

(2) No. (a), (b) and (c) Fall away.

Sebokeng/Vereeniging: commuter line

*18. Mr G B D McINTOSH asked the Minister of Transport Affairs:

(1) Whether the South African Transport Services are considering constructing a commuter line from Sebokeng via Vanderbijlpark and Sharpeville to Vereeniging; if so, when is it anticipated that this line will be completed; if not, why not;

(2) whether the South African Transport Services have conducted a survey of the numbers of commuters in this area and of potential users of this line; if not, why not; if so, (a) when and (b) what were the findings;

(3) whether he has received any representations regarding the construction of this line; if so, (a) from whom, (b) when and (c) what was his response?

†The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS:

(1) and (2) No. No such requests have been received.

(2) (a) and (b) Fall away.

(3) No.

(a), (b) and (c) Fall away.

6/5/86 G. B. D. McINTOSH
Transmed
17. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the South African Police for the purpose of the Minister's reply, is being held by the South African Police during her trial; if so, (a) where is she being held and (b) what is her name;

(2) whether he has been informed that photographs of this person were televised by SATV on 14 and 15 April 1986; if so,

(3) whether he intends taking any steps in regard to this matter; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) in terms of what statutory provisions?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) Yes.

(a) Johannesburg Prison.

(b) Hélène Passtoors.

(2) No.

(3) Falls away.

SATV: photographs of Hélène Passtoors

*20. Mr D J DALLING asked the Minister of Justice:

(1) Whether a certain person, whose name has been furnished to the Minister's Department for the purpose of his reply, is being held in prison during her trial; if so, (a) in what prison and (b) what is her name;

(2) whether he has been informed that photographs of this person were televised by SATV on 14 and 15 April 1986; if so,

(3) whether he intends taking any steps in regard to this matter; if not, why not; if so, (a) what steps and (b) in terms of what statutory provisions?

†The MINISTER OF TRANSPORT AFFAIRS (for the Minister of Justice):

(1) Yes.

(a) Johannesburg Prison.

(b) Hélène Passtoors.

(2) No, as no offence was committed in terms of the Prisons Act, Act 8 of 1959, as amended.

(3) Falls away.

That is a stupid question!

†The CHAIRMAN OF THE HOUSE: Order! With respect to the hon Minister, the

question has been permitted as proper by Mr Speaker. He considered it to be a "good" question.

Q. 1611
Kabokweni Magistrate's Court
HANS SVAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether he or any member of the South African Police has been invited to participate in, and/or give evidence to, a commission appointed by the Chief Minister of KwaNdwana to inquire into an incident which occurred outside the Kabokweni magistrate's court near White River in KwaNdwana in March 1986; if so, (a) when and (b) who will give evidence to this commission; if not.
- (2) whether the South African Police will send an observer to these proceedings; if not, why not;
- (3) whether he will make a statement on the matter:

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, the District Commandant of the South African Police, Nelspruit.
 - (a) 21 April 1986.
 - (b) No member of the South African Police shall give evidence before the commission.
- (2) No, since the commission has not been appointed in terms of the Commissions Act, 1947.
- (3) No.

Q. 1611
Alexandra Township
HANS SVAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether any incidents of unrest occurred in Alexandra Township near Johannesburg on or about 23 April

1986; if so, what were the circumstances surrounding these incidents;

- (2) whether the South African Police took any action in this township as a result; if so, (a) when, (b) what action and (c) with what result;
- (3) whether any persons were killed in this township during these incidents; if so, (a) how many and (b) what was the cause of death in each case;
- (4) whether any policemen were injured in action in this township; if so, what was the nature of their injuries;
- (5) whether the police received any complaints or allegations that members of the South African Police were involved in incidents of burning houses and assaulting residents; if so, (a) when, (b) from whom and (c) what was the nature of the complaints or allegations;
- (6) whether these allegations have been investigated; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings;
- (7) whether any action has been taken as a result of this investigation; if not, why not; if so, what action;
- (8) whether any persons have been taken into custody in connection with this unrest; if so, (a) how many and (b) in terms of what statutory provisions?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) Yes, as from 06h00 on 22 April 1986 until 06h00 on 24 April 1986 various incidents of stone throwing, arson, fire damage, petrol bomb attacks, use of a firearm and the erection of road barricades occurred in the township concerned.

- (2) Yes.
 - (a) Immediately after the first incidents came to notice.

(b) Reinforcements were sent into the township and intensive patrols were executed.

- (c) Due to the intensified police presence and police actions the number of incidents decreased.
- (3) Yes.
 - (a) 4 persons.
 - (b) In 2 cases due to gunshot wounds. In 1 case due to burns. In 1 case due to assault.
- (4) Yes, one White member due to a gunshot wound in the stomach.
- (5) Yes, allegations.
 - (a) 23 April 1986.
 - (b) and (c) Allegations that members of the South African Police were involved in incidents of burning houses and assaulting residents, appeared in Press reports.
- (6) and (7) Yes, allegations made in Press reports are being investigated.
- (8) No. (a) and (b) Fall away.

Q. 1613
Guguletu; ANSVAIKAMP
HANS SVAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether, with reference to his reply to Question No 23 on 22 April 1986, he will furnish information on the request into, and certain general matters relating to, the deaths of suspected African National Congress terrorists killed in Guguletu on 3 March 1986; if not, why not; if so,
- (2) whether the request referred to above has been completed; if not, when is it anticipated that the request will be completed; if so, (a) when was it completed and (b) what were the findings;

- (3) Whether any progress has been made in the investigation of the circumstances surrounding this incident; if not, why not; if so, what progress;
- (4) whether any further action has been taken in regard to this matter; if not, why not; if so, (a) what action and (b) with what result?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) No, I refer the hon member to the content of my answer to Question No 23 which I have answered on 22 April 1986.
- (2) No, but will be completed shortly.
 - (a) and (b) Fall away.
- (3) and (4) Fall away.

ANSVAIKAMP
HANS SVAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (1) Whether the South African Police took any action at Lawaikaamp near George on or about 22 April 1986; if so, (a) at what time, (b) what was the purpose of this action and (c) who was in charge of the operation;
- (2) whether this was a combined operation with the South African Defence Force; if so, (a) why, (b) who took the decision in this regard and (c) which section of the Defence Force was involved;
- (3) whether any persons were taken into custody; if so, (a) how many, (b) in terms of what statutory provisions and (c) for what alleged offences;
- (4) whether any of these persons were under the age of 18 years; if so, how many;
- (5) whether any other action was taken on this occasion; if so, (a) what action, (b) what was the purpose of tak-

TUESDAY, 6 MAY 1986

residential areas in, *inter alia*, Johannesburg, Durban, Port Elizabeth and Cape Town; if so,

†Indicates translated version.

For oral reply:

General Affairs:

State President:

HANS MERWÉ
Zulu: third official language
*1. Mr H D K VANDER MERWE asked the State President:†

(1) Whether a committee or commission has been appointed to investigate the possibility of having Zulu declared a third official language in the Republic; if so, (a) when and (b) who are the members of the committee or commission; if not,

(2) whether he intends having an investigation of this nature instituted; if so, what is envisaged in this connection;

(3) whether he will make a statement on the matter;†

†The STATE PRESIDENT:

(1) No. I refer the honourable member to my answer to him on Question No 1 of 25 February 1986.

(2) Falls away.

(3) Falls away.

Ministers:
HANS MERWÉ 6/5/86
Non-Whites in White residential areas

*1. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Constitutional Development and Planning:†

(1) Whether his Department (a) has received any representations and/or complaints about and/or (b) has been informed of non-Whites settling temporarily or permanently in White

a television interview on 7 March 1986 in which I warned against the confusion and uncertainty caused by such decisions and announcements. I made it clear that local authorities do not have the right or authority to make statements regarding group areas matters. At the same time I spelled out the provisions of the Group Areas Act relating to the different areas established in terms of the Act so as to enable the public to be aware of their rights and obligations under the Act.

I have also inspected a number of the areas in respect of which complaints were received and I wish to announce that attention is being given to the matter to ensure that effective steps can be implemented to rectify the situation.

As soon as finality in this respect has been reached, further public statements will be made thereon.

6/5/86
HANS MERWÉ
Klaas de Jonge
*2. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Foreign Affairs:†

(1) Whether he has been informed that Mr Klaas de Jonge's diary on his experiences in South Africa, or parts of the diary, are being read on the Dutch radio service; if so,

(2) whether he or his Department has instituted an investigation into the manner in which the diary found its way to the Netherlands; if not, why not; if so, what were the findings;

(3) whether the South African Government and the Dutch Government have reached an understanding on matters of this nature; if so, what is the purport thereof;

(4) whether the readings from the above-mentioned diary are in conflict with this understanding;

(5) whether the South African Government (a) has objected to these readings and (b) has taken or will take

other steps in this connection; if not, why not; if so, (i) for what reasons has objection been made and (ii) what other steps have been or will be taken;

(6) whether he will make a statement on the matter?

†The MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS:

(1) Yes.

(2) Yes. It appears that Mr De Jonge sent the diary to his brother in the Netherlands either by ordinary mail or through a visitor.

(3) Yes. That Mr De Jonge would not be allowed to use the premises as a political platform for propaganda purposes.

(4) Yes.

(5) (a) Yes.

(b) The Netherlands Minister of Foreign Affairs indicated in answer to questions in the Dutch Parliament that measures will be considered to prevent conduct of this nature by Mr De Jonge. The Department of Foreign Affairs in a diplomatic Note to the Netherlands Embassy has enquired whether the measures have been taken.

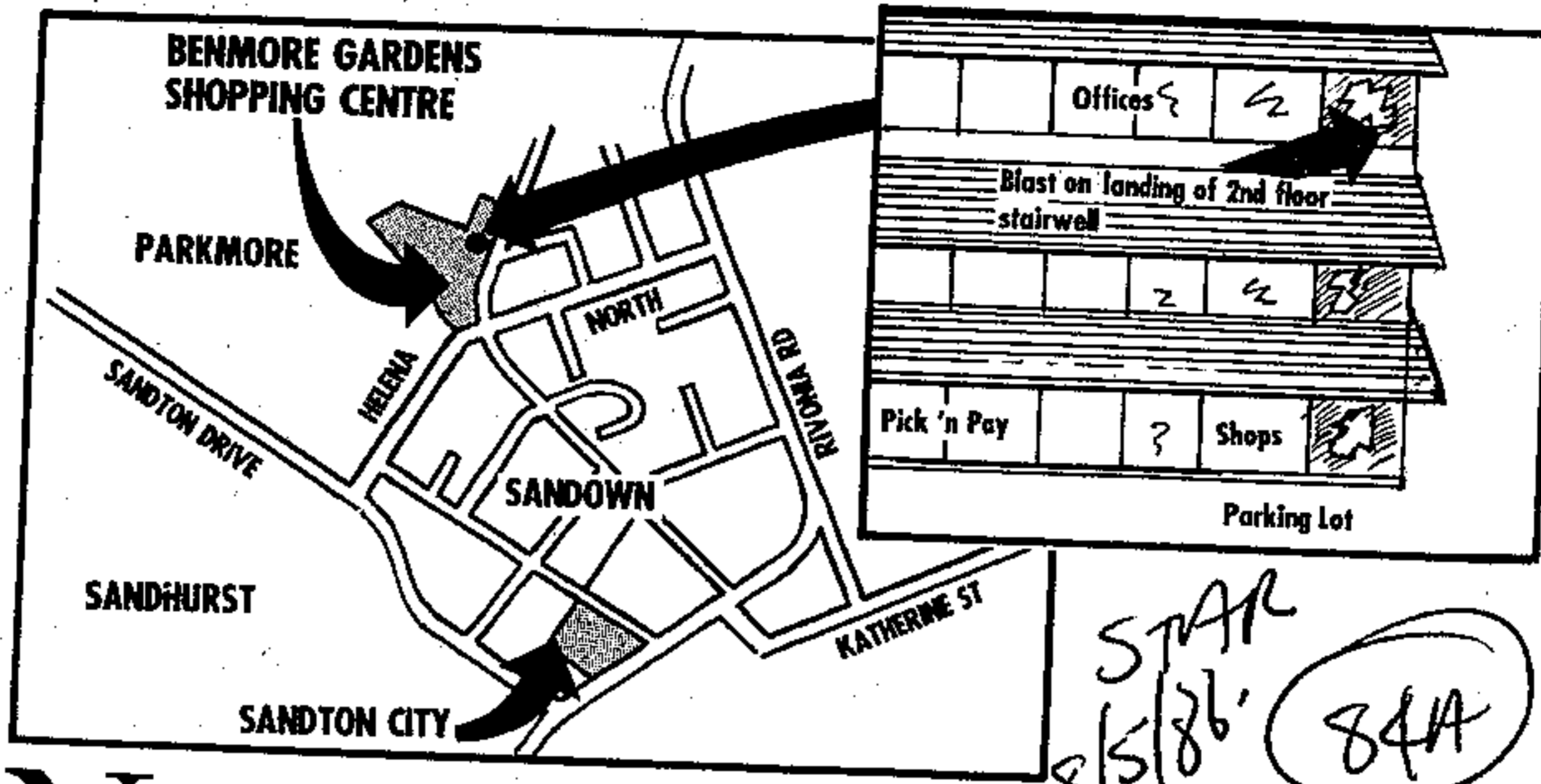
(i) Because Mr De Jonge's conduct is in breach of accepted principles of international law.

(ii) Falls away.

(6) No, at least not at the present time.

6/5/86
HANS MERWÉ
Exchange
*3. Mr L F STOFBERG asked the Minister of Finance:†

(1) Whether there have been any large



Narrow escape for lunchtime shoppers

By Gary van Staden

Police are hunting the bomber responsible for the lunchtime blast at the Benmore Gardens shopping centre in Sandton yesterday which sprayed massive pieces of glass up to 30 m.

The unidentified device — thought to be a limpet mine — went off on a staircase in the complex at 1.10 pm, when the centre was crowded with shoppers.

No one was injured, but an unidentified woman narrowly escaped death when a massive piece of glass was blown from a first-floor window and landed centimetres behind her.

Windows in the stairwell on the first, second and third floors were blown out by the force of the blast and landed in the car park below.

"It is a miracle no one was hurt," said a Pick 'n Pay floor manager Mr Seamus McGlone.

"The woman was pushing her trolley towards her car when the blast threw a huge piece of glass into the car park just behind her," Mr McGlone said. "She screamed and ran away unhurt."

Pick 'n Pay, presently involved in a labour dispute with the Commercial Catering and Allied Workers' Union of South

Africa (Ccawusa), have a large supermarket in the complex.

A police spokesman said that while the police would investigate all possibilities, there was no apparent link between the explosion and the labour dispute.

Pick 'n Pay's group personnel director, Mr Rene de Wet, agreed the blast appeared unrelated. A Ccawusa spokesman said the union knew nothing about the explosion and was investigating.

The entire complex was evacuated as police searched for further explosive devices, but none was found. Streets in the area around the complex were sealed off by traffic department officials.

According to Mr McGlone, who immigrated to South Africa from Northern Ireland, shoppers in Pick 'n Pay remained very calm when asked to leave.

"One woman asked me what was going on and I told her it was a bomb. She reacted as if this happened to her every day.

"It's not nearly as bad as Northern Ireland here yet," he added.

Mr Lawrence Ginsberg, who was waiting for his mother to have her hair done, said it did not sound very loud.

"I thought some scaffolding had fallen down," he said. "I couldn't get my mother to leave the hairdresser. She was insisting on completing her hairdo."

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Glass from blast misses a shopper

8/5/86. (84H)

LINDA ENSOR

A SHOPPER leaving the Benmore Gardens shopping centre, north of Johannesburg, narrowly escaped injury yesterday when an explosion in the fire-escape sent glass shattering onto the parking lot below.

"The woman was within centimetres of the falling glass," said Bob Purshotan, assistant manager of the Pick 'n Pay supermarket at the centre.

Nobody was injured by the explosion which occurred at 1.10pm on the landing between the first and second floors of the fire-escape. The ceilings were damaged.

Lieutenant Pierre Louw, PRO for the Witwatersrand Division of the South African Police could not say whether a bomb caused the explosion.

Purshotan — getting down to manual labour to fill in for his striking workers — was in the parking lot collecting trolleys when he heard the "massive" explosion.

"I ran for my life and before I knew what had happened I found myself at the other end of the lot," he told *Business Day*.

About 30 riot police, the fire brigade, and the bomb disposal unit were at the scene. Roads leading to the centre were cordoned off and traffic police directed traffic.

Seamus McGlove, perishables manager at the store said all 132 black workers were on strike. The store was operating with the help of customers, the local Parent/Teacher Association and school-children, he said.

He did not think the explosion was related to the strike but said two bomb safes were received last week by the Gallo Manor and Bramley shopping centres in Johannesburg, both of which house Pick 'n Pay stores.

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'ANC' funeral in Paarl

Staff Reporter

THE funeral of the seventh alleged ANC guerrilla killed in a shootout with police in Guguletu on March 3 will take place in Mbekweni, Paarl, today.

Members of the Progressive Federal Party, including Mr Tian van der Merwe, and the Black Sash said they would attend.

Yesterday afternoon the Chief Magistrate of Paarl, Mr J T P Swart, altered the original restrictions which prevented the funeral from taking place at a weekend or on a public holiday.

Mr Sammy Mjobo's funeral, scheduled for last Saturday, was postponed as a result of the restriction order.

Following a meeting between the Paarl Civic Association, representatives of the family and Mr Swart, the order was changed to allow the funeral to take place today, and for mourners to participate in the traditional washing of hands ceremony before dispersing.

However, other restrictions issued last Friday

still apply, including:

- Any speeches at the funeral ceremony must take place indoors and only the four people named on the order may make a speech. They are parents Mr John Mjobo and Mrs Enid Mjobo, the Rev Headman Mbaqa and Mr Zwandke Njsnba, the master of ceremonies.

- No loudspeakers may be used during the funeral.

- The speakers shall not in any manner defend, attack, criticize, propagate or discuss any form of government or principle or policy of a government of a state or any boycott action or the existence of the state of emergency or any action by the South African Police or a member of the police force.

- No flags, banners, placards, pamphlets or posters may be displayed or distributed.

- The body of the deceased and persons attending the funeral shall be conveyed only by means of mechanically driven vehicles from the house of the deceased.

The precise route of the hearse is also stipulated in the order.

Treason trial sees video tapes

Staff Reporter

DELMAS — The treason trial defence yesterday failed to persuade the court that background evidence about certain video tapes should be presented before the tapes were shown in court.

Lengthy argument was heard on the admissibility as evidence of a video on the 1984 congress of the Azanian Students' Organisation.

Defence counsel Mr Gilbert Marcus attempted to persuade Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst that evidence about the originality of the video and whether or not the tapes might have been tampered with, should be submitted before the tapes were screened.

To do otherwise, he and Mr George Bizos SC submitted, would be similar to making a witness read out a "confession" before it had even been established whether the statement was admissible as evidence.

WITNESS

The State told the court that its only intention in showing the video was to have a witness identify it as a visual recording of a meeting he said he had attended.

Mr van Dijkhorst ruled that the video could be shown for purposes of identification and that argument on the admissibility of the tapes could be heard after they had been seen.

He said he believed he and his assessors were "mature enough to exclude material from their minds" should it later prove inadmissible.

More than 120 minutes of material were then screened, with frequent pauses for the witness to identify banners and T-shirts and to recount the words of freedom songs.

The State also asked the witness to explain who the people referred to in a certain poem were. And on learning from the witness that that the trio — Mosolodi, Motaung and Mogoerane — had been described in the Press as "terrorists of the African National Congress" who were sentenced to death, he was questioned about whether they had been hanged.

The 22 trialists face charges of treason, subversion, murder and furthering the aims of a banned organisation. The charges arise from the Vaal disturbances of September 1984.

ART 12/5 10/5/86

Sniper killing of policeman: Man held

Staff Reporter

PENINSULA detectives on Wednesday arrested a 23-year-old man in connection with the sniper killing of a Pretoria policeman in Lansdowne Road, Crossroads, on March 25.

A police liaison officer for the Western Province, Captain Jan Calitz, yesterday said the man had been arrested after an intensive investigation following the shooting of Pretoria West policeman Constable Patrick Legong, 24.

However, the investigation continues as police have not yet recovered the large-calibre firearm used in the killing.

Captain Calitz asked anyone with information which could help police solve the murder to contact their nearest police station.

Captain Calitz said the man would appear on charges of murder in Athlone Magistrate's Court on Monday.

Constable Legong was hit in the eye by one of several shots fired at him by a sniper on the side of the road seconds after he had stepped out of a Casspir sent to investigate a stoning incident.

ANC intimidation angers border farmers

STEELPOORT, Eastern Transvaal. — Farmers in this area have warned that the Lebowa border was turning into a flashpoint because of "violent communist agitators" operating from the homeland.

Steelpoort farmers, on Lebowa's eastern border, told of their workers and vehicles being set alight and their fences being "carried away" by starving stock raiders who made repeated sorties from the homeland.

Agitators from Lebowa demanded a R1 000-a-year "ANC pass" from farmers to enter the homeland safely, said farmer Mr Christo Louw. He knew of at least one farm-

er who had bought such a permit.

Four farmers' trucks and 14 private vehicles had been burnt recently, said neighbouring farmer Mr Paul Kluge.

"They have only necklaced blacks so far, but they are going to burn a white person one of these days," he said.

Farmers were going under as their labourers faced the necklace if they worked for less than R5 a day — a fee farmers could not afford.

"I told my labourers I'm a farmer — not a mine which can negotiate with unions," said Mr Louw.

A handful of labourers

stayed permanently on the farms to escape punishment. About 18 farmers were affected by the development, which started five months ago.

But farmers had received threats that attacks would be carried out on their farms.

Said another farmer: "The situation is explosive. The only solution I can see is Paul Kruger's: Go and shoot 3 000 of them."

"You must understand our bitterness. These are second and third generation farms that have costs hundreds of thousands of rands to develop, which have no value now due to their location," said Mr Kluge. — Sapa



Policemen's homes hit by arsonists

Mercury Reporter

DAMAGE estimated at more than R20 000 was caused when the homes of two policemen were petrol-bombed in renewed acts of violence in Umlazi, a police spokesman said yesterday.

The home of Det W/O M A Malinga was set on fire by arsonists on Thursday

morning.

No one was injured.

In the second attack, which occurred shortly before midnight on Thursday, a group of about 20 men hurled three petrol bombs at the home of a W/O Khumalo in Umlazi.

Police said only the outside of the house was

damaged.

Sapa reports that widespread violence hit the Reef on Ascension Day, leaving seven people injured by mob attacks, petrol bombings and police action.

One man was seriously wounded and another slightly injured when police opened fire on a mob stoning their vehicle near Krugersdorp, according to a police unrest report.

Both men are under guard in hospital.

In Soweto a panga-wielding mob seriously injured a man after he tried to escape a petrol-bombed house.

In an attack in which an AK-47 automatic rifle was apparently used a woman was slightly wounded when shots were fired at a house in Tembisa on the East Rand.

In Johannesburg, St Catherine's Church in Bramley and a home in Kew were also petrol bombed early yesterday.

White

No one was injured in these attacks, which caused R30 000 damage to the church but minimal damage to the house.

In Soweto a Diepkloof man, Mr Hamilton Mabaso, and his family were the victims of an alleged white vigilance attack yesterday when their home was petrol bombed and sprayed with gunfire.

Our Cape Town correspondent reports that detectives arrested a 23-year-old man in connection with the sniper killing of a Pretoria policeman in Landsdowne Road, Crossroads, on March 25.

A police spokesman said the man had been arrested after the shooting of Pretoria West policeman, Const Patrick Legong, 24.

THE GREAT ESCAPE

Cops scour country for wounded guerilla

By SIBUSISO MNGADI and CP Correspondents

WOUNDED guerilla Stephen Mkhize is, quite literally, South Africa's most wanted man.

● The security police want him because they believe he has vital information on guerilla activities in Natal.

● His comrades, who burst into Edendale Hospital with guns on their hips to free him, obviously want him to stay out of the police's hands.

● Doctors who were treating him for bullet wounds he sustained when he was arrested last week want him because he desperately needs medical attention.

Maritzburg is still talking about the movie-style raid which freed Mkhize - real name Gordon Christopher Webster - who was recovering from bullet wounds in the nearby Edendale Hospital.

Mkhize was shot on April 27 during a shootout in which a fellow guerilla was shot dead, when they were allegedly found loading mines, detonators and AK47 ammo into a car.

His chances of survival - medically - seem fair.

Edendale Hospital superintendent Dr Peter Evans said although Webster was "in the early stages of recovery" after several operations, his urinary system was working and provided he did not bleed internally, he could pull through.

Cops have offered a R2 000 reward for information leading to his capture. This week cops scoured Natal

★ To Page 2



Dr Evans at the getaway hole - with the trolley. Pic courtesy Beeld

PAGE 2

CITY PR

Snatched

★ From Page 1

hospitals - believing he might seek treatment.

Observers believe the daring raid - in which two cops were wounded - shows Webster was part of a highly sensitive ANC operation.

A number of men - between two and seven, say cops - entered the hospital at 8.37 pm, wearing white coats.

They drew guns - believed to be AK47 rifles - from under their coats, and opened fire.

Edendale nurse Magdalena Buthelezi's only son, Mlungisi, 20, was hit in cross-fire and died later.

Two visitors - S Shange, 17, and N Nkabinde, 18 - were wounded. They have been operated upon and are said to be in a satisfactory condition.

The two unidentified cops were shot in the hand and mouth respectively and are also in a satisfactory condition.

The raiders wheeled Webster out on a trolley to a security fence about 300m from the ICU.

They had cut a two metre getaway hole in the fence - big enough for a car to pass through.

Feeding and blood transfusion tubes were withdrawn from Webster's body, and the guerillas sped off in a waiting minibus.

Cops say the rescuers entered through the hospital's back entrance - avoiding the security check at the front which would have revealed their hidden weapons

11/5/76 ZIMP

It's a long, cold wait at Delmas trial

84/11

By MARTIN NTSOLENGOE

FOR the past two weeks the Delmas treason trial has been held in camera — frustrating scores of people travelling there from all over the Vaal.

Both young and frail-looking old women, wearing their Manyano (Mother's Union) uniforms, braved the cool breeze outside court — waiting for lunchtime to greet and wish their loved ones good luck.

This week evidence for the State was given by an alleged former African National Congress member, who said she was trained as a freedom fighter and propagandist in Angola and East Germany.

She said she joined the ANC in 1980 and, later that year, went to East Germany for training in the use of AK47 rifles and for courses in Marxism-Leninism and ANC tactics.

On her return she was delegated to attend the Pan African National Youth Congress in Libya for two weeks, she said.

She worked as a typist for the SA Congress of Trade Unions before she returned to SA through the Transkei, she said.

She said she later joined Radio Freedom and made about five news broadcasts. Two broadcasts were about the UDF, she said.

Defence counsel says treason trialist owed no allegiance to SA

By Jenni Tennant

The defence counsel for Miss Helene Passtoors will today argue that she did not owe allegiance to South Africa and should not be found guilty of treason.

Mr D Kony SC, for Miss Passtoors, who begins arguments in the Supreme Court today, said yesterday he will submit Miss Passtoors be found guilty of terrorism, (the alternative to the treason charge) "and only in respect of a limited number of acts," and that she be acquitted on the second charge of terrorism.

The State ended its argument yesterday.

Miss Passtoors (44) has pleaded not guilty to a charge of treason and an alternative charge of terrorism and a charge of terrorism, alternatively participating in terroristic activities.

The Attorney-General for the Witwatersrand, Mr K von Lieres SC, said the evidence of the State in support of the allegations in the indictment were mainly unchallenged by the defence.

His submissions included:

- Miss Passtoors had established or assisted in establishing arms caches around the country.
 - She had assisted the ANC in an attempt to help an alleged member of the ANC leave the country. The plan was called "Operation Mango".
 - Miss Passtoors had used her enrolment as a student at the University of the Witwatersrand as a front while undertaking tasks for the ANC.
 - Miss Passtoors had pointed out the sites of various arms caches to the police. Considering the tight security of the ANC, he argued that anybody who knew their position had reconnoitred and established the sites or obtained the information from the ANC.
- On June 22 last year Miss Passtoors met her former husband, Mr Klaas de Jonge, and travelled to a

site in Halfway House where they reconnoitred the area and, later that night, established an arms cache. "Nor was she just a curious bystander. She had a spade and had been digging," Mr von Lieres said.

Miss Passtoors also had knowledge of military equipment and admitted possessing two spanners which had been used on limpet mines.

Mr von Lieres submitted that Miss Passtoors, in her participation in "Operation Mango", had committed acts of treason by furthering the aims of the ANC.

He referred to a transcript of a conversation which was taped in June last year at a Durban hotel between Miss Passtoors and an alleged member of the ANC, Mr Ismail Ebrahim.

There could be no doubt the conversation in the hotel had formed a crucial part in the preparations for "Operation Mango", Mr von Lieres said.

It had been indirectly suggested that Miss Passtoors had agreed to assist Mr Ebrahim because of a relationship between the two.

However, Mr von Lieres submitted: "Far from being a personal and romantic adventure completely outside the scope of the ANC's control, it was quite clearly a sophisticated and highly detailed plan devised by the ANC or under its auspices."

In transcripts of telephone conversations between Miss Passtoors and alleged ANC members, including Mr Ebrahim, it was clear that veiled language was extensively used. A logical inference was that it was used to conceal the true purposes of the speakers.

Mr von Lieres said the evidence of Miss Passtoors pointing out oil pipeline pumping stations in Natal was inconclusive and permitted other inferences than that she had conducted a reconnaissance to be drawn.

The hearing continues.

Appearances: Mr Justice TT Spoelstra is on the Bench. Mr K von Lieres SC, assisted by Mr G Gertsch, appeared for the State. Mr D Kony SC, assisted by Mr C Loxton, appeared for Miss Passtoors.

13/5/86 SPAK

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13/5/86

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Staff Reporter

Treason trialists pointed out in courtroom video

DELMAS — A witness at the treason trial here, who may not be identified, yesterday pointed out two of the accused as they appeared on video recordings of an Azaso Congress in 1984 and the launching of Soweto Youth Congress (Soyco) in 1983.

Of the 22 accused, the witness pointed out Mr Ropo Molefe (United

Democratic Front general-secretary), and Mr Simon Nkoli on video. He also pointed out several other people.

They and their co-accused — some of whom are churchmen — have pleaded not guilty to high treason.

Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst ordered the men to stand in the dock when the witness mentioned their names.

The videos, which were screened in court, were presented as exhibits by the State.

The hearing was in

camera to protect the witness who also gave evidence about Soyco.

He explained that the congress was launched on July 31 1983 at the Dube YMCA Hall in Soweto, as a body to represent interests similar to those of the Congress of South

African Students (Cosas), but outside high schools.

He said the Azanian Students' Organisation (Azaso) was the equivalent movement representing students on university, teachers' training college and technikon campuses.

The court heard that all three organisations — Cosas, Azaso and Soyco — were United Democratic Front affiliates.

The hearing continues.

Businessman on arms charges

STAL
13/5/10
The Star's Africa
News Service

DESI
KAP

GABORONE — More than 100 hand grenades and a large quantity of other arms and ammunition were found by police under the bed of Botswana businessman Mr Mohammed Bazar Garmoud, a Lobatse court was told yesterday.

Mr Garmoud appeared with two Harare residents, Mr Ibrahim Desai and Mr Junior Roy Majuba, on charges of illegal possession of arms.

At one stage during the trial people in the court dived for cover when a

member of the public walked over the hand grenades as they lay on the courtroom floor.

The magistrate, Mr W D Petker, ordered the grenades removed from the courtroom.

Also allegedly found in Mr Garmoud's bedroom were 12 semi-automatic rifles, 33 pistols, 5 900 rounds of ammunition and 32 empty pistol magazines.

The court was told the arms were found when police became suspicious of Mr Garmoud's behaviour outside his house and went inside to investigate.

Official on ^{SMK} ¹³⁵⁸ terror charges
Pretoria Bureau

A Botswana Government official appeared briefly in the Rustenburg Regional Court yesterday in connection with 10 charges of terrorism.

Mr Clement Bogatsu (46) was not asked to plead and was remanded in custody until today.

He was arrested in the Western Transvaal in September last year.

It is alleged he acted as a courier for about 20 armed ANC members moving between Botswana and South Africa. In addition, it is alleged he set up a "safe-house" for them.

Four of the charges were laid under the old Terrorism Act and the others in terms of the Internal Security Act.

(Proceeding).

13/5/82
BUSDAY

Passtoors' conviction urged

LIAM EGAN

THE State closed its case against Helene Passtoors in the Rand Supreme Court, Johannesburg, yesterday, calling for her conviction on charges of treason and terrorism.

Defence counsel Denis Kuny told the court that he would ask for her acquittal on the charge of treason at today's hearing. He said Passtoors should be convicted only of participating in terrorist activities.

Passtoors (44) was indicted, together with Dutch fugitive Klaas de Jonge, on charges of treason, alternatively of terrorism, alternatively of participating in terrorist activities.

De Jonge, her former hus-

band, remains under the protection of the Dutch embassy, Pretoria, and has not appeared in court.

Kuny said he would argue at today's hearing that by virtue of her nationality Passtoors could not be convicted of treason since she owed SA no allegiance.

He said he would argue for Passtoors' conviction only on limited counts of terrorism because the State "may have proved her knowledge of a conspiracy, but had failed to prove that until February last year she had acted to conspire".

The State alleges Passtoors

and De Jonge acted to promote the aims and interests of the ANC from February 1981 until their arrest last June.

Prosecutor Klaus von Lieres argued Passtoors did owe allegiance to SA because she had been a resident at the time of her arrest.

He said there was sufficient cause to show she was a member of the ANC and had actively participated in establishing at least two arms caches.

He was referring to two arms caches near Krugersdorp, one of which security policemen had observed De Jonge and Passtoors establishing the evening before their arrest.

Passtoors trial: defence argues against treason as judgment looms

By Jenni Tennant

Judgment is expected tomorrow in the Rand Supreme Court trial of Miss Helene Passtoors, who is accused of treason and terrorism.

Defence counsel, Mr D Kuny SC, said in his argument yesterday that Miss Passtoors should be acquitted on the charge of treason.

He submitted that she be convicted of terrorism (the alternative charge to the main count of treason) as a result of her involvement in establishing an arms cache at Halfway House in June last year.

On a second count of terrorism, Mr Kuny submitted that nothing had been proved against Miss Passtoors.

Argument in Miss Passtoors's trial ended yesterday. Miss Passtoors (44) has pleaded not guilty to charges of treason and terrorism.

INFERENCES DRAWN

Mr Kuny submitted that inferences drawn by the State in a number of instances were not the only possible and reasonable inferences that could be drawn.

He referred to the State's submissions concerning her pointing out sites of arms caches to the police after her arrest.

Knowledge of the whereabouts of caches did not prove she had established the weapons' storage places, Mr Kuny said.

He also argued that there was no reason that Miss Passtoors's registration at the University of the Witwatersrand be regarded as merely a cover for ANC activities.

Instead her PhD registration could be seen as genuine, he said. "She was

an academic and a linguist of stature."

Other submissions on behalf of the defence included:

- There was no evidence that Miss Passtoors had taken any steps to advise anyone about the arms caches, excluding that in Halfway House.

- It had not been proved that she had helped in establishing the arms caches — other than the one at Halfway House, which she had pointed out to the police.

- It had not been proved that Miss Passtoors had smuggled weapons into the country.

- There was no proof she had received instructions from the ANC about establishing arms caches.

Mr Kuny argued that Miss Passtoors did not owe allegiance to South Africa.

Her stay in the country from February to June 1985 was of such a temporary and transient nature that it did not give rise to allegiance, he said.

She was on leave of absence from her job in Mozambique and held foreign passports. Three of her children were overseas and her daughter was in South Africa temporarily.

"The only thing binding her to the Republic in any way was her registration as a PhD student at the University of the Witwatersrand," Mr Kuny said.

He submitted that if the court found Miss Passtoors owed allegiance, then the only overt acts which could be held against her were her actions connected to the Halfway House arms cache; establishing a means of a communication with the ANC; learning and using codes; preparing the document "Mango" and establishing a secret escape route from the country for an alleged ANC member.

The hearing is expected to resume tomorrow.

STAR

SAA

14/5/86

5.

FOUR HURT IN GRENADE ATTACKS



SINGER Brenda Fasi and friend Oupa Hlomuka, get close at a party at Lumoman Hairdressers last week. The party was a treat for the staff for producing the best hairstyles.

FOUR people were injured — one seriously — after two houses were bombed in Mamelodi, Pretoria, yesterday morning.

By **MONK NKOMO**

his mother, Mrs Lettie Mdluli.

Moses Mdluli (16), a Standard 8 pupil at the local Tsako Thabo High School, was seriously injured after a hand-grenade was thrown into his home, ripping off the roof. The incident happened about 1.30am. He was rushed to hospital with injuries to the head, leg and feet, said

The other victim is Mr Kanakana Matsena, co-ordinator of the Mamelodi Action Committee (MAC) who, together with his wife and mother, narrowly escaped death when two handgrenades were thrown into their house and a backyard room about 12.45am. Mr Matsena's wife

Masepeke, and his mother, Mrs Evelyn Matsena, were cut in the face and legs. They were taken to hospital, where they were treated and discharged.

Mr Matsena said the explosion has caused temporary deafness in his left ear.

Damage

Captain J Beck of the Police Public Relations Directorate in Pretoria could only confirm the attack on Mrs Mdluli's house.

He added: "A hand-grenade was used during the attack on a policeman's house causing extensive damage". He declined to give the name of the policeman or where he was stationed.

The attacks occurred hours after the Saulsville/Atteridgeville Youth Organisation (Sayo) condemned an attack on the home of a Cosatu official, Mr Gabriel Twala of Saulsville. His eight-year-old brother was slightly injured during the attack.

Cowardly

Four men wearing balaclavas were seen leaving the house shortly after the incident.

"War equipment is being used against our members. We condemn these cowardly acts by the system and call upon freedom-loving people to intensify the struggle against oppression and exploitation," Sayo said in a statement yesterday.

Mr Matsena, who did not report the attack to the police, said: "The MAC shall not be discouraged by this act of violence."

Govt 'no' to open schools

THE Government has refused South African College Schools permission to open to all races.

The Minister of Education and Culture in the House of Assembly, Mr Piet Clase, on Friday told a four-man delegation from Sacs that no amending legislation was being considered which would permit this.

The delegation met Mr Clase after almost 80 percent of parents from Sacs junior and secondary schools voted to open the schools.

Other state-run schools have had similar support from parents for open enrolment.

Stalemate in Sacwu talks

WAGE negotiations between the South African Chemical Workers' Union and management at seven Sentrachem subsidiaries, whose 3 000 workers are on strike, reached deadlock yesterday.

The striking Sacwu members went on strike on Monday this week, demanding an across-the-board wage increase of R250.

Sentrachem divisions affected by the strike are NCP (Germiston), NCP (Kempton Park), Safripol (Sasolburg), Fedmus (Sasolburg), Agrihold (Pretoria), Karbochem (Newcastle) and Karbochem (Sasolburg).

Sacwu general secretary, Mr Mike Tsotetsi, said negotiations between the union and Sentrachem management had reached a stalemate.

• The black workforce at Central Brass and Iron Foundry near Roodepoort were involved in a work stoppage yesterday, protesting the dismissal of a colleague.

The company's managing director, Mr Alfred Duro, declined to comment and said "the whole thing is an internal matter".

The Steel, Engineering and Allied Workers' Union of South Africa has sought a meeting with management at the Roodepoort firm in a bid to resolve the dispute.

The striking workers are demanding the reinstatement of a colleague and wage increases.

• The Women's Association of the South African Black Municipal and Allied Workers' Union (Sabmawu) yesterday threatened to call out its members at Soweto City Council if the municipality continued to pull down shacks at "Mshenguville".

The council should provide shack dwellers at "Mshenguville" with alternative accommodation before demolishing their structures, the association said in a statement.

"The problem is that our members are made to do the council's dirty work of demolishing shacks," the Sabmawu wing said.

• Pick 'n Pay, fresh from a labour dispute involving 6 500 workers at the company's stores, yesterday placed a newspaper advertisement thanking its customers for their "loyal support".

spend the night together.
..for as little as R36

He said this was a

revenge.

Decr...
bers of the Kabasa gang.



Two Soweto houses bombed, bus set alight

was also the smell of teargas in the house," she said.

"I thought it was a car at the gate.

My husband died in 1982," she wept.

Mrs Mlangeni said she saw two cars which had their lights turned off moving away slowly. She could not see their registration numbers.

"I had just got into bed when I heard a loud bang. My children began screaming.

The attacks on two homes occurred within thirty minutes of each other. The first attack was at Mrs Mlangeni's home about 2am and Mr Lithebe's house was attacked about 2.30pm.

No-one was injured in both incidents. Mrs Mlangeni, a widow, wept as she described the attack on her

Lithebe said he did not know the motive behind the attack. The matter has been reported to the police.

"When I jumped up I saw the house was on fire. The whole family was screaming and running around trying to extinguish the fire. There

Mr Lithebe said he was in bed when he heard a noise.

The attack on Mrs Mlangeni's home is the second within six days in the area.

"My son's bedroom was on fire. I did not see the attackers but I suspect it might be the same people who attacked my neighbour Mrs Mabaso's home last Thursday morning.

The bus was set alight by a mob of youths in Diepkloof Zone 3, about 10am.

The bus was set alight by a mob of youths in Diepkloof Zone 3, about 10am.

with Bampisal in your life
CHINKV KNITTING

Four Soweto men convicted of treason

STAR 15/5/86

2/5/86
HA
SCA

By Jenni Tennant

Four Soweto men were yesterday convicted in the Rand Supreme Court of treason after they altered their pleas of not guilty and admitted certain acts.

The men amended their pleas from not guilty of treason, alternatively terrorism, to guilty of treason.

Admissions of undergoing military training outside South Africa, sabotage, membership of the banned African National Congress and knowledge of arms caches were included in statements handed in.

The men are: Hamilton Mncedisi Dubasi (28); Jon-gumuzi Sisulu (26); Lumkile Happy Mkefa (21) and Joseph Themba Maja (25).

A fifth man, Mr David Matsose (24), who originally appeared with the four, was found not guilty and discharged two weeks ago.

Mr Justice A M van Niekerk, and two assessors, found the men guilty in accordance with their pleas and on the admitted facts.

The judge found the four not guilty of the other charges, including terrorism.

All the men said they were aware that the aims of the ANC included the overthrow of the Government by violent means and that they had acted in furtherance of these aims.

Dubasi, in his statement, admitted that:

- He received military training by instructors of the ANC outside South Africa and became a member of the organisation in 1978.
 - He was aware of and associated himself with the arms caches which he showed the police at Emdeni, Langlaagte and Kliptown/Dlamini.
 - He took part in the sabotage of a Mamelodi pylon.
 - Included in Sisulu's statement was that:
 - He conveyed ANC members to De Deur on March 11, 1984, to pick up people he assumed were also members of the ANC.
 - He provided accommodation for Dubasi and Maja and also conveyed messages for Maja.
- In his written statement, Mkefa said that:
- He pointed out places where he left four AK-47

rifles and other goods which were given to him by Joe Masilela (an alleged ANC member) for safe-keeping on August 16 1984.

● On the day of his arrest he was in possession of two hand grenades, an AK-47 cleaning kit, a packet of 9 mm cartridges, a length of safety fuse and the nose cap of an RPG7 projectile that had been given to him for safe-keeping.

- He knew of an arms cache in Emdeni.
- He planted limpet mines under the cars of two policemen in 1984. But he had set them to times when he knew the policemen would not be in them.
- He threw two hand grenades near a house in Naledi on May 20 1984.



David Matsose ... acquitted two weeks ago.

RECEIVED TRAINING

- Maja admitted:
- He received training as a medical orderly under the auspices of the ANC.
 - He entered South Africa in May 1984 to act as a courier for the ANC.
 - He was in control of literature, rifle and other armaments found in the car at the roadblock where Dubasi and Sisulu were arrested. This material had to be handed over to another member of the ANC.

Evidence in mitigation is expected to be led tomorrow
Appearances: Mr Justice A M van Niekerk, sitting with two assessors, is on the Bench. Mr J A Swanepoel, assisted by Mr A G Berry, appeared for the State. Mr H P Viljoen SC, assisted by Mr S L Joseph, appeared for Dubasi, Sisulu, Mkefa and Maja.

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PW skit raises laughs at treason trial

STATE
15/5/84

By Glenda Spiro



DELMAS — The courtroom erupted into laughter during the treason trial here yesterday when a skit, mocking the State President, Mr P W Botha, was shown as part of a video recording from the UDF's first anniversary rally in 1984.

It was the fifth video tape presented as an exhibit to the circuit court, where 22 men from the UDF and its affiliates face charges of treason.

The tape featured a member of the Lenasia Youth League, who shook his finger and donned a black hat, imitating the State President. He made fun of the new constitution and the Presidents Council, which formed part of the UDF's anti-election campaign at that time.

The tape had the accused, defense counsel, and the prosecution in stitches. Even the judge, Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst, could not refrain from smiling.

During the rest of the tape, Sergeant Perm Basdeo of the Security Police pointed out speakers and post-

ers at the meeting, which was held at the Selbourne Hall, Johannesburg, in August 1984 to commemorate the first anniversary of the UDF.

The accused were not featured in the recording. Speakers at the rally included Mrs Albertina Sisulu, wife of imprisoned Walter Sisulu, the Reverend Frank Chikane and Chairman of the Transvaal Indian Congress, Mr Cassim Saloojee.

They all spoke of the success of the UDF and the political issues prevalent that year. The organisation's opposition to the formation of the tri-cameral parliament was displayed in posters.

The five-hour rally included dancers and singers and, although the capacity crowd chanted slogans and sang freedom songs, the meeting appeared peaceful.

The men have all pleaded not guilty to the high treason charge and the alternative charges of terrorism, subversion and murder. They have all been in custody for at least a year. The trial, which started late last year, is expected to be the longest treason trial ever held in South Africa.

Carri Times 16/5/86 841

2 killed in landmine blast

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Soviet landmines were uncovered in a bag next to the bodies of two men who died when a landmine they were priming went off.

According to a police spokesman, nothing else was uncovered as police and SA Defence Force members swept the area surrounding Hectorspruit, north of Komatipoort, in the Eastern Transvaal.

The two men were killed shortly after 8pm on Tuesday on a gravel farm road, on Hectorspruit Citrus Farm.

A bag containing two landmines and

two AK-47 rifles was found next to the bodies.

This is the third landmine explosion in the Eastern Transvaal in the past month.

On April 21, a taxi-driver and his passenger were seriously injured when the car in which they were travelling detonated a landmine on the road behind Mooiplaas, between Breyten and Chrissiesmeer.

In an incident later that day, a tractor driver received slight injuries to his right leg, face and eye when the tractor detonated a mine on the farm Vlakfontein, in Breyten.

Landmines in bag found next to bodies

TUESDAY
16/5/86
84A

ANN PALMER

SOVIET-MADE landmines were uncovered in a bag next to the bodies of two suspected insurgents who died when a landmine they were priming went off.

A police spokesman said no further mines were uncovered as police and Defence Force members swept the area surrounding Hectorspruit, north of Komatipoort, in the Eastern Transvaal.

The two men were killed shortly after 8pm on Tuesday on a gravel road on Hectorspruit Citrus Farm. A bag containing two landmines and two AK47 rifles was found next to the bodies.

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16/5/76 BUD DAY
84A #111

I had a duty to fight racism

Passtoors

HELENE PASSTOORS — convicted yesterday in the Rand Supreme Court of treason — said it was her duty as a human being and a mother to contribute to the fight against colonialism, racism and exploitation.

Passtoors — dressed in the ANC colours of black, green and gold — spoke for two hours on factors leading to her decision to aid the ANC.

Passtoors, 44, — an internationally-recognised expert in African linguistics — said her experiences in post-war Europe, in America when the Vietnam war was at its height, in Zaire and in a colonially-devastated Mozambique threatened by SA attacks, had influenced her views.

When asked in Maputo to help the ANC she agreed. "My sympathies were very clear. As a human person it is very normal to say 'yes, I will help you'. It was very strongly a question of duty. I did not think I had a choice."

She said she owed it to her children to do something so they would not question the sincerity of her beliefs.

Her four children and her mother were present in court to hear her story.

LINDA ENSOR

Passtoors said her terrible time in detention — she suffered a breakdown and had to be hospitalised — had strengthened her commitment.


She was found to have conspired with the ANC to overthrow violently the State. She was acquitted on a second count of terrorism.

Passtoors had pleaded not guilty to all charges.

Mr Justice T Spoelstra found that, although not a citizen of SA — she carries Belgium and Dutch passports — Passtoors owed allegiance to the State by virtue of her indefinite residence in the country. She lived in Johannesburg from February 14 last year until her arrest on June 28, but had planned a minimum stay of two years.

The judge found she had knowledge, control and possession of five arms caches in Natal and the Transvaal but there was no evidence to prove she had established them.

However, he found she had actively assisted her former husband, fugitive Klaas de Jonge in establishing a cache at



Halfway House, had reconnoitred an escape route for ANC member Ebrahim Ismail Ebrahim and had communicated with the ANC.

The State, the judge said, had not proved that she reconnoitred sites for the purpose of sabotage nor that she smuggled arms, ammunition and explosives into the country. The smuggling "seems, on the evidence before me, to have been in the province of De Jonge".

Mitigating evidence will continue today.

Passatoors found guilty of treason

By Jenni Tennant

Helene Passatoors, the former wife of Pretoria embassy fugitive, Klaas de Jonge, was yesterday found guilty of treason by a Rand Supreme Court judge.

Mr Justice T.T. Spoelstra acquitted Passatoors on a second count of terrorism.

He said the State had failed to prove this charge.

Passatoors's mother, Mrs Judith Passatoors, sat behind her daughter as she has done since the trial began. Passatoors's four children — Brigitte (18), Philippe (15), Fabrice (13) and Yves (11) — were also present.

Helene Therese Judith Marie Passatoors (44) had pleaded not guilty to treason (alternatively terrorism) and to terrorism (alternatively taking part in terrorist activities) and in a statement denied she owed allegiance to the State. Passatoors began giving evi-

dence in mitigation yesterday. After the lunch adjournment, a yellow scarf had been added to her outfit, which was green and black.

Mr Justice Spoelstra found, although Passatoors was neither a citizen nor domiciled in the country, that she owed allegiance and could commit the crime of treason against South Africa.

ARMS CACHES

He said Passatoors owed allegiance to South Africa by reason of her residence here.

Several facts had been placed beyond dispute by admissions Passatoors made during the trial, which has lasted 17 days.

Included in the admissions were that she was a supporter of the African National Congress; that she learnt secret codes to communicate with the ANC and that she knew the location of some arms caches but

denied knowing their contents.

Mr Justice Spoelstra, however, totally disregarded the evidence of the secret State witness, known as Mr Z.

Mr Z testified that he had undergone training as a member of the ANC and had seen Passatoors while he was still a member of the organisation.

It was proven that she recruited a proposed escape route for alleged members of the African National Congress. Passatoors documented in code the route under the name "Mango", which she described to an ANC member.

Several allegations included in the indictment had not been proven against her, the judge found. These included claims that she set up a communications network; established five other arms caches in Natal and the Transvaal and smuggled or imported arms into the country. The hearing continues.



Helene Passatoors's children (from left): Brigitte van Leynseele (18), Fabrice van Leynseele (13), Yves van Leynseele (11) and Philippe van Leynseele (15) wait outside the Rand Supreme Court.

'I acted out of a human duty against racism and fascism'

Helene Passatoors, convicted of treason in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday, entered the witness box to explain how as a foreigner she became involved in the South African struggle.

She said in mitigation of sentence that she had acted out of a general human duty against racism and fascism.

Passatoors gave an outline of her family background. She told the court how she had lived with her first husband, anthropologist Mr Pierre van Leynseele, in Zaïre for seven years, where she studied linguistics.

She later married Mr Klaas de Jonge and in 1981 took up a post at the University in Maputo.

While in Mozambique she came into contact with South African refugees and she was welcomed to the university by Rudi First, who was director of the African Studies Centre there.

Later she was approached by the African National Congress and was asked if she was willing to undertake activities for the organisation. Asked where her sympathies lay, she replied: "Very clearly they could not be anywhere else than with the ANC."

"I was in Africa, my home was in Africa, my children were born in Africa and my allegiance was to Africa."

About her decision to contribute to the ANC, she said she felt strongly that it was a thing of duty. "I don't think I had a choice." Her actions of investigating an escape route out of South Africa for an alleged member of the ANC, Mr Ismail Ebrahim, was done on a personal basis.

"I did not do it under any orders, although I did ask people for advice," she said.

Passatoors spoke of the effects of being in solitary detention for about eight months after her arrest on June 28 last year. She said she had suffered a nervous breakdown and was in hospital for four weeks. She still received medication.

Passatoors said her detention had strengthened her motivation. "You are a factory of witnesses or a factory of revolutionaries. You come out as one or the other, or you don't come out at all," she said.

APR 17 1975
**Hospital
snatch**
Two held

Own Correspondent

MARITZBURG. — A local woman and a male student nurse at Edendale Hospital are being held by police in terms of Section 29 of the Internal Security Act following the dramatic snatch of a suspected ANC member from his hospital bed in the intensive care unit last week.

It could not be confirmed yesterday whether the woman, Ms Margaret Webster, is related to the ANC suspect, Mr Gordon Webster.

The chief of the security branch here, Brigadier B J Beukes, confirmed that a woman by the name of Margaret Webster and a male nurse, Mr Eloff Mpulo, were being detained by the security branch in terms of Section 29.

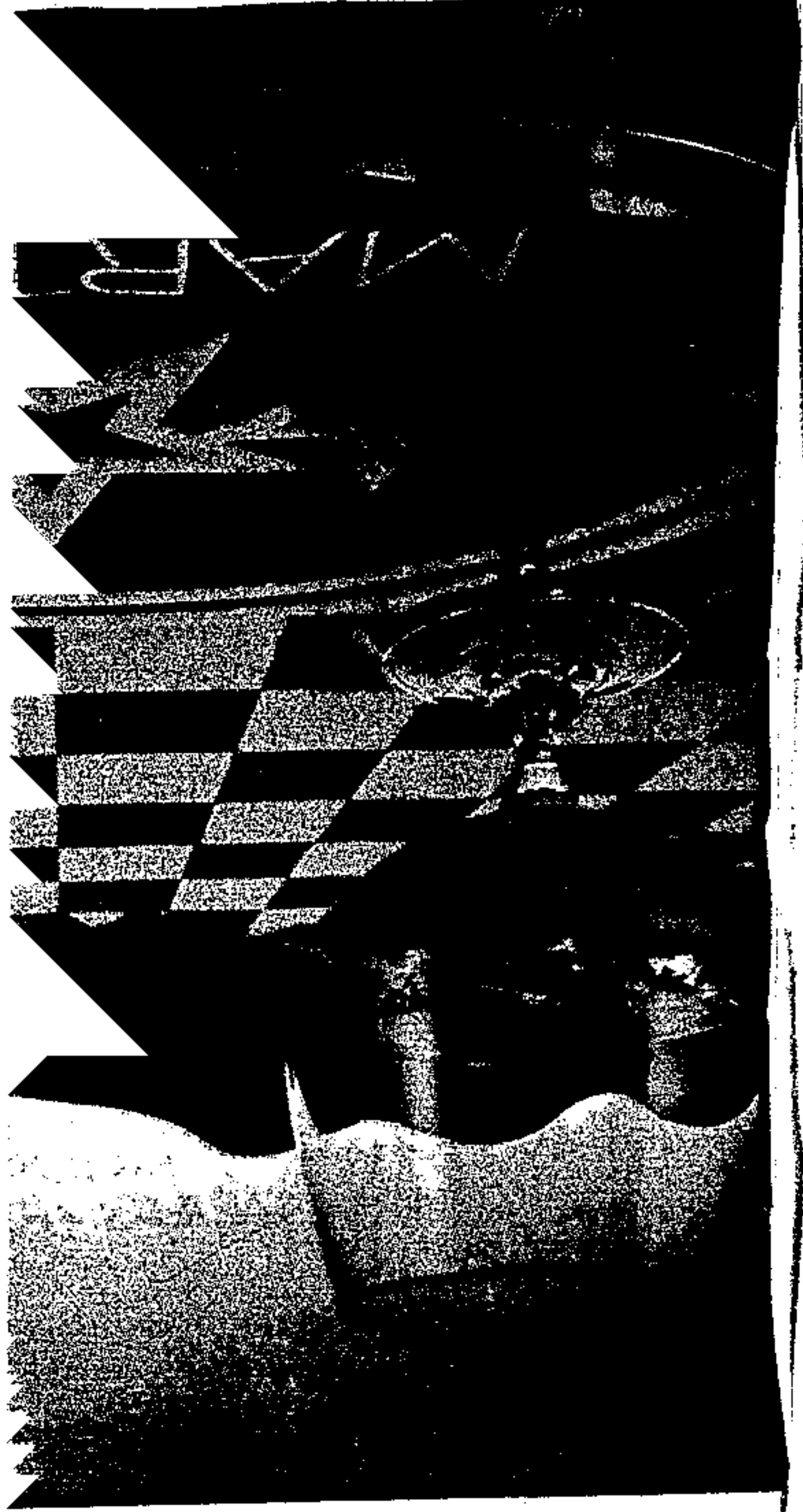
But he declined to comment on whether the detentions were linked to Mr Webster's escape.

A spokesman for SAP headquarters in Pretoria said yesterday afternoon that Mr Webster was still at large.

Mr Webster was in a serious condition when he was snatched from the hospital after major surgery. He still had a bullet lodged in the chest.

He was hospitalized after being shot by police who arrested him in Edendale township. His companion was killed in the shooting.

ANDY IT'S A



ANC courier trial: judgment expected today

By Duncan Gay

RUSTENBURG — The question of how aware Botswana Department of Housing employee, Mr Clement Bogatsu was of breaking the law by ferrying armed African National Congress members into South Africa, was yesterday argued before a regional magistrate.

Mr Bogatsu (47) has pleaded not guilty to 10 counts of terrorism and to alternative counts of bringing people into South Africa illegally.

The court has heard that in 1977 an ANC member gave him money to travel to Johannesburg from Gaborone to buy a car which Mr Bogatsu subsequently used to transport armed ANC members to Matau, near Rustenburg.

He said he ferried a total of 14 people on five different occasions, usually in rented cars, after he picked them up at secret places at night.

Mr Bogatsu was arrested on September 5 last year.

Mr J P Pretorius, for the State, said the fact that Mr Bogatsu had done roadblock searches and known the men were armed and from the ANC, made it clear that he knew he was acting unlawfully.

"He also planned to let them out of the car in the event of seeing a roadblock ahead," he submitted.

"On one occasion, while driving on a stony road, he even told his passengers

he would go slowly so plastic explosives would not blow up the car."

Mr Pretorius further submitted that the car, which Mr Bogatsu bought in 1977, was intentionally registered with a Soweto address because he knew it would be used for ANC activity.

Mr Bogatsu's defence, Mr E Weiss, said this was done purely to avoid the red tape of having the car registered in Botswana after he bought it in South Africa.

Car registration

Mr Weiss also said his client could be found guilty only of bringing people into South Africa illegally because he did not know what the insurgents planned to do once in South Africa.

"This applies whether they were ANC members or not."

He further said the evidence of a State witness, who is a former ANC member, was strange in that the witness could remember the exact registration of the car in which Mr Bogatsu illegally brought him (the witness) into South Africa, eight years ago.

Mr Weiss also said he agreed with the State that Mr Bogatsu was not an "active trained terrorist", but simply a courier.

The magistrate, Mr B J O van Schalkwyk, is due to give his judgment today.

Home petrol-bombed

Pietermaritzburg Bureau

16/5/86

THE home of an Inkatha supporter in the Macabisa township at Plessislaer near here was petrol-bombed early yesterday, causing about R500 damage.

A senior police spokesman said 10 people, including a number of children, were asleep at the home of Mrs Miriam Dlamini about 2 30 a m when the attack occurred.

Six unexploded petrol bombs were found lying outside the house.

By Clyde Johnson,
Lowveld Bureau

The bodies of three men who accidentally triggered a landmine on the Symington farm near Hectorspruit on Wednesday were found more than 75 m from the site of the explosion.

Two former employees of the farm's owner, Mr Steve van Tonder, and an unidentified person were apparently planting a landmine on a gravel road when the incident occurred.

The road forms an important link on the property and tractors pulling fruit-laden trucks would have travelled along it the next morning.

The mine, believed to be of Russian origin, blew a hole a

3 bodies found 75 m from landmine blast

16/5/86 SAA STPZ

metre deep and three metres wide.

At first only two bodies were found, but later a badly mutilated third body was spotted in a sugar plantation. More landmines were found close to where the explosion took place.

Symington is a large mixed-farming estate less than two kilometres from Hectorspruit.

Townfolk who heard the explosion shortly before 7pm said

their windows rattled and the buildings shook.

A resident said a nauseating smell surrounded the area and a number of R20 and R10 notes were scattered around the bodies.

Although the townsfolk are concerned, they said they were not unduly worried. Mr Dirk Lourens, owner of an engineering works in the village, said: "I still feel safer in Hectorspruit

than I would in Johannesburg.

"Here they frighten us, but in the cities they kill people and cause extensive damage."

Local hotelier Mr Johan Taute agreed: "The chances of my being run over by a car in a big city are greater than the risk of riding over a landmine in Hectorspruit."

Life in the village yesterday continued as usual and while the explosion was the main topic of conversation, nobody indicated they would be leaving because of it.

In typical small-town style, townsfolk rushed to the site of the explosion but to their disappointment the area was cordoned off.

Passstoors 'acted on her principles'

By Jenni Tennant

What Helene Passstoors did, she did knowingly and willingly and because of her principles, it was argued in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday.

This was said by Mr Denis Kuny SC, arguing in mitigation of sentence. Passstoors was convicted of treason on Thursday.

After yesterday's hearing a crowd of people, chanting and dancing, greeted Passstoors's family as they left the court building. Her youngest son, Yves (11), was lifted above the heads of the crowd, who included in their singing the words "Viva Passstoors, Viva de Jonge" (referring to the convicted woman and her ex-husband, Mr Klaas de Jonge).

Argument in mitigation of sentence ended yesterday. Sentence is expected on Monday.

Passstoors was convicted of treason, but acquitted on a second count of terrorism by Mr Justice T T Spoelstra.

In argument yesterday, Mr Kuny said Passstoors had gone into the witness box to explain why she became involved, and not to ask for pity. "She has not done anything for personal gain, and stands to lose everything."

Her own individual acts did not amount to a great deal, he submitted. They included her assistance in establishing an escape route with an alleged ANC member, Mr Ismail Ebrahim, with whom she had a relationship.

The court should sentence her for her association with the ANC and for the specific acts she performed pursuant to her association, he said. "It is not as if she sought out the ANC. She came to Mozambique because it was her work."

In Mozambique, he said, she was caught up in the atmosphere of South

between Mozambique and South Africa.

He said there was no evidence that she was directly involved in violent activity.

The Witwatersrand Attorney-General, Mr Klaus von Lieres SC, submitted that the acts committed by Passstoors had to be seen against the nature and background of a conspiracy which she sought to promote. The establishing of arms caches were to assist others in committing violent deeds.

To argue that Passstoors was not directly involved in violence but far removed from acts that had the quality to place the State in jeopardy was to ignore the nature and purpose of conspiracy, he said. The time had arrived for the courts to signal to alien adventurers that they acted at their own peril and would be severely dealt with.

Clapping from gallery

Earlier yesterday Passstoors was asked about people killed in crossfire, and said that it happened. Asked about the role of Joe Slovo in the ANC, she said: "I don't think I should implicate any people in this way. I don't think I want to answer that question."

This was greeted by clapping from the public gallery.

She told the court that Mr Slovo had approached her in 1981 to contribute to the ANC. "I had never been approached to exercise my conscience before. I could only say yes."

Asked what her contributions were, Passstoors said she could only outline a few general activities, which included collating newspaper clippings.

Passstoors's mother, Mrs Judith Passstoors, sat behind her. Her four children — Brigitte (18), Philippe (15), Fabrice (13) and Yves (11) — were also present.

SA still wants de Jonge

Pretoria Bureau

The Department of Foreign Affairs yesterday said the position of Dutch fugitive Mr Klaas de Jonge was not affected by the treason conviction of his former wife, Helene Passstoors.

A spokesman said South Africa's case for Mr de Jonge's extradition from his sanctuary in Pretoria was as strong as when he first fled into the Dutch embassy building almost a year ago.

Soon after South African police violated the diplomatic immunity of the embassy and were forced to hand him back

to the Dutch authorities on July 19 last year, the embassy moved from Church Street to new premises in Arcadia.

The embassy has been forced to keep its old city centre offices open to provide a refuge for Mr de Jonge.

A Rand Supreme Court judge on Thursday found Passstoors had actively helped Mr de Jonge establish an arms cache at Halfway House. Mr Justice Spoelstra added the State had not proved Passstoors had smuggled arms, ammunition and explosives into the country. The smuggling appeared to be Mr de Jonge's province, he said.



Mr. Klaas de Jonge . . . staying put in his sanctuary?

Manhunt is launched

after huge arms find

By Gien Elsas,
West Rand Bureau

Police have launched a nation-wide manhunt after the discovery of the largest arms cache yet found in South Africa.

The huge cache was found in the residential suburb of Mindaloro, Krugersdorp, at the weekend. Major Tienie Halgryn, liaison officer for the West Rand police, said the find was the most important to date and a big breakthrough in continuing police activity against terrorism. He added that a major disaster had been avoided with the discovery of the cache.

Arms, ammunition and explosives in the cache were believed to have been destined for use on targets on the Reef. The discovery was made on Saturday when police, acting on information received, uncovered the site next to a disused mine dump and found three tin trunks filled with a variety of weapons.

The mine dump, close to a power crusher plant between Chamdor Road and Trezona Avenue, was thronged with security force personnel when police unpacked the cache yesterday.

WEAPONS MAINLY OF RUSSIAN ORIGIN

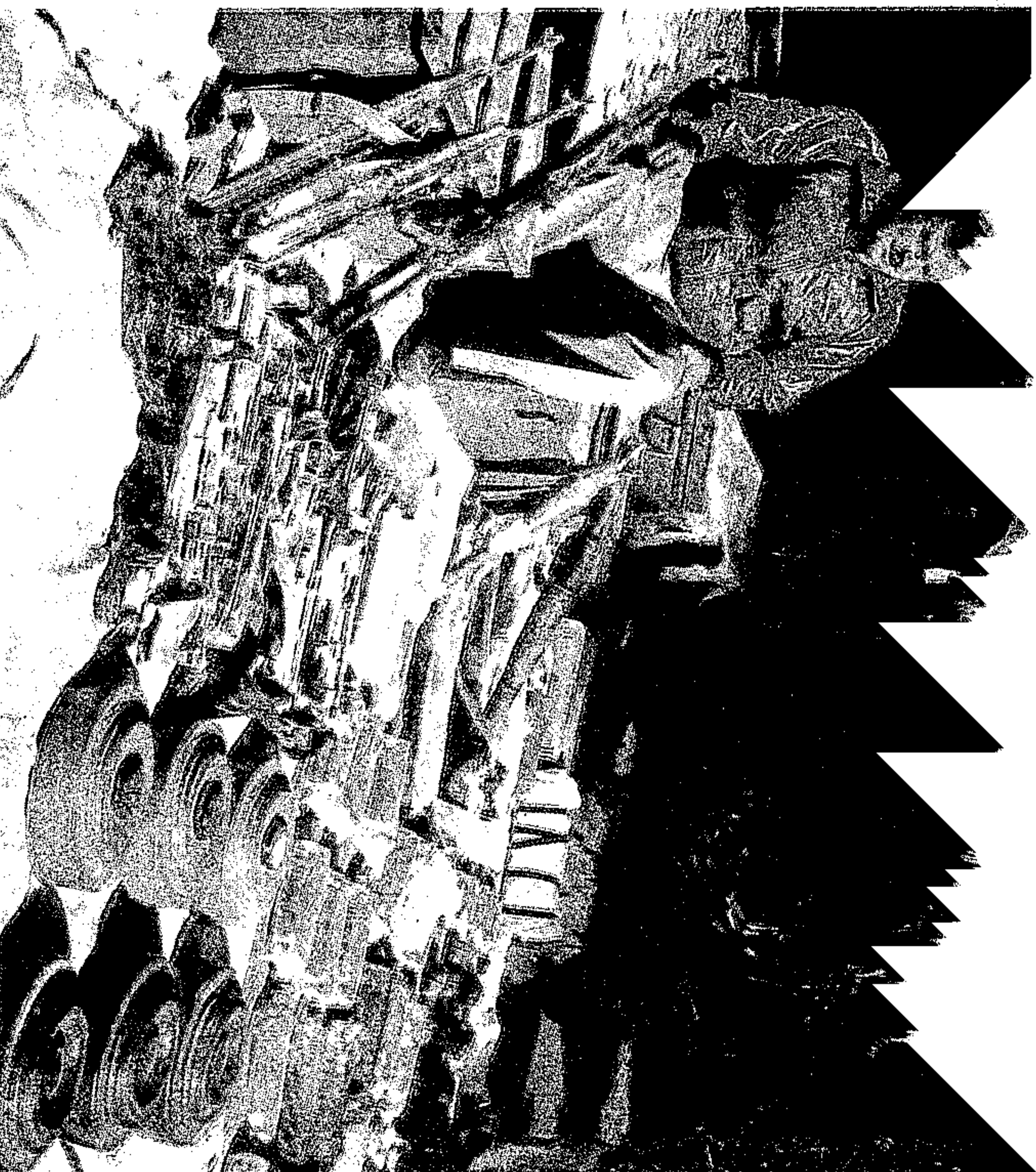
The cache, consisting mainly of weapons of Russian origin, was located about a kilometre from the nearest houses and had been buried in mine sand next to a tree at the foot of the dump.

The arms consisted of 12 AKM-47 folding-butt assault rifles; 48 loaded AK magazines, six landmines, 24 limpet mines, 28 blocks of TNT, one transmitter and receiver, one RPG rocket launcher with six projectiles, one optical sight, five anti-personnel mines, 30 hand grenades, 11 demolition charges, four kilogrammes of plastic explosive, one roll of detonating fuse and several detonators.

Most of the arms were wrapped in tinfoil or cotton wool. The rifles were wrapped in black dustbin bags and buried on top of the trunks in a fairly shallow hole.

Yesterday, police combed the area for further clues.

The find comes a month after another arms cache was discovered in the exclusive residential area of Constantia Kloof, Roodepoort. The 30 kg cache was accidentally discovered by a municipal worker.



Some of the arms and ammunition displayed by police after they found South Africa's biggest arms cache at a site near Krugersdorp.

ARGUS 19/5/86

Huge arms cache in Krugersdorp — disaster avoided

The Argus Correspondent *84A*

JOHANNESBURG. — Police have launched a nationwide hunt after the discovery of one of the largest arms caches ever found in South Africa.

The huge cache was found in the residential suburb of Mindalore in Krugersdorp at the weekend.

Major Tienie Halgryn, liaison officer for the West Rand police, said the find was a big breakthrough in police activity against terrorism. A major disaster had been avoided by the discovery.

It is believed that the weapons would have been used against targets all over the Reef.

TIN TRUNKS

The find consisted of 12 AK-47 folding-butt assault rifles, 48 loaded AK magazines, six landmines, 24 limpet mines, 28 blocks of TNT, a transmitter and receiver, an RPG rocket-launcher with six projectiles, a sight, five anti-personnel mines, 30 hand-grenades, 11 demolition charges, four kilograms of plastic explosive, a roll of detonating fuse and detonators.

The discovery was made on Saturday. Most of the weapons had been loaded in three tin trunks.

The cache, consisting mainly of weapons of Russian origin, was found about a kilometre from the nearest houses and had been buried in sand near a disused mine dump.

Most of the arms were wrapped in tin foil and cotton wool. The rifles were wrapped in black dustbin bags and buried on top of the trunks in a shallow hole.

Police yesterday combed the area for clues.

The weekend find comes a month after another arms cache was found in the exclusive residential area of Constantia Kloof in Roodepoort.

Biggest arms cache found

19/5/86
S/A
Soweto

THE biggest arms cache ever found in South Africa was discovered by the South African Police in the veld near Krugersdorp on Saturday, the commanding officer of the Security Police, Brigadier J V van der Merwe announced in Pretoria last night.

The police, acting on information received, searched the area yesterday, uncovering the biggest quantity of arms of Russian origin yet discovered in the Republic of South Af-

rica.

"The cache contained over 400kg of explosives, arms and ammunition, consisting of the following: One RPG rocket-launcher with projectiles, 11 demolition charges, a receiver and a transmitter that could have been used to detonate a car bomb, six land mines, 24 limpet mines, four kg of plastic explosives, 28 blocks of TNT, 30 handgranades and 12 AKM47 rifles with 48 magazines for the rifles," he said.

The police are investigating. — Sapa.

CAPE TIMES 19/5/86
**Explosives cache in
W Rand mine dump**

Own Correspondent
JOHANNESBURG. — An explosives cache was found buried in a mine dump on the Old Chamdor Road in Witpoortjie near Roodepoort yesterday.

The cache was discovered by West Rand security police and is the second to be found in the area in less than a month. It is believed to be one of the biggest such finds in South African history.

The police find included 11 demolition mines, 28 blocks of Russian-

made dynamite, 41kg of plastic explosives, rocket-propelled grenade launchers, limpet mines, detonators, a transmitter and radio receiver.

After receipt of information, the cache was uncovered at 7.30am and taken to the SA Criminal Bureau in Pretoria three hours later for forensic tests, a spokesman said.

The spokesman was unable to comment on whether the cache belonged to the African National Congress.

No arrests had been made.

Passtoors granted leave to appeal

BUSON
20/5/86
84A

DUTCH citizen Helene Passtoors was yesterday granted leave to appeal by the Rand Supreme Court against her conviction for treason and sentence of 10 years' jail.

Sentencing the 44-year-old linguistics expert, Mr Justice T T Spoelstra said Passtoors knew she was acting unlawfully.

She had pleaded not guilty to treason and other charges.

He took into account that Passtoors had been in custody since her arrest on June 28.

Various acts of treason had been proved. He said these acts overlapped to a certain extent.

For the purposes of sentence, he approached the acts as manifesting continuing collaboration between herself and the ANC.

Passtoors admitted helping her former husband, Klaas de Jonge, a fugitive from the SA

authorities, to establish an arms cache at Halfway House, north of Johannesburg. The judge said her story that she had helped De Jonge as a personal favour was not credible.

"The proven facts show that you had some measure of control over the arms caches at Riverside, Muldersdrift and Halfway House."

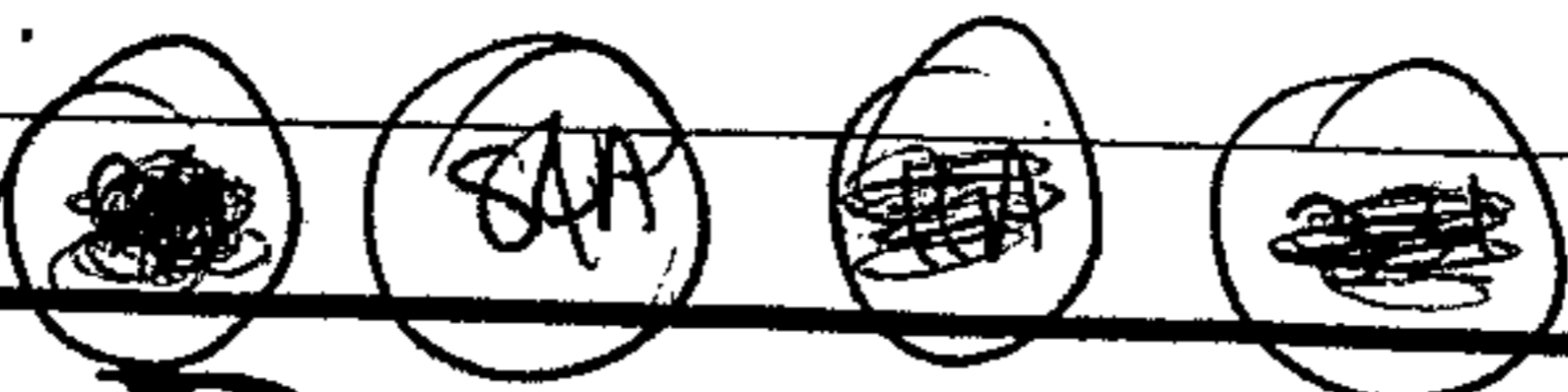
The caches contained a "formidable array of arms and explosives", the judge said.

The judge granted a request by the defence for leave to appeal against his judgment.

His finding was that the Belgian/Dutch citizen owed allegiance to the State because she was resident in SA.

He said defence counsel Denis Kuny, SC, applied for leave to appeal on the grounds that another court might find she did not owe allegiance. — Sapa.

STW 20/5/86



Jailed Passtoors is given leave to appeal

By Jenni Tennant

Helene Passtoors, who was yesterday jailed for 10 years for treason, was given leave to appeal to the Appeal Court.

In the Rand Supreme Court, Mr Justice T T Spoelstra granted a request by defence counsel, Mr Denis Kuny, SC, that another court might find, in law and on the evidence, that Passtoors — who holds both Dutch and Belgian passports — did not owe allegiance to the State.

Passtoors (44) was convicted of treason last Thursday. She was acquitted on a charge of terrorism.

Acting unlawfully

Passing sentence, Mr Justice Spoelstra said Passtoors had committed certain acts when she owed allegiance to the State. "She knew she was acting unlawfully."

But the fact that she was a foreigner should not influence her sentence.

The judge took into account that Passtoors had been imprisoned since her arrest in June last year and had been in solitary confinement for a consider-

able period.

Mr Justice Spoelstra referred to the evidence Passtoors gave in mitigation.

"Acts of treason are not usually committed from an inner malice, but from firm political convictions which are not readily changed by an arrest," he said.

She was being punished, not for her convictions, but for the acts flowing from her convictions.

The relevant facts considered in sentencing Passtoors were her knowledge of the location of arms caches in Muldersdrift and Riverside Road in Amamzimtoti; her participation in establishing a weapons storage depot near Halfway House; and her failure to report these activities.

There was no evidence that the State or community suffered any direct harm. Passtoors owed this mitigating factor more to the alertness of the police than to any virtue of her own.

Passtoors became acquainted with Joe Slovo, Ruth First and other fugitives from South Africa while she was in Mozambique and it was not surprising that she became involved with the ANC. The evidence showed that she moved in the upper circles of the ANC structure, Mr Justice Spoelstra said.

Passtoors' family to leave for Holland

Staff Reporter

Helene Passtoors kissed her mother and her four children goodbye in the Rand Supreme Court yesterday before going down to the cells.

Her family members return to the Netherlands on Friday. Passtoors, who was yesterday sentenced to 10 years' jail for treason, remains in custody pending her appeal.

A huge crowd gathered outside the Supreme Court waiting for Helene Passtoors' family — her mother, Mrs Judith Passtoors, her children Brigitte (18), Philippe (15), Fabrice (13) and Yves (11) Leynseele, and her seven-month-old grandchild, Shona, Brigitte's child.

They were watched by a large contingent of riot police.

Although they would not speak to the Press as they walked away from the court building, Mrs Passtoors and Brigitte turned to the crowd and



Brigitte van Leynseele, Helene Passtoors's daughter, wheels away her daughter Shona, accompanied by her brother Yves, while their grandmother, Mrs Judith Passtoors, turns to wave to the crowd.

day. Three people were killed in the raids.

Lieutenant General A J Liebenberg, the Chief of the Army, said in a statement the targets included an ANC operational centre and a transit facility in Gaborone.

In a later statement, the Chief of the Air Force Lieutenant General D J Earp, said the ANC's operational centre and information office at a town south of Lusaka had been hit.

The ANC has its headquarters in Lusaka but denies having guerrilla bases in any of the three countries.

In a statement broad-



Mr MORGAN Montoedi in hospital yesterday. His wife and four children died and his entire belongings were destroyed by a fire which was caused by petrol-bombs.

Sowetan 20/5/86

(84A)

Family of 5 dies in fire

A KAGISO, Krugersdorp, mother and four children were burnt to death when petrol bombs were thrown into their house on Sunday night.

Mrs Martha Montoedi's husband Morgan (51) was also injured and is in hospital. He does not know that his 48-year-old wife, three children and a grandchild have died. He is chairman of the disciplinary committee of the Kagiso Residents Organisation (KRO).

The children were Elizabeth (26), Motsei (15), Luck (9) and a grandchild Thabo (2).

By **MANDLA NDLAZI**

Their charred bodies were removed by the police yesterday.

Mr Montoedi suffered burns in the face and arms and was taken to hospital in a neighbour's car. He yesterday asked his visitors about his family.

"I am safe but my main worry now is about my wife and children. I wish to know whether they came out alive from the fire that had engulfed my house," said Mr Montoedi.

He said he was awak-

ened by breaking glass and he next saw a petrol bomb explode in his bedroom. Minutes later, he said, the whole house was on fire.

He said he ran out through the kitchen door and could not return to help his wife and children who were trapped in the fierce fire.

Mr Montoedi said when he got out of the house he heard gunshots that rang a distance away from his home. He counted four.

Warrant Officer J K de Beer, who is leading the investigations, yesterday said police raced

to the scene soon after they had received a telephone call.

He said police found traces of four petrol bombs and they were still sifting the ash for clues that could give them leads.

Mr Lawrence Ntlokoa, an executive member of KRO, said the attack was the work of agents of the system.

A police spokesperson in Krugersdorp said police could not confirm or deny that this was the work of the system's agents. "We are still investigating," said the spokesperson.

Records reveal a sharp rise in terrorist activity

NJM
21/5/86
84A

Mercury Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG—Acts of terrorism in the four months to the end of April rocketed to 75 incidents against 20 in the same period last year, latest police figures show.

'We logged 136 terrorist incidents last year and are now more than halfway towards matching this,' a police spokesman said.

A police spokesman in Cape Town attributed the sharp rise in terrorist activity to the 'present unrest and the African National Congress's attempts to

destabilise the country'.

Eight arms caches are believed to have been uncovered this year.

The discovery on Saturday of 400 kg of arms and explosives buried in a mine dump at Luipaardsvlei near Krugersdorp is the biggest yet.

Some 700 kg of arms and explosives have been uncovered on the West Rand in less than a month. The haul included limpit mines, plastic explosives, rocket-propelled grenade launchers and AK-47 assault rifles.

test specified date for which figures are available, (b) in terms of what statutory provision were they being detained in each case, (c) how long had each been in detention and (d) in which police stations were they being detained;

- (2) whether any persons being detained as suspected illegal immigrants in 1985 admitted that they were illegally in the country; if so, (a) how many, (b) how long had each been detained when signing an admission to the effect that he was an illegal immigrant, (c) of which countries were they citizens in each case and (d) where had each been detained while his case was investigated?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) (i) 952 on 1986-02-20.
- (ii) 245 on 1986-02-20.

(b) Sections 32, 35(1), 40(1), (4) and (5), 52 of the Admission of Persons to the Republic Regulation Act, 1972 (Act 59 of 1972), section 12 and 14 of the Blacks (Urban Areas) Consolidation Act, 1945 (Act 25 of 1945) and section 2(6) of the Aliens Act, 1937 (Act 1 of 1937) respectively.

- (c) 614 for 1 day
- 56 for 2 days
- 137 for 3 days
- 51 for 4 days
- 9 for 5 days
- 56 for 6 days
- 99 for 7 days
- 6 for 8 days
- 7 for 9 days
- 9 for 10 days
- 10 for 11 days
- 15 for 12 days
- 6 for 13 days
- 22 for 14 days
- 4 for 15 days
- 5 for 16 days
- 2 for 17 days
- 5 for 18 days

(d) At 76 police stations on various centres.

- (2) Yes.
- (a) 17 714.
- (b) Immediately after detention:
 - 16 211
 - 1 to 2 days 1 454
 - 3 to 30 days 49.

- (c) Mozambique
- Swaziland
- Lesotho
- Malawi
- Botswana
- Zimbabwe
- Transkei
- Tanzania
- Venda
- Mauritius
- Ireland
- Britain
- Portugal
- Israel
- West Germany
- United States of America.
- (d) At 101 various police stations all over the Republic.

Klaas de Jonge asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

- (1) With reference to his reply to Question No 10 on 11 February 1986, (a) what average number of policemen specifically charged with guarding Mr Klaas de Jonge at the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria are on duty there over a period of 24 hours and (b) what is the rank of each of these policemen;

- (2) whether he will make known the salaries and allowances of the policemen; if not, why not; if so, (a) what amount in (i) salaries and (ii) allowances has each received until now and (b) in respect of what period, stating dates, is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) 30 policemen.
- (b) 4 Lieutenants; 4 Warrant Officers.

ers; 12 Sergeants and 10 Constables.

- (2) No, it is neither the policy nor the custom to make known the salaries and allowances of policemen. I refer the honourable member in this regard also to my answer to Question No 279 which I have answered on 27 February 1986.

466. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many incidents of sabotage, armed attack or explosives had occurred in the Republic in 1985 as at the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what was the (i) target and (ii) nature of the incident in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 217 incidents until 6 March 1986.

- (b) (i) Target
 - 13 Private vehicles
 - 2 SA Police vehicles
 - 2 SA Defence Force vehicles
 - SA Police members at 41 occasions
 - SA Defence Force members at 4 occasions
 - SA Railway Police members at 3 occasions
 - SA Police members at 7 occasions
 - SA Defence Force members at 5 occasions
 - 8 Police stations
 - 1 SA Railway Police member
 - 1 SA Railway Police house
 - 1 SA Defence Force building
 - 26 Private houses
- (ii) Nature of the incident
 - 1 Handgrenade attack
 - 1 Armed attack
 - 6 Land mines
 - 5 Explosions
 - Land mines
 - Land mines
 - Land mines
 - Armed attacks
 - Armed attacks
 - Armed attacks
 - Armed attacks
 - Armed attacks
 - Handgrenade attacks
 - Handgrenade attacks
 - Handgrenade attacks
 - 6 Explosions
 - 2 Handgrenade attacks
 - Handgrenade attack
 - Handgrenade attack
 - Explosion
 - 22 Handgrenade attacks
 - 4 Explosions

test specified date for which figures are available, (b) in terms of what statutory provision were they being detained in each case, (c) how long had each been in detention and (d) in which police stations were they being detained;

- (2) whether any persons being detained as suspected illegal immigrants in 1985 admitted that they were illegally in the country; if so, (a) how many, (b) how long had each been detained when signing an admission to the effect that he was an illegal immigrant, (c) of which countries were they citizens in each case and (d) where had each been detained while his case was investigated?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

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(c) 614 for 1 day
56 for 2 days
137 for 3 days
51 for 4 days
9 for 5 days
56 for 6 days
99 for 7 days
6 for 8 days
7 for 9 days
9 for 10 days
10 for 11 days
15 for 12 days
6 for 13 days
22 for 14 days
4 for 15 days
5 for 16 days
2 for 17 days
5 for 18 days

Klaas de Jonge
302. Mr F J LE ROUX asked the Minister of Law and Order:†

- (1) With reference to his reply to Question No 10 on 11 February 1986, (a) what average number of policemen specifically charged with guarding Mr Klaas de Jonge at the Dutch Embassy in Pretoria are on duty there over a period of 24 hours and (b) what is the rank of each of these policemen;

ers; 12 Sergeants and 10 Constables.

- (2) No, it is neither the policy nor the custom to make known the salaries and allowances of policemen. I refer the honourable member in this regard also to my answer to Question No 279 which I have answered on 27 February 1986.

(a) and (b) Fall away.

- (2) whether he will make known the salaries and allowances of the policemen; if not, why not; if so, (a) what amount in (i) salaries and (ii) allowances has each received until now and (b) in respect of what period, stating dates, is this information furnished?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (1) (a) 30 policemen.

(b) 4 Lieutenants; 4 Warrant Officers.

Sabotage
466. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- (a) How many incidents of sabotage, armed attack or explosives had occurred in the Republic in 1985 as at the latest specified date for which figures are available and (b) what was the (i) target and (ii) nature of the incident in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

- (a) 217 incidents until 6 March 1986.

(b) (i) Target
13 Private vehicles

(ii) Nature of the incident
1 Handgrenade attack
1 Armed attack
6 Land mines
5 Explosions

2 SA Police vehicles
2 SA Defence Force vehicles
SA Police members at 41 occasions
SA Defence Force members at 4 occasions
SA Railway Police members at 3 occasions
SA Police members at 7 occasions
SA Defence Force members at 5 occasions
19 SA Police houses
8 Police stations
1 SA Railway Police member
1 SA Railway Police house
1 SA Defence Force building
26 Private houses
Land mines
Land mines
Armed attacks
Armed attacks
Armed attacks
Armed attacks
Armed attacks
Handgrenade attacks
Handgrenade attacks
Handgrenade attacks
6 Explosions
2 Handgrenade attacks
Handgrenade attack
Handgrenade attack
Explosion
22 Handgrenade attacks
4 Explosions

(b) (i) Target

4 Houses of MP
31 Businesses

(ii) Nature of the incident

- Handgrenade attacks
- 27 Explosions
- 3 Handgrenade attacks
- 1 Armed attack
- 9 Explosions
- 1 Handgrenade attack
- 1 Armed attack
- Explosion
- Explosion
- Handgrenade attack
- Explosion
- Explosion
- Explosions
- Explosions
- Explosions
- Explosions
- Explosion
- Handgrenade attack
- Explosion
- Explosion
- Explosions
- Explosions
- Explosions
- Explosion
- Handgrenade attack
- Explosions
- 3 Handgrenade attacks
- 3 Armed attacks

Uitenhage

474. Mr. P. G. SOAL asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether any members of the South African Police have been transferred from Uitenhage since 21 March 1985; if so, (a) what (i) are their names and (ii) were their ranks at the time, (b) where were they transferred to and (c) what are the new positions in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Yes, since 21 March 1985 a number of transfers from Uitenhage have been carried out in the interest of departmental requirements, but I am not willing to furnish the particulars, since it is a purely internal affair.

(a) to (c) Fall away.

556. Mrs. H. SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

- 1 for 12 days.
- 3 for 17 days.
- 1 for 21 days.
- 1 for 24 days.
- 4 for 27 days.

563. Mrs. H. SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(a) How many persons were charged with offences relating to sabotage in 1984 and 1985, respectively, and (b) for what period was each of these persons detained before being charged?

(3) No. (a) and (b) Fall away.

1984

(a) 13

- (b) 4 persons for 4 months, 7 days
- 3 persons for 4 months, 10 days
- 1 person for 4 months, 11 days
- 1 person for 4 months, 17 days
- 3 persons for 5 days
- 1 persons for a part of 1 day

1985

12

- 8 persons for 1 day
- 2 persons for 2 days
- 2 persons for a part of 1 day

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

White/Coloured/Black/Indian members
578. Mr. S. VAN DER MERWE asked the Minister of Law and Order:

had their service as members of the Police Force terminated in that year (a) on account of (i) resignation, (ii) retirement and (iii) expulsion and (b) for other specified reasons?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) How many Whites, Coloureds, Blacks and Indians, respectively, enlisted in the South African police in 1985;	(1) White	2651	Coloured	353	Black	671	Indian	57
(2) how many persons in each race group	White	911	Coloured	113	Black	351	Indian	34
(a) (i) Resignation	205	12	162	5				
(ii) Retirement	47	33	212	6				
(iii) Expulsion								
(b) Other reasons:								
Unfit for training	8	—	6	—				
Deaths	78	23	153	5				
Medical unfitness	159	15	70	5				

8 — 6 —
78 23 153 5
159 15 70 5

(b) (i) Target	(ii) Nature of the incident
4 Houses of MP	Handgrenade attacks
31 Businesses	27 Explosions
	3 Handgrenade attacks
	1 Armed attack
11 Government buildings	9 Explosions
	1 Handgrenade attack
1 Bus depot	1 Armed attack
1 White school	Explosion
1 Missionary station	Handgrenade attack
1 City Hall	Explosion
1 Kampong	Explosion
16 Electric Sub-stations	Explosions
3 Power masts	Explosions
4 Water pipelines	Explosions
1 Delivery vehicle	Explosion
1 Bus	Handgrenade attack
2 Railway lines	Explosions
Private persons at 6 occasions	3 Handgrenade attacks
	3 Armed attacks

Uitenhage

474. **MR T G SOAL** asked the Minister of Law and Order:

Whether any members of the South African Police have been transferred from Uitenhage since 21 March 1985; if so, (a) what (i) are their names and (ii) were their ranks at the time, (b) where were they transferred to and (c) what are the new positions in each case?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

Yes, since 21 March 1985 a number of transfers from Uitenhage have been carried out in the interest of departmental requirements, but I am not willing to furnish the particulars, since it is a purely internal affair.

(a) to (c) Fall away.

MR S M Q Drugs
556. Mrs H SUZMAN asked the Minister of Law and Order:

1 for 12 days.	
3 for 17 days.	
1 for 21 days.	
1 for 24 days.	
4 for 27 days.	
(2) Yes.	
(a) 11.	
(b) 6.	
(3) No. (a) and (b) Fall away.	
1984	1985
(a) 13	12
(b) 4 persons for 4 months, 7 days	8 persons for 1 day
3 persons for 4 months, 10 days	2 persons for 2 days
1 person for 4 months, 11 days	2 persons for a part of 1 day
1 person for 4 months, 17 days	
3 persons for 5 days	
1 persons for a part of 1 day	

White/Coloured/Black/Indian members

578. **MR S S VAN DER MERWE** asked the Minister of Law and Order:

(1) How many Whites, Coloureds, Blacks and Indians, respectively, enlisted in the South African police in 1985;

(2) how many persons in each race group

(2) (a) (i) Resignation

(ii) Retirement

(iii) Expulsion

(b) Other reasons:

Unfit for training

Deaths

Medical unfitness

had their service as members of the Police Force terminated in that year (a) on account of (i) resignation, (ii) retirement and (iii) expulsion and (b) for other specified reasons?

The MINISTER OF LAW AND ORDER:

(1) White	2651
Coloured	353
Black	671
Indian	57

White	Coloured	Black	Indian
911	113	351	34

205	12	162	5
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47	33	212	6
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8	—	6	—
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78	23	153	5
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159	15	70	5
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21/5/86

PYA

Murder of Kagiso five condemned

THE Federation of Transvaal Women yesterday issued a statement condemning the killing of a Kagiso, Krugersdorp, mother and her four children and the raids into neighbouring countries by the SADF.

Mrs Martha Montoedi and her children died after petrol bombs were thrown into their house. Her husband, Mr Morgan Montoedi, suffered burns in the bombings and is in hospital.

Fedtraw's publicity secretary, Miss Jessie Duarte, described the

SOWETAN Reporter

bombing as "another cowardly act by faceless monsters".

She said that Mrs Montoedi and her four children were murdered because they believed and worked for a peaceful and just society. Mrs Montoedi was a member of Fedtraw.

Miss Duarte said that her organisation believed that no act of state barbarism or repression through the use of vigilantes would ever stop the will of the people of South Africa to progress towards liberation.

Commenting on the SADF raids, Miss Duarte said: "This Government can no longer convince the people nor the international community that they want peace. The raids on the neighbouring countries, the beating of students and the killing of defenceless men and children prove to us that they want domination more than they want peace."

ARGUS 23/5/86
Bomb blast in supermarket toilet

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — A bomb exploded in a toilet at Checkers supermarket in Umlazi today, shattering windows and blasting a hole through the brick wall of the building.

Police said the explosion took place about 3.30am on the top floor of the building.

Damage was confined to the toilet and no one was injured in the blast.

A spokesman for the supermarket said that the blast had not affected the store and it was "business as usual".

It is believed that a mini-limpet mine was used.

Passtoors: The spotlight shifts back to De Jonge

By PAT SIDLEY

THE end of Helene Passtoors' trial this week will shift the spotlight to the dimmer corners of international diplomacy.

Embassy-fugitive Klaas de Jonge's situation will come under discussion between the South African and Dutch governments, although little is likely to happen in the immediate future.

And it is also likely that moves will be made to have Passtoors — and De Jonge if he is in prison by then — released and deported before their sentences are up.

There is a precedent for the early release and deportation of foreigners convicted of political offences in South Africa.

Three such convicts — Fabio Mariello, Mussimo Bollo and Eugenio Zoppis — who were sentenced in September 1981 to terms of imprisonment of between five and 10 years for various counts of sabotage, possession of stolen arms, theft of defence force weapons and participation in terrorist activities, were all released and deported during the past few months, just four years after their sentences began.

Bollo and Mariello were deported to Italy, while Zoppis was deported to Paraguay. They had all been part of an extreme rightwing group, the Witkommando.

Diplomatic intervention in the current case, however, will depend on the outcome of Passtoors' appeal, whether De Jonge comes to trial and the outcome of such a trial.



Helene Passtoors: precedent for early release of foreigners

Much of the evidence in Passtoors' trial suggests that De Jonge's situation will continue to be fraught with difficulties and not eased any by the conclusion of the trial. Early reports suggesting that Passtoors was the "big fish" and De Jonge not so important appears to have fallen by the wayside as some of the state's case about Passtoors and her role in the various arms caches was not proved.

And observers at the trial believe it is inevitable that De Jonge will now be cast in the role of the "big fish" in the case.

It had been suggested by various

sources close to De Jonge that he might have considered standing trial in terms of South Africa's security legislation if the penalties of the sections under which he would be tried would not be too severe and if Passtoors' sentence was low enough to allow him to believe he would get a similar sentence.

This would assume that the South Africans would be party to such a deal. At this stage, the chances of that seem slim.

Passtoors' 10-year sentence for treason, while lower than expected, is also considered by observers to be too high to tempt De Jonge out of hiding, assuming he would receive similar treatment.

The International Commission of Jurists observer at the trial, Willem van Manen, said after the trial that while he understood the sentence was low by South African standards, it was very high by Dutch standards.

Additionally there is the "wild card" factor: what De Jonge himself decides to do.

It is understood that some of the factors that may weigh in his mind would be what the advice of anti-apartheid groups (or elements of them) in Holland suggested, and presumably what the African National Congress felt about the situation.

Judge T T Spoelstra has given Passtoors leave to appeal against her conviction of treason on the basis that another court may decide she did not owe allegiance to South Africa at the time of her offences.

But he refused an application by the defence to have a higher court decide on whether the secrecy ruling on the state witness, "Mr Z", was irregular.

NUSAS PUBLIC MEETING

Bomb blast in Pta church

84A

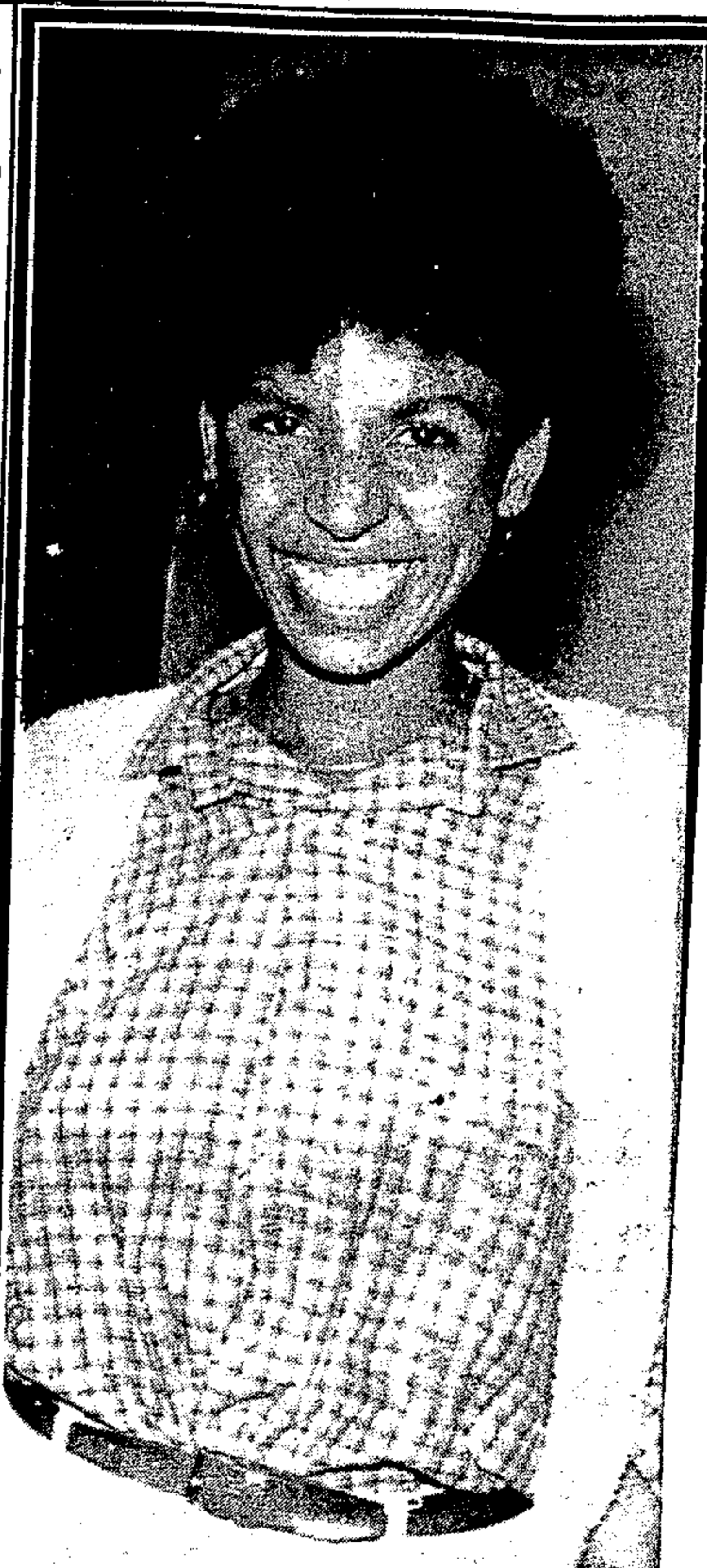
A PRESBYTERIAN Church minister was threatened with death hours after his church was petrol-bombed in Atteridgeville, Pretoria, this week.

The Rev Reuben Kgopong, whose church is also being used as an advice office, told the *Sowetan* yesterday that he received the death threat from a black man who telephoned him at about 4pm on Tuesday.

Local political organisations including Sayo, Asro and the UDF yesterday condemned the attack on the church and the threats made to Mrs Kgopong and warned those responsible to "keep their hands off our priest and the church".

The Presbyterian Church in Mareka Street was petrol-bombed in the early hours of Saturday.

Mr Kgopong said he reported the matter to the police. A spokesman for the Police Public Relations division yesterday said the incident was being investigated.



Sowetan 23/5/84



Kagiso bomb victims to be buried

PETROL-bomb victims, Mrs Martha Montoedi, her three children and a grandchild, will be buried at 2 pm tomorrow in Kagiso.

A service will start at 10 am at the Kagiso hall and the cortege will leave for the Kagiso cemetery at 2 pm.

Mrs Montoedi (48) and her children, Elizabeth (28), Motsei (15) and Lucky (9) and the grandchild, Thabo (2), died when their home was petrol-bombed on Sunday night.

The head of the family, Mr Mogan Montoedi (51), suffered burns to his face and arms. He was rushed to Leratong Hospital where he is being treated.

• A Zamdela, Sasolburg family was yesterday seeking legal advice after police allegedly imposed restrictions barring the funeral of a member of the Azanian Peoples' Organisation from taking place to-



PETRUS Dlamini . . . funeral may not take place.

morrow.

Mr Petrus Mahlomola Maitse (26), was shot dead during a confrontation between police and residents on Sunday.

An official of Azapo said the family had been ordered to bury Mr Maitse yesterday.

Mrs Rebecca Maitse, sister of the dead man, said the funeral could not be held during the week as many family members would not be

able to attend due to work commitments.

A spokesman for the Police Directorate of Public Relations said the family should contact local police officers or a magistrate if they had a problem with burying their son.

• The Tembisa Mass Funeral Committee is to bring an urgent application in the Rand Supreme Court today for the lifting of restrictions on the mass funeral of five unrest victims to be held in the township on Sunday.

The service for the mass funeral will be held at Nepo Cinema starting at 9 am.

• The chief magistrate of Boksburg has banned the funeral of Petrus Dlamini (15), a Std 1 pupil at Jongimfundo Primary School in Vosloorus, from taking place this weekend. But the Dlamini family says it will go ahead and bury Petrus tomorrow.

23/5/86
S. M. M. M.

PLA

5 homes bombed in Mohlakeng

SOWETAN
Reporter

FIVE houses were petrol-bombed in Mohlakeng, Randfontein this week — three of them yesterday.



The house of United Democratic Front executive member Mr Phillip Tlhapane was bombed on Wednesday night — hours after he was held on charges relating to attempted murder. His mother, Mrs Sophie Tlhapane's house was petrol-bombed on the same night.



84A

Also on Wednesday night, a man was found "necklaced" in the township.

23/5/86

Major Tienie Halgryn, public relations officer for the West Rand police, yesterday confirmed only the Tlhapane petrol-bombings.

SOWETAN

Arrested

Major Halgryn also confirmed that Mr Tlhapane had been arrested for attempted murder.

He said police did not have information that a man identified as "Mr Bambo Mbatha" died on Wednesday night after being "necklaced" by youths.

Arson sentence is set aside

84A

Pietermaritzburg Bureau

N/M 23/5/86

SUPREME Court judges here yesterday set aside an effective three-year jail sentence and conviction of a Newcastle man on a charge of arson and possessing explosive material in connection with a petrol-bombing in the area.

Mr Jabulani Mbhele, 29, of Madadeni had been found guilty of having petrol-bombed two huts, allegedly as a means of intimidating a worker at the African Explosive and Chemical Industries plant in Newcastle who had re-

fused to participate in a strike. According to evidence, Mr Mbhele was a shop steward for the union concerned.

He was sentenced to six years' imprisonment, of which three years were conditionally suspended for five years.

Mr Justice Didcott and Mr Justice Thirion found yesterday that the only evidence linking Mr Mbhele to the petrol-bombing was his finger print, found on a beer bottle used as a petrol bomb. Mr Justice Didcott said Mr Mbhele had given a possible explanation for the print, saying he had handled many similar bottles not long before.

15kg bomb found in Durban city parkade

CAC- Trimp 24/5/86 (SKA)

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Explosive experts risked their lives in a dramatic 90-minute operation yesterday to defuse a 15kg bomb of Russian origin on the fourth floor of Durban's Pine Parkade, which, set to explode at any time, could have caused wide-scale destruction and the loss of many lives.

At 3.45pm yesterday a passerby spotted a brown package under a car on the fourth floor of the parkade, in the city centre.

The police were informed and all the shops within a kilometre radius of the building were closed.

It could not be established exactly at what time the bomb was set to explode but it was found that explosives had also been attached to the timing device to prevent de-activation. The bomb disposal unit had therefore to disconnect the timing device from the bomb, transport it out of the city and explode it before the bomb could be defused.

Bomb drama in city parkade

At 3 45 p m yesterday a passerby spotted a brown package under a car on the fourth floor of the parkade, in Commercial Road.

After police were informed, explosives were positively identified by bomb disposal sniffer dogs and experts.

The exact time at which the bomb was due to explode could not be established, but it was found that explosives had also been attached to the timing device to prevent deactivation.

The only option open to the bomb disposal unit was to disconnect the timing device from the bomb, transport it out of the city and explode it. Only after this perilous task was completed could the experts concentrate on disposing of the bomb.

While the handful of experts worked to disconnect the timing device, the SAP and City Police struggled to keep back hundreds of curious onlookers who had gathered at the cordoned-off areas of Commercial Road.

Sandbags

All the shops within a kilometre radius of the building were closed.

By 4 30 p m the timing device had been disconnected and the most dangerous part of the operation began — the explosive-laden mechanism had to be loaded on to a vehicle specially designed for transporting live bombs.

The vehicle, a cart-like structure completely covered in sandbags, is designed to ensure that should its cargo explode, the force of the explosion is projected upwards.

At 5 10 p m the vehicle was on its way out of town to be exploded in vacant land. Brig J C van Niekerk, head of the security police, who was in charge of the operation, announced that everything was under control.

'Although the bomb is still in the building, we are confident we can remove it without damage to property or loss of lives,' he said.

At 5 25 p m police announced that the operation was over — the bomb had been defused.

Brig J C van Niekerk commended the men from the bomb-disposal unit who had risked their lives.

'Brother, that was bravery number one,' he said.

Traffic repeatedly came to a standstill during the operation in West Street and on the Victoria Embankment.

Meanwhile, little damage was caused when a suspected mini-limpet mine exploded in a toilet at the Umlazi shopping centre early yesterday, a police spokesman said.

No one was injured in the blast and no arrests have been made.

● Picture Page 2

Mercury Reporters
EXPLOSIVE experts risked their lives in a dramatic one-and-a-half-hour operation yesterday to defuse a 15 kg bomb of Russian origin on the fourth floor of Durban's Pine Parkade, which, set to explode at any time, could have caused widescale destruction and loss of many lives.



84A
24/5/86
24/5/86
24/5/86

By MARTIN NTSOLENGOE

JUDITH PASSTOORS, mother of jailed ANC activist Helene Passtoors, will leave SA a happy woman today.

"My daughter is with you, she is not lost," she said as she thanked the people in the Rand Supreme Court's public gallery.

Passtoors, 44 - convicted of treason last week - was sentenced to 10 years imprisonment. She was granted leave to appeal.

Judge TJ Spoelstra granted the request by defence counsel Denis Kuny that another court might find, in law and on the evi-

dence, that Pastoors - who holds both Dutch and Belgian passports - did not owe allegiance to the State.

Before passing sentence, Spoelstra said Passtoors had committed certain acts when she owed allegiance to the State. She knew she was acting unlawfully, he said.

He took into account that she had been imprisoned since her arrest last June and had been in solitary confinement for a considerable period.

Earlier, Passtoors told the court she arrived in Africa with her first husband, Pierre van Leyseele.

Judith Passtoors loses a daughter - but she's happy

CITY PR. 25/5/86

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337



Comrades with posters outside the court.

She studied linguistics in Zaire, she said.

After her divorce she married Klaas de Jonge, who is still holed up in Pretoria's Nedbank building.

She admitted helping De Jonge to establish an arms cache at Halfway House.

Passtoors also said she tried to find a route named

"Mango", by which her lover Ismail Abraham could leave the country. He had entered the country illegally, she said.

She also admitted being an activist, but refused to say who had trained her.

Passtoors said she came into contact with SA refugees in Mozambique. She

was later approached by the ANC and asked if she was prepared to help them with their activities, she said.

Asked where her sympathies lay, she replied: "Very clearly, they could not be anywhere else but with the ANC."

GUIDED SOUNDS

2 homes bombed

By ALI MPHAKI

THE homes of two former executive members of the Greater Soweto Chamber of Commerce and Industries were bombed yesterday morning.

The homes belong to Mr Veli Kraai, the former chairman of the Chamber, and Mr Pat "Mbokkies" Mbatha, a former secretary of the Chamber and presently the chairman of the Johannesburg Soweto Taxi Association.

No-one was injured in the attacks, which are said to have occurred within thirty minutes of each other.

Mr Kraai said his home was attacked at about 2am and Mr Mba-

tha's home was struck at about 2.30am.

"I do not think I have enemies who would like to see me dead and it boggles the mind to try and think who is the mastermind behind these attacks," said Mr Kraai.

84A **Surprise** *26/5/86 Soweto*

Mr Mbatha said: "I have not made any enemies for the past years and I am not a politician nor do I criticise anybody. Why was my house attacked?"

"This attack comes as a complete surprise to me," he said.

Damage to each house is estimated at R5 000.

AKKUS 26/5/86

Second ^{84A} landmine found near death spot

PRETORIA. — A second landmine was found and detonated by police about six kilometres from the spot where two people were killed by a landmine blast near Davel.

Police found the mine on an access road to Nooitgedacht Farm, managed by Mr Dirk Pieterse, at 11am yesterday, an hour after the fatal blast on Graspan Farm.

It was taken to a nearby mealie field and detonated, police said.

Graspan is about 170km east of Johannesburg.

A huge police and army dragnet has been thrown around the Davel/Hendrina area in the Eastern Transvaal following yesterday's blast. Eight people were injured.

The two dead men have not yet been identified. Two of the injured are in a critical condition in Tembisa Hospital.

Maria Mahlangu has lost her right leg. Sarah Mahlangu has a compound fracture of her right tibia and left ankle.

Police liaison officer Brigadier Jaap Venter said no arrests had been made.

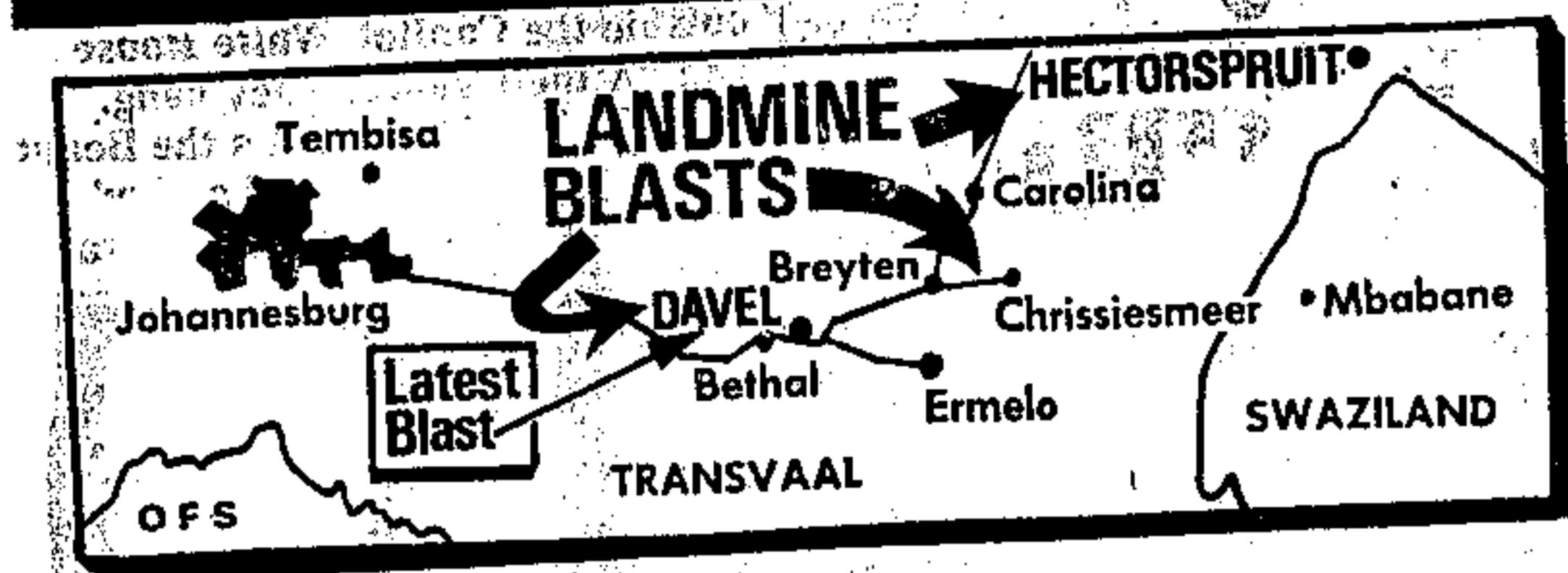
The owner of Graspan, Colonel Koos Durr, telephoned the police, ambulances and the Defence Force. The police were at the blast site within minutes.

Ten people had been travelling in the vehicle which detonated the mine. The occupants of a second vehicle tried to help the injured.

A mechanic who was called to the scene, Mr Danie Lamprecht, said the blast threw the driver and the man next to him out of the vehicle, which caught fire.

The explosion left a crater about a metre deep.

There were two landmine explosions near Breyten last month and farmers in the Davel area had been expecting more.



Landmine found near blast site

STAR
84A
26/5/86

By Kym Hamilton
and Mike Cadman

A second landmine has been found in the Davel/Hendrina area of the Eastern Transvaal in the wake of the blast which killed two people and injured eight early yesterday.

A huge police and army dragnet has been thrown around the area.

The dead men have not yet been identified and two of the injured are in a critical condition in the Tembisa Hospital.

Police liaison officer, Brigadier Jaap Venter, said today no arrests had yet been made but a second landmine had been discovered about 6 km away from the site of the explosion.

One of the injured passengers of the blast vehicle, Miss Maria Mahlangu, has lost her right leg. Another patient, Miss Sarah Mahlangu, has a compound fracture of her right tibia and left ankle.

Farmers in the Davel/Hendrina area had been expecting landmines to be placed on dirt roads in the area, the owner of the farm Graspanspan, where the incident happened, said this morning.

The owner of the farm, Colonel Koos Durr, said that after the two landmine explosions near Breyten last month, he and other farmers in the Davel area had been expecting similar incidents.

"After the explosions near Brey-

ten I told my staff about the mines and said that they should be on the lookout for strange people and also freshly disturbed earth on the dirt roads," he said.

"I think a few of the workers will be a little frightened about driving this morning but as far as I know work in the whole area is going on as usual," he said.

This morning Colonel Durr explained what happened yesterday.

"A woman who lives about two kilometres from the scene of the explosion called me and said she had heard an explosion and there was dust and smoke everywhere.

"I telephoned a mechanic who lives near the scene and he said he thought a landmine had gone off."

Colonel Durr said that he telephoned the police, ambulances and the SADF and then drove to the road where the mine had been detonated.

The police were already there.

The occupants of a second kombi had already tried to help the injured. Ten people were travelling in the first vehicle.

The mechanic, Mr Danie Lamprecht, said the blast threw the driver and the man next to him out of the vehicle which later caught fire.

Colonel Durr said the kombi had been completely wrecked in the explosion which had left a crater about a metre deep in the road.

PAC slams bombing

THE fire-bombing and destruction of the anti-apartheid office adjacent to the South African Embassy in Canberra, Australia, last Saturday has been condemned by the Pan Africanist Congress of Azania and other organisations.

The office, known as the Southern Africa Liberation Centre, was erected under the umbrella of the Trades and Labour Council of the Australian Capital Territory as a contribution to the freedom struggle of the Azanian masses.

Condemning the burning of the centre, PAC described it as a

cowardly and desperate act of support for the apartheid status quo. and solidarity between the Australian and Azanian people.

It also said it was a temporary set-back to the effectiveness of the Australian anti-apartheid movement to galvanise widespread support for the Azanian struggle for land, national liberation and self-determination.

Centre

"The centre not only helped to produce and disseminate valuable information which provided a more balanced view of our struggle, but also helped to strengthen bonds and friendship

The Soweto Mobilisation Committee, one of the community groups involved in running the centre, also deplored the "disgusting and cowardly act."

"PAC calls upon all justice-minded Australians and our supporters not to be discouraged by this provocative act. Instead, they should firmly resolve to intensify their solidarity activities. The oppressed masses admire and fully support your past courageous solidarity efforts," the PAC said.

By MOJALEFA MOSEKI

SOWETAN, Tuesday, May 27, 1986

Landmine death toll now 3

THE death toll in the Bethal landmine blast yesterday rose to three when Mr Johannes Sindane (48), of Middelburg, Transvaal, died at the Bethal Hospital.

Mr Joseph Bizane Mahlangu (21), of 116 Hospitalview and his uncle Mr Daniel Sindane (40), of 5 Morgen in Dennilton.

They were travelling to unveil the tombstone of their great-grandfather.

Bizane's mother, Mrs Maria Mahlangu, had both legs amputated at

the Tembisa Hospital yesterday, according to her husband Mr L B Mahlangu.

Mr Mahlangu owns a building construction firm in Tembisa.

Another woman, Mrs Sarah Sindane (48), of Vlaklaagte 2, near Kwaggafontein, was

also transferred to the Tembisa Hospital.

Mr Daniel Sindane will be buried in Dennilton on Saturday while Mr Mahlangu will be buried in Tembisa on Sunday.

The cortege will leave from Mr Mahlangu's home in Hospitalview at 1pm for the Tembisa Cemetery.

Meanwhile, a second landmine was found and detonated by police about 10 km from the spot where two people were killed by a landmine blast near Davel on Sunday, reports Sapa.

Police found the mine on an access road to the Nooitgedacht Farm, detonated.

managed by Mr Dirk Pieterse, at 11am, an hour after the fatal blast on the Graspans Farm.

The mine had been planted on the left-hand side of the road, near the Estancia T-junction on the Davel-Hendrina road, a Police Public Relations Division spokesman said in Pretoria yesterday.

It was taken to a nearby meadow field and detonated.

Cap's Times 7/11/86 (S4A)

Third landmine blast

PRETORIA. — A landmine exploded under a tractor and trailer in the Transvaal yesterday but the driver was not injured, police said yesterday evening.

A senior police spokesman said the blast occurred at 4.40pm on a dirt road on the farm Graspan — scene of a fatal landmine blast at the weekend.

A second landmine was found and detonat-

ed by police about 10km from the spot where two people were killed by the landmine blast near Davel on Sunday, police said earlier yesterday.

Police found the second mine on an access road to the farm Nooitgedacht, managed by Mr Dirk Pieterse, at 11am — an hour after the fatal blast on the Graspan farm, the earlier police statement said. — Sapa

Zoo gorilla bites painter

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Max the gorilla was none too impressed with the Johannesburg Zoo's decision to paint his sleeping quarters and decided to vent his ire on the unfortunate painter, Mr D McGrail.

When Mr McGrail, 48, opened the steel door separating him from Max and Max's wife Sylvia, the normally quiet and happy ape seized his opportunity and took a bite out of Mr McGrail's thigh.

"Luckily several zoo staff were nearby and a veterinary surgeon sedated the 250kg animal immediately," said zoo curator Mr Roy Wilkinson.

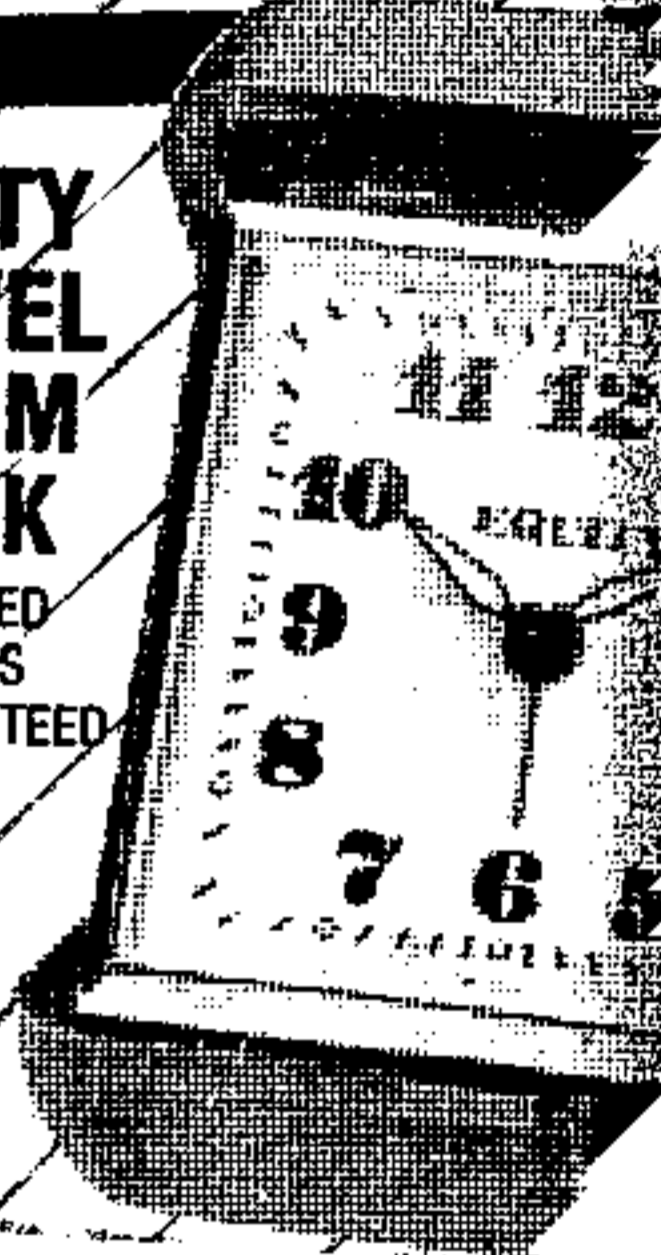
The injured man is suffering from "traumatic shock" in hospital.

YOU PAY LESS

TIME
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EQUITY
TRAVEL
ALARM
CLOCK

- ASSORTED COLOURS
- GUARANTEED



We're staying put, say cautious farmers after two killed in Davel mine blast

STAR 27/5/16.
SFA

By Craig Kotze,
Crime Reporter

The rolling farmlands around Davel in the Eastern Transvaal seem an unlikely place for the landmine explosion which claimed the lives of two and put eight people in hospital eight others on Sunday.

But if the sight of mangled bodies, dismembered limbs and a destroyed minibus in the picturesque countryside sickened farm mechanic Mr Daniel Lamprecht, it has not affected his or the farmers' determination to stay.

GAPING HOLE

Two days after the blast, life is almost back to normal with heavy farm traffic speeding along the roads, almost ignoring the signs of guerilla war in their midst.

No military or police presence was seen yesterday and the gaping hole left by the explosion was already filled in — black scorched sand and the minibus wreck being the only indications of the site.

Mr Biza Mahlangu (25) and Mr Daniel Sindane (40), both of Tembisa, died when the vehicle



Mr Frans Durr — sweeps roads in the morning.

detonated the mine just off the tarred road between Hendrina and Davel at 6.30 am.

They and the other eight injured passengers were on their way to visit an ancestor's grave.

Only hours later, security forces sweeping roads discovered another mine on Fremax farm about 10 km away.

"It was utter chaos and it was a sickening sight, but I'm definitely staying on," said Mr Lamprecht, who arrived first at the blast scene.

His feelings were echoed by the farmers interviewed by The Star.

"It will not disrupt our lives because this is our livelihood," said farmers Max and Fred Kadish.

"Of course all the farmers are concerned and we know there will be more.

"We will simply have to be more alert and we have already warned our staff."

Dairy farmer Mr L de Jager said all anybody could do was to get used to the attacks, but he said he would never leave.

"What can you do about these attacks?" he asked.

'MORE ALERT'

Mr Frans Durr, whose father owns the farm on which the explosion occurred, said there would only be a slight change in their daily routine.

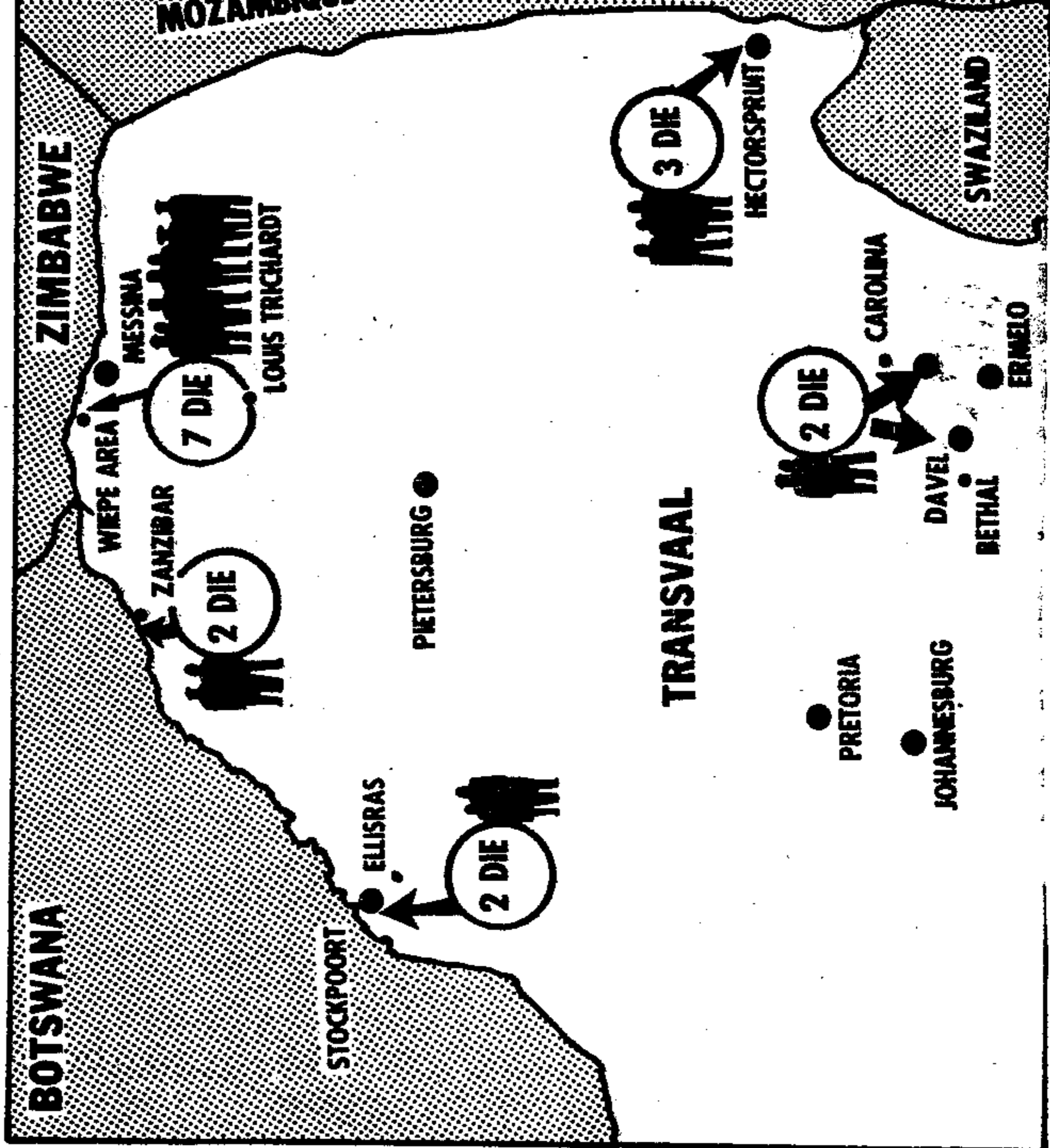
"We will be a bit more alert and check gates in the mornings, but this area is no more dangerous than any other."

Panic seems to be nonexistent, but a few people did express fear.

"We are worried because everybody depends on the roads, but nobody is panicking," said Mr Nico Nortje, whose farm is a few kilometres from where the mine exploded.



The owner of the wrecked minibus, Mr Sidney Mahlangu, next to the remains of his vehicle. His brother, Mr Biza Mahlangu, died in the blast.





Mr Arthur Miller

Close shave for Arthur

By Craig Kotze

STAR
84A
27/5/84

A mere 5 cm saved Briton Mr Arthur Miller from being blasted by a landmine just a few kilometres from where two people died and eight were hurt in a detonation in the Eastern Transvaal on Sunday.

Mr Miller (43), an unemployed teacher who lodges on a farm close to the scene of the killer blast, said:

"After the explosion the army would not allow traffic on the road, so I took the Graskop-Hendrina route.

"When I came back a police officer asked if it was me who had driven on the road and said they had found a mine on it.

"He said my tyres missed the mine by only 5 cm."

Mr Miller said he was not shocked that he might have become another casualty in the Eastern Transvaal landmine offensive, but "was pleased to escape".

Second landmine explodes in E TVI

27/5/86 BUS DAY 84A

ANOTHER landmine exploded in the Eastern Transvaal yesterday about 3km from the spot where an explosion killed two people and injured eight others on Sunday.

A tractor driver, who detonated the mine about 4.30pm yesterday, as he turned his tractor off the road into a mealie field, was treated for shock.

The events have pre-empted a massive police and SADF presence in the Middelburg area after yesterday's explosion and Sunday's fatal blast, which was followed by the discovery of a further land mine an hour later. This was detonated by police.

Yesterday's landmine exploded on the road to Davel, on the way to Ermelo, a few kilometres from Sunday's blast site and the detonated landmine which was found by police on an access road to the farm Nooitgedacht.

Police have identified the two people who died instantly after their minibus detonated the Sunday land mine as Bisane Mahlangu, 35, and Manel Sindane, 50, both of Tembisa.

Two of the injured, Maria Mahlangu and Sarah Sindane, who were airlifted to Tembisa Hospital in Kempton Park in a critical condition, were described as "stable" by a hospital spokesman.

Yesterday this *Business Day* reporter, travelling along the road with a resident from one of the farms, Arthur Mill-

LINDA ENSOR

er, arrived shortly after the landmine exploded.

A farmworker, walking along the road, waved our car to a stop.

He used sign language to explain there was a landmine on the road.

On the other side of a slight rise, the road was blocked by a yellow police bakkie. Further on, a truckload of about 30 women farmworkers looked on with bewilderment. Police present refused to provide information.

Miller, who lives on a Witbank farm, himself narrowly escaped death on Sunday.

Travelling back to his house from Ermelo, he missed the landmine which the police found later.

"We measured the distance between the tracks of my car and the explosion, and it was 5cm," he said.

"I wasn't surprised by the explosion — it is something to be expected in a society which discriminates between people so severely," says Miller, who says he and his wife have been ostracised from the community for taking a young abandoned black girl into their home.

Miller says black farmworkers in the area are "very frightened and scared", and people in nearby Hendrina have also expressed fear.

Treason case told of tape

A SENIOR police officer refused to disclose in the Delmas Circuit Court yesterday how he obtained a copy of a video recording of a meeting held by the Natal Indian Congress on August 1, 1984.

In his evidence in chief, Lieutenant Hermanus Adendorff, of the Ladysmith security branch, said he received the tape the day after the meeting was held. The video tape was submitted by the State as an exhibit.

The tapes form part of the evidence against 22 men who are charged with high treason, murder, subversion and terrorism. They have pleaded not guilty to all the charges.

(Proceeding)

84A

17

17

Sawyer 27/5/86

AREA A Bloemfontein, Highveld Ridge, Klerksdorp, Oendaalsrus, East London, Pietermaritzburg, Potchefstroom, Virginia, Welkom and Witbank. Municipal Area : Kimberley .
AREA B Balfour, Heidelberg (TV1), King Williamstown, Knysna, Lower Umfolozi, Middleburg (TV1), Port Shepstone, Queenstown, and Umzinto. Municipal Areas : Barberton, Bethlehem, Brits, Bronkshorstspruit, Delmas, Ermelo, Eshowe, Glencoe, George, Grahamstown, Harding, Harrismitlh, Kroonstad, Ladysmith, Lichtenburg, Louis Trichardt, Malamesbury, Melmoth, Mooreesburg, Mossel Bay, Mtubatuba, Nelspruit, Newcastle, Oudtshoorn, Phalaborwa, Pietersburg, Potgietersrus, Rustenburg, Standerton, Tzaneen, Upington, Vryheid and Worcester
AREA C Municipal Areas: Aliwal North, Barkly West, Bethal, Delareyville, Estcourt, Fort Beaufort, Howick, Ladybrand, Naboomspruit, Nylstroom, Piet Retief, Robertson, Stutterheim, Vandrhyndorp, Volksrust, Warmbaths, White River.
Town Council Area : Richmond.
AREA D Alberton, Benoni, Boksburg, Brakpan, Germiston, Johannesburg, Kempton Park, Krugersdorp, Nigel, Oberholzer, Randburg, Randfontein, Roodepoort, Springs, Vanderbijlpark, Vereeniging, Westonaria.
Municipal Areas : Sasolburg.

'Police seized video tapes'

SEVERAL articles, including video tapes and documents were confiscated by the security police when they raided offices belonging to the United Democratic Front and other organisations, the Delmas treason trial heard yesterday.

Other offices raided by the police, all situated at Khotso House in Johannesburg, included those of Afro-Scope, Afra Pix and Inter-Church Media Programme.

The raids were conducted on October 8, 1984, and February 19, 1985, by a team of policemen led by Captain Pieter van Niekerk of the Johannesburg security branch.

Capt van Niekerk who was testifying at the trial of 22 men charged with high treason, murder, subversion and terrorism, said most of the video tapes were confiscated from the offices of Afro Scope.

Some of the videos, hotly disputed by the defence, have been presented in court as exhibits.

Mr Gilbert Marcus, SC, for the defence, yesterday argued that there was no proof of originality and authenticity of the videos.

He also submitted that there was no evidence surrounding the "taking of the videos, type of cameras used and circumstances surrounding the development and editing of the films".

(Proceedings)




28/5/86

Swartz



84A



ANC vow on civilians

HARARE. — The ANC has vowed to attack white civilians, including children, in South Africa.

The ANC representative to Zimbabwe, Mr Freddie Mzimba, told the Herald newspaper in an interview that South Africa had shown its disregard for life by killing

defenceless civilians and his organization would now do the same.

"The white parents must now also go to the graveyard. Our people will now march into white areas and their schools to reciprocate what the whites are doing to our people," he said.

He claimed that hundreds of children, some only weeks old, had been among more than 1600 blacks killed in a two-year uprising against white rule.

"The international community, we know, will cry that we are killing innocent people, but what about our children", said Mr Mzimba.

He said black South Africans had buried enough of their relatives and the time had come for the whites to "follow suit".

The Herald interviewed Mzimba after he attended what it called "a solidarity mass for Namibian and South African masses." — UPI

E TVI farm roads swept for mines

SUR

Own Correspondent
JOHANNESBURG. — The farm roads in the Davel district of the Eastern Transvaal on which two landmines have exploded since Sunday were swept by police and the SADF yesterday.

Residents who saw the convoys passing through their small town expressed fear about travelling beyond its borders. Most of the roads which cut through the fields of dirt-

out mallee are dirt, which easily conceal landmines. A driver for a dry-cleaning firm who has to travel twice a week on the dirt roads from Hendrina to Davel said: "I am scared."

Hendrina's town clerk, Mr Jan Du Preez, said, however: "Life must go on!" "We don't feel happy about it but the only people really affected are the farmers travelling on the dirt roads," he said.

Blacks approached for comment were reluctant to express their views. Mrs Isabella Durr, who lives on the farm through which the landmined-roads run, was adamant that she and her family were "absolutely calm". "We are not afraid. Everything goes on as before," she said.

Security police yesterday briefly questioned Mr Arthur Miller, a man of liberal views who lives on one of the vulnerable farms, but he strongly denied any knowledge of the land-

mines. Meanwhile Sapa reports that landmine blast victim Mr Johannes Sindane, 48, hurt in Sunday's blast near Davel, has been discharged from the Bethal Hospital.

Mr Joseph Mahlangu, 21, and his uncle, Mr Daniel Sindane, 40, died when the microbus they were travelling in on a visit to ancestral graves detonated a landmine on Mr J A Durr's farm Graspan at dawn on Sunday.

The other passengers, Mrs Maria Mahlangu and Mrs Sarah Sindane, were taken to Tembisa Hospital, where both Mrs Mahlangu's legs were amputated.

A second landmine was found 6km from the blast scene hours later, while a third was detonated on Monday by a tractor 3km from the original blast. The driver was treated for shock.

● Although the injuries of apartheid must end, the United States unequivocally condemned terrorism, the US embassy said yesterday in a response to the E Transvaal landmine explosions.

It said in a statement to Sapa that the South African Government should create a climate conducive to dialogue and bring about an end to the "injustices of apartheid".

The statement said the US condemned terrorism "as a valid political goal".

Landmine blast kills SA soldier

PRETORIA — A South African soldier was killed in a landmine explosion yesterday in Namibia.

"The Defence Force regrets to announce the death of Trooper Johann Pretorius (21) who died in a land mine explosion in the operational area," a statement issued by the SADF said.

Trooper Pretorius is survived by his guardian Mrs H Pretorius of Tuishoek, Bloemfontein. — Sapa.

ARGUMENTS 29/5/86 (80)

Right fight to keep Indian restrictions

By FRANS ESTERHUYSE
Parliamentary Staff

THE rightwing parties in the House of Assembly have continued their fight against the proposed removal of restrictions on Indians in the Free State and parts of northern Natal.

Speakers accused the Government of embarking on a course that would make the whole of South Africa a racially integrated society.

And Mr Roger Burrows (PFP Pinetown) likened the speeches from the rightwing parties to debates in nazi Germany in the 1930s.

The clashes occurred during yesterday's resumed second-reading debate on the Matters Concerning Admission to and Residence in the Republic Amendment Bill.

One of the fiercest attacks came from Mr Louis Stofberg (HNP Sasolburg), who said a future rightwing government would scrap the legislation now before Parliament.

He said he wanted to warn Indians that under a rightwing government they would have to sell any land or businesses they acquired in the Free State and northern Natal.



Mr Stofberg

Mr Burrows

The Free State was "sacred Voortrekker land", he said.

Rejecting Mr Stofberg's argument, Mr Andries Terblanche (NP Heilbron) said the Transvaal and Natal were also "Voortrekker land".

The Free State, like other provinces, was part of South Africa and there was no reason why it should have different laws. Under the present dispensation nothing could be done to exclude Indians from South African society.

The rightwing attack was continued by Dr Willem Snyman (CP Pietersburg). He said the question of Indians in the Free State was one of the main issues in the Sasolburg by-election. The fact that Mr Stofberg of the HNP won that election showed how Free Staters felt about the matter.

The Bill would destroy the late Dr H F Verwoerd's vision of South Africa's future.

Dr Willem Odendaal (NP nominated) said the people of the Free State were accepting the consequences of reform in South Africa.

There were already people from the Republic of China (Taiwan) in the Free State and they were involved in large industrial development projects near Bloemfontein.

Before Stofbergs

The Free State needed industrial development.

Dr Odendaal said the Conservative Party had been "swallowed" by the Afrikaner Weerstandsbeweging, whose policy was either to repatriate Asians or to deny them South African citizenship.

Mr Burrows said the debate had an "air of unreality".

The speeches from rightwing parties reminded him of debates in Germany's Reichstag in the 1930s.

Mr Burrows said the PFP supported the Bill, but believed it was long overdue.

He added that Mr Stofberg's forebears were also immigrants. According to a book on South African families, the Asians were in South Africa before the Stofbergs.

84A
[scribble]
[scribble]

UNION MAN'S WIFE KILLED

[scribble]

A BRITS trade union organiser was injured and his wife killed in a grenade attack on his home early yesterday morning, a Metal and Allied Workers' Union spokesman said yesterday.

Two of their children were also injured in the blast.

A "powerful explosion" destroyed the Brits Old Location house of Mr David Modimong at about 2 am yesterday, the spokesman said, seriously injuring him and killing his wife Nkele, (29). Mr Modimong, Miriam (8), and Joyce, 8 months, are being treated at Ga-Rankuwa hospital.

29/5/86
Sowetan

3 hurt in blast at Brits home

investigating, he said.

Mr Modimong was employed full-time with Mawu in Brits and had been involved with community activities in Brits. According to the spokesman, Mawu has spearheaded resistance to the removal of the Old Location to Letlhabile.

Children

"It was not a petrol bomb, but most likely a grenade. The roof was blown off, and the house completely destroyed," the spokesman said.

A police spokesman in Pretoria confirmed that a blast "probably from a hand-made explosive device" occurred at the Old Location house, killing Mrs Modimong and injuring Mr Modimong and their two children.

He said a fire broke out in the one-room house, extensively damaging it. Police are in-

Attacked

He said Brits activists had been "severely harassed" in the last two months, but this was the first time an activist had been attacked.

"The system is directly responsible," the spokesman told Sapa. "We will not tolerate the murder of our trade unionists and will appeal to Cosato (the Congress of South African Trade unions)."

31/5/86
84A

Singing greets 10 accused of blasts

Court Reporter

CRIES of 'Viva Mandela' and clenched fists filled a crowded magistrate's courtroom yesterday when 10 alleged members of the ANC appeared in connection with 13 bomb blasts in Durban.

As the accused, nine men and a pregnant woman, prepared to enter the court the cries reached a crescendo and then broke into singing, clapping and whistling.

The accused, who include two doctors, appeared before Mr CJ Laubser and were indicted on 20 counts of contravening the Internal Security Act and the Arms and Ammunition Act.

They are Duduzile Charity Baby Buthelezi, 32, Dr Sibongiseni Maxwell

Dhlomo, 26, Dr Vejaynand Indurjith Ramlakan, 28, Sibusiso Robert Nzlanzi, 29, Jude Francis, 21, Ordway Qonda Msomi, 20, Siphiso Stanley Bhila, 31, Phumezo George James Nxweni, 20, Mapiki Aaron Dlomo, 32, and Bafo Bawana Nguqu.

The 10 are alleged to have been instrumental in planting bombs at the XL Tearoom, Grosvenor Girls' High School, Chatsworth Magistrate's Court, Mobeni Post Office, the Executive Hotel in Umlazi, the Umlazi Bakery, O K Bazaars, Lamontville Township Office and the West Street Game between September 1983 and January this year.

They were also said to have played a part in the

Sanlam Shopping Centre explosion at Amanzimtoti which left five dead, the Pine Street limpet mine placed in a parked car and an explosion at the home of Mr Amichand Rajbansi, chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates.

There are further allegations that the 10 were involved in various attempts to blow up other buildings as well as S A P and SADF vehicles.

Allegations that the accused disseminated and possessed illegal literature as well as machineguns, ammunition, grenades and bombs also appeared in the indictment.

Before the entrance of the 10 accused, people in the public gallery were warned to stop singing.

When the 10 mounted the steps to the dock they raised their fists in salutes and the public gallery rose in silent reply.

A provisional date of June 25 was set for the Durban Supreme Court.

Mr D B Shezi and Mr A J Gumede appeared for the defence.

CHC Times 2/6/86
10 charged with
13 Durban blasts

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Cries of "Viva Mandela" echoed through a crowded magistrate's courtroom on Friday when 10 alleged members of the ANC appeared in connection with 13 bomb blasts in Durban.

They appeared before Mr C J Laubser and were charged on 20 counts of contravening the Internal Security Act and the Arms and Ammunition Act.

They are alleged to have been instrumental in planting bombs at the XL Tearoom, Grosvenor Girls' High School, Chatsworth Magistrate's Court, Mobeni Post Office, the Executive Hotel in Umlazi, the Umlazi Bakery, OK Bazaars, Lamontville Township Office and the West Street Game.

Those charged were: Messrs Duduzile Charity Baby Buthelezi, Dr Sibongiseni Maxwell Dhlomo, Dr Vejaynand Indurjith Ramlakan, Sibusiso Robert Nzlanzi, Jude Francis, Ordway Qonda Msomi, Siphosane Stanley Bhila, Phumezo George James Nziweni, Mapiki Aaron Dlomo and Bafu Bawana Nguqu.

17/6/85 4/6/86 (SMA)

'Trained ANC terrorist' shot dead near Ficksburg

PRETORIA. — A "trained ANC terrorist" was shot dead by police in the black area near Ficksburg, police said today.

A statement by the SAP's public relations division here said members of the force went to a house in the area about 2.20pm yesterday where they saw a man.

As the person was being arrested, he tried to use a handgrenade concealed in his pants pocket against the police, the statement said.

Shots were fired and the man was killed. Sapa.

Absentee farmers a security problem

LINDA ENSOR

THE RECENT landmine explosions in the northern and north-eastern Transvaal have once again raised the problem of security in those areas.

As the situation becomes more threatening, full-time farmers are beginning to feel antagonistic towards absentee farmers as they add to their security burden.

South African Agricultural Union (SAAU) president Kobus Jooste said the union was also concerned about farmers selling their farms to non-farmers.

New government measures to attract and keep people on their border farms were expected soon. Existing incentive schemes have apparently not been successful in keeping farmers on the land.

Jooste said the new measures were likely to include rebates on input costs, improved roads and reduced interest rates.

National Secretariat of Part-time Farmers chairman Izak Fick said there were a minimum of 10 000 part-time or absentee farmers in the country, most of them in the Northern Transvaal or the Cape Karoo.

About 67% of farms in the north and north-western Transvaal — mostly wild game and cattle farms — were occupied by absentee farmers, Fick said. Most such farms were uneconomic, as they were too small, and too far from markets.

Those areas had also been severely stricken by drought.

Fick said research had shown that 21% of the part-time farmers were involved in the medical field, 20% in law, 13% in engineering and 7% in teaching and the civil service.

Reuter

5/6/86
**Alleged ANC
man shot** *SAP*

PRETORIA. — An alleged ANC "terrorist" was shot dead by police near Ficksburg yesterday, police said.

A statement by the SAP's public relations division here said members of the force went to a house in the area about 2.20pm yesterday, where they encountered a man.

As the person was being arrested, he tried to use a handgrenade concealed in his trouser pocket against the police, the statement said.

Shots were fired and the man was killed.

Police took possession of a grenade of Russian origin and were investigating further, the statement said. — Sapa

Treason judge rejects videos

By TONY OOSTERHUIZEN
Pietermaritzburg

THE Judge President of Natal ruled in the Pietermaritzburg treason trial yesterday that all the video and audio tape recordings the state sought to use as evidence against four trade unionists were inadmissible as evidence.

Justice John Milne also ruled that the state may re-open its case in the trial within a trial only to lead further evidence to determine the admissibility in respect of three of the recordings in question.

In a five-hour, 143-page judgement on the trial within a trial, Justice Milne said the evidence the state still sought to lead in this regard would not change the inadmissibility of any of the recordings and would apply only to the remaining three.

Counsel for the state, Andre Oberholzer, told the court the judgement had far-reaching implications for the state's case and they needed time for consultations. The trial was adjourned to Monday.

The tape recordings are alleged to be of meetings addressed or attended by the four accused, Thozamile Gqweta, Sisa Njikelana, Samuel Kikine and Isaac Ngcobo.

Covert sabotage in SA plants, says Unisa study

By BOB KERNOHAN
Business Editor

COMPARISON between extremists who tried to stop the British Industrial Revolution and modern-day South African workers was drawn in the Project Free Enterprise report released today.

Interviews with black managers, said the report, had made it clear that covert industrial sabotage was taking place on a large scale in many, if not most, industrial plants in South Africa.

The report told of incidents in which metal objects had been dropped into moving machinery, many kilometres of conveyor belt ripped apart by the attachment of a sharp object at one end of the system and transport vehicles derailed.

This had been the result of action by "modern-day Luddites", said the report, drawing the analogy between the 19th century English workers who rioted for the destruction of textile machinery that was replacing them.

The Unisa report mentioned two other specific incidents of sabotage.

"A potentially life-threatening situation occurred when highly inflammable gas escaped through an outlet which was supposedly sealed by welded plugs," the report said.

"In another instance scheduled medi-

cines were purposefully mixed up and incorrectly labelled."

Go-slows, not reporting mechanical problems and the loss or destruction of company property such as gloves, overalls and stationery were also symptoms of negative attitudes by workers to the private sector.

A black manager quoted in the report said:

"The (black) workforce know that they can work faster and better. But they ask themselves why should they contribute to organisational efficiency if they do not stand to gain from it as well. The social frustration that we (blacks) are experiencing due to the years of discrimination is now being vented on the companies.

"The latest reforms have done nothing to alleviate this frustration. These reforms have merely tinkered with issues affecting black-white social interaction, while the situation in the townships, the bureaucracy and laws controlling our lives have not been touched."

The report contains a comprehensive programme of political and economic reforms designed to counter the negative perceptions that workers have of the business sector and to promote an identification with the system of free enterprise.

Army swarms into blast-hit Volksrust

11/6/86
Staff Reporters

Volksrust is swarming with security forces members and military vehicles after yesterday's two landmine explosions.

Specialist landmine-sweeping teams were flown in by helicopter yesterday morning soon after the first explosion. Assisted by members from the local commando they cleared all dirt roads between Volksrust and Brerton, where the two mines exploded.

More military vehicles were seen in the late afternoon and Security police spent the day questioning farmers.

The only indication of when the landmines had been planted came from the father of one of the victims, Mr Johannes Coetzer, who said he had heard about three cars at his front gate on Monday night. When he switched on the outside light, the cars quickly drove off.

Farmers said tracks found at the scene of the second explosion were similar to those found at the first.

Police referred all inquiries to the Directorate of Public Affairs at Police Headquarters in Pretoria.

Mr Johannes Coetzer (46), last night described how he had seen his 18-year-old son blown into the air by a landmine explosion.

A seriously injured Martin Coetzer was airlifted by emergency helicopter to the Johannesburg Hospital yesterday morning.

Part of the matric pupil's right foot had been blasted away. Both his legs, his right arm and his jaw had been broken when the bakkie he was driving detonated the mine at the entrance to his father's farm, Boshhoek. He also sustained a skull fracture and last night underwent surgery.

A hospital spokesman described his condition as "serious but stable".

Mr Coetzer said: "I had just said goodbye to Martin when I heard a massive explosion."

Mr Coetzer and his wife Erenca (43) drove to Johannesburg yesterday to be with Martin.

Martin was described as a popular boy who wanted to become a minister in the NG Kerk.

The couple harboured no bitterness.

"We are not interested in the politics involved. We would only like to see those who planted the mine caught."

"There is no room for hatred in South Africa and we must all work together for solutions to our problems," Mr Coetzer said.

● See Page 21

Second landmine was a whopper

By Hannes de Wet

The second Volksrust landmine which caused relatively minor injuries to two farm workers yesterday, was a much more powerful device than the one which badly injured a schoolboy three hours earlier.

Local commando members said the second hole was twice as big as the first one.

Mr M J Uys, owner of the farm where a tractor detonated the second landmine at about 10.15 am, was on the scene minutes after the explosion. He said the two workers, Mr Elias Shabangu and Mr Lucas Lushaba, could still walk.

They are being treated at the Volksrust Hospital.

Mr Uys said he had travelled four times over the same spot yesterday morning. "I must have missed that mine by inches."

84A

Manhunt after mines injure three

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Police and soldiers are hunting the men who laid the mines which exploded near Volksrust yesterday and injured three people, one of them seriously.

By late yesterday no arrests had been made and security forces were still sweeping the dirt roads near Volksrust for more mines.

Mr Martin Coetzer, 18, was flown to Johannesburg General Hospital yesterday after the bakkie he was driving to school detonated a landmine on a gravel road about 5km from Volksrust, between the town and Wakkerstroom.

About three hours later two black workers, Mr Elias Shabangu and Mr Lucas Lushaba, detonated a second mine while driving a tractor on the same road about 10km away. They were not seriously injured.

A spokesman at the Johannesburg Hospital said yesterday Mr Coetzer's right leg, right

arm and jaw had been broken. He said he was in a "serious but stable" condition, and out of danger.

The acting town clerk of Volksrust, Mr Johan Kriek, said "everything was very tense".

The owner of the Transvaal Hotel in Volksrust, who gave her name only as Beverley, said a number of farmers wives had inquired about staying at the hotel while their husbands were away.

"They are nervous about staying on the farms alone," she said.

She said the landmine blasts had caught the small community unawares, but she did not think it would force farmers to leave the area as "we are too patriotic".

Locals speculated that the insurgents who planted the mine came from Swaziland or the black Daggakraal area between Amersfoort and Piet Retief.

But the head of Pretoria University's Institute for Strategic Studies, Professor Mike Hough, said the insurgents could have come from Botswana or Zimbabwe and were aiming to embarrass Swaziland, because of its security agreement with SA.

The landmine blasts were evidence of the African National Congress's intention to activate the rural areas, he said.

3 injured in landmine blasts

841A

A WHITE schoolboy and two black men were injured in two separate landmine incidents near Volksrust in the Eastern Transvaal yesterday, the Police Directorate of Public Relations reported in Pretoria.

The boy's condition was "very serious", the statement said. The two men sustained chest and leg injuries of a less serious nature, it said.

The first incident occurred at 7.20 am when Martin Coetzer (18), drove over a landmine while en route in his father's bakkie to the Volksrust Hoërskool.

The second explosion occurred at about 10.15 am when the right front wheel of a tractor detonated a landmine on the farm Bloemhof belonging to Mr M J Uys.

In this incident, two workers of Mr Uys, Mr Elias Shabangu (23), and Mr Lucas Lushaba (25), were injured, the statement said.

The explosion occurred on the farm road about 60 m from the Brereton Road and about 10 km from the scene of the first blast.

Police were investigating, the statement said.

9.1



Martin Coetzer ... suffered setback last year.

Martin Coetzer, the 18-year-old school pupil who was seriously injured in a landmine blast at Volksrust yesterday, appears to have a standing date with misfortune, say townfolk.

The explosion at the entrance to his parents' farm was the climax to a set of mishaps which have befallen him the past year.

Martin is repeating matric this year — and that is not his fault, say friends and teachers. According to a teacher at the

Blast boy has had bad luck

Volksrust Hoërskool, Martin's ill-luck began during matric examinations in September last year.

He had encephalitis which set back his schoolwork severely.

He wrote the exams at a disadvantage, still suffering the after-effects of his illness. Then his father became

seriously ill and had to undergo an open-heart operation.

"Martin was very upset," said a friend and classmate, Fritz Nel.

"His father's sickness unsettled him during the examinations so much that he handed in the wrong paper in one of his subjects," said Fritz.

"As a result of all these fac-

tors, he failed matric and had to repeat his final year."

However, there was a crucial bit of luck on Martin's side yesterday, according to his brother Johan, who was the first on the scene of the landmine explosion.

"It was a miracle that he was alive after the blast," said Johan.

"He had a fractured skull, his left leg was broken in two places, his right foot was half-crushed, his right arm was broken in two places and he had a deep cut on his chest.

"The cut almost went right through his body. According to doctors, this injury would have been fatal had the cut been 2 cm deeper.

"Martin is lucky to be alive."

Victim's school tightens security

By Hannes de Wet

Security measures have been tightened at Volksrust Hoërskool where landmine victim Martin Coetzer is a matric pupil.

Teams of matric pupils have been organised to come in early every morning to search the school grounds and buildings for strange-looking objects.

The drivers of school buses which don't have to leave tar roads, have received strict orders not to travel or to stop on dirt roads. Those buses travelling on dirt roads will be escorted in the future.

According to the principal, Mr A J Swanepoel, the school is already very security-conscious.

"We have a security fence around the school and lock the gates every morning after school has started. Only one entrance, which is guarded during the day, is being kept open. At night we lock all the gates.

"And we have been issued with walkie-talkies which enable us to communicate with people outside in the event of being trapped within the school grounds."

Dominated by anguish

The normal daily activities at the high school were yesterday dominated by anguish.

While worrying over their own families who had to travel on dirt roads in the Volksrust district, teachers and pupils spent the day anxiously awaiting news on the condition of Martin Coetzer.

"Several children frantically wanted to call their parents right away and I had to assure them that the roads were being swept for more landmines," Mr Swanepoel said.

Fritz Nel, a classmate and friend of Martin, said everybody thought that the 18-year-old schoolboy was absent because of illness.

"Then came the shocking news. The principal called the school together at 8.15 and announced that Martin had been the victim of a landmine explosion. He told all of the guys in matric to stay behind.

"We, together with the male teachers, then searched the school grounds thoroughly for any foreign or strange-looking objects."



Mr Johan Coetzer stands next to the wreck of the bakkie which detonated a landmine near Volksrust yesterday. His younger brother, Martin (18), was seriously injured in the explosion.

● Pictures by Ken Oosterbrook.



A Defence Force helicopter lands on a road near the scene of yesterday's Eastern Transvaal landmine explosion.

Father could not move for fear that his son was dead

When Mr Johan Coetzer rushed to the mangled bakkie in which his younger brother lay seriously injured, he found his father sitting on his haunches at the gateway to the farm.

"He just could not bring himself to move closer to find out if Martin was still alive," Johan said.

Johan was in the stable, milking cows, when he heard the landmine explosion at the entrance to his parents' farm Boshook.

"When I reached the driver's side of the vehicle, I saw Martin trapped in the wreckage.

"I called his name but he did not respond.

"Under the impression that he was dead, I threw my jacket over him.

"It was then that I heard him saying 'Yes, I can hear you'.

"I started cutting the seat up to get him out. He was screaming from pain.

"We called the doctors and the police."

"They arrived about twenty minutes later.

"Martin was treated at the scene and taken to the local hospital before being flown to the Johannesburg Hospital."

The landmine was planted about a metre outside the farm gate, which is about 80 m from the house. Debris from the explosion rained on the roof of the house.

"There was no way in which a vehicle driving through the gate could have missed this landmine," Mr Coetzer said.

Bus. Day 11/6/86

Police and SADF hunt for insurgents

3 hurt in TVI landmine blast

POLICE and SA Defence Force units were late yesterday searching for the insurgents responsible for the landmine blasts near Volksrust which injured three people, one of them seriously.

By late yesterday afternoon no arrests had been made and security forces were still sweeping the dirt roads near the town for further landmines.

Martin Coetzer, 18, was flown to the Johannesburg General Hospital yesterday after the bakkie he was driving to school detonated a landmine on a gravel road about 5km from Volksrust on the Volksrust/Wakkerstroom road.

About three hours later two black workers, Elias Shabangu and Lucas Lushaba, detonated a second mine while driving a tractor on the same road about 10km away. They were not seriously injured.

A spokesman at the Johannesburg Hospital said yesterday Coetzer was in a "serious but stable" condition and out of danger.

Volksrust acting town clerk, Jo-

PETER WALLINGTON

han Kriek, said "everything was very sensitive" and would not comment further.

The owner of the Transvaal Hotel in Volksrust, who gave her name only as Beverley, said a number of farmers' wives had inquired about staying at the hotel while their husbands were away. She said the blasts had caught the small community unawares, but did not think it would force farmers to leave the area. Locals speculated the insurgents who planted the mines came from Swaziland or the Daggakraal area between Amersfoort and Piet Retief.

But the head of Pretoria University's Institute for Strategic Studies, Professor Mike Hough, said the insurgents could have come from Botswana or Zimbabwe and were aiming to embarrass Swaziland, because of its security agreement with SA.

The landmine blasts were evidence of the African National Congress' intention to activate the rural areas, he said.

TROOPS SE

CITY PR 15/11/84 (844)

Landmine victim loses leg

MARTIN Coetzer, 18, of Volksrust has had his right foot amputated after the bakkie in which he was travelling detonated a landmine on Tuesday, a Johannesburg Hospital spokesman said.

Coetzer was going to school at about 7.15am when the mine detonated.

Three hours later two workers, aged 23 and 25, suffered minor injuries when their tractor detonated a second mine about 10km away, on the same road.

The names of the victims were not disclosed.

● Security forces in Namibia this week defused a "double landmine" on a dirt road leading to the Ovambo Administration chairman Peter Kalangula's house. - Sapa.



Soldiers swept the roads near Volksrust with mine detectors this week after the latest blasts injured a white student and two workers.

A MASSIVE force of KTC squatter camp "doek" vigilantes and Nyanga.

And with the of Gugulethu Day 1 tracking down the roads.

"They're afraid to go out in the open - it makes relief work difficult," he said.

Shawco Warden Livesey said it sees though refugees "streaming out to the Kei and Ciskei".

Others were moving into church halls in the suburbs as bitterly wet weather hit Cap.

"We have double the supplies to cope with today," he said.

And while relief workers call for alternative thousands of refugees fighting and shacking the fourth day yesterday.

Over half of KTC destroyed by fire over the townships, reducing visibility. More than 500 people were injured in both the fires.

No place to hide for the Press

EVEN at the worst of times Crossroads used to be a safe place for members of the Press.

But the situation changed this week when the "Witdoek" vigilantes - bent on destroying the KTC camp - seriously injured ITN cameraman George De'Ath and his soundman Andile Fozi.

De'Ath - hacked by pangas - is in a very critical condition in Groote Schuur Hospital.

Fozi - discharged from the hospital on Monday night - said they went to Crossroads early on Tuesday to beat police.

"The 'comrades' warned

CITY PR 15/11/84 (223)

us that the "Witdoek" vigilantes did not want the Press around and that it would be dangerous to be cut off from them," he said.

"The refugees had the vigilantes on the retreat and the ITN team followed closely. But the vigilantes rallied and forced the comrades back.

"We were out on our own - right in the middle. A group of vigilantes came up to us and asked what we were doing in the area.

"One of them said: 'We don't want the Press here. They're no good. I explained that we were doing a job, but they attacked us.'"

"George collapsed. I

dropped the equipment and ran for help. A Casspir arrived and I ran towards them. I told the cops what had happened. They pointed a gun at the man and he ran away. We went to look for George and found him.

"The police allowed their video unit to shoot a film of George before we were taking to hospital."

● CBS cameraman Wim de Vos appeared in the Cape Town Magistrate's Court yesterday for allegedly contravening the Police Act. De Vos, CBS soundman Anton van der Merwe and Associated Press photographer Greg English were arrested on Wednesday.

N Tvl farmers to get more help

SAA

~~2/2/86~~

16/6/86

Star

Staff Reporter

PIETERSBURG — Further financial assistance for farmers in the Northern and North Western Transvaal was announced here on Saturday by the Minister of Agriculture, Mr Sarel Hayward.

This comes in the wake of the Afrikaner Weerstandbeweging's disruption of Mr Pik Botha's meeting here recently.

But on Saturday it appeared the AWB and other conservative Afrikaners had decided to stay away from the National Party's meeting.

The measures announced by Mr Hayward include:

- An area allowance of R500 per month from July 1 to farmers who reside in the area permanently.
- Urgent arrangements are being made to use state drills in the area to supply farmers with drinking water and water for stock watering

where boreholes have dried up as a result of the drought. The Government will provide subsidies of between 80 and 100 percent.

- The stock feed subsidy in drought-listed districts is increased from 50 to 70 percent.
- A subsidy of 70 percent is granted for the cost of transportation of livestock to leased grazing as well as the rent of the grazing.
- Applications for mine-resistant vehicles at an 80 percent subsidy will be considered on a priority basis for farmers in the most sensitive areas.
- Applications for fortification of farm homesteads at a 50 percent subsidy will also be considered on a priority basis.
- A subsidy of R822 000 will be paid to the Northern Transvaal Co-operative.

At the same meeting Mr P T C du Plessis, Minister of Manpower and chairman of the Northern Transvaal region of the NP, called on reasonable people to close ranks.

Argus 10/6/86
**Schoolboy, 18,
badly hurt in
landmine blast**

The Argus Correspondent

AN 18-year-old schoolboy, Martin Coetzer, was seriously injured in a landmine explosion this morning about 5km from Volksrust in the Eastern Transvaal.

A spokesman for the Johannesburg Hospital said the boy was being airlifted to hospital this morning with serious injuries.

A Volksrust Hospital spokesman said his legs were seriously injured in the blast which blew up his father's bakkie.

The youngster was out of danger but had been treated for severe shock, the hospital spokesman said.

Police said the bakkie detonated the mine in the gateway to Boshhoek, Martin's parents' farm, at 7.30am.

He was alone in the vehicle driving to school, police said.

Durban bomb 'Russian-made'

AR Bus 16/6/86 (SEA)

THE car-bomb which exploded on Durban's Golden Mile, killing three people and injuring 69, was of Russian origin, according to the Commissioner of Police, General Johann Coetzee.

The device contained between 25kg and 50kg of explosives and it appeared the African National Congress was responsible, he said.

Two of the dead have been identified and their families have been told.

They are Miss Angelique Pattinden, 22, and Miss Michelle Derrard, 28. The third victim, an Indian woman, has not yet been positively identified.

The names of the injured are: G Tonetti, A van Wyk, T Vilonel, L Val-

entine, L Waterworth, I Walton, A de Chalain, M Plaatjies, L Mitchell, V Mchundu, S Mintz, E Maker, G Maxwell, B Newby-Fraser, L Olivier, C Olds, D Pavillon, W Puttock, M Rathbone, M Roe, F Robits, K Robert, P Swart, S Saich, A Strydom, D Arnold, P Byron, E Booth, D Brett, N Blair, J Blair, K Byrne, C Clarkson, M Cynnow, S Coeks, J Cobitt, A Duncan, F Drummel, L de la Rosa, P Donaghue, R Dwacharan, C Edgar, K English, D Eaby, M Ethell, B Erasmus, J Ferguson, D Fletcher, R Ferreira, L Friar, Mr Fiddler, Mrs Fiddler, B Giddy, P Harvey, C Haden, T Hempstead, K Hulse, S Jeffries, J Kerlen, T Joao, J Jeffers, C Kenning, L Koenig, E Lan-

gridge, L Livingstone, H Mervel, J McKenna, P Mullholland and C Haddon.

Fourteen were still in hospital

Mr Leon Mellet, director of internal media for the Bureau for Information, said the car used, a blue two-litre Cortina, was stolen.

The car had a Transvaal registration number, CSZ986T, and he appealed to anyone with information about it to contact the police in Durban at (031) 322322 or 374998.

The car was parked outside a popular restaurant between the Parade and Empress hotels when it exploded shortly before 10pm, said Mr Mellet.

16/6/86 - BUS DAY - (84A)

Car-bomb had up to 50kg explosives

THE Durban car-bomb, which killed three women and injured 69 people on Saturday night, contained between 25kg and 50kg of explosives, Information Bureau spokesman Leon Mellett said in Pretoria yesterday.

He said police made that assessment of the size of the bomb after initial investigations into the blast which occurred about 10pm.

The car used was a blue Cortina which had been stolen from a South Coast panel beater in April.

It was parked between the Parade and

GERALD REILLY

Empress hotels on the Marine Parade. Both buildings were extensively damaged, as were two blocks of flats, 39 cars and a motorcycle.

Mellett said that although no group had so far claimed responsibility for the explosion, it was in line with the policy of the African National Congress (ANC) to hit soft targets.

The ANC said in Lusaka yesterday it had no comment on the explosion.

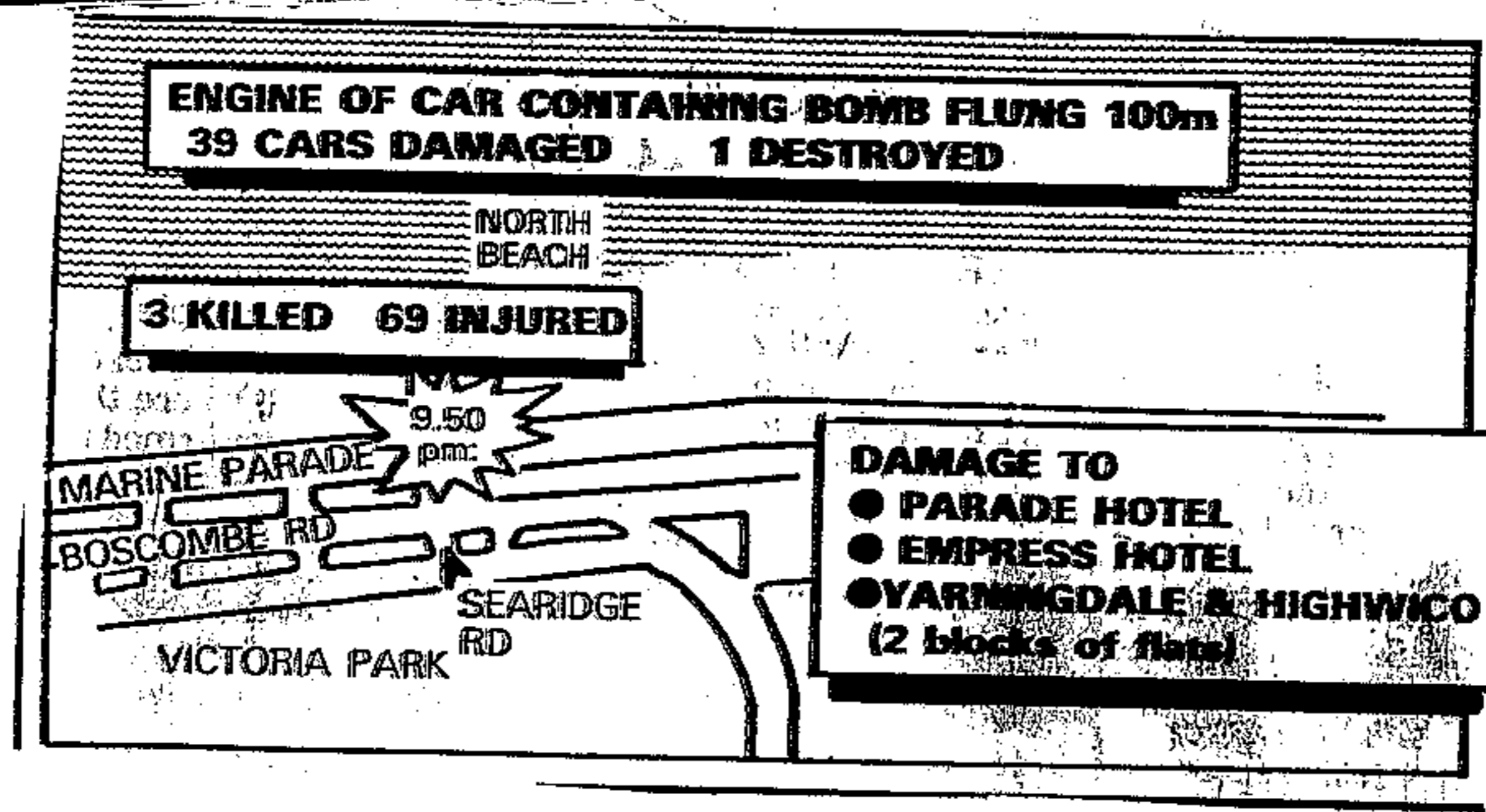
Two white women, one aged 22 and the

other 28, were killed instantly in the explosion. An Indian women aged about 30 died soon after being admitted to hospital.

Only 15 of the injured, none in a serious condition, were still in hospital yesterday.

The injured included 40 men and 22 women.

The car's registration number was CSZ 986T. Police have appealed to anyone who might have seen the car in the area to get in touch with Colonel Steyn at 322322 Durban.



Stuttafords
Imported Gowns

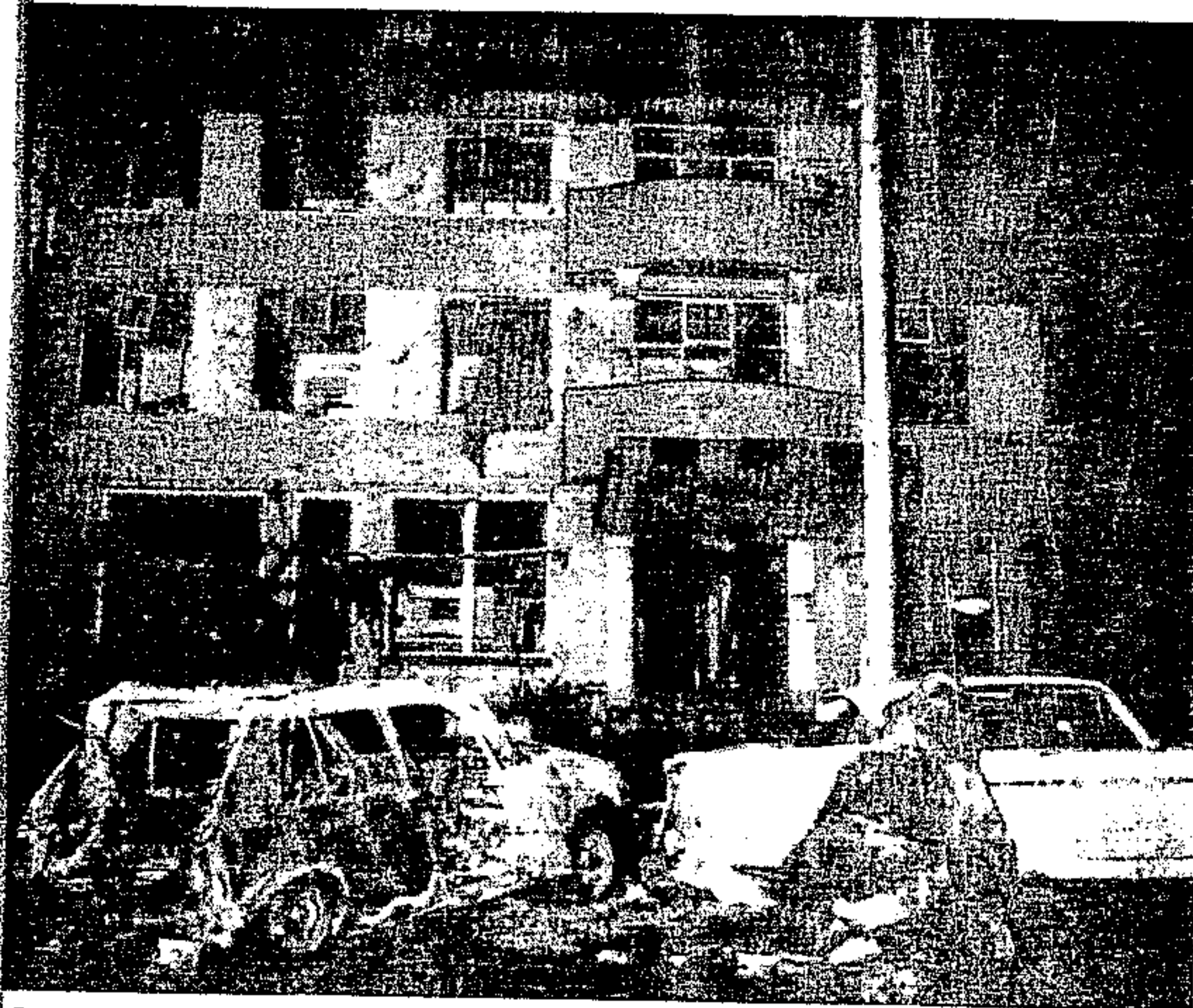
268 -44c

LESS 1/3

Cuddle soft gowns, Jewel colours and pastels. Example:
Was R159,00 R106,00
Claremont Lingerie City



The wreckage in the centre is all that remained of the car which contained the bomb.
Pictures issued by Bureau for Information



Damage to buildings and vehicles caused by the car-bomb blast on Durban's Golden Mile on Saturday night.

Huge hunt after blast kills three

CHT, Times 16/6/86
84A

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — A massive police investigation was launched early yesterday in the wake of the car bomb which exploded on Durban's Golden Mile on Saturday night, killing three women and injuring at least 69 people.

The three dead have been identified as Miss Angeliqne Pattinden, 22, Miss Michell Derrard, 28, and Miss Julie van der Linde, 28.

Of the people hurt, 15 are still in hospital, none in a serious condition.

The bomb exploded just before 9.50pm on Saturday while some of Durban's favourite nightspots were filled with weekend revellers.

Some 25kg to 50kg of explosives were packed into the car that contained the bomb, a blue two-litre Cortina GL automatic with the registration number CSZ-986-T, which had been parked in front of the Parade Hotel.

The car was stolen from a panelbeater in South Coast Road, Durban, in April, according to Bureau for Information spokesman Mr Leon Meliet. No organization had claimed responsibility for the blast.

One victim of the blast was Durban City soccer team's goalkeeper, Liverpool-born John McKenna, 25.

He was recovering in Addington Hospital last night where he insisted he would be fit for this Friday's match against Rangers at Kings Park stadium.

Mr McKenna said he was sitting at the Parade Hotel's Why Not Bar and landed on top of the counter after the blast.

"When I got up I couldn't see or hear anything, the smoke was so dense and it was very quiet immediately after the explosion. A friend pushed me through the door and someone drove me to hospital."

Flying glass lacerated the right side of Mr McKenna's face and body. Both his eyes were blue and the right eye was closed.

A 'terrible endless screaming'

Mrs Kay Spracklen, a pensioner who lives on the 14th floor of Yarningdale, the block of flats between the Parade and Empress, said yesterday that she first heard a bang, then the sound of glass breaking and finally the "terrible endless screaming".

"I was too scared to look outside because of the shock," she said.

Police barred the press from the area.

● Sapa reports that the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, has ordered a full investigation into the blast.

Deputy Information Minister Mr Louis Nel called the blast "an act of desperation by cowards".



Durban City goal keeper John McKenna.

Durban bomb blast: Probe points to ANC

From Page 1

The car containing the bomb was parked outside a popular restaurant between the Parade and Empress hotels when it exploded shortly before 10 pm, said Mr Mellet.

In a statement issued yesterday, General Coetzee said: "As in the past indications are that the ANC was probably involved in this act of terrorism."

"It has been established that this act was not directed at any member of the security forces or State organisation or building but at civilians of all races and ages including patrons of a ladies bar at the Parade Hotel."

General Coetzee described the bombing as an indiscriminate attack with "reckless disregard for life or property."

The Deputy Minister of Information, Mr Louis Nel, made a short appearance at yesterday's daily news briefing to describe the bomb as "a ghastly attack of terror of the worst kind. It is an act of desperation by cowards."

At the same Press conference, Mr Mellet gave a breakdown of unrest-related deaths at the weekend. He said three people were killed by security forces overnight on Saturday. One was shot near Nelspruit when a security patrol was attacked, one man was shot by police in the

Western Cape and one person in the East Rand.

Four people died in "black on black" violence. In Soweto, a man was killed when trying to escape from his burning home, a 15-year-old youth was necklaced and an adult man burned to death in Nyanga on the Cape Flats, a private home was set alight on the West Rand and one person was burnt to death in the incident, said Mr Mellet.

At Saturday's briefing, details of the deaths of four people killed in "black on black" violence in the preceding 18 hours were released. Two people died in Old Crossroads and one person in Gugulethu in the Western Cape. In Tweefontein, KwaNdebele, a second person had died.

The Government remains adamant that the average number of unrest incidents and their seriousness have shown a decline since the state of emergency came into effect at midnight last Wednesday.

According to their figures, 22 people have died in unrest-related incidents — an average of 5,5 people every 24 hours.

A recent report from the Reconstruction Monitoring Group showed that, since the start of 1986, the unrest situation had escalated and the number of deaths averaged 4,42 a day.



Beachfront explosion victims

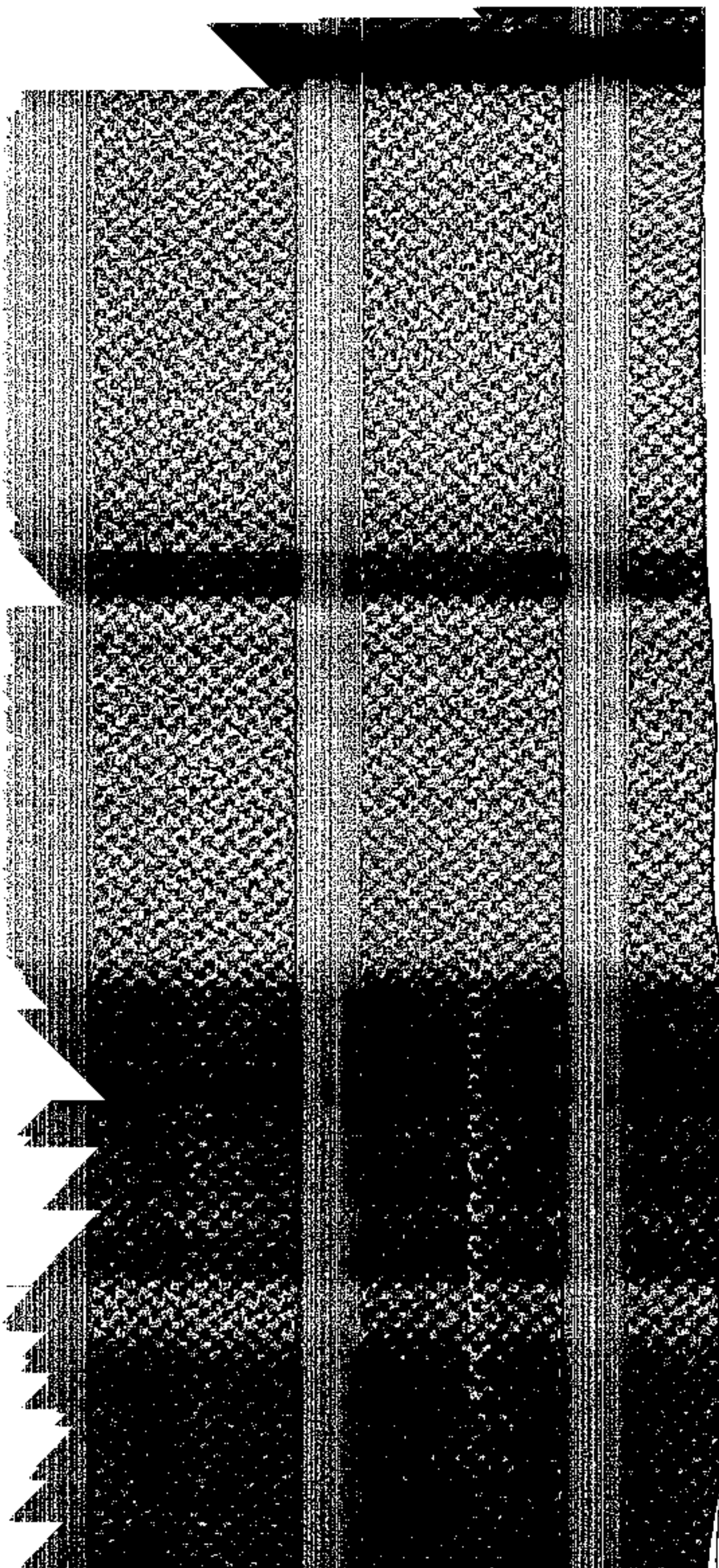
A private security firm, with guards armed with semi-automatic shotguns, had vehicles stationed on an intersection in Sandton today, 2 km from Alexandra township. One of the firm's directors, Mr Herman Allison, said they were stationed on the corner of Bowling and South roads, Wendywood, to serve their customers, "if the need arose". He said they were a burglar alarm company with hundreds of customers in the Sandton area. They had eight vehicles in the area, four at the intersection and others patrolling the suburb. Mr Allison said he was a former warrant officer in the SAP and served in Soweto in 1976.



Mr Jonathan Jeffes

Mr John McKenna

Mr Carl Maddon



Massive hunt after bomb blast

N/14/146/86
SZA

Aftermath of terror



Two victims of the bomb still being treated at Addington Hospital. LEFT: Mr Jonathan Jeffers; and RIGHT: Durban City soccer team's only goalkeeper, Liverpool-born John McKenna, 25, who was thrown on top of a bar counter by the force of the blast. Mr McKenna was sitting at the Parade Hotel's Why Not bar. 'When I got up I couldn't see or hear anything. The smoke was dense and it was very quiet. A friend pushed me through the door and someone in a car drove me to hospital,' he said.



This wreckage is all that remained of the car which contained the bomb. Police spokesman Brig Leon Mellet yesterday said some 25 kg to 50 kg of explosive had been packed into the car, a blue 2 1/2 Cortina GL automatic, registration number CSZ 986 T. It had been parked in front of the Parade Hotel. The car had been stolen from a panelbeater in South Coast Road, Durban, in April, Brig Mellet said. Photograph provided by the Bureau of Information.

A MASSIVE police investigation was launched early yesterday in the wake of the car bomb which exploded on Durban's Golden Mile on Saturday, killing three women and injuring at least 69 people.

Late last night, no arrests had been made.

The three women who had been killed had been identified and their next-of-kin had been informed, the Bureau of Information said in Pretoria yesterday.

They were Miss Angeliq Pattinden, 22, Miss Michelle Gerrard, 28, and Miss Julie van der Linde, 28.

Of the 69 people hurt, a number were still in hospital, one in a serious condition.

The bomb exploded just before 9 50 pm on Saturday while weekend revellers were enjoying music, wine and food at some of Durban's most popular nightspots - Magoo's bar, the Why Not Bar and Garfunkel's restaurant at the Parade Hotel, and Easy Beat bar at the Empress Hotel - all in the same block.

The explosives had been placed in a blue Cortina parked outside the Parade Hotel.

Crater

Yesterday the wreckage was still clearly visible within the police cordon which was thrown around the area only five minutes after the blast.

Glass from hundreds of broken windows covered the Marine Parade like a blanket, and shredded curtains billowed out of twisted window frames.

On the street, forensic experts checked a large crater blown into the road just outside the Why Not Bar.

And at the Rachel Finlayson swimming pool on the lower Marine Parade across the road from the Parade Hotel, cleaning-up operations continued until about midday, when the pool opened again.

Mr Alan Pembroke, the beach manager, said the pool had to be closed because it was filled with glass, tyres and pieces of metal which blew across the road.

'There was even an entire wheel floating in the pool,' Mr Pembroke said.

The windows of the filtration plant and pool supervisor's office were also shattered, and light fittings and doors were damaged.

Throughout the day, army and police units guarded the area, keeping away hundreds of onlookers. Residents of the three affected buildings were allowed to park outside the cordon after their cars had been searched.

Owners of cars parked nearby were told by security police the area would probably be opened only 'much later in the afternoon'.

Roadblocks

The cordon behind the Empress Hotel was extended for the arrival of a general who landed in a helicopter about 11 30 pm to inspect the area after first flying past several times.

The only vehicles - besides official cars - allowed through the cordon were refuse-removal vans which collected heaps of glass-filled garbage bags.

Two roadblocks were set up by the police and army on Saturday night - one at the beachfront end of Smith Street and another on the northern freeway.

Mrs Kay Spracklen, a pensioner who lives on the 14th floor of Yarningdale, the block of flats between the Parade and Empress, said yesterday that she had first heard a bang, then the sound of glass breaking and finally the 'terrible endless screaming'.

'At first I thought the block of flats was on fire,' Mrs Spracklen said.

'All my windows were

Mercury Reporter

broken and some of the frames were twisted. I was too scared to look outside because of the shock.'

An Addington Hospital spokesman said the hospital was 'perfectly geared up' to treat all the injured.

'The situation was immediately under control and we had enough beds for everybody,' the spokesman said.

On Saturday morning, police carried out an extensive search of Durban city shoppers and workers.

Searched

Parts of West Street and Grey Street were sealed off and pedestrians and shoppers were told to gather in the middle of the road where they were searched while motorists were warned to remain in their cars.

Sapa reports that the Minister of Law and Order, Mr Louis le Grange, has ordered a full investigation into the blast.

Deputy Information Minister Mr Louis Nel called it 'an act of desperation by cowards'.

He expressed the Government's sincere condolences with the victims and their next of kin, and warned: 'Western interest groups and others inside our country who pamper terrorist organisations must take

note of the unscrupulous nature of terrorism.'

Mr Nel said the Government wished to 'tell the world: "If terror is not fought everywhere, it cannot effectively be fought anywhere."

Brig Leon Mellet, of the Bureau of Information, said no organisation had claimed responsibility, but the blast corresponded with 'the ANC's adopted policy of hitting soft targets'.

In a statement, the bureau said the Commissioner of Police, Gen Johan Coetzee, had confirmed that investigations had shown the explosives to have been of Russian origin.

'As in the past, this indicates that the ANC was probably involved in this act of terrorism,' the bureau said.

It has also been established that this attack was not directed at any security force or State organisation or building but at civilians of all races and ages, including a ladies' bar at the Parade Hotel.

There were no security force or State buildings in the vicinity of the blast.

Gen Coetzee said the attack was an 'indiscriminate'.

QUINIBASE

Names of the injured

THE following are the names of people injured in the bomb blast as supplied by the Bureau of Information, Pretoria.

G. Jonetti, A van Wyk, T Viljoen, L. Valentine, I. Waterworth, I. Wallan, A de Chabain, M. Ploofies, J. Mitchell, V. Mchundu, S. Mintz, E. Maller, G. Maxwell, B. Newby Fraser, L. Olivier, C. Olds, D. Pavillon, W. Pottlock, M. Rathbone, M. Roe, F. Roberts, K. Robert, P. Swart, S. Saleh, A. Strudom, D. Arnold, P. Byron, E. Booth, D. Brett, N. Blair, J. Blair, K. Byrne, C. Clarkson, M. Cynnow, S. Coeks, J. Cobitt, A. Dougan, F. Duunmel, J. de la Rosa, P. Dunachoe, R. Dwacharan, C. Edgar, K. English, D. Eshy, M. Ethell, B. Erasmus, J. Ferguson, B. Fletcher, R. Ferreira, J. Friae, Mr Fiddler, Mrs Fiddler, H. Giddy, P. Harvey, C. Haden, T. Hampstead, K. Hulse, S. Jeffries, J. Kerlen, T. Joan, J. Jeffers, C. Keating, L. Koenig, E. Langridge, J. Livingstone, H. Mervel, J. McKenna, P. Mullholland and C. Haddon.

Sixty have been discharged from hospital. Those still in Addington Hospital last night were R. Dwacharan - whose condition was described as 'serious' - G. Maxwell, K. Byrne, C. Clarkson, D. Fletcher, K. Hulse, S. Jeffries, J. McKenna and C. Haddon, all listed as 'satisfactory'.

16/6/86
SZA

Blast probe

FROM PAGE 1

act against civilians, with a reckless disregard for life and property.'

Brig Mellet said the Government was in control of the situation. He said the car bomb was an act of terrorism which could not always be prevented.

Blacks and whites would receive full protection from the security forces today, June 18, which the Government considered a normal working day.

There were no grounds for fear, Brig Mellet said.

'Bona fide' church services could be held today, but outdoor gatherings were prohibited, he said. He declined to define 'bona fide'.

He said no decision had been taken about releasing figures on people detained in the security crackdown.

Sapa reports that the ANC said in Lusaka yesterday that it had no comment on the explosion.

Durban bomb 'blew people against walls'

17/6/86 STAR 84A

DURBAN — Car bomb victims recovering in Addington Hospital yesterday described the "terrific noise and force" that had sent them flying off bar stools and against the walls of corridors of the Parade Hotel on Saturday night.

There were no feelings of bitterness or hatred. Most said they were thankful to be alive.

Among those who had been in the Why Not and Magoo's bars, were:

● Durban City goalkeeper, Mr John McKenna, of Liverpool, who said: "This has not put me off South Africa — it could happen anywhere."

● Mr Carl Haddon, a mechanical engineer from Austria, who recalled the ceiling collapsing on his head but was too dazed to remember much else.

● Mr Dave Fletcher, of

Durban, who said: "I recall a hell of a noise. I was bodily thrown against the wall; the lights went off and the ceiling collapsed."

"I remember thinking of my son, Mathew, and wondering if I was going to live. My only thought was to get out before a second bomb went off."

● Mr James Ferguson (20) and his girlfriend, Miss Toni Joao (20), students at the University of Natal in Durban, who had been celebrating his birthday with about 12 friends at Magoo's.

RAG QUEEN

"It all happened so quickly. Before I knew it, I saw blood running down my face. I remember trying to get Toni to lie on the floor," said Mr Ferguson, who had a gash in his head but was feeling

"quite normal".

Miss Joao, the 1985 rag queen of Natal University in Durban, had a few minor cuts and a more serious cut in her hand.

● Miss Jenny Cubitt, another student, said:

"I wasn't aware of an explosion. I just remember being on the floor among a whole lot of people and then being carried to a car and taken to Addington."

She said she had been amazed at the high spirits of the injured.

"Everyone had something witty to say."

● Mr B Newby-Fraser of Durban who had been in Magoo's bar, said: "The whole room just collapsed."

Mr Newby-Fraser has already had plastic surgery on his ear at St Augustine's Hospital and will be having more surgery on his lips and face.

Mrs S. Eaby, mother of one of the victims, Dennis Eaby (24), said her son was back at work today.

"He has a cut on his arm and a few scratches from the glass, she said. Mr Eaby had been out with Mr Michael Rathbone (27), who had had stitches in his hands and his ear. Mrs Eaby said she thought Mr Rathbone was back at work today."

Mrs S Mintz, who works in the gift shop at the Marine Parade Holiday Inn, had been on her way home when the bomb exploded.

"I was about 10 metres away. All I remember is being bashed against a car and my bags being thrown into the air." - Sapa.

Durban blast victim 'a wonderful person'

Own Correspondent

DURBAN — Neighbours of 28-year-old Julie van der Linde, one of the three women killed in Saturday night's car bomb blast on Durban's Marine Parade, described her today as a "wonderful person who was full of life".

Mrs van der Linde, a divorcee, had an eight-year-old daughter named Candice.

Candice is attending a remedial school following severe trauma she suffered when her parents got divorced.

Mrs van der Linde's mother and father are taking the little girl to a doctor today to break the news of her mother's death.

Mrs van der Linde's neighbours said she recently found a job at the Moberi post office and was very excited about a car she had just bought. They said that life had been looking up for Mrs van der Linde. She had just moved into a new flat and was out celebrating on Saturday night.

Bombed 84A bar opens tomorrow

Mercury Reporter

ONE of the bars which took the brunt of Saturday night's bomb blast on Durban's Marine Parade would open tomorrow night, the owner said yesterday.

Mr Russell Davidson, owner of the Parade Hotel which houses Magoo's, the Why Not bar and Garfunkels, which were crowded when the bomb exploded, said R27 000 would be spent on installing new aluminium windows, carpets

and ceilings and repairing the electric wiring in Magoo's.

'To repair the whole hotel and replace all the fixtures would cost R2 million, so right now we are just getting Magoo's open and later the Why Not.'

He said a decision was still to be made about the future of the rest of the hotel, which was not enjoying high occupancy figures.

'All our regulars want to know why we have not

opened Magoo's yet, and some were even just sitting here on Sunday night,' Mr Davidson said.

A tour of the bomb-scarred hotel revealed little structural damage.

Most of the 70 hotel rooms were damaged, but the 30 permanent guests, mainly elderly people, escaped injury as they were in bed at the time of the blast, said manager Paul Beckett.

Rooms facing on to the Marine Parade were hardest hit, with doors, cupboards, furniture and curtains hurtled into piles against the walls across from the windows.

Hundreds of panes of glass which were shattered by the impact of the blast left thousands of centimetre-long scratches through layers of gloss paint on every wall in the front rooms.

Mr Beckett said his staff and police had been quick to get the guests out of the hotel and relocated at the Riveira Hotel.

'A lot of the older people did not want us to take them out, but we were concerned about a fire as there were cars burning in the street,' said another manager, Miss Kristine Clarke.

Flats

Miss Clarke, who is from Hamilton, New Zealand, has been in South Africa for only three months and intends staying here for a year.

Mr A E Dix, chairman of the company which owns Yarningdale flats between the Parade and Empress hotels, said 95% of the 103 flats would have to have windows replaced.

Workmen had already replaced panes in the large foyer windows, all of which had been shattered.

Garfunkels has been closed and a co-owner, Mr Paul Lenferna, said quotes for repairs had been taken yesterday.

He hoped to know by today how much the damage would cost to repair. So far, a rough estimate of R80 000 had been made.

The restaurant is expected to reopen next week.

● See also Page 3

ANC suspected in Durban blast

INVESTIGATIONS into the Durban car bomb blast in which three people were killed and 69 injured have shown that the device — between 25 and 50 kgs of explosives — was of Russian origin.

The Commissioner of Po-

lice, General Johann Coetzee said that following the investigations it appeared as if the banned African National Congress was responsible for the attack.

Mr Leon Mellet from the Bureau for Information said

that the car, a blue two litre Cortina was stolen from a South Coast panelbeaters in April this year.

The car had a Transvaal registration number, CSZ986T, and he appealed to anyone with information about the car

to contact the police in Durban at (031) 322322 or 374998.

No-one has yet claimed responsibility for the bomb, but Mr Mellet said the blast was in keeping with the ANC's policy of attacking soft targets.

SOWETAN 17/6/86

SA

Bomb victim forgot a party

NM 17/6/86 84A



Michelle Gerrard, one of the three women killed by Saturday's car bomb.

Mercury Reporter

IF BOMB victim Michelle Gerrard had not forgotten her cousin's 21st birthday party on Saturday, she might have been alive today.

While her family waited and wondered where she could be, Miss Gerrard, an artist, lay dead after being hit by the full force of the blast in a bar at Durban's Parade Hotel.

A frantic telephone call from a friend who had been with her and could not find her was the first inkling the Gerrard family had of the tragedy.

They rushed to Addington Hospital, which, they said, looked like a 'battlefield'. They could not find her name listed among the injured.

Six hours later, her brother and sister identified her body.

Miss Gerrard had died just four days after she had celebrated her 28th birthday with her family and friends.

The night of the bomb was exactly a month before she was due to leave for the United States and a new life. It was a move she had planned since February.

Unaware

Waiting for her was her boyfriend, who is believed to be working on an oil rig and still unaware of Saturday's tragedy.

Michelle, a commercial artist, was head of a design studio where she had worked for eight years.

She grew up on the Bluff, where her parents have lived for 18 years, and was educated at the Grosvenor Girls' High School and Commercial High.

After matriculating, she studied at the Natal Technikon and then started a successful career in commercial design.

Candice, a little girl already suffering from severe trauma as a result of her parents' divorce, had to be told yesterday that her mother, 28-year-old Julie van der Linde, had been

killed in the explosion.

Miss van der Linde had been at a bar at the Parade Hotel with Michelle.

Described as a 'wonderful person who was always full of life', Miss van der Linde lived in Madeleine Road in Morningside, close to Miss Gerrard.

Another victim, 23-year-old Angelique Pattinden, had been in the Why Not bar for 15 minutes when the blast ripped through the hotel.

Gratitude

She was critically injured and she died in the arms of a friend outside the building.

Recovering in hospital yesterday, victims of the blast were united in their gratitude — firstly, for being alive, and secondly, for the help they received from the public and emergency workers.

Most of the victims — who are all in the same ward at Addington Hospital — said they had been driven to hospital by motorists passing the scene of the bombing.

They were full of praise for the police, 'who were there almost immediately', and hospital staff, 'who treated us with patience and understanding'.

All the patients in Addington Hospital were in the Why Not bar, which took the full force of the explosion when the car bomb detonated.

Mr David Fletcher, 33, said he was standing in the bar talking to a friend he hadn't seen for 10 years when 'all hell broke loose'.

Smoke

'I was about to leave but was talked into having a last beer,' said Mr Fletcher.

'The next thing I knew, there was an explosion. The lights went off and the room was filled with smoke. I was thrown across the room and when I realized I was OK I ran out of the hotel through Garfunkel's because I thought there would be a second bomb outside.'

'All I saw when I ran through the restaurant was blood and bodies.'

Mr Fletcher ran to the Holiday Inn, which was the first place he could think of to get help.

'Everyone was very shocked to see me covered in blood, but the Northern Transvaal rugby team was

there and their doctor and physiotherapist helped me and rinsed me off before someone took me to hospital.'

Mr Michael Blair, who was discharged at midday, said he had been sitting at a table near the window with his brother when he had heard a 'loud noise'.

'I was knocked over and my brother shouted at me to get out because another bomb was going to go off,' said Mr Blair.

'I walked out of the window which had been blown out and somebody gave me a lift to hospital.'

Mr Gavin Maxwell, a 23-year-old Natal Technikon student, was flung on to the floor by the force of the explosion.

Hole

'After that I can't remember seeing or hearing much,' he said. 'I jumped out of a hole that had been blown into the wall and ran to see how my friend was. We both ran to the grass square opposite Garfunkel's and somebody took us to hospital.'

Perhaps the luckiest of them all was Rajesh Dulcharun, a 16-year-old flower seller who was 'right in front' of the car when it exploded.

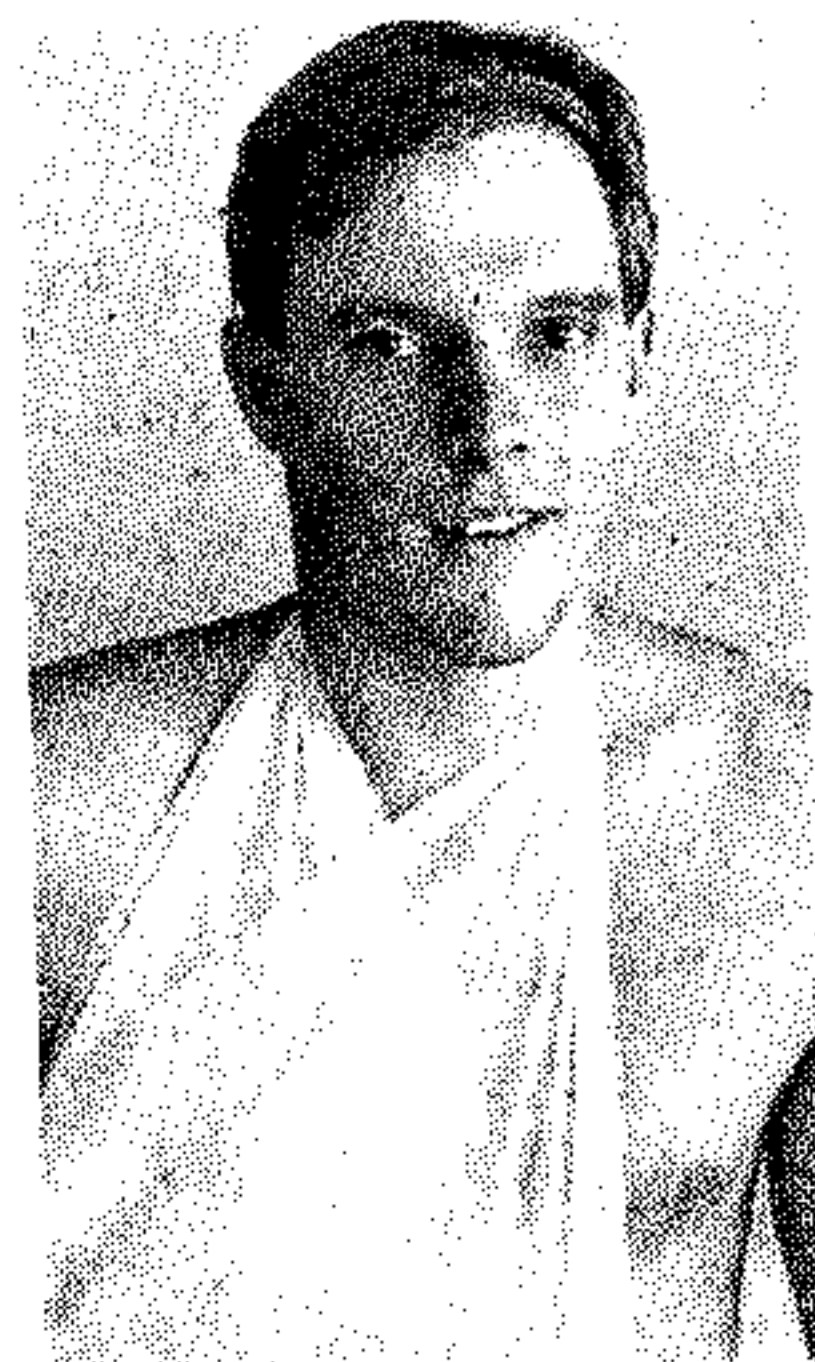
'I saw a flash of light and then I was flung across the other side of the road,' said Rajesh yesterday after an operation to treat internal stomach wounds.

'I tried to get up, but there was black in front of my eyes and I felt drowsy. Everybody was shouting and then I was put into an ambulance which brought me to hospital.'

Rajesh also has lacerations to his body and an injured right eye.



Mr Gavin Maxwell



Mr Michael Blair



Rajesh Dulcharun

Cape Times 17/6/86

Emergency view: Lawyers give up

Staff Reporter
LAWYERS at UCT decided yesterday not to express their feelings in a public statement on Crossroads and on the government's measures because "it would have been an offence for us even to have attempted to draft it".

Members of UCT's Faculty of Law said in a press release yesterday that they had decided to prepare a legal brief which might assist those giving advice on both the Crossroads issue and the government measures.

They also decided to issue a public statement, but "encountered difficulties" here.

Cautious

"We would have wished to have drawn the attention of the public in a calm and reasoned fashion to what we perceive to be the causes and the serious implications of these events and the recent proclamation of a state of emergency."

Because they were lawyers, they considered the legality of such a statement in the light of the emergency regulations, and "reluctantly

reached the conclusion that even a cautious statement could be construed as subversive".

Surrender

Instead of trying to censor themselves, the lawyers quoted a remark made over a hundred years ago by the then Chief Justice of the Cape Colony, Sir Henry de Villiers. He was responding to the argument that the courts should surrender their powers to the executive government during emergencies:

"The disturbed state of the country ought not, in my opinion, to influence the court, for its first and most sacred duty is to administer justice to those who seek it and not to preserve the peace of the country."

"If a different argument were to prevail... the court would be prevented from removing the very cause which produced the disturbance."

Among the 26 signatures below the quotation were those of the Dean, Professor E J Whitaker QC, the deputy dean, Professor R Zimmermann, and eight professors.

Cape Times 17/6/86

Cape Town jockey hurt in Durban blast

Staff Reporter
TOP Cape Town jockey Felix Coetzee and his wife Janine were among those slightly injured by the bomb blast in Durban on Saturday night which killed three people.

The Coetzees travel to Durban every year at this time for the racing season. On Saturday night they had just settled down in a bar called Garfunkles when the blast went off.

They were bruised and shocked and Mr Coetzee had a cut lip, but they escaped serious injury.

Sapa reports from Durban that Miss Michelle Gerrard, a 28-year-old artist and one of the three women killed the blast, was due to emigrate to America in two weeks and had paid for her air ticket the day before she was killed.

Educated at Grosvenor High School on the Bluff, Michelle studied commercial art at the Natal Technikon. She had been employed as a commercial artist at Sylko Paper in Jacobs for several years.

Michelle had gone to



Miss Michelle Gerrard

the beachfront with three friends, and was with them in a bar at the Parade Hotel when the bomb exploded.

With her was Mrs Julie van der Linde, who was also killed, Mr Kevin Byrne, who was badly injured and underwent an operation yesterday, and a girl called Carol, who was in the toilet at the time and escaped injury.

Daughter

Michelle, who lived in Gordon Road in Morningside, and 28-year-old Julie, who lived close by in Madeleine Road, were friends.

Julie was a divorcee with an eight-year-old

daughter, Candice. Julie's parents took the little girl to a doctor yesterday before breaking the news of her mother's death to her.

A neighbour said that Julie's parents were telephoned on Saturday night and told of her death — then someone phoned again and said she had been mistaken for her friend and had not died.

"But when her parents arrived at the beachfront they heard that she had died."

"Julie had been very happy recently. She had just bought a car, which made life easier for her and Candice, and had moved into a nice flat. She was out celebrating on Saturday."

The other victim, 23-year-old Miss Angelique Pattinden, was critically injured when the blast ripped through the hotel. She died in the arms of a friend outside the building.

● The United States "unreservedly condemns" acts of terrorism such as the Durban car bombing on Saturday, the American Embassy said in a statement yesterday.

Day?

Count told of

Dollar

Ten bomb victims still in hospital

18/6/86 Mercury Reporter N.Y. 84A said they were all 'fine', except Rajesh Dulcharum, who was in a 'fairly serious but stable' condition.

TEN victims of Saturday night's bomb blast were still in Addington Hospital in a satisfactory condition last night, after another three were discharged yesterday.

Christopher Clarkson, David Fletcher and Michael Blair were discharged, while Paula Harvey, Gavin Maxwell, Jonathan Jefferies, Carl Hadden, Keith Hulse, John McKenna, Victor Mchunu, Roger Shilow, Kevin Burne and Rajesh Dulcharum were still in hospital.

The deputy medical superintendent of Addington Hospital, Dr Ralph McCarter,

An 11th victim, 21-year old Peter Byrom, who was transferred to Wentworth Hospital some hours after the blast, is to be released from the hospital today.

His father, Mr James Byrom of Westville, said his son had been admitted to Wentworth with head injuries.

'Fortunately the injuries were not as serious as had originally been thought and I will be picking him up at 10 a m today,' said Mr Byrom.

Reporter ordered to reveal details of bomb attacks

213 841A
STAR 19/6/86

Pretoria Bureau

A reporter from the *Sowetan* newspaper, Mr Monk Nkomo, appeared briefly in the Pretoria Magistrate's Court yesterday after being subpoenaed to reveal information relating to a spate of petrol bombings allegedly committed by the police.

JAIL

Mr Nkomo appeared before Mr M Boon and no evidence was led as his attorney, Mr Paul Jenkins, was not in court.

The senior public prosecutor, Mr A F Du Toit, asked Mr Boon to postpone the case because Mr Jenkins had informed him that he would not be available. The case was postponed to June 27.

Mr Nkomo, who was subpoenaed in accordance with section 205 of Act 51 of 1977, is required to divulge names and addresses of persons whose houses were allegedly attacked and damaged by the police.

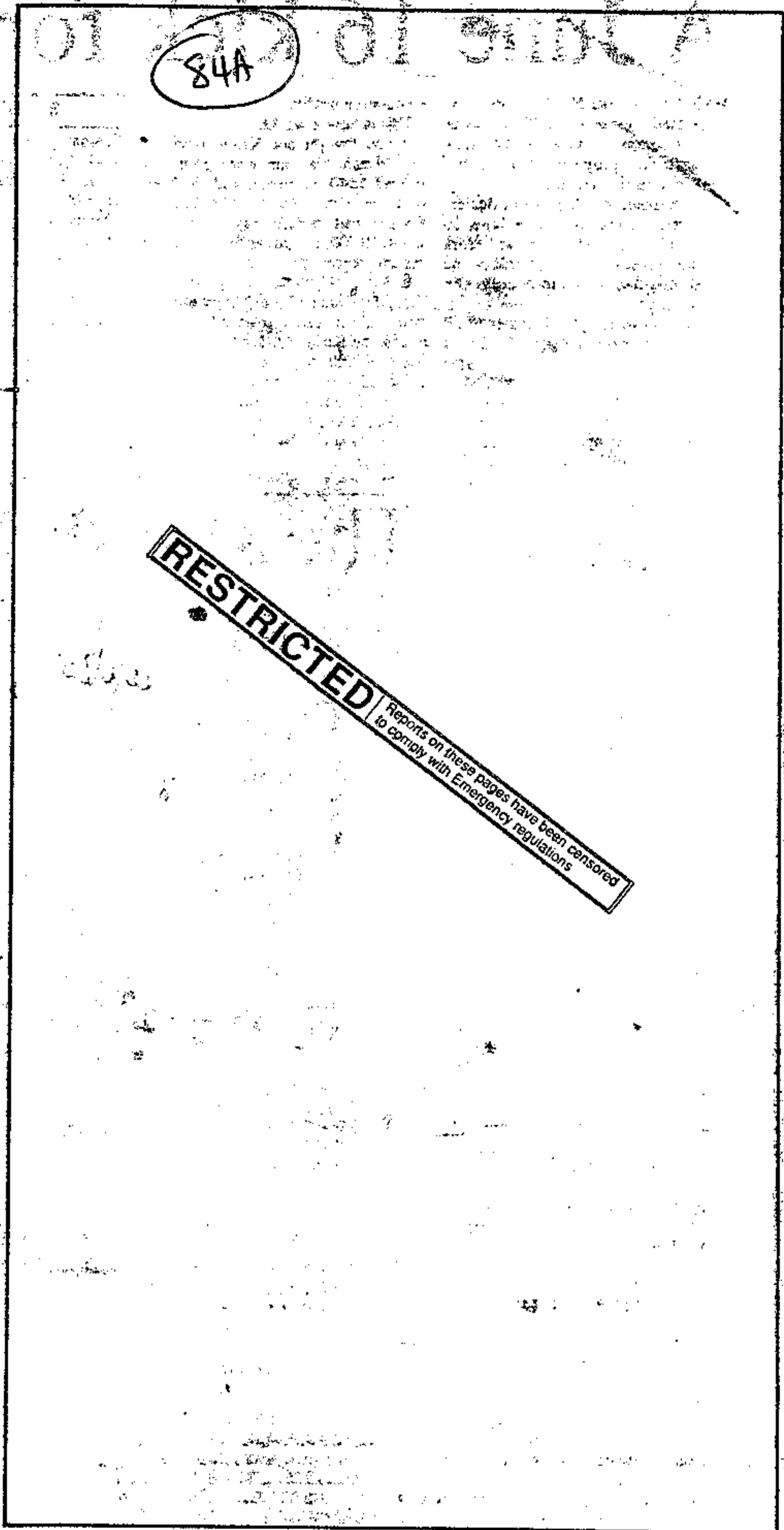
The subpoena follows a story written by Mr Nkomo about the alleged attacks on Atteridgeville houses by members of the SAP. The story appeared on April 1 this year.

According to the section under which he was subpoenaed, he is expected to testify and state everything that he knows regarding the alleged offence of arson, failing which he is likely to serve six months' imprisonment and a further jail sentence at the end of the first sentence.

The day that fell off the calendar

June 16 did not turn into a day of violence after all. If anything, it was a day of empty streets, closed shops and disconnected phones. SEFAKO NYAKA reports

RESTRICTED Reports on these pages have been censored to comply with Emergency regulations



Church volunteers wrap flowers with memorial cards

Some ironic pockets of press freedom

IN an ironic spin-off from Emergency curbs on the press, the "independent" homelands are now the only places where reporting can take place with relative freedom.

The TBVC states — Transkei, Bophuthatswana, Venda and Ciskei — have rarely been known for their regard for human rights. But none of them has yet followed Pretoria's latest initiative in restricting news coverage in terms of the Emergency regulations.

Transkei has been under a State of Emergency for years; when South Africa's partial State of Emergency was imposed last year, Umtata responded by imposing a curfew throughout the territory.

This time, said Commissioner of Police, General RS Mantanga, "we have our own Emergency regulations, and we are not going to follow what is done in South Africa".

Transkei regulations do not target the press, although the frequent deportations of journalists indicate the hazards of reporting there.

In Ciskei, no State of Emergency has been declared, and so it is from Mdantsane — East London's largest township, but technically in the Ciskei, and subject only to laws and declarations made in Bisho — that some of the few direct

By FRANZ KRUGER, East London
reports emerge regarding June 16 events.
The tenth anniversary of the Soweto uprising was marked by numerous outbreaks of violence in Mdantsane, leading to the death of at least one youth, 14-year-old Mhlangabezi Tiyoyo.
Tiyoyo died in Cecilia Makiwane hospital in the township after [redacted] denominational service in a Methodist church in the township.
According to Rev Gilbert Nyangane, who was leading the service, Ciskei [redacted] had given an order that the service would be allowed to proceed.
Nyangane said two ministers went out to relay [redacted] Nonhono's assurance, [redacted]
About 70 people are estimated to have been taken for medical treatment to both Cecilia Makiwane hospital and East London's Frere Hospital. By Wednesday, only seven remained in the wards, and a hospital spokesman said they were progressing well.
Ciskei government representative Headman Somtumzi said [redacted] had been taken after the service became rowdy, and after a [redacted] Nyangane denied this: "Everyone was behaving well," he said, "and there was no [redacted]"
In other incidents of violence on Monday, the house of Goodwin Makongolo, the senior editor of Umhombho, a Ciskei government publication, was petrol-bombed. Nobody was hurt, but damage was caused.
A number of buses were attacked by stonethrowers. At least two buses were severely damaged, while a third was burnt out in a petrol bomb attack.



Bishop Desmond Tutu leads a memorial service at St Mary's Cathedral, Johannesburg

Picture: ANNA ZIEMINSKI, Afrapix

above the mosque floor

By A'DIL BRADLOW, Cape Town

COMMUNITY leaders have described the [redacted] of [redacted] mosque on Sunday night a [redacted]

Law and Order Minister Louis le Grange, however, speaking in parliament, said this week the [redacted]

The incident occurred at the St Athens Road mosque in Athlone, at a commemoration service for the victims of the 1976 protests.

According to eyewitness reports, over 1 000 people attended the service, which was described as completely peaceful. At approximately 9.15pm, according to eyewitnesses, [redacted] arrived and [redacted]

courtyard adjoining the mosque. Eyewitnesses allege that only after these [redacted] did [redacted]

[redacted] in terms of the Emergency regulations.

The service continued; the doors of the mosque were closed in an effort to keep the [redacted]. Then, say eyewitnesses, [redacted]

[redacted] were several hundred women who were seated upstairs. Several of the older women [redacted] and several others [redacted]

Returning to the mosque sometime later, an eyewitness described the scene: [redacted] hovered just above the floor. Where the [redacted] had landed there were scorch marks on the carpet and items of clothing were scattered everywhere."

The Muslim Judicial Council (MJC) has condemned the [redacted] in the strongest terms. MJC president Shaykh Nazeem Muhammad, the president of the MJC said: [redacted]

"Furthermore, any meeting held in the mosque is a religious meeting, more so if it addresses the question of injustice. Muslims do not accept the dichotomy between religion and politics.

"The [redacted] in a mosque once again clearly gives the lie to PW Botha's statement that there is religious freedom in this country."

Le Grange, replying to a question in parliament during the second reading of the Internal Security Amendment Act, said police had received a tip-off that "armed members of the Muslim community" were going to attend the gathering. Upon their arrival at the mosque, police saw on the roof three armed men who allegedly opened fire on them. In returning the fire, police acted with "great restraint".

The minister also noted the police issued a warning that the gathering was illegal, but this was ignored.

According to Le Grange, three people were arrested.

In the House of Delegates, Le Grange came in for heavy criticism. The chairman of the Ministers' Council in the House of Delegates, Amichand Rajbansi, said he had been in touch with the State President on the issue, while Ahmad Arbee (Solidarity, Eastern Transvaal) called for a commission of inquiry into the incident, saying the failure of police to respect the sanctity of the mosque "left a bad taste in the mouth".

RESTRICTED Reports on these pages have been censored to comply with Emergency regulations

DURBAN: SHOPOWNERS SHUT THE DOORS AT NOON

WEEKLY MAIL REPORTER, Durban THE sombre mood on June 16 was worsened by the car bomb which exploded on the beachfront Saturday night, leaving three dead and dozens wounded.

There were virtually no black people in the city, and while the shops in the "white" part of town were open, many had closed by mid-afternoon. In the "black" part of the city, no shops opened at all. [redacted] were strongly in evidence in the streets, but in terms of the regulations, there can be no description of what action they took.

More alarming for residents of the township was that a mysterious technical fault, the exact nature of which has still not been announced, disconnected many phone exchanges and no one could call in or out.

Azapo had been granted an order by the Natal Supreme Court on Thursday last week, declaring legal two meetings scheduled for June 16 in Durban. After the Emergency was made public,

both meetings were banned by special announcement.

Cosatu and the Inkatha Youth Brigade had both made a bid to use Currie's Fountain for a rally on June 16. Stadium management promised the venue to whichever group acquired a permit.

The magisterial permit went to the Inkatha Youth Brigade. However, even this meeting, addressed by KwaZulu Chief Minister and Inkathata President Chief Mangosuthu Buthelezi, was hit by a stayaway problem, and fewer attended than expected. Estimates ranged from 2 000 to 6 000.

With most meetings banned, the churches provided the only way of marking the day.

At St Thomas's Church, Musgrave Road, black arm bands were made available for the intrepid to wear until the lifting of the State of Emergency.

Bishop Dominic Khumalo and 30 Catholic priests celebrated a special mass at St Theresa's Church, Sydenham, praying for "justice and

reconciliation" in South Africa. A number of detainees were mentioned and prayed for by name, but these names cannot be published — except for those of Father Theo Kneifel and Brother Hanz Ernst, both deported on Tuesday evening after their release from detention.

The service followed a remarkable show of solidarity by the priests of the Archdiocese of Natal, recently in disarray after a strong negative reaction by some clergy to the Southern African Catholic Bishops' Conference statement on economic pressure against South Africa.

But a statement read in many Catholic churches on Sunday read, in part,

ED Reports on these pages have been censored to comply with Emergency regulations

press freedom

[redacted] 20/6/86

uprising violence in at least one [redacted] in the [redacted] church in [redacted] who was [redacted] that the [redacted] to relay [redacted]

About 70 people are estimated to have been taken for medical treatment to both Cecilia Makiwane hospital and East London's Frere Hospital. By Wednesday, only seven remained in the wards, and a hospital spokesman said they were progressing well.

Ciskei government representative Headman Somtumzi said [redacted] had been taken after the service became rowdy, and after a [redacted] Nyangane denied this: "Everyone was behaving well," he said, "and there was no [redacted]"

In other incidents of violence on Monday, the house of Goodwin Makongolo, the senior editor of Umthombo, a Ciskei government publication, was petrol-bombed. Nobody was hurt, but damage was caused.

A number of buses were attacked by stonethrowers. At least two buses were severely damaged, while a third was burnt out in a petrol bomb attack.

Suzman outraged by Le Grange silence

Nineteen hurt in bomb blasts



● The scene after the blast.

NINETEEN people were injured — four seriously — in the two Johannesburg bomb blasts in a hamburger restaurant and a hotel foyer yesterday afternoon.

PFP spokesman Helen Suzman yesterday attacked an absent Law and Order Minister Louis le Grange for not informing the House of Assembly of the blasts. "It is a disgrace," she said.

Blacks and whites were injured in the explosions, reportedly caused by mini limpet mines. One occurred inside the Wimpy Bar on the corner of Pritchard and Rissik streets at 2.01pm, the other in the foyer of the President Holiday Inn on the corner of Eloff and Plein streets at 2.26pm.

Eighteen people were injured in the restaurant blast, which shattered windows in nearby stores and buildings, showering glass into the streets below.

One black was injured in the hotel blast. It apparently started in a dustbin outside the entrance, causing little dam-

Business Day Reporters

age and injury because of the hotel's security windows.

Within minutes of the blasts police had cordoned off the blocks. The Holiday Inn and the neighbouring Victoria Hotel were evacuated.

Troops, police with dogs and traffic police guarded the area as hundreds of lunchtime passers-by milled around and plainclothes and uniformed security men examined the wreckage.

Suzman said Le Grange had shown contempt for Parliament and the people of SA by not informing the House of Assembly of the bomb attacks.

"We (in Parliament) do not know the circumstances and how many have been injured, if any. Parliament must be informed."

She was speaking during the debate on a motion extending the sitting hours of the House of Assembly.

"If ever there is a good reason for Parliament to remain in session, it is the

fact that two bombs exploded in Johannesburg during lunchtime today," she said.

Several people were treated at the scene. Johannesburg Hospital sources said 20 whites had been brought in. Four had been admitted and the other 16 released after treatment.

Those injured in the first explosion included a two-month-old baby, hit on the head by a piece of flying glass as she was being carried past by her mother. She was reported to be not seriously hurt.

Suzman said last night SA was becoming like El Salvador or Argentina where thousands of people went missing and where "the government does not even say whether they are dead or alive".

She held up two lists of detainees, one of 1 500 names and another of 300 names, including university academics. She named specifically Ngcobo of Wits and

● To Page 3



White pupils' first stayaway

By SIBUSISO MNGADI

ALTHOUGH Natal was dominated by a massive carbomb blast last weekend - which killed three white women and injured scores - June 16 will go down in history as the day of the first stayaway by white pupils.

Some white schools reported a stayaway of as high as 50%, while most estimated a third of pupils stayed away - kept at home by worried parents.

And at the Inkatha Youth Brigade rally at Curries Fountain - the only open-air rally held in the country - KwaZulu Chief Minister MG Buthelezi addressed a crowd of only 4 000 people.

Organisers attributed the low attendance to the stayaway - which included bus drivers all over Durban.

Natal education authorities are demanding an immediate explanation for the unofficial "day off" by white pupils.

Natal Teachers' Society chairman Mike Ellis said it was "particularly disconcerting" that principals believed parents and children simply took the opportunity to have a day off.

Without dismissing the fact that the stayaway was due to a call made to several white schools, Ellis said "some parents" may have been frightened by "threatened violence".

"We believe the disappointing school turnout shows that many parents were more interested in giving their children a day off than being concerned at any violence," he said.

Natal Education Director Willie van Rooyen has asked for a full report on the stayaway by today. But he could not say whether any action would be taken.

Black Sash spokesman N Colvin told *City Press* her organisation was impressed by the response in Natal, even though - unlike in the Transvaal - the Black Sash did not send Natal headmasters letters asking them to allow their children to observe June 16.

● The stayaway came in the wake of the carbomb blast in Durban's Golden Mile at the weekend, which killed Angelique Pattindin, 22, Michelle Gerrard, 28, and Julie van der Linde, 28.

Of the 69 hurt in the

blast, 10 are still in hospital - one in a serious condition.

The blast came just before 9.50pm on Saturday while weekend revellers were at popular Durban night spots Magoo's Bar, Why Not Bar and Garfunkel Restaurant at the Parade Hotel, and the Easy Beat Bar at the Empress Hotel - all in the same block.

The explosives were placed in a blue Cortina parked outside the Parade Hotel.

At a nearby hotel, about 200 people were attending the Miss Nivea Beauty Contest.

Most anti-government organisations which had planned mass rallies to remember June 16 reported high stayaway figures, and Inkatha rally organisers attributed the low attendance at the rally to the stayaway - which included bus drivers throughout Durban.

A spokesman for the organisers said drivers from KwaMashu, Tuzuma and Umlazi refused to transport people to the meeting, saying they were staying away to observe June 16.

"There were arguments between the people who wanted to attend the gathering and the bus drivers before the people were finally taken to Curries Fountain," he said.

Putco's Durban buses experienced a 25% drop in passengers - with no service to Umlazi at all.

Durban Transportation Management General Manager Marshall Cuthbert said Durban Corporation buses carried only 40% of their normal load.

KwaZulu Transport spokesman Edward Marshall said all their Natal operations were running normally.

Boy in shops blast could lose leg

S. D. M. E. 22/6/80
By JEREMY McCABE (84A)

SCREAMING shoppers scattered in terror when a dustbin bomb rocked a Queenstown shopping centre yesterday.

Two people were injured. Douglas Neppen, 12, a pupil at Laerskool Hangklip in Queenstown, was rushed to East London suffering from severe leg injuries. It is feared he may lose his leg below the knee.

He is the son of Mr and Mrs Ben Neppen of Queenstown.

A spokesman for the Frontier Hospital in Queenstown said the other injured person, a man aged 30, received only minor injuries and was treated and discharged.

He has been identified as a Mr Potgieter and was apparently treated for a foot injury.

Dustbin

The acting superintendent of East London's Frere Hospital, Dr Ben Hall, said yesterday the injured boy was in a "stable" condition.

He was unable to say at this stage whether an amputation would be necessary. "It is too early to say."

The bomb, believed to be a limpet mine, went off in a dustbin outside the Fred Pettit Shopping Centre at about midday as hundreds of people were doing their monthly shopping.

A local woman, who did not want to be named, said she had been at the centre shortly before the blast and "it was absolutely packed".

This is the third weekend in a row in which terrorists have struck at civilian targets.

The blast blew out the windows of a pharmacy and a furniture store and scattered shards of glass across the centre.

Glass

A number of cars in a parking lot near the centre were also damaged.

A medical doctor, Dr J I Koopowitz, who has a practice in the centre, said it was a "matter of luck" that more people were not injured in the explosion.

"The large plate-glass windows in the centre shattered and sprayed glass everywhere," he said.

A black consumer boycott of white businesses was recently lifted in the town and large numbers of blacks were among the shoppers.

Mr Andre Poingdestre, who owns the Frontier Pharmacy close to where the bomb is believed to have exploded, refused to comment.

"I cannot say anything. I am a police reservist and I am under oath. All I can say is that it was the worst moment of my life."

Members of the security forces were combing the area for clues yesterday afternoon.

Beaches closed after blast causes oil spill

84A W/M23/6/86

Mercury Reporter

BEACHES along Durban's Bluff were forced to close yesterday as oil and sludge from a bomb-damaged pipeline near the Umlaas canal was blown ashore by a fresh south-westerly wind.

Crude oil which leaked out of the pipeline in an Umlaas canal feeder channel near Louis Botha Airport spilled out to sea and washed up on the shore, covering a 5 km section of the coastline, and forcing the closure of Brighton Beach and Anstey's Beach, south of the city.

The three bombs that exploded in Durban late on Saturday night and early

yesterday morning were described as 'minor', and no reports of death or injuries were received, a spokesman for the Bureau of Information in Pretoria said yesterday.

Slight

Durban fire crews battled for more than two hours to get the pipeline blaze under control, according to the bureau spokesman, Mr Leon Mellet.

Mr Mellet said the cause of the explosion was unknown, but the damage was slight.

The bureau said last night there was no danger of massive sea pollution.

A spokesman said no de-

tergent was used to disperse oil leakage because 'it was not necessary'.

The spokesman said the vessel Kuswag 5 spotted a light film of oil on the surface and patches of brown oil.

The first of the three Durban explosions, about 11 30 p m on Saturday, blew out the door and damaged some plate-glass windows of the Copper Shop in Brickhill Road. According to the bureau, the bomb exploded in a waste basket attached to a lamp post on the corner of West Street and Brickhill Road.

Mr Ahmed Hajee, the manager of the shop, which bore the brunt of the explosion, said damage to stock had been 'minimal'.

Stolen

Mr Hajee said it was possible that some stock had been stolen as the store's windows had been blown out.

'Until we do a full stock check, it would be impossible to say.'

The third explosion occurred near a chemical container in Chamberlain Road, Jacobs. Damage was slight, according to the bureau.

The oil spillage caused by the canal bomb affected competitors in a surf-sea marathon and competitors arrived at the finish on Durban's Brighton Beach with their feet 'covered in

oil', said one of the marathon organisers.

Beach maintenance workers were hard at work trying to clear the beach as competitors arrived at the finish of the 46,5 km event.

At Brighton and Anstey's there was a noticeable smell of oil in the air and many of the runners competing in the event complained about the slippery conditions between the canal and the finish, a distance of some 5 km.

Closed

Brighton Beach was closed after lunch yesterday because of the oil, with Anstey's closing later in the afternoon as the wind blew the oil north.

A concerned fisherman said if the wind held there was a good chance the oil would drift around the Bluff and on to Durban's Golden Mile.

A spokesman for the Department of Water Affairs said he had seen the affected beaches and said the area was 'a mess'.

Mr Lin Gravelet-Blondin, the regional representative, pollution control, for the department, said everything possible was being done to clear the affected beaches.

Mr Gravelet-Blondin said he did not think there would be any serious long-term effects of the spillage.

● Picture Page 2

ARGUS 23/6/86

STATE OF EMERGENCY

SQA

Oil slick, pollution 'Bombs' after Durban blast

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Huge oil slicks and chemical pollution poured down a silt canal into Durban harbour after the bombing of a Mobil Oil refinery pipeline on Saturday night — and the pollution could have caused damage to yachts which will cost as much as R50 000 to repair, as well as killing shoals of fish.

The crude oil also spilled out to sea and washed up on the coastline for about five kilometres. Brighton and Anstey's beaches were closed.

Mr John Stephenson, rear-commander of the Bluff Yacht Club, said that when he arrived at the club yesterday the water was covered with "a solid sheet of oil".

The pollution, which looked like industrial oil and effluent, was flowing into the yacht basin in huge slicks from a silt canal which runs through the industrial areas.

"There is a weir farther up to trap pollution in the canal, but it must have been overflowing," Mr Stephenson said. "We took a sample and informed the port authorities, who told us that they would disperse the slicks."

The oil flowed into the yacht basin and harbour for most of the day but slowed substantially in the late afternoon.

"The oil stuck on to the yachts around the waterline," he said. "Once we try to scrub it off the anti-fouling surfaces will become ineffective and we'll have to pull out our boats and resurface them. This procedure costs R500 a time — absolute minimum — and we have about 100 yachts here. The wooden boats, especially, will be badly damaged."

Mr Stephenson said that shoals of fish were swimming through the slicks and many would probably be dead by today.

The port captain's office confirmed the oil and chemical pollution in the silt canal, but said a north-easterly wind prevented the effluent from flowing through the harbour and into the sea.

Mr Bill Bricknell, pollution officer for the Department of Transport, said he was satisfied there was no pollution at sea.

"We are also satisfied the oil will not be spread to other beaches by winds or the tide," he added.



Mr Louis Nel

Bomb blasts shake Durban

THREE explosions rocked Durban on Saturday night, one of them causing a huge inferno near Louis Botha Airport and placing an oil refinery in danger. A blast shortly after 3am hit two parallel fuel lines, causing a massive blaze near the airport.

The fuel lines were thought to be those feeding the Shell BP refinery.

A spokesman for the Police Public Relations Division in Pretoria said one container was slightly damaged but no deaths or injuries had been reported.

The Bureau of Information in Pretoria said yesterday that detergent foam to disperse oil that leaked into the sea after a pipeline was damaged by a bomb at the Umlazi canal feeder was being flown from Johannesburg.

841 Bus Day 23/6/88
One of the bomb explosions in Durban occurred in an Umlazi canal feeder channel," the bureau said. "The channel itself was ... damaged, allowing oil to leak out to sea."

Earlier, at about 11.45pm, a suspected limpet mine exploded in a rubbish bin in central Durban.

Bureau spokesman Leon Mellet said there were no reports of any deaths or injuries. Damage was estimated at R8 000.

Another blast took place at about 1.30am at a chemical plant in Jacobs, south of central Durban, police said. There was heavy chemical spillage but nobody was hurt and there was no serious damage, the police spokesman said.

- Sapa

CAP 712/86 23/6/86
P4A

Bomb brings oil to beaches

Own Correspondent

DURBAN. — Beaches along the Bluff were forced to close yesterday as oil and sludge from a bomb-damaged pipeline near the Umlaas canal were blown ashore by a fresh south-westerly wind.

Crude oil spilled out to sea after leaking out of the pipeline in an Umlaas canal feeder channel near Louis Botha Airport. The oil washed up along a 5km stretch of coastline, forcing the closure of Brighton and Anstey's beaches south of the city.

Competitors in a surf-sea marathon arrived at the finish on Brighton Beach with their feet covered in oil, an organizer for the event said.

Detergent to disperse the oil was being flown from Johannesburg to Natal, the Bureau for Information in Pretoria said yesterday.

The three bombs that exploded in Durban late on Saturday night and early yesterday morning were described as "minor", a spokesman for the bureau said. He added that no reports of deaths or injuries had been received and damage was slight.

Fire crews battled for more than two hours to control the pipeline blaze, the bureau's spokesman, Mr Leon Mellet, said.

He said the cause of the explosion was unknown.

The first explosion, which occurred about 11.30pm on Saturday, blew out a door and damaged some plate-glass windows of "The Copper Shop". It occurred in a wastepaper basket attached to a lamp post on the corner of West Street and Brickhill Road, the bureau said.

Another explosion occurred near a chemical container in Chamberlain Road, Jacobs. Damage was slight, according to the bureau.

++ EMERGENCY UPDATE ++

11/23/6/86

Lorry triggers mine detonator

Political Staff

AN Escom lorry triggered the detonator of a landmine in northern Natal. The mine failed to explode.

And nearby, police removed a landmine shown to them by black residents.

Mr Louis Nel, deputy Minister of Information, today confirmed that mines had been planted near Paulpietersburg and Vryheid.

EXPLODED

Mr Nel said the detonator of a Russian TNC 57 landmine on Mr H van Rensburg's farm near Paulpietersburg exploded when an Escom lorry drove over it at 9.20am yesterday. There were no injuries or damage and the mine was lifted by security forces.

The other mine, near Vryheid, was lifted at 8am yesterday by the police.

● See Pages 4 and 5.

Reward for the finder of mines

By Kym Hamilton, Pretoria Bureau

A reward of up to R2 000 will be paid to the person who discovered and reported the landmines in northern Natal on Sunday, the Bureau for Information has announced at its daily Press briefing in Pretoria.

The Director of Foreign Media Liaison for the bureau, Mr Casper Venter, would not give any further details about the reward.

Two Russian-made landmines were found about 10 km apart on farm roads in the Vryheid district. The first was activated when a truck passed over it. The mine failed to detonate and was later destroyed by bomb disposal units.

A second mine was discovered after the security forces received information from local people. Both mines were TM 57s.

DECLINE

Mr Venter said the unrest figure for the weekend was the lowest in weeks and the seriousness and number of incidents were continuing to decline.

The incidents during the 24 hour period from Sunday 6 am to yesterday 6 am which can be reported on, he said, were:

- In Durban, one classroom at the Springfield College was damaged during an arson attack. Firemen prevented further damage.
- In kwaNdebele, a man died after he was stoned and set alight. Security forces arrested three people.
- The burnt body of a black man was found in Tembisa.
- In Hazyview in the Eastern Transvaal, the security forces saved a woman sentenced to death by a "people's court". Four people were arrested.
- At Khutsong in the Western Transvaal, the security forces saved a man from being burnt to death. Five people were arrested.

All those arrested will appear in court on criminal charges, said Mr Venter.

Farmer's

'feeling'

led to

discovery

of mine

Crime Reporter

A GUT feeling that something was wrong probably saved the lives of a Vryheid farmer and his family at the weekend when he investigated a disturbance in the surface of the road to his father's farmhouse.

His fears were confirmed when he found a landmine only 350 m from the turn-off to the homestead on Nooitgedach farm on Sunday morning.

It was one of two landmines planted only 10 km apart in the Vryheid/Paulpietersburg area at the weekend.

Barking

Mr Wynand Solms, 24, said yesterday he and his wife had returned from a wedding about 10 pm on Saturday and had been kept awake by their dog's barking.

'I had a gut feeling that something was on the go, and in the morning I left my wife at home and drove out on the road.'

'I was travelling slowly and saw there was a difference in the ground, so I stopped and went closer on foot, looking out for booby traps, and found the landmine,' Mr Solms said. It was lifted by police.

Identify

Mr Solms, his brother Leon, and their father, each of whom owns a farm in the area, have decided to train their farm workers to identify landmines. Other farmers were following suit, he said.

Mr Louis Nel, Deputy Minister of Information, said yesterday a detonator on a landmine planted on Mr Hendrik van Rensburg's farm had exploded when an Escom truck had driven over it on Sunday.

There was no damage to the vehicle or injury to people on the truck. The landmine, a Russian TNC-57, had been lifted by security forces.

A number of people have already been killed by landmine attacks in the Eastern Transvaal.

Search for killers of policeman

84A

Own Correspondent

JOHANNESBURG. — Police in Bophuthatswana have launched a country-wide search for the killers of senior police officer Brigadier Andrew Makane Molope, who was gunned down at the weekend.

Brigadier Molope, the former Divisional Commissioner of Police for the Odi and Moretele districts, was killed on Saturday night outside a friend's house in Winterveld, by people believed to have been carrying AK-47 assault rifles. He was certified dead on arrival at Ga-Rankuwa Hospital.

A second Bophuthatswana policeman, Mr T J Petlele, was stabbed to death in Phokeng, near Rustenburg, when he intervened in a fight between people in the village.

Colonel David George, liaison officer of the Bophuthatswana Police, confirmed both deaths and said police were investigating.

About a year ago a similar attempt was made on the brigadier's life when his car was attacked. He escaped uninjured.

Brigadier Molope, at the time a colonel, headed the contingent of police during the shooting of 11 people on March 26 when Bophuthatswana security forces

opened fire on a crowd of about 30 000 people at a gathering.

Soon after the massacre, President Lucas Mangope ordered that a judicial commission of inquiry be set up into the killings.

The then-colonel and his second-in-command, Mr Diale J Mokobyane, were promoted to higher ranks.

Brigadier Molope was then transferred to Mma-batho.

Lawyers representing the families of the dead victims withdrew from the inquiry after the two men's promotions, claiming the promotions were a public display of the Bophuthatswana Government's confidence in the two officers.

One said they also withdrew because their "clients had lost confidence in the powers the commission had".

During the inquiry it had been disclosed that Brigadier Molope had been cited as respondent in three Supreme Court applications arising from alleged police brutality against residents of Winterveld and Ga-Rankuwa.

Yesterday morning the Bophuthatswana flag was flying at half-mast at the Ga-Rankuwa police station where the brigadier had formerly been stationed.

Jubilation as treason trial four acquitted 84A

MARITZBURG — The lengthy treason trial involving four of the national executive members of the South African Allied Workers' Union came to an abrupt end in the Maritzburg Supreme Court yesterday when all four were acquitted on all charges.

Family and friends in the gallery raised their right arms amid shouts of "Amandla" as

the judge, Mr Justice John Milne, the Natal Judge President, left the crowded court room.

Much jubilation continued outside the court building amid tight police security.

The unexpected turn came when Mr Michael Imber, SC, appearing for the State, announced he wished to stop the proceedings against the accused on all

charges, in terms of section 6 of the Criminal Procedure Act 51 of 1977.

Mr Justice Milne acquitted Mr Richard Gqweta, national president of Saawu; his general secretary, Mr Sisa Njikelana; the general secretary of the Durban branch, Mr Sam Kikine; and treasurer Mr Duze Isaac Ngcobo.

The men had been charged

with high treason and alternative charges under the Terrorism Act, and with furthering the aims of an unlawful organisation.

The allegations included plotting with the ANC to overthrow the South African Government between 1980 and 1985.

The trial began 13 months ago. Yesterday was the 86th court day.

Sudden end to treason trial as charges are dropped

THE long treason trial of four national executive members of the SA Allied Workers' Union came to an abrupt end in the Supreme Court in Maritzburg yesterday.

All charges were dropped by the State.

There was much jubilation among family and friends of Saawu national president Thozamile Gqweta, general secretary Sisa Njikelana, Durban general secretary Sam Kikine and treasurer Duze Isaac

Ngcobo, as the 13-month trial came to a dramatic end.

Yesterday was the 86th court day.

Right arms were raised in the gallery amid shouts of "Amandla!" as Natal Judge President Mr Justice John Milne left the crowded court room.

Prosecutor Michael Imber, SC, said he wished to stop the proceedings against the accused on all charges.

The men had been charged

CLAIRE PICKARD-CAMBRIDGE and Sapa

with high treason, alternatively charges under the Terrorism Act, and with furthering the aims of an unlawful organisation.

The allegations, in a 600-page indictment, included plotting with the ANC to overthrow government between 1980 and 1985.

Saawu welcomed withdrawal of charges.

A member at Saawu's Johannesburg head office, however, said he could not comment in the absence of top Saawu officials who had been in detention or in hiding since the declaration of the emergency.

Progressive Federal Party (PFP) law and order spokesman Helen Suzman said: "I think there is general alarm about the frequency with which trade unionists have been arrested and more particularly with their detentions under emergen-

cy regulations.

"It is difficult to accept Minister of Law and Order Louis Le Grange's statement that the detentions of these people have in every case had nothing to do with their trade union activities.

"I think it is too bad that when people are arrested, it takes such a long time before their cases are heard. If ultimately they are found not guilty, it means they spent many months in jail at great personal loss."

Pub DAY 24/6/86

8/1A



Firemen and ambulance officials help Mr Glen Pearce (28) move away from the scene of yesterday's blast at the Wimpy Bar in Rissik Street, Johannesburg.

25/6/86

84A

Giant manhunt underway after explosions in Jo'burg

Staff Reporters

The police were today still searching for clues after yesterday's explosions in Johannesburg.

A police spokesman said this morning they had no leads yet as to who was responsible for the explosions in Johannesburg and Soweto, but a giant manhunt was underway.

Four people are still in hospital following the blasts in the Wimpy Bar at Rissik and Pritchard Streets, and in a dustbin at the corner of Plein and Eloff Streets yesterday afternoon.

All the injured are in a satisfactory condition, according to a Bureau for Information spokesman.

A total of 18 people had been hurt in the blasts.

No one had been injured in an earlier blast at the Jabulani Stadium in Soweto. The blast had devastated an ablution block at 1.50 am.

Director of Foreign Media Liaison Mr Casper Venter was unable to say if the explosions had been caused by bombs.

At 2.01 pm an explosion had ripped through the Wimpy Bar, injuring at least 16 people.

Two men had been injured in the dustbin explosion at 2.26 pm outside the President Hotel.

The bar had been half-full with customers.

Police and fire officials were on the scene of the blasts within minutes.

The blast took place well inside the Wimpy Bar. The glass front of the restaurant had been blown out and mangled furniture was visible inside.

A two-month-old baby, Glenda Geduld, was hit on the head by a piece of flying glass as her mother, Mrs Michelle Geduld, walked past.

Two of the seriously injured, Mr Glen Pearce (28) and Mr John Ashburn (26) waited for several minutes outside the shattered Wimpy in a state of shock for an ambulance.

Mr Pearce told *The Star* he had been having lunch in the Wimpy Bar when the place was rocked by a blast. His hair was singed and he was bleeding profusely from a gash in his right leg

ripped off by the blast, had become hysterical and shouted: "Why, why?"

Mrs M E de Meyer, of Germiston, had sustained lacerations to her feet, head and arms.

Mr Leo Blair, of Randburg, who was badly injured on the head, said he was walking past when he heard a loud explosion. "Glass exploded everywhere and a big piece hit me on the head.

A shopkeeper, Mr Adam Muhamed, said his customers had thought it was an earthquake.

Police used dogs to disperse bystanders.

Injured were treated in the shop and on the pavement by Fire Department officials and ambulance men before being taken to hospital.

ALMIGHTY BANG

Mr Samson Litshane, a worker in the snack bar, said he had just left to take an order when he heard "an almighty bang" and turned to see smoke billowing from the shop.

The caretaker of the building, Mrs M Huyser, said she came down immediately when she heard the bang. She said the security arrangements must have been poor.

Eyewitnesses said the blast in Plein Street went off at 2.26 pm.

Mr A Nana, whose shop is adjacent to the hotel, heard a "massive blast" and ran to investigate.

A hotel worker, Mrs Anna Ziqubu, said she had been working only metres away when the blast went off in a municipal dustbin.

She was uninjured, despite sitting in front of a window, which was shattered by the blast.

Mrs G de Sa, on holiday from Cape Town, said she was about to leave the nearby President Hotel when the blast occurred.

Seven explosions have hit the country since the state of emergency was imposed on June 12.

A car bomb on Durban's beachfront on June 14 claimed the lives of three women. Three more incidents were reported in Durban at the weekend and two landmines were discovered in northern Natal.

BB

25/6/86 STAFF 84A

Emergency operations for two hurt in Johannesburg blasts

FOUR people are still in hospital following the blast in the Wimpy Bar on the corner of Rissik and Pritchard streets and the explosion in a dustbin at the corner of Plein and Eloff streets. The blasts injured 18 people.

Two of the injured had emergency operations last night. They are being treated for burns. The four are "stable and satisfactory".

The Bureau for Information announced in Pretoria today that the following people were admitted to Johannesburg General Hospital: Mrs Marie Pretorius, 54, Mr Steven Pearle, 28, Mr Kevin Almacon, 21, and Mr John Ashburne, 20.

No one was injured in an earlier blast at the Jabulani Stadium in Soweto. The blast devastated an ablution block about 1.50am yesterday.

Hotel

Director of foreign media liaison, Mr Casper Venter, said he could not say if the explosions were caused by bombs.

At 2.01pm an explosion ripped through the Wimpy Bar, injuring at least 16 people.

Two men were injured in the dustbin explosion at 2.26pm outside the President Hotel.

The Wimpy was half-full of customers when the blast went off well inside the restaurant. The glass front was blown out and furniture was wrecked.

A two-month-old baby, Glenda Geduld, was hit on the head by a piece of glass while her mother, Mrs Michelle Geduld, was walking past.

Hysterical

One of the injured, Mr Glen Pearce, 28, said he was having lunch in the Wimpy Bar. His hair was singed and he was bleeding from a gash in his right leg.

A shocked Mr John Ashburn, 26, whose clothes were ripped

off by the blast, became hysterical and shouted: "Why, why?"

Mrs M E de Meyer, of Germiston, was cut on her feet, head and arms. She said: "I was walking in the street. I just heard a terrible bang. Glass was flying everywhere."

Mr Leo Blair of Randburg, who had a head injury, said he was walking past when he heard the explosion. He said: "Glass exploded everywhere on my right and a big piece hit me on the head."

Shattered

Witnesses said the blast in Plein Street came at 2.26pm.

A hotel worker, Mrs Anna Ziqubu, said she was working only metres away when the blast went off in a municipal dustbin.

She was not injured, in spite of sitting in front of a window which was shattered by the blast.

The African National Congress said today it had no comment on the explosions. — Argus Correspondents, Argus Africa News Service and Sapa.



Firemen and ambulance officials carry two blast victims from the Wimpy Bar in Rissik Street, Johannesburg.

**City
centre
and
Soweto
are
targets**



FIREMEN and ambulance officials remove Mr Glen Pearce (28) from the scene of yesterday's Wimpy Bar blast.

BOMBS

THREE blasts rocked Johannesburg and Soweto yesterday afternoon, injuring at least 17 people, two of them seriously.

The first blast was at a Wimpy Bar on the corner of Rissik and Pritchard streets at 1.45pm, the second at Soweto's Jabulani Amphitheatre at 2.10pm and the third at the President Holiday Inn, corner of Plein and Eloff streets, at 2.26pm.

Unrest stories in this issue

THE information in this issue of the *Sowetan* that relates to unrest and conditions in black townships is supplied by the Government's Bureau of Information. In terms of emergency regulations, the *Sowetan* and other media are not allowed to publish any information on unrest except what is given by the Bureau.

SOWETAN 25/1/76 (84A)
SOWETAN Reporters

In the first blast 15 people were injured, while in the second two were hurt and no injuries were reported in the third explosion.

According to the director of the Bureau of Information, Mr Casper Venter, police cordoned off the blast areas in the city immediately after the explosion.

Damage at the Wimpy Bar explosion was extensive while damage at the two other areas was minimal.

The Wimpy Bar blast took place well inside the restaurant. The whole-glass front of the restaurant was blown out and mangled furniture was visible from outside.

Paramedics who rushed to the scene attended to the injured.

A two-month-old

baby, Glenda Geduld, was hit on the head by a piece of flying glass while her mother, Mrs Michelle Geduld, was walking past the Wimpy Bar.

Two of the injured, Mr Glen Pearce (28), and Mr John Ashburn (26), waited in a state of shock for several minutes outside the shattered Wimpy.

Lunch

Mr Pearce said he was having lunch in the restaurant when the place was rocked by a blast. His hair was singed and he was bleeding profusely from a gash in his right leg.

A shocked Mr Ashburn, whose clothes were ripped off by the blast, became hysterical and shouted: "Why, why?"

Mrs M E de Meyer,

of Germiston, sustained lacerations to her feet, head and arms. "I was walking in the street. I just heard a terrible bang. Glass was flying everywhere."

Mr Leo Blair, of Randburg, who was badly injured on the head, said he was walking past when he heard the loud explosion.

"Glass exploded everywhere on my right-hand side and a big piece hit me on the head."

A nearby shopkeeper, Mr Adam Muhammed, said some of the people in his shop thought it was an earthquake. "There was a loud bang and within seconds, there were hundreds of people running to the scene."

Police used dogs to disperse crowds of bystanders outside the restaurant.

The other injured were treated in the shop and on the pavement by fire department officials and ambulance men.

Mr Samson Litshane, a worker in the snack bar, said he had just left to take an order when he heard "an almighty bang" and turned to see smoke billowing from the shop.

The caretaker of the building, Mrs M Huyser, said she came down immediately when she heard the bang.

The sharp bang of the blast was heard more than four blocks away.

**15 hurt
at Wimpy
Bar blast**

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A TRADITION OF DISTINCTIVE QUALITY
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19 hurt in two bomb blasts in Joburg

SLA

CAPL TMS
25/6/86

JOHANNESBURG. — Nineteen people — including a two-month-old baby — were injured in the explosions that rocked the city centre here yesterday, the Bureau for Information said last night.

It added that four are in a serious condition.

One explosion occurred inside the Wimpy Bar on the corner of Pritchard and Rissik streets at 2.01pm and the other in the foyer of the President Holiday Inn on the corner of Eloff and Plein streets at 2.26pm.

A Congress of South African Trade Unions conference apparently scheduled to take place at the hotel yesterday afternoon was cancelled.

Bomb placed in dustbin

Eighteen people were injured in the restaurant blast which shattered windows in nearby stores and buildings, showering glass into the busy, blood-bespattered streets below. Mangled furniture was visible inside.

Two of the injured, Mr Glen Pearce, 28, and Mr John Ashburn, 26, waited outside the shattered restaurant in a state of shock for an ambulance.

One man was injured in the hotel blast. The bomb was apparently placed in a dustbin outside the entrance and caused little damage to the hotel.

A tramp curled up fast asleep on the pavement outside the hotel, seemed oblivious of the blast and the activity around him. Policemen and passers-by delicately stepped over him.

Within seconds of the blasts police had cordoned off the blocks and the Holiday Inn and the Victoria Hotel nextdoor were evacuated.

Injured treated at blast scene

SA Defence Force members, police with dogs and traffic police guarded the area as hundreds of lunch-time passers-by milled around and plainclothes and uniformed security men examined the wreckage.

Several people were treated at the scene.

Johannesburg Hospital sources said 20 people had been brought to the hospital after the two explosions. Four had been admitted, and 16 released after treatment.

The two-month-old baby was hit on the head by a piece of glass as she was carried past the restaurant by her mother. She was apparently not seriously hurt.

In a statement, the bureau — the only official source of information under state of emergency regulations, described the blasts as "callous acts of terrorism". The bureau added police were still investigating the explosions.

Two suffer burn wounds

"There is no clarity at this stage as to what kind of explosive devices were used. The police are following up all leads. No arrests have as yet been made," it added.

"The four seriously injured people were admitted to the Johannesburg Hospital. All the others were treated and discharged."

The names of the injured have not yet been announced.

The SABC quoted the chief superintendent of the hospital, Dr Reg Broekman, as saying two of the four badly injured were being treated for burns.

Their condition was serious. The other two were in a "stable condition". — Sapa and Own Correspondent.

Nineteen injured in blasts

84A

← ● From Page 1

Maake of Turfloop.

Suzman said the lists included members of the clergy and lawyers such as Cachalia, Watters and Smit, trade unionists such as Piroshaw Camay, Dennis Neer and Howard Marawu, journalists such as Jill de Vlieg, Mike Loewe and Cliff Steerman, doctors such as Drs Asvat, Motala and Nkomo and political activists such as Raymond Suttner and members of the UDF.

She alleged the families of detainees

were not being informed about detentions.

The Bureau of Information in its daily report yesterday said:

- Two black men were killed in unrest on Monday, raising the official death toll since the declaration of the emergency on June 12 to 59.
- Three blacks armed with AK47s and a rocket fired shots at a supermarket in Tweefontein. A black man was injured.



The scene of the blast at the President Holiday Inn Hotel yesterday.



Firemen and ambulance officials remove Mr Glen Pearce (28) from the scene of yesterday's Wimpy bar blast.



Shocked bomb victim Mr John Ashburn moments after the explosion ripped through a Rissik Street Wimpy bar yesterday.

Blast victim tells of lunch-hour terror in Rissik Street Wimpy

25/4/86 S.M.R. 841A

Staff Reporters

Bomb-blast victim Mr Kevin Almacin (21) of Bosmont, speaking from the Johannesburg Hospital last night, said a loud bang and flames first signalled that a bomb had ripped through the Wimpy Bar in Rissik Street at lunch-time yesterday.

"I was sitting at a table against the wall with a girlfriend. I saw flames leap up behind her heard a loud bang and then saw people rushing around," said a still-confused Mr Almacin, who suffered severe ear injuries in the blast and had to have questions put to him in writing.

"Suddenly I found myself on the floor and I heard people screaming, sirens and dogs barking.

"A first-aid man came to me and all I remember is that he laid a pillow

under my head and I was brought to hospital."

His girlfriend Miss Amanda Luckay (19) of Bosmont, was hurt in the blast.

She was taken to the hospital, but sent home after treatment.

Mr Almacin works night-shift as a confectioner for a Bosmont bakery. He said had been in town to buy a pair of gloves.

FIRECRACKER

Mr Almacin said that doctors had told him that part of his inner ear had been damaged by the blast, but that it would heal.

"I feel dizzy and all speech sounds like a buzz," he told reporters.

Another man in the Wimpy Bar was Mr Alan Gordon, a stock exchange employee who had stopped for a cool

drink. He said the bomb sounded like a giant firecracker.

He was sitting at the back of the restaurant, "when the glass was blown out of my hand."

"Everyone fell to the ground with the impact of the blast and I could see broken glass everywhere.

"I lay on the ground for about 10 seconds waiting to see what would happen. There was a lot of screaming and then everyone dashed outside," recalled Mr Gordon.

"I come to this place about once a month," said Mr Gordon. "What a day to choose. It was quite frightening. I have seen a few explosions in my time, but I have never been involved in one. I am a little stiff, but I was very fortunate to be sitting in the back of the restaurant."

TV film of bomb blasts confiscated

By Susan Fleming

At least two foreign television networks at the scene of yesterday's bomb blasts in Johannesburg had their video film confiscated by police and were told footage would be available from the SABC only.

Camera crews from the BBC and the American NBC network had their film confiscated.

The senior director of news at the SABC, Mr Sakkie Burger, confirmed that the SABC camera team had been allowed to record yesterday's bomb blasts. He said two foreign networks had approached the SABC for blast footage after it had been cleared with the Commissioner of Police.

The co-vice chairman of the Foreign Correspondents' Association, Mr Michael Hornsby, condemned the fact that only the SABC had been allowed to cover the bomb blasts.

Although some might view getting SABC footage as a concession, Mr Hornsby said it was unacceptable. "It will probably be edited to suit the Government and if this is the case any self-respecting agency would be reluctant to accept it," he said.

S. NAYL
26/6/86

84A

City blasts prompt businessmen to look at new measures

Firms re-think security

By Michael Chester

Johannesburg businessmen are to examine new security measures in the wake of the bomb blasts on Tuesday.

Moves were launched yesterday to frame a set of guidelines on how businesses should tackle security.

Mr Marius de Jager, chief ex-

ecutive of the Johannesburg Chamber of Commerce, said security members would meet in the next few days to examine the whole issue of urban unrest.

"Our ambition is to produce a special newsletter that will give guidelines to all member firms — retailers, restaurants, hotels, factories and offices, especially those in and around the city cen-

tre.

"We are also exchanging notes with the Durban Chamber of Commerce to ensure as much information and experience as possible will be pooled."

New business security measures are also to be studied by the Emergency Planning Association that has been formed as an offshoot of the Central Busi-

ness District Association.

Mr Pat Corbin, president of the Junior Chamber of Commerce, said it had become essential to give new advice to businesses on security measures.

"The incidents on Tuesday have obviously caused grave concern. They have also caused some puzzlement in view of the enormous progress that Johannesburg in particular has achieved with reforms and the dismantling of apartheid.

"One is dismayed to learn that the very people who have contributed so much to racial harmony turn out to be the victims of terrorism," he said.

"The chamber will also be examining more effective ways of communicating to everyone what achievements have been made and what may still be in the pipeline.

"Perhaps ignorance about achievements is at the root of outbreaks of violence".

'Civil Defence can cope with blasts'

By Hannes de Wet

Johannesburg's Civil Defence Corps is geared for emergencies such as Tuesday's bomb explosions in the city centre, says the manager of Civil Defence, Mr H van Elst.

"We are also working very closely with commerce and industry and assist them in their overall emergency planning."

Mr van Elst said it was virtually impossible to prevent incidents such as Tuesday's explosions.

"It can only be done to a limited extent by taking steps such as removing dustbins from easily accessible places. If somebody is determined to place a bomb somewhere, he will do it regardless.

"That is why we are placing the emphasis on how such emergencies should be handled. In this regard we are training many people from commerce and industry.

"In June alone we have trained about 500 people in first aid procedures."

Mr van Elst said an Emergency Planning Association was established about nine months ago with a view to increase co-operation between the Civil Defence Corps and commerce and industry.

Mr van Elst said there had been a surge of interest in civil defence during the past year.

"We sometimes find it difficult to keep with all the inquiries we are receiving."

DD 26/6/86 (844)

Blast damages Alice court, PO

By WELLINGTON
SANGOTSHA

EAST LONDON — A bomb which exploded in a telephone booth in Alice late on Tuesday night damaged both the magistrate's court and the post office building in the Ciskei town.

No one was injured in the blast.

The damage to the post office was estimated to be less than R3 000. Damage caused to the magistrate's court has not yet been assessed.

The incident was confirmed yesterday by a Ciskei police public relations spokesman. The origin of the bomb is not known.

The explosion, which was heard throughout the town at 10 pm, woke residents. It was also heard in the villages of Gqumashe and Upper Alice, about 12 km from Alice.

The superintendent of the post office, Mr N. I. Matyana, said yesterday all the window panes in front of the building had been broken. The front portion of the roof and that of the telephone booth were blown off.

There was also extensive damage to the right side of the magistrate's court building.

The magistrate's court and the post office are divided by a wall. The telephone booth was situated on a veranda of the magistrate's court building, which also had all its front windows shattered.

The Ciskei deputy director-general of justice, Mr M. Kashe, said yesterday he had not yet received an assessment of the damage caused to the magistrate's court building.

An Alice resident who lives across the road from the post office, Mr P. Rangee, said his family was watching TV when they heard the explosion.

As the family occupy rooms at the back of their shop, they did not know what was happening and went outside to investigate.

They saw a number of police vehicles in front of the magistrate's court and post office buildings, Mr Rangee said.

The explosion also triggered the alarm at a nearby shop.

The area was cordoned off by police until 11 am yesterday.

In the morning he saw the buildings had been damaged and the roof of the telephone booth had been blown off, Mr Rangee said.

CH/1 - Times 26/6/86 (84)

Bomb blast in Ciskei town

EAST LONDON. — A bomb explosion in a telephone booth damaged the Magistrate's Court and post office buildings in Alice, Ciskei, on Tuesday at 10pm.

No one was injured.

Damage caused to the post office building was estimated at more than R3 000. Damage to the court building has not yet been assessed.

The incident was confirmed yesterday by the Ciskeian police public relations spokesman.

The origin of the bomb is not known. — Sapa

TURFLOOP MARCH RECALLED

THE march by students of the University of the North to the Mankweng Police Station on June 16 last year, was recalled at the Delmas treason trial yesterday.

This was during Captain Jacobus Vorster's evidence at the trial of 22 men who are appearing before Mr Justice K Dijkhorst, sitting with two assessors.

He told the court that on that day there were two meetings — one in Mankweng Lutheran Church which was organised by the local youth congress and another at the campus which was organised by Azaso.

He said about 5 pm students from Turfloop marched out of the campus and were joined by pupils from Mankweng in their march to the police sta-

tion
"They were about 900 to 1 000 and were singing freedom songs and chanting slogans like, "viva ANC and viva Tambo", he said.

He told the court that the group then stoned the police station but were chased by the Lebowa police who were using sjamboks. One teargas canister was fired and many of the students fled back to the campus. Captain Vorster added that about 7.30pm the same day students invaded the university cafeteria. They looted and took some money from the till, he said.

He further said on June 26, 1985, pamphlets were distributed at Mankweng and more near the Turfloop SRC offices at Tiro Square.

Prosecutor: "Is Tiro Square the actual name of the place?"

Captain Vorster: "No. It was named by students after Tiro made a political speech at that place."

In his evidence, Captain Vorster also said that the Azanian Students Organisation manipulated students at Turfloop and took over the SRC in 1985.

Slogans

Prosecutor: "Before 1985 did SRC members not belong to any organisation?"

Captain Vorster: "The SRC was comprised of both Azanian Students Movement and Azaso members."

He added that in May last year, he saw slogans in Mankweng and Turfloop. Some read: "Oliver Tambo Save Us," "ANC leads".

The tough task of being an organiser

The struggle of the South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu), whose leaders were this week acquitted of treason charges in Maritzburg, encapsulates the heavy odds faced by black unions in organising workers.

Charges against Saawu President Mr Thozamile Botha, secretary Mr Sisa Njikelana, treasurer Mr Isaac Ngcobo and Durban branch secretary Mr Sam Kikine were withdrawn by Mr Justice Milne after the State decided not to proceed with prosecution.

CHARGED

The four — with 12 United Democratic Front leaders — were initially variously charged with treason, terrorism and/or furthering the aims of the African National Congress. Proceedings against the other accused were dropped last December. All accused had been out on bail since May 1984.

The allegations against the four specifically referred to the period from 1981 — when Saawu was at its strongest — until 1985.

The union, formed in

The acquittal of four South African Allied Workers' Union (Saawu) leaders on treason charges this week has again focused attention on the union, which has had the constant attention of the authorities since its inception. MIKE SILUMA traces the union's history.

1978, was one of the most militant to organise black workers in the post-Wiehahn era. The fastest growing union at the time, Saawu soon called a national boycott of Wilson Rowntree products after its members were fired at the company's plant in East London.

The boycott call was followed by the formation of community and student support committees — giving further impetus to moves in some union circles for closer co-operation between unions and community groups. Such moves were rejected by other unionists.

Saawu's approach was not to lead to a union as strong on the factory floor as its founders would have liked, but it did play a part in the highly politicised Congress of SA Trade Unions-style unionism.

Saawu also to become a founder member of Cosatu.

Later Saawu played a leading role in the protracted Mdantsane, East London, bus boycott in 1983.

And when the UDF was established, Saawu was one of the first member unions.

While at the pinnacle of its strength, Saawu might have been a source of worry to many employers, it was perhaps its bold involvement in political issues which placed it on a collision course with both the Government and the homeland authorities.

And while life was made uncomfortable for independent unions for their opposition to the apartheid and the homelands, Saawu was the first union to be banned in the homelands — first in Ciskei and then in Transkei.

Ten in court in connection with 13 blasts

Mercury Reporter

THERE were shouts in the Durban Supreme Court yesterday when 10 people, appearing before Mr Justice Howard in connection with 13 bomb blasts, left the dock.

The packed court had earlier been quiet as the nine men and a pregnant woman entered, following a warning from a police officer that he would have anyone who sang or shouted removed.

The accused, who include two Indians, one of them a doctor, are charged with 20 counts of contravening the Internal Security Act and the Arms and Ammunition Act.

They are Duduzile Charity Baby Buthelezi, 32, Vejaynand Ramlakan, 28, Sibongiseni Maxwell Dhlomo, 26, Sibusiso Nzlanzi, 29, Jude Francis, 21, Ordway

Msomi, 20, Sipho Bhila, 31, Phumezo Nxiweni, 20, Mapiki Dlomo, 32, and Bafo Nguqu, 31.

By consent, Mr Justice Howard postponed the matter to July 3 so that the defence could make an application to set aside the Attorney-General's certificate barring the Court from granting bail.

The grounds for the application, and the application itself, would be heard on the same day.

According to the State, the accused are alleged to have been instrumental in planting bombs in various places in the Durban area between September 1983 and January this year.

They are also alleged to have played a part in the bomb blast at Amanzimtoti's Sanlam Centre

Mr L Gering appeared for the defence.

Bomb blast in Ciskei

26/6/86
EAST LONDON—A bomb explosion in a telephone booth damaged both the Magistrate's Court and post office buildings in Alice, Ciskei, late on Tuesday night.

No one was injured.

Damaged caused to the post office building was estimated at more than R3 000.

(84A)
The damage caused to the Magistrate's Court building has not yet been assessed.

The incident was confirmed yesterday by a Ciskeian Police public relations spokesman.

The origin of the bomb, which was heard throughout the town at 10 p.m., is not known. — (Sapa)

Argus: 27/6/82 (847)

Pretoria landmine

The Argus Correspondent

PRETORIA. — A landmine damaged a lorry on a gravel road just north of Pretoria, the Bureau for Information has revealed.

The driver was not hurt.

A spokesman for the bureau said yesterday's blast occurred about 8am near Soshanguve.

FUN CITY BLASTS

27/6/86
The Johannesburg city centre was rocked by two explosions on Tuesday afternoon. A blast inside a Rissik Street fast food outlet was followed 25 minutes later by another outside the President Hotel in Plein Street.

34A
Seventeen people were injured in the explosions, according to a spokesman for the Bureau for Information. He said no information was available on who was responsible for the blasts.

Journalist called in treason trial

Staff Reporter

DELMAS — A Welkom journalist briefly took the witness stand in the Delmas treason trial yesterday and said he was unable to identify any person who appeared in photographs he had taken at a United Democratic Front meeting.

Mr Hendrik Molema Mochudi, a *City Press* reporter, told Mr Justice K van Dijkhorst he had taken the photographs in early 1984 when he had been a free-

lance contributor to *The Friend Special Edition*.

The occasion was the local launch of the UDF's "One Million Signature Campaign" in the Welkom township of Thabong.

Asked to identify the people in the photographs, Mr Mochudi said: "I can't say I know anyone. But the person who delivered the subpoena for me to give evidence is the one who told me I could identify this man (pointing to a person in a photograph) as Terror Lekota."

Mr Lekota is one of the 22 accused in the marathon trial which arises from the Vaal rent protests and violence of September 1984.

Mr Mochudi said the man who delivered the subpoena last week was a Warrant Officer Hugo. He said the policeman had pointed out Mr Lekota in the pictures after he (Mr Mochudi) had insisted he "was not going to come to Delmas to testify because I was not going to testify against people I did not

S.M.L.
27/6/86
know
84A

He said no further suggestions of this nature had been put to him in other discussions with the prosecuting team.

Mr Justice van Dijkhorst asked Mr Mochudi: "Does this mean that you took photos without knowing who you took photos of?"

He replied he had written his report at the time of the meeting and sent it off with the photos, each with a caption.

Police continue probe into Alice explosion

Dispatch Reporter

EAST LONDON — The type of explosive which rocked the Alice post office and magistrate's court buildings on Tuesday night has not yet been identified.

This was confirmed yesterday by a spokesman for the Ciskei Police directorate of public relations.

He said investigations were continuing. No further details were given.

The bomb exploded in a telephone booth late on Tuesday night, damaging both the magistrate's court and the post office buildings which are situated adjacent to each other.

No-one was injured in the blast.

The damage to the post office was esti-

mated at more than R3 000. Damage to the magistrate's court building had not yet been assessed.

The explosion shook the whole of Alice and could be heard as far away as 12 km from the scene.

Window panes at the post office and the roof of the telephone booth were shattered. There was also extensive damage to the right side of the magistrate's court building.

Alarms at nearby shops were set off by the explosion.

Truck blasted by landmine near Pretoria

By Sue Leeman, Pretoria Bureau

The driver of a truck escaped injury yesterday when his vehicle set off a landmine on a gravel road just north of Pretoria, the Bureau for Information has revealed. The truck was extensively damaged.

It is the second landmine blast in the Pretoria area in recent months. Earlier this year, a Casspir was damaged when it set off a landmine just outside the Mamelodi township.

A spokesman for the bureau said yesterday's blast occurred at about 8 am on a gravel road near Soshanguve.

The explosion is believed to have caused damage to the truck estimated at about R30 000.

The bureau could not give the driver's name or any other information about him late yesterday.

The Deputy Minister of Information, Mr Louis Nel, said it was a "callous attempt by the ANC to commit terror in South Africa"

INNOCENT

"The ANC failed dismally in its efforts to instigate a revolution in South Africa on June 16. This is shown by the decline in unrest and black-on-black violence."

Mr Nel said many of the ANC's victims were innocent. Yesterday's incident and the recent bomb attack in Johannesburg had proved the victims of ANC terror were unidentifiable and the organisation's violent acts were indiscriminate.

The global forces of terror, he said, must be countered. But the international community negated its moral obligation to eradicate terror if it was prepared to have talks with "certain international terror organisations or their leaders".

This is believed to be a reference to the meeting this week between Mrs Lynda Chalker, of the British Foreign Office, and the head of the ANC, Mr Oliver Tambo.

Four ANC suspects held in Durban

Pretoria Bureau

Four suspected ANC insurgents arrested in the Durban area are being held under section 29 of the Internal Security Act, according to a police spokesman.

They were picked up this week by police, who also unearthed an arms cache containing Russian weapons.

The spokesman declined to say to which incidents the four were being linked.

However, subsequent investigations had led to the discovery of an arms cache containing Russian weapons and the materials for making bombs.

The spokesman said the four were being held under Section 29, which provides for indefinite detention for purposes of interrogation. He said the police inquiry could take some time.

The arms cache contained, among other things, AK-47 and VZ rifles and large quantities of chemicals, which could be used to make bombs.

The spokesman warned that the authorities would take strong action against the perpetrators of violence, particularly petrol-bombings.

He cited a Cape court case earlier this year in which prison sentences of up to eight years had been handed out to five petrol bombers.

STAR
84A
27/6/86

(Saawu) — who were consequently acquitted — was the State's final admission of failure in one of the most high profile treason trials in the last 25 years.

It follows the decision by the Attorney General Michael Imber, on December 9 last year, to drop the prosecution of the Saawu four's co-accused — 12 top leaders of the United Democratic Front (UDF).

The marathon trial came after security police swoops on activists in 1984 and 1985, court rulings that the detention of some of the accused was unlawful, and the British Consulate sit-in.

The prosecution set out to prove that the 16 original accused were involved — between 1980-1985 — in a revolutionary conspiracy with an African National Congress (ANC) led alliance to overthrow the government. The 587-page indictment accused the UDF of being an ANC front, while Saawu was charged with being a front for the ANC-dominated South African Congress of Trade Unions.

Much of the State's evidence consisted of video recordings of political meetings the accused had addressed or attended, and bugged tape recordings of their conversations. While the 16 formally admitted that they had made speeches expressing strong opposition to apartheid, they denied that this constituted treason, terrorism or furthering the aims of an unlawful organisation.

In the final analysis, the trial turned out to

ecs.

27/6/86
TREASON TRIAL

State's case flops

The Natal Attorney General's decision in the Maritzburg Supreme Court this week to withdraw the prosecution of four officials of the South African Allied Workers' Union

be a classic example of the State finding itself hoisted on its own petard. Defence lawyers did not lead evidence, and instead the case against the 16 faltered because of deficiencies in evidence led by the prosecution.

The acquittal of the 12 UDF leaders came about directly as a result of the crumbling, under cross-examination, of the key State witness, Rand Afrikaans University political scientist Isaak de Vries. He admitted, among other things, that there were "fundamental mistakes" in his evidence, which could have misled the court.

The prosecution of the Saawu four — national president Thozamile Gqweta, general secretary Sisa Njikelana, Sam Kikine and Isaac Ngcobo — resumed in February. This part of the case concentrated on trade union activities and various strikes with which Saawu was associated. At one stage, the defence showed that former manpower minister Fanie Botha and members of the security police had conspired with certain factory managements in East London to smash Saawu. This, the defence said, came at a time when the government was proclaiming that its labour policy encompassed freedom of association, autonomy for trade unions, and minimum State interference in labour relations.

The collapse of the case occurred after June 5 when, in a trial-within-a-trial, Natal Judge President, Mr Justice John Milne,

ruled that evidence by the State — on the admissibility of tape and video recordings — was deficient. According to legal sources, Milne's judgment on this issue is not only "the most important ever delivered in SA, but also in the Anglo-Saxon world."

The collapse of the State's case is a triumph for a frequently tested defence in South African jurisprudence: that opposition to government policy does not necessarily constitute a subversive act, let alone a treasonable one, more so if such protest is overt.

The four acquitted men had all previously been detained — Gqweta at least eight times and Njikelana at least six. In every instance, nothing against them has been proved. ■

APPE Trans
28/6/86 (PLA)

Natal blasts: 4 arrested

DURBAN. — Police have arrested four suspected ANC members and believe they are connected to recent bomb blasts in the Durban area.

A police spokesman said the four were being held under Section 29 of the Internal Security Act. — Sapa

Toti bomber's plea fails

BLOEMFONTEIN. — Andrew Subusiso Zondo, the man convicted of five murders and of attempted murder as a result of the bomb blast in an Amanzimtoti shopping centre on December 23, 1985, has been refused leave by the Appeal Court to appeal against the finding that there were no extenuating circumstances in his favour.

Zondo was convicted in the Circuit Court at Scottburgh by Mr Justice R N Leon on April 1, 1986. As no extenuation circumstances were found he received a five-fold death penalty for the murders and a 10-year prison sentence for the attempted murder of members of the public at or near the shopping centre.

The murder victims were Mrs Anna Shearer, Mrs Irma Bencini, Sharon Bothma, Willem Arie van Wyk and Cornio Smit. — Sapa

W/E ARMS 28/6/86 (842)

Man, child injured in Queenstown bomb blast

QUEENSTOWN. — Two people were injured when a bomb blast rocked a busy shopping centre in Queenstown, Eastern Cape at noon today.

A spokeswoman for the Bureau for Information said the blast was caused by an explosive device placed in a dustbin outside Frontier Pharmacy in the Fred Petit shopping centre.

A 12-year-old boy was badly injured on the left leg and a 30-year-old man was slightly injured in the left foot, she said.

The boy was taken to hospital and it is feared his leg may have to be amputated below the knee.

Police have cordoned off the area and are investigating the cause of the blast, the spokeswoman said.

The shopping centre was packed with last-minute shoppers when the bomb went off.

The blast blew out the windows of the chemist shop and nearby Glenley's furniture store and scattered shards of glass across the shopping centre. The offices of a local firm of attorneys were also slightly damaged.

A number of cars in a large parking lot nearby had their windows shattered and bodywork battered by the blast.

A young woman who was signwriting on a window next to the chemist was seriously shocked but escaped injury.

Several shoppers paying for their groceries at a nearby supermarket were also badly shocked. — Sap

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Boy badly injured in Q'town bomb blast

WJE Post 2/6/86
84A

Weekend Post Reporter

A 12-year-old boy was seriously injured in an explosion outside a Queenstown pharmacy this morning.

The explosive device, which detonated inside a dustbin, occurred at about 11.45am outside the Frontier Pharmacy in the busy Fred Pettit Shopping Centre in Ebdon Street.

A spokesman for the Bureau for Information said this afternoon that the cause of the explosion was not yet known and police investigations were continuing.

A 30-year-old man who received minor injuries was treated at the Frontier Hospital and discharged.

The injured child was believed to be on his way from Frontier Hospital in Queenstown to East London's Frere Hospital. It is reported that his left

leg is severely damaged.

The blast shattered the windows and roof of the pharmacy, the windows of the Glenley Furnishers shop and the windows of the offices of a legal firm, Albert and Morgan.

Sapa reports that the shopping centre was crowded when the bomb went off.

The blast scattered shards of glass across the shopping centre.

The windows of a number of cars in a large parking lot near the centre were shattered by the blast, and shoppers who were paying for their groceries at a nearby supermarket were badly shocked, but escaped injury.

A young woman who was signwriting nearby escaped injury when the bomb went off, but was severely shocked.

EMERGENCY UPDATE

Four ANC suspects held after bombings

Argus 27/12/86
844

The Argus Correspondent

DURBAN. — Police believe they have made a breakthrough in connection with bomb blasts in the Durban area with the arrest of four suspected ANC terrorists.

Soon after the arrest on Wednesday security police found a large arms cache.

A police spokesman in Pretoria said several Russian-made AK-47 rifles, VZ rifles, sub-machine guns and ammunition were in the cache. It also held chemicals that could be used to make bombs.

Police are offering rewards of up to R1 000 for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any person who makes or uses fire and acid bombs or takes part in acts of unrest.

Rewards are also offered for information leading to the discovery of arms caches.

29/6/86.

Blasts in Durban: 10 in court

CITY PR. (84A)

By SIBUSISO MNGADI

NINE men and a pregnant woman appeared in Durban's Supreme Court for the second time this week in connection with 13 bomb blasts in the greater Durban area.

The 10 - allegedly African National Congress members and supporters - are appearing on 20 counts of contravening the Internal Security and Arms and Ammunition Acts.

Duduzile Charity Baby Buthelezi, 32, Dr Sibongiseni Maxwell Dhlomo, 26, Dr Vejayanand Indurjiph Ramlakan, 28, Sibusiso Robert Ndlanzi, 29, Jude Francis, 21, Ordway Qonda Msomi, 20, Sipho Stanley Bhila, 31, Phumezo George James Nxiweni, 20, Matika Aaron Dlomo, 32, and Bafu Bawana Nguqu entered the packed courtroom amid cries of "amandla".

The State alleges they were involved in explosions at the XL Tearoom, Grosvenor Girl's High School, Umlazi Executive Hotel, two Spar supermarkets, OK Bazaars, Umlazi Bakery, West

Street's Game discount store, Mobeni post-office, Chatsworth court, the home of House of Delegates leader Amichand Rajbansi between September 1983 and January this year and a vehicle in Pine Street.

The State also alleges that they played a part in the explosion in the Sanlam shopping centre in Amanzimtoti which left five people dead and many others injured.

There are also further allegations that they were involved in various attempts to blow up other buildings, as well as SAP and SADF vehicles.

Allegations that they disseminated and possessed banned literature, as well as machine-guns, ammunition, grenades and bombs, also appeared in the indictment.

No evidence was led and the case was postponed to July 3.

It is expected that the defence team will challenge Natal Attorney-General Mike Imbel's refusal to grant bail.

Healey goes to...

29/6/86



prays for South Africa - les in the Wimpy Bar ...



Young explosion victim 'stable'

EAST LONDON — The 12-year-old boy injured in the weekend bomb explosion in Queenstown is in a stable condition in East London's Frere Hospital.

A hospital spokesman said today Douglas

Nepgen underwent a leg operation on Saturday night.

The bomb exploded in a dustbin at a crowded shopping centre at 11.45am on Saturday.

A 30-year-old man who

suffered toe fractures was treated in hospital and discharged.

The explosion shattered shop and office windows and damaged the roof of a pharmacy and cars in a parking lot.

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1705
30/6/81
84A
~~84A~~

Q'town school in blast injured

Dispatch Reporter

QUEENSTOWN — A 12-year-old boy was injured and damage estimated at thousands of rands was caused when a bomb exploded in a dustbin at the busy Fred Pettit shopping centre here about 11.45 am on Saturday.

The boy, Douglas Nepgen, was admitted to the Frere Hospital with leg fractures, and according to a hospital spokesman, underwent an operation on Saturday night. His condition was stable.

When asked if the boy might lose part of his leg — something his family feared — the spokesman said: "It is too soon to say. It is a question of watching him over the next couple of days to see how he responds to treatment."

An unidentified 30-year-old man suffered toe fractures in the blast and was treated at the Frontier Hospital here before being discharged later.

An 18-year-old sign-writer, Ms Cindy Shadack, who was working on the windows of the El Shume Restaurant in the shopping complex, narrowly escaped injury when glass and metal splinters flew past her.

"It sounded like someone had popped a balloon behind me. I turned round and saw smoke and flying glass everywhere," she said.

A Ladysmith woman, Mrs Estell Ashley, who was here to visit her mother in hospital, also had a close shave. She

was paying for groceries at a supermarket check-out when the explosion occurred.

Shocked after the blast, she said: "My car was parked in front of the chemist where the explosive device went off and it was damaged.

"A few minutes later I would have been at my car carrying my groceries. I am lucky I was not there."

Mr Mike van der Merwe, his wife, Marie, and their two children also missed certain injury by seconds.

"We were drinking cold drinks at a table next to the chemist and something told me we should go, or we might get parked in."

"My son had not finished his drink and wanted to throw the can into the dustbin where the explosive device is believed to have gone off. But I insisted that he finish the drink instead of wasting it.

"We then walked to our car and my son threw the can into another nearby dustbin. I can't bear to think what could have happened if he had thrown the can into the first dustbin."

Mr Van der Merwe said. He said they were a

The area was sealed off within minutes of the blast.

Police sniffer dogs searched the parking lot and shops in the complex. It is not known if any other devices were found.

Meanwhile, the owners of the shops were sitting through the rubble and clearing their premises of broken glass and damaged fittings. Glaziers were also called in to replace the large windows.

Only shopowners have been allowed into the complex during clearing-up operations.

across the parking lot and a man in a nearby flat found a piece of what is believed to have been part of the dustbin on his balcony.

Bits of metal and broken glass were found in the nearby streets.

A spokesman for the Bureau of Information said the cause of the explosion was not yet known and police investigations were continuing.

The area was sealed off within minutes of the blast.

Police sniffer dogs searched the parking lot and shops in the complex. It is not known if any other devices were found.

Meanwhile, the owners of the shops were sitting through the rubble and clearing their premises of broken glass and damaged fittings. Glaziers were also called in to replace the large windows.

Only shopowners have been allowed into the complex during clearing-up operations.

30/6/86

11.11.1986

CALL Tami 30/6/86

Two injured in bomb blast

QUEENSTOWN. — Two people were injured when a bomb blast rocked a busy shopping centre in this Eastern Cape town at noon on Saturday.

A spokeswoman for the Bureau for Information said the blast was caused by an explosive device placed in a dustbin outside the Frontier Pharmacy in the Fred Petit shopping centre.

A 12-year-old boy's left leg was badly injured and a thirty-year-old man's left foot was slightly injured, she said.

Sapa's correspondent reports that the boy was rushed to hospital and it is feared his leg may have to be amputated below the knee.

Police had cordoned off the area and were investigating the cause of the blast, the spokeswoman said.

Five vehicles, the roof and windows of the pharmacy and the windows of a furniture store were badly damaged. The offices of a firm of attorneys were slightly damaged. — Sapa

DURBOAN ANC SUSPECTS HELD

Crime Reporter *SA*

FOUR suspected ANC terrorists had been arrested in Durban this week and subsequent investigations had led to the unearthing of an arms and explosives cache, the S A P Public Relations Division in Pretoria said yesterday.

Last night, a spokesman for the police said no further information was available as the matter was still being investigated.

Meanwhile yesterday, a driver escaped without injuries when his truck detonated a landmine near Soshanguve outside Pretoria, the Bureau for Information said.

The bureau did not hold a Press briefing yesterday, but one is planned for today.

The Deputy Minister of Information, Mr Louis Nel, described the landmine incident as a 'callous attempt by the African

National Congress to commit terror.'

'The landmine explosion and the recent bombs in Johannesburg prove the victims of ANC terror are completely unidentified,' he said.

'The international community negates its moral obligation to eradicate terrorism if it is prepared to have talks with certain international terrorist organisations or their leaders.'

Mr Nel maintained the ANC had 'dismally failed' in its attempts to instigate a revolution in South Africa on June 16.

foreign correspondents to the extent that they must remain within the regulations. In some papers, their reports carry the note that they have been compiled in accordance with the regulations.

Contacts

But coverage by these accredited and identifiable correspondents has been replaced by stories pieced together from various 'sources' in London which say they are getting information from South Africa.

They are usually in the anti-apartheid camp, like trade unions and church organisations which have contacts in the country.

Then there are the anonymous reporters. At the weekend the Mail on Sunday carried a story that covered pages one, two and three under banner headlines.

The story was written, the paper said, by 'a respected white South African woman journalist who agreed to defy the emergency laws'.

Advice

In the Observer on the same day, there was a lengthy article about South Africa by freelance writer Anthony Sampson, who apparently got into and out of South Africa without any trouble.

Yesterday, Independent Television News broadcast interviews with black children in the townships recorded before the state of emergency was imposed. Mr TV said it was putting legal the air after taking legal advice.

The potentially most volatile critic, Labour Party shadow Foreign Secretary Mr Denis Healey, is still in South Africa. There will be plenty to learn about his views when he gets home. — (Sapa)

Clamps

bring

worse

Press

LONDON—South Africa is getting a worse Press in Britain now than it was before the state of emergency and reporting restrictions were imposed. The Press curbs stifled