YEARS OF GIAS

5 YEARS ago the Western Cape's first community newspaper Grassroots was started. With only one full-time organiser and sharing offices with the Domestic Worker's Association, Grassroots was a small project. Only 5 000 copies of the first (March 1980)

were printed.

And the circulation is between 15 and 25 000

In 1980 there was only Grassroots. Now up of over 60 demoalso Ukusa

Passing media skills on to other organisations

sations and school stu-

dents in media. She also

assists them in bringing

out publications and

trains people who want

to assist Grassroots.

These people then help

Twice a year she also

Last year for the

first time Grassroots

held a big media school.

This course ran for

eight days. People from

Cape Town, Oudt-

shoorn, Port Elizabeth,

East London, Grahams-

town, North Cape and

school magazines.

Meeting needs of

the Community

GRASSROOTS is not train members of organi-

on. In the past we to get news of assist

could not always help with designing the

only a community

paper. It also has an

Education and Training

of requests for assist-

ance in producing news-

posters, banners and so

organisations. Often we

were bringing out the

decided to start an Edu-

cation and Training

project. One person was

employed full time.

The E T person's job is

very exciting but also

demanding. She has to

So in 1983 it was

paper and too busy.

Grassroots gets lots

pamphlets,

Project.

The Eye (Pretoria), Today Grassroots is Saamstaan (South 5 years old. There are Cape), Grahamstown 5 full-time workers. Voice and Bricks(Windhoek). Saspu, a national student newspaper, is based in Johannesburg.

Grassroots is made cratic organisations. (Durban), The civics under WCCA Speak (Johannesburg)), and CAHAC, women's

school. They were

taught all the different

aspects of producing

The ET person also

produces media resour-

ces. So far three book-

lets on media have been

printed. By the end of

the year 2 more will

have been completed.

These booklets help

people to understand

media and to take out

pamphlets and news-

Grassroots was comple-

ted last year. This year

Grassroots will be pro-

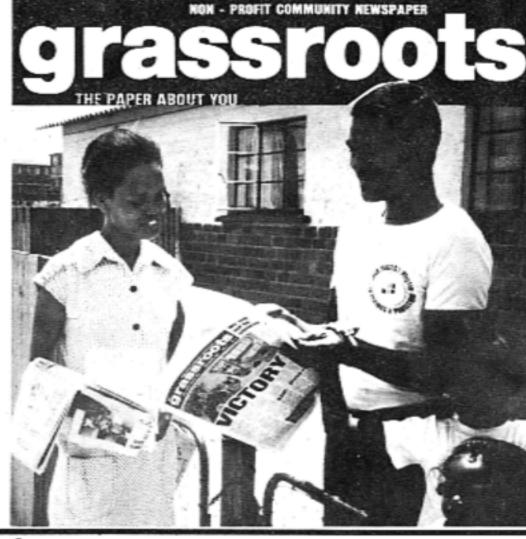
ducing a 40 minute

video on media.

A tape-slide show on

organisations, students organisations, youth under CAYCO, many trade unions and the UDF are all linked to Grassroots. The members of these organisations keep Grassroots alive by giving news and selling Grassroots.

Unlike other newspapers Grassroots does not make a profit. It is always struggling for money. Many people help Grassroots by subscribing and giving monthly donations. Cape Town small traders also assist Grassroots by advertising in the newspaper.



Speaking for Ourselves!

N our country the govern- They depend on the government For this reason Grassroots radio. Through this they try to from our workers. imprison our minds. To sell us
The English newspapers of our country. These commun-"leaders' like Hendrickse, Raj- sometimes attack the govern- ity papers are controlled by the bansi and Buthelezi. They try to ment. They criticise apartheid. close our eyes and ears to But they too are owned by the people's organisations. They prooppression and injustice.

support the government in this. South Africa. So while they eyes to exploitation, injustice They will always side with Botha criticise apartheid, they still and the suffering of our people. against the people. These papers won't help us in our struggle for Through them we speak for are owned by the big bosses, freedom.

ment controls the TV and to help make their fat profits and other community papers

big bosses. These bosses fear a mote our organisations and our The Afrikaans newspapers real People's Government in fight for justice. They open our

were started in different parts

ourselves.



Building organisations through selling



Mobilising the oppressed



attended **Government** raids and bannings

THE last five years have not been easy for Grassroots. The newspaper has come under many attacks from the government.

Eight months after Grassroots began, its first organiser Johnny Issel was banned. He is still banned.

Every year many issues of Grassroots are banned. This government does not like to hear the truth. It is afraid because the people will see how evil they are. So, wherever Grassroots exposes injustice, oppression, exploitation, they ban Grassroots.

Two months ago the Security police raided Grassroots offices. They searched for hours. They took away many documents, publications and pamphlets.

But Grassroots is determined that this harassment and intimidation will not stop it from reporting the truth. The government, Hendrickse, Rajbansi and community councillors say they speak

for us. But today our people are saying: "Through our newsletters like UDF News, pamphlets and Grassroots, We Speak for Ourselves!"



A newspaper is a powerful weapon of the people. It can play an important role in building our struggle for For this reason Grass-TRONK OOR HUIS freedom. roots is committed to helping communities start their own papers.

Many of our people ! live in the rural areas. They live in small towns and are on the farms. Here they face many hardships. They are heavily oppressed big cities. To help overand exploited by the come this situation,

For a long time our Rural Project, people in the rural areas got no help from Grassroots helped to

SAAMSTAAN (Oudtshoorn), BRICKS (Namibia) Grassroots began a

SESTIG DAE IN

Through this project, the organisations in the start Saamstaan, a community paper for the lendam, South Cape, Saamstaan and many other towns. brought together the Oudtshoom, smith, Calitzdorp, Swel- injustice.

community papers started last year:-

Today Saamstaan is

oppressed communities the voice of these com-Mossel munities, uniting them Bay, George, Ladi- against oppression and