4. Doors and windows have been bought from the Fund controlled by the Magistrate Mr Bester who is Co-ordinating Committee's treasurer. A minimum uniform distribution of a door and window a family has been made and further distribution according to number of houses burnt down is being done.

Food and clothes donated have all been passed on to the victims. With all these resources now collected there is no need to cut more reed, to fell more trees and basic building material like doors and windows are there and more could still be delivered from the Fund controlled by the Coordinating Committee communicating through both the Community Development Committee and local Inkatha branches. Moreover the active participation of Amabutho was initially planned to be eight

weeks and now nine weeks have elapsed i.e. from 28 July to 28 September.

Contact with this community is not cut and assistance they will require, will still be given through the communities' own leaders in the committee and our Field Services Division will continue to visit these communities and run leadership courses for the committees.

MANY TASKS AWAIT KWAZULU



Mr. Hansmeyer, Commissioner General

Opening the KwaZulu Legislative Assembly on 26 October 1983, Honourable P.N. Hansmeyer, the Commissioner-General for the Zulu National Unit, among other things, he said "on the home front the KwaZulu Government is to be congratulated on the step taken when it decided on the 1st March 1983 to establish a Department of Economic Affairs. The KwaZulu plan "towards a plan for KwaZulu

— A preliminary development plan" recommended the creation of administrative machinery to ensure concerted action and the co-ordination of effort which will be essential to the successful implementation of the plan. This new Department will be the Committee (PCAC) as well as the link between the Development Bank and the KwaZulu Government.

The positive attitude which your Government adopted in dealing with the issue of the siting of the Inanda Dam is consequently laudable and it is hoped that others who may be placed in the same position as KwaZulu will seek to emulate it" he said.

The Commissioner-General speaking on behalf of the Republic of South Africa said "The KwaZulu

Cabinet also appointed a committee called the Distress Relief Committee which has been charged with the task of monitoring the droughtrelief programme as well as reporting on the results being achieved. The Government of the R.S.A., on its part, has contributed an amount of R5.4 million to KwaZulu for drought-relief. As a result for example, the position at the present time is that 110 tankers are supplying water to people in KwaZulu on a fulltime basis. The Distress Relief Committee, therefore, deserves our thanks and appreciation for the work that has been done so far".

'The tasks that await you are demanding and the problems are many, but I am sure that you will succeed. I pray for God's blessing upon you ad that He in His wisdom will guide you," he said.

ANC A MYTH, INKATHA A REALITY

By The Staff

In October this year, we have witnessed the Annual Women's Brigade Conference of Inkatha. Delegates from the four provinces of the Republic of South Africa converged at Ulundi in KwaZulu to re-affirm their commitment to the struggle for liberation. Amongst other things, the conference resolved that "the serious political implication of a "yes" vote on Black-White relations in this country, gives His Excellency, the President of Inkatha, a strategy and policy of Inkatha after the referendum if the White voters voted "yes" on the 2nd November 1983."

This conference was characterized by the presence of Mr Bayard Rustin from the United States of America who is the President of both the A. Philip Randolph Institute and New York Friends Group, both dedicated to nonviolent social change. Mr Rustin has long been on public record for